



#### STRONGSVILLE CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT CUYAHOGA COUNTY JUNE 30, 2021

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#### STRONGSVILLE CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT CUYAHOGA COUNTY

#### FEDERAL AWARDS RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Federal Grantor/ Pass Through Grantor/	Federal AL	Award		
Program Title	Number	Year	Receipts	Expenditures
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION Passed Through the Ohio Department of Education:				
COVID-19 - ESSER II	84.425D	2021	\$-	\$ 6,062
COVID-19 - ESSER I	84.425D	2021	400,087	402,534
Total COVID-19 - ESSER			400,087	408,596
COVID-19 - County Coronavirus Relief Distribution Fund	21.019	2021	285,381	285,381
COVID-19 - Broadband Connectivity Total COVID-19 - Coronavirus Relief Fund	21.019	2021	21,205	21,205
Total COVID-19 - Coronavirus Relier Fund			306,586	306,586
Special Education Cluster	04.007		100.000	100,100
Special Education - Grants to States	84.027	2020 2021	133,002 1,094,745	129,100 1,100,031
Total Special Education - Grants to States		2021	1,227,747	1,229,131
Parent Mentor Grant	84.027A	2021	1,997	1,997
Special Education - Preschool Grants	84.173	2020	5,114	5,071
Special Education - Trescribbi Grants	04.175	2020	24,772	24,649
	84.173A	2020	749	644
		2021	39	39
Total Special Education Cluster			1,260,418	1,261,531
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	2020	28,906	28,147
Total Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	0.1010	2021	428,541 457,447	442,292 470,439
Ŭ	04.005	0000	,	
English Language Acquisition State Grants	84.365	2020 2021	1,736 24,059	891 24,666
Total English Language Acquisition State Grants			25,795	25,557
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grant	84.367	2020 2021	1,337 79,590	27 79,587
Total Supporting Effective Instruction State Grant			80,927	79,614
Title IV-A Student Support and Academic Enrichment	84.424A	2020 2021	3,356 15,207	687 21,957
Total Title IV-A Student Support and Academic Enrichment		2021	18,563	22,644
Literacy Initiatives Striving Readers Grant	84.371C	2020	141,286	142,439
Total Literacy Initiatives Striving Readers Grant		2021	<u>264,771</u> 406,057	<u>266,542</u> 408,981
LSTA-Cares Mini Grant	45.310	2021	3,000	3,000
Total U.S. Department of Education			2,958,880	2,986,948
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE Passed Through the Ohio Department of Education:				
<u>Child Nutrition Cluster:</u> National School Lunch Program	10.555		901,461	901.461
COVID-19 - National School Lunch Program	10.555		65,059	65,059
Non-Cash Assistance			151,758	151,758
School Breakfast Program COVID-19 - School Breakfast Program	10.553 10.553		391,035 22,087	391,035 22,087
Total Child Nutrition Cluster			1,531,400	1,531,400
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			1,531,400	1,531,400
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE				
Direct Airforce R.O.T.C. Program	12.000		6,587	6,587
Totals			\$ 4,496,867	\$ 4,524,935
				÷,027,000

#### STRONGSVILLE CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT CUYAHOGA COUNTY

#### NOTES TO THE FEDERAL AWARDS RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES SCHEDULE 2 CFR 200.510(b)(6) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

#### NOTE A – BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying Federal Awards Receipts and Expenditures Schedule (the Schedule) includes the federal award activity of Strongsville City School District, Cuyahoga County, Ohio, (the District) under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2021. The information on this Schedule is prepared in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the District.

#### NOTE B – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Receipts and expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the cash basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in Uniform Guidance wherein certain types of expenditures may or may not be allowable or may be limited as to reimbursement.

#### NOTE C – INDIRECT COST RATE

The District has elected not to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

#### NOTE D – CHILD NUTRITION CLUSTER

The District commingles cash receipts from the U.S. Department of Agriculture with similar State grants. When reporting expenditures on this Schedule, the District assumes it expends federal monies first.

#### NOTE E – FOOD DONATION PROGRAM

The District reports commodities consumed on the Schedule at the entitlement value. The District allocated donated food commodities to the respective programs that benefitted from the use of those donated food commodities.



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#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY *GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS*

Strongsville City School District Cuyahoga County 18199 Cook Avenue Strongsville, Ohio 44136

To the Board of Education:

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States and the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Strongsville City School District, Cuyahoga County, (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated December 21, 2021, wherein we noted the financial impact of COVID-19 and the continuing emergency measures which may impact subsequent periods of the District.

#### Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

As part of our financial statement audit, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures appropriate in the circumstances to the extent necessary to support our opinions on the financial statements, but not to the extent necessary to opine on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we have not opined on it.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and timely correct misstatements. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of internal control deficiencies resulting in a reasonable possibility that internal control will not prevent or detect and timely correct a material misstatement of the District's financial statements. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all internal control deficiencies that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider material weaknesses. However, unidentified material weaknesses may exist.

Strongsville City School District Cuyahoga County Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Required by *Government Auditing Standards* Page 2

#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of reasonably assuring whether the District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the financial statements. However, opining on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters we must report under *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### Purpose of this Report

This report only describes the scope of our internal control and compliance testing and our testing results, and does not opine on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed under *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Keith Faber Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

December 21, 2021



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#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO THE MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Strongsville City School District Cuyahoga County 18199 Cook Avenue Strongsville, Ohio 44136

To the Board of Education:

#### Report on Compliance for the Major Federal Program

We have audited the Strongsville City School District's (the District) compliance with the applicable requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) *Compliance Supplement* that could directly and materially affect the Strongsville City School District's major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2021. The *Summary of Auditor's Results* in the accompanying schedule of findings identifies the District's major federal program.

#### Management's Responsibility

The District's Management is responsible for complying with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal program.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to opine on the District's compliance for the District's major federal program based on our audit of the applicable compliance requirements referred to above. Our compliance audit followed auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards for financial audits included in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). These standards and the Uniform Guidance require us to plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether noncompliance with the applicable compliance requirements referred to above that could directly and materially affect a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our compliance opinion on the District's major program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance.

Strongsville City School District Cuyahoga County Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance with Requirements Applicable to the Major Federal Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance

#### Page 2

#### **Opinion on the Major Federal Program**

In our opinion, the Strongsville City School District complied, in all material respects with the compliance requirements referred to above that could directly and materially affect its major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2021.

#### **Report on Internal Control Over Compliance**

The District's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the applicable compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our compliance audit, we considered the District's internal control over compliance with the applicable requirements that could directly and materially affect a major federal program, to determine our auditing procedures appropriate for opining on each major federal program's compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not to the extent needed to opine on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we have not opined on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance.

A *deficiency in internal control over compliance* exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or to timely detect and correct, noncompliance with a federal program's applicable compliance requirement. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance requirement will not be prevented, or timely detected and corrected. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with federal program compliance requirement will not be prevented, or timely detected and corrected. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with federal program's applicable compliance requirement that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

This report only describes the scope of our internal control over compliance tests and the results of this testing based on Uniform Guidance requirements. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Strongsville City School District Cuyahoga County Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance with Requirements Applicable to the Major Federal Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance Page 3

#### Report on Federal Awards Receipts and Expenditures Schedule Required by the Uniform Guidance

We have also audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Strongsville City School District, Cuyahoga County, Ohio (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. We issued our unmodified report thereon dated December 21, 2021, wherein we noted the financial impact of COVID-19 and the continuing emergency measures which may impact subsequent period of the District. We conducted our audit to opine on the District's basic financial statements as a whole. The accompanying federal awards receipts and expenditures schedule presents additional analysis required by the Uniform Guidance and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule is management's responsibility, and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records management used to prepare the basic financial statements. We subjected this schedule to the auditing procedures we applied to the basic financial statements. We also applied certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling this schedule directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, this schedule is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Keith Faber Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

December 21, 2021

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#### STRONGSVILLE CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT CUYAHOGA COUNTY

#### SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS 2 CFR § 200.515 JUNE 30, 2021

#### 1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

(d)(1)(i)	Type of Financial Statement Opinion	Unmodified
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any material weaknesses in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iii)	Was there any reported material noncompliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any material weaknesses in internal control reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(v)	Type of Major Programs' Compliance Opinion	Unmodified
(d)(1)(vi)	Are there any reportable findings under 2 CFR § 200.516(a)?	No
(d)(1)(vii)	Major Programs (list):	Special Education Cluster: AL #84.027- Special Education Grants to the States AL #84.173- Special Education Preschool Grants
(d)(1)(viii)	Dollar Threshold: Type A\B Programs	Type A: > \$ 750,000 Type B: all others
(d)(1)(ix)	Low Risk Auditee under 2 CFR § 200.520?	Yes

#### 2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

#### None

#### 3. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

None

### ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021



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# Annual Comprehensive Financial Report

Strongsville City School District For the FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Prepared by

### **Treasurer's Office**

George K. Anagnostou Treasurer/CFO

Nicholas Mancini Assistant Treasurer

18199 Cook Avenue \* Strongsville, Ohio 44136

## **STRONGSVILLE BOARD OF EDUCATION**



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MR. JOHN KRUPINSKI



MR. GEORGE ANAGNOSTOU **TREASURER / CFO** 

#### STRONGSVILLE CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

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## INTRODUCTORY SECTION



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December 21, 2021

To the Board of Education, residents of the Strongsville City School District and other interested parties:

We are pleased to submit to you the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) of the Strongsville City School District (the "School District") for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. This ACFR, which includes financial statements and other financial and statistical data, conforms to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States in America (GAAP) as applicable to governmental entities. Responsibility for both the accuracy of the data presented, and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the School District. To the best of our knowledge and belief, the enclosed data are accurate in all material respects and are reported in a manner designed to present fairly the financial position and results of operations of the School District. All disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain an understanding of the School District's financial activities have been included.

The report provides the taxpayers of the School District, bond rating agencies and other interested parties with comprehensive financial information, enabling them to gain a clear understanding of the School District's finances. This report is intended to contribute to meeting the accountability requirements of the public. Copies will be distributed to all school buildings, the Strongsville Public Library, the Strongsville Chamber of Commerce, rating agencies, and other interested organizations. Copies will be made available to all residents of the School District or any other interested party through the School District's web site at www.strongnet.org.

State statute requires the School District to be audited at least every two years by an independent auditor. An annual audit serves to maintain and strengthen the School District's accounting and budgetary controls. Independent Auditor Keith Faber, Auditor of State, was selected to render an opinion on the School District's financial statements as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021. The opinion appears at the beginning of the financial section of this report.

Management's discussion and analysis (MD&A) immediately follows the Independent Auditor's Report and provides a narrative introduction, overview, and, analysis of the basic financial statements. MD&A complements this letter of transmittal and should be read in conjunction with it.

#### The School District

#### The Board of Education and Administration

The School District was established for the purpose of exercising the rights and privileges conveyed to it by the constitution and laws of the State of Ohio. The School District is a city school district as defined by Section 3311.03 of the Ohio Revised Code. The School District operates under an elected Board of Education consisting of five members which are elected at large for overlapping four-year terms. The Board of Education elects their president and vice president annually and appoints two officials, the Superintendent and Treasurer.

The School District's Administrative Leadership Team (ALT) is made up of seven members from the Central Office Leadership Team (COLT) and seven building principals who report directly to the Assistant Superintendent.

The Central Office Leadership Team is made up of the Superintendent, Treasurer, Assistant Superintendent, Director of Curriculum and Instruction, Director of Instructional Technology, Director of Special Education and the Operations Manager.

#### The School District, Mission, and Goals

The City of Strongsville is approximately 25 square miles and is located in Cuyahoga County in northeastern Ohio, approximately 23 miles southwest of the City of Cleveland. Strongsville was founded in 1816, became a township in 1818, a village in 1927, and became a city in 1961 under the laws of the State of Ohio. In 2020 the U.S Census Bureau estimates reported that Strongsville had a population of 44,436, that makes it the 24<sup>th</sup> largest City in Ohio.

Statutorily, the School District operates under standards prescribed by the Ohio State Board of Education as provided by Section 3301.07 (D) of the Ohio Revised Code, to provide educational services authorized by charter and further mandated by State and Federal agencies. Under Ohio Law, the School District is a separate and distinct unit of government with its own taxing authority.

In fiscal year 2021, the School District enrolled 5,437 students (compared to 5,579 the previous year) in one preschool, five elementary schools, one middle school, and one senior high school. For additional information regarding the School District's buildings, such as age, square feet, usage, and capacity, please refer to the statistical section of this report.

The Board of Education adopted the Strongsville City Schools 2020 Strategic Plan for the 2019-2020 School Year. Due to the COVID-19 pandemic, the district did not adopt a new strategic plan for 2020-2021, but rather continued the principals within the 2019-2020 plan while effectively navigating the challenges with the new learning models brought on by the COVID-19 pandemic. The Board of Education is working with the School District leadership team to establish a new strategic plan for the future.

**Destination 2020** – Strongsville City Schools will be a district of excellence and innovation that embodies the educational priorities of our students and community and is built on the foundation of academic emphasis, collective trust, and shared accountability. Through our collective efforts as a School District, Strongsville City Schools will rank in the top 10% of all school districts in Ohio by June 2020.

*Mission* – Strongsville City Schools, in partnership with the community, will ensure all students reach their fullest potential through challenging curriculum and activities, provided by a highly qualified, motivated staff, in a safe, supportive environment with up-to-date facilities and technology.

Core Beliefs – We believe in:

- Shared leadership and collaborative problem-solving.
- Data-based decisions and evidence-based practices.
- An approach to teaching and learning that is engaging, exciting and fun for all students.
- All students accessing innovating, high quality instruction in all classrooms.
- Meeting the individualized learning needs of our students.
- The ability of all students to grow and achieve.

**The Mustangs Mindset** – Strongsville City Schools continues to build a collaborative culture with a goal of creating a special place where all staff and students can learn, work, and grow. Three values are at the core of the Mustang Mindset: Be Your Best, Pursue Excellence, and Build Strong Connections.

Excellent school districts focus improvement efforts on a limited number of goals. While goals and objectives may remain constant year to year, action steps will be developed annually that align with district goals and objectives established by the Board of Education, Superintendent and Treasurer. Each goal has correlated objectives, action steps, and evaluation criteria. Action steps will be developed based on school data, survey results, constituent feedback, and urgent needs. Strongsville City Schools' district goals and objectives for the 2020-2021 school year are:

#### Academic Achievement and Growth

Engage learners in rigorous curriculum and quality instruction that will maximize the achievement and growth across all academic areas and enable all students to graduate from high school prepared for success in college and career.

- 1) Ensure students are college and career ready.
- 2) Expand adult learning to meet the needs of our students.
- 3) Oversee the implementation of our district vision for academic success.

#### Financial Prudence

Ensure sound financial management practices while maintaining high-quality educational experiences for all students through the alignment of district resources to district initiatives and investments.

- 4) Develop and maintain organizational structures that support district-wide efficiency and effectiveness.
- 5) Maintain financial management practices and a culture of budget consciousness that ensure focused spending.
- 6) Implement a comprehensive capital improvement, maintenance, and safety plan that prioritizes initiatives with associated costs.

#### **Community Engagement**

Actively partner and communicate with our parents and residents to strengthen school-community bonds.

- 7) Oversee the implementation of our district vision for engaging communication practices.
- 8) Expand and enrich the active partnerships between the district and the residents, businesses, community, alumni, and civic/youth organizations.

#### Employee Relations

As of June 30, 2021 the School District had 729 full and part-time budgeted positions (compared to 728 the previous year). In the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, the School District paid \$46.3 million in salaries and wages and \$18.2 million for fringe benefits such as employer retirement contributions, health care, life insurance, and certain other benefits.

The School District's leadership staff (such as principals, assistant principals, and central office staff) are not members of any bargaining unit. Instead, those employees are subject to the terms defined in the Administrative Handbook and Leadership Handbook, which was updated effective August 1, 2019 and the terms of which will remain in effect until July 31, 2022.

Teachers are represented by the Strongsville Education Association (SEA). In May 2016, the School District and the SEA announced the ratification of a three-year collective bargaining agreement. The agreement was in effect from August 1, 2016 through July 31, 2019. Included in the three-year agreement were updates to teacher evaluation procedures, removal of medical insurance caps, streamlining personal leaves, integration of collaborative teacher-based teams into the school day, finalization of grades K-5th and grades 6th-8th elective course scheduling, removal of retirement incentives, reduction of severance pay for resigning employees, salary increases of 1.5% in 2016-2017, 1.5% increase in 2017-2018, 1% in 2018-2019, and agreed upon ground rules for 2019 negotiations. SEA members are responsible for 15% of the monthly medical premium and 100% of the monthly dental and vision premiums. In February 2019, the District and the SEA announced the ratification of a one-year extension of the collective bargaining agreement. The agreement was in effect from August 1, 2019 through July 31, 2020. Included in the agreement was a 1.5% salary increase. In February 2020, the School District and the SEA announced the ratification of a three-year extension of the collective bargaining agreement, to be in effect from August 1, 2020 through July 31, 2023, and including an annual 2.0% salary increase. SEA members are responsible for 15% of the monthly medical premium with a biometric test or 20% of the premium without a biometric test. SEA members are responsible for 100% of the monthly dental and vision premiums.

Classified employees (education aides, cafeteria staff, secretarial-clerical, custodial, maintenance, transportation, and technology staff) of the School District are represented for collective bargaining purposes by the Ohio Association of Public School Employees (OAPSE), Locals 290 and 028. In November 2018, the School District and the OAPSE announced the ratification of a three-year collective

bargaining agreement. The agreement was in effect from July 1, 2018 through June 30, 2021. This contract provided a 1.5% wage increase in each year of the contract and a 1.0% retrospective wage increase for fiscal year 2018. In April 2021, the School District and the OAPSE announced the ratification of a three-year extension of the collective bargaining agreement, to be in effect from July 1, 2021 through June 30 2024, and including an annual 2.0% salary increase. OAPSE full time members are responsible for 10% of the monthly medical premium capped at \$150 for individual and \$235 for family coverage with a biometric test or 15% of the premium without a biometric test. Monthly dental and vision premiums are covered by the School District. The monthly health care premium for part time members is adjusted based on the number of hours worked.

#### The Reporting Entity

The School District issues its financial report based on Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 14, "The Financial Reporting Entity" as amended by GASB Statement No. 39, "Determining Whether Certain Organizations are Component Units" and GASB Statement No. 61 "The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus". The School District is associated with various educational organizations and government entities within Cuyahoga County that may be construed as being part of the School District's financial reporting when in fact they are not. For this reason, management has decided to differentiate between the organizations whose financial position will be incorporated within this report and the organizations that will not.

Excluded from this report for which the School District is not a member, but may be viewed as a member, are the City of Strongsville, the Strongsville Education Foundation, and the various Parent Teacher Organizations. Also excluded from this report for which the School District is a member are the Ohio School Boards Association and the Ohio Schools Council.

The School District is an independent city school district and is not a component unit of another government. A complete discussion of the School District's reporting entity is provided in Note 1 to the basic financial statements.

#### Economic Condition and Outlook

The School District's primary sources of revenues are from the State of Ohio through the State Foundation program and through the levying of property taxes on real property (including state property tax reimbursements) located within the School District. These two sources combined represent approximately 96 percent of the School District's fiscal year 2021 budget basis General Fund operating revenues. The following discussion provides additional information pertaining to these revenue sources.

#### Taxes

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis. Second half distributions generally occur in a new fiscal year. Property taxes include amounts levied against all real and public utility located in the School District. Real property taxes are levied after April 1 on the assessed value listed as of the prior January 1st, the lien date. Public utility property taxes attached as a lien on December 31 of the prior year were levied April 1st and are collected with real property taxes. Assessed values for real property taxes are established by State law at 35 percent of appraised market value. All property is required to be revalued every six years.

A table showing the assessed valuation of property in the School District subject to ad valorem taxes by the Board for the most recent ten years is presented in the statistical section.

Fiscal year 2021 property taxes are currently estimated by the Cuyahoga County Fiscal Officer based on a current collection rate of 96.7%, down from 97.9%. The primary reason for the decrease is due to the economic effects relating to the COVID-19 pandemic. The forecast through fiscal year 2026 assumes an average gross collection rate of 98.85% for Class I property and Class II property. The Ohio Revised Code and Ohio Administrative Code mandate Cuyahoga County to conduct a re-appraisal every six years, an update every three years and annual valuation of improvements based upon building permits received from each city annually. The last update took place in 2021, with the next re-appraisal scheduled for the year 2024.

State law grants tax relief to property owners (property tax rollbacks) in the form of a 10% reduction in real property tax bills. In addition, a 2.5% rollback is granted for owner occupied homesteads (total of 12.5%). The State reimburses the School District for the loss of real property taxes as a result of the rollback provision. HB 66 eliminated the 10% rollback on commercial property; hence the School District will no longer receive a State reimbursement for those dollars, as it will receive those payments directly from commercial property owners. The new law states that the ten percent and two and one-half percent rollbacks will no longer apply to new levies that are enacted after August 31, 2013.

House Bill 66 phased out the tax on the tangible personal property of general businesses, telephone and telecommunications, and railroads. The tax on general business and railroad property was eliminated in 2009, and the tax on telephone and telecommunications property was eliminated in 2011. The tax was phased out by reducing the assessment rate on the property each year. HB 66 makes provision to replace revenue lost due to the phase out of the tangible personal property tax. Businesses are now subject to a commercial activity tax (CAT) that will provide some replacement income to school districts for the lost tangible property revenues. Under the current law, all such reimbursements have been completely phased out for the School District.

Ohio law grants tax credits to offset increases in taxes resulting from increases in the true value of real property. Legislation implementing a 1980 constitutional amendment classifies real property between (1) residential and agricultural and (2) all other real property, and provides for tax reduction factors to be separately computed for and applied to each class. These credits apply to certain voted levies on real property, and do not apply to unvoted tax levies or voted tax levies to pay debt service on general obligation debt.

Additionally, in 1976 the General Assembly passed House Bill 920. This law provides that real property owners receive tax credits equal to any tax increase caused by an increase in value of all real property in taxing districts as a result of reappraisal, update or readjustment. This does not apply to inside non-voted millage, tangible property or new construction. In effect, H.B. 920 removes inflationary revenue growth from the applicable real property by requiring an adjustment to the voted millage rate, thereby resulting in a lower effective millage rate.

Property tax levies and collections for the last ten years are shown in comparative format in the statistical section.

#### School Foundation

The State's School Foundation Program is another major source of revenue for the School District's General Fund. The State assists public school districts under a statutory program, which includes direct payments to districts based upon a statutory formula. Such payments are made through the School Foundation Program established by the Ohio Revised Code. School Foundation Program funds distributed to a School District are required to be used for current operating expenses, unless specifically allocated by the State for some other purpose.

Basic eligibility for School Foundation Program payments is based on a School District's compliance with State-mandated minimum standards.

Under the funding formula in the State Budget Act, the State Department of Education (the Department) will compute and pay to each city, exempted village and local school district, an amount of State Education Aid based on a base amount of spending per pupil multiplied by (i) the school district's "average daily membership" (ADM), generally a full-time equivalent number of students to be certified by each school district to the Department, and (ii) an index (the State Share Index) dependent on factors such as a school district's tax valuation percentage of the base amount for school districts with less tax valuation or lower median income residents. For Fiscal Years 2019, 2020, and 2021, the base amount (rather than average daily membership) data to the State as of the last day of October, March and June of each year.

In addition to the funding amount of State Education Aid described above (known as an "Opportunity Grant"), under the new core funding formula school districts may also receive, as applicable, State Education Aid in the form of (i) targeted assistance based on tax valuation and income factors, (ii) targeted assistance based on a percentage of a school district's agricultural property, (iii) a specific

amount based on six categories of disabilities for special education and related services, (iv) kindergarten through third grade literacy funds, (v) economically disadvantage funds, (vi) a specific amount for each of three English proficiency categories, (vii) career-technical categories, and (viii) career-technical education associated services funds. As with Opportunity Grant funds, special education, kindergarten through third grade literacy, limited English proficiency and career-technical funds are subject to the State Share Index. Certain other categories of funding, including pupil transportation funding, are funded in whole or in part by the State outside of the core funding formula.

Notwithstanding the amount of State Education Aid a school district is scheduled to receive under the funding formula, funding increases for core funding are capped at not more than 7.5% of the previous year's State aid. All school districts are guaranteed to receive at least the amount of State aid as they received in Fiscal Year 2015.

In the spring of 2017, the State of Ohio approved their 2018-2019 biennial budget which became law on July 1, 2017. Under the new biennial budget, the State elimination of TPP reimbursement was upheld, although a strong push was made through advocacy. Included in the biennial budget that impacted the School District was the phase out of the "guarantee" within the State Foundation Funding Formula. School Districts can be on the funding formula in three different scenarios:

- Formula district a district would receive the amount generated by the formula
- **Capped district** amount generated by the formula, less a certain percentage of growth from the previous year.
- **Guarantee district** amount generated by the formula, plus an amount to at least receive the same level of funding from the previous biennial budget.

Strongsville is a guarantee district. The approved budget will reduce the guarantee amount based on ADM decline between school years 2014 through 2016. The guarantee percentage would drop (on a sliding scale) by 1% for each percent above 5% of enrollment, but the guarantee would be no less than 95% of the 2017 amount. Strongsville's ADM decline between 2014-2016 is 6.2%, meaning the guarantee amount will be reduced by 1.2%. The financial impact of this phase out to the District is \$112,411.

In the summer of 2019, the State of Ohio approved their 2020-2021 biennial budget which became law on July 1, 2019. Under the new biennial budget, the State Foundation Formula remained frozen, meaning District's would receive the same level of funding as they did in fiscal year 2019. The biennial budget did provide additional dollars restricted for Student Wellness programs. The District received Student Wellness funds of \$175,555 in fiscal year 2020 and \$264,514 in fiscal year 2021. As per an announcement made by the State Auditor's office, each student wellness and success funds will be accounted for separate from the General Fund and not included on the District's five-year financial forecast.

Due to the COVID-19 pandemic, the State government announced a material reduction in State Education Aid for Fiscal Year 2020 as a result of the economic effects of the COVID-19 crisis, totaling \$300,482,584 across the State. The net reduction in State Education Aid to the District for Fiscal Year 2020 was \$950,500. During Fiscal Year 2021, \$521,886 of the \$950,500 reduction was restored.

Beginning with Fiscal Year 2022, state funding will be calculated based on the Fair Funding Formula that was approved in the Fiscal Years 2022-2023 biennium state budget under House Bill 110. At the time of this report, the Ohio Department of Education has not yet released or funded schools based on the new funding formula. Based on the complexity of the formula, a January 2022 release is anticipated.

There can be no assurance concerning future funding levels for or the details of State funding for school districts. As has been the case in the past, funding can also be subject to adjustment during a biennium. As indicated above, the General Assembly has the power to amend the system of State school funding. The School District cannot predict whether, when or in what form any future system of State school funding will be enacted into law.

#### City Profile

The City of Strongsville is served by diversified transportation facilities, including two State highways, U.S. Highway 42 and 82, and Interstate Highways I-71 and I-80 (the Ohio Turnpike). It is served by CSX Railroad for freight rail services, Amtrak for passenger rail services located in nearby Cleveland, and is served by passenger and freight air services at Cleveland Hopkins International Airport, located within five miles of the City, and Burke Lakefront Airport located in downtown Cleveland. Public mass transit for the area is provided by the Greater Cleveland Regional Transit Authority.

Within a 30-minute drive from the City are the locations of the Rock and Roll Hall of Fame, Progressive Field, Rocket Mortgage Fieldhouse, FirstEnergy Stadium, the world-class Cleveland Orchestra, the Cleveland Museum of Art, the National History Museum, the Western Reserve Historical Society, the Cleveland Playhouse and Karamu House, a multi-racial performing arts center. These and other facilities in the area offer an extensive variety of cultural and education programs to the residents of Strongsville, as well as professional sports including baseball, basketball, and football.

The city of Strongsville owns the Ehrnfelt Recreation & Senior Center, offering fitness and enrichment activities for all ages. The Center includes an aquatic center, cardio and weights rooms, indoor track, three basketball courts, senior center and a banquet center. The City also owns several parks offering residents a variety of activities to improve health and fitness. The 57-acre Strongsville Recreation Park has three baseball diamonds, a covered picnic shelter, a playground and tennis courts. Surrarrer Park, on the City's east side, has a baseball diamond, tennis courts, a covered pavilion and a handicap accessible playground. Volunteer Park, on the City's west side, has six baseball diamonds, a covered picnic area, bocce ball court, a playground and horseshoe pits. The Youth Sports Park also on the City's west side has a regulation football field, three youth baseball fields, a playground and a covered picnic area. Recreation Park 3, on the City's south side, has two baseball fields and two covered picnic shelters. Nichols Park, on the City's north side, has a baseball diamond, covered picnic shelter and a small playground. The Strongsville Business & Technology Park, home of the Strongsville Soccer Organization, offers residents many opportunities for fitness related activities. City residents can also take advantage of the Cleveland Metroparks that are located within minutes of home. Located in the City section of the park system are the popular toboggan chutes, Mill Stream Run and the Chalet, a facility for vear round recreational activities. Gardenview Horticultural Park is a botanical park located on 16 acres near the south end of the City. Visitors can view more than 500 species of trees and plants.

#### Local Economy

The City of Strongsville is home to a diverse, growing local economy that maintains a solid tax base through established business parks and a thriving commercial sector. Development in the City of Strongsville has closely followed the City's Comprehensive Master Plan, which was first developed in the early 1960s and has been modified regularly to accommodate changes in the economic climate. As part of that plan, four industrial development areas totaling over 2,362 acres, have been established within the City featuring large setbacks and ample green space, resulting in a "park-like" atmosphere. A summary of each of the four business parks is listed below.

#### The Strongsville Business & Technology Park

- 1,693 acres: 70% developed
- 3,850,923 SF of built-out with a 3.37% vacancy rate
- Home to over 70 companies that employ over 3,000 employees
- Ranked as the #1 industrial park in Northeast Ohio by Crain's Cleveland Business (9/2020)
- Over 500 acres of undeveloped, greenfield land available for future industrial development
- Major employers in the park: Momentive Quartz Technologies, Vitamix, Foundation Software, Clark Reliance's Corporate Headquarters, Sparton Medical Devices, CCL Industries' North American Headquarters, and Eberhard Manufacturing

#### The Dow Circle Research & Development Park

- 258 acres: 95% developed
- 910,112 SF of built-out with a 9.08% vacancy rate
- Home to over 30 companies that employ over 2,600 employees
- Major employers in the park: Regional Headquarters for Enterprise Rental Car, Lumitex, Akzo Nobel Coatings RD&I Center, and PNC Bank's Technology Center

#### The Progress Drive Business Park

- 325 acres: 96% developed
- 1,513,726 SF of built-out with a 5.69% vacancy rate
- Home to over 40 companies that employ over 2,000 employees
- Major employers in the park: Corporate Headquarters of Atlantic Tool & Die, PPG Industries, and Insight/Chemical Services

#### <u>Park 82</u>

- 86 acres: 100% developed
- 1,349,280 SF of built-out with a 2.83% vacancy rate
- Home to over 15 companies that employ over 1,000 employees
- Major employers in the park: the Great Lakes Brewery, Intralot, and Dealer Tire.

Overall, Strongsville's business parks are home to 7,692,418 SF of industrial/high tech build-out with an occupancy rate at 96.5%, as of January 2021.

Job growth within the business parks continued to be robust within the business parks in 2020. A highlight of several projects within the business parks include:

#### Union Home Mortgage

- Company Description: Mortgage Broker
- Business Park: Dow Circle Research & Development Park
- Completed the purchase of new 60,969 SF office building on corporate campus
- Announced plans to hire an additional 450 employees at their Strongsville headquarters

#### Infinium Wall Systems

- Company Description: Manufacturer of Wall System Solutions
- Business Park: Strongsville Business & Technology Park
- Began construction of new 120,000 SF corporate headquarters
- The company plans to expand their existing Strongsville workforce by 60 employees

#### The Pipeline Development Company

- Company Description: Oil Pipeline Repair Company
- Business Park: Progress Drive Business Park
- Purchased 233,915 SF manufacturing facility for new corporate headquarters
- Relocating 107 new jobs to Strongsville

#### Shangahi Oriental Magnetic Card Engineering Co. (OMEC)

- Company Description: Smart Card Manufacturer
- Business Park: Dow Circle Research & Development Park
- OMEC announced the purchase of 20,000 SF manufacturing facility with Phase II building expansion plans
- OMEC will hire 200 new employees within the City of Strongsville

#### Great Lakes Brewery

- Company Description: Craft Beer Manufacturer
- Business Park: Darice Parkway
- Leased 67,000 SF for new canning operation and distribution center
- Relocating 30 new jobs to Strongsville

#### Wayfair

- Company Description: Online Furniture Company
- Business Park: Strongsville Business & Technology Park
- Leased 68,387 SF for new Strongsville Distribution Center

#### MedWaste Ohio

- Company Description: Medical Waste Removal Company
- Business Park: Strongsville Business & Technology Park
- Purchased 32,737 SF of office/flex space to process and clean medical/equipment

To facilitate the expansion and attraction of economic development projects, the City utilizes four tax incentive programs:

- <u>Community Reinvestment Area (CRA) Program</u>: The City has established nineteen (19) Pre-1994 CRA's within and surrounding Strongsville's business parks. Improvements within these CRAs are granted an exemption from real estate property taxes for 100% of the incremental increase in assessed value for a period of 15 years.
- <u>Strongsville Job/Payroll Creation Incentive Grant Program</u>: The City of Strongsville utilizes an incentive program designed to attract large end-users with significant payroll to the community. Under the Strongsville Job/Payroll Creation Incentive Grant Program, a company that creates and maintains over \$6 million in new annual payroll within the City is eligible for annual grant payment based on a percentage of the annual payroll withholding taxes generated by the project.
- <u>Enterprise Zone Program</u>: The City's Enterprise Zone Program provides tax incentives in a designated Enterprise Zone to businesses that agree to invest capital improvements and create or retain jobs. Tax incentives under this program are negotiated and can provide tax abatements of up to 75% for a term of up to ten years, subject to City, County, and State approval.
- <u>Foreign Trade Zone</u>: The City has seven (7) established FTZs within the City's business parks. FTZs allow companies to defer, reduce, or eliminate US Customs' duties.

The City also has a Community Improvement Corporation, to facilitate future economic development. This non-profit corporation is registered with the State of Ohio and it is separate from the City, with its own code of regulations and directors. This corporation can be used to facilitate private entity borrowing or to hold properties, as approved by the City, for used in enhancing business opportunities.

In addition to the local tax incentive programs, the City of Strongsville utilizes County programs such as the Storefront Renovation Program and Brownfield Redevelopment Funds, as well as State programs for job creation and workforce development.

#### Major Initiatives

#### Budget Alignment to District Goals and Objectives:

Below is a list of budget priorities by District Goals and Objectives for fiscal year 2020-2021:

- Academic Achievement and Growth
  - Enhance PreK-12 common assessments to create a valid and reliable assessment system.
  - Improve writing instruction K-5 and discipline literacy practices 6-12.
  - > Develop *Model Mustang* competencies within our students.

- Prepare high school graduates who are enrolled in a two-year or four-year college program, serving in a military branch, earning a living wage, or engaged in meaningful, self-sustaining vocation.
- > Expand evidence-based strategies utilized in classroom instruction.
- Grow a positive district culture by living our core values.
- > Implement Project-Based Learning into selected classrooms.
- > Develop guidelines for grading practices.
- Deepen our appreciation for diversity through a commitment to equity and inclusion. -\$30,000 Student Wellness fund.
- > Develop a pathway for future administrators.
- > Facilitate efforts to qualify for STEM/STEAM designation from the state.
- Strongsville Online Learning Option (SOLO) (virtual online learning module) \$550,000 General Fund, \$100,000 ESSER fund.
- SCS Connects supplemental salaries \$125,000 General Fund
- Instructional software to support online learning -\$37,795 ESSER Fund.
- 1:1 Chromebooks to support virtual online learning \$58,000 ESSER Fund, \$108,000 CRF Fund.
- > Teacher tech needs to support online learning \$100,000 ESSER Fund.
- > Annual Technology upgrades \$625,000 General Fund.

#### • Community Engagement

- > Develop the next strategic plan for the district.
- Increase opportunities to connect and engage a representative group of staff in our work as a School District.
- > Expand communication strategies through expanded pathways.
- > Increase engagement opportunities between the School District and our stakeholders.

#### • Financial Prudence / Operations

- > Define optimal staffing per employee group/classification.
- Research platforms for district purchasing. \$6,000 General Fund
- > Enhancing record management structures. \$6,000 General Fund
- Sustain strong internal controls.
- > Update fundraising procedures for internal and external groups.
- Enhance fundraising coordination.
- > Implement preventative maintenance plan.
- Increase building energy efficiency.
- > Complete a feasibility study of a bus/truck wash.
- > Electrostatic Sprayers and Hand Held Devices for sanitization \$31,485 ESSER Fund.
- Replacement of tables to desk to enable social distancing \$125,935
- > PPE supplies and equipment \$250,000 General Fund

#### Significant Accomplishments

The School District's academic program includes these attributes, among others:

- Our classrooms may look different, but our teachers and staff remain committed to a rigorous, diverse, and comprehensive curriculum. Over 5,400 students in our School District are provided opportunities on a daily basis to learn and grow, supported by engaging and passionate teachers and staff.
- "The Model Mustang" is the School District's instructional plan, creating opportunities for our students to be innovative, resilient, collaborative, global, and empowered learners. The Model Mustang provides focus for all of our students (PreK-12) in developing essential skills for life-long success.

- The School District has formed a Diversity Council, composed of parents, teachers, staff, administrators, and community members to continue to improve our efforts, in terms of staff, curriculum, and additional ways to embrace and celebrate the growing diversity of our School District.
- Elementary curriculum development for the 2020-2021 academic year: elementary staff are spending the year deconstructing standards, aligning common assessments, creating pacing guides and delivering instruction to the intended depth of Ohio's Content Standards.
- Students identified as "at risk" are determined by scientifically based data-driven assessments and provided interventions and progress monitoring against nationally normed data points.
- More than 84% of the School District's 2021 high school graduates have indicated they intend to pursue a higher education, and School District students' ACT and SAT College Entrance exam scores are above national averages. School District students taking the ACT test perform better than both the state and national averages. Average composite score: the School District: 22.1.
- The High School offers 27 Advance Placement (AP) Courses and 16 Honors Courses. In 2021, 65 percent of District students taking AP tests scored 3 or higher, earning them college credit.
- District students take college courses as part of College Credit Plus, which provides them opportunities to earn credits, prior to graduation. During the 2020-2021 academic year, more than 411 District high school students earned a combined 3,557 hours of college credit through this program.
- The High School's Class of 2021 earned over \$2 million in local and national college scholarships to further their education.
- In 2020-2021, Strongsville High School had four National Merit Scholarship award winners.
- The School District offers Honors courses beginning in the sixth grade for language arts and math, and seventh and eighth graders have honors options in language arts, math, science, and social studies.
- The School District includes an Early Learning Preschool, featuring an integrated program which educates children of all abilities in an inclusive setting in partnership with families and the community. Individualized pre-academic and social emotional education is highlighted in a play-based environment. The District's Early Learning Preschool earned a 5-star rating, the highest possible award, in the State of Ohio's "Step Up To Quality" program.
- Formal Gifted services are provided at each elementary school in 3<sup>rd</sup>, 4th, and 5<sup>th</sup> grade math by a Gifted Intervention Specialist (GIS).
- Five full-time English Language Learner (ELL) teachers support 267 PreK-12 students who speak 30 unique languages at all levels throughout the School District.
- Beginning in the 2016-2017 school year, all ninth grade students received their own Google Chromebook to use throughout their high school career. In October of 2019, the district grew this initiative and went one to one with Chromebooks for all first through second grade students. In Fall of 2020, the School District continued to expand the one to one initiative to include touchscreen Chromebooks for all kindergarten students.

- The Middle School has added several course offerings, including Robotics & Medical Detectives, Principles of Food, and Career Connections.
- The School District was one of the first school districts in Northeast Ohio to be named a Google for Education Reference District. This designation recognizes school districts that have demonstrated excellence and thought leadership through the innovative use of technology.
- Strongsville Middle School was recognized as a 2020-2021 Project Lead The Way (PLTW) Distinguished School. SMS is one of just 176 PLTW Gateway programs across the country to receive this recognition, honoring districts and schools committed to increasing student access, engagement, and achievement in their PLTW programs. PLTW features hands-on learning in computer science, engineering, and biomedical science, providing experience for students to see a range of paths and possibilities they can look forward to in high school and beyond.
- Whitney Elementary School received **Purple Star** renewal designation from the Ohio Department of Education in 2021. This designation recognizes military-friendly schools that show a major commitment to students and families connected to our nation's military.
- Strongsville High School was named a 2021 U.S. News "Best High Schools" and earned a #41 spot in the rankings of Ohio high schools. In the previous two years, Strongsville High School ranked #49 in 2020 and #73 in 2019 in this annual list. U.S. News ranked 17,857 public high schools across the United States. There were 683 Ohio schools which earned a place on the list of ranked institutions. The rankings compile and review school specific data on enrollment, college readiness, student ethnicity, location, school type, and results of state assessments and Advance Placement tests.
- Strongsville High School has partnered with local business representatives to form a Business Advisory Council. This group is working to develop in classroom and out of classroom experiences to prepare our students for successful professional careers from courses that build communications skills, to field trips to local organizations, to shadowing, mentoring, and internship opportunities.
- 2021 marks the eighth straight year the District has been recognized by the National Association of Music Merchants (NAMM) Foundation for outstanding commitment to music education. The School District is one of 20 districts in Northeast Ohio to be recognized and one of 686 school districts across the country to receive this honor.
- In cooperation with the Strongsville Police Department, School Resource Officers (SRO) rotate throughout our buildings each day. The SRO's provide security and have also been known to participate in classroom activities, which build important relationships between our police officers and students.

#### Long-Term Financial Planning

The Board of Education has assigned responsibility for annual and long-term financial planning to the Treasurer/CFO. The policies require that the first objective of financial management planning is to provide for the education of the School District's children. We are expected to use the best available techniques for budget development and management, as well as to engage in strategic, long-term financial planning which attempts to forecast the need for future educational and capital expenditures.

As part of the School District's long-term planning, the Treasurer/CFO prepares a five-year financial forecast. This document provides a snapshot of historical and projected revenues and expense over the next five years and is accompanied by the financial assumption notes. The Board of Education approves this document on a semi-annual basis.

#### **Relevant Financial Policies**

#### Budget Development Process

In January of each year, the School District is required to develop a Tax Budget that is submitted to the Cuyahoga County Fiscal Officer. The purpose of the tax budget is to identify available resources, and to establish the need for tax revenues by identifying estimated budget for the upcoming fiscal year (July 1 to June 30th) for each fund.

In February and March of each year, the School District administration determines staffing levels for the upcoming school year based on enrollment estimates and course offerings. Staffing level determinations are led by the Assistant Superintendent and ultimately approved by the Superintendent.

In March, central office departments and school buildings will receive their general fund non-personnel building allocations. School building allocations are determined by the total amount available for buildings and allocated based on a per pupil amount. The total amount available for building allocations in fiscal year 2021 is \$515,375 which is a \$19,760 decrease from fiscal year 2020. The per pupil amount for fiscal year 2021 is \$95 which is similar to fiscal year 2020. Textbooks, instructional supplies, and custodial supplies are allocated within the central office departmental budgets.

Also in March, budgets for all other funds are prepared by appropriate personnel with the assistance of the Treasurer's Office.

Once staffing is complete, the Treasurer's office updates the five-year forecast for the current fiscal year and the following years. The Board of Education must adopt and submit the updated five-year forecast to the Ohio Department of Education, no later than May 31st.

After the completion of the five-year forecast, all central office and school building budgets are reviewed and then aggregated into a Temporary Appropriation which must be adopted by the Board of Education no later than June 30th. By state law, the Board of Education must adopt a Temporary Appropriation on or before June 30th for the fiscal year beginning on July 1st. The temporary appropriation consists of 50% of the annual salary and benefits estimates and 100% of the non-personnel items. By law, the School District must adopt the annual appropriation measure by October 1st of the fiscal year.

Over the course of the summer, staffing adjustments are made due to employees who either retire and/or resign and as student enrollment is finalized for the upcoming school year. After the summer staffing period has been completed, the annual budget is finalized and adopted by the Board of Education in September. During the year, appropriations are subject to amendment as funds become available, or as needs arise. Departments and/or schools adjust their budgets with the Treasurer's Office, which then are taken to the Board of Education for consideration. At the end of the fiscal year and no later than June 30th, the School District will adopt a final appropriation amount and no appropriation total by fund exceeds the available resources. The School District's legal level of budgetary control is at the fund level.

The capital projects budget is prepared with the timeline listed below. The Operations Manager prepares a five-year comprehensive capital improvement, preventative maintenance, and safety plan that prioritizes initiatives with associated costs. This plan will serve as a planning tool to prioritize capital improvements based on available resources. The plan and budget will be vetted through the District's Facility Development Committee during the budget process.

In conjunction with the annual budget, the Board of Education must adopt and submit the annual five-year forecast to the Ohio Department of Education no later than November 30.

BUDGET TIMELINE						
DATE ACTION						
January	Tax Budget Approval for all funds with available resources					
February / March	Prepare staffing estimates based on enrollment projects.					
March / April         Distribute and collect central office departmental and school buildings budgets for all funds. Staffing is finalized.						
May	Board of Education adopts updated Five-Year Forecast					
June Board of Education adopts final appropriation for current fisc year ending and temporary appropriation for upcoming fiscal year.						
July / August Summer staffing adjustments are completed and finalized.						
September	Board of Education adopts annual appropriation.					
November	Board of Education adopts current year Five-Year Forecast.					

#### Budget Management Process

Throughout the course of the year, there are various factors that impact expenditures which could impact the budget and five-year forecast from the original projections. It is critical that the administration and Board of Education constantly monitor the budget to identify inconsistencies and make the appropriate adjustments when needed.

At the end of each month, the Treasurer's Office publishes a monthly board financial report which is then presented and approved monthly at the Board of Education regular meetings. Included in the report is a monthly comparison of revenue and expenditures by category and object for the current year and the previous two years. Revenues to date are compared to the five year forecast and then projected for the remaining of the fiscal year. Expenditures are measured based on two analyses 1) the time elapsed, the percent of the number of months have passed compared to the percent of the budget spent and encumbered and 2) the payroll test, the percent of the number of pay periods that have passed compared to the percent of the budget spent and encumbered. Any discrepancies are investigated and explained in the monthly Board report.

Central office departments and school buildings are responsible for managing their budget and submitting budget adjustments. Budget adjustments are only permitted within the same fund and if resources are available. Deficit spending is prohibited, if a deficit does occur, a budget adjustment will be made.

#### Internal Controls

Management of the School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining an internal control structure designed to ensure that the assets of the School District are protected from loss, theft or misuse. The internal control structure ensures that accounting data is compiled to allow for the preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP. The internal control structure is designed to provide reasonable assurance that these objectives are met. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that (1) the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived; and (2) the valuation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management.

As a recipient of federal, state, and county financial assistance, the School District is also responsible for maintaining a rigorous internal control structure that ensures full compliance with applicable laws and regulations related to those programs. This internal control structure is subject to periodic evaluation by management and external auditors. The School District is required to undergo an annual audit in conformity with the provisions of the Single Audit Act and *Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance)*. The information related to the Single Audit, including the schedule of federal awards expenditures, findings and recommendations, and auditor's reports on the internal control structure and compliance with applicable laws and regulations are included in a separate report.

#### Awards

**GFOA Certificate of Achievement** Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to Strongsville City School District for its comprehensive annual financial report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. This was the fifth consecutive year that the government has achieved this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current annual comprehensive financial report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

**ASBO Meritorious Budget Award** The Association of School Business Officials International awarded the Meritorious Budget Award (MBA) to the Strongsville City School District for the fiscal year 2021 budget. This award recognizes the School District for demonstrating excellence in school budget presentation and setting a high standard for transparent budget development. Strongsville City School District was one of five Ohio school districts to receive this award for fiscal year 2021. This was the fifth consecutive year that the government has achieved this prestigious award.

**ASBO Certificate of Excellence in Financial Reporting** The Association of School Business Officials International awarded the Strongsville City School District with the Certificate of Excellence in Financial Reporting for its comprehensive annual financial report for the year ended June 30, 2020. This was the fifth consecutive year that the government has achieved this prestigious award.

This award recognizes the excellence and transparency in the preparation and issuance of the School District's comprehensive annual financial report.

#### Acknowledgments

The publication of this report signifies a professionalizing of the School District's financial reporting. It enhances the School District's accountability to taxpayers, investors, and other internal and external users of such information.

The preparation of this report would not have been possible without the assistance and support of the entire Treasurer's office staff.

Finally, we would like to acknowledge the Board of Education's commitment to excellence to the School District and support for this project.

Respectfully submitted,

L K. annage

George K. Anagnostou Treasurer/CFO

Dr. Cameron M. Ryba Ed.E Superintendent of Schools

### Strongsville City School District

**Board Members** 

Elected At Large For Overlapping Four-Year Terms

Name	Began Service as a Board Member	Present Term Expires December 31
Mr. Richard O. Micko, Board President	2012	2023
Mrs. Laura Wolfe-Housum, Vice President	2020	2023
Mrs. Michelle Bissell	2020	2023
Mrs. Sherry Buckner-Sallee	2020	2021
Mr. John Krupinski (1)	2021	2021

(1) - Appointed September 2, 2021 due to resignation of Seth Roberts.

#### Strongsville City School District

Senior Appointed Officials

#### Appointed Positions by the Board of Education:

Dr. Cameron M. Ryba	Superintendent
Mr. George K. Anagnostou	Treasurer/CFO

#### Central Office Leadership Team (COLT) Appointed by the Superintendent:

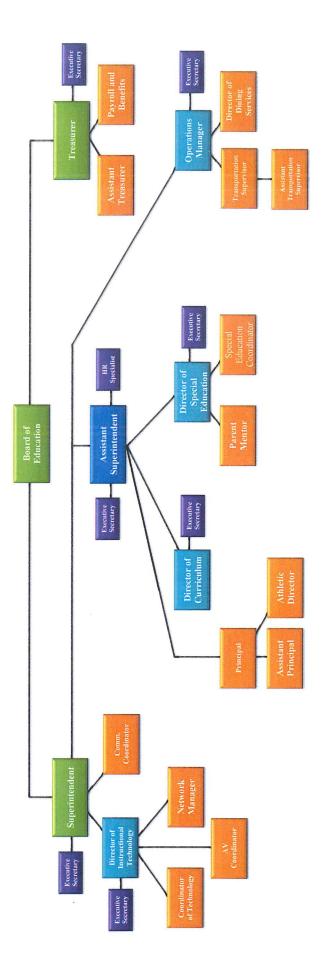
Mrs. Jennifer PelkoAssistant SuperintendentMrs. Erin GreenDirector of Curriculum and InstructionMr. Andy TrujilloDirector of Special EducationMr. David E. Binkley Jr.Director of Instructional TechnologyMr. Stephen BrecknerOperations Manager

#### Building Principals Appointed by the Superintendent:

Mrs. Kaylee Harrell (a)	Chapman Elementary
Mr. Steven M. Diedrick	Kinsner Elementary
Mr. Michael Griffen	Muraski Elementary
Mr. William C. Wingler	Strongsville High School
Mrs. Jessica Boytim	Strongsville Middle School
Dr. Sally Raso	Surrarrer Elementary
Mr. Glen L. Stacho	Whitney Elementary

(a) Appointed August 1, 2021.

Strongsville City Schools Organizational Chart Board of Education/Administration 2020-21



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

## Strongsville City School District Ohio

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2020

Christophen P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO



## The Certificate of Excellence in Financial Reporting is presented to

# Strongsville City School District

## for its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020.

The district report meets the criteria established for ASBO International's Certificate of Excellence.



W. Edward Chabal

W. Edward Chabal President

David J. Lewis Executive Director



# FINANCIAL SECTION



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88 East Broad Street Columbus, Ohio 43215 ContactUs@ohioauditor.gov (800) 282-0370

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Strongsville City School District Cuyahoga County 18199 Cook Avenue Strongsville, Ohio 44136

To the Board of Education:

#### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Strongsville City School District, Cuyahoga County, Ohio (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for preparing and fairly presenting these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes designing, implementing, and maintaining internal control relevant to preparing and fairly presenting financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to opine on these financial statements based on our audit. We audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the financial audit standards in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require us to plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit requires obtaining evidence about financial statement amounts and disclosures. The procedures selected depend on our judgment, including assessing the risks of material financial statement misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. In assessing those risks, we consider internal control relevant to the District's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not to the extent needed to opine on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of management's accounting policies and the reasonableness of their significant accounting estimates, as well as our evaluation of the overall financial statement presentation.

We believe the audit evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to support our audit opinions.

Strongsville City School District Cuyahoga County Independent Auditor's Report Page 2

#### Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the District, as of June 30, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the General fund thereof for the year then ended in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 21 to the financial statements, the financial impact of COVID-19 and the continuing emergency measures may impact subsequent periods of the District. We did not modify our opinion regarding this matter.

#### Other Matters

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require this presentation to include *management's discussion and analysis*, and schedules of net pension and other post-employment benefit liabilities and pension and other post-employment benefit contributions listed in the table of contents, to supplement the basic financial statements. Although this information is not part of the basic financial statements, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board considers it essential for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, consisting of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, to the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not opine or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to opine or provide any other assurance.

#### Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted to opine on the District's basic financial statements taken as a whole.

The introductory section, the financial section's combining statements, individual fund statements and schedules and the statistical section information present additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The statements and schedules are management's responsibility, and derive from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. We subjected this information to the auditing procedures we applied to the basic financial statements. We also applied certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling this information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, this information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

We did not subject the introductory section and statistical section information to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion or any other assurance on them.

Strongsville City School District Cuyahoga County Independent Auditor's Report Page 3

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we will also issue our report dated December 21, 2021, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. That report describes the scope of our internal control testing over financial reporting and compliance, and the results of that testing, and does not opine on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

-lu

Keith Faber Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

December 21, 2021

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Management's Discussion and Analysis For Fiscal Year Ended June 30. 2021

#### (Unaudited)

The discussion and analysis of Strongsville City School District's (the School District) financial performance provides an overall review of the School District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the School District's financial performance as a whole. Readers should also review the financial statements and notes to those respective statements to enhance their understanding of the School District's financial performance.

#### Financial Highlights

Key financial Highlights for 2021 are as follows:

- In total, net position increased by \$ 10,419,752.
- Revenues for governmental activities totaled \$ 97,592,738 in 2021. Of this total, 92.5 percent consisted of general revenues while program revenues accounted for the balance of 7.5 percent.
- Program expenses totaled \$ 87,172,986. Instructional expenses made up 58.5 percent of this total while support services accounted for 34.3 percent. Other expenses rounded out the remaining 7.5 percent.
- Outstanding long-term obligations, excluding net pension liability and net OPEB liability, had a net decrease of \$ 5,325,721.

#### Reporting the School District as a Whole

#### Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities

While this document contains all the funds used by the School District to provide programs and activities, the view of the School District as a whole considers all financial transactions and asks the question, "How did we do financially during 2021?" The *Statement of Net Position* and the *Statement of Activities* answers this question. These statements include all non-fiduciary assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources using the accrual basis of accounting, similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. Accrual accounting takes into account all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the School District's net position and changes in net position. This change in net position is important because it tells the reader that, for the School District as a whole, the financial position of the School District has improved or diminished. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, some financial, some not. Non-financial factors include the School District's performance, demographic and socioeconomic factors and willingness of the community to support the School District. On the other hand, financial factors may include the School District's financial position, liquidity and solvency, fiscal capacity and risk and exposure. In the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, the School District is classified into governmental activities. All of the School District's programs and services are reported here including instruction, support services, operation and maintenance of plant, pupil transportation, operation of food service, community services and extracurricular activities.

#### **Reporting the School District's Most Significant Funds**

#### Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial reports provide detailed information about the School District's major funds. The School District uses many funds to account for a multitude of financial transactions. However, these fund financial statements focus on the School District's most significant funds. The School District's major governmental funds are the General Fund, Bond Retirement Fund and the Building Fund.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For Fiscal Year Ended June 30. 2021

(Unaudited)

#### Governmental Funds

All of the School District's activities are reported as governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end that are available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using an accounting method called *modified accrual accounting*, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the School District's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance educational programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds is reconciled in the financial statements.

#### The School District as a Whole

Recall that the *Statement of Net Position* provides the perspective of the School District as a whole. Table 1 provides a summary of the School District's net position for 2021 compared to 2020.

Table INet Position - Governmental Activities

	2021	2020
Assets		
Current and other assets	\$ 137,572,643	\$ 123,554,049
Net OPEB asset	4,702,423	4,488,393
Total capital assets, net	99,476,971	102,309,452
Total assets	241,752,037	230,351,894
Deferred outflows of resources		
Deferral on refunding	666,352	751,471
Pension and OPEB	17,321,522	16,417,229
Total deferred outflows of resources	17,987,874	17,168,700
Liabilities		
Current liabilities	9,638,832	9,212,951
Long term liabilities		
Due within one year	2,194,644	2,460,627
Due in more than one year		
Net pension and OPEB liabilities	94,478,218	89,826,363
Other amounts	77,532,780	82,592,518
Total liabilities	183,844,474	184,092,459
Deferred inflows of resources		
Property taxes levied for next year	63,319,495	61,627,646
Deferral on refunding	2,711,135	-
Pension and OPEB	12,228,693	13,514,329
Total deferred inflows of resources	78,259,323	75,141,975
Net position		
Net investment in capital assets	24,805,090	24,866,579
Restricted	13,157,504	12,570,817
Unrestricted	(40,326,480)	(49,151,236)
Total net position	\$ (2,363,886)	\$ (11,713,840)

Management's Discussion and Analysis For Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

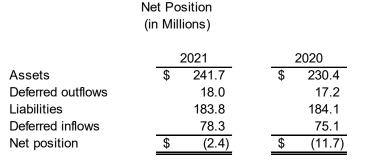
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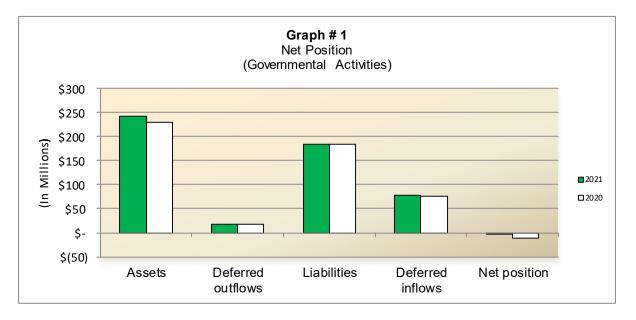
#### **Details of Table I** Net Position - Governmental Activities

	2021	2020	Change
Assets			
Equity in pooled cash	\$ 65,847,064	\$ 55,020,854	\$ 10,826,210
Accounts receivable	22,644	62,445	(39,801)
Due from other governments	424,629	318,392	106,237
Taxes receivable	71,278,306	68,152,358	3,125,948
Net OPEB asset	4,702,423	4,488,393	214,030
Capital assets			
Nondepreciable capital assets	2,662,839	2,662,839	-
Depreciable capital assets	96,814,132	99,646,613	(2,832,481)
Total assets	241,752,037	230,351,894	11,400,143
Deferred outflows of resources			
Deferral on refunding	666,352	751,471	(85,119)
Pension	14,960,376	14,704,123	256,253
OPEB	2,361,146	1,713,106	648,040
Total deferred outflows of resources	17,987,874	17,168,700	819,174
Liabilities			
Accounts and contracts payable	1,072,324	1,055,205	17,119
Accrued salaries, wages and benefits	5,914,995	5,868,412	46,583
Claims payable	1,570,900	1,094,000	476,900
Accrued interest payable	171,300	236,300	(65,000)
Intergovernmental payable	909,313	959,034	(49,721)
Long-term liabilities	,	,	
Due within one year	2,194,644	2,460,627	(265,983)
Due in more than one year	, - ,-	,,-	( / /
Net pension liability	87,249,777	81,090,575	6,159,202
Net OPEB liability	7,228,441	8,735,788	(1,507,347)
Other amounts due in more than one year	77,532,780	82,592,518	(5,059,738)
Total liabilities	183,844,474	184,092,459	(247,985)
		101,002,100	(211,000)
Deferred inflows of resources Property taxes levied for next year	63,319,495	61,627,646	1,691,849
Deferral on refunding	2,711,135		2,711,135
Pension	2,042,876	4,863,568	(2,820,692)
OPEB	10,185,817	8,650,761	1,535,056
Total deferred inflows of resources	78,259,323	75,141,975	3,117,348
	10,200,020	70,141,070	0,117,040
Net position			<i>/- / /</i>
Net investment in capital assets	24,805,090	24,866,579	(61,489)
Restricted	13,157,504	12,570,817	586,687
Unrestricted	(40,326,480)	(49,151,236)	8,824,756
Total net position	\$ (2,363,886)	\$ (11,713,840)	\$ 9,349,954

Management's Discussion and Analysis For Fiscal Year Ended June 30. 2021







The net pension and OPEB liability are the largest liabilities reported by the School District at June 30, 2021 and are reported pursuant to GASB Statement 68, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions—an Amendment of GASB Statement 27" and GASB Statement 75, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions." For reasons discussed below, many end users of this financial statement will gain a clearer understanding of the School District's actual financial condition by adding deferred inflows related to pension and OPEB, the net pension liability and the net OPEB liability to the reported net position and subtracting the net OPEB asset and deferred outflows related to pension and OPEB.

Governmental Accounting Standards Board standards are national and apply to all government financial reports prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Prior accounting for pensions (GASB 27) and postemployment benefits (GASB 45) focused on a funding approach. This approach limited pension and OPEB costs to contributions annually required by law, which may or may not be sufficient to fully fund each plan's *net pension liability* or *net OPEB liability*. GASB 68 and GASB 75 take an earnings approach to pension and OPEB accounting; however, the nature of Ohio's statewide pension/OPEB plans and state law governing those systems requires additional explanation in order to properly understand the information presented in these statements.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For Fiscal Year Ended June 30. 2021

#### (Unaudited)

GASB 68 and GASB 75 require the net pension liability and the net OPEB liability to equal the School District's proportionate share of each plan's collective:

- 1. Present value of estimated future pension/OPEB benefits attributable to active and inactive employees' past service
- 2. Minus plan assets available to pay these benefits

GASB notes that pension and OPEB obligations, whether funded or unfunded, are part of the "employment exchange" – that is, the employee is trading his or her labor in exchange for wages, benefits, and the promise of a future pension and other postemployment benefits. GASB noted that the unfunded portion of this promise is a present obligation of the government, part of a bargained-for benefit to the employee, and should accordingly be reported by the government as a liability since they received the benefit of the exchange. However, the School District is not responsible for certain key factors affecting the balance of these liabilities. In Ohio, the employee shares the obligation of funding pension benefits with the employer. Both employer and employee contribution rates are capped by State statute. A change in these caps requires action of both Houses of the General Assembly and approval of the Governor. Benefit provisions are also determined by State statute. The Ohio revised Code permits, but does not require the retirement systems to provide healthcare to eligible benefit recipients. The retirement systems may allocate a portion of the employer contributions to provide for these OPEB benefits.

The employee enters the employment exchange with the knowledge that the employer's promise is limited not by contract but by law. The employer enters the exchange also knowing that there is a specific, legal limit to its contribution to the retirement system. In Ohio, there is no legal means to enforce the unfunded liability of the pension/OPEB plan *as against the public employer*. State law operates to mitigate/lessen the moral obligation of the public employer to the employee, because all parties enter the employment exchange with notice as to the law. The retirement system is responsible for the administration of the pension and OPEB plans.

Most long-term liabilities have set repayment schedules or, in the case of compensated absences (i.e. sick and vacation leave), are satisfied through paid time-off or termination payments. There is no repayment schedule for the net pension liability or the net OPEB liability. As explained above, changes in benefits, contribution rates, and return on investments affect the balance of these liabilities, but are outside the control of the local government. In the event that contributions, investment returns, and other changes are insufficient to keep up with required payments, State statute does not assign/identify the responsible party for the unfunded portion. Due to the unique nature of how the net pension liability and the net OPEB liability are satisfied, these liabilities are separately identified within the long-term liability section of the statement of net position.

In accordance with GASB 68 and GASB 75, the School District's statements prepared on an accrual basis of accounting include an annual pension expense and an annual OPEB expense for their proportionate share of each plan's *change* in net pension liability and net OPEB liability / (asset), respectively, not accounted for as deferred inflows/outflows.

Total assets increased by \$11,400,143. This increase is due to increases in equity in pooled cash and taxes receivable of \$10,826,210 and \$3,125,948, respectively, which increases were offset primarily with a decrease of \$2,832,481 in depreciable capital assets.

Total liabilities decreased by \$ 247,985. This decrease is primarily due to decreases in bonds payable and net OPEB liability \$ 7,927,143 and \$ 1,507,347, respectively, which decrease was offset primarily with an increases of \$ 6,159,202 in net pension liability and \$ 2,561,182 in unamortized bond premiums.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

#### (Unaudited)

The vast majority of revenue supporting all governmental activities is general revenue. General revenue totaled \$ 89,827,284 or 92.5 percent of total revenue. The most significant portion of the general revenue is local property tax. The remaining amount of revenue received was in the form of program revenues, which equated to \$ 7,311,854, or only 7.5 percent of total revenue.

In order to further understand what makes up the changes in net position for the current year, the following table gives readers further details regarding the results of activities for 2021 and 2020.

#### Table 2

Changes in Net Position - Governmental Activities

	2021	2020	Change
Revenues			
Program revenues			
Charges for services and sales	\$ 1,756,503	\$ 3,106,679	\$ (1,350,176)
Operating grants, interest and contributions	5,478,945	3,517,794	1,961,151
Capital grants, interest and contributions	76,406	142,231	(65,825)
Total program revenues	7,311,854	6,766,704	545,150
General revenues			
Property taxes	68,356,949	56,361,933	11,995,016
Grants and entitlements not			
restricted to specific purposes	16,870,596	16,140,520	730,076
Payments in lieu of taxes	4,256,649	3,950,804	305,845
Investment earnings	410,217	849,885	(439,668)
Miscellaneous	386,473	290,509	95,964
Total general revenues	90,280,884	77,593,651	12,687,233
Total revenues	97,592,738	84,360,355	13,232,383
Program expenses			
Instruction			
Regular	35,468,420	34,176,270	1,292,150
Special	14,421,755	13,767,294	654,461
Vocational and other instruction	1,079,907	982,438	97,469
Supporting services			
Pupil	5,801,694	5,498,375	303,319
Instructional staff	3,020,097	2,642,686	377,411
Board of education and administration	4,683,949	4,685,720	(1,771)
Fiscal services and business	2,309,407	2,487,163	(177,756)
Operation and maintenance	7,393,942	7,897,293	(503,351)
Pupil transportation	4,484,484	5,021,481	(536,997)
Central services	2,240,879	1,936,105	304,774
Operation of non-instructional services	3,290,569	2,714,112	576,457
Extracurricular activities	1,243,778	1,830,988	(587,210)
Interest and fiscal charges	2,803,903	2,737,670	66,233
Total program expenses	88,242,784	86,377,595	1,865,189
Increase in net position	9,349,954	(2,017,240)	11,367,194
Net position at beginning of year	(11,713,840)	(9,696,600)	(2,017,240)
Net position at end of year	\$ (2,363,886)	\$(11,713,840)	\$ 9,349,954

Management's Discussion and Analysis For Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

(Unaudited)

#### **Governmental Activities**

#### General Revenues

General revenues for the School District are comprised almost entirely of property taxes collections and grants from various sources. Property taxes made up 76.1 and 72.6% percent of general revenues in fiscal years 2021 and 2020. Grants and entitlements not restricted to specific purpose made up 18.3 percent and 20.8 percent of general revenues for governmental activities for the School District in fiscal years 2021 and 2020, respectively.

The unusual nature of property tax legislation in the State of Ohio creates the need to routinely seek voter approval for increases in operating funds to maintain a constant level of service. As a result of legislation enacted in 1976, the overall revenue generated by a voted millage does not increase as a result of inflation. As an example, a homeowner with a home valued at \$ 100,000 (assessed value of \$ 35,000) and taxed at 1.0 mill would pay \$ 35.00 annually in taxes. If three years later the home was reappraised and increased to \$ 200,000 (assessed value of \$ 70,000), the effective tax rate would become 0.5 mill and the owner would still pay \$ 35.00. Because of this taxation methodology, real property tax assessments due to the School District have held steady for the past several years.

The voters of the City of Strongsville approved a new property tax levy in August 2002. This is a 6 mill 5 year renewal operating levy which generates an estimated amount of \$8.4 million dollars per year if collected at 100 percent. Collections began in the second half of fiscal year 2002. This levy was renewed in November 2006, again in March 2012, again in November 2016, and again in November 2021. The levy is set to expire in November of collection year 2027, if not renewed prior.

The voters of the City of Strongsville approved a new property tax levy in November 2007. This is a 6.5 mill continuing operating levy which is estimated to generate approximately \$ 9.8 million dollars per year if collected at 100 percent. Collections began in the second half of fiscal year 2007.

The voters of the City of Strongsville approved a new property tax levy in November 2012. This was a \$81,000,000 bond issue for the purpose of constructing Strongsville Middle School, renovation of Strongsville High School, improvements and technology upgrades to elementary buildings, and demolition of closed facilities. Collections began in the second half of fiscal year 2012 and the levy is set to expire in November of collection year 2045.

The primary source of grant revenue is State general operating aid known as the "Foundation Program Aid". Established by Ohio law and funded by the biennial appropriations, the Foundation Program is a statutory program through which the State currently makes direct payments to school districts based upon a statutory formula. Monies distributed to a school district under the existing Foundation Program are required to be used for current operating expenses, unless specifically allocated by the State for some other purpose.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

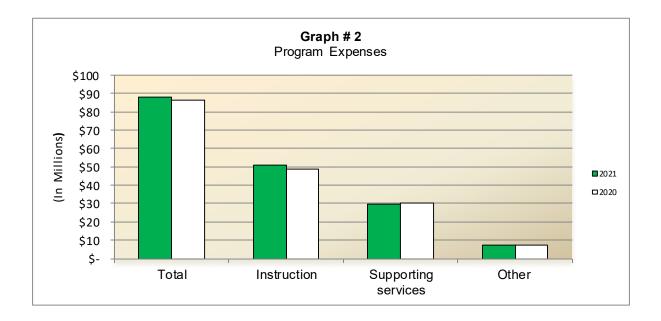
(Unaudited)

#### Program Revenues

Program revenues comprise 7.5 percent of total revenues. Program revenues are made up of a combination of operating and capital grants from the federal government and charges for services by the School District for specific services/programs such as student fees for consumables and student fundraiser for specific student activities. These amounts can vary from year to year depending on the amount that is made available for grants and the needs of the School District.

#### Program Expenses (in millions)

2	2021		2021		2020
\$	51.0	\$	48.9		
	29.9		30.2		
	7.3		7.3		
\$	88.2	\$	86.4		
	<u>_</u>	\$ 51.0 29.9 7.3	\$ 51.0 \$ 29.9 7.3		



Management's Discussion and Analysis For Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

(Unaudited)

The Statement of Activities shows the total net cost of program services. Table 3 shows the total cost of services for governmental activities and the net cost of those services. That is, it identifies the cost of these services supported by tax revenue and unrestricted State entitlements.

Total expenses increased by \$ 1,865,189. Instruction related expenses increased by \$ 2,044,080, while total supporting services expenses decreased by \$ 234,371.

#### Total Cost of Net Cost of Services Services 2021 2021 Governmental activities: Instruction Regular \$ 35,468,420 \$ (33,747,147)Special 14,421,755 (13, 135, 858)Vocational 931,806 (931, 806)Other instruction 148,101 (146, 780)Supporting services Pupil 5,801,694 (5,584,767)Instructional staff 3,020,097 (2,493,891)Board of education 33,218 (33, 218)Administration 4,650,731 (4, 330, 483)**Fiscal services** 1,975,734 (1,975,734)Business 333.673 (333, 673)Operation and maintenance 7,393,942 (7,037,627)Pupil transportation 4,484,484 (4, 434, 063)Central services 2,240,879 (2,209,015)Operation of non-instructional services Food service operation 2,339,877 (697, 754)Community services 630,014 (29, 855)Extracurricular activities 1,243,778 (684, 678)Interest and fiscal charges 2,803,903 (2,803,903)Total 88,242,784 (80, 930, 930)\$ \$

# Table 3Governmental Activities

Clearly, the Strongsville community is by far the greatest source of financial support for the students of the Strongsville City Schools.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For Fiscal Year Ended June 30. 2021

(Unaudited)

#### School District's funds

The focus of the School District's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows and balances of expendable resources. These funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. All governmental funds had total revenues of \$ 96,257,864 and expenditures of \$ 85,361,748 exclusive of other financing sources (uses). A two year comparison of revenues, expenditures, other financing sources (uses), and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, Bond Retirement Fund and the Building Fund are presented on the following pages.

Total revenues of the General Fund increased by \$11,478,210 primarily due to increases in property taxes of \$11,124,337 and intergovernmental revenue of \$759,107. The increase in property tax is the result of an increase in the amount of property tax available for advance at year end. General Fund total expenditures increased by \$2,391,238, primarily due to an increase of \$1,682,180 and \$475,335 in instruction and supporting services.

	General Fund					
		2021		2020		Change
Revenue Taxes Payment in lieu of taxes	\$	61,902,059 4,256,649	\$	50,777,722 3,950,804	\$	11,124,337 305,845
Tuition and fees Interest Intergovernmental		1,147,544 408,104 16,346,463		1,469,083 722,842 15,587,356		(321,539) (314,738) 759,107
Extracurricular Contributions and donations		291,768 49,908		318,072		(26,304) 49,908
Other Total revenues		117,076 84,519,571		215,482 73,041,361		(98,406) 11,478,210
Expenditures Current						
Instruction		43,333,142		41,650,962		1,682,180
Supporting services		27,328,001		26,852,666		475,335
Operation of non-instructional services		320,678		53,125		267,553
Extracurricular activities Debt service		1,178,596		1,215,348		(36,752)
Principal		327,143		309,018		18,125
Interest		91,543		106,746		(15,203)
Total expenditures		72,579,103		70,187,865		2,391,238
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over		11 040 469		2 952 406		0.096.070
expenditures		11,940,468		2,853,496		9,086,972
Other financing sources (uses) Transfers in		5,216		290		4,926
Transfers out		(591,107)		(416,096)		(175,011)
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		38,668		29,460		9,208
Total other financing sources (uses)		(547,223)		(386,346)		(160,877)
Net change in fund balances		11,393,245		2,467,150		8,926,095
Fund balances, beginning of year		38,729,650		36,262,500		2,467,150
Fund balances, end of year	\$	50,122,895	\$	38,729,650	\$	11,393,245

Management's Discussion and Analysis For Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

(	(U	na	ud	ite	d)

	Bond Retirement Fund						
_		2021		2020		Change	
Revenue Taxes Interest	\$	4,078,470	\$	3,702,811 90,384	\$	375,659 (90,384)	
Intergovernmental		521,359		537,596		(16,237)	
Total revenues		4,599,829		4,330,791		269,038	
Expenditures Current Supporting services		54,179		56,682		(2,503)	
Debt service Principal Interest		3,425,000 1,915,044		1,545,000 2,633,269		1,880,000 (718,225)	
Total expenditures		5,394,223		4,234,951		1,159,272	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		(794,394)		95,840		(890,234)	
Other financing sources (uses) Refunding bonds issued Premium on debt issue Payment to escrow agent Total other financing sources (uses)		53,340,000 5,719,360 (58,627,590) 431,770		- - - -		53,340,000 5,719,360 - 59,059,360	
Net change in fund balances		(362,624)		95,840		58,169,126	
Fund balances, beginning of year		5,314,003		5,218,163		95,840	
Fund balances, end of year	\$	4,951,379	\$	5,314,003	\$	58,264,966	
		2021	Bui	ilding Fund 2020		Change	
Revenue Interest Other	\$	1,114 78,206	\$	14,253 140,431	\$	(13,139) (62,225)	
Total revenues		79,320		154,684		(75,364)	
Expenditures Capital outlay Fotal expenditures		81,201 81,201		444,896		(363,695) (363,695)	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		(1,881)		(290,212)		288,331	
Other financing sources (uses) Transfers in		56,697		57,434		(737)	
Fotal other financing sources (uses)		56,697		57,434		(737)	
Net change in fund balances		54,816		(232,778)		287,594	
Fund balances, beginning of year Fund balances, end of year	\$	614,748		847,526 614,748		(232,778)	
		669,564	\$	044 740	\$	54,816	

Management's Discussion and Analysis For Fiscal Year Ended June 30. 2021

(Unaudited)

Total revenue in the Bond Retirement Fund increased by \$269,038, primarily due to an increase in the amount of property taxes available for advance at year end. The fund balance of the Bond Retirement Fund decreased by \$362,624 to \$4,951,379 at year end. The decrease in fund balance was primarily due to the effects of a bond refunding during the year.

Total expenditures in the Building Fund decreased by \$363,695 due to decreased capital outlay expenditures. The School District has a multi-year building improvement plan funded by a voter approved \$82 million bond issue, which proceeds were received in 2013. The Building Fund was used to construct a new middle school for grades 6-8, renovate the high school and also make improvements to the elementary schools. The fund balance of the Building Fund increased by \$54,816 to \$669,564 at year end.

#### General Fund Budgeting Highlights

The School District's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The most significant fund to be budgeted is the main operating fund of the School District, the General Fund.

The School District uses a site-based style of budgeting and has in place systems that are designed to tightly control expenditures but provide flexibility for site-based decision and management.

For the General Fund, the original and final budget basis revenue and other sources estimate totaled \$81,457,078 and \$85,230,154, respectively. Actual revenues and other sources were \$85,296,598 which was \$66,444 higher than the final budgeted amount. Although revenues are monitored monthly, the revenue estimates are updated at the beginning of the year with the October five year forecast and updated again with the May five year forecast. The most significant variances between the original and final estimated revenue, were for increases of \$1,612,524 and \$796,129 in taxes and intergovernmental revenue, respectively.

Through the budget process, the annual budget is finalized in September and monitored monthly. If necessary, the annual budget can be amended throughout the year with Board Approval. The original and final budget basis expenditures and other uses estimate totaled \$79,345,749 and \$80,205,608 respectively. Actual budget basis expenditures and other uses were \$76,081,932 which was \$4,123,676 lower than the final budgeted amount.

The General Fund unencumbered ending cash balance totaled \$ 50,917,011.

#### **Capital Assets and Debt Administration**

#### Capital Assets

At June 30, 2021, the School District had \$ 99,476,971, net of accumulated depreciation, invested in land, buildings and improvements, furniture and equipment, and vehicles. Table 4 shows fiscal 2021 values compared to 2020.

#### Table 4

Capital Assets (Net of Accumulated Depreciation)

	June 30, 2021		Ju	une 30, 2020
Land	\$	2,662,839	\$	2,662,839
Buildings and improvements		90,127,766		92,007,932
Furniture and equipment		4,944,789		5,252,448
Vehicles		1,741,577		2,386,233
Total net capital assets	\$	99,476,971	\$	102,309,452

Management's Discussion and Analysis For Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

(Unaudited)

All capital assets, except land are reported net of depreciation. The School District had acquisitions in buildings and improvements, furniture and equipment, and vehicles of \$543,835, \$192,586 and \$39,860, respectively. Disposals of capital assets had a net book value of \$25,444. Depreciation expense for the year was \$3,583,318. For additional information, see Note 9 of the Notes to the Basic Financial Statements.

#### Debt

At June 30, 2021, the School District had \$ 174,205,641 of long-term obligations outstanding.

(	Outstanding Deb	t Year-End		
	J	une 30, 2021	Ju	ine 30, 2020
Bonds payable	\$	63,386,621	\$	71,313,764
Certificates of participation		3,000,000		3,170,000
Unamortized bond premium		6,167,327		3,606,145
Net pension liability		87,249,777		81,090,575
Net OPEB liability		7,228,441		8,735,788
Capital lease		73,150		104,435
Compensated absences		7,100,325		6,858,801
	\$	174,205,641	 \$	174,879,508

Table 5

Outstanding bonds consist of general obligation bonds for building issues. General obligation bonds are direct obligations of the School District for which its full faith, credit and resources are pledged and are payable from taxes levied on all taxable property of the School District. General obligation bonds will be paid from the Bond Retirement Fund with property taxes revenue. The certificates of participation are not general obligations of the School District, but are paid from the Bond Retirement Fund.

For additional debt obligation information see Notes 14 and 15 of the Notes to the Basic Financial Statements.

#### School District Outlook

The Board of Education and administration closely monitor its revenues and expenditures in accordance with its financial forecast balancing the School District's three goals of student achievement and growth, financial prudence, and community engagement.

For the 2018 state report card, the School District earned 6 As, 2 Bs, and 3 Cs. For the 2019 state report card, the District earned 7 As, 1 B, 2 Cs, and 1 D. Beginning in March of 2020 and beyond, the state's education community experienced unprecedented impacts during the 2019-2020 and the 2020-2021 school year due to the coronavirus pandemic. Due to the ordered school-building closure, limited data exists compared to prior years. In light of these impacts, the 2020 report card and 2021 report card will not have grades or ratings. Based on report card data, the district has designed an instructional innovation plan and 8 individual building plans to address deficiencies and to increase test scores and student gains.

The School District's financial future has improved overall the past several years. Based on the November 2021 five-year forecast (cash basis), the School District will not be deficit spending through the life of the five-year forecast which is through fiscal year 2025-2026 if all renewal levies are passed. However, each fiscal year of the five-year forecast, the gap between revenues exceeding expenditures is diminishing. For the upcoming fiscal year FY 2021-2022, expenditures make up 92.3% of revenues while in FY 2025-2026, expenditures make up 98.3% of revenues.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

#### (Unaudited)

The School District will rely on its cash balance to manage the revenue low points that take place in November, December, and again in June and July, as well as any other operating needs.

The School District has communicated to the community that the School District relies upon their support for the majority of its operations, and will continue to work diligently to plan expenses, staying carefully within the School District's financial five-year forecast.

Due to the enrollment decline, the School District has increased efficiencies by eliminating six (6) buildings and will repurpose one (1) building to save resources and maximize educational offerings. Allen Elementary was closed in fiscal year (FY) 2010, Zellers Elementary was closed in FY 2015 and repurposed into the administration office in FY 2016, Drake Elementary, OPS and Board office closed in FY 2016. In addition, Albion and Center Middle Schools closed and consolidated into the new Strongsville Middle School in FY 2016. Along with the savings of operational costs due to the closing of buildings the School District has reduced positions, since 2009, the School District has reduced 185 positions, inclusive of administration, teachers, and support staff.

The School District does not anticipate any significant growth from the state due to current legislation regarding school funding. In June 2006, the State of Ohio enacted legislation, portions of which take effect at various times, that phased out the taxation of tangible personal property used in business (other than certain public utility tangible personal property) over four years from tax year 2007 to tax year 2011. To compensate local government units for the foregone revenue, the enacted legislation provides for State reimbursements from revenue generated by the enacted commercial activities tax. Recently, under the recent changes within H.B 64 and S.B 208, the School District lost State Tangible Personal Property Tax Reimbursements in the amounts of \$ 500,000 in FY 2017 and an additional \$ 3,100,000 in FY 2018 for a total loss of revenue of \$ 3,600,000, which completely eliminated the remaining reimbursement. Since FY2008, the School District lost \$8,600,000 in tangible personal property tax.

The School District has two operating renewal levies within the School District's levies issued:

- In November 2021 residents renewed a five year 6.0 mill levy that is currently set to expire at the end of tax year 2026, collection year 2027. The renewal passed by 55.2% of the votes for the renewal levy. (Originally passed August 2002).
- In May 2019 residents approved a five year 5.9 levy with collection beginning January 1, 2020. The levy is set to expire at the end of tax year 2023, collection year 2024. The levy passed by 53.7% of the votes for the levy. (Originally passed May 2019).

Due to the building closures, reduction of positions, operational efficiencies, and the passage of the May 2019 levy the School District has prolonged any future deficits. The School District will continue to explore efficiencies and revenue options to alleviate future year deficits.

It is imperative the School District's management continue to carefully and prudently plan in order to provide the resources required to meet student needs over the next several years.

In summary, the Strongsville City School District Board of Education has committed to the goals of Student Achievement and Growth, Financial Prudence, Community engagement.

#### Contacting the School District's Financial Management

This financial report is designated to provide our citizens, taxpayers and investors and creditors with a general overview of the School District's finances and to show the School District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact George K. Anagnostou, Treasurer/CFO at Strongsville City School District, 18199 Cook Avenue, Strongsville, OH 44136, and (440) 572-7021 or by email ganagnostou@scsmustangs.org.

## STRONGSVILLE CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

#### JUNE 30, 2021

A 4-	Governmental Activities
Assets Equity in pooled cash	\$ 65,847,064
Accounts receivable	¢ 03,047,004 22,644
Due from other governments	424,629
Taxes receivable	71,278,306
Net OPEB asset	4,702,423
Capital assets	4,702,423
Nondepreciable capital assets	2,662,839
Depreciable capital assets	96,814,132
Total assets	241,752,037
	241,702,007
Deferred outflows of resources	
Deferral on refunding	666,352
Pension	14,960,376
OPEB	2,361,146
Total deferred outflows of resources	17,987,874
Liabilities	<u> </u>
Accounts and contracts payable	1,072,324
Accrued salaries, wages and benefits	5,914,995
Claims payable	1,570,900
Accrued interest payable	171,300
Intergovernmental payable	909,313
Long-term liabilities	303,513
Due within one year	2,194,644
Due in more than one year	
Net pension liability	87,249,777
Net OPEB liability	7,228,441
Other amounts due in more than one year	77,532,780
Total liabilities	183,844,474
Deferred inflows of resources	
Property taxes levied for next year	63,319,495
Deferral on refunding	2,711,135
Pension	2,042,876
OPEB	10,185,817
Total deferred inflow s of resources	78,259,323
Net position	
Net investment in capital assets	24,805,090
Restricted for:	,,
Debt service	5,011,679
Capital projects	2,586,478
Extracurricular activities	415,001
State grants	266,250
Federal grants	1,534
Donations	174,139
Net OPEB asset	4,702,423
Unrestricted	(40,326,480)
Total net position	\$ (2,363,886)

#### STRONGSVILLE CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

				Progr	am Revenues			N	et (Expense)
		С	harges for	Oper	ating Grants,		Capital	R	evenues and
		:	Services	In	Interest and Grants and		Changes in		
	 Expenses	2	and Sales	Contributions Contributions		Net Position			
Governmental activities:									
Instruction									
Regular	\$ 35,468,420	\$	1,133,609	\$	587,664	\$	-	\$	(33,747,147)
Special	14,421,755		-		1,285,897		-		(13,135,858)
Vocational	931,806		-		-		-		(931,806)
Other instruction	148,101		-		1,321		-		(146,780)
Supporting services									
Pupil	5,801,694		-		216,927		-		(5,584,767)
Instructional staff	3,020,097		-		526,206		-		(2,493,891)
Board of education	33,218		-		-		-		(33,218)
Administration	4,650,731		-		320,248		-		(4,330,483)
Fiscal services	1,975,734		-		-		-		(1,975,734)
Business	333,673		-		-		-		(333,673)
Operation and maintenance	7,393,942		-		279,909		76,406		(7,037,627)
Pupil transportation	4,484,484		-		50,421		-		(4,434,063)
Central services	2,240,879		31,864		-		-		(2,209,015)
Operation of non-instructional services									
Food service operation	2,339,877		100,496		1,541,627		-		(697,754)
Community services	630,014		-		600,159		-		(29,855)
Other non-instructional services	320,678		-		-		-		(320,678)
Extracurricular activities	1,243,778		490,534		68,566		-		(684,678)
Interest and fiscal charges	2,803,903		-		-		-		(2,803,903)
Total	\$ 88,242,784	\$	1,756,503	\$	5,478,945	\$	76,406		(80,930,930)

General revenues	
Property taxes levied for:	
General purposes	63,134,059
Debt service	4,131,970
Capital improvements	1,090,920
Grants and entitlements not	
restricted to specific purposes	16,870,596
Payments in lieu of taxes	4,256,649
Investment earnings	410,217
Miscellaneous	386,473
Total general revenues	90,280,884
Change in net position	9,349,954
Net position at beginning of year	(11,713,840)
Net position at end of year	\$ (2,363,886)

#### BALANCE SHEET – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

JUNE 30, 2021

	Gener	al Fund	Retir	ond ement Ind	Buil	ding Fund	 Other vernmental Funds	G	Total overnmental Funds
Assets							 	-	
Equity in pooled cash	\$ 53,	832,942	\$ 4,6	90,657	\$	668,064	\$ 2,862,426	\$	62,054,089
Receivables, net of allow ance									
Taxes, current	62,	400,035	3,6	79,623		-	1,058,148		67,137,806
Taxes, delinquent	3,	842,400	2	31,600		-	66,500		4,140,500
Accounts and other		10,304		-		1,500	10,840		22,644
Due from other governments		77,805		-		-	346,824		424,629
Interfund receivables		126,863		-		-	900		127,763
Total assets	\$ 120	,290,349	\$ 8,6	01,880	\$	669,564	\$ 4,345,638	\$	133,907,431
Liabilities									
Accounts and contracts payable	\$	836,615	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 235,709	\$	1,072,324
Accrued salaries, wages and benefits	5,	557,041		-		-	357,954		5,914,995
Intergovernmental payable		835,947		-		-	73,366		909,313
Interfund payable		900		-		-	126,863		127,763
Compensated absences		105,927		-		-	-		105,927
Total liabilities	7	336,430		-		-	 793,892		8,130,322
Deferred inflow s of resources									
Property taxes levied for next year	58	,907,998	3,4	18,901		-	992,596		63,319,495
Delinquent property taxes revenue not available	3,	842,400	2	31,600		-	66,500		4,140,500
Unavailable revenue		80,626		-		-	 347,874		428,500
Total deferred inflow s of resources	62,	,831,024	3,6	50,501		-	 1,406,970		67,888,495
Fund balances (deficits)									
Restricted		-	4,9	51,379		669,564	2,702,673		8,323,616
Committed		144,073		-		-	-		144,073
Assigned	1,	824,308		-		-	-		1,824,308
Unassigned	48	154,514		-		-	 (557,897)		47,596,617
Total fund balances (deficits)	50	122,895	4,9	51,379		669,564	2,144,776		57,888,614
Total liabilities, deferred inflow s of				_				_	
resources and fund balances (deficits)	\$ 120	,290,349	\$ 8,6	01,880	\$	669,564	\$ 4,345,638	\$	133,907,431

#### RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES TO NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

JUNE 30, 2021

Total governmental fund balances	\$ 57,888,614
Amount reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore not reported in the funds.	99,476,971
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current period expenditures and therefore are deferred inflows in the funds. These deferrals are primarily attributed to property taxes.	4,569,000
Unamortized deferred gain and charges on long-term debt refundings are not recognized in the governmental funds.	(2,044,783)
In the statement of activities, interest is accrued on outstanding long-term obligations, w hereas in governmental funds, an interest expenditure is reported w hen due.	(171,300)
An internal service fund is used by management to charge the costs of insurance to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service fund are included in governmental activities in the statement of net position.	2,222,075
The net OPEB asset, net pension liability and net OPEB liability are not due and payable in the current period therefore, the liability/(asset) and related deferred inflow s/outflow s are not reported in governmental funds.	
Deferred outflow s - pension	14,960,376
Deferred inflow s - pension	(2,042,876)
Net pension liability	(87,249,777)
Deferred outflows - OPEB	2,361,146
Deferred inflow s - OPEB	(10,185,817)
Net OPEB asset	4,702,423
Net OPEB liability	(7,228,441)
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current	
period and therefore are not reported in the funds:	
Compensated absences payable	(6,994,399)
Capital lease payable	(73,150)
Bonds payable and certificates of participation	(66,386,621)
Unamortized bond premium	 (6,167,327)
Net position of governmental activities	\$ (2,363,886)

## STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	General Fu	Bond Retirement Ind Fund	Building Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenue					
Taxes	\$ 61,902,	059 \$ 4,078,470	\$-	\$ 1,070,720	\$ 67,051,249
Payment in lieu of taxes	4,256		-	-	4,256,649
Tuition and fees	1,147,	- 544	-	-	1,147,544
Interest	408		1,114	999	410,217
Intergovernmental	16,346,		, -	5,452,495	22,320,317
Extracurricular	291,		-	193,644	485,412
Charges for services			-	100,060	100,060
Contributions and donations	49	.908 -	78,206	82,923	211,037
Other	117,		-	158,303	275,379
Total revenues	84,519		79,320	7,059,144	96,257,864
Expenditures					
Current					
Instruction					
Regular	29,874,	414 -	-	579,549	30,453,963
Special	12,548,	.026 -	-	1,260,878	13,808,904
Vocational	910,	- 702	-	-	910,702
Other instruction			-	148,101	148,101
Supporting services					
Pupil	5,334,	920 -	-	163,887	5,498,807
Instructional staff	2,407,	- 206	-	552,360	2,959,566
Board of education		.868 -	-	-	33,868
Administration	4,063,	- 305	-	321,289	4,384,594
Fiscal services	1,900,		-	14,128	1,968,836
Business	344,		-	-	344,769
Operation and maintenance	7,023,		-	609,215	7,632,873
Pupil transportation	3,991,		-	50,421	4,041,774
Central services	2,228		_		2,228,393
Operation of non-instructional services	2,220,		_	_	2,220,000
Food service operation				2,303,585	2,303,585
Community services			-	622,033	622,033
Other non-instructional services	320,	 679	-	022,033	320,678
Extracurricular activities			-	-	
	1,178,	- 190	-	366,577	1,545,173
Capital outlay Debt service			81,201	2,263	83,464
	327	143 3,425,000		201,285	3,953,428
Principal			-		
Interest and fiscal charges		543 1,915,044	-	111,650	2,118,237
Total expenditures	72,579,	5,394,223	81,201	7,307,221	85,361,748
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over	11.010	(704.004)	(4.004)	(0.40, 0.77)	40,000,440
expenditures	11,940,	468 (794,394)	(1,881)	(248,077)	10,896,116
Other financing sources (uses)	_	040	=0.00=	F0.4.405	
Transfers in	5,	216 -	56,697	534,429	596,342
Refunding bonds issued		- 53,340,000	-	-	53,340,000
Premium on debt issue		- 5,719,360	-	-	5,719,360
Payment to escrow agent		- (58,627,590)	-	-	(58,627,590)
Transfers out	(591,	.107) -	-	(5,235)	(596,342)
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	38,	.668 -	-	-	38,668
Total other financing sources	(547,	223) 431,770	56,697	529,194	470,438
Net change in fund balances	11,393,	.245 (362,624)	54,816	281,117	11,366,554
Fund balances, beginning of year	38,729,		614,748	1,863,659	46,522,060
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 50,122,		\$ 669,564	\$ 2,144,776	\$ 57,888,614
,, ,				, <u>,</u> ,,	,,,

# RECONCILIATION OF STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$	11,366,554
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because	se:		
Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. How ever, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which net capital outlay exceeded depreciation expense in the current period. Capital outlay Depreciation expense	\$	)	(2,807,037)
Governmental funds only report the disposal of assets to the extent proceeds are received from the sale. In the statement of activities, a gain or loss is reported for each disposal. This is the amount of the loss on the disposal of capital assets, net of proceeds received.			(25,444)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. Unavailable revenue Intergovernmental revenue	1,305,700 77,876 29,224	_	1,412,800
The issuance of long term debt (e.g.bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governental funds. Neither transaction, how ever, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences, including accrued interest, in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.			2,835,992
Contractually required contributions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds; how ever, the statement of activities reports these amounts as deferred ouflow s. Pension OPEB	6,438,963 168,629	_	6,607,592
Except for amounts reported as deferred inflow s/outflow s, changes in the net pension/OPEB asset and liability are reported as pension/OPEB expense in the statement of activities. Pension OPEB	(9,521,220) 665,732	)	(8,855,488)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Compensated absences			(423,598)
The internal service fund used by management to charge the costs of insurance to individual funds is not reported in the government-wide statement of activities. Governmental fund expenditures and the related internal service fund revenues are eliminated. The net revenue (expense) of the internal revenue fund is allocated among the governmental activities.	9		(761,417)
Change in net position of governmental activities		\$	9,349,954
		Ψ	0,040,004

#### STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET BASIS (NON-GAAP) AND ACTUAL – GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

				Variance with Final Budget
		d Amounts	A . t 1	Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Revenue				
Taxes	\$ 60,123,542	\$ 61,736,066	\$ 61,736,066	\$-
Payment in lieu of taxes	3,997,683	4,258,585	4,256,649	ۍ - (1,936)
Tuition and fees	991,134	4,236,363	4,230,049	36,223
Interest	400,000	408,465	408,104	(361)
Intergovernmental	15,532,234	16,328,363	16,346,463	18,100
Extracurricular	200,000	199,296	203,994	4,698
Contributions and donations	26,200	33,062	30,812	(2,250)
Other				
Total revenues	92,684	87,549	92,400	4,851
Total revenues	81,363,477	83,937,412	83,996,737	59,325
Expenditures				
Current				
Instruction				
Regular	30,712,698	31,535,369	30,436,753	1,098,616
Special	13,333,795	13,139,254	12,816,939	322,315
Vocational	927,987	937,647	913,092	24,555
Supporting services				
Pupil	5,749,865	5,714,304	5,525,111	189,193
Instructional staff	2,873,578	2,960,187	2,624,777	335,410
Board of education	41,880	43,926	35,035	8,891
Administration	4,282,913	4,251,188	4,138,326	112,862
Fiscal services	2,631,696	2,925,354	2,136,744	788,610
Business	459,329	474,545	394,560	79,985
Operation and maintenance	8,048,871	8,084,083	7,608,638	475,445
Pupil transportation	4,757,772	4,735,499	4,202,095	533,404
Central services	2,741,137	2,601,874	2,520,122	81,752
Extracurricular activities	1,204,879	1,223,029	1,180,903	42,126
Debt service				
Principal	327,143	327,143	327,143	-
Interest	92,040	92,040	91,543	497
Total expenditures	78,185,583	79,045,442	74,951,781	4,093,661
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over				
expenditures	3,177,894	4,891,970	9,044,956	4,152,986
•				
Other financing sources (uses)				
Advances in	86,601	86,601	86,601	-
Refund of prior year expenditures	7,000	1,167,473	1,174,592	7,119
Transfers out	(1,080,166)	(1,033,304)	(1,003,289)	30,015
Advances out	(80,000)	(126,862)	(126,862)	-
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	-	38,668	38,668	-
Total other financing sources (uses)	(1,066,565)	132,576	169,710	37,134
Net change in fund balances	2,111,329	5,024,546	9,214,666	4,190,120
Prior year encumbrances	1,932,269	1,932,269	1,932,269	-
Fund balances, beginning of year	39,770,076	39,770,076	39,770,076	
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 43,813,674	\$ 46,726,891	\$ 50,917,011	\$ 4,190,120

#### STATEMENT OF FUND NET POSITION INTERNAL SERVICE FUND

JUNE 30, 2021

	Self Insurance	
Assets		
Current assets		
Equity in pooled cash	\$	3,792,975
Total assets		3,792,975
Liabilities		
Current liabilities		
Claims payable	\$	1,570,900
Total liabilities		1,570,900
Net position		
Unrestricted	\$	2,222,075

# STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION INTERNAL SERVICE FUND

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Self Insurance			
Operating revenues				
Charges for services	\$	11,479,064		
Operating expenses				
Purchased services		19,004		
Claims		12,221,477		
Total operating expenses		12,240,481		
Operating loss		(761,417)		
Net position, beginning of year		2,983,492		
Net position, end of year	\$	2,222,075		

#### STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS INTERNAL SERVICE FUND

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Self Insurance
Cash flow s from operating activities Cash received from interfund services Cash payments for claims Cash payments for goods and services Net cash used in operating activities	\$ 11,479,064 (11,744,577) (19,059) (284,572)
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	(284,572)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	4,077,547
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$ 3,792,975
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by operating activities: Operating loss Adjustments Increase in accounts payable Increase in claims payable Total adjustments	\$ (761,417) (55) 476,900 476,845
Net cash used in operating activities	\$ (284,572)

# STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION - CUSTODIAL FUND

### JUNE 30, 2021

		ıstodial Fund
Assets		4 000
Equity in pooled cash	\$	4,623
Total assets		4,623
Liabilities Accounts payable		159
Total liabilities		159
Net position Restricted for other organizations		4,464
Total net position	\$	4.464
	Ŷ	1,404

# STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION - CUSTODIAL FUND

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	ustodial Fund
Additions Collections for other organizations Total additions	\$ 16,117 16,117
Deductions Distributions to other organizations Total deductions	 11,733 11,733
Net change in fiduciary net position	4,384
Net position beginning of year	 80
Net position end of year	\$ 4,464

### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

### A. REPORTING ENTITY

The Strongsville City School District (the School District) was established for the purpose of exercising the rights and privileges conveyed to it by the constitution and laws of the State of Ohio. The School District is a city school district as defined by Section 3311.03 of the Ohio Revised Code. The School District operates under an elected Board of Education consisting of five members and is responsible for providing public education to residents of the School District. Pre K through 12 enrollment, on or as of, October 1, 2019 was 5,437. The School District employs 395 certificated and 334 non-certificated employees.

The reporting entity is composed of the primary government, component units and other organizations that are included to ensure that the financial statements of the School District are not misleading. The primary government consists of all funds, departments, boards and agencies that are not legally separate from the School District. For the School District, this includes general operations, food service, and student related activities of the School District.

Within the School District boundaries, there are various nonpublic schools. Current State legislation provides funding to these nonpublic schools. These monies are received and disbursed by the School District on behalf of the nonpublic schools by the Treasurer of the School District, as directed by the nonpublic schools. These transactions are reported as a governmental activity of the School District.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the School District is financially accountable. The School District is financially accountable for an organization if the School District appoints a voting majority of the organizations' governing board and, 1) the School District is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or 2) the School District is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organizations' resources; the School District is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of or provide financial support to the organization; or the School District is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the School District in that the School District approves the budget, the issuance of debt, or the levying of taxes. The School District has no component units.

The School District is associated with the Metropolitan Educational Technology Association, the Polaris Career Center, the Strongsville Education Foundation, and the Ohio Schools Council which are considered to be jointly governed organizations. The School District also participates in a public risk pool managed by the Ohio Bureau of Workers' Compensation (BWC) Group-Retrospective Rating Program. These organizations and their relationships with the School District are described in more detail in Notes 11 and 16 to these financial statements.

#### B. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The financial statements of the School District have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. Following are the more significant of the School District's accounting policies.

### NOTE 1 - <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES</u> (continued)

### B. BASIS OF PRESENTATION (continued)

The School District's basic financial statements consist of government-wide statements, including a statement of net position and a statement of activities, and fund financial statements which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

#### **Government-wide Financial Statements**

The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the School District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds. The activity of the Internal Service Fund is eliminated to avoid "doubling up" revenues and expenses. Interfund services provided and used are not eliminated in the process of consolidation.

The statement of net position presents the financial condition of the governmental activities of the School District at year-end. The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each program or function of the School District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program, or department and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient for the goods or services offered by the program, and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues which are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the School District, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the School District.

#### Fund Financial Statements

During the year, the School District segregates transactions related to certain School District functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the School District at this more detailed level. The focus of governmental financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. The Internal Service Fund is presented in a single column on the face of the proprietary fund statements. Fiduciary funds are reported by fund type.

### NOTE 1 - <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES</u> (continued)

### C. FUND ACCOUNTING

The School District uses funds to maintain its financial records during the fiscal year. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid management by segregating transactions related to certain School District functions or activities. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. The various funds of the School District are grouped into the categories governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary.

#### Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental funds focus on the sources, uses, and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets and deferred outflows of resources are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities and deferred inflows of resources are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and liabilities is reported as fund balance. The following are the School District's major governmental funds:

<u>General Fund</u> - the general fund is the operating fund of the school district and is used to account for all financial resources, except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The general fund is available to the School District for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

<u>Bond Retirement Fund</u> – the bond retirement fund accounts for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal, interest and related costs.

<u>Building Fund</u> – the building fund is used to account for bond proceeds to be used for the acquisition, construction, or improvement of major capital facilities.

The other governmental funds of the School District account for grants and other resources whose use is restricted to a particular purpose.

#### Proprietary Fund Type

Proprietary funds focus on the determination of operating income, changes in net position, financial position, and cash flows and are classified as either enterprise or internal service. The School District only has an Internal Service Fund.

<u>Internal Service Fund</u> - The Internal Service Fund accounts for the financing of services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the School District on a costreimbursement basis. The School District utilizes an internal service fund to account for the operation of the School District's self insurance fund's reserve balance for employee insurance related benefits.

#### Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net position and changes in net position. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension (and other employee benefit) trust funds, investment trust funds, private-purpose trust funds, and custodial funds. Trust funds are distinguished from custodial funds by the existence of a trust agreement or equivalent arrangement that has certain characteristics. The School District has no trust funds. Custodial funds are used to report fiduciary activities that are not required to be reported in a trust fund. The School District's custodial fund accounts for collections of fees to be distributed to the Ohio High School Athletic Association for athletic tournaments.

### NOTE 1 - <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES</u> (continued)

### D. MEASUREMENT FOCUS

<u>Government-wide Financial Statements</u> - The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. All assets and deferred outflows of resources and all liabilities and deferred inflows of resources associated with the operation of the School District are included on the Statement of Net Position. The Statement of Activities presents increases (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in the total net position.

<u>Fund Financial Statements</u> - All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and deferred outflows of resources and current liabilities and deferred inflows of resources generally are included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

Like the government-wide statements, all proprietary and fiduciary funds are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. All assets and deferred outflows of resources and all liabilities and deferred inflows of resources associated with the operation of these funds are included on the statement of fund net position. In fiduciary funds, a liability to the beneficiaries of fiduciary activity is recognized when an event has occurred that compels the government to disburse fiduciary resources. Fiduciary fund liabilities other than those to beneficiaries are recognized using the economic resources measurement focus. The statement of changes in fund net position presents increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in total net position. The statement of cash flows provides information about how the School District finances and meets the cash flow needs of its internal service fund. Fiduciary funds present a statement of changes in fiduciary net position which reports additions to and deductions from custodial funds.

#### E. BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements and the statements presented for proprietary and fiduciary funds are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Differences in the accrual and modified accrual basis of accounting arise in the recognition of revenue, in the recording of deferred outflows/inflows of resources, and in the presentation of expenses versus expenditures.

#### Revenues - Exchange and Non-exchange Transactions

Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined, and "available" means collectible within the current fiscal year or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the School District, available means expected to be received within sixty days of fiscal year end.

### NOTE 1 - <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES</u> (continued)

### E. <u>BASIS OF ACCOUNTING</u> (continued)

Nonexchange transactions, in which the School District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlements, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the year when use is first permitted; matching requirements, in which the School District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose; and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the School District on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from nonexchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at fiscal year end: property taxes available as an advance, grants, investment earnings, tuition, and student fees.

### Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statements of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. For the School District, deferred outflows of resources are reported on the government-wide statement of net position for deferred charges on refunding, for pension and OPEB. The deferred outflows of resources related to pension and OPEB plans are explained in Notes 12 and 13.

In addition to liabilities, the statements of financial position report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized until that time. For the School District, deferred inflows of resources include property taxes, pension, OPEB and unavailable revenue. Property taxes represent amounts for which there is an enforceable legal claim as of June 30, 2021, but which were levied to finance fiscal year 2022 operations. These amounts have been recorded as a deferred inflow on both the government-wide statement of net position and governmental fund financial statements. Unavailable revenue is reported only on the governmental funds balance sheet, and represents receivables which will not be collected within the available period. For the School District, unavailable revenue includes delinquent property taxes, miscellaneous revenue and intergovernmental revenue. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period the amounts become available. The details of these unavailable revenues are identified on the Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balances to Net Position of Governmental Activities fund on page 22. Deferred inflows of resources related to pension and OPEB plans are reported on the government-wide statement of net position. (See Notes 12 and 13)

#### Expenditures/Expenses

On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in governmental funds.

### NOTE 1 - <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES</u> (continued)

### F. BUDGETARY PROCESS

All funds, other than agency funds, are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The major documents prepared are the tax budget, the appropriation resolution and the certificate of estimated resources, which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The tax budget demonstrates a need for existing or increased tax rates. The certificate of estimated resources establishes a limit on the amounts that the Board of Education may appropriate. The appropriation resolution is the Board's authorization to spend resources and set annual limits on expenditures plus encumbrances at a level of control selected by the Board. The legal level of control has been established by the Board of Education at the fund level for all funds.

The certificate of estimated resources may be amended during the year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the School District Treasurer. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts in the budgetary statement reflect the amounts in the certificate when the original appropriations were adopted. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts in the budgetary statement reflect that were in effect at the time the final appropriations were passed by the Board of Education.

The appropriation resolution is subject to amendment by the Board throughout the year with the restriction that appropriations may not exceed estimated resources. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts reflect the first appropriation for that fund that covered the entire fiscal year, including amounts automatically carried over from prior years. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts represent the final appropriation amounts passed by the Board during the year.

#### G. CASH AND INVESTMENTS

To improve cash management, all cash received by the School District is pooled. Monies for all funds are maintained in this pool. Individual fund integrity is maintained through School District records. Each fund's interest in the pool is presented as "equity in pooled cash" on the financial statements.

Nonparticipating interest-earning investment contracts are stated at cost. Money market investments and participating interest earning investment contracts with a remaining maturity of one year or less at time of purchase are stated at amortized cost. All other investments are stated at fair value.

During 2021 investments were limited to commercial paper, federal home loan mortgage corporation bonds, federal national mortgage association bonds, municipal securities, money market governmental obligations, and State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio). STAR Ohio (the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio) is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but has adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), Statement No. 79, "Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants." The School District measures their investment in STAR Ohio at the net asset value (NAV) per share provided by STAR Ohio. The NAV per share is calculated on an amortized cost basis that provides an NAV per share that approximates fair value.

### NOTE 1 - <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES</u> (continued)

### G. CASH AND INVESTMENTS (continued)

For 2021, there were no limitations or restrictions on any participant withdrawals due to redemption notice periods, liquidity fees, or redemption gates. However, notice must be given 24 hours in advance of all deposits and withdrawals exceeding \$ 100 million. STAR Ohio reserves the right to limit the transaction to \$ 100 million, requiring the excess amount to be transacted the following business day(s), but only to the \$ 100 million limit. All accounts of the participant will be combined for these purposes.

Investments with an original maturity of three months or less at the time of purchase are considered to be cash equivalents.

Under existing Ohio statutes, interest earnings are allocated to funds based on average monthly cash balances. Interest revenue credited to the General Fund during fiscal year 2021 amounted to \$408,104, none of which was assigned from other School District Funds.

### H. <u>RESTRICTED ASSETS</u>

Assets are reported as restricted assets when limitations on their use change the normal understanding of the availability of the asset. Such constraints are either imposed by creditors, contributors, grantors, or laws of other governments or imposed by enabling legislation. The School District has no restricted assets.

### I. CAPITAL ASSETS

General capital assets are those assets not specifically related to activities reported in the proprietary funds. These assets generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net position but are not reported on the fund financial statements.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and reductions during the year. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition values as of the date received. The School District maintains a capitalization threshold of five thousand dollars. The School District does not possess any infrastructure. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not capitalized.

All reported capital assets, other than land and construction in progress, are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Descriptions	Estimated Lives
Land improvements	15 -50 years
Buildings and improvements	20 - 50 years
Furniture and equipment	8 - 20 years
Vehicles	10 years

### NOTE 1 - <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES</u> (continued)

### J. INTERFUND BALANCES

On fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as "interfund receivables/payables". These amounts are eliminated in the governmental column of the statement of net position.

#### K. <u>COMPENSATED ABSENCES</u>

Vacation benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned if the employees' rights to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered and it is probable that the School District will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means.

Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the vesting method. The liability is based on an estimate of the amount of accumulated sick leave that will be paid as a termination benefit. The liability includes employees who are currently eligible to receive termination benefits and those the School District has identified as probable of receiving payment in the future. The amount is based on accumulated sick leave and employees' wage rates at fiscal year end, taking into consideration any limits specified in the School District's termination policy.

The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements.

For governmental fund financial statements, the current portion of unpaid compensated absences is the amount that is normally expected to be paid using expendable available financial resources. These amounts are recorded in the account "compensated absences" in the fund from which the employees who have accumulated leave are paid. The noncurrent portion of the liability is not reported.

### L. ACCRUED LIABILITIES AND LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements. In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources, are reported as obligations of the funds. However, claims and judgments, compensated absences that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the current fiscal year. Net pension/OPEB liability should be recognized in the governmental funds to the extent that benefit payments are due and payable and the pension/OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is not sufficient for payment of those benefits.

#### M. <u>NET POSITION</u>

Net position is the residual amount when comparing assets and deferred outflows of resources to liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. The investment in capital assets component of net position consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. The restricted component of net position is reported when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the School District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws, or regulations of other governments.

The government-wide statement of net position reports \$ 13,157,504 of restricted net position, none of which is restricted by enabling legislation.

The School District applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available.

### NOTE 1 - <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES</u> (continued)

#### N. FUND BALANCE RESERVES AND DESIGNATIONS

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the School District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The classifications are as follows:

<u>Nonspendable</u> - The nonspendable fund balance category includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form, or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash. It also includes the long-term amount of loans receivable, as well as property acquired for resale, unless the use of the proceeds from the collection of those receivables or from the sale of those properties is restricted, committed, or assigned.

<u>Restricted</u> - Fund balance is reported as restricted when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or is imposed by law through constitutional provisions.

<u>Committed</u> - The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes imposed by a formal action (resolution) of the School District Board of Education. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the School District Board of Education removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (resolution) it employed to previously commit those amounts. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

<u>Assigned</u> - Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the School District for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. In governmental funds other than the general fund, assigned fund balance represents the remaining amount that is not restricted or committed. In the general fund, assigned amounts represent intended uses established by the School District Board of Education.

<u>Unassigned</u> - Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed, or assigned.

The School District applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

#### O. INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements.

### NOTE 1 - <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES</u> (continued)

#### P. PENSIONS/OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net pension/OPEB (asset)/liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions/OPEB, and pension/OPEB (income)/expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the pension/OPEB plans and additions to/deductions from their fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the pension/OPEB plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. The pension/OPEB plans report investments at fair value.

#### Q. OPERATING REVENUES AND EXPENSES

Operating revenues are those revenues that are generated directly from the primary activity of the proprietary funds. For the School District, these revenues are charges for services for health insurance in the Internal Service Fund. Operating expenses are necessary costs incurred to provide the good or service that are the primary activity of the fund. Revenues and expenses not meeting these definitions are reported as nonoperating.

#### R. ESTIMATES

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported on the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

#### NOTE 2 CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES

For 2021, the School District implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 83, Certain Asset Retirement Obligations, and Statement No. 90, majority Equity Interests – an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No.61.

GASB Statement No. 83 addresses accounting and financial reporting for certain asset retirement obligations (AROs). An ARO is a legally enforceable liability associated with the retirement of a tangible capital asset. These changes were incorporated in the School District's 2021 financial statements; however, there was no effect on beginning net position.

GASB Statement No. 90 improves the consistency in the measurement and comparability of the financial presentation of majority equity interests in legally separate organizations and to improve the relevance of financial statement information for certain component units. These changes were incorporated in the School District's 2021 financial statements; however, there was no effect on beginning net position.

### NOTE 3 - COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Not apparent in the basic financial statements are the following deficit fund equity balances:

Special Revenue Funds	
Food service	\$ 169,923
CARES Act	51,179
ldea Part B	150,004
Limited English Proficiency	1,711
Title I	72,747
EHA Preschool	3,322
Miscellaneous Federal Grants	 109,011
	\$ 557,897

The General Fund is liable for any deficits in these funds and provides transfers when cash is required, not when accruals occur. These deficit fund balances resulted from reflecting expenditures in accordance with the modified accrual basis of accounting, which are larger than amounts recognized on the budget basis. The School District, in accordance with its budget basis, will appropriate such expenditures from resources of the subsequent year.

### NOTE 4 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

While the School District is reporting financial position, results of operations, and changes in fund balances/net position on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual presented for the General Fund is presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The major differences between the budget basis and GAAP basis statements are the following:

- 1. Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP basis).
- 2. Expenditures are recorded when paid in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP basis).
- 3. Encumbrances are treated as expenditures (budget basis) rather than assigned or committed fund balance (GAAP basis).
- 4. Some funds are included in the General Fund (GAAP Basis), but have separate legally adopted budgets (Budget basis)

### NOTE 4 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING (continued)

The following table summarizes the adjustments necessary to reconcile the budgetary basis statement to the GAAP basis statement for the General Fund.

Net Change in Fund Balance				
	G	eneral Fund		
Budget basis	\$	9,214,666		
Adjustments, increase (decrease)				
Revenue accruals		(1,095,200)		
Expenditure accruals		1,180,984		
Funds budgeted elsewhere **		(80,730)		
Encumbrances		2,173,525		
GAAP basis, as reported	\$	11,393,245		

\*\* As part of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 54, "Fund Balance Reporting", certain funds that are legally budgeted in separate special revenue funds are considered part of the General Fund on a GAAP basis. These include the Public School Support Fund, Uniform School Supplies Fund, Rotary Fund, and the Termination Benefits Fund.

### NOTE 5 - FUND BALANCES

Fund balance is classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned and/or unassigned based primarily on the extent to which the School District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the government funds. The constraints placed on a fund for the major governmental funds and all other governmental funds are presented below:

		Bond			
	General	Retirement	Building	Governmental	
Fund balances	Fund	Fund	Fund	Funds	Total
Restricted					
Athletics	\$ -	\$-	\$-	\$ 241,534	\$ 241,534
State grants	-	-	-	264,165	264,165
Local grants	-	-	-	174,139	174,139
Student activities	-	-	-	172,417	172,417
Debt service	-	4,951,379	-	-	4,951,379
Capital improvements	-	-	669,564	1,850,414	2,519,978
Total restricted		4,951,379	669,564	2,702,673	8,323,616
Committed					
Termination benefits	144,073				144,073
Assigned					
Student instruction	278,357	-	-	-	278,357
Student and staff support	1,076,259	-	-	-	1,076,259
Public school support	167,033	-	-	-	167,033
Other purposes	297,204	-	-	-	297,204
Total assigned	1,824,308		-	-	1,824,308
Unassigned (deficit)	48,154,514			(557,897)	47,596,617
Total fund balances	\$ 50,122,895	\$ 4,951,379	\$ 669,564	\$ 2,144,776	\$ 57,888,614

### NOTE 6 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

### A. LEGAL REQUIREMENTS

State statutes classify monies held by the School District into three categories.

Active deposits are public deposits necessary to meet current demands on the treasury. Such monies must be maintained either as cash in the School District Treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits the Board of Education has identified as not required for use within the current five year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

### NOTE 6 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (continued)

### A. <u>LEGAL REQUIREMENTS</u> (continued)

Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit, or by savings or deposit accounts, including passbook accounts.

Protection of the School District's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, by surety company bonds deposited with the Treasurer by the financial institution, or by a single collateral pool established by the financial institution to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited with the institution.

Interim monies may be invested in the following securities:

- 1. United States Treasury bills, bonds, notes, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury, or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States;
- Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligation or security issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality including, but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, Government National Mortgage Association, and Student Loan Marketing Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided that the fair value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least 2 percent and be marked to market daily, and the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;
- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio;
- No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in division (1) or (2) and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;
- 6. The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAR Ohio);
- 7. Commercial paper and bankers' acceptances (if authorized by the Board of Education), and;
- 8. Under limited circumstances, corporate debt interests rated in either of the two highest rating classifications by at least two nationally recognized rating agencies.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements, and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage, and short selling are also prohibited. An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase, unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the School District, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity.

Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the Treasurer or qualified trustee or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

### NOTE 6 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (continued)

### A. LEGAL REQUIREMENTS (continued)

At fiscal year end, the School District had \$ 7,850 in cash on hand which is included on the balance sheet of the School District as part of "Equity in Pooled Cash".

#### B. DEPOSITS

At June 30, 2021, the carrying amount of all School District deposits was \$21,667,963 and the bank balance of all School District deposits was \$21,740,890 Of the bank balance, \$7,149,461 was covered by the FDIC and \$14,591,429 was potentially exposed to custodial credit risk discussed below because those deposits were uninsured and could be uncollateralized.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of bank failure, the School District will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The School District has no deposit policy for custodial credit risk beyond the requirements of State statute. Ohio law requires that deposits either be insured or protected by (1) eligible securities pledged to the School District and deposited with a qualified trustee by the financial institution as security for repayment whose fair value at all times shall be at least 105 percent of the deposits being secured, or (2) participation in the Ohio Pooled Collateral System (OPCS), a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to the Treasurer of State to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution. OPCS requires the total fair value of the securities pledged to be 102 percent of the deposits being secured or a rate set by the Treasurer of State. For 2021, the School District's financial institutions were approved for a reduced collateral rate of 102 percent through the OPCS. Although all statutory requirements for the deposit of money had been followed, noncompliance with Federal requirements could potentially subject the School District to a successful claim by the FDIC.

### C. INVESTMENTS

As of June 30, 2021, the School District had the following investments:

		Investment Maturities					
		Less than		3 years			
	Fair Value	1 year	1 - 2 years	and longer			
STAR Ohio	\$ 14,728,871	\$ 14,728,871	\$ -	\$ -			
Money market	39,247	39,247	-	-			
Commercial paper	3,609,922	3,609,922	-	-			
Municipal securities	500,000	-	500,000	-			
Federal securities	25,297,834	2,194,959	10,693,172	12,409,703			
	\$ 44,175,874	\$ 20,572,999	\$ 11,193,172	\$ 12,409,703			

The School District categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets. Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs. Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. The above table identifies the School District's recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2020. As discussed further in Note 1G, STAR Ohio is reported at its share price. All other investments of the School District are valued using quoted market prices (Level 1 inputs).

### NOTE 6 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (continued)

### C. INVESTMENTS (continued)

As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses caused by rising interest rates, the School District's investment policy requires that operating funds be invested primarily in short-term investments maturing within five years from the date of purchase and that the School District's investment portfolio be structured so that securities mature to meet cash requirements for ongoing operations and/or long-term debt payments. The stated intent of the policy is to avoid the need to sell securities prior to maturity.

For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the School District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The School District has no investment policy dealing with investment custodial risk beyond the requirement in State statute that prohibits payment for investments prior to the delivery of the securities representing such investments to the treasurer or qualified trustee.

STAR Ohio carries a rating of AAAm by Standard & Poor's. Ohio law requires that STAR Ohio maintain the highest rating provided by at least one nationally recognized standard rating service. The School Districts investments in Commercial paper were rated A1 and A-1+ by Standard & Poor's. The School District has no investment policy that would further limit its investment choices.

The School District places no limit on the amount that may be invested in any one issuer. The following is the School District's allocation as of June 30, 2021:

	Percentage		
	of Investments		
STAR Ohio	33.3%		
Money market	0.1%		
Commercial paper	8.2%		
Municipal securities	1.1%		
Federal securities	57.3%		
	100.0%		

#### NOTE 7 - PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis, while the School District's fiscal year runs from July through June. First-half tax distributions are received by the School District in the second half of the fiscal year. Second-half tax distributions are received in the first half of the following fiscal year.

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real, public utility, and tangible personal (used in business) property located in the School District. Real property tax revenue received in calendar year 2021 represents collections of calendar year 2020 taxes. Real property taxes received in calendar year 2020 were levied after April 1, 2020, on the assessed value listed as of January 1, 2020, the lien date. Assessed values for real property taxes are established by State law at thirty-five percent of appraised fair value. Real property taxes are payable annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due December 31 with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits earlier or later payment dates to be established.

Public utility property tax revenue received in calendar year 2021 represents collections of calendar year 2020 taxes. Public utility real and tangible personal property taxes received in calendar year 2020 become a lien December 31, 2019, were levied after April 1, 2020 and are collected in 2021 with real property taxes. Public utility real property is assessed at thirty-five percent of true value; public utility tangible personal property gercentages of true value.

### NOTE 7 - PROPERTY TAXES (continued)

The School District receives property taxes from Cuyahoga and Lorain Counties. The County Fiscal Officer/Auditor periodically advances to the School District its portion of the taxes collected. Second-half real property tax payments collected by the Counties by June 30, 2021, are available to finance fiscal year 2021 operations. The amount available to be advanced can vary based on the date the tax bills are sent.

Accrued property taxes receivable represents delinquent taxes outstanding and real property, public utility property, and tangible personal property taxes which were measurable as of June 30, 2021 and for which there is an enforceable legal claim. Although total property tax collections for the next fiscal year are measurable, amounts to be received during the available period are not subject to reasonable estimation at June 30, nor were they levied to finance fiscal year 2021 operations. The receivable is therefore offset by a credit to deferred inflows for that portion not intended to finance current year operations. The amount available as an advance was recognized as revenue. The amount available as an advance at June 30, 2021, was \$ 3,492,037 in the General Fund, \$ 290,722 in the Bond Retirement Fund and \$ 65,552 in the Permanent Improvements Fund. The amount available as an advance at June 30, 2020, was \$ 3,326,044 in the General Fund, \$ 290,687 in the Bond Retirement Fund and \$ 73,181 in the Permanent Improvements Fund. The assessed values upon which the fiscal year 2021 taxes were collected are:

		2020 Second-				2021 First	-	
		Half Collections			ŀ	ons		
	An	Amount %		Am	ount	%	-	
Agricultural/Residential								-
and Other Real Estate	\$ 1,580	0,411,000	97.24	%	\$ 1,614	,255,670	97.04	%
Public Utilities	44	4,926,630	2.76		49	,168,210	2.96	
Total Assessed Value	\$ 1,62	5,337,630	100.00	%	\$ 1,663	,423,880	100.00	%
Tax rate per \$1,000 of				•				-
assessed valuation	\$	87.68			\$	87.48		

### NOTE 8 - RECEIVABLES

Receivables at June 30, 2021, consisted primarily of property taxes and amounts due from other governments. All receivables are considered substantially collectible in full due to the ability to foreclose for the nonpayment of taxes, the stable condition of State programs, and the current year guarantee of federal funds. All receivables are expected to be collected within one year.

### NOTE 9 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, was as follows:

Governmental Activities	Ju	Balance ine 30, 2020			Di	sposals	Balance June 30, 2021		
Nondepreciable capital assets									
Land	\$	2,662,839	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,662,839	
Total capital assets, not being depreciated		2,662,839		-		-		2,662,839	
Depreciable capital assets									
Buildings and improvements		120,859,811		543,835		-		121,403,646	
Furniture and equipment		10,278,736		192,586		93,546		10,377,776	
Vehicles		6,657,871		39,860		269,846		6,427,885	
Total capital assets being depreciated		137,796,418		776,281		363,392		138,209,307	
Less accumulated depreciation									
Buildings and improvements		28,851,879		2,492,103		-		31,343,982	
Furniture and equipment		5,026,288		676,545		68,102		5,634,731	
Vehicles		4,271,638		414,670		269,846		4,416,462	
Total accumulated depreciation		38,149,805		3,583,318		337,948		41,395,175	
Depreciable capital assets, net of									
accumulated depreciation		99,646,613		(2,807,037)		25,444		96,814,132	
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$	102,309,452	\$	(2,807,037)	\$	25,444	\$	99,476,971	

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

Instruction	
Regular	\$ 2,713,756
Special	1,333
Supporting services	
Pupil	2,059
Instructional staff	19,952
Administration	26,076
Fiscal	121
Business	38,240
Operation and maintenance of plant	96,461
Pupil transportation	427,535
Central services	14,731
Operation of noninstructional services	
Food service operation	38,973
Community services	13,912
Extracurricular activities	 190,169
Total depreciation expense	\$ 3,583,318

### NOTE 10 - INTERFUND BALANCES AND TRANSFERS

### A. INTERFUND BALANCES

On the fund financial statements at June 30, 2021, interfund balances consisted of the following:

	Due From:					
	Nonmajor					
	General Governmental					
Due to:	F	und		Funds		Total
General Fund	\$	-	\$	126,863	\$	126,863
Nonmajor Governmental Funds		900		-		900
Total	\$	900	\$	126,863	\$	127,763

\$ 900 due from the General Fund to a Nonmajor governmental fund is the result of an advance from the Athletic/Music Fund to the Uniform School Supplies program in a prior year and is not scheduled to be collected in the subsequent year. General Fund loans made to non-major governmental funds were made to support programs and projects in the Special Revenue Funds and are scheduled to be repaid in the subsequent year.

### B. INTERFUND TRANSFERS

On the fund financial statements at June 30, 2021, interfund transfers consisted of the following:

	Transfer From:					
			No	onmajor		
	General Governmental					
	Fund		Funds		Total	
Transfer to:						
General Fund	\$	-	\$	5,216	\$	5,216
Building Fund		56,697		-		56,697
Nonmajor Governmental Funds		534,410		19		534,429
Total	\$	591,107	\$	5,235	\$	596,342

Transfers from the General Fund were made to the Building Fund, Food Service Fund and District Managed Student Activities Fund to support programs and projects accounted for in the funds. Transfers from nonmajor governmental funds were made from the Student Managed Activities Fund and District Managed Activities Fund were for activities that were closed.

### NOTE 11 - RISK MANAGEMENT

### A. PROPERTY AND LIABILITY

The School District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft, damage to, and destruction of assets, errors and omissions, injuries to employees and natural disasters. During fiscal year 2020, the School District contracted with Liberty Mutual for property insurance. Liberty Mutual also provides coverage for boiler and machinery with a per breakdown limit of \$200,000,000 and \$1,000 deductible. Crime coverage is provided under Liberty Mutual and has a limit of \$500,000, with a \$500 deductible, for employee dishonesty, forgery and altercation.

General liability is protected by Liberty Mutual with a \$2,000,000 annual aggregate and \$1,000,000 per occurrence limit with no deductible. Vehicles are covered by Ohio Casualty and hold a \$1,000 deductible for comprehensive and collision on buses. Automobile liability has a \$1,000,000 combined single limit of liability. The School District also has a \$6,000,000 umbrella policy with Ohio Casualty which goes over the \$1,000,000 general liability and the \$1,000,000 automobile liability limits. This umbrella policy has a self-insured retention of \$10,000. There have not been any significant reductions in insurance coverage from the prior year. Settlements have not exceeded insurance coverage in any of the preceding three years.

### B. WORKERS' COMPENSATION

The District participates in the Bureau of Workers' Compensation (BWC) Group-Retrospective Rating Program. Employers pay their own individual premiums and have the opportunity to receive retrospective premium adjustments based upon the combined performance of the group. Depending on that performance, the participating employers can receive either a premium refund or assessment.

#### C. EMPLOYEE MEDICAL BENEFITS

The School District provides employee medical, surgical, and prescription drug coverage through a selfinsurance program administered by Medical Mutual of Ohio. As of June 30, 2021, the District limits its liability for medical and surgical claims by maintaining a specific stop-loss threshold of \$ 175,000.

Effective July 1, 2019, the District joined a medical benefits consortium, the Great Lake Regional Council of Governments. These benefits will remain self-insured through the District's participation in the consortium with stop-loss of \$350,000 per person and an aggregate stop-loss of 125% of expected claims for medical and prescription. Excess losses are insured by Medical Mutual of Ohio.

The claim liability of \$ 1,570,900 reported at June 30, 2021 was estimated by Medical Mutual of Ohio and is based on the requirements of Governmental Standards Board Statement No. 10, which requires that a liability for unpaid claims costs, including estimates of costs related to incurred but not reported claims, be reported. The estimate was not affected by incremental claim adjustment expenses and does not include other allocated or unallocated claim adjustment expenses. Changes in the balance of claims liability during the years ended June 30, 2021 and June 30, 2020 are summarized below. Incurred claims and claims payments are not segregated between current and prior years' claims due to the impracticability of obtaining such information.

	2021	2020
Unpaid claims, beginning of year	\$ 1,094,000	\$ 1,025,000
Incurred claims	12,221,477	12,594,421
Claims payment	(11,744,577)	(12,525,421)
Unpaid claims, end of year	\$ 1,570,900	\$ 1,094,000

### NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

### A. NET PENSION LIABILITY

The net pension liability reported on the statement of net position represents a liability to employees for pensions. Pensions are a component of exchange transactions--between an employer and its employees—of salaries and benefits for employee services. Pensions are provided to an employee—on a deferred-payment basis—as part of the total compensation package offered by an employer for employee services each financial period. The obligation to sacrifice resources for pensions is a present obligation because it was created as a result of employment exchanges that already have occurred.

The net pension liability represents the School District's proportionate share of each pension plan's collective actuarial present value of projected benefit payments attributable to past periods of service, net of each pension plan's fiduciary net position. The net pension liability calculation is dependent on critical long-term variables, including estimated average life expectancies, earnings on investments, cost of living adjustments and others. While these estimates use the best information available, unknowable future events require adjusting this estimate annually.

Ohio Revised Code limits the School District's obligation for this liability to annually required payments. The School District cannot control benefit terms or the manner in which pensions are financed; however, the School District does receive the benefit of employees' services in exchange for compensation including pension.

GASB 68 assumes the liability is solely the obligation of the employer, because (1) they benefit from employee services; and (2) State statute requires all funding to come from these employers. All contributions to date have come solely from these employers (which also includes costs paid in the form of withholdings from employees). State statute requires the pension plans to amortize unfunded liabilities within 30 years. If the amortization period exceeds 30 years, each pension plan's board must propose corrective action to the State legislature. Any resulting legislative change to benefits or funding could significantly affect the net pension liability. Resulting adjustments to the net pension liability would be effective when the changes are legally enforceable.

The proportionate share of each plan's unfunded benefits is presented as a long-term net pension liability on the accrual basis of accounting. Any liability for the contractually-required pension contribution outstanding at the end of the year is included in intergovernmental payable on both the accrual and modified accrual bases of accounting.

### NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (continued)

### B. PLAN DESCRIPTION - SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (SERS)

<u>Plan Description</u> – School District non-teaching employees participate in SERS, a cost-sharing multipleemployer defined benefit pension plan administered by SERS. SERS provides retirement, disability and survivor benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3309. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about SERS' fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by visiting the SERS website at <u>www.ohsers.org</u> under Employers/Audit Resources.

Age and service requirements for retirement are as follows:

	Eligible to retire on or before August 1, 2017*	Eligible to retire on or after August 1, 2017
Full benefits	Any age with 30 years of service credit	Age 67 with 10 years of service credit; or Age 57 with 30 years of service credit
Actuarially reduced benefits	Age 60 with 5 years of service credit Age 55 with 25 years of service credit	Age 62 with 10 years of service credit; or Age 60 with 25 years of service credit

\* Members with 25 years of service credit as of August 1, 2017 will be included in this plan.

Annual retirement benefits are calculated based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on years of service; 2.2 percent for the first thirty years of service and 2.5 percent for years of service credit over 30. Final average salary is the average of the highest three years of salary.

One year after an effective benefit date, a benefit recipient is entitled to a three percent cost-of-living adjustment (COLA). This same COLA is added each year to the base benefit amount on the anniversary date of the benefit.

### NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (continued)

### B. PLAN DESCRIPTION - SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (SERS) (continued)

<u>Funding Policy</u> – Plan members are required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salary and the School District is required to contribute 14 percent of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended by the SERS' Retirement Board up to statutory maximum amounts of 10 percent for plan members and 14 percent for employers. The Retirement Board, acting with the advice of the actuary, allocates the employer contribution rate among four of the System's funds (Pension Trust Fund, Death Benefit Fund, Medicare B Fund, and Health Care Fund). For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, the allocation to pension, death benefits, and Medicare B was 14 percent.

The School District's contractually required contribution to SERS was \$ 1,694,063 for fiscal year 2021. Of this amount \$ 117,269 is reported as an intergovernmental payable.

### C. PLAN DESCRIPTION - STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM (STRS)

<u>Plan Description</u> – School District licensed teachers and other faculty members participate in STRS Ohio, a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system administered by STRS. STRS provides retirement and disability benefits to members and death and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. STRS issues a stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about STRS' fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by writing to STRS, 275 E. Broad St., Columbus, OH 43215-3771, by calling (888) 227-7877, or by visiting the STRS Web site at www.strsoh.org.

New members have a choice of three retirement plans; a Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan and a Combined Plan (CO). Benefits are established by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307. The DB plan offers an annual retirement allowance based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on years of service. Effective August 1, 2015, the calculation will be 2.2 percent of final average salary for the five highest years of earnings multiplied by all years of service. Eligibility changes will be phased in until August 1, 2026, when retirement eligibility for unreduced benefits will be five years of service credit and age 65, or 35 years of service credit and at least age 60.

Eligibility changes for the DB Plan members who retire with actuarially reduced benefits will be phases in until August 1, 2023 when retirement eligibility will be five years of qualifying service credit and age 60, or 30 years of service credit at any age.

The DC Plan allows members to place all their member contributions and 9.53 percent of the 14 percent employer contributions into an investment account. The member determines how to allocate the member and employer money among the various investment choices offered by STRS Ohio. The remaining 4.47 percent of the 14 percent employer rate is allocated to the defined benefit unfunded liability. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The member may elect to receive a lifetime monthly annuity or a lump sum withdrawal.

The CO Plan offers features of both the DB Plan and the DC Plan. In the CO Plan, 12 percent of the 14 percent member rate is deposited into the member's DC account and the remaining 2 percent is applied to the DB Plan. Member contributions to the DC Plan are allocated among investment choices by the member, and contributions to the DB Plan from the employer and the member are used to fund the defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. The defined benefit portion of the CO Plan payment is payable to a member on or after age 60 with five years of service. The defined contribution portion of the account may be taken as a lump sum payment or converted to a lifetime monthly annuity at age 50 and after termination of employment.

### NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (continued)

#### C. PLAN DESCRIPTION - STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM (STRS) (continued)

New members who choose the DC Plan or CO Plan will have another opportunity to reselect a permanent plan during their fifth year of membership. Members may remain in the same plan or transfer to another STRS Ohio plan. The optional annuitization of a member's defined contribution account or the defined contribution portion of a member's CO Plan account to a lifetime benefit results in STRS Ohio bearing the risk of investment gain or loss on the account. STRS Ohio therefore has included all three plan options in the GASB 68 schedules of employer allocations and pension amounts by employer.

A DB or CO Plan member with five or more years of credited service, who is determined to be disabled, may qualify for a disability benefit. New members must have at least 10 years of qualifying service credit to apply for disability benefits. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance.

Eligible survivors of members who die before service retirement may qualify for monthly benefits. If a member of the DC Plan dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

<u>Funding Policy</u> – Employer and member contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board and limited by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, plan members were required to contribute 14 percent of their annual covered salary. The School District was required to contribute 14 percent; the entire 14 percent was the portion used to fund pension obligations. The fiscal year 2021 contribution rates were equal to the statutory maximum rates.

The School District's contractually required contribution to STRS was \$4,744,900 for fiscal year 2021. Of this amount \$553,847 is reported as an intergovernmental payable.

### D. <u>PENSION LIABILITIES, PENSION EXPENSE, AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES</u> <u>AND DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES RELATED TO PENSIONS</u>

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2020, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The School District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the School District's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating entities. Following is information related to the proportionate share and pension expense:

	SERS	STRS	
Proportion of the net pension liability			
Prior measurement date	0.35367150%	0.27099895%	
Current measurement date	0.34031170%	0.26756349%	
Change in proportionate share	-0.01335980%	-0.00343546%	
	SERS	STRS	 Total
Proportionate share of the net			
pension liability	\$ 22,508,933	\$ 64,740,844	\$ 87,249,777
Pension expense	\$ 1,883,876	\$ 7,637,344	\$ 9,521,220

### NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (continued)

### D. <u>PENSION LIABILITIES, PENSION EXPENSE, AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES</u> <u>AND DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES RELATED TO PENSIONS</u> (continued)

At June 30, 2021, the School District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	SERS	STRS	Total
Deferred outflows of resources Differences between expected			
and actual experience	\$ 43,722	\$ 145,262	\$ 188,984
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	1,428,861	3,148,354	4,577,215
Change in assumptions	-	3,475,333	3,475,333
Changes in proportionate share and differences between School District contributions and proportionate share of contributions	-	279,881	279,881
School District contributions			
subsequent to the measurement date	1,694,063	4,744,900	6,438,963
Total deferred outflows of resources	\$ 3,166,646	\$ 11,793,730	\$ 14,960,376
Deferred inflows of resources Differences between expected and actual experience	\$-	\$ 413,974	\$ 413,974
Changes in proportionate share and difference between School District contributions and proportionate share			
of contributions	624,281	1,004,621	1,628,902
	\$ 624,281	\$ 1,418,595	\$ 2,042,876

\$ 6,438,963 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pension resulting from School District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Fiscal Year			
June 30:	SERS	STRS	Total
2022	\$ (425,336)	\$ 1,697,556	\$ 1,272,220
2023	230,703	983,048	1,213,751
2024	595,580	1,672,096	2,267,676
2025	447,355	1,277,535	1,724,890
	\$ 848,302	\$ 5,630,235	\$ 6,478,537

### NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (continued)

### E. ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS - SERS

SERS' total pension liability was determined by their actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 67, as part of their annual actuarial valuation for each defined benefit retirement plan. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts (e.g., salaries, credited service) and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future (e.g., mortality, disabilities, retirements, employment termination). Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. For a newly hired employee, actuarial calculations will take into account the employee's entire career with the employer and also take into consideration the benefits, if any, paid to the employee after termination of employment until the death of the employee and any applicable contingent annuitant. In many cases actuarial calculations reflect several decades of service with the employer and the payment of benefits after termination.

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total pension liability in the latest actuarial valuation, prepared as of June 30, 2020, are presented below:

Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal (level percent of payroll)
Actuarial assumptions experience study date	5 year period ended June 30, 2015
Investment rate of return	7.50 percent of net of investments expense, including inflation
COLA or Ad Hoc COLA	2.50 percent
Future salary increases, including inflation	3.50 percent to 18.20 percent
Inflation	3.00 percent

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and a five year age set-back for both males and females. Mortality among service retired members, and beneficiaries were based upon the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection with Scale BB, 120% of male rates, and 110% of female rates. Mortality among disable members were based upon the RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, 90% for male rates and 100% for female rates, set back five years is used for the period after disability retirement.

### NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (continued)

### E. <u>ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS – SERS</u> (continued)

The long-term return expectation for the Pension Plan Investments has been determined using a buildingblock approach and assumes a time horizon, as defined in SERS' *Statement of Investment Policy*. A forecasted rate of inflation serves as the baseline for the return expectation. Various real return premiums over the baseline inflation rate have been established for each asset class. The long-term expected nominal rate of return has been determined by calculating an arithmetic weighted average of the expected real return premiums for each asset class, adding the projected inflation rate, and adding the expected return from rebalancing uncorrelated asset classes. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major assets class are summarized in the following table:

	Target	Long-term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return
Cash	2.00%	1.85%
U.S. stocks	22.50%	5.75%
Non-U.S. stocks	22.50%	6.50%
Fixed income	19.00%	2.85%
Private equity	12.00%	7.60%
Real assets	17.00%	6.60%
Multi-asset strategies	5.00%	6.65%
	100.00%	

<u>Discount Rate</u> - The total pension liability was calculated using the discount rate of 7.50 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the contributions from employers and from the members would be computed based on contribution requirements as stipulated by State statute. Projected inflows from investment earning were calculated using the long-term assumed investment rate of return (7.50 percent). Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefits to determine the total pension liability.

<u>Sensitivity of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate</u> - Net pension liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate, and to illustrate the potential impact the following table presents the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.50 percent, as well as what each plan's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.50 percent), or one percentage point higher (8.50 percent) than the current rate.

	Current					
	19	% Decrease (6.50%)	Di	scount Rate (7.50%)	1	% Increase (8.50%)
School District's proportionate share		<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>		<u> </u>		<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>
of the net pension liability	\$	30,834,489	\$	22,508,933	\$	15,523,632

### NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (continued)

### F. ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS - STRS

The total pension liability in the June 30, 2020, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.50 percent
Salary increases	12.50 percent at age 20 to 2.50 percent at age 65
Payroll increases	3.00 percent
Investment rate of return	7.45 percent, net of investment expenses, including inflation
Discount rate of return	7.45 percent
Cost-of-living adjustments (COLA)	0 percent effective July 1, 2017

Post-retirement mortality rates for healthy retirees are based on the RP-2014 Annuitant Mortality Table with 50 percent of rates through age 69, 70 percent of rates between ages 70 and 79, 90 percent of rates between ages 80 and 84, and 100 percent of rates thereafter, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. Pre-retirement mortality rates are based on RP-2014 Employee Mortality Table, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. Post retirement disabled mortality rates are based on the RP- 2014 Disabled Mortality Table with 90 percent of rates for males and 100 percent of rates for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016.

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2020, valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2011 through June 30, 2016.

STRS Ohio's investment consultant develops an estimate range for the investment return assumption based on the target allocation adopted by the Retirement Board. The target allocation and long term expected rate of return for each major asset class are summarized as follows:

	Target	Long-term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return *
Domestic equity	28.00%	7.35%
International equity	23.00%	7.55%
Alternatives	17.00%	7.09%
Fixed income	21.00%	3.00%
Real estate	10.00%	6.00%
Liquidity reserves	1.00%	2.25%
	100.00%	

\* The 10-Year annualized geometric nominal returns, which include the real rate of return and inflation of 2.25% but does not include investment expenses. Over a 30-year period, STRS Ohio's investment consultant indicates that the above target allocations should generate a return above the actuarial rate of return, without net value added by management.

### NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (continued)

### F. <u>ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS – STRS</u> (continued)

<u>Discount Rate</u> - The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.45 percent as of June 30, 2020. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes member and employer contributions will be made at the statutory contribution rates in accordance with rate increases described above. For this purpose, only employer contributions that are intended to fund benefits of current plan members and their beneficiaries are included. Based on those assumptions, STRS' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members as of June 30, 2020. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.45 percent was applied to all periods of projected benefit payment to determine the total pension liability as of June 30, 2020.

<u>Sensitivity of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate</u> - The following table presents the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 7.45 percent, as well as what the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one-percentage-point lower (6.45 percent) or one-percentage-point higher (8.45 percent) than the current rate:

	Current					
	1% Decrease (6.45%)		Discount Rate (7.45%)		1% Increase (8.45%)	
School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	92,179,691	\$	64,740,844	\$	41,488,707

### NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS

### A. <u>NET OPEB LIABILITY</u>

The net OPEB liability/(asset) reported on the statement of net position represents a liability to employees for OPEB. OPEB is a component of exchange transactions--between an employer and its employees—of salaries and benefits for employee services. OPEB are provided to an employee—on a deferred-payment basis—as part of the total compensation package offered by an employer for employee services each financial period. The obligation to sacrifice resources for OPEB is a present obligation because it was created as a result of employment exchanges that already have occurred.

The net OPEB liability/(asset) represents the School District's proportionate share of each OPEB plan's collective actuarial present value of projected benefit payments attributable to past periods of service, net of each OPEB plan's fiduciary net position. The net OPEB liability/(asset) calculation is dependent on critical long-term variables, including estimated average life expectancies, earnings on investments, cost of living adjustments and others. While these estimates use the best information available, unknowable future events require adjusting these estimates annually.

Ohio Revised Code limits the School District's obligation for this liability to annually required payments. The School District cannot control benefit terms or the manner in which OPEB are financed; however, the School District does receive the benefit of employees' services in exchange for compensation including OPEB.

GASB 75 assumes the liability is solely the obligation of the employer, because they benefit from employee services. OPEB contributions come from these employers and health care plan enrollees which pay a portion of the health care costs in the form of a monthly premium. The Ohio revised Code permits, but does not require the retirement systems to provide healthcare to eligible benefit recipients. Any change to benefits or funding could significantly affect the net OPEB liability/(asset). Resulting adjustments to the net OPEB liability/(asset) would be effective when the changes are legally enforceable. The retirement systems may allocate a portion of the employer contributions to provide for these OPEB benefits.

The proportionate share of each plan's unfunded benefits is presented as a *net OPEB asset* or long-term *net OPEB liability* on the accrual basis of accounting. Any liability for the contractually-required OPEB contribution outstanding at the end of the year is included in *intergovernmental payable* on both the accrual and modified accrual bases of accounting.

### NOTE 13 – DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS (continued)

### B. PLAN DESCRIPTION - SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (SERS)

<u>Health Care Plan Description</u> - The School District contributes to the SERS Health Care Fund, administered by SERS for non-certificated retirees and their beneficiaries. For GASB 75 purposes, this plan is considered a cost-sharing other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plan. SERS' Health Care Plan provides healthcare benefits to eligible individuals receiving retirement, disability, and survivor benefits, and to their eligible dependents. Members who retire after June 1, 1986, need 10 years of service credit, exclusive of most types of purchased credit, to qualify to participate in SERS' health care coverage. In addition to age and service retirees, disability benefit recipients and beneficiaries who are receiving monthly benefits due to the death of a member or retiree, are eligible for SERS' health care coverage. Most retirees and dependents choosing SERS' health care coverage are over the age of 65 and therefore enrolled in a fully insured Medicare Advantage plan; however, SERS maintains a traditional, self-insured preferred provider organization for its non-Medicare retiree population. For both groups, SERS offers a self-insured prescription drug program. Health care is a benefit that is permitted, not mandated, by statute. The financial report of the Plan is included in the SERS Annual Comprehensive Financial Report which can be obtained on SERS' website at www.ohsers.org under Employers/Audit Resources.

Access to health care for retirees and beneficiaries is permitted in accordance with Section 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Health Care Fund was established and is administered in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 105(e). SERS' Retirement Board reserves the right to change or discontinue any health plan or program. Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. The SERS Retirement Board established the rules for the premiums paid by the retirees for health care coverage for themselves and their dependents or for their surviving beneficiaries. Premiums vary depending on the plan selected, qualified years of service, Medicare eligibility, and retirement status.

<u>Funding Policy</u> - State statute permits SERS to fund the health care benefits through employer contributions. Each year, after the allocation for statutorily required pensions and benefits, the Retirement Board may allocate the remainder of the employer contribution of 14 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Fund in accordance with the funding policy. For fiscal year 2020, 0 percent of covered payroll was made to health care. An additional health care surcharge on employers is collected for employees earning less than an actuarially determined minimum compensation amount, pro-rated if less than a full year of service credit was earned. For fiscal year 2021, this amount was \$ 19,600. Statutes provide that no employer shall pay a health care surcharge greater than 2 percent of that employer's SERS-covered payroll; nor may SERS collect in aggregate more than 1.5 percent of the total statewide SERS-covered payroll for the health care surcharge. For fiscal year 2021, the School District's surcharge obligation was \$ 168,629.

The surcharge, added to the allocated portion of the 14 percent employer contribution rate is the total amount assigned to the Health Care Fund. The School District's contractually required contribution to SERS was \$ 168,629 for fiscal year 2021, all of which is reported as an intergovernmental payable.

### NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS (continued)

### C. PLAN DESCRIPTION - STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM (STRS)

<u>Plan Description</u> – The State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS) administers a cost-sharing Health Plan administered for eligible retirees who participated in the defined benefit or combined pension plans offered by STRS. Ohio law authorizes STRS to offer this plan. Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and partial reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. Medicare Part B premium. The Plan is included in the report of STRS which can be obtained by visiting www.strsoh.org or by calling (888) 227-7877.

<u>Funding Policy</u> – Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307 authorizes STRS Ohio to offer the Plan and gives the Retirement Board discretionary authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS Ohio. Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. All health care plan enrollees, for the most recent year, pay a portion of the health care costs in the form of a monthly premium. Under Ohio law, funding for post-employment health care may be deducted from employer contributions, currently 14 percent of covered payroll. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, STRS Ohio did not allocate any employer contributions to post-employment health care.

### D. <u>OPEB LIABILITIES/(ASSETS), OPEB EXPENSE, AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES</u> AND DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES RELATED TO OPEB

The net OPEB liability/(asset) was measured as of June 30, 2020, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability/(asset) was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The School District's proportion of the net OPEB liability/(asset) was based on the School District's share of contributions to the respective retirement systems relative to the contributions of all participating entities. Following is information related to the proportionate share and OPEB expense:

	SERS	STRS		
Proportion of the net OPEB liability				
Prior measurement date	0.34737650%	0.27099895%		
Current measurement date	0.33259790%	0.26756349%		
Change in proportionate share	-0.01477860%	-0.00343546%		
	SERS	STRS Total		Total
Proportionate share of the net				
OPEB liability/(asset)	\$ 7,228,441	\$ (4,702,423)	\$	2,526,018
OPEB expense	\$ (346,664)	\$ (319,068)	\$	(665,732)

### NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS (continued)

# D. <u>OPEB LIABILITIES, OPEB EXPENSE, AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES RELATED TO OPEB</u> (continued)

At June 30, 2021, the School District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	SERS	STRS	Total
Deferred outflows of resources Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 94,938	\$ 301,311	\$ 396,249
Change in assumptions	1,232,198	77,624	1,309,822
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments	81,448	164,804	246,252
Changes in proportionate share and differences between School District contributions and proportionate share of contributions	189,383	50,811	240,194
School District contributions subsequent to the measurement date Total deferred outflows of resources	168,629 \$ 1,766,596	- \$ 594,550	168,629 \$ 2,361,146
Deferred inflows of resources Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 3,676,167	\$ 936,657	\$ 4,612,824
Change in assumptions	182,067	4,466,518	4,648,585
Changes in proportionate share and difference between School District contributions and proportionate share			
of contributions Total deferred inflows of resources	764,705 \$ 4,622,939	159,703 \$ 5,562,878	924,408 \$ 10,185,817

### NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS (continued)

## D. <u>OPEB LIABILITIES, OPEB EXPENSE, AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES RELATED TO OPEB (continued)</u>

\$ 168,629 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from School District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ending June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Fiscal Year			
June 30:	SERS	STRS	Total
2022	\$ (591,377)	\$ (1,253,770)	\$ (1,845,147)
2023	(585,485)	(1,142,219)	(1,727,704)
2024	(586,443)	(1,103,087)	(1,689,530)
2025	(611,379)	(1,027,279)	(1,638,658)
2026	(482,016)	(213,940)	(695,956)
2027	 (168,272)	 (228,033)	 (396,305)
	\$ (3,024,972)	\$ (4,968,328)	\$ (7,993,300)

### E. <u>ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS – SERS</u>

The total OPEB liability is determined by SERS' actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 74, as part of their annual actuarial valuation for each retirement plan. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts (e.g., salaries, credited service) and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future (e.g., mortality, disabilities, retirements, employment terminations). Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. For a newly hired employee, actuarial calculations will take into account the employee's entire career with the employer and also take into consideration the benefits, if any, paid to the employee after termination of employment until the death of the employee and any applicable contingent annuitant. In many cases, actuarial calculations reflect several decades of service with the employer and the payment of benefits after termination.

### NOTE 13 – DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS (continued)

### E. ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS - SERS (continued)

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total OPEB liability in the latest actuarial valuation date of June 30, 2020, are presented below:

Actuarial assumptions experience study date	5 year period ended June 30, 2015
Investment rate of return	7.50 percent of net of investment expense, including inflation
Inflation	3.00 percent
Wage increases, including inflation	3.50 percent to 18.20 percent
Municipal bond index rate: Prior measurement date Measurement date	3.13 percent 2.45 percent
Single equivalent interest rate, net of plan investment expense, including price inflation Prior measurement date Measurement date	3.22 percent 2.63 percent
Medical trend assumptions Pre-medicare Medicare	7.00 to 4.75 percent 5.25 to 4.75 percent

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and Scale BB, 120 percent of male rates and 110 percent of female rates. RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table with 90 percent for male rates and 100 percent for female rates set back five years.

The most recent experience study was completed for the five year period ended June 30, 2015.

The long-term expected rate of return on plan assets is reviewed as part of the actuarial five-year experience study. The most recent study covers fiscal years 2010 through 2015, and was adopted by the Board on April 21, 2016. Several factors are considered in evaluating the long-term rate of return assumption including long-term historical data, estimates inherent in current market data, and a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return were developed by the investment consultant for each major asset class. These ranges were combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return, 7.50 percent, by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and then adding expected inflation. The capital market assumptions developed by the investment consultant are intended for use over a 10-year horizon and may not be useful in setting the long-term rate of return for funding pension plans which covers a longer timeframe. The assumption is intended to be a long-term assumption and is not expected to change absent a significant change in the asset allocation, a change in the inflation assumption, or a fundamental change in the market that alters expected returns in future years.

The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, as used in the June 30, 2015 five-year experience study, are summarized as follows:

### NOTE 13 – DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS (continued)

### E. <u>ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS – SERS</u> (continued)

	Target	Long-term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return
Cash	2.00%	1.85%
U.S. stocks	22.50%	5.75%
Non-U.S. stocks	22.50%	6.50%
Fixed income	19.00%	2.85%
Private equity	12.00%	7.60%
Real assets	17.00%	6.60%
Multi-asset strategies	5.00%	6.65%
	100.00%	

<u>Discount Rate</u> - The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability at June 30, 2020 was 2.63 percent. The discount rate used to measure total OPEB liability prior to June 30, 2019 was 3.22 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions will be made from members and the System at the state statute contribution rate of 2.00 percent of projected covered employee payroll each year, which includes a 1.50 percent payroll surcharge and 0.50 percent of contributions from the basic benefits plan. Based on these assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to become insufficient to make future benefit payments during the fiscal year ending June 30, 2025. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan assets was used to present value the projected benefit payments through the fiscal year ending June 30, 2024 and the Fidelity General Obligation 20-year Municipal Bond Index rate of 2.45 percent, as of June 30, 2020 (i.e. municipal bond rate), was used to present value the projected benefit payments from all years was then used to determine the single rate of return that was used as the discount rate. The projection of future benefit payments for all current plan members was until the benefit payments ran out.

Sensitivity of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate and Changes in the Health Care Cost Trend Rates - The net OPEB liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate and the health care cost trend rate. The following table presents the net OPEB liability of SERS, what SERS' net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (1.63%) and higher (3.63%) than the current discount rate (2.63%). Also shown is what SERS' net OPEB liability would be based on health care cost trend rates that are 1 percentage point lower (6.00% decreasing to 3.75%) and higher (8.00% decreasing to 5.75%) than the current rate.

	1%	Decrease 1.63%)	Dis	Current scount Rate (2.63%)	19	% Increase (3.63%)
School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$	8,847,432	\$	7,228,441	\$	5,941,346
	(6.00	b Decrease % decreasing o 3.75%)	(7.00	Current Trend Rate 0% decreasing to 4.75%)	(8.00	% Increase )% decreasing to 5.75%)
School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$	5,691,847	\$	7,228,441	\$	9,283,260

### NOTE 13 – DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS (continued)

### F. ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS - STRS

Key methods and assumptions used in the latest actuarial valuation, reflecting experience study results used in the June 30, 2019, actuarial valuation are presented below:

Salary increases	12.50 percent at age 20 to 2.50 percent at age 65
Payroll increases	3.00 percent
Investment rate of return	7.45 percent, net of investment expenses, including inflation
Discount rate of return	7.45 percent
Health care cost trends Medical	
Pre-medicare	5.00 percent initial, 4.00 percent ultimate
Medicare	-6.69 percent initial, 4.00 percent ultimate
Prescription drug	
Pre-medicare	6.50 percent initial, 4.00 percent ultimate
Medicare	11.87 percent initial, 4.00 percent ultimate

For healthy retirees the mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Annuitant Mortality Table with 50 percent of rates through age 69, 70 percent of rates between ages 70 and 79, 90 percent of rates between ages 80 and 84, and 100 percent of rates thereafter, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. For disabled retirees, mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Table with 90 percent of rates for males and 100 percent of rates for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016.

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2020, valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2011 through June 30, 2016.

### NOTE 13 – DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS (continued)

### F. <u>ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS – STRS</u> (continued)

STRS' investment consultant develops an estimate range for the investment return assumption based on the target allocation adopted by the Retirement Board. The target allocation and long-term expected rate of return for each major asset class are summarized as follows:

	Target	Long-term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return *
Domestic equity	28.00%	7.35%
International equity	23.00%	7.55%
Alternatives	17.00%	7.09%
Fixed income	21.00%	3.00%
Real estate	10.00%	6.00%
Liquidity reserves	1.00%	2.25%
	100.00%	

\* The 10-Year annualized geometric nominal returns, which include the real rate of return and inflation of 2.25% and does not include investment expenses. Over a 30-year period, STRS Ohio's investment consultant indicates that the above target allocations should generate a return above the actuarial rate of return, without net value added by management.

<u>Discount Rate</u> - The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 7.45 percent as of June 30, 2020. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes STRS Ohio continues to allocate no employer contributions to the health care fund. Based on these assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was not projected to be sufficient to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on health care plan investments of 7.45 percent was used to measure the total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2020.

### NOTE 13 – <u>DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS</u> (continued)

### F. <u>ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS – STRS</u> (continued)

<u>Sensitivity of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability/(Asset) to Changes in the Discount and Health Care Cost Trend Rate</u> - The following table represents the net OPEB asset as of June 30, 2020, calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 7.45 percent, as well as what the net OPEB asset would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.45 percent) or one percentage point higher (8.45 percent) than the current assumption. Also shown is the net OPEB asset as if it were calculated using health care cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current health care cost trend rates.

	1% Decrease (6.45%)		Current Discount Rate (7.45%)		1% Increase (8.45%)	
School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB (asset)	\$	(4,091,415)	\$	(4,702,423)	\$	(5,220,843)
	19	% Decrease	-	Current Trend Rate	1'	% Increase
School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB (asset)	\$	(5,188,663)	\$	(4,702,423)	\$	(3,704,457)

Assumption Changes Since the Prior Measurement Date – There were no changes in assumptions since the prior measurement date of June 30, 2019.

Benefit Term Changes Since the Prior Measurement Date – There was no change to the claims cost process. Claim curves were trended to the fiscal year ending Jun 30, 2020 to reflect the current price renewals. The non-Medicare subsidy percentage was increased effective January 1, 2020 from 1.984 percent to 2.055 percent per year of service. The non-Medicare frozen subsidy base premium was increased effective January 1, 2021 to 2.1 percent for the Medicare plan. The Medicare Part B monthly reimbursement elimination date was postponed indefinitely.

### NOTE 14 -BOND REFUNDINGS AND DEFEASANCE OF DEBT

### Refunding Bonds, Series 2017

In November 2017 the School District issued \$ 8,830,000 of general obligation refunding bonds to provide resources to purchase U.S. Government State and Local Government Series securities that were placed in an irrevocable trust for the purpose of generating resources for all future debt service payments of \$10,370,000 of general obligation bonds. As a result, the refunded bonds are considered to be defeased and the liability has been removed from the government-wide financial statements. The reacquisition price exceeded the net carrying amount of the old debt by \$951,729. This amount is being netted against the new debt and amortized over the remaining life of the refunding debt, which is shorter than the life of the refunded debt. This advance refunding was undertaken to reduce total debt service payments by \$2,484,051 and resulted in an economic gain of \$723,887. In April 2015 the School District defeased certificates of participation by placing the proceeds from new certificates of participation in an irrevocable trust to provide for all future debt service payments on the old debt. As of June 30, 2021, \$3,190,000 of certificates of participation and \$10,370,000 of bonds payable are considered to be defeased.

### Refunding Bonds, Series 2020

In September 2020 the School District issued \$ 53,340,000 of general obligation refunding bonds to currently refund all callable maturities of the Series 2013 bonds for debt service savings. The reacquisition price exceeded the net carrying amount of the old debt by \$ 2,819,580 This amount is being netted against the new debt and amortized over the remaining life of the refunding debt, which is shorter than the life of the refunded debt. This advance refunding was undertaken to reduce total debt service payments by \$ 19,862,030 and resulted in an economic gain of \$ 14,524,342.

### NOTE 15 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

The original issue date, interest rate, original issuance and date of maturity for each of the School District's long-term obligations follows:

	Original	Interest		Original	Date of
	Issue Date	Rate	ls	sue Amount	Maturity
General obligation bonds					
School Improvements and vehicle purchase	2005	2.82 - 5.00%	\$	1,660,000	2036
Energy conservation	2006	4.40%	\$	895,000	2020
Energy conservation	2008	4.79%	\$	3,645,420	2023
School Improvements	2013	3.0 - 5.0%	\$	81,000,000	2045
Refunding bonds	2017	2.0 - 4.0%	\$	8,830,000	2028
Refunding bonds	2020	2.0 - 5.0%	\$	53,340,000	2045

### NOTE 15 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (continued)

Changes in the School District's long-term obligations during fiscal year 2021 were as follows:

	Outstanding June 30, 2020	Additions	Retired	Outstanding June 30, 2021	Amounts Due In One Year
Bonds, 2.820% to 5.000%					
issued 2005,	¢ 045.000	¢	¢ 40.000	¢ 005 000	¢ 40.000
matures 2035 Bonds, 4.79%; issued	\$ 845,000	\$-	\$ 40,000	\$ 805,000	\$ 40,000
2008, matures 2023	1,233,764	-	287,143	946,621	300,897
Bonds, 3.0% to 5.0% issued 2013	, , .			,-	,
matures 2045	60,405,000	-	60,405,000	-	-
Refunding bonds, 2.0% to 4.0%				0.000.000	
2017, matures 2028 Refunding bonds, 2.0% to 5.0%	8,830,000	-	-	8,830,000	-
2020, matures 2045	-	53,340,000	535,000	52,805,000	1,545,000
Total bonds	71,313,764	53,340,000	61,267,143	63,386,621	1,885,897
Refunding certificates of participation, 1.0% - 4.0%, issued					
2015, matures 2034	3,170,000	-	170,000	3,000,000	170,000
Total certificates of participation	3,170,000	-	170,000	3,000,000	170,000
Unamortized bond premium	3,606,145	5,719,360	3,158,178	6,167,327	
Net pension liability					
STRS	59,929,789	4,811,055	-	64,740,844	-
SERS	21,160,786	1,348,147		22,508,933	
Total net pension liability	81,090,575	6,159,202		87,249,777	
Net OPEB liability					
SERS	8,735,788	-	1,507,347	7,228,441	-
Total net OPEB liability	8,735,788	-	1,507,347	7,228,441	-
	404 405		04.005	70.450	
Capital lease Compensated absences	104,435 6,858,801	- 583,723	31,285 342,199	73,150 7,100,325	32,820 105,927
Total	\$ 174,879,508	\$ 65,802,285	\$ 66,476,152	\$ 174,205,641	\$ 2,194,644
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### NOTE 15 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (continued)

There is no repayment schedule for the net pension liability and net OPEB liability; however, employer pension and OPEB contributions are made from the General Fund. For additional information related to the net pension liability and net OPEB liability see Note 12 and 13.

Outstanding bonds consist of general obligation bonds for building issues. General obligation bonds are direct obligations of the School District for which its full faith, credit and resources are pledged and are payable from taxes levied on all taxable property of the School District. General obligation bonds will be paid from the General Fund and Bond Retirement Fund from property taxes.

Certificates of participation are not a general obligation of the School District but are payable only from appropriations by the School District for repayment. The certificates of participation were paid from the Capital Projects Fund.

The School District pays obligations related to net pension liability, net OPEB liability and compensated absences from the fund benefitting from the employee's service.

The School District's overall legal debt margin was \$91,272,907 and the unvoted legal debt margin was \$858,424 at June 30, 2021.

Principal and interest requirements to retire long-term obligations outstanding at June 30, 2021, are as follows:

Year	General Oblig	gation Bonds	Certificates of	of Participation	То	tal
June 30,	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest
2022	\$ 1,885,897	\$ 1,914,469	\$ 170,000	\$ 101,068	\$ 2,055,897	\$ 2,015,537
2023	1,960,310	1,835,008	175,000	95,893	2,135,310	1,930,901
2024	2,040,414	1,752,166	185,000	90,493	2,225,414	1,842,659
2025	1,930,000	1,687,987	185,000	84,018	2,115,000	1,772,005
2026	1,970,000	1,636,266	195,000	76,418	2,165,000	1,712,684
2027 - 2031	10,755,000	6,948,871	1,080,000	269,964	11,835,000	7,218,835
2032 - 2036	12,925,000	4,463,732	1,010,000	72,101	13,935,000	4,535,833
2037 - 2041	14,135,000	2,936,300	-	-	14,135,000	2,936,300
2042 - 2045	15,785,000	1,195,475	-	-	15,785,000	1,195,475
	\$63,386,621	\$24,370,274	\$3,000,000	\$ 789,955	\$66,386,621	\$25,160,229

### NOTE 16 - JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATION

### A. METROPOLITAN EDUCATIONAL TECHNOLOGY ASSOCIATION

The School District is a participant in Metropolitan Educational Technology Association (META) which is a computer consortium that was the result of a merger between Tri-Rivers Educational Computer Association (TRECA) and the Metropolitan Educational Council (MEC). META develops, implements and supports the technology and instructional needs of schools in a cost-effective manner. META provides instructional, core, technology and purchasing services for its member districts. The Board of Directors consists of the Superintendents from eight of the member districts. During fiscal year 2021, the School District paid META \$ 115,664 for services. Financial information can be obtained from Metropolitan Educational Technology Association, 100 Executive Drive, Marion, Ohio 43302.

### B. POLARIS CAREER CENTER

The Polaris Career Center is a separate body politic and corporate, established by the Ohio Revised Code to provide for the vocational and special needs of the students. Its Board of Education consists of representatives from the board of each participating school district. The Board is responsible for approving its own budgets, appointing personnel, and accounting and finance related activities. Strongsville City School District students may attend the vocational school. Each school district's control is limited to its representation on the Board. Financial information can be obtained by contacting the Polaris Career Center, 7285 Old Oak Blvd., Middleburg Heights, Ohio 44130. The School District did not contribute to the Polaris Career Center during fiscal year 2021.

### C. STRONGSVILLE EDUCATION FOUNDATION

The Strongsville City School Foundation (Foundation) is a jointly governed organization established under the Ohio Revised Code to support and enhance educational opportunities for the youth of the Strongsville community. The Foundation Board of Trustees consists of at least three but not more than seventeen trustees. The current Superintendent of the Strongsville City Schools shall be on the Board of Trustees and serve as Executive Director. At least one Trustee shall be a member of the Board of Education of the Strongsville City School District. A majority of the Trustees shall at all times be persons other than "substantial contributors," as defined in Section 507(d)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code. Each Trustee has one vote. The board is responsible for approving its own budgets, appointing personnel, and accounting and finance related activities.

### D. OHIO SCHOOLS COUNCIL

The Ohio Schools Council (Council) is a jointly governed organization among two hundred school districts. The Council was formed to offer supplies and services at the lowest possible cost to the member districts. Each district supports the Council by paying an annual participation fee for the services provided. The Council's Board consists of nine superintendents of the participating districts whose term rotates every year. The degree of control exercised by any school district is limited to its representation on the Board. In fiscal year 2021 the School District paid \$ 104,840 to the Council. Financial information can be obtained by contacting the Executive Director/Treasurer of the Ohio Schools Council at 6393 Oak Tree Boulevard, Suite 377, Independence, Ohio 44131.

### NOTE 16 - JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATION

### D. OHIO SCHOOLS COUNCIL (continued)

The School District participates in the Council's natural gas purchase program. This program allows the School District to purchase natural gas at reduced rates. Constellation New Energy (formerly Compass Energy) has been selected as the supplier and program manager. There are currently over 170 participants in the program, including the Strongsville City School District. The participants make monthly payments based on estimated usage. Each September, these estimated payments are compared to their actual usage for the year (July to June). Districts that paid more in estimated billings than their actual billings are issued credits on future billings beginning in September until the credits are exhausted and districts that did not pay enough on estimated billings are invoiced for the difference on the September monthly estimated billing.

### NOTE 17 - CONTINGENCIES

The School District received financial assistance from federal and state agencies in the form of grants. The expenditure of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and is subject to audit by the grantor agencies.

Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the General Fund or other applicable funds. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the School District at June 30, 2021.

### NOTE 18 - SET-ASIDES

The School District is required by State statute to annually set aside, in the General Fund, an amount based on a statutory formula for the acquisition and construction of capital improvements. Amounts not spent by the end of the fiscal year or offset by similarly restricted resources received during the year must be held in cash at year end. These amounts must be carried forward and used for the same purposes in future years.

The following cash basis information identifies the changes in the fund balance reserve for capital improvements during fiscal year 2021.

	Capital		
	Maintenance		
Balance June 30, 2020	\$	-	
Required set aside		960,156	
Offsetting credit	(1	,213,954)	
Qualifying expenditures	(2	,339,403)	
Balance June 30, 2021	\$ (2	,593,201)	

Although the School District had offsets and/or qualifying disbursements during the year that reduced the capital improvements reserve set-aside amount below zero, this amount cannot be carried forward to reduce the set-aside requirements for future years.

### NOTE 19 - CAPITAL LEASE

During the year ended June 30, 2020, the School District had entered into a lease agreement for copiers. The School District's lease obligation meets the criteria of a capital lease as defined by Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 13, "Accounting for Leases." The assets are included in capital assets at the estimated fair value at the time of acquisition of \$ 158,039. Depreciation expense in fiscal 2021 was \$ 31,608. Accumulated depreciation was \$ 89,556 as of June 30, 2021. The following is the schedule of future minimum lease payments under the capital lease together with the net present value of the minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2021.

	Year ending		
	June 30,	Amount	
	2022 \$ 35,		35,616
	2023		35,616
	2024		5,936
Total minimum lease payments			77,168
Less amount representing interest			(4,018)
Net present value of minimum lease payments			73,150

### NOTE 20 – TAX ABATEMENT

Pursuant to Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3735.65-70, the City of Strongsville has established nineteen Pre-1994 Community Reinvestment Area's (CRAs) within and surrounding Strongsville's business parks. The CRA program provided the City with resources used to stimulate growth and economic development by providing a direct incentive tax exemption benefiting both residential and industrial property owners who renovate existing or construct new buildings within the designated area. Improvements within the CRAs designated areas are granted an abatement of 100% on the additional property taxes resulting from the increase in assessed value as a result of the improvements for a period of up to 15 years. The amount of the abatement is deducted from the recipient's property tax bill. Foregone tax dollars for the School District for tax year 2021 amounted to \$ 709,190.

### NOTE 21 – <u>COVID-19</u>

The United States and the State of Ohio declared a state of emergency in March 2020 due to the COVID-19 pandemic. The financial impact of COVID-19 and the ensuing emergency measures will impact subsequent periods of the School District. The School District's investment portfolio and the investments of the pension and other employee benefit plan in which the School District participates have incurred a significant decline in fair value, consistent with the general decline in financial markets, However, because the values of the individual investments fluctuate with market conditions, and due to market volatility, the amount of losses that will be recognized in subsequent periods, if any, cannot be determined. In addition, the impact on the School District's future operating costs, revenues, and any recovery from emergency funding, either federal or state, cannot be estimated.

### NOTE 22 - SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

In November 2021, residents renewed a five-year, 6.0 mill levy that is currently set to expire at the end of tax year 2026, collection year 2027.

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### **REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION**

### REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

# SCHEDULE OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM

### LAST EIGHT FISCAL YEARS (1)

School District's proportion of the net pension liability	2021 0.3403117%	2020 0.3536715%	2019 0.3617882%	2018 0.3484597%
School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$22,508,933	\$21,160,786	\$20,720,280	\$20,819,697
School District's covered payroll	\$11,719,381	\$12,280,872	\$11,550,756	\$11,442,745
School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	192.07%	172.31%	179.38%	181.95%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	68.55%	70.85%	71.36%	69.50%

(1) Information prior to 2014 is not available. This schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

(2) Amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the School District's measurement date which is the prior year end.

See accompanying notes to required supplementary information.

2017	2016	2015	2014
0.376763%	0.383407%	0.390566%	0.390566%
\$27,575,590	\$ 21,877,586	\$ 19,766,323	\$ 23,225,706
\$11,910,814	\$ 10,636,745	\$ 11,413,478	\$ 9,981,113
231.52%	205.68%	173.18%	232.70%
62.98%	69.16%	71.70%	65.52%

### REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

## SCHEDULE OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM

### LAST EIGHT FISCAL YEARS (1)

School District's proportion of the net pension liability	2021 0.26756349%	2020 0.27099895%	2019 0.26959012%	2018 0.26773601%
School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 64,740,844	\$ 59,929,789	\$ 59,276,814	\$ 63,601,263
School District's covered payroll	\$ 32,221,208	\$ 31,705,566	\$ 31,085,907	\$ 29,692,641
School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	200.93%	189.02%	190.69%	214.20%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	75.48%	77.40%	77.31%	75.30%

(1) Information prior to 2014 is not available. This schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

(2) Amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the School District's measurement date which is the prior year end.

2017	2016	2015	2014
0.27449438%	0.28816112%	0.2905760%	0.2905760%
\$ 91,881,543	\$ 79,639,305	\$ 70,678,040	\$ 84,191,219
\$ 28,143,836	\$ 29,235,764	\$ 33,716,638	\$ 27,256,769
326.47%	272.40%	209.62%	308.88%
66.80%	72.10%	74.70%	69.30%

#### REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

### SCHEDULE OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT'S CONTRIBUTIONS - PENSION SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM

### LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Contractually required contribution	2021 \$ 1,694,063	2020 \$ 1,582,116	2019 \$ 1,657,918	2018 \$ 1,559,352
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	(1,694,063)	(1,582,116)	(1,657,918)	(1,559,352)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	<u>\$ -</u>	\$-	\$-	\$-
School District covered payroll	\$ 12,100,448	\$ 11,719,381	\$ 12,280,872	\$ 11,550,756
Pension contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	14.00%	13.50%	13.50%	13.50%

See accompanying notes to required supplementary information.

2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012
\$ 1,601,984	\$ 1,667,514	\$ 1,401,923	\$ 1,581,908	\$ 1,381,386	\$ 1,297,821
(1,601,984)	(1,667,514)	(1,401,923)	(1,581,908)	(1,381,386)	(1,297,821)
<u>\$ -</u>	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
\$ 11,442,745	\$ 11,910,814	\$ 10,636,745	\$ 11,413,478	\$ 9,981,113	\$ 9,649,227
14.00%	14.00%	13.18%	13.86%	13.84%	13.45%

#### REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

### SCHEDULE OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT'S CONTRIBUTIONS - PENSION STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM

### LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Contractually required contribution	2021 \$ 4,744,900	2020 \$ 4,510,969	2019 \$ 4,438,777	2018 \$ 4,352,027
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	(4,744,900)	(4,510,969)	(4,438,777)	(4,352,027)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$-	\$-	\$-	<u>\$-</u>
School District covered payroll	\$ 33,892,146	\$ 32,221,208	\$ 31,705,566	\$ 31,085,907
Pension contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%

See accompanying notes to required supplementary information.

2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012
\$ 4,156,969	\$ 3,940,137	\$ 4,093,007	\$ 4,383,163	\$ 3,543,380	\$ 3,675,189
(4,156,969)	(3,940,137)	(4,093,007)	(4,383,163)	(3,543,380)	(3,675,189)
\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-
Ψ	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u>Ψ</u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
\$ 29,692,641	\$ 28,143,836	\$ 29,235,764	\$ 33,716,638	\$ 27,256,769	\$ 28,270,685
14.00%	14.00%	14.00%	13.00%	13.00%	13.00%

### REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

# SCHEDULE OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM

### LAST FIVE FISCAL YEARS (1)

School District's proportion of the net OPEB liability	2021 0.3325979%	2020 0.3473765%	2019 0.3637127%	2018 0.3519157%
School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ 7,228,441	\$ 8,735,788	\$10,090,373	\$ 9,444,493
School District's covered payroll	\$11,719,381	\$12,280,872	\$11,550,756	\$11,442,745
School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	61.68%	71.13%	87.36%	82.54%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	18.17%	15.57%	13.57%	12.46%

(1) Information prior to 2017 is not available. This schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

(2) Amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the School District's measurement date which is the prior year end.

2017

0.3798874%

\$ 10,828,196

\$ 11,910,814

90.91%

11.49%

### REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

### SCHEDULE OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY (ASSET) STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM

### LAST FIVE FISCAL YEARS (1)

School District's proportion of the net OPEB liability/(asset)	2021 0.26756349%	2020 0.27099895%	2019 0.26959012%	2018 0.26773601%
School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability/(asset)	\$ (4,702,423)	\$ (4,488,393)	\$ (4,332,038)	\$10,446,071
School District's covered payroll	\$32,221,208	\$31,705,566	\$31,085,907	\$29,692,641
School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability/(asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll	-14.59%	-14.16%	-13.94%	35.18%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	182.13%	174.74%	176.00%	47.10%

(1) Information prior to 2017 is not available. This schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

(2) Amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the School District's measurement date which is the prior year end.

2017 0.27449438%

\$14,680,031

\$28,143,836

52.16%

37.30%

### REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

### SCHEDULE OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT'S CONTRIBUTIONS - OPEB SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM

### LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

		2021		2020		2019		2018
Contractually required contribution (1)	\$	168,629	\$	116,505	\$	202,818	\$	239,495
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		(168,629)		(116,505)		(202,818)		(239,495)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
School District covered payroll	\$1	2,100,448	\$1	1,719,381	\$ 1	12,280,872	\$1	1,550,756
OPEB contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		1.39%		0.99%		1.65%		2.07%

(1) Includes Surcharge

2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	
\$ 183,984	\$ 187,800	\$ 241,895	\$ 253,045	\$ 259,079	\$ 291,756	
(183,984)	(187,800)	(241,895)	(253,045)	(259,079)	(291,756)	
\$-	\$-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$-	
\$ 11,442,745	\$ 11,910,814	\$ 10,636,745	\$ 11,413,478	\$ 9,981,113	\$ 9,649,227	
1.61%	1.58%	2.27%	2.22%	2.60%	3.02%	

### REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

### SCHEDULE OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT'S CONTRIBUTIONS - OPEB STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM

### LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2021		2020		2019		2018	
Contractually required contribution	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		-		-		-		-
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
School District covered payroll	\$ 33,892,	146	\$ 32,221,2	208	\$ 31,705	5,566	\$ 31,08	5,907
OPEB contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	0.0	0%	0.0	0%	C	).00%	(	).00%

20 <sup>-</sup>	17	20	16	20	15		2014	2013			2012
\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	337,166	\$	272,568	\$	282,707
		1			-		(337,166)		(272,568)		(282,707)
\$	_	\$	-	\$	_	\$		\$	-	\$	_
\$ 29,69	92,641	\$ 28,14	43,836	\$ 29,2	35,764	\$ 3	3,716,638	\$ 27,256,769		\$ 28,270,685	
	0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		1.00%		1.00%		1.00%

## STRONGSVILLE CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

### NOTE 1 - PENSION

### A. <u>SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (SERS) OF OHIO</u>

<u>Changes in benefit terms</u> – Members, or their survivors, retiring prior to January 1, 2018, receive a COLA increase of 3 percent of their base benefit on the anniversary of their initial date of retirement. Members, or their survivors, retiring on and after January 1, 2018, receive a COLA increase on each anniversary of their initial date of retirement equal to the annual rate of increase in the CPI-W measured as of the June preceding the beginning of the applicable calendar year. The annual rate of increase shall not be less than 0 percent, nor greater than 2.5 percent. COLAs are suspended for calendar years 2018, 2019, and 2020. Members, or their survivors, retiring on and after April 1, 2018, will have their COLA delayed for three years following their initial date of retirement.

<u>Changes in assumptions</u> – The COLA was changed from a fixed 3.00 percent to a COLA that is indexed to CPI-W not greater than 2.50 percent with a floor of 0.0 percent beginning January 1, 2018. In addition, with the authority granted the Board under HB49, the Board has enacted a three year COLA delay for benefit recipients in calendar years 2018, 2019 and 2020.

### B. STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM (STRS) OF OHIO

Changes in benefits terms - Effective July 1, 2017, the COLA was reduced to zero.

<u>Changes in assumptions</u> - There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal years 2017-2018. See the notes to the basic financial statements for the methods and assumptions in this calculation.

### NOTE 2 – OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)

### A. <u>SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (SERS) OF OHIO</u>

<u>Changes in benefit terms and funding terms</u> – There have been no changes to the benefit provisions.

<u>Changes in assumptions</u> – Medical trend rates have been adjusted to reflect premium decreases.

### B. STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM (STRS) OF OHIO

<u>Changes in benefit terms and funding terms</u> – There was no change to the claims cost process. Claim curves were trended to the fiscal year ending Jun 30, 2020 to reflect the current price renewals. The non-Medicare subsidy percentage was increased effective January 1, 2020 from 1.944 percent to 1.984 percent per year of service. The non-Medicare frozen subsidy base premium was increased effective January 1, 2021 to 2.1 percent for the Medicare plan. The Medicare Part B monthly reimbursement elimination date was postponed to January 1, 2021.

<u>Changes in assumptions</u> – There were no changes in assumptions since the prior measurement date.

Combining Statements and Individual Fund Schedules

### Fund Descriptions – Nonmajor Governmental Funds

### Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds

Special Revenue Funds account for revenues from specific sources which legally, or otherwise, are restricted to expenditures for specific purposes.

Food Service Fund To account for financial transactions related to food service operation.

**Other Grants Fund** To account for proceeds of specific revenue sources, except for State and Federal grants that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

**Student Managed Activities Fund** To account for those student activity programs which have student participation and have student management of the programs. This typically includes those student activities which consist of a student body, student president, student treasurer, and faculty advisor.

**District Managed Student Activities Fund** To account for those student activity programs which have student participation but do not have student management of the programs. This would usually include athletic and band programs but could include other clubs that are district managed.

*Auxiliary Services Fund* To account for monies which provide services and materials to pupils attending non-public school within the school district. (St. Joseph and John's, Creative Playrooms, and Le Chaperon Rouge).

*Data Communications Fund* To account for money appropriated for Ohio Educational Computer Network Connections.

*Student Wellness and Success Fund* To account for state monies related to student wellness and professional development.

*Miscellaneous State Grants Fund* To account for various monies received from state agencies which are not classified elsewhere.

*Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief (ESSER) Fund* To account for emergency relief grants related to the COVID-19 pandemic.

**Coronavirus Relief (CRF) Fund** To account for grants to cover costs that are necessary expenditures incurred due to the public health emergency with respect to COVID-19.

*IDEA Part B Fund* To account for grants to assist states in providing an appropriate public education to all children with disabilities.

*Title III - Limited English Proficiency Fund* To account for grants to develop and carry out elementary and secondary school programs, including activities at the pre-school level, to meet the educational needs of children with limited English proficiency.

*Title I – Disadvantaged Youth Fund* To account for Federal monies used to assist the School District in meeting the special needs of economically and educationally deprived children.

*IDEA Preschool Grant for the Handicapped* To account for grants for the improvement and expansion of services for handicapped children ages three to five years.

*Miscellaneous Federal Grants Fund* To account for various monies received through state agencies from the federal government or directly from the federal government which are not classified elsewhere.

*Improving Teacher Quality Fund* To account for grants for professional development and other programs to ensure teachers meet high quality standards.

(continued)

### Fund Descriptions – Nonmajor Governmental Funds (continued)

### Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds (continued)

The following funds are included in the General Fund (GAAP basis), but have separate legally adopted budgets (budget basis). These funds are not included in the combining statements for the nonmajor special revenue funds since they are reported in the General Fund (GAAP basis); however, the budgetary schedules for these funds are presented in this section.

Uniform School Supplies Fund To account for class fees for the purchase of school supplies.

**Rotary Fund** To account for operations that provide goods or services on a cost-reimbursement basis.

**Public School Support** To account for specific local revenue sources, other than taxes or expendable trusts (i.e. profits from vending machines, sales of pictures, etc.), that are restricted to expenditures for specified purposes approved by board resolution. Such expenditures may include curricular and extracurricular related purchases.

*Termination Benefits Fund* To account for payment of employee termination benefits upon separation as prescribed within the District's negotiated contracts.

### Nonmajor Capital Projects Fund

Capital projects funds are used to account for a report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets.

**Permanent Improvement Fund** To account for all transactions related to the acquiring, construction, or improving facilities and/or capital assets.

## STRONGSVILLE CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

JUNE 30, 2021

		Nonmajor cial Revenue Funds	Nonmajor Capital Projects Fund		Total Other Governmental Funds	
Assets Equity in pooled cash	\$	1,076,575	\$	1,785,851	\$	2,862,426
Receivables, net of allow ance	Ŷ	1,010,010	Ψ	1,700,001	Ψ	2,002,120
Taxes, current		-		1,058,148		1,058,148
Taxes, delinquent		-		66,500		66,500
Accounts and other		10,840		-		10,840
Due from other governments		346,824		-		346,824
Interfund receivables		900		-		900
Total assets	\$	1,435,139	\$	2,910,499	\$	4,345,638
Liabilities Accounts and contracts payable Accrued salaries, w ages and benefits	\$	234,720 357,954	\$	989 -	\$	235,709 357,954
Intergovernmental payable		73,366		-		73,366
Interfund payable		126,863		-		126,863
Total liabilities		792,903		989		793,892
Deferred inflows of resources						
Property taxes levied for next year		-		992,596		992,596
Delinquent property taxes revenue not available		-		66,500		66,500
Unavailable revenue		347,874		-		347,874
Total deferred inflows of resources		347,874		1,059,096		1,406,970
Fund balances (deficits)						
Restricted		852,259		1,850,414		2,702,673
Unassigned		(557,897)				(557,897)
Total fund balances (deficits)		294,362		1,850,414		2,144,776
Total liabilities, deferred inflow s of resources and fund balances (deficits)	\$	1,435,139	\$	2,910,499	\$	4,345,638
	Ť	., 100, 100	Ψ	_,010,100	Ψ	.,010,000

# COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

## NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR JUNE 30, 2021

	Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	Nonmajor Capital Projects Fund	Total Other Governmental Funds	
Revenue	•	<b>* 4</b> 070 700	<b>*</b> 4 070 700	
Taxes	\$-	\$ 1,070,720	\$ 1,070,720	
Interest	999 5 316 800	-	999 5 452 405	
Intergovernmental	5,316,890	135,605	5,452,495	
Extracurricular Charges for services	193,644 100,060	-	193,644	
Contributions and donations	82,923	-	100,060 82,923	
Other	158,303		158,303	
Total revenues	5,852,819	1,206,325	7,059,144	
Expenditures				
Current				
Instruction				
Regular	579,549	-	579,549	
Special	1,260,878	-	1,260,878	
Other instruction	148,101	-	148,101	
Supporting services				
Pupil	163,887	-	163,887	
Instructional staff	552,360	-	552,360	
Administration	321,289	-	321,289	
Fiscal services	-	14,128	14,128	
Operation and maintenance	279,909	329,306	609,215	
Pupil transportation	50,421	-	50,421	
Operation of non-instructional services				
Food service operation	2,303,585	-	2,303,585	
Community services	622,033	-	622,033	
Extracurricular activities	366,577	-	366,577	
Capital outlay	-	2,263	2,263	
Debt service				
Principal	-	201,285	201,285	
Interest	-	111,650	111,650	
Total expenditures	6,648,589	658,632	7,307,221	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over				
expenditures	(795,770)	547,693	(248,077)	
Other financing sources (uses)				
Transfers in	534,429	-	534,429	
Transfers out	(5,235)	-	(5,235)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	529,194		529,194	
Net change in fund balances	(266,576)	547,693	281,117	
Fund balances, beginning of year	560,938	1,302,721	1,863,659	
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 294,362	\$ 1,850,414	\$ 2,144,776	

# STRONGSVILLE CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS JUNE 30, 2021

		Food Service		Other Grants	Ν	Student ⁄Ianaged Activities	Ν	District lanaged ent Activities
Assets Equity in pooled cash	\$	60,001	\$	179,212	\$	175,288	\$	241,346
Receivables, net of allow ance Accounts and other	φ	-	Ψ	-	Ψ	-	Ψ	10,840
Due from other governments Interfund receivables		-		-		-		- 900
Total assets	\$	60,001	\$	179,212	\$	175,288	\$	253,086
Liabilities								
Accounts and contracts payable Accrued salaries, wages and benefits	\$	60,476 125,351	\$	5,073 -	\$	2,871 -	\$	10,502 -
Intergovernmental payable Interfund payable		44,097 -		-		-		-
Total liabilities		229,924		5,073		2,871		10,502
Deferred inflow s of resources Property taxes levied for next year and unavailable resources		-		-		-		1,050
Total deferred inflows of resources		-		-		-		1,050
Fund balances Nonspendable								
Restricted		-		174,139		172,417		241,534
Unassigned Total fund balances		(169,923)		-		-		-
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of		(169,923)		174,139		172,417		241,534
resources and fund balances	\$	60,001	\$	179,212	\$	175,288	\$	253,086

uxiliary ervices		Data Communications		Student Wellness and Success		Miscellaneous State Grants		ESSER	(	CRF
\$ 44,172	\$	-	\$	258,505	\$	27,735	\$	1,000	\$	-
_		_		_		_		_		-
-		-		-		2,085		2,447		-
 -		-		-		-		-		-
\$ 44,172	\$	-	\$	258,505	\$	29,820	\$	3,447	\$	-
\$ 24,229	\$	-	\$	21,655	\$	7,801	\$	42,279	\$	-
-		-		8,945		2,083		391		-
-		-		1,212		322		-		-
 -		-		-		-		9,509		-
 24,229		-		31,812		10,206		52,179		-
-		-		-		2,085		2,447		-
 -		-		-		2,085		2,447		-
19,943		-		226,693		17,529		-		-
 -		-		-				(51,179)		-
 19,943	-	-		226,693		17,529		(51,179)		-
\$ 44,172	\$	-	\$	258,505	\$	29,820	\$	3,447	\$	-

(continued)

# STRONGSVILLE CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS JUNE 30, 2021

	IDEA Part B		Limit	Title III - Limited English Proficiency		Title I - Disadvantaged Youth		IDEA Preschool Grant for the Handicapped	
Assets Equity in pooled cash	\$	297	\$	29,843	\$	319	\$	123	
Receivables, net of allow ance Accounts and other	Ψ	-	Ψ	- 20,040	Ψ	-	Ψ	-	
Due from other governments Interfund receivables		154,998 -		1,711 -		73,753 -		2,295 -	
Total assets	\$	155,295	\$	31,554	\$	74,072	\$	2,418	
Liabilities									
Accounts and contracts payable	\$	-	\$	1,104	\$	-	\$	-	
Accrued salaries, wages and benefits		129,343		-		52,156		2,984	
Intergovernmental payable		15,376		-		6,840		461	
Interfund payable		5,582		30,450		14,070			
Total liabilities		150,301		31,554		73,066		3,445	
Deferred inflow s of resources Property taxes levied for next year									
and unavailable resources		154,998		1,711		73,753		2,295	
Total deferred inflows of resources		154,998		1,711		73,753		2,295	
Fund balances Nonspendable									
Restricted		-		-		-		-	
Unassigned		(150,004)		(1,711)		(72,747)		(3,322)	
Total fund balances		(150,004)		(1,711)		(72,747)		(3,322)	
Total liabilities, deferred inflow s of resources and fund balances	¢	155 205	¢	21 554	¢	74 072	¢	2 / 10	
	φ	155,295	\$	31,554	\$	74,072	\$	2,418	

				Total				
Mis	cellaneous	Impi	roving		Nonmajor			
	Federal	Tea	acher	Spe	cial Revenue			
	Grants	Qu	uality		Funds			
\$	58,730	\$	4	\$	1,076,575			
	_		_		10,840			
	109,535		_		346,824			
	109,555		-		900			
\$	168,265	\$	4	\$	1,435,139			
φ	100,203	ф 	4	φ	1,433,139			
\$	58,730	\$	-	\$	234,720			
	36,701		-		357,954			
	5,058		-		73,366			
	67,252		-		126,863			
	167,741		-		792,903			
	109,535		-	_	347,874			
	109,535		-		347,874			
	-		4		852,259			
	(109,011)		-		(557,897)			
	(109,011)		4		294,362			
\$	168,265	\$	4	\$	1,435,139			

# COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

# NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR JUNE 30, 2021

	 Food Service	Other Grants	Ν	Student <i>M</i> anaged Activities	М	District anaged nt Activities
Revenue						
Interest	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-
Intergovernmental	1,541,627	-		-		-
Extracurricular	-	-		36,148		157,496
Charges for services	100,060	-		-		-
Contributions and donations	-	14,357		17,612		50,954
Other	 436	 153,795		-		4,072
Total revenues	 1,642,123	 168,152		53,760		212,522
Expenditures						
Current						
Instruction						
Regular	-	8,111		-		-
Special	-	4,925		-		-
Other instruction	-	148,101		-		-
Supporting services						
Pupil	-	-		-		-
Instructional staff	-	-		-		-
Administration	-	-		-		-
Operation and maintenance	-	-		-		-
Pupil transportation	-	-		-		-
Operation of non-instructional services						
Food service operation	2,303,585	-		-		-
Community services	-	-		-		-
Extracurricular activities	-	-		64,465		302,112
Total expenditures	 2,303,585	 161,137		64,465		302,112
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over						
expenditures	 (661,462)	 7,015		(10,705)		(89,590)
Other financing sources (uses)						
Transfers in	455,605	-		-		78,824
Transfers out	-	-		(3,765)		(1,470)
Total other financing sources (uses)	 455,605	 -		(3,765)		77,354
Net change in fund balances	(205,857)	7,015		(14,470)		(12,236)
Fund balances, beginning of year	 35,934	 167,124		186,887		253,770
Fund balances, end of year	\$ (169,923)	\$ 174,139	\$	172,417	\$	241,534

Auxiliary Services	Comr	Data nunications	V	Student Vellness I Success	ellaneous State Grants	 ESSER	 CRF
\$ 999	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
486,885		12,600		264,927	52,764	400,087	306,586
-		-		-	-	-	-
-		-		-	-	-	-
 -		-		-	 -	 -	 -
 487,884		12,600		264,927	 52,764	 400,087	 306,586
-		-		-	-	156,409	-
-		-		-	-	-	-
-		-		-	-	-	-
-		-		163,887	-	-	-
-		12,600		-	25,289	221,105	21,205
-		-		48,000	-	-	-
-		-		-	7,801	31,086 6,062	241,022 44,359
-		-		-	-	0,002	44,000
-		-		-	-	-	-
508,759		-		-	-	36,604	-
 508,759		- 12,600		- 211,887	 - 33,090	 - 451,266	 - 306,586
 (20,875)				53,040	 19,674	 (51,179)	 -
-		-		-	-	-	-
 	1				 	 	 -
 (20,875)				53,040	 19,674	 (51,179)	 -
40,818		-		173,653	(2,145)	-	-
\$ 19,943	\$	-	\$	226,693	\$ 17,529	\$ (51,179)	\$ 

(continued)

# COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

# FOR THE YEAR JUNE 30, 2021

	IDEA Part B	Limite	ile III - d English iciency	Disa	Title I - dvantaged Youth	f	IDEA hool Grant or the dicapped
Revenue							
Interest	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Intergovernmental	1,229,744		25,795		457,447		30,674
Extracurricular	-		-		-		-
Charges for services	-		-		-		-
Contributions and donations	-		-		-		-
Other	 -		-		-		-
Total revenues	 1,229,744		25,795		457,447		30,674
Expenditures							
Current							
Instruction							
Regular	-		-		-		-
Special	753,462		21,663		450,607		30,221
Other instruction	-		-		-		-
Supporting services							
Pupil	-		-		-		-
Instructional staff	175,914		4,106		-		-
Administration	273,289		-		-		-
Operation and maintenance	-		-		-		-
Pupil transportation	-		-		-		-
Operation of non-instructional services							
Food service operation	-		-		-		-
Community services	37,106		-		36,564		-
Extracurricular activities	-		-		-		-
Total expenditures	 1,239,771		25,769		487,171		30,221
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over							
expenditures	(10,027)		26		(29,724)		453
	 (10,021)		20		(20,724)		-00
Other financing sources (uses)							
Transfers in	-		-		-		-
Transfers out	 -		-		-		-
Total other financing sources (uses)	 -		-		-		-
Net change in fund balances	(10,027)		26		(29,724)		453
Fund balances, beginning of year	 (139,977)		(1,737)		(43,023)		(3,775)
Fund balances, end of year	\$ (150,004)	\$	(1,711)	\$	(72,747)	\$	(3,322)

Miscellaneous Federal Grants		Т	proving eacher Quality	Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds			
¢		¢		¢	000		
\$	- 427,619	\$	- 80,135	\$	999 5,316,890		
	427,019		00,100		193,644		
	_				100,060		
	_		_		82,923		
	-		_		158,303		
	427,619		80,135		5,852,819		
	427,010		00,100		0,002,010		
	445.000				570 540		
	415,029		-		579,549		
	-		-		1,260,878 148,101		
	-		-		140, 101		
	-		-		163,887		
	16,276		75,865		552,360		
	-		-		321,289		
	-		-		279,909		
	-		-		50,421		
					2 202 595		
	- 3,000		-		2,303,585 622,033		
	3,000		-		366,577		
	434,305		75,865		6,648,589		
	434,303		73,005		0,040,009		
	(6,686)		4,270		(795,770)		
	-		-		534,429		
	-		-		(5,235)		
	-		-		529,194		
	(6,686)		4,270		(266,576)		
	(102,325)		(4,266)		560,938		
\$	(109,011)	\$	4	\$	294,362		

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET (NON-GAAP) BASIS AND ACTUAL

	Bond Retirement Fund							
	Budgeted	Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive				
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)				
Revenue								
Taxes	\$ 4,137,291	\$ 4,108,435	\$ 4,108,435	\$-				
Intergovernmental	521,174	521,359	521,359	-				
Total revenues	4,658,465	4,629,794	4,629,794					
Expenditures								
Current								
Supporting services								
Fiscal services	54,946	54,179	54,179	-				
Debt service								
Principal	3,425,000	3,425,000	3,425,000	-				
Interest	1,484,126	1,484,126	1,484,126	-				
Total expenditures	4,964,072	4,963,305	4,963,305	-				
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over								
expenditures	(305,607)	(333,511)	(333,511)					
Other financing sources (uses)								
Proceeds from debt refunding	852	852	852	-				
Total other financing sources (uses)	852	852	852	-				
Net change in fund balances	(304,755)	(332,659)	(332,659)	-				
Prior year encumbrances	-	-	-	-				
Fund balances, beginning of year	5,023,316	5,023,316	5,023,316					
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 4,718,561	\$ 4,690,657	\$ 4,690,657	\$ -				

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET (NON-GAAP) BASIS AND ACTUAL

		Building	g Fund	
	Budgeted	Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Revenue				
Interest	\$ 2,500	\$ 1,072	\$ 1,114	\$ 42
Contributions and donations	130,372	122,581	122,581	-
Total revenues	132,872	123,653	123,695	42
Expenditures				
, Capital outlay	394,202	354,780	354,780	-
Total expenditures	394,202	354,780	354,780	<u> </u>
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over				
expenditures	(261,330)	(231,127)	(231,085)	42
Other financing sources (uses)				
Transfers in	56,697	56,697	56,697	-
Total other financing sources (uses)	56,697	56,697	56,697	
Net change in fund balances	(204,633)	(174,430)	(174,388)	42
Prior year encumbrances	344,202	344,202	344,202	-
Fund balances, beginning of year	498,250	498,250	498,250	<u> </u>
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 637,819	\$ 668,022	\$ 668,064	\$ 42

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET (NON-GAAP) BASIS AND ACTUAL

	Food Service Fund							
	Budgeted	Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive				
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)				
Revenue								
Intergovernmental	\$ 574,525	\$ 1,389,869	\$ 1,389,869	\$-				
Charges for services	1,144,632	100,060	100,060	-				
Other	25,500	436	436					
Total revenues	1,744,657	1,490,365	1,490,365					
Expenditures Current								
Operation of non-instructional services	/							
Food service operation	2,025,156	2,128,181	2,128,181					
Total expenditures	2,025,156	2,128,181	2,128,181					
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over								
expenditures	(280,499)	(637,816)	(637,816)					
Other financing sources (uses)								
Transfers in	248,469	455,605	455,605	-				
Refund of prior year expenditures	-	178	178					
Total other financing sources (uses)	248,469	455,783	455,783					
Net change in fund balances	(32,030)	(182,033)	(182,033)	-				
Prior year encumbrances	32,030	32,030	32,030	-				
Fund balances, beginning of year	150,003	150,003	150,003					
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 150,003	\$-	\$-	\$-				

#### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET (NON-GAAP) BASIS AND ACTUAL

		Other Grants Fund									
		Budgeted Amounts									
_	Oriç	ginal	Final			Actual	(Negative)				
Revenue	¢	0 500	¢	44.057	۴	44.057	¢				
Contributions and donations	\$	6,500	\$	14,357	\$	14,357	\$	-			
Other Total recommendation		50,000		153,795		153,795		-			
Total revenues		56,500		168,152		168,152		-			
Expenditures											
Current											
Instruction											
Regular		4,250		8,216		8,149		67			
Special	1	99,222		4,925		4,925		-			
Other instruction		-		218,973		218,973		-			
Supporting services											
Instructional staff		195		-		-		-			
Administration		6,500		-		-		-			
Extracurricular activities		6,366		-		-		-			
Total expenditures	2	16,533		232,114		232,047		67			
Net change in fund balances	(1	60,033)		(63,962)		(63,895)		67			
Prior year encumbrances	1	27,376		127,376		127,376		-			
Fund balances, beginning of year		39,749		39,749		39,749					
Fund balances, end of year	\$	7,092	\$	103,163	\$	103,230	\$	67			

#### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET (NON-GAAP) BASIS AND ACTUAL

	Student Managed Activities Fund Variance wi											
	Budgeted	Budgeted Amounts Original Final Actual										
Revenue												
Extracurricular	\$ 210,400	\$ 36,148	\$ 36,148	\$-								
Contributions and donations	29,750	17,612	17,612	-								
Other	1,000											
Total revenues	241,150	53,760	53,760									
Expenditures Current												
Extracurricular activities	419,602	68,440	68,440	-								
Total expenditures	419,602	68,440	68,440	-								
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(178,452)	(14,680)	(14,680)									
Other financing sources (uses) Transfers in	-	214	214	-								
Transfers out	-	(3,979)	(3,979)	-								
Total other financing sources (uses)		(3,765)	(3,765)	-								
Net change in fund balances	(178,452)	(18,445)	(18,445)	-								
Prior year encumbrances	2,898	2,898	2,898	-								
Fund balances, beginning of year	184,664	184,664	184,664									
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 9,110	\$ 169,117	\$ 169,117	<u>\$-</u>								

#### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET (NON-GAAP) BASIS AND ACTUAL

	Di	und		
	Budgeted	Variance with Final Budget Positive		
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Revenue				
Extracurricular	\$ 498,300	\$ 157,496	\$ 157,496	\$-
Contributions and donations	137,200	48,844	48,844	
Other	28,050	4,072	4,072	
Total revenues	663,550	210,412	210,412	
Expenditures Current				
Extracurricular activities	830,478	316,644	315,652	992
Total expenditures	830,478	316,644	315,652	992
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(166,928)	(106,232)	(105,240)	992
Other financing sources (uses) Transfers in Transfers out	-	79,443 (2,089)	79,443 (2,089)	-
Total other financing sources (uses)		77,354	77,354	
Net change in fund balances	(166,928)	(28,878)	(27,886)	992
Prior year encumbrances	17,174	17,174	17,174	-
Fund balances, beginning of year	237,743	237,743	237,743	
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 87,989	\$ 226,039	\$ 227,031	\$ 992

#### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET (NON-GAAP) BASIS AND ACTUAL

	Auxiliary Services Fund											
		Budgeted	Amou	unts			Final	nce with Budget sitive				
	Original			Final		Actual	(Negative)					
Revenue												
Interest	\$	500	\$	975	\$	999	\$	24				
Intergovernmental		402,563		486,885		486,885		-				
Total revenues		403,063		487,860		487,884		24				
Expenditures Current Operation of non-instructional services												
Community services		483,627		565,198		565,198		-				
Total expenditures		483,627		565,198		565,198		_				
Net change in fund balances		(80,564)		(77,338)		(77,314)		24				
Prior year encumbrances		65,089		65,089		65,089		-				
Fund balances, beginning of year		15,475		15,475		15,475						
Fund balances, end of year	\$	-	\$	3,226	\$	3,250	\$	24				

#### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET (NON-GAAP) BASIS AND ACTUAL

			Da	ata Commur	nicatio	ns Fund			
		Budgeted Amounts							
_	(	Driginal	Final			Actual	(Negative)		
Revenue Intergovernmental	\$	14,400	\$	12,600	\$	12,600	\$	-	
Total revenues		14,400		12,600		12,600		-	
Expenditures Current Supporting services Instructional staff		14,400		12,600		12,600		-	
Total expenditures		14,400		12,600		12,600		-	
Net change in fund balances		-		-		-		-	
Fund balances, beginning of year		-		-		-		-	
Fund balances, end of year	\$	-	\$		\$	-	\$	-	

#### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET (NON-GAAP) BASIS AND ACTUAL

		Success Fur	nd					
		Final	ce with Budget sitive					
	(	Budgeted Driginal	Final		Actual		(Neg	ative)
Revenue							<u>`</u>	<u> </u>
Intergovernmental	\$	264,514	\$	264,927	\$	264,927	\$	-
Total revenues		264,514		264,927		264,927		
Expenditures								
Current								
Supporting services								
Pupil		158,072		162,670		162,670		-
Administration		-		55,800		55,800		-
Operation of non-instructional services								
Community services		20,000		1,524		1,524		-
Total expenditures		178,072		219,994		219,994		-
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over								
expenditures		86,442		44,933		44,933		-
Net change in fund balances		86,442		44,933		44,933		-
Prior year encumbrances		20,000		20,000		20,000		-
Fund balances, beginning of year		155,555		155,555		155,555		
Fund balances, end of year	\$	261,997	\$	220,488	\$	220,488	\$	

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET (NON-GAAP) BASIS AND ACTUAL

	Miscellaneous State Grants Fund										
		Final Po	nce with Budget sitive								
	0	riginal	Final		Actual		(Negative)				
Revenue	•		•		•		•				
	\$	34,311	\$	52,764	\$	52,764	\$	-			
Total revenues		34,311		52,764		52,764		-			
Expenditures Current											
Supporting services		07.444		05 000		05 000					
Instructional staff		27,114		25,029		25,029		-			
Operation and maintenance		-		7,802		7,802		-			
Pupil transportation		7,197		7,197		7,197		-			
Total expenditures		34,311		40,028		40,028		-			
Net change in fund balances		-		12,736		12,736		-			
Prior year encumbrances		-		-		-		-			
Fund balances, beginning of year								-			
Fund balances, end of year	\$	-	\$	12,736	\$	12,736	\$	-			

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET (NON-GAAP) BASIS AND ACTUAL

	ESSER Fund											
		Final Pos	ce with Budget sitive jative)									
Revenue		Driginal	Final		Actual							
Intergovernmental	\$	407,128	\$	409,596	\$	409,596	\$	-				
Total revenues		407,128		409,596		409,596		-				
Expenditures Current												
Instruction		100,000		156,409		156,409						
Regular Special		25,000		150,409		150,409		-				
Supporting services Pupil		23,000		-		-		-				
Instructional staff		215,795		178,435		178,435		-				
Operation and maintenance		31,486		31,086		31,086		-				
Pupil transportation		-		6,062		6,062		-				
Operation of non-instructional services												
Community services		34,847		37,604		37,604		-				
Total expenditures		407,128		409,596		409,596		-				
Net change in fund balances		-		-		-		-				
Prior year encumbrances		-		-		-		-				
Fund balances, beginning of year												
Fund balances, end of year	\$	-	\$	-	\$	_	\$	-				

#### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET (NON-GAAP) BASIS AND ACTUAL

	CRF Fund										
	Budgeted Amounts Original Final Actual					Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)				
Revenue								<u> </u>			
Intergovernmental	\$	306,586	\$	306,586	\$	306,586	\$	-			
Total revenues		306,586		306,586		306,586		-			
Expenditures Current Instruction Supporting services Instructional staff Operation and maintenance		108,000 125,935		21,205 241,022		21,205 241,022		-			
Pupil transportation		51,446		44,359		44,359		-			
Total expenditures Net change in fund balances		285,381 21,205		306,586		306,586		-			
Prior year encumbrances		-		-		-		-			
Fund balances, beginning of year		-		-		-					
Fund balances, end of year	\$	21,205	\$		\$		\$				

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET (NON-GAAP) BASIS AND ACTUAL

	IDEA Part B Fund											
	Budgeted Original	Amounts Final	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)								
Revenue												
Intergovernmental	\$ 1,463,531	\$ 1,229,744	\$ 1,229,744	\$-								
Total revenues	1,463,531	1,229,744	1,229,744									
Expenditures Current Instruction												
Special Supporting services	899,645	736,531	736,531	-								
Instructional staff	223,285	176,421	176,421	-								
Administration	312,075	276,195	276,195	-								
Operation of non-instructional services												
Community services	45,829	42,277	42,277									
Total expenditures	1,480,834	1,231,424	1,231,424	-								
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(17,303)	(1,680)	(1,680)									
Other financing sources (uses) Advance in Advance out	-	5,582 (8,776)	5,582 (8,776)	-								
Total other financing sources (uses)		(3,194)	(3,194)									
Total other inflation g sources (uses)		(3,134)	(3,134)									
Net change in fund balances	(17,303)	(4,874)	(4,874)	-								
Prior year encumbrances	4,874	4,874	4,874	-								
Fund balances, beginning of year			<u> </u>									
Fund balances, end of year	\$ (12,429)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -								

#### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET (NON-GAAP) BASIS AND ACTUAL

		Title	e III - L	imited Engl	ish Pr	oficiency Fu	und	
		Variance with Final Budget Positive						
	Ori	ginal		Final		Actual	(Neg	ative)
Revenue								
Intergovernmental	\$	66,908	\$	25,795	\$	25,795	\$	-
Total revenues		66,908		25,795		25,795		-
Expenditures								
Current								
Instruction								
Special		52,170		51,030		51,030		-
Supporting services								
Instructional staff		7,951		4,370		4,370		-
Operation of non-instructional services								
Community services		5,942		-		-		-
Total expenditures		66,063		55,400		55,400		-
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over								
expenditures		845		(29,605)		(29,605)		-
Other financing sources (uses)								
Advances in		-		30,450		30,450		-
Advances out		(11,126)		(11,126)		(11,126)	_	-
Total other financing sources (uses)		(11,126)		19,324		19,324		-
Net change in fund balances		(10,281)		(10,281)		(10,281)		-
Prior year encumbrances		10,281		10,281		10,281		-
Fund balances, beginning of year		-				-		-
Fund balances, end of year	\$	-	\$		\$	-	\$	-

#### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET (NON-GAAP) BASIS AND ACTUAL

			Title	I - Disadvanta	aged	Youth Fund		
	-							ance with
								I Budget
		Budgeted					Positive	
Devenue		Original	Final		Actual		(Negative)	
Revenue	¢ 000.005		۴	457 447	۴		¢	
Intergovernmental	\$	680,835	\$	457,447	\$	457,447	\$	-
Total revenues		680,835		457,447		457,447		-
Expenditures								
Current								
Instruction								
Special		631,934		433,262		433,262		-
Operation of non-instructional services								
Community services	48,169			37,523		37,204		319
Total expenditures	680,103			470,785		470,466		319
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over								
expenditures		732		(13,338)		(13,019)		319
Other financing sources (uses)								
Advances in		-		14,070		14,070		-
Advances out		(1,374)		(1,374)		(1,374)		-
Total other financing sources (uses)		(1,374)		12,696		12,696		-
Net change in fund balances		(642)		(642)		(323)		319
Prior year encumbrances		642		642		642		-
Fund balances, beginning of year		-						
Fund balances, end of year	\$	-	\$		\$	319	\$	319

#### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET (NON-GAAP) BASIS AND ACTUAL

	IDEA Preschool Grant for the Handicapped Fund								
								ce with Budget	
	Budgeted Amounts						Positive		
	Or	iginal		Final		Actual	(Negative)		
Revenue									
Intergovernmental	\$	33,281	\$	30,674	\$	30,674	\$	-	
Total revenues		33,281		30,674		30,674		-	
Expenditures									
Current									
Instruction									
Special		33,133		30,403		30,403		-	
Total expenditures		33,133		30,403		30,403		-	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over									
expenditures		148		271		271		-	
Other financing sources (uses)									
Advances out		(797)		(797)		(797)		-	
Total other financing sources (uses)		(797)		(797)		(797)		-	
Net change in fund balances		(649)		(526)		(526)		-	
Prior year encumbrances		649		649		649		-	
Fund balances, beginning of year		-		-		-		-	
Fund balances, end of year	\$	-	\$	123	\$	123	\$	-	

#### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET (NON-GAAP) BASIS AND ACTUAL

	Miscellaneous Federal Grants Fund							
								nce with Budget
	Budgeted			unts			Positive	
	(	Original	Final		Actual		(Neg	gative)
Revenue								
Intergovernmental	\$	584,664	\$	427,619	\$	427,619	\$	-
Total revenues		584,664		427,619		427,619		-
Expenditures								
Current								
Instruction								
Regular		531,624		474,078		474,078		-
Supporting services								
Instructional staff		29,335		16,276		16,276		-
Operation of non-instructional services								
Community services		22,137		3,000		3,000		-
Total expenditures		583,096		493,354		493,354		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over								
expenditures		1,568		(65,735)		(65,735)		-
Other financing sources (uses)								
Advances in		-		67,252		67,252		-
Advances out		(57,992)		(57,992)		(57,992)		-
Total other financing sources (uses)		(57,992)		9,260		9,260		-
Net change in fund balances		(56,424)		(56,475)		(56,475)		-
Prior year encumbrances		56,424		56,424		56,424		-
Fund balances, beginning of year		51		51		51		-
Fund balances, end of year	\$	51	\$		\$	-	\$	-

#### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET (NON-GAAP) BASIS AND ACTUAL

	Improving Teacher Quality Fund							
	Budgeted Amounts						Variance with Final Budget Positive	
Devenue	Original		Final	Actual		(Negative)		
Revenue Intergovernmental	\$ 198,431	\$	80,927	\$	80,927	\$		
Total revenues	198,431	Ψ	80,927	ψ	80,927	Ψ		
Total Tevenues	190,431		00,927		00,921			
Expenditures								
Current								
Supporting services								
Instructional staff	182,755		79,613		79,613		-	
Operation of non-instructional services								
Community services	14,366		-		-		-	
Total expenditures	197,121		79,613		79,613		-	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over								
expenditures	1,310		1,314		1,314		-	
			.,•		.,•			
Other financing sources (uses)								
Advances out	(6,538)		(6,538)		(6,538)		-	
Total other financing sources (uses)	(6,538)		(6,538)		(6,538)		-	
Net change in fund balances	(5,228)		(5,224)		(5,224)		-	
Prior year encumbrances	5,228		5,228		5,228		-	
	0,220		0,220		0,220		_	
Fund balances, beginning of year					-		-	
Fund balances, end of year	\$-	\$	4	\$	4	\$	-	

#### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET (NON-GAAP) BASIS AND ACTUAL

	Uniform School Supplies Fund							
	Budgete Original	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)						
Revenue								
Tuition and fees	\$ 399,500	\$ 159,454	\$ 159,494	\$ 40				
Other								
Total revenues	399,500	159,454	159,494	40				
Expenditures Current Instruction Regular Total expenditures	<u>400,865</u> 400,865	246,950 246,950	246,950 246,950					
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over	(4.205)		(07.450)	40				
expenditures	(1,365)	(87,496)	(87,456)	40				
Other financing sources (uses)								
Transfers in	-	84,814	84,814					
Total other financing sources (uses)		84,814	84,814					
Net change in fund balances	(1,365)	(2,682)	(2,642)	40				
Prior year encumbrances	1,365	1,365	1,365	-				
Fund balances, beginning of year	1,385	1,385	1,385					
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 1,385	\$ 68	\$ 108	\$ 40				

#### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET (NON-GAAP) BASIS AND ACTUAL

	Rotary Fund						
		ed Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive			
5	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)			
	¢ 47.000	¢ 00 504	¢ 00 504	Φ.			
Tuition and fees	\$ 17,000		\$ 26,561	\$-			
Extracurricular	190,200	87,774 3,210	87,774	-			
Contributions and donations Other	-	,	3,210	-			
	78,225		17,229	98			
Total revenues	285,425	134,676	134,774	98			
Expenditures							
Current							
Instruction							
Regular	175,624	117,215	117,215	-			
Supporting services		·					
Instructional staff	2,834	437	437	-			
Administration	3,150	4,129	4,129	-			
Business	11,481	3,075	3,075	-			
Operation and maintenance	127,602	47,930	47,930	-			
Central services	28,328		19,023	-			
Extracurricular activities	42,200	-	-	-			
Total expenditures	391,219	191,809	191,809	-			
Net change in fund balances	(105,794	) (57,133)	(57,035)	98			
Prior year encumbrances	36,284	36,284	36,284	-			
Fund balances, beginning of year	263,787	263,787	263,787				
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 194,277	\$ 242,938	\$ 243,036	\$ 98			

#### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET (NON-GAAP) BASIS AND ACTUAL

	Public School Support Fund						
	Budgete	Variance with Final Budget Positive					
Revenue	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)			
Extracurricular	\$ 52,500	\$ 7,376	\$ 7,376	\$-			
Contributions and donations	28,500		14,926	÷ -			
Other	12,000		7,447	-			
Total revenues	93,000		29,749	-			
Expenditures Current Instruction							
Regular	213,945	46,084	46,084	_			
Special	6,850		40,004	_			
Total expenditures	220,795		46,134				
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(127,795	) (16,385)	(16,385)				
Other financing sources (uses) Transfers in		5,216	5,216				
Total other financing sources (uses)		5,210	5,210				
Total other infancing sources (uses)		5,210	5,210				
Net change in fund balances	(127,795	) (11,169)	(11,169)	-			
Prior year encumbrances	15,745	15,745	15,745	-			
Fund balances, beginning of year	162,386	162,386	162,386				
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 50,336	\$ 166,962	\$ 166,962	\$-			

#### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET (NON-GAAP) BASIS AND ACTUAL

	Termination Benefits Fund							
	Budgeted Amounts							ice with Budget sitive
	(	Driginal		Final	Actual		(Neg	gative)
Expenditures Current								
Instruction								
Regular	\$	312,500	\$	256,690	\$	256,690	\$	_
Operation of non-instructional services	Ψ	012,000	Ψ	200,000	Ψ	200,000	Ψ	
Other non-instructional services		312,500		320,678		320,678		-
Total expenditures		625,000		577,368		577,368		-
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		(625,000)		(577,368)		(577,368)		_
expenditures	-	(023,000)		(377,300)		(011,000)		
Other financing sources (uses)								
Transfers in		625,000		327,368		327,368		-
Total other financing sources (uses)		625,000		327,368		327,368		-
Net change in fund balances		-		(250,000)		(250,000)		-
Fund balances, beginning of year		500,000		500,000		500,000		
Fund balances, end of year	\$	500,000	\$	250,000	\$	250,000	\$	_

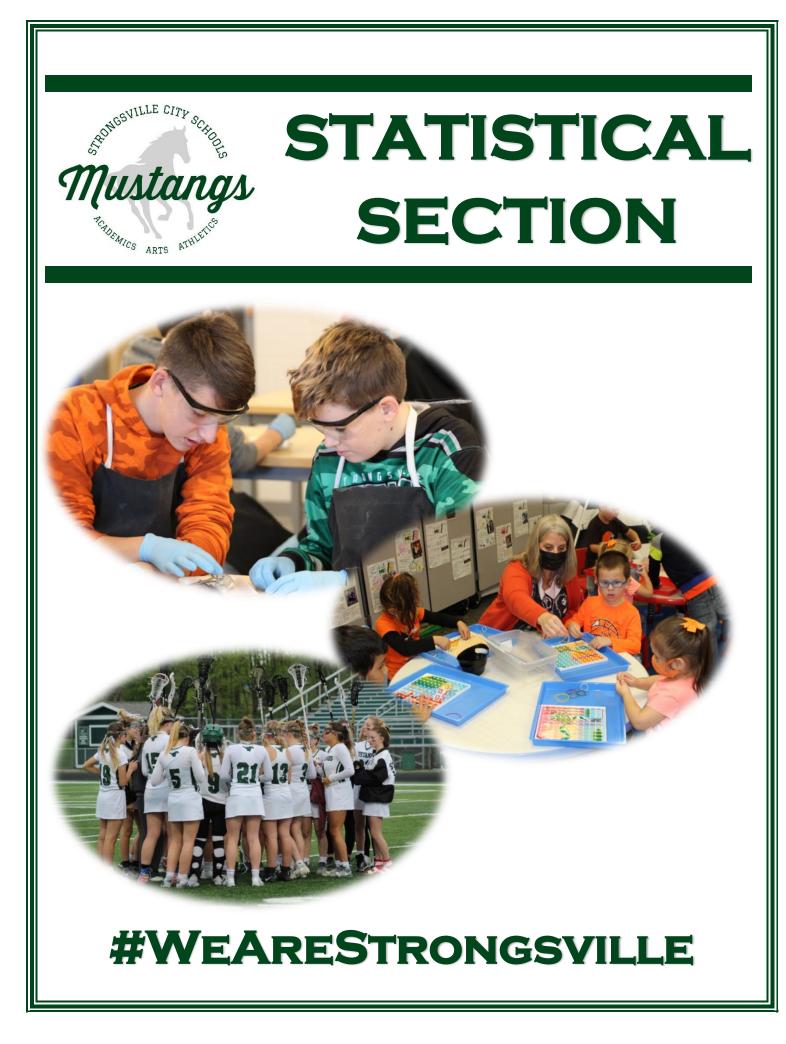
# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET (NON-GAAP) BASIS AND ACTUAL

	Permanent Improvement Fund							
	Budgeted Original	Amounts Final	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)				
Revenue								
Taxes	\$ 1,075,997	\$ 1,078,349	\$ 1,078,349	\$-				
Intergovernmental	135,999	135,605	135,605	-				
Total revenues	1,211,996	1,213,954	1,213,954	-				
Expenditures								
Current								
Supporting services								
Fiscal services	14,157	14,127	14,127	-				
Operation and maintenance	992,828	649,653	649,653	-				
Capital outlay	49,950	6,000	6,000	-				
Debt service								
Principal	170,000	170,000	170,000	-				
Interest	107,069	107,319	107,319	-				
Total expenditures	1,334,004	947,099	947,099	-				
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over								
expenditures	(122,008)	266,855	266,855					
Other financing sources (uses)								
Refund of prior year expenditures	-	2,000	2,000					
Total other financing sources (uses)		2,000	2,000					
Net change in fund balances	(122,008)	268,855	268,855	-				
Prior year encumbrances	187,756	187,756	187,756	-				
Fund balances, beginning of year	1,046,664	1,046,664	1,046,664					
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 1,112,412	\$ 1,503,275	\$ 1,503,275	<u>\$ -</u>				

#### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET (NON-GAAP) BASIS AND ACTUAL

		Self Insurance Fund							
	Budgeted	Budgeted Amounts							
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)					
Revenue									
Charges for services	\$ 11,380,169	\$ 11,479,064	\$ 11,479,064	\$	-				
Total revenues	11,380,169	11,479,064	11,479,064		-				
Expenses									
Claims	11,828,904	11,772,511	11,772,511		-				
Total expenses	11,828,904	11,772,511	11,772,511		-				
Net change in fund balances	(448,735)	(293,447)	(293,447)		-				
Prior year encumbrances	96,226	96,226	96,226		-				
Fund balances, beginning of year	3,981,321	3,981,321	3,981,321		-				
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 3,628,812	\$ 3,784,100	\$ 3,784,100	\$	-				

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### STATISTICAL SECTION

# This part of the Strongsville City School District's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures and required supplementary information says about the District's overall financial health.

### Contents

### **Financial Trends**

**Revenue Capacity** 

performance and well-being have changed over time.

These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the affordability of the District's most significant local revenue source, the property tax.

These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the District's financial

### **Debt Capacity**

These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the District's current levels of outstanding debt and the District's ability to issue additional debt in the future.

### Demographic and Economic Information

These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the District's financial activities take place.

### **Operating Information**

These schedules contain service data to help the reader understand how the information in the District's financial report relates to the services the District provides and the activities it performs.

**Sources:** Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the audited financial statements for the relevant year.

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### NET POSITION BY COMPONENT

### LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

	2021	2020	2019 (5)	2018 (4)
Governmental activities				
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 24,805,090	\$ 24,866,579	25,555,610	\$ 27,110,811
Restricted	13,157,504	12,570,817	12,344,340	8,011,007
Unrestricted	(40,326,480)	(49,151,236)	(47,596,550)	(59,590,279)
Total primary government net position	\$ (2,363,886)	\$ (11,713,840)	\$ (9,696,600)	\$ (24,468,461)

Source: School District financial records.

(1) 2014 has been restated due to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 68.

(2) 2016 has been restated due to a prior period adjustment to capital assets.

(3) 2017 has been restated due to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 75.

(4) 2018 has been restated due to a prior period adjustment to capital assets.

(5) 2019 has been restated due to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 84.

 2017 (3).	 2016 (2)	 2015	2014 (1)	 2013	 2012
\$ 23,948,395	\$ 36,326,973	\$ 34,020,381	\$ 29,898,101	\$ 28,435,630	\$ 28,661,439
7,156,796	7,649,482	6,428,992	7,348,059	8,949,334	6,520,668
(99,310,531)	(77,110,155)	(90,560,575)	(92,541,777)	3,042,722	(220,366)
\$ (68,205,340)	\$ (33,133,700)	\$ (50,111,202)	\$ (55,295,617)	\$ 40,427,686	\$ 34,961,741

### EXPENSES, PROGRAM REVENUES AND NET (EXPENSES) REVENUES

### LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

	2021	2020	2019	2018 (1)	
Expenses					
Governmental activities:					
Instruction					
Regular	\$ 35,468,420	\$ 34,176,270	\$ 25,888,731	\$ 7,439,886	
Special	14,421,755	13,767,294	10,985,187	6,455,427	
Vocational	931,806	980,373	635,869	354,282	
Adult/continuing	-	-	-	-	
Other instruction	148,101	2,065	92,809	50,028	
Supporting services					
Pupil	5,801,694	5,498,375	4,693,929	2,490,521	
Instructional staff	3,020,097	2,642,686	2,275,496	2,065,626	
Board of education	33,218	28,358	28,855	25,919	
Administration	4,650,731	4,657,362	3,752,173	2,163,896	
Fiscal services	1,975,734	1,995,832	1,912,747	1,728,697	
Business	333,673	491,331	511,742	529,079	
Operation and maintenance	7,393,942	7,897,293	8,373,941	6,414,542	
Pupil transportation	4,484,484	5,021,481	5,210,164	4,581,154	
Central services	2,240,879	1,936,105	2,390,298	1,553,092	
Operation of non-instructional	, -,	,,	,,	, ,	
Food service operation	2,339,877	2,069,352	2,028,587	1,821,356	
Community services	630,014	591,635	682,240	568,670	
Other non-instructional services	320,678	53,125	-	9,712	
Extracurricular activities	1,243,778	1,830,988	1,595,032	1,172,035	
Interest and fiscal charges	2,803,903	2,737,670	2,826,470	2,882,133	
Total primary government expenses	88,242,784	86,377,595	73,884,270	42,306,055	
Program revenues			,		
Governmental activities:					
Charges for services and sales					
Instruction	1,133,609	1,553,716	1,792,540	1,716,454	
Supporting services	31,864	26,332	16,240	10,280	
Food service	100,496	949,103	1,129,516	1,188,672	
Community services	-	-	-	-	
Other non-instructional services	-	-	-	-	
Extracurricular activities	490,534	577,528	566,967	776,464	
Operating grants, interest					
and contributions	5,478,945	3,517,794	3,914,637	3,067,667	
Capital grants and contributions	76,406	142,231	195,706	154,793	
Total primary government program revenues	7,311,854	6,766,704	7,615,606	6,914,330	
Net (expense) revenue					
Total primary government net expense	\$ (80,930,930)	\$ (79,610,891)	\$ (66,268,664)	\$ (35,391,725)	

Source: School District financial records.

(1) The decrease in expenses in 2018 is due to net negative expense of \$30,270,435 related to the effects of GASB 68 and GASB 75.

 2017	2016	2015	 2014	 2013 2		2012
\$ 42,917,197 11,000,176 750,167	\$ 29,420,756 10,605,450 556,455	\$ 26,947,220 9,413,173 474,334	\$ 30,891,909 10,009,311 434,305	\$ 31,906,820 4,961,052 561,456	\$	35,973,496 5,591,707 301,853
- 52,787	- 33,532	- 117,156	- 57,447	- 32,501		- 60,166
5,133,057 3,188,660	5,194,604 3,129,567	5,070,679 2,927,523	4,967,244 2,467,718	2,795,803 3,644,085		2,849,267 3,635,697
30,023 4,401,496 1,813,151	30,998 4,395,090 1,488,167	30,812 4,611,018 1,602,771	35,585 4,729,847 1,956,243	36,366 3,152,006 4,718,649		24,073 2,710,461 6,414,832
646,450 6,486,061	704,418 7,918,626	566,078 7,496,974	692,588 8,270,970	1,047,659 9,690,529		469,688 6,808,831
2,902,341 2,178,915	4,709,998 1,504,052	4,308,928 1,399,260	4,722,938 1,333,854	3,627,758 1,541,043		3,933,960 633,707
1,528,497 673,440	1,767,925 629,041	1,655,077 591,274	1,798,500 544,602	1,703,814 547,048		1,717,290 502,180
55,811 863,619	981,433 1,585,027	24,682 1,616,007	552,197 1,365,404	- 765,989		- 528,523
 3,101,502 87,723,350	 3,183,109 77,838,248	 3,358,588 72,211,554	 4,204,919 79,035,581	 1,506,414 72,238,992		658,114 72,813,845
1,314,815 5,615	1,135,618 -	1,194,580 59,246	917,439 81,853	1,116,216 91,570		1,310,543 83,400
1,054,893 -	990,699 -	939,940 -	921,889 3,971	957,002 4,059		1,202,627 4,687
- 876,693	- 730,179	298 667,393	- 464,680	- 557,687		- 221,908
- 3,145,712 175,333	- 3,320,522 -	3,226,892 -	3,245,084 -	2,956,465 -		3,360,987 -
 6,573,061	 6,177,018	 6,088,349	 5,634,916	 5,682,999		6,184,152
\$ (81,150,289)	\$ (71,661,230)	\$ (66,123,205)	\$ (73,400,665)	\$ (66,555,993)	\$	(66,629,693)

### GENERAL REVENUES AND TOTAL CHANGE IN NET POSITION

### LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

	2021	2020	2019	2018
Net (expense) revenue Total primary government net expense	\$ (80,930,930)	\$ (79,610,891)	\$ (66,268,664)	\$ (35,391,725)
General revenues and other				
changes in net position				
Governmental activities:				
Property taxes levied for:				
General purposes	63,134,059	51,683,222	53,294,209	49,962,082
Debt service	4,131,970	3,740,111	4,324,556	3,791,427
Capital improvements	1,090,920	938,600	1,103,207	1,035,551
Grants and entitlements not				
restricted to specific purposes	16,870,596	16,140,520	17,340,342	18,326,328
Payments in lieu of taxes	4,256,649	3,950,804	3,605,768	2,736,464
Investment earnings	410,217	849,885	877,134	523,123
Miscellaneous	386,473	290,509	308,217	246,966
Total primary government	90,280,884	77,593,651	80,853,433	76,621,941
Change in net position				
Total primary government	\$ 9,349,954	\$ (2,017,240)	\$ 14,584,769	\$ 41,230,216

Source: School District financial records.

2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012
\$ (81,150,289)	\$ (71,661,230)	\$ (66,123,205)	\$ (73,400,665)	\$ (66,555,993)	\$ (66,629,693)
43,725,622	58,615,225	43,358,643	51,746,848	45,602,498	48,655,796
3,297,102	4,529,756	3,270,323	3,865,747	3,231,023	2,951,675
898,429	1,242,153	903,471	1,094,293	946,743	1,037,544
19,664,762	20,205,928	20,515,068	20,091,670	19,959,675	21,631,697
2,107,444	2,113,540	2,936,033	2,019,295	2,037,264	-
187,434	216,918	109,454	97,236	23,557	1,043
450,586	456,521	214,628	214,127	221,177	1,093,336
70,331,379	87,380,041	71,307,620	79,129,216	72,021,937	75,371,091
\$ (10,818,910)	\$ 15,718,811	\$ 5,184,415	\$ 5,728,551	\$ 5,465,944	\$ 8,741,398

### FUND BALANCES – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

### LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (MODIFIED ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

	2021	2020	2019 (1)	2018
General Fund				
Committed	\$ 144,073	\$ 212,000	\$ 500,204	\$-
Assigned	1,824,308	1,782,272	1,358,950	7,620,114
Unassigned	48,154,514	36,735,378	34,403,346	24,196,319
Total General Fund	\$50,122,895	\$38,729,650	\$36,262,500	\$31,816,433

Other governmental funds				
Restricted	8,323,616	8,089,658	7,892,900	8,118,907
Unassigned	(557,897)	(297,248)	(234,764)	(303,980)
Total other governmental funds	\$ 7,765,719	\$ 7,792,410	\$ 7,658,136	\$ 7,814,927

Source: School District financial records.

(1) 2019 has been restated due to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 84.

2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012
\$ 148,622	\$ 500,336	\$ 816,929	\$ 1,356,545	\$ 1,517,000	\$-
4,324,114	1,188,057	833,291	836,567	636,432	648,693
22,453,164	26,603,118	10,494,078	10,054,234	2,814,798	1,904,170
\$26,925,900	\$28,291,511	\$12,144,298	\$ 12,247,346	\$ 4,968,230	\$ 2,552,863

9,542,951	\$23,246,685	\$ 59,534,620	\$82,591,595	\$89,858,366	\$ 6,300,595
(207,171)	(175,858)	(11,781)	(1,809)	(11,610)	(85,285)
\$ 9,335,780	\$23,070,827	\$ 59,522,839	\$82,589,786	\$89,846,756	\$ 6,215,310

### STRONGSVILLE CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS REVENUE BY SOURCE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (MODIFIED ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

	2021	2020	2019	2018	
Taxes	\$ 67,051,249	\$ 55,408,033	\$ 58,421,472	\$ 55,194,360	
Payment in lieu of taxes	4,256,649	3,950,804	3,605,768	2,736,464	
Tuition and fees	1,147,544	1,469,083	1,520,365	1,465,895	
Interest	410,217	849,885	877,134	523,123	
Intergovernmental	22,320,317	19,633,189	21,032,395	21,495,842	
Extracurricular	485,412	589,202	713,086	730,257	
Charges for services	100,060	931,592	1,106,383	1,085,323	
Contributions and other (1)	211,037	231,681	-	-	
Other	275,379	330,784	655,338	657,361	
Total	\$ 96,257,864	\$ 83,394,253	\$ 87,931,941	\$ 83,888,625	

(1) Previously included in Other.

Source: School District Financial Records, Total Governmental Funds.

2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012
\$ 47,656,853	\$ 66,145,834	\$ 47,119,137	\$ 57,120,188	\$ 50,160,964	\$ 52,782,115
2,107,444	2,113,540	2,936,033	2,019,295	2,037,264	-
1,161,073	1,000,564	996,652	741,024	964,944	1,087,129
187,434	216,918	109,454	97,236	23,557	1,043
22,968,862	23,526,450	23,741,960	23,336,754	22,916,140	24,992,684
825,934	709,706	702,822	526,138	614,304	723,247
1,037,386	980,482	933,528	913,481	948,649	1,181,906
-	-	-	-	-	-
678,209	622,265	443,083	423,316	396,775	896,432
\$ 76,623,195	\$ 95,315,759	\$ 76,982,669	\$ 85,177,432	\$ 78,062,597	\$ 81,664,556

### GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS EXPENDITURES AND DEBT SERVICE RATIO

### LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (MODIFIED ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

	2021		2020		2019		2018
Expenditures							
Instruction	\$	45,321,670	\$ 43,157,436	\$	43,137,262	\$	40,735,762
Pupil supporting services		5,498,807	5,142,134		5,385,050		5,102,615
Instructional support		2,959,566	2,432,541		2,479,725		2,831,764
Board of education and							
administration		4,418,462	4,396,932		4,414,854		4,268,345
Fiscal and business services		2,313,605	2,356,175		2,550,237		2,402,203
Operation and maintenance		7,632,873	7,470,358		7,821,381		7,352,743
Pupil transportation		4,041,774	4,612,690		4,773,047		4,702,958
Central services		2,228,393	1,782,046		2,516,670		1,758,272
Food service operation		2,303,585	1,872,565		2,039,345		1,972,754
Community and other							
non-instructional services		942,711	625,094		668,515		634,568
Extracurricular activities		1,545,173	1,617,752		1,655,007		1,678,941
Capital outlay		83,464	456,600		1,687,648		519,555
Debt service							
Principal		3,953,428	2,043,839		1,965,275		2,137,221
Interest		2,118,237	 2,856,127		2,946,227		3,009,137
Total expenditures	\$	85,361,748	\$ 80,822,289	\$	84,040,243	\$	79,106,838
Debt service as a percentage of							
noncapital expenditures		7.18%	 6.12%		6.00%		6.58%

Source: School District Financial Records, Total Governmental Funds.

2017	 2016	 2015	 2014	 2013	 2012
\$ 39,369,664 4,891,711	\$ 39,631,414 5,080,733	\$ 39,444,910 5,231,940	\$ 40,161,670 4,903,441	\$ 38,429,376 2,754,673	\$ 42,227,744 2,744,074
3,024,104	2,999,061	3,114,924	2,525,001	3,620,194	3,515,085
4,391,812	4,470,553	4,724,903	4,531,282	3,155,683	2,776,466
2,438,028	2,148,157	2,207,594	2,564,056	5,705,379	6,880,315
7,626,959	7,640,805	7,907,375	7,894,367	9,446,872	6,764,477
4,832,963	4,758,742	6,571,132	4,790,992	3,695,209	3,476,409
2,166,731	1,420,016	1,458,942	1,346,721	1,563,117	679,145
1,950,987	1,739,487	1,712,036	1,777,719	1,671,743	1,712,480
964,689	1,320,148	590,968	1,053,992	541,122	489,112
1,609,833	1,533,556	1,606,327	1,271,803	684,369	448,823
13,610,950	37,780,461	20,230,684	5,196,362	740,527	-
1,873,554	1,834,604	2,021,284	2,681,901	3,506,148	3,479,680
 3,215,055	 3,298,364	3,565,774	 4,484,964	 1,103,114	 677,014
\$ 91,967,040	\$ 115,656,101	\$ 100,388,793	\$ 85,184,271	\$ 76,617,526	\$ 75,870,824
 5.90%	 6.65%	 5.92%	 8.66%	 6.06%	 5.52%

## OTHER FINANCING SOURCES AND (USES) AND NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

## LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (MODIFIED BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

	2021	2020	2019	2018
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	\$ 10,896,116	\$ 2,571,964	\$ 3,891,698	\$ 4,781,787
Other financing sources (uses)				
Transfers in	596,342	416,398	449,482	-
General obligation bonds issued	-	-	-	-
Refunding bonds issued	53,340,000	-	-	8,830,000
Premium on debt issue	5,719,360	-	-	951,729
Payment to escrow agent	(58,627,590)	-	-	(11,258,992)
Transfers out	(596,342)	(416,398)	(449,482)	-
Proceeds from sale of assets	38,668	29,460	52,447	65,156
Capital lease	-	-	158,039	-
Total other financing sources (uses)	470,438	29,460	210,486	(1,412,107)
Net change in fund balances	\$ 11,366,554	\$ 2,601,424	\$ 4,102,184	\$ 3,369,680

Source: School District Financial Records, Total Governmental Funds.

2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012
\$ (15,343,845)	\$ (20,340,342)	\$ (23,406,124)	\$ (6,839)	\$ 1,445,071	\$ 5,793,732
259,890	-	210,000	250,276	422,250	76,239
-	-	- 3,940,000	-	81,000,000	-
-	-	71,592 (3,865,000)	-	3,578,702 -	-
(259,890) 243,187	- 35,543	(224,120) -	(250,276) 28,985	(422,250) 23,040	(76,239) 27,787
- 243,187	- 35,543	103,657 26,129	- (221,291)	- 84,179,492	- (48,452)
\$ (15,100,658)	\$ (20,304,799)	\$ (23,379,995)	\$ (228,130)	\$ 85,624,563	\$ 5,745,280

### STRONGSVILLE CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT ASSESSED AND ESTIMATED ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	Real Property			Public Utility Property		
		Assessed	Estimated	Assessed	Estimated	
Year		Value	Actual Value (1)	Value	Actual Value (1)	
2021	\$	1,614,255,670	\$ 4,612,159,057	\$ 49,168,210	\$ 55,872,966	
2020		1,580,411,000	4,515,460,000	44,926,630	51,052,989	
2019		1,584,790,880	4,527,973,943	40,943,650	46,526,875	
2018		1,457,081,090	4,163,088,829	38,919,200	44,226,364	
2017		1,430,122,710	4,086,064,886	36,099,090	41,021,693	
2016		1,412,554,890	4,035,871,114	34,026,660	38,666,659	
2015		1,384,407,350	3,955,449,571	33,230,900	37,762,386	
2014		1,384,766,260	3,956,475,029	31,584,330	35,891,284	
2013		1,375,479,320	3,929,940,914	28,735,200	32,653,636	
2012		1,422,225,140	4,063,500,400	26,473,020	30,082,977	

Source: Cuyahoga County Fiscal Officer - Data is presented on a calendar year basis because that is the manner in which the information is maintained by the Cuyahoga County Fiscal Officer.

 This amount is calculated based on the following percentages: Real estate is assessed at 35 percent of actual value.

Public utility personal property is assessed at varying rates of actual value.

Tangible personal property, including inventory was eliminated in calendar year 2010.

Tota	Assessed			
 Assessed	Estimated	Estimated Value		
 Value	Actual Value	Ratio	Tax Rate	
\$ 1,663,423,880	\$ 4,668,032,023	35.6%	87.48	
1,625,337,630	4,566,512,989	35.6%	87.68	
1,625,734,530	4,574,500,818	35.5%	81.78	
1,496,000,290	4,207,315,193	35.6%	81.78	
1,466,221,800	4,127,086,579	35.5%	81.78	
1,446,581,550	4,074,537,773	35.5%	81.78	
1,417,638,250	3,993,211,957	35.5%	81.68	
1,416,350,590	3,992,366,313	35.5%	81.68	
1,404,214,520	3,962,594,550	35.4%	80.98	
1,448,698,160	4,093,583,377	35.4%	81.30	

### STRONGSVILLE CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT PROPERTY TAX RATES – DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTS (PER \$ 1,000 ASSESSED VALUATION) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

		School	District					Total Direct and
			Bond	Total Direct		Vocational		Overlapping
Year	General	Improvements	Retirement	Tax Rate	County	School	City	Governments
2020	83.68	1.00	2.80	87.48	26.13	3.09	9.30	126.00
2019	83.68	1.00	3.00	87.68	22.88	3.09	9.30	122.95
2018	77.78	1.00	3.00	81.78	22.43	3.09	9.30	116.60
2017	77.78	1.00	3.00	81.78	23.43	3.09	9.30	117.60
2016	77.78	1.00	3.00	81.78	23.43	2.40	9.30	116.91
2015	77.78	1.00	3.00	81.78	23.43	2.40	9.30	116.91
2014	77.78	1.00	3.00	81.78	23.43	2.40	9.80	117.41
2013	77.78	1.00	2.90	81.68	22.53	2.40	9.80	116.41
2012	77.78	1.00	2.90	81.68	20.80	2.40	9.90	114.78
2011	77.78	1.00	2.20	80.98	20.80	2.40	9.90	114.08

Source: Cuyahoga County Fiscal Officer - Data is presented on a calendar year basis because that is the manner in which the information is maintained by the County Fiscal Officer.

### STRONGSVILLE CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT PRINCIPAL TAXPAYERS – REAL ESTATE TAX AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2020 AND DECEMBER 31, 2011

		Percent
	Assessed	of Total
Name of Taxpayer	Value	Assessed Value
Southpark Mall, LLC.	\$ 63,653,320	3.83%
Cleveland Electric Illuminating Company	28,850,190	1.73%
Greens of Strongsville, LTD.	9,969,620	0.60%
American Transmission Fund	9,717,640	0.58%
Vam, LTD.	9,459,720	0.57%
Altenheim Properties, Inc.	9,225,480	0.55%
Cherry Street Village	8,800,930	0.53%
Chestnut Lake Apartments	8,235,710	0.50%
Polo Club Apartments, LLC.	7,304,290	0.44%
AIC Income Dund 1300 Darice LLC.	6,715,390	0.40%
	\$ 161,932,290	9.73%
Total Value in the District	\$1,663,423,880	

December 31, 2011 (1)					
		Percent			
	Assessed	of Total			
Name of Taxpayer	Value	Assessed Value			
Southpark Mall, LLC.	\$ 65,745,630	4.54%			
Cleveland Electric Illuminating Company	20,722,740	1.43%			
Vam, LTD.	12,512,750	0.86%			
Firstcal Industrial 2 Acquisition	11,704,760	0.81%			
Greens of Strongsville, LTD.	8,858,510	0.61%			
Cherry Street Village	7,972,310	0.55%			
Polo Club Apartments, LLC.	7,275,880	0.50%			
Chestnut Lake Apartments	6,627,620	0.46%			
Wal-mart Real Estate	5,915,560	0.41%			
Ohio Commerce Center Investments	5,250,000	0.36%			
	\$ 152,585,760	10.53%			
Total Value in the District	\$1,448,698,160				

Source: Cuyahoga County Fiscal Officer.

(1) Data is presented for the calendar year ending within the School District's fiscal year,

as that is the manner in which the information is maintained by the Cuyahoga County Fiscal Officer.

### STRONGSVILLE CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS (1) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Collection Year (2)	Current Taxes Levy	Delinquent Taxes Levy	Total Taxes Levy	Current Tax Collections
2020	\$79,217,865	\$ 1,977,819	\$ 81,195,684	\$76,622,683
2019	67,633,240	1,686,719	69,319,959	66,243,938
2018	66,851,919	1,961,019	68,812,938	62,091,582
2017	65,009,249	1,578,127	66,587,376	63,071,499
2016	64,272,326	1,900,192	66,172,518	62,666,267
2015	63,242,634	1,871,487	65,114,121	61,104,297
2014	62,925,274	1,904,261	64,829,535	60,310,953
2013	62,238,408	2,229,808	64,468,216	60,613,369
2012	60,647,821	2,687,850	63,335,671	56,611,850
2011	60,402,858	2,776,866	63,179,724	57,759,992

- Source: Cuyahoga County Fiscal Officer Data is presented on a calendar year basis because that is the manner in which the information is maintained by the Cuyahoga County Fiscal Officer.
- (1) Includes Homestead/Rollback taxes assessed locally, but distributed through the State and reported as Intergovernmental Revenue.
- (2) Represents collection year.

Percent of Current Levy Collected	Delinquent Tax Collections	Total Tax Collections	Total Collection as a Percent of Current Levy
96.7%	\$ 997,017	\$77,619,700	98.0%
97.9%	1,306,580	67,550,518	99.9%
92.9%	1,420,774	63,512,356	95.0%
97.0%	1,027,709	64,099,208	98.6%
97.5%	1,121,145	63,787,412	99.2%
96.6%	1,084,686	62,188,983	98.3%
95.8%	1,499,788	61,810,741	98.2%
97.4%	1,673,529	62,286,898	100.1%
93.3%	1,515,133	58,126,983	95.8%
95.6%	1,332,007	59,091,999	97.8%

### OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE NET BONDED DEBT PER CAPITA AND AVERAGE DAILY ENROLLMENT

### LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Year	General Obligation Bonded Debt (1)	Certificates of Participation	Capital Leases	Total Primary Government	Amount Available in Debt Service Fund (2)	Net Bonded Debt
2021	\$ 69,553,948	\$ 3,000,000	\$ 73,150	\$ 72,627,098	\$ 4,951,379	\$ 67,675,719
2020	74,919,909	3,170,000	104,435	78,194,344	5,314,003	72,880,341
2019	76,972,303	3,330,000	134,256	80,436,559	5,218,163	75,218,396
2018	78,952,171	3,490,000	-	82,442,171	4,558,701	77,883,470
2017	81,677,778	3,645,000	-	85,322,778	5,896,388	79,426,390
2016	83,508,187	3,800,000	-	87,308,187	6,464,957	80,843,230
2015	85,314,648	3,940,000	-	89,254,648	5,293,759	83,960,889
2014	87,256,194	3,985,000	-	91,241,194	5,919,210	85,321,984
2013	89,758,206	4,273,334	-	94,031,540	7,995,307	86,036,233
2012	8,280,930	4,556,667	121,389	12,958,986	4,297,742	8,661,244

Source:

(1) School District Financial Records.

(2) Represents the fund balance of the Bond Retirement Fund. Portion specific to principal and interest cannot be determined. Entire balance may be applied to principal.

(3) See Schedule S-16 for estimated actual value of taxable property.

(4) See Schedule S-27 for personal income, population, and ADM data. These ratios are calculated using data for the prior calendar year.

	Total De	bt			Net Bonded	Net Bonded Debt			
Percentage of Estimated Actual Value (3)	Percentage of Personal Income (4)	Per Capita (4)	Per A DM (4)	Percentage of Estimated Actual Value (3)	Percentage of Personal Income (4)	Per Capita (4)	Per ADM (4)		
1.56%	4.71%	\$ 1,634	\$ 13,358	1.45%	4.39%	\$ 1,523	\$ 12,447		
1.89%	5.04%	1,747	14,016	1.77%	4.70%	1,629	13,063		
1.97%	5.18%	1,797	14,627	1.85%	4.85%	1,681	13,679		
2.06%	5.31%	1,842	15,050	1.95%	5.02%	1,740	14,218		
2.14%	5.50%	1,907	14,422	1.99%	5.12%	1,775	13,426		
2.20%	5.63%	1,951	14,064	2.04%	5.21%	1,807	13,022		
2.18%	5.75%	1,995	13,666	2.05%	5.41%	1,876	12,856		
2.23%	5.88%	2,039	13,493	2.08%	5.50%	1,907	12,618		
2.32%	6.06%	2,101	13,598	2.12%	5.55%	1,923	12,442		
0.29%	0.99%	295	1,864	0.19%	0.66%	197	1,246		

### STRONGSVILLE CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT LEGAL DEBT MARGIN LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

		2021		2020		2019		2018
Assessed Valuation	\$1	,663,423,880	\$1	,625,337,630	\$1	,625,337,630	\$1	,496,000,290
Delation								
Debt Limit -		140 700 140		440 000 007		140 000 007		124 640 026
9% of Assessed Value (1)		149,708,149		146,280,387		146,280,387		134,640,026
Debt Applicable to Debt Limit:								
Various Purpose Bonds, Series 1994, Refunded 2004		-		-		-		-
Various Purpose Bonds, Series 1996		-		-		-		-
Various Purpose Bonds, Series 2005		805,000		845,000		880,000		915,000
Energy Conservation Improvement Bonds, Series 2006		-		-		-		-
Energy Conservation Improvement Bonds, Series 2008		946,621		1,233,764		1,507,782		1,769,274
School Improvement Bonds, Series 2013		-		60,405,000		61,950,000		63,435,000
Refunding bonds, 2017		8,830,000		8,830,000		8,830,000		8,830,000
Refunding bonds, 2020		52,805,000		-,		-,,		-
Amount Available in Debt								
Service Fund		(4,951,379)		(5,314,003)		(5,218,163)		(4,558,701)
Total		58,435,242		65,999,761		67,949,619		70,390,573
					_			
Overall Debt Margin	\$	91,272,907	\$	80,280,626	\$	78,330,768	\$	64,249,453
Total debt applicable to								
debt limit as a percentage								
of debt limit		42.34%		48.75%		50.02%		55.67%
		42.0470		40.7070		50.0270		33.07 /0
Overall Limit -								
.10% of Assessed Value (1)	\$	1,663,424	\$	1,625,338	\$	1,625,338	\$	1,496,000
Amount of Debt Applicable		805,000		845,000		880,000		915,000
Unvoted Debt Margin	\$	858,424	\$	780,338	\$	745,338	\$	581,000
Unvoted debt applicable to								
debt limit as a percentage of unvoted debt limit		48.394%		51.989%		54.143%		61.163%
		40.394%		51.909%		04.143%		01.103%

Source: Cuyahoga County Fiscal Officer and School District Financial Records.

(a) Represent the amount of General Obligation Bonds exempt from the 9% Debit Limits as allow ed under Section 133.06(I) of the Ohio Revised Code.

\$1	2017	\$1,	2016 ,446,581,550	\$1	2015 ,417,638,250	\$1	2014 ,416,350,590	\$ 1	2013	\$ 2012 1,448,698,160
	131,959,962		130,192,340		127,587,443		127,471,553		126,379,307	 130,382,834
	-		-		-		265,000		520,000	760,000
	-		-		-		-		-	2,530,000
	950,000		985,000		1,015,000		1,045,000		1,075,000	1,105,000
	272,682		343,103		410,459		474,883		536,503	595,441
	2,018,813		2,256,947		2,484,194		2,701,054		2,908,001	3,105,489
	75,230,000		76,605,000		77,925,000		79,205,000		81,000,000	-
	-		-		-		-		-	-
	-		-		-		-		-	-
	(5,896,388)		(6,464,957)		(5,293,759)		(5,919,210)		(7,995,307)	(4,297,742)
	72,575,107		73,725,093		76,540,894		77,771,727		78,044,197	 3,798,188
\$	59,384,855	\$	56,467,247	\$	51,046,549	\$	49,699,826	\$	48,335,110	\$ 126,584,646
	59.47%		61.59%		64.14%		65.65%		68.08%	6.21%
	59.47%		01.59%		04.14%		05.05%		00.00%	 0.21%
\$	1,466,222	\$	1,446,582	\$	1,417,638	\$	1,416,351	\$	1,404,215	\$ 1,448,698
	950,000		985,000		1,015,000		1,045,000		1,075,000	 1,105,000
\$	516,222	\$	461,582	\$	402,638	\$	371,351	\$	329,215	\$ 343,698
								<u> </u>		
	64.792%		68.092%		71.598%		73.781%		76.555%	76.275%

### STRONGSVILLE CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT COMPUTATION OF DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GENERAL OBLIGATION DEBT AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2020

Jurisdiction	Debt Outstanding	Percentage Applicable to School District (1)	Amount Applicable to School District		
Direct Debt:					
Strongsville City School District					
General obligation bonds	\$ 69,553,948	100.00%	\$ 69,553,948		
Refunding certificates of participation	3,000,000	100.00%	3,000,000		
Capital leases	73,150	100.00%	73,150		
Total direct	72,627,098		72,627,098		
Underlying Debt:					
City of Strongsville	42,312,810	100.00%	42,312,810		
Cuyahoga County	245,120,000	5.87%	14,388,544		
Cuyahoga County Community College	207,010,000	5.87%	12,151,487		
Total overlapping	494,442,810		68,852,841		
Total	\$ 567,069,908		\$ 141,479,939		

Source: Cuyahoga County Fiscal Officer - Data is presented on a calendar year basis because that is the manner in which the information is maintained by the Cuyahoga County Fiscal Officer.

(1) Percentages were determined by dividing each overlapping political subdivision's assessed valuation within boundaries of the School District by the total assessed valuation of the subdivision.

### STRONGSVILLE CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS LAST TEN YEARS

Year	Strongsville City Population (1)	er Capita come (2)	 Personal Income	Student Enrollment Grades PreK-12 (3)	Cuyahoga County Unemployment Rate (4)
2021	44,436	\$ 34,668	\$ 1,540,507,248	5,437	8.3%
2020	44,750	34,668	1,551,393,000	5,579	15.2%
2019	44,750	34,668	1,551,393,000	5,499	4.9%
2018	44,750	34,668	1,551,393,000	5,478	6.4%
2017	44,750	34,668	1,551,393,000	5,486	6.8%
2016	44,750	34,668	1,551,393,000	5,460	5.3%
2015	44,750	34,668	1,551,393,000	5,635	4.0%
2014	44,750	34,668	1,551,393,000	5,916	6.0%
2013	44,750	34,668	1,551,393,000	6,208	7.2%
2012	44,750	34,668	1,551,393,000	6,531	6.6%

#### Source:

- (1) The City of Strongsville
- (2) Per Capita information from U.S. Census Bureau.
- (3) Ohio Department of Education Enrollment Data, (October Count).
- (4) Bureau of Labor Statistics

### STRONGSVILLE CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2020 AND DECEMBER 31, 2011

		Percent of Total City Income
Name of Employer	Nature of Activity	Taxes Paid
Strongsville Board of Education	Education	2.34%
PNC Bank (formerly National City Bank)	Banking Technology Center	2.27%
The Cleveland Clinic Foundation	Outpatient Medical Facility	2.01%
Medical Mutual of Ohio	Healthcare Solutions	1.76%
Union Home Mortgage	Mortgage Lender	1.59%
City of Strongsville	Municipal Government	1.58%
Foundation Softw are	Construction Software Developer	1.32%
Sw agelok Hy-Level Manufacturing	Precision Machine Parts	1.01%
Cintas Corp.	Employee Uniform Services	0.90%
Lamrite West, Inc.	Art Supplies Distributor	0.80%
Total		15.58%

#### December 31, 2011

		Percent of
		Total City Income
Name of Employer	Nature of Activity	Taxes Paid
Strongsville Board of Education	Education	3.21%
Akzo Nobel Paints, LLC.	U.S. Corporate Headquarters - Paint	2.74%
Medical Mutual of Ohio	Healthcare Solutions	2.21%
National City Bank (now PNC Bank)	Banking Technology Center	1.98%
City of Strongsville	Municipal Government	1.59%
Lamrite West, Inc.	Corporate Headquarter - Art Supplies	1.48%
The Cleveland Clinic Foundation	Outpatient Medical Facility	1.30%
Momentive Performance Material	Producer of Advanced Ceramics	1.05%
PPG Industries, Inc.	Pow der and Paint Products	0.93%
Swagelok Hy-Level Manufacturing	Precision Machine Parts	0.91%
Total		17.40%

Source of information - Regional Income Tax Agency based on payroll taxes withheld.

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### STRONGSVILLE CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT DISTRICT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2021	2020	2019	2018
Administration:	26.00	26.00	25.00	25.00
Instructional:				
Regular Teaching	270.40	268.30	268.10	262.90
Special Education	58.50	56.50	55.10	52.00
Gifted Education	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00
Title I Teachers	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00
Others	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.50
Teachers (All)	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Other Professional:				
Counseling	12.00	11.00	12.00	12.00
Nurses	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Psychologist	6.63	6.63	6.64	6.64
Speech therapist	9.00	9.00	9.00	9.00
Support Staff:				
Clerical	40.00	41.00	42.00	43.00
Teacher Aides / Monitors	109.00	109.00	109.50	107.00
Maintenance/Grounds	10.00	8.00	8.00	8.00
Custodial	48.00	45.50	46.00	46.00
Transportation	64.25	72.50	75.00	74.00
Food Service	37.00	38.00	38.00	37.00
Media Specialist	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00
Media Aides	9.00	9.00	9.00	9.00
Other	16.00	14.00	14.00	10.00
Support Staff (All)	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Total	728.78	727.43	730.34	715.04

Source: School District financial records.

2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012
26.00	30.00	31.00	32.00	30.00	30.00
261.80	266.40	276.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
50.00	50.00	50.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
5.00	5.00	4.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
4.00	4.00	6.00	5.00	0.00	0.00
0.50	0.50	0.50	0.00	0.00	0.00
0.00	0.00	0.00	336.00	349.00	350.00
12.00	12.00	13.00	12.00	12.00	14.00
1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
6.64	6.64	6.64	6.64	6.64	5.64
8.00	8.00	8.00	8.00	8.00	8.00
43.00	46.40	48.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
104.00	109.00	108.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
8.00	9.00	9.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
46.00	46.00	48.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
76.00	74.00	76.00	77.00	78.00	91.00
37.00	39.00	40.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00
9.00	10.00	11.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
8.50	8.00	13.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
0.00	0.00	0.00	278.36	273.36	271.36
709.44	727.94	752.14	759.00	761.00	774.00

### STRONGSVILLE CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT OPERATING STATISTICS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

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				Cost			
Fiscal	PreK-12	Operating		Per	Percentage		
Year	Enrollment (1)	Expenditures (2)		Pupil	Change	Exp	oenses (3) (4)
2021	5,437	\$ 75,606,756	\$	13,906	7.50%	\$	81,839,018
2020	5,579	72,168,564		12,936	-4.50%		80,342,766
2019	5,499	74,488,095		13,546	5.24%		70,762,502
2018	5,478	70,505,704		12,871	(0.06)		36,488,701
2017	5,486	70,654,478		12,879	0.26		82,019,186
2016	5,460	70,140,276		12,846	0.74		72,052,743
2015	5,635	71,856,538		12,752	7.39		66,138,453
2014	5,916	70,245,579		11,874	6.71		72,255,197
2013	6,208	69,077,700		11,127	3.81		68,542,541
2012	6,531	70,003,170		10,719	(4.49)		70,444,771

#### Source: Ohio Department of Education

Notes:

- (1) Ohio Department of Education Enrollment Data, (October Count).
- (2) Operating expenditures are total expenditures for all governmental funds less debt service, capital outlays, and tuition payments to other districts.
- (3) Total Program Expenses for all governmental activities less Interest and Fiscal Charges and tuition payments to other districts.
- (4) The decrease in fiscal year 2018 is due to net negative expense of \$30,270,435 due to the effects of GASB 68 and GASB 75.

 Cost Per Pupil	Percentage Change	Teaching Staff	Pupil- Teacher Ratio	Percentage of Students Economically Disadvantaged
\$ 15,052	4.52%	338	16.1	18.77%
14,401	11.91%	334	16.7	17.83
12,868	93.18%	332	16.6	19.65
6,661	(55.45)	324	16.9	19.65
14,951	13.30	321	17.1	20.01
13,196	12.43	326	16.7	19.29
11,737	(3.91)	337	16.7	19.23
12,214	10.62	341	17.3	18.48
11,041	2.36	349	17.8	18.21
10,786	(6.62)	350	18.7	16.43

### STRONGSVILLE CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT TEACHER BASE SALARIES LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year	Minimum Salary		Maximum Salary				A	District verage alary (1)	tatewide Average salary (1)
2021	\$	41,738	\$	102,087		N/A	N/A (2)		
2020		40,920		100,086	\$	77,733	\$ 65,754		
2019		40,315		98,606		76,235	63,916		
2018		39,916		97,631		75,090	62,353		
2017		39,326		96,187		74,797	60,433		
2016		38,745		94,766		68,409	58,690		
2015		38,361		93,827		67,520	56,748		
2014		38,361		93,827		67,559	57,636		
2013		38,361		93,827		63,338	57,966		
2012		34,779		85,066		64,540	58,120		

Source: Ohio Department of Education

Strongsville Education Association

Notes:

1) Data from Ohio Department of Education Cupp Report.

2) Not published by the Ohio Department of Education as of the time of this report.

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STRONGSVILLE CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHOOL BUILDING INFORMATION

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

School Building	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012
Ablion Middle School (1968) (3)										
Square Feet	0	0	0	0	0	71,428	71,428	71,428	71,428	71,428
Capacity	0	0	0	0	0	850	850	850	850	850
Enrollment	0	0	0	0	0	404	432	467	510	508
Allen Elementary School (1959) (1)										
Square Feet	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Capacity	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Enrollment	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Center Middle School (1908) (3)										
Square Feet	0	0	0	0	0	97,658	97,658	97,658	97,658	97,658
Capacity	0	0	0	0	0	875	875	875	875	875
Enrollment	0	0	0	0	0	463	485	509	527	536
Chapman Elementary School (1971)	(									
Square Feet	41,587	41,587	41,587	41,587	41,587	41,584	41,584	41,584	41,584	41,584
Capacity	700	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	200
Enrollment	369	379	355	310	328	396	375	369	405	429
Drake Elementary School (1974) (3)										
Square Feet	0	0	0	0	0	47,383	47,383	47,383	47,383	47,383
Capacity	0	0	0	0	0	600	600	600	600	600
Enrollment (b)	0	0	0	0	0	403	441	441	430	445
Kinsner Elementary School (1998)										
Square Feet	61,579	61,579	61,579	61,579	61,579	61,579	61,579	61,579	61,579	61,579
Capacity	700	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	200
Enrollment	600	609	548	532	513	569	410	443	490	554
Muraski Elementary School (1956)										
Square Feet	57,675	57,675	57,675	57,675	57,675	57,675	57,675	57,675	57,675	57,675
Capacity	650	650	650	650	650	650	650	650	650	650
Enrollment	511	521	490	473	465	486	412	453	518	537
Strongsville Early Learning Preschool (2005)	100l (2005)									
Square Feet	13,300	13,300	13,300	13,300	13,300	13,300	13,300	13,300	13,300	13,300
Capacity	125	125	125	125	125	125	125	125	125	125
Enrollment	85	110	102	117	108	118	101	106	97	75
									)	(continued)

				(Concluded)						
School Building	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012
Strongsville Middle School (2016)										
Square Feet	192,554	192,554	192,554	192,554	192,554	0	0	0	0	0
Capacity	1,725	1,725	1,725	1,725	1,725	0	0	0	0	0
Enrollment	1,191	1,243	1,279	1,356	1,320	0	0	0	0	0
Strongsville High School (1963)										
	292,321	292,321	292,321	292,321	292,321	292,321	292,321	292,321	292,321	292,321
Capacity	2,700	2,700	2,700	2,700	2,700	2,700	2,700	2,700	2,700	2,700
Enrollment	1,916	1,928	1,963	1,935	2,017	2,021	2,090	2,201	2,267	2,420
Surrarrer Elementary School (1965)										
Square Feet	37,749	37,749	37,749	37,749	37,749	37,749	37,749	37,749	37,749	37,749
Capacity	525	525	525	525	525	525	525	525	525	525
Enrollment	339	357	349	354	345	318	308	321	320	349
Whitney Elementary School (1962)										
Square Feet	40,965	40,965	40,965	40,965	40,965	40,965	40,965	40,965	40,965	40,965
Capacity	575	575	575	575	575	575	575	575	575	575
Enrollment	426	432	413	401	390	282	303	313	334	356
Zellers Elementary School (1966) (2)										
Square Feet	33,563	33,563	33,563	33,563	33,563	33,563	33,563	33,563	33,563	33,563
Capacity	500	500	500	500	500	500	500	500	500	500
Enrollment	0	0	0	0	0	0	278	293	310	322
Administrative (4)										
Buildings	ю	ю	ю	С	e	5	5	5	5	5
Square Feet	24,000	24,000	24,000	24,000	24,000	46,000	46,000	46,000	46,000	46,000
Transportation										
Garages	-	-	-	<del>.</del>	<del>.</del>	-	-	-	-	~
Buses	76	52	81	83	83	83	81	85	88	87
Athletics										
Football Fields	ю	ß	e	e	с	7	2	с	с	с
Soccer Fields	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Running Tracks	ю	ю	ю	ю	ю	ю	ю	ю	ю	ю
Baseball/Softball	2	2	7	7	7	7	7	2	7	7
Tennis Courts	11	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
Playgrounds	5	5	5	5	5	9	7	7	7	7
atrono cido a citorno fai fo como o	and of Educe	tion Tarollano	t Date (Octobe	Connt) and Co	hool District fin					

Source of information - Ohio Department of Education - Enrollment Data (October Count) and School District financial records.

# Notes:

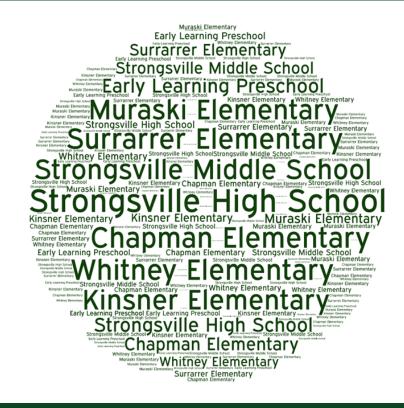
1) Allen Bementary was closed after the 2010 fiscal year and demolished during the 2014 fiscal year.

Zellers Elementary was closed after the 2015 fiscal year and converted to the Administrative Offices during fiscal year 2016.
 Albion Middle School, Center Middle School, and Drake Elementary School were all closed after fiscal year 2016.

Albion Middle School and Center Middle School are scheduled to be demolished during fiscal year 2017. Drake Bementary school was sold at public auction in fiscal year 2017. Strongsville Middle School opened for the 2017 fiscal year.

4) Two Administrative buildings were demolished during fiscal year 2017.

# #WEARESTRONGSVILLE



### STRONGSVILLE CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

DR. CAMERON M. RYBA, SUPERINTENDENT GEORGE K. ANAGNOSTOU, TREASURER

### STRONGSVILLE BOARD OF EDUCATION

RICHARD MICKO, PRESIDENT LAURA WOLFE-HOUSUM, VICE PRESIDENT MICHELLE BISSELL SHERRY BUCKNER-SALLEE JOHN KRUPINSKI

STRONGSVILLE CITY SCHOOLS – 18199 COOK AVENUE – STRONGSVILLE, OH 44136 440.572.7000 – <u>WWW.STRONGNET.ORG</u>

**EXCELLENCE IN ACADEMICS, ARTS, & ATHLETICS** 



### CUYAHOGA COUNTY

### AUDITOR OF STATE OF OHIO CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report, which is required to be filed pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in the Office of the Ohio Auditor of State in Columbus, Ohio.



Certified for Release 1/4/2022

88 East Broad Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215 Phone: 614-466-4514 or 800-282-0370