AUSTINTOWN LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

MAHONING COUNTY, OHIO



Austintown Middle School

ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022



88 East Broad Street Columbus, Ohio 43215 IPAReport@ohioauditor.gov (800) 282-0370

Board of Education Austintown Local School District 700 South Raccoon Road Austintown, Ohio 44515

We have reviewed the *Independent Auditor's Report* of Austintown Local School District, Mahoning County, prepared by Julian & Grube, Inc., for the audit period July 1, 2021 through June 30, 2022. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them.

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. Austintown Local School District is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.

Keith Faber Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

February 14, 2023

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ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT

OF THE

AUSTINTOWN LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

FOR THE

FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

PREPARED BY TREASURER'S DEPARTMENT BLAISE KARLOVIC, TREASURER/CFO

700 S. RACCOON ROAD AUSTINTOWN, OHIO 44515

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ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

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Austintown Local School District



700 South Raccoon Road • Austintown, OH 44515 Phone: 330.797.3900 ext. 1510 www.austintownschools.org

December 27, 2022

Members of the Board of Education and Residents of the Austintown Local School District

The Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) of the Austintown Local School District (the "District") for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022 is hereby submitted. This ACFR includes financial statements and other financial and statistical data and conforms to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as they apply to governmental entities. Responsibility for both the accuracy of the data, and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the District. To the best of our knowledge and belief, the enclosed data is accurate in all material respects and is reported in a manner designed to present fairly the financial position and results of operations of the various funds of the District. All disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain an understanding of the District's financial activities have been included.

Management of the District is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control designed to ensure that the assets of the District are protected from loss, theft or misuse and to ensure that adequate accounting data is compiled to allow for the preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP. Internal controls are designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that these objectives are met. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that: (1) the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived from its implementation; and (2) the valuation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management.

State statute requires an annual audit by independent accountants. The firm of Julian & Grube, Inc. conducted the audit for fiscal year 2022. The audit has been conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, generally accepted government auditing standards, and includes a review of internal controls and test of compliance with Federal and State laws and regulations. The Independent Auditor's Report is included in this ACFR.

As a part of the District's independent audit, tests are made to determine the adequacy of the internal controls, including that portion related to Federal financial assistance programs, as well as to determine that the school district has complied with applicable laws and regulations. The results of the District's independent audit for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, provided no instances of material weaknesses in the internal controls or significant violations of applicable laws and regulations.

This transmittal letter is designed to provide historical information about the District, as well as complement the required Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements. The District's MD&A, which focuses on the government-wide statements, can be found immediately following the Independent Auditor's Report.

Profile of Austintown Local School District

The District ranks as the 85th largest in the State of Ohio among 609 public school districts and is the 2nd largest of the 14 school districts located within Mahoning County in terms of total enrollment. As of the most current school year (2021-2022), 4,173 students were enrolled in the District's four schools (one elementary, one intermediate, one middle and one high school). Approximately 120 District residents attend the Mahoning County Career and Technical Center.

The District employs 217 non-certified staff members and 409 certificated staff members. The certified staff members include 29 administrators and 297 full-time teachers. Of the 297 full-time member teaching staff, 74% have master's degrees. The District faculty has an average 14 years of teaching experience. Classroom teachers at all levels are supported by specialists in reading, guidance, art, music and physical education. The District's Pupil Personnel Services include school health and psychological services, pupil appraisal, counseling and guidance services, and speech-language and hearing services at all levels.

The District's curriculum, based on the Ohio Common Core Standards, offers a wide range of electives and comprehensive courses of study in college preparatory, vocational and alternative programs. The District has begun a Science, Technology, Engineering & Math (STEM) program at both the middle school and high school level. Our College in High School program continues to grow, giving students the opportunity to earn college credit along with their high school credit. The District has a rich history and tradition in music and the arts along with a high caliber athletic program. Students are offered a large range of extracurricular programs, beginning in the elementary grades with the after-school enrichment program. All District schools have media centers, lunch programs and multipurpose rooms or gyms for student activities. The District is very fortunate to have a supportive Parent Teacher Association (PTA) program at each building and a PTA council at the District level. The District is working on several areas to encourage parent involvement at all building levels.

Overlapping Governmental Entities

The major political subdivisions or other governmental entities that overlap the territory of the District are listed below. The stated percentage is that percentage of the tax valuation of the overlapping entity that is located within the District.

- 1. Mahoning County (14.31%)
- 2. Mill Creek Park District (14.31%)
- 3. Austintown Township (98.68%)
- 4. Mahoning County Career and Technical Center (15.97%)
- 5. City of Youngstown (0.06%)

Each of these entities operates independently, with its own separate budget, taxing power, and sources of revenue.

Economic Conditions and Outlook

The District is located in Mahoning County in northeastern Ohio, approximately 75 miles southeast of the City of Cleveland. The District's approximately 25.0 square miles encompasses most of the territory of Austintown Township. The District is in the Youngstown-Warren Metropolitan Statistical Area, which is comprised of Columbiana, Mahoning and Trumbull Counties.

The District's general area is served by diversified transportation facilities. Immediate access is available to several State and U.S. highways and to interstate highways I-76, I-80 and I-680, and Rt. 11. The District is adjacent to areas served by Conrail and Amtrak, and is served by passenger air service at Youngstown Municipal Airport, located near the City of Youngstown.

Within 75 miles of the District, there are approximately 11,700 manufacturing plants, 12,500 wholesale distribution centers, and 46 Fortune 500 industrial, service, and corporate world headquarters. Employment in the Youngstown-Warren Metropolitan Statistical Area is primarily comprised of the manufacturing sector, largely in the automobile and steel industries. Since the mid 1980's, there has been an overall decrease in employment in the manufacturing sector, which has been offset by an increase in employment in the non-manufacturing sector.

Major commercial banks with offices within the District include Chase, Citizens Bank, Farmers National Bank, First National Bank, Home Savings and Loan, Huntington Bank, Key Bank, Talmer Bank and Trust, Woodforest National; along with Associated School Employees Credit Union, Edison Financial Credit Union and Seven Seventeen Credit Union.

Two daily newspapers, The Vindicator and Warren Tribune Chronicle, serve the District. The District falls within the broadcast area of eight television stations and twenty one AM and FM radio stations. The District also operates a cable television channel which broadcasts school information on Channel 19.

Within commuting distance are several public and private two-year and four-year colleges and universities providing a wide range of educational facilities and opportunities. These include Youngstown State University, a public four-year university in the City of Youngstown with a full-time enrollment of over 13,500, Kent State University, The University of Akron, Penn State University (Sharon, Pennsylvania Branch), Mount Union College, Walsh University, Eastern Gateway Community College and Northeastern Ohio Universities College of Medicine.

A number of hospital and several adult and adolescent residential treatment centers are located in the area of the Youngstown-Warren Metropolitan Statistical Area.

Mahoning County provides numerous golf, tennis and swimming facilities all accessible to residents of the District.

There are many cultural activities available in the County including the Butler Institute of American Art, the Arms Museum, the Youngstown Playhouse and Youth Theatre, Easy Street Productions and the Youngstown Symphony Center. Youngstown State University also provides art, music and plays. The Covelli Center is Northeast Ohio's newest event arena. It opened in 2005 and is centrally located in downtown Youngstown. The arena seats 5,700 and is home to the Youngstown Phantoms, an ice hockey team. The center also hosts various concerts and performances, including such acts as Elton John, Carrie Underwood, and Disney-on-Ice. The Mahoning Scrappers, a minor league baseball team, is located in nearby Niles, Ohio and has many family activities during their summer season. The Canfield Fair (Mahoning County's fair) is the largest county fair in Ohio and offers many activities for the youth and families in the area. Many cultural activities are within driving distance in the greater Cleveland and Pittsburgh areas. Professional basketball, baseball, football and hockey teams are also located in the cities of Cleveland and Pittsburgh.

Budgetary Controls

The budgetary process is prescribed by provisions of the Ohio Revised Code and entails the preparation of budgetary documents within an established timetable. The major documents prepared are the certificate of estimated resources and the appropriations resolution, all of which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The certificate of estimated resources and the appropriations resolution are subject to amendment throughout the year with the legal restriction that appropriations cannot exceed estimated resources, as certified. All funds, other than custodial funds, are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The primary level of budgetary control required by the Ohio Administrative Code is at the fund level. The level of budgetary control imposed by the District (the level at which expenditures cannot legally exceed the appropriated amount) is established at the fund level for all funds. Any budgetary modifications at this level may only be made by resolution of the Board of Education. The District also maintains an encumbrance accounting system as one technique of accomplishing budgetary control. Encumbered amounts at year-end are carried forward to succeeding years and are not re-appropriated.

Long-Term Financial Planning

The District prepares a five-year financial forecast annually for use as a tool for long range planning. The five-year forecast contains projected local and state revenues, spending patterns within each area of the budget, and cash balances in the District's operating fund. The five-year forecast provides early warning signs of potential financial problems.

The District uses the five-year forecast to provide a basis for making financial decisions, including the construction of the annual budget, adjustments to staffing levels, collective bargaining, and the placement of tax levies on the ballot.

Major Initiatives for the Year

The District has worked hard to continue to maintain a quality face-to-face instructional model during the COVID-19 pandemic. We have utilized Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief (ESSER) funding to close instructional gaps and to ensure our buildings were safe and sanitized. We focused need on the High Schools, which is our oldest and most dated building on campus, by striving to improve air quality standards throughout. The District and its leadership believe on-campus, face-to-face learning provides Austintown students with the best opportunity at success and will continue to provide its pupils with unlimited learning opportunities.

Capital Improvements - The District and its administration have determined to demolish and rebuild the home grandstands in Greenwood Falcon Stadium due to deterioration of the current bleachers and structure over the years. The facility, which is of great historical importance to the District and the community, has long been in need of serious repair and renovation. A cost analysis was conducted and was found that renovating the home stands would be costly, while possibly adding ten years of useful life to the structure, which would not be guaranteed. Constructing new stands, a press box, and adding new locker room facilities for both girls and boys athletic teams was a determining factor in moving toward new construction. The useful life of these bleachers will be approximately thirty years. The District will also be looking to add an indoor facility to be used for athletic, intramural and other needs for the students. The project is currently in the design phase and construction is planned to begin in late Spring 2023.

Community - The community of Austintown is centrally located between Pittsburgh and Cleveland and has direct access to the main interstates that run through Northeast Ohio including the Ohio Turnpike and interstate 76. The township is fortunate to have access to great recreational opportunities, including the Mill Creek Park Metro Park Bike path, a 206 acre park, as well as, five smaller neighborhood parks.

Major Initiatives for the Future

The District continues to invest in the one-on-one device program for all students in grades K-12. The District also is moving forward with expanding its STEM program, which now goes from 1st grade through 12th grade. In addition, the District added JROTC and Skilled Trades to the high school. The District feels this is an investment in the academic success of our students. Professional development opportunities are available to staff to help them integrate this technology in their classroom. The District believes this is necessary for student success on state assessments. The District has invested in the science of reading professional development for reading teachers in grades K-5. A comprehensive reading curriculum has been adopted for grades K-5. In response to COVID-19, the District expanded its virtual learning options and continues to offer Flacon Flex as an alternative learning option. In the future, the high school is looking to integrate the Pre-AP course framework in addition to its current general, honors, and CCP course offerings. The District believes this will expand the college course options for Austintown students.

Use of this Report

The report is published to provide to the Board of Education, as well as to our citizens and other interested persons, detailed information concerning the financial condition of the District, with particular emphasis placed on the utilization of resources during the past fiscal year. It is also intended that this report will serve as a guide in formulating policies and in conducting the District's future day-to-day activities. We believe the information, as presented, is accurate in all material aspects; that it is presented in a manner designed to fairly set forth the financial activity of its various funds; and that all disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain the maximum understanding of the District's financial affairs have been included.

In today's bond market environment, it is increasingly important that public agencies prepare soundly conceived annual financial reports which are independently audited by a qualified firm or agency. It has become almost required practice that such reports be prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP), and the major bond rating agencies review the data presented in such reports before determining a public agency's bond rating.

Use of this report by the various departments of the District is encouraged when furnishing information. Copies of this report are being placed in the public library for use by the general public.

Award

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the Austintown Local School District for its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. The Certificate of Achievement is the highest form of recognition in the area of governmental financial reporting. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government unit must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized Annual Comprehensive Financial Report that conforms to program standards. Such a report must satisfy both accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and applicable legal requirements. A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe our current report continues to conform to the Certificate of Achievement program requirements and we are submitting it to GFOA.

Acknowledgments

It is with great pride and pleasure that we submit this ACFR for review and wish to express appreciation to the members of the Board of Education for supporting us in this endeavor and other members of the Treasurer's office who contributed time and effort in completing this project. We would also like to acknowledge our consultant, Julian & Grube, Inc., who provided us with expert technical assistance in all phases of preparing the report and the cooperation of the team from Julian & Grube, Inc., who conducted a thorough audit of our finances.

Sincerely,

Luis E. Karlai

Blaise Karlovic, Treasurer

LIST OF PRINCIPAL OFFICERS JUNE 30, 2022

Board of Education

	Began Service As Board Member	Present Term Expires	Vocation in Private
<u>Name</u>	January 1	December 31	Life
Ms. Kathy Mock	2010	2021	Retired Educator
Mr. Harold Porter	2012	2023	Business Owner
Ms. Kim Smrek	2020	2023	Accountant
Ms. Robin Krempasky**	2018	2021	Retired Educator
Mr. Don Sherwood*	2018	2021	Business Owner

* President

** Vice President

Central Office Administrative Staff

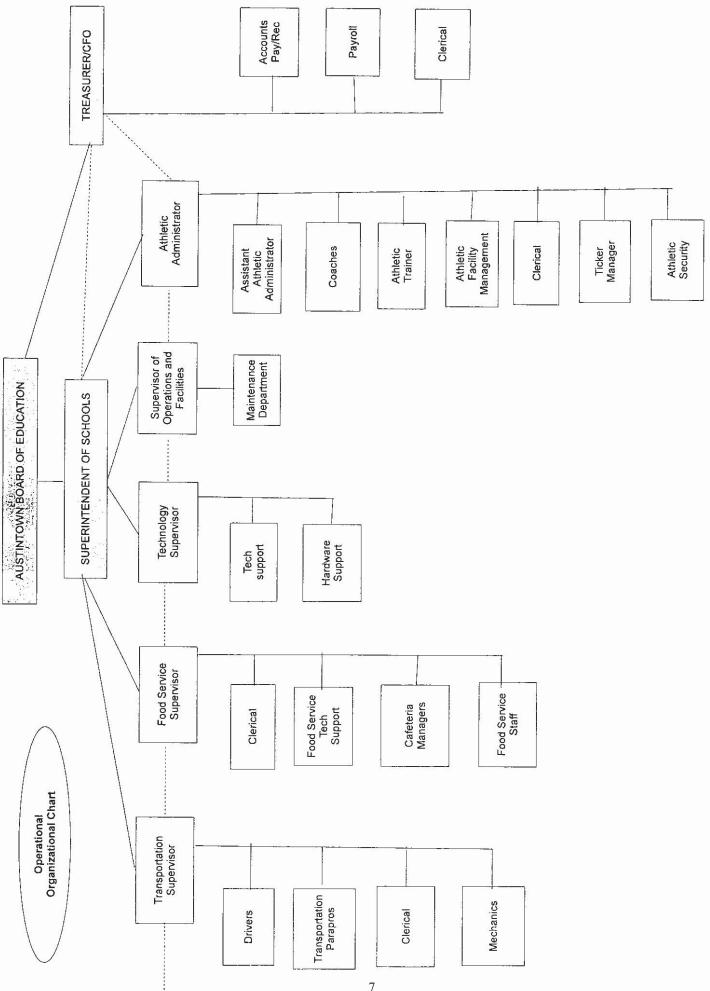
Superintendent	Mr. David Cappuzzello
Treasurer	Mr. Blaise Karolvic
Assistant Treasurer	Ms. Andrea Apisa

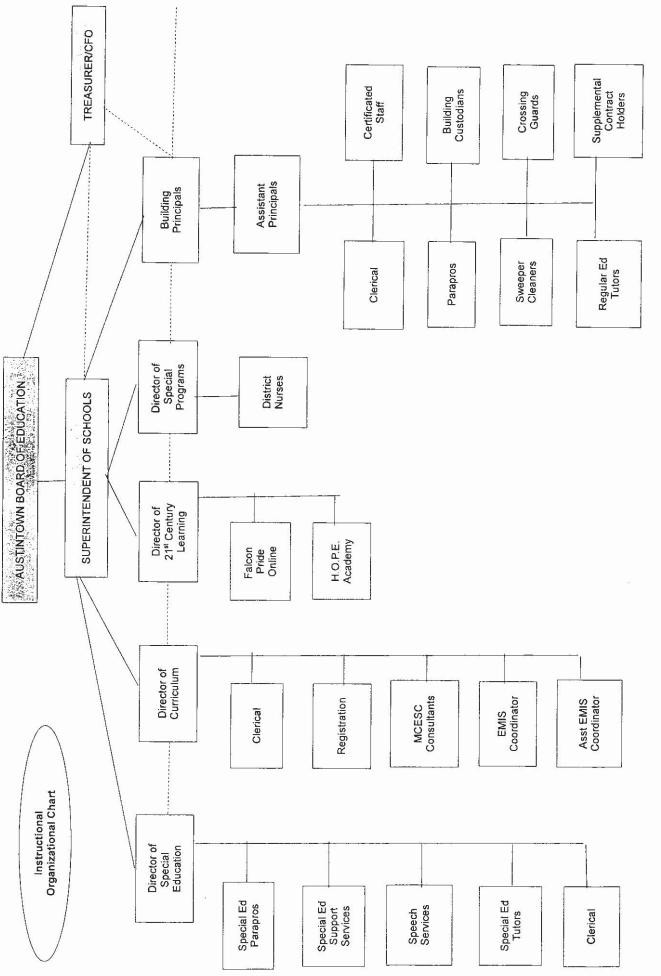
Central Office Instructional Administrative Staff

Director of Curriculum & Instruction	Dr. William Young
Director of Pupil Services	Mr. Christopher Berni
Director of Special Education	Ms. Sandra Thorndike

District Administrative Support Team

Operations and Facilities Supervisor	Mr. Matt Bostian
Transportation Director	Ms. Angie Mraz
Director of Technology	Mr. Thomas Ventresco
Athletic Director	Mr. James Penk
Food Service Director	Ms. Alexis Weber
Director of Human Resources	Ms. Janet Polish
EMIS Coordinator	Mr. Rory Tiedeman





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Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

Austintown Local School District Ohio

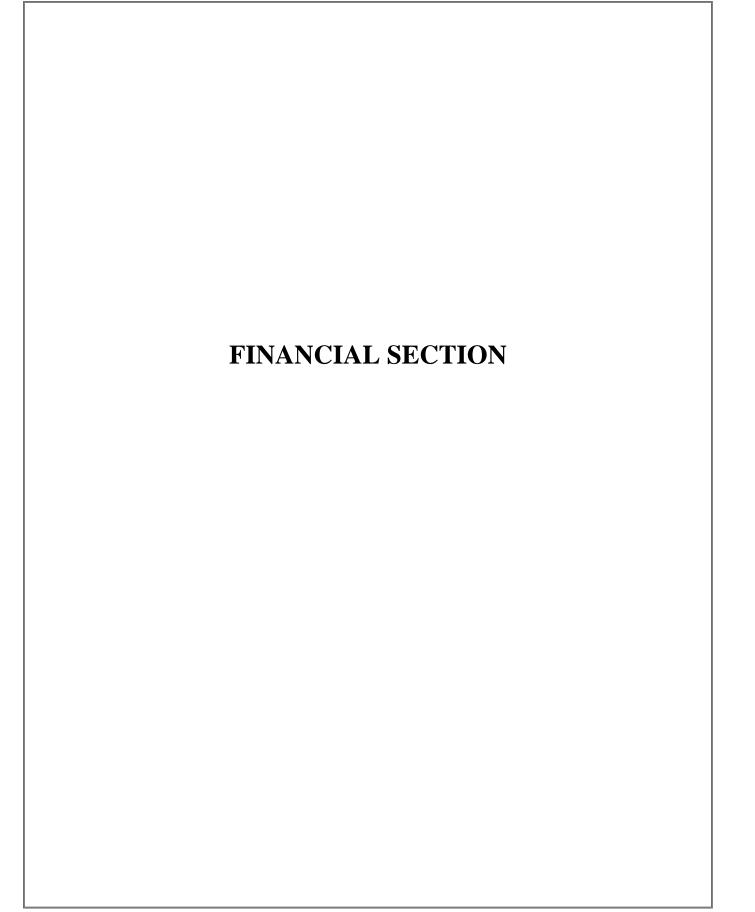
For its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2021

Christophen P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO

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333 County Line Road, West Westerville, OH 43082 614-846-1899

jginc.biz

Independent Auditor's Report

Austintown Local School District Mahoning County 700 South Racoon Road Austintown, Ohio 44515

To the Members of the Board of Education:

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Austintown Local School District, Mahoning County, Ohio, as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Austintown Local School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Austintown Local School District, as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the fiscal year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the "Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements" section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Austintown Local School District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Emphasis of Matter

As described in Note 19 to the financial statements, the financial impact of COVID-19 and the continuing emergency measures may impact subsequent periods of the Austintown Local School District. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

Austintown Local School District Mahoning County Independent Auditor's Report Page 2

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Austintown Local School District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Austintown Local School District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Austintown Local School District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Austintown Local School District Mahoning County Independent Auditor's Report Page 3

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, and schedules of net pension and other postemployment benefit assets and liabilities and pension and other post-employment benefit contributions, listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Austintown Local School District's basic financial statements. The accompanying combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the introductory and statistical sections but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 27, 2022 on our consideration of the Austintown Local School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Austintown Local School District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Austintown Local School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Julian & Grube, the.

Julian & Grube, Inc. December 27, 2022

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MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

The management's discussion and analysis of Austintown Local School District's (the "District") financial performance provides an overall review of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the District's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the transmittal letter, the notes to the basic financial statements and basic financial statements to enhance their understanding of the District's financial performance.

Financial Highlights

Key financial highlights for 2022 are as follows:

- In total, net position increased \$5,993,399. Net position of governmental activities increased \$5,984,403, which represents a 265.31% increase from 2021's net position. Net position of business-type activities increased \$8,996 or 55.02% from 2021's net position.
- General revenues accounted for \$43,397,609 in revenue or 75.80% of all governmental activities revenues. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and sales, grants and contributions accounted for \$13,852,459 or 24.20% of total governmental activities revenues.
- The District had \$51,265,665 in expenses related to governmental activities; only \$13,852,459 of these expenses were offset by program specific charges for services, grants or contributions. General revenues supporting governmental activities (primarily taxes and unrestricted grants and entitlements) of \$43,397,609 were adequate to provide for these programs.
- The District's major governmental funds are the general fund and bond retirement fund. The general fund had \$43,896,544 in revenues and other financing sources and \$43,198,711 in expenditures and other financing uses. The general fund's fund balance increased \$697,833 from \$9,806,056 to \$10,503,889.
- The bond retirement fund had \$3,545,710 in revenues and other financing sources and \$2,953,075 in expenditures. This fund accounts for the District's accumulation of resources for and payment of long-term debt obligations. The fund balance of the bond retirement fund increased \$592,635 from \$9,245,598 to a balance of \$9,838,233.
- Net position for the business-type activities increased in 2022 by \$8,996. This increase in net position was mainly due to the negative pension and OPEB expense recognized during fiscal year 2022.

Using this Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR)

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. These statements are organized so the reader can understand the District as a financial whole, an entire operating entity. The statements then proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at specific financial activities.

The statement of net position and statement of activities provide information about the activities of the whole District, presenting both an aggregate view of the District's finances and a longer-term view of those finances. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the District's most significant funds with all other nonmajor funds presented in total in one column. In the case of the District, the general fund and bond retirement fund are by far the most significant funds, and the only governmental funds reported as major funds.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Reporting the District as a Whole

Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities

While this document contains the large number of funds used by the District to provide programs and activities, the view of the District as a whole looks at all financial transactions and asks the question, "How did we do financially during 2022?" The statement of net position and the statement of activities answer this question. These statements include all assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, deferred inflows, revenues and expenses using the accrual basis of accounting similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. This basis of accounting will take into account all of the current fund's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the District's net position and changes in that position. This change in net position is important because it tells the reader that, for the District as a whole, the financial position of the District has improved or diminished. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, some financial, some not. Non-financial factors include the District's property tax base, current property tax laws in Ohio restricting revenue growth, facility conditions, required educational programs and other factors.

In the statement of net position and the statement of activities, the District is divided into two distinct kinds of activities:

Governmental activities - Most of the District's programs and services are reported here including instruction, support services, operation and maintenance of plant, pupil transportation, extracurricular activities and food service.

Business-type activities - These services are provided on a charge for goods or services basis to recover all or a significant portion of the expenses of the goods or services provided. The District's special enterprise operations are reported as business activities.

Reporting the District's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial reports provide detailed information about the District's major funds. The District uses many funds to account for a multitude of financial transactions. However, these fund financial statements focus on the District's most significant funds. The District's major governmental funds are the general fund and bond retirement fund.

Governmental Funds

Most of the District's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the District's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance educational programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the statement of net position and the statement of activities) and governmental funds is reconciled in the financial statements.

Proprietary Funds

Proprietary funds use the same basis of accounting as business-type activities; therefore, these statements will essentially match information provided in the statements for the District as a whole.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Reporting the District's Fiduciary Responsibilities

The District is the trustee, or fiduciary, for its scholarship programs. The District also acts in a trustee capacity as an agent for individuals and private organizations. These activities are reported in custodial funds. These activities are excluded from the District's other financial statements because the assets cannot be utilized by the District to finance its operations.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Required Supplementary Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the District's net pension liability and net OPEB liability/asset.

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MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

The District as a Whole

The statement of net position provides the perspective of the District as a whole. The table below provides a summary of the District's net position at June 30, 2022 and June 30, 2021.

Net Position

	Government	al Activities	Business-Ty	pe Activities	Total			
	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021		
Assets								
Current assets	\$ 60,751,986	\$ 60,944,311	\$ 1,648	\$ 5,909	\$ 60,753,634	\$ 60,950,220		
Net OPEB asset	3,482,487	2,951,104	-	-	3,482,487	2,951,104		
Capital assets, net	62,691,603	64,375,039			62,691,603	64,375,039		
Total assets	126,926,076	128,270,454		5,909	126,927,724	128,276,363		
Deferred outflows of resources								
Unamortized deferred charges	1,076,343	1,248,019	-	-	1,076,343	1,248,019		
Pension	10,828,385	8,655,105	21,150	21,150	10,849,535	8,676,255		
OPEB	1,125,523	1,220,632	7,268	9,871	1,132,791	1,230,503		
Total deferred								
outflows of resources	13,030,251	11,123,756	28,418	31,021	13,058,669	11,154,777		
Liabilities								
Current liabilities	6,599,635	6,073,693	-	_	6,599,635	6,073,693		
Long-term liabilities:	0,000,000	0,075,095			0,000,000	0,070,090		
Due within one year	1,796,311	1,698,581	-	-	1,796,311	1,698,581		
Net pension liability	27,396,160	51,517,810	-	-	27,396,160	51,517,810		
Net OPEB liability	3,314,378	3,719,908	-	-	3,314,378	3,719,908		
Other amounts	42,564,945	43,700,451			42,564,945	43,700,451		
Total liabilities	81,671,429	106,710,443			81,671,429	106,710,443		
Deferred inflows of resources								
Property taxes	20,653,092	19,822,901	-	-	20,653,092	19,822,901		
Pension	23,106,291	1,697,298	31,662	46,056	23,137,953	1,743,354		
OPEB	6,285,495	5,956,847	5,759	7,225	6,291,254	5,964,072		
Total deferred								
inflows of resources	50,044,878	27,477,046	37,421	53,281	50,082,299	27,530,327		
Net Position								
Net investment in capital assets	24,487,146	24,805,967	-	-	24,487,146	24,805,967		
Restricted	14,327,850	14,285,268	-	-	14,327,850	14,285,268		
Unrestricted (deficit)	(30,574,976)	(36,835,618)	(7,355)	(16,351)	(30,582,331)	(36,851,969)		
Total net position	\$ 8,240,020	\$ 2,255,617	<u>\$ (7,355)</u>	<u>\$ (16,351)</u>	\$ 8,232,665	<u>\$ 2,239,266</u>		

The net pension liability is reported pursuant to Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement 68, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions—an Amendment of GASB Statement 27." The net other postemployment benefits (OPEB) liability/asset is reported pursuant to GASB Statement 75, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions." For reasons discussed below, many end users of this financial statement will gain a clearer understanding of the District's actual financial condition by adding deferred inflows related to pension and OPEB, the net pension liability, and the net OPEB liability to the reported net position and subtracting deferred outflows related to pension and OPEB and the net OPEB asset.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

GASB standards are national and apply to all government financial reports prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Prior accounting for pensions (GASB 27) and postemployment benefits (GASB 45) focused on a funding approach. This approach limited pension and OPEB costs to contributions annually required by law, which may or may not be sufficient to fully fund each plan's *net pension liability* or *net OPEB liability*. GASB 68 and GASB 75 take an earnings approach to pension and OPEB accounting; however, the nature of Ohio's statewide pension/OPEB plans and state law governing those systems requires additional explanation in order to properly understand the information presented in these statements.

GASB 68 and GASB 75 require the net pension liability and the net OPEB liability to equal the District's proportionate share of each plan's collective:

- 1. Present value of estimated future pension/OPEB benefits attributable to active and inactive employees' past service.
- 2. Minus plan assets available to pay these benefits.

GASB notes that pension and OPEB obligations, whether funded or unfunded, are part of the "employment exchange" – that is, the employee is trading his or her labor in exchange for wages, benefits, and the promise of a future pension and other postemployment benefits. GASB noted that the unfunded portion of this promise is a present obligation of the government, part of a bargained-for benefit to the employee, and should accordingly be reported by the government as a liability since they received the benefit of the exchange. However, the District is not responsible for certain key factors affecting the balance of these liabilities. In Ohio, the employee shares the obligation of funding pension benefits with the employer. Both employer and employee contribution rates are capped by State statute. A change in these caps requires action of both Houses of the General Assembly and approval of the Governor. Benefit provisions are also determined by State statute. The Ohio Revised Code permits, but does not require, the retirement systems to provide healthcare to eligible benefit recipients. The retirement systems may allocate a portion of the employer contributions to provide for these OPEB benefits.

The employee enters the employment exchange with the knowledge that the employer's promise is limited not by contract but by law. The employer enters the exchange also knowing that there is a specific, legal limit to its contribution to the retirement system. In Ohio, there is no legal means to enforce the unfunded liability of the pension/OPEB plan *as against the public employer*. State law operates to mitigate/lessen the moral obligation of the public employer to the employee, because all parties enter the employment exchange with notice as to the law. The retirement system is responsible for the administration of the pension and OPEB plans.

Most long-term liabilities have set repayment schedules or, in the case of compensated absences (i.e. sick and vacation leave), are satisfied through paid time-off or termination payments. There is no repayment schedule for the net pension liability or the net OPEB liability. As explained above, changes in benefits, contribution rates, and return on investments affect the balance of these liabilities but are outside the control of the local government. In the event that contributions, investment returns, and other changes are insufficient to keep up with required payments, State statute does not assign/identify the responsible party for the unfunded portion. Due to the unique nature of how the net pension liability and the net OPEB liability are satisfied, these liabilities are separately identified within the long-term liability section of the statement of net position.

In accordance with GASB 68 and GASB 75, the District's statements prepared on an accrual basis of accounting include an annual pension expense and an annual OPEB expense for their proportionate share of each plan's *change* in net pension liability and net OPEB liability/asset, respectively, not accounted for as deferred inflows/outflows.

Over time, net position can serve as a useful indicator of a District's financial position. At June 30, 2022, the District's assets plus deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$8,232,665.

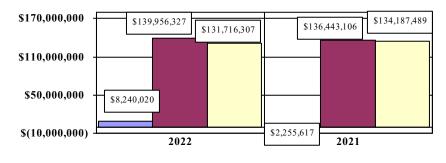
The net pension liability decreased \$24,121,650 or 46.82% and deferred inflows of resources related to pension increased \$21,394,599. These changes were the result of changes at the pension system level for the State Teachers Retirement System (STRS) and the School Employees Retirement System (SERS). Net investment income on investments at both pension systems exceeded estimates for the fiscal year 2021 measurement that are used for the fiscal year 2022 reporting which cause a large increase in fiduciary net position.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

At year-end, capital assets represented 49.39% of total assets. Capital assets include, land, land improvements, buildings and improvements, furniture and equipment and vehicles. The District's net investment in capital assets at June 30, 2022 was \$24,487,146. These capital assets are used to provide services to the students and are not available for future spending.

A portion of the District's net position, \$14,327,850, represents resources that are subject to external restriction on how they may be used. Of this amount, \$7,756,912 is restricted for debt service. The remaining balance of governmental activities unrestricted net position is a deficit balance of \$30,574,976.

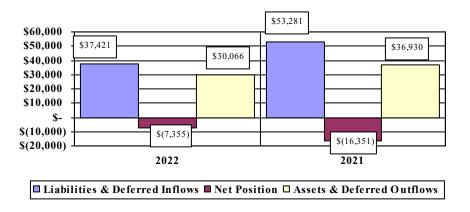
The graphs below present the District's governmental and business-type assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and net position at June 30, 2022 and June 30, 2021.



Governmental – Net Position

Net Position Assets & Deferred Outflows Liabilities & Deferred Inflows

Business-Type – Net Position



MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

The table below shows the changes in net position for fiscal year 2022 and 2021.

Change in Net Position

	 Government	al Ac	tivities	 Business-type Activities		Total				
	 2022		2021	 2022		2021		2022		2021
Revenues										
Program revenues:										
Charges for services and sales	\$ 1,639,386	\$	4,109,538	\$ 105	\$	240	\$	1,639,491	\$	4,109,778
Operating grants and contributions	12,213,073		9,848,051	532		2,642		12,213,605		9,850,693
General revenues:										
Property taxes	21,101,598		20,365,785	-		-		21,101,598		20,365,785
Unrestricted grants and entitlements	22,715,401		22,996,252	-		-		22,715,401		22,996,252
Investment earnings	(518,489)		(82,454)	-		-		(518,489)		(82,454)
Other	 99,099		884,015	 - 637		2,882		99,099		884,015
Total revenues	 57,250,068		58,121,187	 037		2,882		57,250,705		58,124,069
Expenses										
Program expenses:										
Instruction:										
Regular	22,326,537		24,098,358	-		-		22,326,537		24,098,358
Special	7,197,394		7,666,563	-		-		7,197,394		7,666,563
Vocational	285,269		238,624	-		-		285,269		238,624
Other	-		4,219,079	-		-		-		4,219,079
Support services:										
Pupil	2,865,087		3,355,300	-		-		2,865,087		3,355,300
Instructional staff	1,273,978		1,190,606	-		-		1,273,978		1,190,606
Board of education	74,905		63,395	-		-		74,905		63,395
Administration	3,366,437		3,633,897	-		-		3,366,437		3,633,897
Fiscal	1,068,614		1,160,425	-		-		1,068,614		1,160,425
Business	2,485		4,856	-		-		2,485		4,856
Operations and maintenance	4,570,941		4,334,194	-		-		4,570,941		4,334,194
Pupil transportation	2,244,712		2,214,498	-		-		2,244,712		2,214,498
Central	326,727		283,262	-		-		326,727		283,262
Operation of non-instructional services:										
Food service operations	2,218,638		2,026,018	-		-		2,218,638		2,026,018
Other non-instructional services	17,241		8,778	-		-		17,241		8,778
Extracurricular activities	1,583,818		1,628,037	-		-		1,583,818		1,628,037
Interest and fiscal charges	1,842,882		1,872,891	-		-		1,842,882		1,872,891
Special enterprise	-,,		-,	(8,359)		8,241		(8,359)		8,241
Total expenses	 51,265,665		57,998,781	 (8,359)		8,241		51,257,306		58,007,022
Changes in net position	5,984,403		122,406	8,996		(5,359)		5,993,399		117,047
Net position (deficit) at										
beginning of year	 2,255,617		2,133,211	 (16,351)		(10,992)		2,239,266		2,122,219
Net position (deficit) at end of year	\$ 8,240,020	\$	2,255,617	\$ (7,355)	\$	(16,351)	\$	8,232,665	\$	2,239,266

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Governmental Activities

For fiscal year 2022, the net position of the District's governmental activities increased \$5,984,403. Total governmental expenses of \$51,265,665 were offset by program revenues of \$13,852,459 and general revenues of \$43,397,609. Program revenues supported 27.02% of the total governmental expenses.

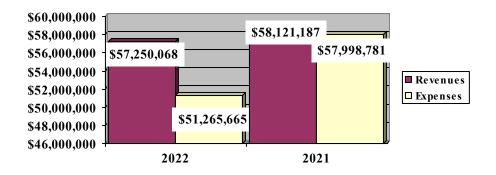
Overall, expenses of the governmental activities decreased \$6,733,116. This decrease is primarily the result of a decrease in pension expense. Pension expense decreased \$5,949,516. This decrease was the result of a decrease in expenses incurred at the pension system level for the State Teachers Retirement System (STRS) and the School Employees Retirement System (SERS) due to an increase in net investment income on investments compared to previous years.

For fiscal year 2022, District foundation funding received from the State of Ohio was funded using a direct funding model. Under this new model, community school, STEM school, scholarship, and open enrollment funding were directly funded by the State of Ohio to the respective educating schools. For fiscal year 2021 and prior, the amounts related to students who were residents of the District were funded to the District who, in turn, made the payment to the educating school. This change in funding model resulted in a significant decrease in the amount of charges for services and sales program revenue for fiscal year 2022 compared to fiscal year 2021. The change in funding model is also the reason for the other instruction expenses line item being \$0 for fiscal year 2022.

The primary sources of revenue for governmental activities are derived from property taxes and unrestricted grants and entitlements. These two revenue sources represent 76.54% of total governmental revenue. Real estate property is reappraised every six years.

Investment earnings decreased due to a decline in the fair value of the District's investments. Miscellaneous revenue decreased due to an approximately \$819,000 dividend from the Ohio Bureau of Workers' Compensation in fiscal year 2021 which did not reoccur in fiscal year 2022.

The graph below presents the District's governmental activities revenue and expenses for fiscal year 2022 and 2021.



Governmental Activities - Revenues and Expenses

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MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

The statement of activities shows the cost of program services and the charges for services and grants offsetting those services. The following table shows, for governmental activities, the total cost of services and the net cost of services for 2022 and 2021. That is, it identifies the cost of these services supported by tax revenue and unrestricted State grants and entitlements.

Governmental Activities

	Total Cost of Services 2022	Net Cost of Services 2022	Total Cost of Services 2021	Net Cost of Services 2021	
Program expenses:					
Instruction:					
Regular	\$ 22,326,537	\$ 19,272,834	\$ 24,098,358	\$ 19,767,063	
Special	7,197,394	2,985,335	7,666,563	3,247,724	
Vocational	285,269	78,479	238,624	11,188	
Other	-	-	4,219,079	4,219,079	
Support services:					
Pupil	2,865,087	1,774,083	3,355,300	2,137,575	
Instructional staff	1,273,978	881,657	1,190,606	909,201	
Board of education	74,905	74,905	63,395	63,395	
Administration	3,366,437	3,165,529	3,633,897	3,492,574	
Fiscal	1,068,614	1,068,614	1,160,425	1,160,425	
Business	2,485	2,485	4,856	4,856	
Operations and maintenance	4,570,941	3,570,188	4,334,194	3,688,136	
Pupil transportation	2,244,712	1,937,059	2,214,498	2,096,956	
Central	326,727	318,522	283,262	269,772	
Operation of non-instructional services:					
Food service operations	2,218,638	(603,453)	2,026,018	59,072	
Other non-instructional services	17,241	68	8,778	949	
Extracurricular activities	1,583,818	1,044,019	1,628,037	1,040,336	
Interest and fiscal charges	1,842,882	1,842,882	1,872,891	1,872,891	
Total expenses	\$ 51,265,665	\$ 37,413,206	\$ 57,998,781	\$ 44,041,192	

The dependence upon tax revenues during fiscal year 2022 for governmental activities is apparent, as 74.93% of 2022 instruction activities are supported through taxes and other general revenues. For all governmental activities, general revenue support is 72.98%. The District's taxpayers and unrestricted grants and entitlements from the State of Ohio, are the primary support for District's students.

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MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

The graph below presents the District's governmental activities revenue for fiscal years 2022 and 2021.



Governmental Activities - General and Program Revenues

Business-type Activities

Business-type activities include special enterprise operations. These programs had revenues of \$637 and expenses of (\$8,359) for fiscal year 2022. The District's business-type activities receive no support from tax revenues.

The District's Funds

The District's governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$31,449,115, which is greater than last year's total of \$29,966,945.

The schedule below indicates the fund balance and the total change in fund balance as of June 30, 2022 and 2021.

	Fund Balance June 30, 2022	Fund Balance June 30, 2021	Increase
General	\$ 10,503,889	\$ 9,806,056	\$ 697,833
Bond retirement	9,838,233	9,245,598	592,635
Other governmental	11,106,993	10,915,291	191,702
Total	<u>\$ 31,449,115</u>	\$ 29,966,945	\$ 1,482,170

General Fund

The District's general fund balance increased \$697,833. This increase was due to the District's general fund revenues remaining greater than general fund expenditures for fiscal year 2022. The table that follows assists in illustrating the revenues of the general fund.

	2022 Amount	2021 Amount	Increase (Decrease)	Percentage Change
Revenues				-
Taxes	\$ 17,966,172	\$ 17,237,425	\$ 728,747	4.23 %
Intergovernmental	24,759,754	24,701,707	58,047	0.23 %
Other revenues	943,425	4,450,713	(3,507,288)	(78.80) %
Total	\$ 43,669,351	\$ 46,389,845	<u>\$ (2,720,494)</u>	(5.86) %

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Property tax revenue increased due to an increase in the District's assessed valuation. Other revenues decreased because of the change in funding model that was discussed previously. This resulted in a large reduction in the amount of tuition revenue for fiscal year 2022.

The table that follows assists in illustrating the expenditures of the general fund.

	2022 Amount	2021 Amount	Increase (Decrease)	Percentage Change
<u>Expenditures</u>				
Instruction	\$ 27,304,811	\$ 31,123,862	\$ (3,819,051)	(12.27) %
Support services	14,052,818	12,295,059	1,757,759	14.30 %
Extracurricular activities	948,152	855,389	92,763	10.84 %
Capital outlay	197,647	-	197,647	100.00 %
Debt service	193,797	152,890	40,907	26.76 %
Total	\$ 42,697,225	\$ 44,427,200	<u>\$ (1,729,975)</u>	(3.89) %

Instruction expenditures decreased because of the change to a direct funding model. Support services expenditures increased because of in pupil support expenditures. In fiscal year 2021, some pupil support expenditures were reported in a nonmajor special revenue fund. The associated grant for that nonmajor special revenue fund ended in fiscal year 2022, therefore expenditures were shifted back to the general fund. Capital outlay for fiscal year 2022 represents the District's financed purchase of copier equipment.

Bond Retirement Fund

The bond retirement fund had \$3,545,710 in revenues and other financing sources and \$2,953,075 in expenditures. This fund accounts for the District's accumulation of resources for and payment of long-term debt obligations. During fiscal year 2022, the fund balance of the bond retirement fund increased \$592,635 from \$9,245,598 to \$9,838,233. The primary reason for the increase in fund balance of the bond retirement fund is due to the \$815,000 mandatory sinking fund deposit made for the series 2010 Qualified School Construction Bonds (QSCBs).

General Fund Budgeting Highlights

The District's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the general fund.

During the course of fiscal year 2022, the District amended its general fund budget numerous times, none significant. The District uses budgeting systems to tightly control local budgets but provide flexibility for management.

For the general fund, final budgeted revenues and other financing sources were \$43,987,191, which was decreased from the original budgeted revenues and other financing sources estimate of \$45,382,807. This decrease was due to change to a direct funding model discussed previously. Actual revenues and other financing sources for fiscal year 2022 were \$43,989,945. This represents a \$2,754 increase from final budgeted revenues.

General fund original appropriations (appropriated expenditures plus other financing uses) of \$44,715,611 were decreased to \$43,472,288 in the final budget. The decrease in appropriations was due to the change to a direct funding model. The actual budget basis expenditures and other financing uses for fiscal year 2022 totaled \$43,075,951, which was \$396,337 less than the final budget appropriations.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

At the end of fiscal year 2022, the District had \$62,691,603 invested in land, land improvements, buildings and improvements, furniture and equipment and vehicles. All of this was reported in governmental activities.

The following table shows fiscal 2022 balances compared to 2021 balances:

Capital Assets at June 30 (Net of Depreciation)

	Governmental Activities				
	2022	2021			
Land	\$ 844,054	\$ 844,054			
Land improvements	3,700,072	3,606,270			
Building and improvements	56,595,774	58,230,418			
Furniture and equipment	996,443	903,488			
Vehicles	555,260	790,809			
Total	\$ 62,691,603	\$ 64,375,039			

Capital assets of the governmental activities decreased \$1,683,436, which is due to capital outlays of \$1,306,447 being less than depreciation expense of \$2,989,883. Capital assets of the business-type activities were fully depreciated.

See Note 8 to the basic financial statements for detail on the District's capital assets.

Debt Administration

At June 30, 2022 the District had \$39,324,693 in financed purchase obligations and general obligation bonds outstanding. Of this total, \$1,534,695 is due within one year and \$37,789,998 is due in greater than one year. The following table summarizes the District's long-term debt.

Outstanding Debt, at Year End

	Governmental Activities 2022		Governmental Activities 2021		
House Bill 264 loan Financed purchase obligations General obligation bonds	\$	1,134,120 38,190,573	\$	1,518 1,090,000 39,202,221	
Total	\$	39,324,693	\$	40,293,739	

During fiscal 2004, the District issued \$26,000,000 in current interest and capital appreciation bonds. The bonds bear an annual interest rate of 2.00% - 5.13% and mature on December 1, 2030. These bonds were refunded during fiscal year 2012. The 2012 refunding bonds were partially refunded during fiscal year 2020.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

The District issued a House Bill 264 loan to provide for energy improvements to various District buildings. The House Bill 264 loan bore an interest rate of 4.75% and matured on October 1, 2021.

During fiscal year 2011, the District issued \$26,680,000 in general obligation bonds. The bonds bear interest rates ranging from 2% to 6% and mature on November 1, 2047. The Build America Bonds portion of these bonds were refunded during fiscal year 2017.

During fiscal year 2018, the District entered into a \$1,450,000 financed purchase agreement for energy improvements. This financed purchase agreement bears an interest rate of 3.302% and matures on December 1, 2028.

During fiscal year 2022, the District entered into a \$197,647 financed purchase agreement for copier equipment. This financed purchase agreement bears an interest rate of 3.74% and matures in fiscal year 2027.

At June 30, 2022 the District's overall legal debt margin was \$34,847,298 with an unvoted debt margin of \$679,990.

See Note 9 to the basic financial statements for more detail on the District's long-term obligations.

Current Financial Related Activities

Since 2013, the District has operated on a centrally located campus located off of Raccoon and Idaho Roads. Since last year, the District has started and finished many preventative maintenance projects to keep the campus in good working order. These include resealing most of the parking lots and roadways throughout campus. We have updated our athletic facilities including lighting at Greenwood Chevrolet Falcon Stadium, fencing at the baseball field and the addition of a new softball field located next to our baseball complex. We have also completed a sidewalk and curbing project at Fitch High School. It included replacing sidewalks and curbing for heavy traffic areas leading in and out of the High School.

Most recently, the District has completed two large projects that we had identified as high priority since 2019. We installed a new roadway and rerouted traffic through campus to make it safer for our students to arrive and be dismissed at the end of the day. Too often, we would have to close the roadway to traffic as we dismissed students to buses. The new configuration allows continued traffic flow during these times while making it safer for our students to exit and enter their buses. Lastly, we have finished replacing the roof at Fitch High School, which is our oldest building on campus. Previous leaks led to numerous damages, including our High School Gym floor, which needed replaced due to the water damage created.

Currently, the District is in the process of securing funding to replace the home grandstands, add additional locker room space to accommodate both boys' and girls' athletic teams, and adding an indoor wellness facility that all students at Austintown Local School District can utilize. The current home bleachers have been in dire need of renovation for years, coupled with the fact that our girls' teams have always struggled with locker room facilities has caused the District to look at a complete rebuild of the facility. As our athletic programs have expanded over the years space has always been something we have looked to maximize. An indoor facility connected to the new grandstands will allow our athletes and students an opportunity to continue practice out of inclement weather, promote a strong intramural programs for those students who are looking to stay active, and a shelter for our band when space is limited for them to assemble on the main field.

Contacting the District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information contact Mr. Blaise Karlovic, Treasurer, Austintown Local School District, 700 S. Raccoon Road, Austintown, Ohio 44515.

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STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2022

		overnmental Activities	Business-type Activities		Total	
Assets:						
Equity in pooled cash and investments Receivables:	\$	30,691,239	\$ 1,648	\$	30,692,887	
Property taxes		23,011,270	-		23,011,270	
Accounts		31,176	-		31,176	
Accrued interest		37,272	-		37,272	
Intergovernmental		940,648	-		940,648	
Prepayments		108,821	-		108,821	
Materials and supplies inventory		6,413	-		6,413	
Inventory held for resale		16,165	-		16,165	
Restricted assets:						
Cash with escrow agent		5,908,982	-		5,908,982	
Net OPEB asset		3,482,487	-		3,482,487	
Capital assets:						
Nondepreciable capital assets		844,054	-		844,054	
Depreciable capital assets, net		61,847,549	-		61,847,549	
Capital assets, net		62,691,603	-		62,691,603	
Total assets		126,926,076	1,648		126,927,724	
Deferred outflows of resources:						
Unamortized deferred charges on debt refunding		1,076,343	-		1,076,343	
Pension		10,828,385	21,150		10,849,535	
OPEB		1,125,523	7,268		1,132,791	
Total deferred outflows of resources		13,030,251	28,418		13,058,669	
Liabilities:						
Accounts payable		244,385	-		244,385	
Accrued wages and benefits		5,237,100	-		5,237,100	
Intergovernmental payable		102,699	-		102,699	
Pension and postemployment benefits payable		695,655	-		695,655	
Accrued interest payable		319,796	-		319,796	
Long-term liabilities:						
Due within one year		1,796,311	-		1,796,311	
Due in more than one year:						
Net pension liability		27,396,160	-		27,396,160	
Net OPEB liability		3,314,378	-		3,314,378	
Other amounts due in more than one year		42,564,945	-		42,564,945	
Total liabilities		81,671,429			81,671,429	
Deferred inflows of resources:		20 (52 002			20 (52 002	
Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year		20,653,092	-		20,653,092	
Pension OPEB		23,106,291	31,662		23,137,953	
Total deferred inflows of resources		<u>6,285,495</u> 50,044,878	5,759 37,421		<u>6,291,254</u> 50,082,299	
Net position:						
Net investment in capital assets		24,487,146	-		24,487,146	
Restricted for:						
Capital projects		950,662	-		950,662	
Classroom facilities maintenance		3,855,551	-		3,855,551	
Debt service		7,756,912	-		7,756,912	
State funded programs		24,321	-		24,321	
Federally funded programs		75,225	-		75,225	
Food service operations		1,148,260	-		1,148,260	
Extracurricular activities		320,586	-		320,586	
Other purposes		196,333	-		196,333	
Unrestricted (deficit)	*	(30,574,976)	(7,355)	*	(30,582,331)	
Total net position (deficit)	\$	8,240,020	\$ (7,355)	\$	8,232,665	

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

		Program Revenues				
	Expenses	Charges for Services and Sales			rating Grants Contributions	
Governmental activities:	 					
Instruction:						
Regular	\$ 22,326,537	\$	273,735	\$	2,779,968	
Special	7,197,394		425,185		3,786,874	
Vocational	285,269		3,407		203,383	
Support services:						
Pupil	2,865,087		-		1,091,004	
Instructional staff	1,273,978		25,165		367,156	
Board of education	74,905		-		-	
Administration	3,366,437		120,303		80,605	
Fiscal	1,068,614		-		-	
Business	2,485		-		-	
Operations and maintenance	4,570,941		-		1,000,753	
Pupil transportation	2,244,712		26,986		280,667	
Central	326,727		-		8,205	
Operation of non-instructional services:						
Food service operations	2,218,638		240,084		2,582,007	
Other non-instructional services	17,241				17,173	
Extracurricular activities	1,583,818		524,521		15,278	
Interest and fiscal charges	 1,842,882		-			
Total governmental activities	 51,265,665		1,639,386		12,213,073	
Business-type activities:						
Special enterprise	 (8,359)		105		532	
Totals	\$ 51,257,306	\$	1,639,491	\$	12,213,605	

General revenues:

Property taxes levied for: General purposes Debt service Classroom facilities maintenance Grants and entitlements not restricted to specific programs Investment earnings Miscellaneous Total general revenues

Change in net position

Net position (deficit) at beginning of year

Net position (deficit) at end of year

an	Net (Expense) Revenue d Changes in Net Positi	
Governmental	Business-Type	
Activities	Activities	Total
(19,272,834)	\$ -	\$ (19,272,834)
(2,985,335)	-	(2,985,335)
(78,479)	-	(78,479)
(1,774,083)	-	(1,774,083)
(881,657)	-	(881,657)
(74,905)	-	(74,905)
(3,165,529)	-	(3,165,529)
(1,068,614)	-	(1,068,614)
(2,485)	-	(2,485)
(3,570,188)	-	(3,570,188)
(1,937,059)	-	(1,937,059)
(318,522)	-	(318,522)
603,453	_	603,453
(68)	_	(68)
(1,044,019)		(1,044,019)
(1,842,882)		(1,842,882)
(37,413,206)		(37,413,206)
	8,996	8,996
(37,413,206)	8,996	(37,404,210)
17,930,299	_	17,930,299
2,896,734	-	2,896,734
274,565	-	274,565
22,715,401	-	22,715,401
(518,489)	-	(518,489)
99,099	-	99,099
43,397,609	-	43,397,609
5,984,403	8,996	5,993,399
2,255,617	(16,351)	2,239,266
8,240,020	\$ (7,355)	\$ 8,232,665

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2022

	General		Bond Retirement		Nonmajor Governmental Funds		Total Governmental Funds	
Assets:								
Equity in pooled cash								
and investments	\$ 15,254,922	\$	3,930,511	\$	11,505,806	\$	30,691,239	
Receivables:								
Property taxes	19,571,580		3,169,237		270,453		23,011,270	
Accounts	20,175		-		11,001		31,176	
Accrued interest	37,272		-		-		37,272	
Interfund loans	110		-		-		110	
Intergovernmental	18,001		-		922,647		940,648	
Prepayments	108,821		-		-		108,821	
Materials and supplies inventory	-		-		6,413		6,413	
Inventory held for resale	-		-		16,165		16,165	
Due from other funds	329,148		-		-		329,148	
Restricted assets:	20.117		5 000 075				5 000 000	
Cash with escrow agent	28,117	¢	5,880,865	¢	-	¢	5,908,982	
Total assets	\$ 35,368,146	\$	12,980,613	\$	12,732,485	\$	61,081,244	
Liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$ 152,215	\$	-	\$	92,170	\$	244,385	
Accrued wages and benefits	4,516,366		-		720,734		5,237,100	
Compensated absences payable	81,759		-		-		81,759	
Intergovernmental payable	94,604		-		8,095		102,699	
Pension and postemployment benefits payable	572,902		-		122,753		695,655	
Interfund loans payable	-		-		110		110	
Due to other funds	-	<u> </u>	-		329,148		329,148	
Total liabilities	5,417,846		-		1,273,010		6,690,856	
Deferred inflows of resources:								
Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year	17,502,465		2,905,598		245,029		20,653,092	
Delinquent property tax revenue not available	1,907,337		236,782		23,159		2,167,278	
Intergovernmental revenue not available	7,135		-		84,294		91,429	
Accrued interest not available	29,474		-		-		29,474	
Total deferred inflows of resources	19,446,411		3,142,380		352,482		22,941,273	
Fund balances:								
Nonspendable:								
Materials and supplies inventory	-		-		6,413		6,413	
Prepaids	108,821		-		-		108,821	
Unclaimed monies	17,740		-		-		17,740	
Restricted:	,						,	
Debt service	-		9,838,233		-		9,838,233	
Capital improvements	28,117		-		950,662		978,779	
Classroom facilities maintenance	-		-		3,832,392		3,832,392	
Food service operations	-		-		1,227,738		1,227,738	
State funded programs	-		-		24,321		24,321	
Federally funded programs	-		-		69,169		69,169	
Extracurricular activities	-		-		343,625		343,625	
Other purposes	-		-		155,554		155,554	
Committed:								
Capital improvements	-		-		3,218,124		3,218,124	
Extracurricular activities	-		-		1,150		1,150	
Assigned:								
Student instruction	48,745		-		-		48,745	
Student and staff support	430,949		-		-		430,949	
Capital improvements	-		-		1,500,000		1,500,000	
Other purposes	134,040		-		-		134,040	
Unassigned (deficit)	9,735,477		-		(222,155)		9,513,322	
Total fund balances	10,503,889		9,838,233		11,106,993		31,449,115	
Total liabilities, deferred inflows and fund balance	es <u>\$ 35,368,146</u>	\$	12,980,613	\$	12,732,485	\$	61,081,244	

RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES TO NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES JUNE 30, 2022

Total governmental fund balances	\$ 31,449,115
Amounts reported for governmental activities on the statement of net position are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.	62,691,603
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current- period expenditures and therefore are deferred inflows in the funds. Property taxes receivable \$ 2,167,278	
Accrued interest receivable29,474Intergovernmental receivable91,429Total1	2,288,181
Unamortized premiums on bonds issued are not recognized in the funds.	(1,956,680)
Unamortized amounts on refundings are not recognized in the funds.	1,076,343
Accrued interest payable is not due and payable in the current period and therefore is not reported in the funds.	(319,796)
The net pension/OPEB assets & liabilities are not due and payable in the current period; therefore, the assets, liabilities and related deferred inflows/outflows are not reported in governmental funds.Deferred outflows - pension10,828,385Deferred inflows - pension(23,106,291)Net pension liability(27,396,160)Deferred outflows - OPEB1,125,523Deferred inflows - OPEB(6,285,495)Net OPEB asset3,482,487Net OPEB liability(3,314,378)TotalTotal	(44,665,929)
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.(38,190,573)General obligation bonds(1,134,120)Compensated absences(2,998,124)TotalTotal	(42,322,817)
Net position of governmental activities	\$ 8,240,020

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	General	Bond Retirement	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues:				
Property taxes	\$ 17,966,172	\$ 2,906,802	\$ 275,113	\$ 21,148,087
Intergovernmental	24,759,754	1,178,444	8,973,484	34,911,682
Investment earnings	24,259	(541,022)	1,700	(515,063)
Tuition and fees	720,521	(* , •	-,,	720,521
Extracurricular	113,132	_	383,946	497,078
Rental income		_	45,142	45,142
Charges for services	3,422		265,227	268,649
Contributions and donations	23,331		203,227	45,641
Miscellaneous	58,760	-	105,455	164,215
Total revenues	43,669,351	3,544,224	10,072,377	57,285,952
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Instruction:				
Regular	21,060,894	-	2,784,812	23,845,706
Special	5,965,570	-	1,696,674	7,662,244
Vocational	278,347	-	15,345	293,692
Support services:				
Pupil	2,737,192	-	392,853	3,130,045
Instructional staff	864,666	-	405,913	1,270,579
Board of education	76,724	-	-	76,724
Administration	3,583,476	-	86,462	3,669,938
Fiscal	1,050,809	52,566	4,946	1,108,321
Business	757	-	-	757
Operations and maintenance	3,361,352	-	1,166,063	4,527,415
Pupil transportation	2,060,235	-	94,861	2,155,096
Central	317,607	-	17,683	335,290
Operation of non-instructional services:				
Food service operations	-	-	2,183,481	2,183,481
Other non-instructional services	-	-	17,241	17,241
Extracurricular activities	948,152	-	529,739	1,477,891
Facilities acquisition and construction	-	-	971,539	971,539
Capital outlay	197,647	-	-	197,647
Debt service:	,			,
Principal retirement	153,527	1,331,518	-	1,485,045
Interest and fiscal charges	40,270	1,568,991	-	1,609,261
Total expenditures	42,697,225	2,953,075	10,367.612	56,017,912
-				
Excess (deficiency) of revenues	· ··· ·	_	/ac	
over (under) expenditures	972,126	591,149	(295,235)	1,268,040
Other financing sources (uses):				
Sale of assets	2,891	-	-	2,891
Insurance recoveries	26,655	-	-	26,655
Issuance of note - financed purchase	197,647	-	-	197,647
Transfers in	-	1,486	500,000	501,486
Transfers (out)	(501,486)			(501,486)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(274,293)	1,486	500,000	227,193
Net change in fund balances	697,833	592,635	204,765	1,495,233
Fund balances at beginning of year	9,806,056	9,245,598	10,915,291	29,966,945
Change in reserve for inventory	e 10.503.000	e 0.000.000	(13,063)	(13,063)
Fund balances at end of year	\$ 10,503,889	\$ 9,838,233	\$ 11,106,993	\$ 31,449,115

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$	1,495,233
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:			
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. Capital asset additions	\$ 1,306,447		
Current year depreciation Total	 (2,989,883)	<u>)</u>	(1,683,436)
Governmental funds report expenditures for inventory when purchased. However, in the statement of activities, they are reported as an expense when consumed.			(13,063)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.			
Property taxes Earnings on investments Intergovernmental Total	 (46,489 (1,726) (55,904))	(104,119)
Repayment of principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities on the statement of net position.			1,485,045
Issuance of financed purchase obligations are recorded as other financing sources in the funds; however, in the statement of activities, they are not reported as other financing sources as they increase liabilities on the statement of net position.			(197,647)
In the statement of activities, interest is accrued on outstanding bonds, whereas in governmental funds, an interest expenditure is reported when due. The following items resulted in additional interest being reported in the statement of activities:			
Decrease in accrued interest payable Accreted interest on capital appreciation bonds Amortization of bond premiums Amortization of deferred charges	7,514 (318,352) 248,893 (171,676)	
Total Contractually required contributions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds; however, the statement of net position reports		<u>, </u>	(233,621)
these amounts as deferred outflows. Pension OPEB Total	 3,955,163 107,979	_	4,063,142
Except for amounts reported as deferred inflows/outflows, changes in the net pension/OPEB liability/asset are reported as pension/OPEB expense in the statement of activities.			.,,
Pension OPEB Total	 930,774 405,177		1,335,951
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities, such as compensated absences, do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.			(162.082)
Change in net position of governmental activities		\$	(163,082) 5,984,403

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) GENERAL FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Budgetee	d Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive	
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)	
Revenues:	\$ 18.047.337	\$ 18,140,491	\$ 18,140,491	s -	
Property taxes	* -))	* -) -) -	* -) -) -	р –	
Intergovernmental	22,907,047	24,750,840	24,750,840		
Investment earnings	317,685	194,587	197,341	2,754	
Tuition and fees Extracurricular	3,808,857	645,500	645,500	-	
Contributions and donations	4,215	3,898 16,158	3,898	-	
Miscellaneous	1,054		16,158	-	
	22,654	46,606	46,606	- 2.754	
Total revenues	45,108,849	43,798,080	43,800,834	2,754	
Expenditures:					
Current: Instruction:					
	20 440 570	21,250,959	20.096.409	264 551	
Regular	20,440,579	· · ·	20,986,408	264,551	
Special Vocational	5,043,266 108,697	6,092,809 270,129	6,085,089 264,936	7,720 5,193	
Other	4,188,060	270,129	204,930	5,195	
Support services:	4,188,000	-	-	-	
Pupil	2,154,547	2,800,066	2,792,310	7,756	
Instructional staff	872,650	885,552	884,233	1,319	
Board of education	68,389	85,038	85,038	1,517	
Administration	3,855,446	3,447,903	3,439,927	7,976	
Fiscal	1,204,535	1,060,093	1,060,759	(666)	
Business	800	935	935	(000)	
Operations and maintenance	3,850,664	3,788,381	3,752,982	35,399	
Pupil transportation	1,931,064	2,187,960	2,119,886	68,074	
Central	140,282	175,979	175,541	438	
Extracurricular activities	788,686	924,998	926,421	(1,423)	
Facilities acquisition and construction	22,992			(1,125)	
Total expenditures	44,670,657	42,970,802	42,574,465	396,337	
-	120,100	005.050	1.00(.0(0)	200.001	
Excess of revenues over expenditures	438,192	827,278	1,226,369	399,091	
Other financing sources (uses):					
Refund of prior year's expenditures	263,421	159,565	159,565	-	
Transfers (out)	(44,954)	(501,486)	(501,486)	-	
Insurance recoveries	-	26,655	26,655	-	
Sale of assets	10,537	2,891	2,891		
Total other financing sources (uses)	229,004	(312,375)	(312,375)		
Net change in fund balance	667,196	514,903	913,994	399,091	
Fund balance at beginning of year	13,664,378	13,664,378	13,664,378	-	
Prior year encumbrances appropriated	215,222	215,222	215,222		
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 14,546,796	\$ 14,394,503	\$ 14,793,594	\$ 399,091	

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUND JUNE 30, 2022

	Business-type Activities
	Nonmajor Enterprise Fund
Assets:	
Current assets:	
Equity in pooled cash	
and investments	\$ 1,648
Deferred outflows of resources:	
Pension	21,150
OPEB	7,268
Total deferred outflows of resources	28,418
Deferred inflows of resources:	
Pension	31,662
OPEB	5,759
Total deferred inflows of resources	37,421
Net position:	
Unrestricted (deficit)	(7,355)
Total net position (deficit)	\$ (7,355)

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	iness-type ctivities
	onmajor 1terprise Fund
Operating revenues:	
Tuition and fees	\$ 105
Operating expenses:	
Personal services	(13,257)
Materials and supplies	4,898
Total operating expenses	 (8,359)
Operating income	 8,464
Nonoperating revenues:	
Contributions and donations	 532
Change in net position	8,996
Net position (deficit) at beginning of year	 (16,351)
Net position (deficit) at end of year	\$ (7,355)

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Cash flows from operating activities: Cash received from tuition and fees Cash payments for materials and suppliesNonmajor Enterprise FundsNet cash used in operating activities\$ 105 (4,898)Net cash used in operating activities(4,793)Cash flows from noncapital financing activities: Cash received from contributions and donations532Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities532Net cash provided by noncapital investments532Net decrease in cash and investments(4,261)Cash and investments at beginning of year Cash and investments at end of year\$ 909 \$ 1.648Reconciliation of operating income to net cash used in operating activities:\$ 8,464Changes in assets, deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources: Deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources and liabilities and soft resources2,603 (15,860)Net cash used in operating activities\$ 4,793)		Business-type Activities	
Cash received from tuition and fees \$ 105 Cash payments for materials and supplies \$ (4,898) Net cash used in operating activities (4,793) Cash flows from noncapital financing activities: 532 Cash received from contributions and donations 532 Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities: 532 Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities 532 Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities 532 Net decrease in cash and investments at beginning of year 5,909 Cash and investments at beginning of year \$ 1,648 Reconciliation of operating income to net cash used in operating activities: \$ 8,464 Changes in assets, deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources: 2,603 Deferred outflows of resources 2,603 Deferred inflows of resources 2,603 Net cash used in Net cash used in		Eı	iterprise
Cash payments for materials and supplies (4,898) Net cash used in operating activities (4,793) Cash flows from noncapital financing activities: (4,793) Cash received from contributions and donations 532 Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities: 532 Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities 532 Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities 532 Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities 532 Net cash in cash and investments at beginning of year 5,909 Cash and investments at end of year 5,909 Cash and investments at end of year \$ 8,464 Reconciliation of operating income to net cash used in operating activities: 0perating income \$ 8,464 Changes in assets, deferred outflows of resources: Deferred outflows of resources: Deferred inflows of resources 2,603 (15,860) Net cash used in Net cash used in 10 10 10			
Net cash used in operating activities (4,793) Cash flows from noncapital financing activities: 532 Cash received from contributions and donations 532 Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities 532 Net decrease in cash and investments (4,261) Cash and investments at beginning of year 5,909 Cash and investments at end of year \$1,648 Reconciliation of operating income to net cash used in operating activities: 0perating income Operating income \$ 8,464 Changes in assets, deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources: 2,603 Deferred outflows of resources 2,603 Deferred inflows of resources (15,860) Net cash used in Net cash used in		\$	
operating activities(4,793)Cash flows from noncapital financing activities: Cash received from contributions and donations532Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities532Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities532Net decrease in cash and 	Cash payments for materials and supplies		(4,898)
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities: Cash received from contributions and donations Size Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities financing activities Size Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities financing activities Size Net decrease in cash and investments (4,261) Cash and investments at beginning of year Cash and investments at end of year Size Reconciliation of operating income to net cash used in operating activities: Operating income Size Operating income Size Size Operating income Size Changes in assets, deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources: Deferred outflows of resources Deferred inflows of resources Net cash used in	Net cash used in		
Cash received from contributions and donations 532 Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities 532 Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities 532 Net decrease in cash and investments (4,261) Cash and investments at beginning of year Cash and investments at end of year 5,909 Cash and investments at end of year \$1,648 Reconciliation of operating income to net cash used in operating activities: \$8,464 Operating income \$ 8,464 Changes in assets, deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources: Deferred outflows of resources 2,603 Deferred inflows of resources 2,603 Net cash used in Net cash used in	operating activities		(4,793)
Cash received from contributions and donations 532 Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities 532 Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities 532 Net decrease in cash and investments (4,261) Cash and investments at beginning of year Cash and investments at end of year 5,909 Cash and investments at end of year \$1,648 Reconciliation of operating income to net cash used in operating activities: \$8,464 Operating income \$ 8,464 Changes in assets, deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources: Deferred outflows of resources 2,603 Deferred inflows of resources 2,603 Net cash used in Net cash used in	Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:		
financing activities532Net decrease in cash and investments(4,261)Cash and investments at beginning of year5,909Cash and investments at end of year\$ 1,648Reconciliation of operating income to net cash used in operating activities:\$ 8,464Operating income\$ 8,464Changes in assets, deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources: Deferred outflows of resources2,603 (15,860)Net cash used inNet cash used in			532
financing activities532Net decrease in cash and investments(4,261)Cash and investments at beginning of year5,909Cash and investments at end of year\$ 1,648Reconciliation of operating income to net cash used in operating activities:\$ 8,464Operating income\$ 8,464Changes in assets, deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources: Deferred outflows of resources2,603 (15,860)Net cash used inNet cash used in	Net cash provided by noncapital		
Net decrease in cash and investments (4,261) Cash and investments at beginning of year 5,909 Cash and investments at end of year \$ 1,648 Reconciliation of operating income to net cash used in operating activities: 0 Operating income \$ 8,464 Changes in assets, deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources: 2,603 Deferred outflows of resources 2,603 Net cash used in Net cash used in			532
investments(4,261)Cash and investments at beginning of year5,909Cash and investments at end of year\$ 1,648Reconciliation of operating income to net cash used in operating activities:\$ 8,464Operating income\$ 8,464Changes in assets, deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources: Deferred outflows of resources2,603 (15,860)Net cash used inNet cash used in	-		
Cash and investments at beginning of year 5,909 Cash and investments at end of year \$ 1,648 Reconciliation of operating income to net cash used in operating activities: \$ 8,464 Operating income \$ 8,464 Changes in assets, deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources: 2,603 Deferred outflows of resources (15,860) Net cash used in 1			(4.2(1))
Cash and investments at end of year \$ 1,648 Reconciliation of operating income to net cash used in operating activities: \$ 8,464 Operating income \$ 8,464 Changes in assets, deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources: 2,603 Deferred outflows of resources 2,603 Deferred inflows of resources (15,860) Net cash used in \$ 1,648	investments		(4,261)
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash used in operating activities: Operating income \$ 8,464 Changes in assets, deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources: 2,603 Deferred outflows of resources 2,603 Deferred inflows of resources (15,860) Net cash used in 1	Cash and investments at beginning of year		5,909
cash used in operating activities:Operating income\$ 8,464Changes in assets, deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources: Deferred outflows of resources2,603 (15,860)Deferred inflows of resources(15,860)Net cash used inX	Cash and investments at end of year	\$	1,648
Changes in assets, deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources: Deferred outflows of resources 2,603 Deferred inflows of resources (15,860) Net cash used in			
and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources: Deferred outflows of resources2,603 (15,860)Deferred inflows of resources(15,860)Net cash used in(15,860)	Operating income	\$	8,464
Deferred inflows of resources (15,860) Net cash used in	8		
Net cash used in	Deferred outflows of resources		2,603
	Deferred inflows of resources		(15,860)
operating activities (4,793)	Net cash used in		
	operating activities	\$	(4,793)

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUND JUNE 30, 2022

	0	ustodial
Assets: Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$	123,733
Liabilities: Accounts payable		15,295
Net position: Restricted for individuals, organizations and other governments		108,438
Total net position	\$	108,438

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	C	ustodial
Additions: Earnings on investments	\$	290
Contributions and donations	ψ	17,401
Total additions		17,691
Deductions:		
Scholarships awarded		36,087
Total deductions		36,087
Change in net position		(18,396)
Net position at beginning of year		126,834
Net position at end of year	\$	108,438

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 1 - DESCRIPTION OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT

Austintown Local School District (the "District") is a body politic and corporate established for the purpose of exercising the rights and privileges conveyed to it by the constitution and laws of the State of Ohio. The District is governed by a locally elected five member Board of Education (the "Board") which provides educational services.

The District is staffed by 217 non-certified and 409 certified personnel to provide services to approximately 4,118 students and other community members.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the District have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The District's significant accounting policies are described below.

A. Reporting Entity

The reporting entity has been defined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 14, "<u>The Financial Reporting Entity</u>" as amended by GASB Statement No. 39, "<u>Determining Whether Certain Organizations Are Component Units</u>" and GASB Statement No. 61, "<u>The Financial Reporting Entity</u>: <u>Omnibus an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 34</u>". The reporting entity is composed of the primary government and component units. The primary government consists of all funds, departments, boards and agencies that are not legally separate from the District. For the District, this includes general operations, food service, and student related activities of the District.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the District is financially accountable. The District is financially accountable for an organization if the District appoints a voting majority of the organization's Governing Board and (1) the District is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the District is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; or (3) the District is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or (4) the District is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the District in that the District approves the budget, the issuance of debt or the levying of taxes. Certain organizations are also included as component units if the nature and significance of the relationship between the primary government and the organization is such that exclusion by the primary government would render the primary government's financial statements incomplete or misleading. Based upon the application of these criteria, the District has no component units. The basic financial statements of the reporting entity include only those of the District (the primary government).

The following organizations are described due to their relationship with the District:

JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS

Area Cooperative Computerized Educational Service System

Area Cooperative Computerized Educational Service System (ACCESS), a not-for-profit computer service, is jointly governed by 24 districts within Mahoning and Columbiana counties. ACCESS is governed by an assembly consisting of the superintendents of the member school districts. The degree of control exercised by any participating school district is limited to its representation on the assembly. Members of ACCESS are assessed annual user fees and periodic capital improvement fees based on their average daily membership. The members have an ongoing financial interest in ACCESS; however, they do not have an equity interest. Financial information can be obtained from the Treasurer for the Mahoning County Educational Service Center, who serves as fiscal agent, at 7300 North Palmyra Road, Canfield, Ohio 44406.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

Mahoning County Career & Technical Center

The Mahoning County Career & Technical Center is a distinct political subdivision of the State of Ohio operated under the direction of a Board consisting of representatives from the participating school districts' elected boards, which possesses its own budgeting and taxing authority. To obtain financial information, write to the Treasurer of the Career & Technical Center, at 7300 North Palmyra Road, Canfield, Ohio 44406.

PUBLIC ENTITY RISK POOLS

Stark County Schools Council of Governments

The Stark County Schools Council of Governments (Council) is a shared risk pool created pursuant to State statute for the purpose of administering health care and dental benefits. The Council is governed by an Assembly which consists of one representative from each participating school district (usually the superintendent or designee). The Assembly elects officers for one year terms to serve on the Board of Directors. The Assembly exercises control over the operation of the Council. All Council revenues are generated from charges for services received from the participating school districts, based on the established premiums for the insurance plans. Each school district reserves the right to terminate the plan in whole or in part, at any time. If it is terminated, no further contributions will be made, but the benefits under the insurance contract shall be paid in accordance with the terms of the contract. Financial information can be obtained from the Treasurer for the Stark County Educational Service Center, who serves as fiscal agent, at 6057 Strip Avenue NW, North Canton, Ohio 44720.

B. Fund Accounting

The District uses funds to report its financial position and the results of its operations. A fund is a separate accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain school district activities or functions. Funds are classified into three categories: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary. Each category is divided into separate fund types.

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Governmental funds focus on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources is reported as fund balance. The following are the District's major governmental funds:

<u>General fund</u> - The general fund is used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund. The general fund balance is available for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

<u>Bond retirement fund</u> - The bond retirement fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources and payment of general obligation bond principal and interest from governmental resources when the government is obligated in some manner for payment.

Other governmental funds of the District are used to account for (a) financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditures for capital outlays including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets, and (b) specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to an expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

Proprietary fund reporting focuses on changes in net position, financial position and cash flows. Proprietary funds are classified as either enterprise funds or internal service funds. The District has no internal service funds.

<u>Enterprise fund</u> - The enterprise fund is used to account for operations (a) that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises where the intent of the governing body is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges; or (b) where the governing body has decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes. The District's enterprise fund accounts for community center and summer school operations.

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net position and changes in net position. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: private-purpose trust funds, investment trust funds, pension trust funds and custodial funds. Trust funds are used to account for assets held by the District under a trust agreement for individuals, private organizations, or other governments and are therefore not available to support the District's own programs. The District has no trust funds. Custodial funds are used to report fiduciary activities that are not required to be reported in a trust fund. The District's custodial fund accounts for scholarship programs in which the District has no administrative involvement.

C. Basis of Presentation and Measurement Focus

<u>Government-wide Financial Statements</u> - The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds. The statements distinguish between those activities of the District that are governmental and those that are considered business-type activities.

The government-wide statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. This is the same approach used in the preparation of the proprietary fund financial statements, but differs from the manner in which governmental fund financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

The government-wide statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each segment of the business-type activities of the District and for each function or program of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and are therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues which are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the District. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each business segment or governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the District.

<u>Fund Financial Statements</u> - Fund financial statements report detailed information about the District. The focus of governmental and proprietary fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. Fiduciary funds are reported by fund type.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. All governmental fund types are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. The financial statements for governmental funds are a balance sheet, which generally includes only current assets, deferred outflows of resources, current liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, and a statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances, which reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources.

All proprietary fund types are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, all assets and deferred outflows of resources and all liabilities and deferred inflow of resources associated with the operation of these funds are included on the statement of net position. The statement of changes in fund net position presents increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in net position. The statement of cash flows provides information about how the District finances and meets the cash flow needs of its proprietary activities.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operation. The principal operating revenues of the special enterprise fund are tuition and fees. Operating expenses for the enterprise fund include personal services, contractual services, materials and supplies and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

Fiduciary funds present a statement of changes in fiduciary net position which reports additions to and deductions from custodial funds. Fiduciary funds are reported using the economic resources measurement focus.

D. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting on the fund financial statements. Proprietary and fiduciary funds also use the accrual basis of accounting.

<u>Revenues - Exchange and Nonexchange Transactions</u> - Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the District, available means expected to be received within sixty days of fiscal year end.

Nonexchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied (See Note 6). Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the District on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from nonexchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at fiscal year end: property taxes available as an advance, interest, tuition, grants, student fees and rentals.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources</u> - In addition to assets, the government-wide statement of net position will report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net assets that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. See Notes 12 and 13 for deferred outflows of resources related to the District's net pension liability and net OPEB liability/asset, respectively. In addition, deferred outflows of resources include a deferred charge on debt refunding. A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt.

In addition to liabilities, both the government-wide statement of net position and the governmental fund financial statements report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net assets that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. For the District, deferred inflows of resources include property taxes and unavailable revenue. Property taxes represent amounts for which there is an enforceable legal claim as of June 30, 2022, but which were levied to finance fiscal year 2023 operations. These amounts have been recorded as a deferred inflow of resources on both the government-wide statement of net position and the governmental fund financial statements. Unavailable revenue is reported only on the governmental funds balance sheet, and represents receivables which will not be collected within the available period. For the District unavailable revenue includes, but is not limited to, delinquent property taxes and intergovernmental grants. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period the amounts become available.

See Notes 12 and 13 for deferred inflows of resources related to the District's net pension liability and net OPEB liability/asset, respectively. This deferred inflow of resources is only reported on the government-wide statement of net position.

<u>Expenses/Expenditures</u> - On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. The entitlement value of donated commodities used during the year is reported in the operating statement as an expense with a like amount reported as donated commodities revenue. Unused donated commodities are reported as donated commodities revenue.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of costs, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in governmental funds.

E. Budgets

The District is required by State statute to adopt an annual appropriated cash basis budget for all funds. The specific timetable for the fiscal year is as follows:

 The Mahoning County Budget Commission voted to waive the requirement that school districts adopt a tax budget as required by Section 5705.28 of the Ohio Revised Code, by January 15th and the filing by January 20th. The Budget Commission now requires an alternate tax budget be submitted by January 20th, which no longer requires specific Board approval.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

- 2. Prior to April 1, the Board of Education accepts, by formal resolution, the tax rates as determined by the Budget Commission and receives the Commission's certificate of estimated resources which states the projected revenue of each fund. Prior to July 1, the District must revise its budget so that total contemplated expenditures from any fund during the ensuing year will not exceed the amount stated in the certificate of estimated resources. The revised budget then serves as a basis for the appropriation measure. On or about July 1, the certificate is amended to include any unencumbered balances from the preceding year as reported by the District Treasurer. The certificate may be further amended during the year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the District Treasurer. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts in the certificate when the original appropriations were adopted. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect when the final appropriations were passed by the Board of Education.
- 3. By July 1, the annual appropriation resolution is legally enacted by the Board of Education at the fund level of expenditures, which is the legal level of budgetary control. (State statute permits a temporary appropriation to be effective until no later than October 1 of each year). Although the legal level of budgetary control was established at the fund level of expenditures, the District has elected to present the budgetary statement comparison at the fund and function level of expenditures for the general fund. Resolution appropriations by fund must be within the estimated resources as certified by the County Budget Commission, and the total of expenditures and encumbrances may not exceed the appropriation total.
- 4. Any revisions that alter the total of any fund appropriation must be approved by the Board of Education.
- 5. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for all funds consistent with the general obligation bond indenture and other statutory provisions. All funds completed the year within the amount of their legally authorized cash basis appropriation.
- 6. Appropriation amounts are as originally adopted, or as amended by the Board of Education through the year by supplemental appropriations which either reallocated or increased the original appropriated amounts. All supplemental appropriations were legally enacted by the Board during fiscal year 2022. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts reflect the first appropriation for that fund that covered the entire fiscal year, including amounts automatically carried over from prior years. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts passed by the Board of Education during the fiscal year.
- 7. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at year end. Encumbered appropriations are carried forward to the succeeding fiscal year and need not be re-appropriated. Expenditures plus encumbrances may not legally exceed budgeted appropriations at the fund level.

As part of formal budgetary control, purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded as the equivalent of expenditures on the non-GAAP budgetary basis in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation and to determine and maintain legal compliance.

F. Cash and Investments

To improve cash management, cash received by the District is pooled. Monies for all funds, including proprietary funds, are maintained in this pool. Individual fund integrity is maintained through the District's records. Each fund's interest in the pool is presented as "equity in pooled cash and investments" on the basic financial statements.

During fiscal year 2022, investments were limited to federal agency securities, U.S. Treasury notes, negotiable CDs commercial paper, corporate bonds, a U.S. government money market and investments in the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio). Except for investments in STAR Ohio, investments are reported at fair value, which is based on quoted market prices.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

STAR Ohio is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but has adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), Statement No. 79, "Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants." The District measures its investment in STAR Ohio at the net asset value (NAV) per share provided by STAR Ohio. The NAV per share is calculated on an amortized cost basis that provides an NAV per share that approximates fair value.

For fiscal year 2022, there were no limitations or restrictions on any participant withdrawals due to redemption notice periods, liquidity fees, or redemption gates. However, notice must be given 24 hours in advance of all deposits and withdrawals exceeding \$100 million. STAR Ohio reserves the right to limit transactions to \$250 million per day, requiring the excess amount to be transacted the following business day(s), but only to the \$250 million limit. All accounts of the participant will be combined for these purposes.

Under existing Ohio statutes all investment earnings are assigned to the general fund unless statutorily required to be credited to a specific fund or by policy of the Board of Education. Interest revenue credited to the general fund during fiscal 2022 amounted to \$24,259, which includes \$11,646 assigned from other District funds.

For purposes of the statement of cash flows and for presentation on the statement of net position, investments of the cash management pool and investments with original maturities of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the District are considered to be cash equivalents. Investments with an initial maturity of more than three months are reported as investments.

An analysis of the District's investment account at year end is provided in Note 4.

G. Inventory

On government-wide and fund financial statements, purchased inventories are presented at the lower of cost or market and donated commodities are presented at their entitlement value. Inventories are recorded on a first-in, first-out basis and are expensed when used. Inventories are accounted for using the purchase method on the fund statements and using the consumption method on the government-wide statements.

Inventories held for resale consist of donated food and purchased food.

H. Capital Assets

General capital assets are those assets not specifically related to activities reported in the proprietary fund. These assets generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net position, but are not reported in the fund financial statements. Capital assets utilized by the proprietary fund are reported both in the business-type activities column of the government-wide statement of net position and in the respective fund.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated capital assets are recorded at their acquisition values as of the date received. The District maintains a capitalization threshold of \$4,000 for its capital assets. The District does not possess any infrastructure. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not. Interest incurred during the construction of capital assets is also capitalized.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

All reported capital assets, except land and construction in progress, are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

	Governmental	Business-Type
	Activities	Activities
Description	Estimated Lives	Estimated Lives
Land improvements	10 - 30 years	N/A
Building/improvements	10 - 40 years	N/A
Furniture/equipment	5 - 20 years	5 - 20 years
Vehicles	8 - 15 years	N/A

I. Compensated Absences

Compensated absences of the District consist of vacation leave and sick leave to the extent that payments to the employee for these absences are attributable to services already rendered and are not contingent on a specific event that is outside the control of the District and the employee.

In accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 16, "Accounting for Compensated Absences", a liability for vacation leave is accrued if a) the employees' rights to payment are attributable to services already rendered; and b) it is probable that the employer will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or other means, such as cash payment at termination or retirement. An accrual for earned sick leave is made to the extent that it is probable that the benefits will result in termination (severance) payments. A liability for sick leave is accrued using the vesting method; i.e., the liability is based on the sick leave accumulated at the balance sheet date by those employees who are currently eligible to receive termination (severance) payments, as well as those employees expected to become eligible in the future. For purposes of establishing a liability for sick leave on employees expected to become eligible to retire in the future, all employees age fifty or greater with at least ten years of service were considered expected to become eligible to retire in accordance with GASB Statement No. 16.

The total liability for vacation and sick leave payments has been calculated using pay rates in effect at June 30, 2022 and reduced to the maximum payment allowed by labor contract and/or statute, plus any additional salary related payments.

The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements.

For governmental fund financial statements, compensated absences are recognized as liabilities and expenditures as payments come due each period upon the occurrence of employee resignations and retirements. In proprietary funds, the entire amount of compensated absences is reported as a fund liability.

J. Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements, and all payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations payable from proprietary funds are reported on the proprietary fund financial statements.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources, are reported as obligations of the funds. However, compensated absences that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the current year. Net pension/OPEB liability should be recognized in the governmental funds to the extent that benefit payments are due and payable and the pension/OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is not sufficient for payment of those benefits. Bonds, lease purchase agreements and longterm loans are recognized as a liability in the fund financial statements when due.

K. Fund Balance

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The classifications are as follows:

<u>Nonspendable</u> - The nonspendable fund balance classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form or legally required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash.

<u>Restricted</u> - Fund balance is reported as restricted when constraints are placed on the use of resources that are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

<u>Committed</u> - The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes imposed by a formal action (resolution) of the District Board of Education (the highest level of decision making authority). Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the District Board of Education removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (resolution) it employed to previously commit those amounts. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

<u>Assigned</u> - Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the government for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as committed. The Board of Education has by resolution authorized the treasurer to assign fund balance. The Board of Education may also assign fund balance as it does when appropriating fund balance to cover a gap between estimated revenue and appropriations in the subsequent year's appropriated budget. Unlike commitments, assignments general only exist temporarily. In other words, an additional action does not normally have to be taken for the removal of an assignment. Conversely, as discussed above, an additional action is essential to either remove or revise a commitment.

<u>Unassigned</u> - Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is only used to report a deficit fund balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed, or assigned.

The District applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) fund balance is available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

L. Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets and deferred outflows, and liabilities and deferred inflows. The net position component "net investment in capital assets," consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets or related debt also should be included in this component of net position. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on its use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments. Net position restricted for other purposes includes amounts restricted for other local grants and unclaimed monies.

The District applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available.

M. Prepayments

Certain payments to vendors reflect the costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements. These items are reported as assets on the balance sheet using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amounts is recorded at the time of the purchase, and the expenditure/expense is reported in the year in which services are consumed.

N. Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

O. Unamortized Bond Premium and Deferred Charges on Refunding

Bond premiums are deferred and amortized over the term of the bonds using the straight-line method, which approximates the effective interest method. Bond premiums are presented as an addition to the face amount of the bonds. A reconciliation between the bonds face value and the amount reported on the statement of net position is presented in Note 9.I.

For advance refundings resulting in the defeasance of debt, the difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the old debt is deferred and amortized as a component of interest expense. This accounting gain or loss is amortized over the remaining life of the old debt or the life of the new debt, whichever is shorter, and is presented as a deferred outflow or inflow of resources on the statement of net position.

P. Capital Contributions

Capital contributions in proprietary fund financial statements arise from outside contributions of capital assets, or from grants, or outside contributions of resources restricted to capital acquisition and construction. The enterprise fund did not receive any capital contributions from governmental funds during fiscal year 2022.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

Q. Restricted Assets

Assets are reported as restricted assets when limitations on their use change the normal understanding of the availability of the asset. Such constraints are either imposed by creditors, contributors, grantors, or laws of other governments or imposed by enabling legislation. See Note 9.B. for further detail on restricted assets related to the bond sinking fund deposits with fiscal agent. See Note 9.G. for further detail on restricted assets related to the lease-purchase agreement deposits with fiscal agent.

R. Interfund Activity

Transfers between governmental and business-type activities on the government-wide statements are reported in the same manner as general revenues.

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds and after nonoperating revenues/expenses in proprietary funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements.

S. Extraordinary and Special Items

Extraordinary items are transactions or events that are both unusual in nature and infrequent in occurrence. Special items are transactions or events that are within the control of the Board of Education and that are either unusual in nature or infrequent in occurrence. The District had no extraordinary or special items during fiscal year 2022.

T. Interfund Balances

On fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as "interfund loans receivable/payable." Interfund loans that are used to cover negative cash balances are classified as "due to/from other funds". These amounts are eliminated in the governmental activities column on the statement of net position.

U. Pensions/Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net pension/OPEB liability, net OPEB asset, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related pensions/OPEB, and pension/OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the pension/OPEB plans and additions to/deductions from their fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the pension/OPEB plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. The pension/OPEB plans report investments at fair value.

V. Fair Value

The District categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE

A. Change in Accounting Principles

For fiscal year 2022, the District has implemented GASB Statement No. 87, "*Leases*", GASB Implementation Guide 2019-3, "*Leases*", GASB Statement No. 89, "*Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred before the End of a Construction Period*", GASB Implementation Guide 2020-1, "*Implementation Guide Update - 2020*", GASB Statement No. 92, "*Omnibus 2020*", GASB Statement No. 93, "*Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates*", GASB Statement No. 97, " *Certain Component Unit Criteria, and Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans—an amendment of GASB Statement No. 99, "Omnibus 2022"*.

GASB Statement No. 87 and GASB Implementation Guide 2019-3 enhance the relevance and consistency of information of the government's leasing activities. It establishes requirements for lease accounting based on the principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. A lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right to use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 87 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the District.

GASB Statement No. 89 establishes accounting requirements for interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period. GASB Statement No. 89 requires that interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period be recognized as an expense in the period in which the cost is incurred for financial statements prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. GASB Statement No. 89 also reiterates that financial statements prepared using the current financial resources measurement focus, interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period should be recognized as an expenditure on a basis consistent with governmental fund accounting principles. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 89 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the District.

GASB Implementation Guide 2020-1 provides clarification on issues related to previously established GASB guidance. The implementation of GASB Implementation Guide 2020-1 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the District.

GASB Statement No. 92 enhances comparability in accounting and financial reporting and to improve the consistency of authoritative literature by addressing practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 92 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the District.

GASB Statement No. 93 establishes accounting and financial reporting requirements related to the replacement of Interbank Offered Rates (IBORs) in hedging derivative instruments and leases. It also identifies appropriate benchmark interest rates for hedging derivative instruments. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 93 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the District.

GASB Statement No. 97 is to (1) increase consistency and comparability related to the reporting of fiduciary component units in circumstances in which a potential component unit does not have a governing board and the primary government performs the duties that a governing board typically would perform; (2) mitigate costs associated with the reporting of certain defined contribution pension plans, defined contribution other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plans, and employee benefit plans other than pension plans or OPEB plans (other employee benefit plans) as fiduciary component units in fiduciary fund financial statements; and (3) enhance the relevance, consistency, and comparability of the accounting and financial reporting for Internal Revenue Code (IRC) Section 457 deferred compensation plans (Section 457 plans) that meet the definition of a pension plan and for benefits provided through those plans. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 97 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the District.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE - (Continued)

GASB Statement No. 99 to enhance comparability in accounting and financial reporting and to improve the consistency of authoritative literature by addressing (1) practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements and (2) accounting and financial reporting for financial guarantees. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 99 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the District.

B. Deficit Fund Balances

Fund balances at June 30, 2022 included the following individual fund deficits:

Nonmajor government funds	 Deficit
ESSER	\$ 30,317
Title VI-B	149,242
Title I	40,534
Supporting effective instruction	1,546
Title IV-A	516

The general fund is liable for any deficit in these funds and provides transfers when cash is required, not when accruals occur. The deficit fund balances resulted from adjustments for accrued liabilities.

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

State statutes classify monies held by the District into three categories.

Active deposits are public deposits necessary to meet current demands on the treasury. Such monies must be maintained either as cash in the District treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the Board of Education has identified as not required for use within the current five-year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use, but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories.

Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts including passbook accounts.

Interim monies may be deposited or invested in the following securities:

- 1. United States Treasury Notes, Bills, Bonds, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States;
- Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligations or securities issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality, including, but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, and Government National Mortgage Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

- 3. Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided that the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least two percent and be marked to market daily, and that the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;
- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio, and with certain limitations including a requirement for maturity within ten years from the date of settlement, bonds and other obligations of political subdivisions of the State of Ohio, if training requirements have been met;
- 5. Time certificates of deposit or savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts;
- 6. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in division (1) or (2) and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made on through eligible institutions;
- 7. The State Treasurer's investment pool, the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio); and
- 8. Certain banker's acceptance and commercial paper notes for a period not to exceed one hundred eighty days and two hundred seventy days, respectively, from the purchase date in an amount not to exceed forty percent of the interim monies available for investment at any one time if training requirements have been met.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage and short selling are also prohibited. Except as noted above, an investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the District, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity. Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the Treasurer or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

Protection of the deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, or by the financial institutions participation in the Ohio Pooled Collateral System (OPCS), a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to the Treasurer of State to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution.

A. Cash on Hand

At fiscal year end, the District had \$200 in undeposited cash on hand which is included on the financial statements of the District as part of "equity in pooled cash and investments".

B. Cash with Escrow Agent

At fiscal year-end, \$5,880,865 was on deposit with a fiscal agent for required sinking fund deposits relating to the District's general obligation bonds. These funds are not included in "deposits with financial institutions" below.

At fiscal year-end, \$28,117 was on deposit with a fiscal agent for the District's notes payable-financing agreement. These funds are not included in "deposits with financial institutions" below.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

C. Deposits with Financial Institutions

At June 30, 2022, the carrying amount of all District deposits was \$16,086,091. Based on the criteria described in GASB Statement No. 40, "<u>Deposits and Investment Risk Disclosures</u>", as of June 30, 2022, \$16,255,200 of the District's bank balance of \$16,505,200 was exposed to custodial risk as discussed below, while \$250,000 was covered by the FDIC.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of bank failure, the District will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The District has no deposit policy for custodial credit risk beyond the requirements of State statute. Ohio law requires that deposits either be insured or protected by (1) eligible securities pledged to the District's and deposited with a qualified trustee by the financial institution as security for repayment whose fair value at all times shall be at least 105 percent of the deposits being secured, or (2) participation in the Ohio Pooled Collateral System (OPCS), a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to the Treasurer of State to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution. OPCS requires the total fair value of the securities pledged to be 102 percent of the deposit being secured or a rate set by the Treasurer of State. Although all statutory requirements for the deposit of money had been followed, noncompliance with Federal requirements could potentially subject the District to a successful claim by the FDIC.

D. Investments

			Investment Maturities								
Measurement/	Μ	leasurement	6	months or		7 to 12		13 to 18		19 to 24	Greater than
Investment type		Value		less		months		months		months	24 months
Fair Value:											
FHLB	\$	2,250,255	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 2,250,255
FFCB		1,559,002		-		-		-		405,004	1,153,998
FNMA		389,408		-		-		389,408		-	-
FHLMC		2,099,387		-		-		-		-	2,099,387
Commercial paper		2,081,817		1,680,509		401,308		-		-	-
Negotiable CD's		4,671,340		247,023		994,779		240,805		1,365,888	1,822,845
U.S Treasury notes		625,715		-		349,029		-		276,686	-
Corporate bond		900,930		-		-		-		-	900,930
US Government											
money market		43,661		43,661		-		-		-	-
Amortized Cost:											
STAR Ohio		108,814		108,814		-		-	_	-	
Total	\$	14,730,329	\$	2,080,007	\$	1,745,116	\$	630,213	\$	2,047,578	\$ 8,227,415

As of June 30, 2022, the District had the following investments and maturities:

The weighted average length to maturity of the District's investments is 2.20 years.

The District's investments in U.S. Government money market mutual funds are valued using quoted market prices in active markets (Level 1 inputs). The District's investments in federal agency securities, a corporate bond, commercial paper, negotiable CD's and U.S. Treasury notes are valued using quoted prices in markets that are not considered to be active, dealer quotations or alternative pricing sources for similar assets or liabilities for which all significant inputs are observable, either directly or indirectly (Level 2 inputs).

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

Interest Rate Risk: Interest rate risk arises as potential purchasers of debt securities will not agree to pay face value for those securities if interest rates subsequently increase. As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates and according to State law, the District's investment policy limits investment portfolio maturities to five years or less.

Credit Risk: The District's investments in federal agency securities and U.S. Treasury notes were rated AA+ and Aaa by Standard & Poor's and Moody's Investor Services, respectively. The District's investment in a corporate bond was rated AAA and Aaa by Standard & Poor's and Moody's Investor Services, respectively. The District's investments in commercial paper were rated A-1 or A-1+ and P-1 by Standard & Poor's and Moody's Investor Services, respectively. Standard & Poor's has assigned STAR Ohio and the U.S. Government money market funds an AAAm money market rating. Ohio law requires that STAR Ohio maintain the highest rating provided by at least one nationally recognized standard rating service. The District's investments in negotiable CD's are not rated. The District's investment policy does not specifically address credit risk beyond the adherence to all relevant sections of the Ohio Revised Code.

Custodial Credit Risk: For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The federal agency securities, corporate bond, U.S. Treasury notes and commercial paper are exposed to custodial credit risk in that they are uninsured, unregistered and held by the counterparty's trust department or agent but not in the District's name. The District's investments in negotiable CD's are insured by the FDIC. The District has no investment policy dealing with investment custodial risk beyond the requirement in State statute that prohibits payment for investments prior to the delivery of the securities representing such investments to the Treasurer or qualified trustee.

Concentration of Credit Risk: The District places no limit on the amount that may be invested in any one issuer. The following table includes the percentage of each investment type held by the District at June 30, 2022:

Measurement/	Μ	leasurement	
Investment type		Value	<u>% of Total</u>
Fair Value:			
FHLB	\$	2,250,255	15.28
FFCB		1,559,002	10.58
FNMA		389,408	2.64
FHLMC		2,099,387	14.25
Commercial paper		2,081,817	14.13
Negotiable CD's		4,671,340	31.71
U.S. Treasury notes		625,715	4.25
Corporate bond		900,930	6.12
US Government			
money market		43,661	0.30
Amortized Cost:			
STAR Ohio		108,814	0.74
Total	\$	14,730,329	100.00

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

E. Reconciliation of Cash and Investments to the Statement of Net Position

The following is a reconciliation of cash and investments as reported in the note above to cash and investments as reported on the statement of net position as of June 30, 2022:

Cash and investments per note		
Carrying amount of deposits	\$	16,086,091
Investments		14,730,329
Cash on hand		200
Cash with escrow agent		5,908,982
Total	<u>\$</u>	36,725,602
Cash and investments per statement of net pos	itio	<u>1</u>
Governmental activities	9	\$ 36,600,221

Business type activities	1,648
Custodial funds	123,733
Total	\$ 36,725,602

NOTE 5 - INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

A. Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2022, consisted of the following, as reported on the fund financial statements:

Transfers from the general fund to:	Amount
Bond retirement fund	\$ 1,486
Nonmajor governmental funds	500,000
	\$ 501,486

Transfers are used to move revenues from the fund that statute or budget required to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them and to use unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

Interfund transfers between governmental funds are eliminated on the government-wide financial statements.

B. Interfund balances at June 30, 2022 as reported on the fund statements, consist of the following individual interfund loans receivable and payable:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amou	nt
General Fund	Nonmajor governmental funds	\$	110

The primary purpose of the interfund balances is to cover costs in specific funds where revenues were not received by June 30. These interfund balances will be repaid once the anticipated revenues are received. All interfund balances are expected to be repaid within one year.

Interfund balances between governmental funds are eliminated on the government-wide financial statements.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 5 - INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS - (Continued)

C. Interfund balances consisted of the following due to/from other funds at June 30, 2022, as reported on the fund statements:

Due to the general fund from:	Amount
Nonmajor governmental funds	\$ 329,148

The primary purpose of the interfund loans due to the general fund is to cover negative cash balances in the nonmajor governmental funds. These negative cash balances are allowable under Ohio Revised Code Section 3315.20. The interfund balances will be repaid once the anticipated revenues are received.

Amounts due to/from other funds between governmental funds are eliminated on the government-wide financial statements.

NOTE 6 - PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis while the District fiscal year runs from July through June. First half tax collections are received by the District in the second half of the fiscal year. Second half tax distributions occur in the first half of the following fiscal year.

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real property and public utility property. Real property tax revenues received in calendar year 2022 represent the collection of calendar year 2021 taxes. Real property taxes received in calendar year 2022 were levied after April 1, 2021, on the assessed values as of January 1, 2021, the lien date. Assessed values for real property taxes are established by State statute at 35 percent of appraised market value. Real property taxes are payable annually or semiannually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semiannually, the first payment is due December 31, with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits alternate payment dates to be established. Public utility property tax revenues received in calendar year 2022 represent the collection of calendar year 2021 taxes. Public utility real and personal property taxes received in calendar year 2022 became a lien on December 31, 2020, were levied after April 1, 2021, and are collected with real property taxes. Public utility real property is assessed at 35 percent of true value; public utility tangible personal property is currently assessed at varying percentages of true value.

The District receives property taxes from Mahoning County. The County Auditor periodically advances to the District its portion of the taxes collected. Second-half real property tax payments collected by the County by June 30, 2022, are available to finance fiscal year 2022 operations. The amount available as an advance at June 30, 2022 was \$161,778 in the general fund, \$26,857 in the bond retirement fund and \$2,265 in the classroom facilities maintenance fund, a nonmajor governmental fund. This amount is recorded as revenue. The amount available as an advance at June 30, 2021 was \$336,097 in the general fund, \$52,510 in the bond retirement fund and \$4,793 in the classroom facilities maintenance fund, a nonmajor governmental fund. The amount of second-half real property taxes available for advance at fiscal year-end can vary based on the date the tax bills are sent.

Accrued property taxes receivable includes real property, public utility property and delinquent tangible personal property taxes which are measurable as of June 30, 2022 and for which there is an enforceable legal claim. Although total property tax collections for the next fiscal year are measurable, only the amount of real property taxes available as an advance at June 30 was levied to finance current fiscal year operations and is reported as revenue at fiscal year-end. The portion of the receivable not levied to finance current fiscal year operations is offset by a credit to deferred inflows.

On the accrual basis of accounting, collectible delinquent property taxes have been recorded as a receivable and revenue, while on a modified accrual basis of accounting the revenue has been reported as a deferred inflow of resources.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 6 - PROPERTY TAXES - (Continued)

The assessed values upon which the fiscal year 2022 taxes were collected are:

		2021 Seco Half Collect			st tions	
	Amount Percent				Amount	Percent
Agricultural/residential						
and other real estate	\$	650,867,090	96.55	\$	655,306,370	96.37
Public utility personal		23,232,670	3.45		24,683,240	3.63
Total	\$	674,099,760	100.00	\$	679,989,610	100.00
Tax rate per \$1,000 of assessed valuation						
Operations	\$	54.60		\$	54.60	
Debt service		4.90			4.80	
Classroom facilities maintenance		0.50			0.50	

NOTE 7 - RECEIVABLES

Receivables at June 30, 2022 consisted of taxes, accrued interest, accounts (billings for user charged services and student fees) and intergovernmental grants and entitlements. All receivables are considered collectible in full due to the ability to foreclose for the nonpayment of taxes, the stable condition of State programs and the current year guarantee of federal funds.

A summary of the principal items of receivables reported on the statement of net position follows:

Governmental activities:	 Amount				
Property taxes	\$ 23,011,270				
Accounts	31,176				
Intergovernmental	940,648				
Accrued interest	 37,272				
Total receivables	\$ 24,020,366				

Receivables have been disaggregated on the face of the basic financial statements. All receivables are expected to be collected within the subsequent year.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 8 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, was as follows:

	Balance 06/30/21	Additions	Deductions	Balance 06/30/22
Governmental activities:				
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 844,054	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	\$ 844,054
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	844,054			844,054
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Land improvements	7,043,809	479,790	-	7,523,599
Buildings and improvements	87,210,092	465,419	-	87,675,511
Furniture and equipment	5,716,037	309,215	-	6,025,252
Vehicles	4,044,770	52,023		4,096,793
Total capital assets, being depreciated	104,014,708	1,306,447		105,321,155
Less: accumulated depreciation:				
Land improvements	(3,437,539)) (385,988)	-	(3,823,527)
Buildings and improvements	(28,979,674)) (2,100,063)	-	(31,079,737)
Furniture and equipment	(4,812,549)		-	(5,028,809)
Vehicles	(3,253,961)) (287,572)		(3,541,533)
Total accumulated depreciation	(40,483,723)) (2,989,883)		(43,473,606)
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 64,375,039	<u>\$ (1,683,436)</u>	<u>\$ </u>	\$ 62,691,603
	Balance			Balance
	06/30/21	Additions	Deductions	06/30/22
Business-type activities:				
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Furniture/equipment	\$ 46,738	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 46,738
Less: accumulated depreciated	(46,738)			(46,738)
Total	<u>\$</u>	\$	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 8 - CAPITAL ASSETS - (Continued)

Depreciation expense was charged as follows:

Governmental activities:		Amount		
Instruction:				
Regular	\$	1,249,548		
Special		195,655		
Vocational		8,544		
Support services:				
Pupil		47,396		
Instructional staff		105,947		
Administration		126,095		
Fiscal		27,307		
Business		1,728		
Operations and maintenance		433,573		
Pupil transportation		332,402		
Food service operations		187,085		
Extracurricular activities	_	274,603		
Total depreciation expense	\$	2,989,883		

NOTE 9 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

A. The District has a House Bill 264 loan to provide for energy improvements to various District buildings. The primary source of repayment of this obligation is through energy savings as a result of the improvements. The loan was issued on October 5, 2006 and matured on October 1, 2021. The loan bears an interest rate of 4.75%. Payments of principal and interest relating to these liabilities are recorded as expenditures in the bond retirement fund.

The following is a description of the District's House Bill 264 loan outstanding as of June 30, 2022:

	Balance <u>6/30/21</u>		-	Issued in 2022	Retired in 2022		
House Bill 264 Loan	\$	1,518	\$	-	\$ (1,518)	\$	-

B. On September 1, 2010, the District issued general obligation classroom facilities improvement bonds, in the amount of \$26,680,000, for constructing, adding to, renovating, remodeling, furnishing, equipping, and improving District buildings. The bond issue included tax exempt current interest serial bonds, tax exempt capital appreciation bonds, term Build America Bonds (BABs) and Qualified School Construction Bonds (QSCBs) in the amount of \$2,625,000, \$140,000, \$12,655,000 and \$11,260,000, respectively. The bonds were issued for a thirty-eight year period, with final maturity during fiscal year 2048. The bonds will be retired through the bond retirement fund.

The interest rate on the tax exempt current interest bonds is 2.00%. The tax exempt capital appreciation bonds mature on November 1, 2028 (approximate initial offering yield to maturity 4.75%), November 1, 2029 (approximate initial offering yield to maturity 4.85%), and November 1, 2030 (approximate initial offering yield to maturity 4.95%), at a redemption price equal to 100% of the principal, plus accrued interest to the redemption date. The accreted value at maturity for the capital appreciation bonds is \$1,605,000. A total of \$480,753 in accreted interest on the capital appreciation bonds has been included on the statement of net position at June 30, 2022.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 9 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

On December 21, 2016, the District issued \$8,690,000 (series 2016 refunding bonds) to refund a portion of the BABs. This refunded debt is considered defeased (in-substance) and accordingly has been removed from the statement of net position.

On February 22, 2017, the District issued \$3,770,000 (series 2017 refunding bonds) to refund a portion of the BABs. This refunded debt is considered defeased (in-substance) and accordingly has been removed from the statement of net position.

The QSCBs bear an interest rate of 5.327% and mature September 1, 2027. The District is required to make mandatory sinking fund deposits (consisting of cash and/or U.S. Treasury obligations) on September 1, in the following years and in the following amounts (in each case equal to the value of any cash deposits, plus the stated principal value at maturity of any U.S. Treasury obligations plus any interest to be paid thereon through and including the maturity date) except the final principal payment date shall be the maturity date:

September 1	Amounts		Amounts
of year	 Due	I	Deposited
2014	\$ \$ 670,000		670,000
2015	695,000		695,000
2016	705,000		705,000
2017	715,000		715,000
2018	765,000		765,000
2019	775,000		775,000
2020	785,000		785,000
2021	815,000		815,000
2022	830,000		-
2023	840,000		-
2024	895,000		-
2025	905,000		-
2026	 915,000		_
	\$ 10,310,000	\$	5,925,000

The amount deposited is recorded as "restricted cash with escrow agent" on the basic financial statements.

The District receives a reimbursement from the United States Treasury equal to 100% of the lesser of the interest payments on the QSCBs or the federal tax credits that would have otherwise been available to the holders of the QSCBs. The District records this reimbursement as federal intergovernmental revenue in the bond retirement fund.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 9 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

The following is a schedule of activity for fiscal year 2022 on the 2010 general obligation bonds:

	Balance 06/30/21			<u>dditions</u>	Reductions		Balance 06/30/22		
Series 2010									
Capital appreciation bonds	\$	140,000	\$	-	\$	-	\$	140,000	
Accreted interest		406,352		74,401		-		480,753	
QSCBs		11,260,000		-			1	1,260,000	
Total Series 2010	\$	11,806,352	\$	74,401	\$	_	\$ 1	1,880,753	

The following is a summary of the future debt service requirements to maturity for the 2010 general obligation bonds:

Fiscal	QSCBs					Capital Appreciation Bonds					
Year Ended	Principal		Interest	Interest 7		Principal		Interest			Total
2023	\$ -	\$	599,820	\$	599,820	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
2024	-		599,820		599,820		-		-		-
2025	-		599,820		599,820		-		-		-
2026	-		599,820		599,820		-		-		-
2027	-		599,820		599,820		-		-		-
2028 - 2031	11,260,000		299,910		11,559,910		140,000		1,465,000		1,605,000
Total	<u>\$ 11,260,000</u>	\$	3,299,010	\$	14,559,010	\$	140,000	\$	1,465,000	\$	1,605,000

C. On June 13, 2012, the District issued general obligation bonds (series 2012 refunding bonds) to advance refund the callable portion of the series 2004 current interest general obligation bonds. The issuance proceeds of \$23,431,421 were used to purchase securities which were placed in an irrevocable trust to provide resources for all future debt service payments on the refunded debt. This refunded debt is considered defeased (in-substance) and accordingly, has been removed from the statement of net position.

On May 11, 2020, the District issued \$8,885,000 (series 2020 refunding bonds) to refund a portion of the series 2012 refunding bonds. This refunded debt is considered defeased (in-substance) and accordingly has been removed from the statement of net position.

The 2012 refunding issue is comprised of both current interest bonds, par value \$20,290,000, and capital appreciation bonds, par value \$685,000. The interest rate on the current interest bonds ranges from 2.00-5.00%. The capital appreciation bonds mature on December 1, 2024 (approximate initial offering yield to maturity 3.5%), and December 1, 2025 (approximate initial offering yield to maturity 3.6%) at a redemption price equal to 100% of the principal, plus accrued interest to the redemption date. The accreted value at maturity for the capital appreciation bonds is \$3,130,000. A total of \$1,519,820 in accreted interest on the capital appreciation bonds has been included on the statement of net position at June 30, 2022. The bonds will be retired through the bond retirement fund.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 9 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

The following is a schedule of activity for fiscal year 2022 on the series 2012 refunding bonds:

	Balance 06/30/21			Additions		Reductions_	 Balance 06/30/22
Refunding bonds - series 2012:							
Current interest bonds	\$	4,285,000	\$	-	\$	(1,325,000)	\$ 2,960,000
Capital appreciation bonds		685,000		-		-	685,000
Accreted interest		1,275,869		243,951		-	 1,519,820
Total refunding bonds - series 2012	\$	6,245,869	\$	243,951	\$	(1,325,000)	\$ 5,164,820

The reacquisition price exceeded the net carrying amount of the old debt by \$2,450,398. This amount is being netted against the new debt and amortized over the remaining life of the refunded debt.

Interest payments on the current interest bonds are due June 1 and December 1 each year. The final maturity stated on the issue is December 1, 2026.

The following is a summary of the future debt service requirements to maturity for the series 2012 refunding bonds:

Fiscal	 Current Interest Bonds						Capital Appreciation Bonds						
Year Ended	 Principal		Interest		Total		Total		Principal		Interest		Total
2023	\$ 1,370,000	\$	66,813	\$	1,436,813	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-		
2024	-		49,687		49,687		-		-		-		
2025	-		49,688		49,688		360,000		1,195,000		1,555,000		
2026	-		49,687		49,687		325,000		1,250,000		1,575,000		
2027	 1,590,000		24,844		1,614,844		_				_		
Total	\$ 2,960,000	\$	240,719	\$	3,200,719	\$	685,000	\$	2,445,000	\$	3,130,000		

D. On December 21, 2016, the District issued general obligation bonds (series 2016 refunding bonds) to refund a portion of the BABs. The issuance proceeds of \$8,998,249 were used to purchase securities which were placed in an irrevocable trust to provide resources for all future debt service payments on the refunded debt. This refunded debt is considered defeased (in-substance) and accordingly, has been removed from the statement of net position.

The 2016 refunding issue is comprised of current interest bonds, par value \$8,690,000. The interest rate on the current interest bonds ranges from 4.00-4.25%. The bonds will be retired through the bond retirement fund.

The following is a schedule of activity for fiscal year 2022 on the 2016 series refunding bonds:

	 Balance 6/30/21	A	<u>lditions</u>	Reduction	<u>s_</u>	_	Balance 6/30/22
Refunding bonds - series 2016: Current interest bonds	\$ 8,690,000	\$	_	\$	_	\$	8,690,000

The net carrying amount of the old debt exceeded the reacquisition price by \$53,732. This amount is being netted against the new debt and amortized over the remaining life of the refunded debt.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 9 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

Interest payments on the current interest bonds are due May 1 and November 1 each year. The final maturity stated on the issue is November 1, 2043.

The following is a summary of the future debt service requirements to maturity for the series 2016 refunding bonds:

Fiscal	Current Interest Bonds					
Year Ended	Princip	al		Interest		Total
					+	
2023	\$	-	\$	355,525	\$	355,525
2024		-		355,525		355,525
2025		-		355,525		355,525
2026		-		355,525		355,525
2027		-		355,525		355,525
2028 - 2032	520,	000		1,767,225		2,287,225
2033 - 2037	2,940,	000		1,388,625		4,328,625
2038 - 2042	3,575,	000		735,569		4,310,569
2043 -2044	1,655,	000		71,081		1,726,081
Total	<u>\$ 8,690,</u>	000	\$	5,740,125	\$	14,430,125

E. On February 22, 2017, the District issued general obligation bonds (series 2017 refunding bonds) to refund a portion of the BABs. The issuance proceeds of \$3,876,211 were used to purchase securities which were placed in an irrevocable trust to provide resources for all future debt service payments on the refunded debt. This refunded debt is considered defeased (in-substance) and accordingly, has been removed from the statement of net position.

The 2017 refunding issue is comprised of current interest bonds, par value \$3,770,000. The interest rate on the current interest bonds ranges from 0.93-4.25%. The bonds will be retired through the bond retirement fund.

The following is a schedule of activity for fiscal year 2022 on the 2017 series refunding bonds:

	Balance 06/30/21	Additions	Reductions	Balance 06/30/22
Refunding bonds- series 2017:				
Current interest bonds	\$ 3,720,000	\$ -	<u>\$</u>	\$ 3,720,000

The reacquisition price exceeded the net carrying amount of the old debt by \$20,832. This amount is being netted against the new debt and amortized over the remaining life of the refunded debt.

Interest payments on the current interest bonds are due May 1 and November 1 each year. The final maturity stated on the issue is November 1, 2043.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 9 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

The following is a summary of the future debt service requirements to maturity for the series 2017 refunding bonds:

Fiscal	Current Interest Bonds					
Year Ended	Principal	_	Interest		Total	
2023	\$ -	\$	144,263	\$	144,263	
2024	-		144,262		144,262	
2025	-		144,263		144,263	
2026	-		144,262		144,262	
2027	-		144,263		144,263	
2028 - 2032	230,000		717,862		947,862	
2033 - 2037	1,260,000		582,200		1,842,200	
2038 - 2042	1,525,000		310,825		1,835,825	
2043 - 2044	705,000		30,281		735,281	
Total	\$ 3,720,000	\$	2,362,481	\$	6,082,481	

F. On May 11, 2020, the District issued general obligation bonds (series 2020 refunding bonds) to advance refund a portion of the series 2012 current interest general obligation refunding bonds. The issuance proceeds of \$9,867,740 were used to purchase securities which were placed in an irrevocable trust to provide resources for all future debt service payments on the refunded debt. This refunded debt is considered defeased (in-substance) and accordingly, has been removed from the statement of net position. The refunded bonds were called on June 1, 2022.

The refunding issue is comprised of current interest bonds, par value \$8,885,000. The interest rate on the current interest bonds is 3.75%. The bonds will be retired through the bond retirement fund.

The following is a schedule of activity for fiscal year 2022 on the 2020 series refunding bonds:

	Balance			Balance
	06/30/21	Additions	Reductions	06/30/22
Refunding bonds- series 2020:				
Current interest bonds	<u>\$ 8,740,000</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ (5,000)</u>	\$ 8,735,000

The reacquisition price exceeded the net carrying amount of the old debt by \$892,781. This amount is being netted against the new debt and amortized over the remaining life of the refunded debt.

Interest payments on the current interest bonds are due June 1 and December 1 each year. The final maturity stated on the issue is December 1, 2030.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 9 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

The following is a summary of the future debt service requirements to maturity for the series 2020 refunding bonds:

Fiscal	Current Interest Bonds						
Year Ended	Principal	Interest	Total				
2023	\$ 5,000	\$ 327,469	\$ 332,469				
2024	1,420,000		1,720,750				
2025	5,000	274,030	279,030				
2026	5,000	273,844	278,844				
2027	5,000	273,656	278,656				
2028 - 2031	7,295,000	566,156	7,861,156				
Total	\$ 8,735,000	\$ 2,015,905	<u>\$ 10,750,905</u>				

G. On May 3, 2018, the District entered into a note payable financing agreement with U.S. Bancorp Government Leasing and Finance, Inc. (Bank). The proceeds of the financing agreement of \$1,450,000 will be used to pay for various energy saving improvements to the District's facilities. The agreement bears an interest rate of 3.302%. Interest payments are due on June 1 and December 1 each year. The final stated maturity on the financing agreement is December 1, 2028. The financing agreement will be retired through the general fund. Payments have been reclassified and are reflected as debt service expenditures in the fund financial statements for the governmental funds. These expenditures are reflected as program/function expenditures on a budgetary basis.

At fiscal year end, the District had \$28,117 on deposit with U.S. Bank (the fiscal agent) related to this financing agreement. The amount deposited is recorded as "restricted cash with escrow agent" on the basic financial statements.

The financing agreement is considered a direct borrowing. Direct borrowings have terms negotiated directly between the District and the lender and are not offered for public sale. In conjunction with the financing agreement, the District and the Bank have entered into a Ground Lease agreement whereby the District has leased to the Bank, under a Base Lease, the Project Site and the Bank has subleased the Project Site, and the facilities already located and/or to be constructed thereon (the "Project Facilities") back to the District under the terms of the financing agreement. The Project Site and Project Facilities are collateral for the debt as, in the event of default or "Nonappropriation of Funds", the Bank shall have all legal and equitable rights to take possession of the Project Site and Project Facilities and/or assign the Base Lease. The financing agreement has no significant finance-related terms related to events of default, termination events, or subjective acceleration clauses except to state that there shall be no right under any circumstances to accelerate the maturities of base rent payments or otherwise declare any base rent not then past due or in default to be immediately due and payable.

The following is a schedule of activity for fiscal year 2022 on the energy improvement financing agreement:

	 Balance 06/30/21	Additions		Re	ductions	 Balance 06/30/22
Note payable - financing agreement						
Energy improvements	\$ 1,090,000	\$	_	\$	(120,000)	\$ 970,000

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 9 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

The following is a summary of the future debt service requirements to maturity for the energy improvement financing agreement:

Fiscal	E	Energy Improvement Financing Agreement						
Year Ended	I	Principal		Interest	Total			
2023	\$	125,000	\$	29,966	\$	154,966		
2024		130,000		25,756		155,756		
2025		135,000		21,380		156,380		
2026		140,000		16,839		156,839		
2027		145,000		12,135		157,135		
2028 - 2029		295,000		9,825		304,825		
Total	\$	970,000	\$	115,901	\$	1,085,901		

H. On August 11, 2021, the District entered into a note payable financing agreement with Ford Business Machines Inc. to finance the purchase of copier equipment. The agreement bears an interest rate of 3.74%. Principal and interest payments are due monthly. The term of the financing agreement is 60 months. The financing agreement will be retired through the general fund. Payments have been reclassified and are reflected as debt service expenditures in the fund financial statements for the governmental funds. These expenditures are reflected as program/function expenditures on a budgetary basis.

The financing agreement is considered a direct borrowing. Direct borrowings have terms negotiated directly between the District and the lender and are not offered for public sale. The financing agreement has terms related to events of default including (1) termination of the agreement (2) require the District to return all equipment related to the agreement and (3) require the District to pay all remaining unpaid principal immediately.

The following is a schedule of activity for fiscal year 2022 on the copier equipment financing agreement:

	Balance						Balance
	06/30/21	_	A	dditions	F	Reductions	06/30/22
Note payable - financing agreement							
Copier equipment	\$	_	\$	197,647	\$	(33,527) \$	164,120

The following is a summary of the future debt service requirements to maturity for the copier equipment financing agreement:

Fiscal		Copier Equipment Financing Agreement					
Year Ended	Principal			Interest	Total		
2023	\$	34,695	\$	5,091	\$	39,786	
2024		39,229		4,174		43,403	
2025		40,723		2,681		43,404	
2026		42,273		1,131		43,404	
2027		7,200		34		7,234	
Total	\$	164,120	\$	13,111	\$	177,231	

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 9 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

I. The changes in the District's long-term obligations during the year consist of the following:

		Balance					Balance	Amounts Due in
	_	6/30/21	A	dditions	ŀ	Reductions	 6/30/22	 One Year
Governmental activities:								
Compensated absences payable	\$	2,899,720	\$	501,149	\$	(320,986)	\$ 3,079,883	\$ 261,616
Net pension liability		51,517,810		-	((24,121,650)	27,396,160	-
Net OPEB liability		3,719,908		-		(405,530)	3,314,378	-
Notes payable - financing agreements*		1,090,000		197,647		(153,527)	1,134,120	159,695
Loans payable		1,518		-		(1,518)	-	-
G.O. bonds payable		39,202,221		318,352		(1,330,000)	 38,190,573	 1,375,000
Total governmental activities								
long-term liabilities	\$	98,431,177	\$	1,017,148	\$	(26,333,211)	73,115,114	\$ 1,796,311
Add: Unamortized premium on bond issues							 1,956,680	
Total on statement of net position							\$ 75,071,794	
* direct borrowings								

Compensated absences will be paid from the fund from which the employee is paid, which, for the District, is primarily the general fund, food service fund, Title VI-B fund and Title I fund.

The District's net pension liability and net OPEB liability are discussed in Notes 12 and 13, respectively. The District pays obligations related to employee compensation from the fund benefitting from their service, which for the District, is primarily the general fund.

J. Legal Debt Margin

The Ohio Revised Code provides that voted net general obligation debt of the District shall never exceed 9% of the total assessed valuation of the District. The code further provides that unvoted indebtedness shall not exceed 1/10 of 1% of the property valuation of the District. The code additionally states that unvoted indebtedness related to energy conservation debt shall not exceed 9/10 of 1% of the property valuation of the District's legal debt margin has been modified by House Bill 530 which became effective March 30, 2006. In accordance with House Bill 530, the assessed valuation used in the District's legal debt margin calculation excluded tangible personal property used in business, telephone or telegraph property, interexchange telecommunications company property, and personal property owned or leased by a railroad company and used in railroad operations. The effects of these debt limitations at June 30, 2022, are a voted debt margin of \$34,847,298 (including available funds of \$9,838,233) and an unvoted debt margin of \$679,990.

NOTE 10 - COMPENSATED ABSENCES

Employees earn vacation at rates specified under State of Ohio law and based on credited service. Teachers and some administrators do not earn vacation time. Administrators, clerical, technical, and maintenance and operations employees with one or more years of service are entitled to vacation ranging from 5 to 25 days. Employees with less than one year of service earn one vacation day per month worked, not to exceed five days. Unused vacation is not cumulative to the next year.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 10 - COMPENSATED ABSENCES - (Continued)

All employees are entitled to a sick leave credit equal to one and one-quarter days for each month of service (earned on a pro-rata basis for less than full-time employees). This sick leave will either be absorbed by time off due to illness or injury or, within certain limitations, be paid to the employee upon retirement. The amount paid to an employee upon retirement is limited to one-quarter of the accumulated sick leave to a maximum payout of 168 days and ten percent of remaining days for certified employees and classified employees.

NOTE 11 - RISK MANAGEMENT

A. Property, Fleet, and Liability Insurance

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees and natural disasters. During fiscal year 2022, the District contracted with Ohio Casualty for property, automobile, liability and umbrella insurance.

Annual

Pei	Occurrence	Deductibles		Annual Aggregate		
	occunence				155105410	
\$	177,531,882	\$	5,000	\$	177,531,882	
	-		500		-	
	-		500		-	
	1,000,000		-		-	
	1,000,000		-		-	
	5,000		-		-	
	1,000,000		-		2,000,000	
	500,000		-		500,000	
	1,000,000		-		1,000,000	
	1,000,000		1,000		1,000,000	
	1,000,000		-		1,000,000	
	1,000,000		2,500		1,000,000	
	3,000,000		-		3,000,000	
		- 1,000,000 1,000,000 5,000 1,000,000 1,000,000 1,000,000 1,000,000	\$ 177,531,882 \$ - 1,000,000 1,000,000 5,000 1,000,000 1,000,000 1,000,000 1,000,000 1,000,000 1,000,000 1,000,000	\$ 177,531,882 \$ 5,000 - 500 - 500 1,000,000 - 1,000,000 - 5,000 - 1,000,000 - 1,000,000 - 1,000,000 - 1,000,000 - 1,000 1,00		

Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage for the past three years and there has not been a significant reduction in coverage from the prior year.

B. Employee Health Benefits

The District has contracted with Stark County Schools Council of Governments (a shared risk pool) (Note 2) to provide employee medical/surgical and dental benefits. Rates are set through an annual calculation process. The District pays a monthly contribution which is placed in a common fund from which claim payments are made for all participating districts. The District's Board of Education pays 90% of medical/surgical premiums for all employees. Employees are responsible for the remaining 10%.

The dental coverage is administered by Medical Mutual of Ohio; a third party administrator. The District pays 100% of dental premiums.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 11 - RISK MANAGEMENT - (Continued)

Claims are paid for all participants regardless of claims flow. Upon termination, all District claims would be paid without regard to the District's account balance. The Directors have the right to hold monies for an exiting district subsequent to the settlement of all expenses and claims.

C. Workers' Compensation

Workers' compensation coverage is provided by the State of Ohio. The District pays the Bureau of Workers' Compensation a premium based on a rate per \$100 of salaries. This rate is calculated based on accident history and administrative costs.

NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

The Statewide retirement systems provide both pension benefits and other postemployment benefits (OPEB).

Net Pension Liability/Net OPEB Liability/Asset

The net pension liability/asset and the net OPEB liability/asset reported on the statement of net position represents a liability or asset to employees for pensions and OPEB, respectively.

Pensions and OPEB are a component of exchange transactions-between an employer and its employees-of salaries and benefits for employee services. Pensions/OPEB are provided to an employee-on a deferred-payment basis-as part of the total compensation package offered by an employer for employee services each financial period. The obligation to sacrifice resources for pensions is a present obligation because it was created as a result of employment exchanges that already have occurred.

The net pension/OPEB liability (asset) represent the District's proportionate share of each pension/OPEB plan's collective actuarial present value of projected benefit payments attributable to past periods of service, net of each pension/OPEB plan's fiduciary net position. The net pension/OPEB liability (asset) calculation is dependent on critical long-term variables, including estimated average life expectancies, earnings on investments, cost of living adjustments and others. While these estimates use the best information available, unknowable future events require adjusting these estimates annually.

The Ohio Revised Code limits the District's obligation for this liability to annually required payments. The District cannot control benefit terms or the manner in which pensions/OPEB are financed; however, the District does receive the benefit of employees' services in exchange for compensation including pension and OPEB.

GASB 68/75 assumes the liability is solely the obligation of the employer, because (1) they benefit from employee services; and (2) State statute requires funding to come from these employers. All pension contributions to date have come solely from these employers (which also includes pension costs paid in the form of withholdings from employees). The retirement systems may allocate a portion of the employer contributions to provide for these OPEB benefits. In addition, health care plan enrollees pay a portion of the health care costs in the form of a monthly premium. State statute requires the retirement systems to amortize unfunded pension liabilities within 30 years. If the pension amortization period exceeds 30 years, each retirement system's board must propose corrective action to the State legislature. Any resulting legislative change to benefits or funding could significantly affect the net pension/OPEB liability (asset). Resulting adjustments to the net pension/OPEB liability (asset) would be effective when the changes are legally enforceable. The Ohio Revised Code permits, but does not require, the retirement systems to provide healthcare to eligible benefit recipients.

The remainder of this note includes the required pension disclosures. See Note 13 for the required OPEB disclosures.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

The proportionate share of each plan's unfunded benefits is presented as a long-term *net pension/OPEB liability (asset)* on the accrual basis of accounting. Any liability for the contractually required pension contribution outstanding at the end of the year is included in pension and postemployment benefits payable on both the accrual and modified accrual bases of accounting.

Plan Description - School Employees Retirement System (SERS)

Plan Description - The District non-teaching employees participate in SERS, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by SERS. SERS provides retirement, disability and survivor benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3309. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about SERS' fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by visiting the SERS website at <u>www.ohsers.org</u> under Employers/Audit Resources.

Age and service requirements for retirement are as follows:

	Eligible to Retire on or before August 1, 2017 *	Eligible to Retire after August 1, 2017
Full benefits	Any age with 30 years of service credit	Age 67 with 10 years of service credit; or Age 57 with 30 years of service credit
Actuarially reduced benefits	Age 60 with 5 years of service credit; or Age 55 with 25 years of service credit	Age 62 with 10 years of service credit; or Age 60 with 25 years of service credit

* Members with 25 years of service credit as of August 1, 2017 will be included in this plan.

Annual retirement benefits are calculated based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on years of service; 2.2% for the first thirty years of service and 2.5% for years of service credit over 30. Final average salary is the average of the highest three years of salary.

An individual whose benefit effective date is before April 1, 2018, is eligible for a cost-of-living adjustment (COLA) on the first anniversary date of the benefit. Beginning April 1, 2018, new benefit recipients must wait until the fourth anniversary of their benefit for COLA eligibility. The COLA is added each year to the base benefit amount on the anniversary date of the benefit. A three-year COLA suspension was in effect for all benefit recipients for the years 2018, 2019, and 2020. Upon resumption of the COLA, it will be indexed to the percentage increase in the CPI-W, not to exceed 2.5% and with a floor of 0%. In 2021, the Board of Trustees approved a 2.5% cost-of-living adjustment (COLA) for eligible retirees and beneficiaries in 2022.

Funding Policy – Plan members are required to contribute 10.00% of their annual covered salary and the District is required to contribute 14.00% of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended by the SERS' Retirement Board up to statutory maximum amounts of 10.00% for plan members and 14.00% for employers. The Retirement Board, acting with the advice of the actuary, allocates the employer contribution rate among four of the System's funds (Pension Trust Fund, Death Benefit Fund, Medicare B Fund, and Health Care Fund). For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, the allocation to pension, death benefits, and Medicare B was 14.00%. For fiscal year 2022, the Retirement Board did not allocate any employer contribution to the Health Care Fund.

The District's contractually required contribution to SERS was \$880,527 for fiscal year 2022. Of this amount, \$77,647 is reported as pension and postemployment benefits payable.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

Plan Description - State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)

Plan Description - Licensed teachers participate in STRS, a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system administered by STRS. STRS provides retirement and disability benefits to members and death and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. STRS issues a stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about STRS' fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by writing to STRS, 275 E. Broad St., Columbus, OH 43215-3771, by calling (888) 227-7877, or by visiting the STRS website at www.strsoh.org.

New members have a choice of three retirement plans: a Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan and a Combined (CO) Plan. Benefits are established by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307.

The DB plan offers an annual retirement allowance based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on years of service. Effective August 1, 2015, the calculation is 2.20% of final average salary for the five highest years of earnings multiplied by all years of service. In April 2017, the Retirement Board made the decision to reduce COLA granted on or after July 1, 2017, to 0% to preserve the fiscal integrity of the retirement system. Benefit recipients' base benefit and past cost-of living increases are not affected by this change. Eligibility changes will be phased in until August 1, 2026, when retirement eligibility for unreduced benefits will be five year of service credit and age 65, or 35 years of service credit and at least age 60.

Eligibility changes for DB Plan members who retire with actuarially reduced benefits will be phased in until August 1, 2026, when retirement eligibility will be five years of qualifying service credit and age 60, or 30 years of service credit at any age.

The DC Plan allows members to place all of their member contributions and 9.53% of the 14% employer contributions into an investment account. Investment allocation decisions are determined by the member. The remaining 4.47% of the 14% employer rate is allocated to the defined benefit unfunded liability. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The member may elect to receive a lifetime monthly annuity or a lump sum withdrawal.

The Combined Plan offers features of both the DB Plan and the DC Plan. In the Combined Plan, 12% of the 14% member rate goes to the DC Plan and the remaining 2% is applied to the DB Plan. Member contributions to the DC Plan are allocated among investment choices by the member, and contributions to the DB Plan from the employer and the member are used to fund the defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. The defined benefit portion of the Combined Plan payment is payable to a member on or after age 60 with five years of service. The defined contribution portion of the account may be taken as a lump sum payment or converted to a lifetime monthly annuity after termination of employment at age 50 and after termination of employment.

New members who choose the DC Plan or Combined Plan will have another opportunity to reselect a permanent plan during their fifth year of membership. Members may remain in the same plan or transfer to another STRS plan. The optional annuitization of a member's defined contribution account or the defined contribution portion of a member's Combined Plan account to a lifetime benefit results in STRS bearing the risk of investment gain or loss on the account. STRS has therefore included all three plan options as one defined benefit plan for GASB 68 reporting purposes.

A DB or Combined Plan member with five or more years of credited service who is determined to be disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. New members must have at least ten years of qualifying service credit that apply for disability benefits. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. Eligible survivors of members who die before service retirement may qualify for monthly benefits. If a member of the DC Plan dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

Funding Policy - Employer and member contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board and limited by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code. The fiscal year 2022 employer and employee contribution rate of 14% was equal to the statutory maximum rates. For fiscal year 2022, the full employer contribution was allocated to pension.

The District's contractually required contribution to STRS was \$3,074,636 for fiscal year 2022. Of this amount, \$510,028 is reported as pension and postemployment benefits payable.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the District's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating entities.

Following is information related to the proportionate share and pension expense:

	SERS			STRS	 Total
Proportion of the net pension					
liability prior measurement date	0	0.16462080%		0.16791495%	
Proportion of the net pension					
liability current measurement date	0	0.17013840%		0.16517060%	
Change in proportionate share	0.00551760%		-1	0.00274435%	
Proportionate share of the net	_				
pension liability	\$	6,277,614	\$	21,118,546	\$ 27,396,160
Pension expense	\$	(210,436)	\$	(734,732)	\$ (945,168)

At June 30, 2022, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	SERS		STRS		Total	
Deferred outflows of resources						
Differences between expected and						
actual experience	\$	605	\$	652,462	\$	653,067
Changes of assumptions		132,188		5,858,663		5,990,851
Difference between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions/						
change in proportionate share		206,246		44,208		250,454
Contributions subsequent to the						
measurement date		880,527		3,074,636		3,955,163
Total deferred outflows of resources	\$	1,219,566	\$	9,629,969	\$	10,849,535

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

	SERS		STRS		 Total
Deferred inflows of resources					
Differences between expected and					
actual experience	\$	162,804	\$	132,371	\$ 295,175
Net difference between projected and					
actual earnings on pension plan investments		3,233,157		18,200,143	21,433,300
Difference between employer contributions					
and proportionate share of contributions/					
change in proportionate share		110,626		1,298,852	 1,409,478
Total deferred inflows of resources	\$	3,506,587	\$	19,631,366	\$ 23,137,953

\$3,955,163 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pension resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2023.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	 SERS		STRS	Total		
Fiscal Year Ending June 30:						
2023	\$ (776,985)	\$	(3,345,681)	\$	(4,122,666)	
2024	(629,453)		(2,918,740)		(3,548,193)	
2025	(768,728)		(3,054,171)		(3,822,899)	
2026	 (992,382)		(3,757,441)		(4,749,823)	
Total	\$ (3,167,548)	\$	(13,076,033)	\$	(16,243,581)	

Actuarial Assumptions - SERS

SERS' total pension liability was determined by their actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 67, as part of their annual actuarial valuation for each defined benefit retirement plan. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts (e.g., salaries, credited service) and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future (e.g., mortality, disabilities, retirements, employment termination). Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. For a newly hired employee, actuarial calculations will take into account the employee's entire career with the employer and also take into consideration the benefits, if any, paid to the employee after termination of employment until the death of the employee and any applicable contingent annuitant. In many cases actuarial calculations reflect several decades of service with the employer and the payment of benefits after termination.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total pension liability in the latest actuarial valuation, prepared as of June 30, 2021, are presented below:

Wage inflation:	
Current measurement date	2.40%
Prior measurement date	3.00%
Future salary increases, including inflation:	
Current measurement date	3.25% to 13.58%
Prior measurement date	3.50% to 18.20%
COLA or ad hoc COLA:	
Current measurement date	2.00%
Prior measurement date	2.50%
Investment rate of return:	
Current measurement date	7.00% net of system expenses
Prior measurement date	7.50% net of system expenses
Discount rate:	
Current measurement date	7.00%
Prior measurement date	7.50%
Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal (level percent of payroll)

In 2021, Mortality rates were based on the PUB-2010 General Employee Amount Weight Below Median Healthy Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 1 year and adjusted 94.20% for males and set forward 2 years and adjusted 81.35% for females. Mortality among disabled members were based upon the PUB-2010 General Disabled Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 5 years and adjusted 103.3% for males and set forward 3 years and adjusted 106.8% for females. Future improvement in mortality rates is reflected by applying the MP-2020 projection scale generationally.

In the prior measurement date, the mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and a five-year age set-back for both males and females. Mortality among service retired members, and beneficiaries were based upon the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection with Scale BB, 120% of male rates, and 110% of female rates. Mortality among disabled members was based upon the RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, 90% for male rates and 100% for female rates, set back five years is used for the period after disability retirement.

The most recent experience study was completed for the five-year period ended June 30, 2020.

The long-term return expectation for the Pension Plan Investments has been determined using a building-block approach and assumes a time horizon, as defined in SERS' *Statement of Investment Policy*. A forecasted rate of inflation serves as the baseline for the return expectation. Various real return premiums over the baseline inflation rate have been established for each asset class. The long-term expected nominal rate of return has been determined by calculating a weighted average of the expected real return premiums for each asset class, adding the projected inflation rate, and adding the expected return from rebalancing uncorrelated asset classes.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

	Target	Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return
Cash	2.00 %	(0.33) %
US Equity	24.75	5.72
Non-US Equity Developed	13.50	6.55
Non-US Equity Emerging	6.75	8.54
Fixed Income/Global Bonds	19.00	1.14
Private Equity	11.00	10.03
Real Estate/Real Assets	16.00	5.41
Multi-Asset Strategy	4.00	3.47
Private Debt/Private Credit	3.00	5.28
Total	100.00 %	

Discount Rate - The total pension liability was calculated using the discount rate of 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the contributions from employers and from the members would be computed based on contribution requirements as stipulated by state statute. Projected inflows from investment earnings were calculated using the long-term assumed investment rate of return (7.00%). Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefits to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate - Net pension liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate, and to illustrate the potential impact the following table presents the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what each plan's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00%), or one percentage point higher (8.00%) than the current rate.

		Current							
	19	1% Decrease		count Rate	1% Increase				
District's proportionate share									
of the net pension liability	\$	10,444,407	\$	6,277,614	\$	2,763,574			

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions - STRS

Key methods and assumptions used in the latest actuarial valuation, reflecting experience study results used in the June 30, 2021, actuarial valuation are presented below:

	June 30, 2021	June 30, 2020
Inflation	2.50%	2.50%
Projected salary increases	12.50% at age 20 to	12.50% at age 20 to
	2.50% at age 65	2.50% at age 65
Investment rate of return	7.00%, net of investment	7.45%, net of investment
	expenses, including inflation	expenses, including inflation
Discount rate of return	7.00%	7.45%
Payroll increases	3.00%	3.00%
Cost-of-living adjustments	0.00%	0.00%
(COLA)		

For the June 30, 2021, actuarial valuation, post-retirement mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Annuitant Mortality Tables with 50% of rates through age 69, 70% of rates between ages 70 and 79, 90% of rates between ages 80 and 84, and 100% of rates thereafter, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. Preretirement mortality rates are based on RP-2014 Employee Mortality Tables, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. Post-retirement disabled mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Tables with 90% of rates for males and 100% of rates for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016.

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2021 valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2011 through June 30, 2016.

STRS Ohio's investment consultant develops an estimate range for the investment return assumption based on the target allocation adopted by the Retirement Board. The target allocation and long-term expected rate of return for each major asset class are summarized as follows:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return *
Domestic Equity	28.00 %	7.35 %
International Equity	23.00	7.55
Alternatives	17.00	7.09
Fixed Income	21.00	3.00
Real Estate	10.00	6.00
Liquidity Reserves	1.00	2.25
Total	100.00 %	

*10-Year annualized geometric nominal returns, which include the real rate of return and inflation of 2.25% and does not include investment expenses. Over a 30-year period, STRS' investment consultant indicates that the above target allocations should generate a return above the actuarial rate of return, without net value added by management.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

Discount Rate - The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00% as of June 30, 2021. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that member and employer contributions will be made at the statutory contribution rates in accordance with the rates described previously. For this purpose, only employer contributions that are intended to fund benefits of current plan members and their beneficiaries are included. Based on those assumptions, STRS Ohio's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members as of June 30, 2021. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.00% was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability as of June 30, 2021.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate - The following table represents the net pension liability as of June 30, 2021, calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 7.00%, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00%) or one percentage point higher (8.00%) than the current assumption:

	Current							
	19	1% Decrease		scount Rate	1% Increase			
District's proportionate share								
of the net pension liability	\$	39,547,132	\$	21,118,546	\$	5,546,430		

Changes Between Measurement Date and Reporting Date - STRS approved a one-time 3.00% cost-of-living adjustment to eligible benefit recipients effective July 1, 2022. It is unknown what the effect this change will have on the net pension liability.

NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS

Net OPEB Liability/Asset

See Note 12 for a description of the net OPEB liability (asset).

Plan Description - School Employees Retirement System (SERS)

Health Care Plan Description - The District contributes to the SERS Health Care Fund, administered by SERS for noncertificated retirees and their beneficiaries. For GASB 75 purposes, this plan is considered a cost-sharing other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plan. SERS' Health Care Plan provides healthcare benefits to eligible individuals receiving retirement, disability, and survivor benefits, and to their eligible dependents. Members who retire after June 1, 1986, need 10 years of service credit, exclusive of most types of purchased credit, to qualify to participate in SERS' health care coverage. In addition to age and service retirees, disability benefit recipients and beneficiaries who are receiving monthly benefits due to the death of a member or retiree, are eligible for SERS' health care coverage. Most retirees and dependents choosing SERS' health care coverage are over the age of 65 and therefore enrolled in a fully insured Medicare Advantage plan; however, SERS maintains a traditional, self-insured preferred provider organization for its non-Medicare retiree population. For both groups, SERS offers a self-insured prescription drug program. Health care is a benefit that is permitted, not mandated, by statute. The financial report of the Plan is included in the SERS Annual Comprehensive Financial Report which can be obtained on SERS' website at <u>www.ohsers.org</u> under Employers/Audit Resources.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

Access to health care for retirees and beneficiaries is permitted in accordance with Section 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Health Care Fund was established and is administered in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 105(e). SERS' Retirement Board reserves the right to change or discontinue any health plan or program. Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. The SERS Retirement Board established the rules for the premiums paid by the retirees for health care coverage for themselves and their dependents or for their surviving beneficiaries. Premiums vary depending on the plan selected, qualified years of service, Medicare eligibility, and retirement status.

Funding Policy - State statute permits SERS to fund the health care benefits through employer contributions. Each year, after the allocation for statutorily required pensions and benefits, the Retirement Board may allocate the remainder of the employer contribution of 14% of covered payroll to the Health Care Fund in accordance with the funding policy. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, SERS did not allocate any employer contributions to post-employment health care. An additional health care surcharge on employers is collected for employees earning less than an actuarially determined minimum compensation amount, pro-rated if less than a full year of service credit was earned. For fiscal year 2022, this amount was \$25,000. Statutes provide that no employer shall pay a health care surcharge greater than 2% of that employer's SERS-covered payroll; nor may SERS collect in aggregate more than 1.5% of the total statewide SERS-covered payroll for the health care surcharge. For fiscal year 2022, the District's surcharge obligation was \$107,979.

The surcharge added to the allocated portion of the 14% employer contribution rate is the total amount assigned to the Health Care Fund. The District's contractually required contribution to SERS was \$107,979 for fiscal year 2022. Of this amount, \$107,979 is reported as pension and postemployment benefits payable.

Plan Description - State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)

Plan Description - The State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS) administers a cost-sharing Health Plan administered for eligible retirees who participated in the defined benefit or combined pension plans offered by STRS. Ohio law authorizes STRS to offer this plan. Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and partial reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. The Medicare Part B monthly reimbursement elimination date was postponed indefinitely. The Plan is included in the report of STRS which can be obtained by visiting www.strsoh.org or by calling (888) 227-7877.

Funding Policy - Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307 authorizes STRS to offer the Plan and gives the Retirement Board discretionary authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS. Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. Nearly all health care plan enrollees, for the most recent year, pay a portion of the health care costs in the form of a monthly premium. Under Ohio law, funding for post-employment health care may be deducted from employer contributions, currently 14% of covered payroll. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, STRS did not allocate any employer contributions to post-employment health care.

OPEB Liabilities/Assets, **OPEB** Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

The net OPEB liability/asset was measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total OPEB liability/asset used to calculate the net OPEB liability/asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net OPEB liability/asset was based on the District's share of contributions to the respective retirement systems relative to the contributions of all participating entities.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

Following is information related to the proportionate share and OPEB expense:

	SERS			STRS	Total	
Proportion of the net OPEB						
liability/asset prior measurement date	0	.17116190%	0	.16791495%		
Proportion of the net OPEB						
liability/asset current measurement date	0	.17512470%	0	.16517060%		
Change in proportionate share	0.00396280%		-0	.00274435%		
Proportionate share of the net						
OPEB liability	\$	3,314,378	\$	-	\$	3,314,378
Proportionate share of the net						
OPEB asset	\$	-	\$	3,482,487	\$	3,482,487
OPEB expense	\$	(134,159)	\$	(269,881)	\$	(404,040)

At June 30, 2022, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	SERS		STRS		Total	
Deferred outflows of resources						
Differences between expected and						
actual experience	\$	35,330	\$	124,004	\$	159,334
Changes of assumptions		519,947		222,445		742,392
Difference between employer contributions						
and proportionate share of contributions/						
change in proportionate share		103,540		19,546		123,086
Contributions subsequent to the						
measurement date		107,979				107,979
Total deferred outflows of resources	\$	766,796	\$	365,995	\$	1,132,791
Deferred inflows of resources						
Differences between expected and						
actual experience	\$	1,650,710	\$	638,057	\$	2,288,767
Net difference between projected and						
actual earnings on pension plan investments		72,008		965,281		1,037,289
Changes of assumptions		453,876		2,077,563		2,531,439
Difference between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions/						
change in proportionate share		363,906		69,853		433,759
Total deferred inflows of resources	\$	2,540,500	\$	3,750,754	\$	6,291,254

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

\$107,979 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability/asset in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2023.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

	 SERS	ERS STRS		Total		
Fiscal Year Ending June 30:						
2023	\$ (474,458)	\$	(977,852)	\$	(1,452,310)	
2024	(474,964)		(953,698)		(1,428,662)	
2025	(416,654)		(910,134)		(1,326,788)	
2026	(323,072)		(407,767)		(730,839)	
2027	(158,126)		(138,246)		(296,372)	
Thereafter	 (34,409)		2,938		(31,471)	
Total	\$ (1,881,683)	\$	(3,384,759)	\$	(5,266,442)	

Actuarial Assumptions - SERS

The total OPEB liability is determined by SERS' actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 74, as part of their annual actuarial valuation for each retirement plan. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts (e.g., salaries, credited service) and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future (e.g., mortality, disabilities, retirements, employment terminations). Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. For a newly hired employee, actuarial calculations will take into account the employee's entire career with the employer and also take into consideration the benefits, if any, paid to the employee after termination of employment until the death of the employee and any applicable contingent annuitant. In many cases, actuarial calculations reflect several decades of service with the employer and the payment of benefits after termination.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total OPEB liability in the latest actuarial valuation date of June 30, 2021 are presented below:

Wage inflation:	
Current measurement date	2.40%
Prior measurement date	3.00%
Future salary increases, including inflation:	
Current measurement date	3.25% to 13.58%
Prior measurement date	3.50% to 18.20%
Investment rate of return:	
Current measurement date	7.00% net of investment
	expense, including inflation
Prior measurement date	7.50% net of investment
	expense, including inflation
Municipal bond index rate:	
Current measurement date	1.92%
Prior measurement date	2.45%
Single equivalent interest rate, net of plan investment expense,	
including price inflation:	
Current measurement date	2.27%
Prior measurement date	2.63%
Medical trend assumption:	
Current measurement date	
Medicare	5.125 to 4.400%
Pre-Medicare	6.750 to 4.400%
Prior measurement date	
Medicare	5.25 to 4.75%
Pre-Medicare	7.00 to 4.75%

In 2021, Mortality rates were based on the PUB-2010 General Employee Amount Weight Below Median Healthy Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 1 year and adjusted 94.20% for males and set forward 2 years and adjusted 81.35% for females. Mortality among disabled members were based upon the PUB-2010 General Disabled Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 5 years and adjusted 103.3% for males and set forward 3 years and adjusted 106.8% for females. Future improvement in mortality rates is reflected by applying the MP-2020 projection scale generationally.

In the prior measurement date, the mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and a five-year age set-back for both males and females. Mortality among service retired members, and beneficiaries were based upon the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection with Scale BB, 120% of male rates, and 110% of female rates. Mortality among disabled members was based upon the RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, 90% for male rates and 100% for female rates, set back five years is used for the period after disability retirement.

The most recent experience study was completed for the five-year period ended June 30, 2020.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

The long-term expected rate of return on plan assets is reviewed as part of the actuarial five-year experience study. The most recent study covers fiscal years 2015 through 2020 and was adopted by the Board in 2021. Several factors are considered in evaluating the long-term rate of return assumption including long-term historical data, estimates inherent in current market data, and a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return were developed by the investment consultant for each major asset class. These ranges were combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return, 7.00%, by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and then adding expected inflation. The capital market assumptions developed by the investment consultant are intended for use over a 10-year horizon and may not be useful in setting the long-term rate of return for funding pension plans which covers a longer timeframe. The assumption is intended to be a long-term assumption and is not expected to change absent a significant change in the asset allocation, a change in the inflation assumption, or a fundamental change in the market that alters expected returns in future years.

The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, as used in the June 30, 2020 five-year experience study, are summarized as follows:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Cash	2.00 %	(0.33) %
US Equity	24.75	5.72
Non-US Equity Developed	13.50	6.55
Non-US Equity Emerging	6.75	8.54
Fixed Income/Global Bonds	19.00	1.14
Private Equity	11.00	10.03
Real Estate/Real Assets	16.00	5.41
Multi-Asset Strategy	4.00	3.47
Private Debt/Private Credit	3.00	5.28
Total	100.00 %	

Discount Rate - The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability at June 30, 2021 was 2.27%. The discount rate used to measure total OPEB liability prior to June 30, 2021 was 2.63%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions will be made from members and the System at the contribution rate of 1.50% of projected covered payroll each year, which includes a 1.50% payroll surcharge and no contributions from the basic benefits plan. Based on these assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to become insufficient to make all projected future benefit payments of current System members by SERS actuaries. The Municipal Bond Index Rate is used in the determination of the SEIR for both the June 30, 2020 and the June 30, 2021 total OPEB liability. The Municipal Bond Index rate is the single rate that will generate a present value of benefit payments equal to the sum of the present value determined by the long-term expected rate of return, and the present value determined by discounting those benefits after the date of depletion. The Municipal Bond Index Rate is 1.92% at June 30, 2021 and 2.45% at June 30, 2020.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate and Changes in the Health Care Cost Trend Rates - The net OPEB liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate and the health care cost trend rate. The following table presents the net OPEB liability, what the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (1.27%) and higher (3.27%) than the current discount rate (2.27%). Also shown is what the net OPEB liability would be based on health care cost trend rates that are 1 percentage point lower (5.75% decreasing to 3.40%) and higher (7.75% decreasing to 5.40%) than the current rate (6.75% decreasing to 4.40%).

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

	Current								
	1%	6 Decrease	Dis	count Rate	1% Increase				
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$	\$ 4,106,916 1% Decrease		\$ 3,314,378 Current Trend Rate		2,681,243			
	1%					1% Increase			
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$	2,551,800	\$	3,314,378	\$	4,332,949			

Actuarial Assumptions - STRS

Key methods and assumptions used in the latest actuarial valuation, reflecting experience study results used in the June 30, 2021, actuarial valuation, compared with June 30, 2020, are presented below:

	June 3	0, 2021	June 30, 2020				
Inflation	2.50%		2.50%				
Projected salary increases	12.50% at age 20) to	12.50% at age 20	12.50% at age 20 to			
	2.50% at age 65		2.50% at age 65	2.50% at age 65			
Investment rate of return	7.00%, net of inv expenses, include		7.45%, net of investment expenses, including inflation				
Payroll increases	3.00%		3.00%				
Cost-of-living adjustments (COLA)	0.00%		0.00%				
Discount rate of return	7.00%		7.45%				
Blended discount rate of return	N/A		N/A				
Health care cost trends							
	Initial	Ultimate	Initial	Ultimate			
Medical							
Pre-Medicare	5.00%	4.00%	5.00%	4.00%			
Medicare	-16.18%	4.00%	-6.69%	4.00%			
Prescription Drug							
Pre-Medicare	6.50%	4.00%	6.50%	4.00%			
Medicare	29.98%	4.00%	11.87%	4.00%			

Projections of benefits include the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and retired plan members.

For healthy retirees the mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Annuitant Mortality Tables with 50% of rates through age 69, 70% of rates between ages 70 and 79, 90% of rates between ages 80 and 84, and 100% of rates thereafter, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. For disabled retirees, mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Tables with 90% of rates for males and 100% of rates for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016.

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2021 valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2011 through June 30, 2016.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

Assumption Changes Since the Prior Measurement Date - The discount rate was adjusted to 7.00% from 7.45% for the June 30, 2021 valuation.

Benefit Term Changes Since the Prior Measurement Date - The non-Medicare subsidy percentage was increased effective January 1, 2022 from 2.055% to 2.100%. The non-Medicare frozen subsidy base premium was increased effective January 1, 2022. The Medicare Part D subsidy was updated to reflect it is expected to be negative in CY2022. The Part B monthly reimbursement elimination date was postponed indefinitely.

STRS' investment consultant develops an estimate range for the investment return assumption based on the target allocation adopted by the Retirement Board. The target allocation and long-term expected rate of return for each major asset class are summarized as follows:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return *
Domestic Equity	28.00 %	7.35 %
International Equity	23.00	7.55
Alternatives	17.00	7.09
Fixed Income	21.00	3.00
Real Estate	10.00	6.00
Liquidity Reserves	1.00	2.25
Total	100.00 %	

*10-Year annualized geometric nominal returns, which include the real rate of return and inflation of 2.25% and does not include investment expenses. Over a 30-year period, STRS' investment consultant indicates that the above target allocations should generate a return above the actuarial rate of return, without net value added by management.

Discount Rate - The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB asset was 7.00% as of June 30, 2021. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed STRS Ohio continues to allocate no employer contributions to the health care fund. Based on these assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members as of June 30, 2021. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on health care fund investments of 7.00% was applied to all periods of projected health care costs to determine the total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2021.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Asset to Changes in the Discount and Health Care Cost Trend Rate - The following table represents the net OPEB asset as of June 30, 2021, calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 7.00%, as well as what the net OPEB asset would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00%) or one percentage point higher (8.00%) than the current assumption. Also shown is the net OPEB asset as if it were calculated using health care cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current health care cost trend rates.

	Current								
	1%	1% Decrease		count Rate	1% Increase				
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB asset	\$	2,938,681	\$	3,482,487	\$	3,936,755			
	1% Decrease		Current Trend Rate		1% Increase				
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB asset	\$	3,918,349	\$	3,482,487	\$	2,943,504			

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 14 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

While reporting financial position, results of operations, and changes in fund balance on the basis of accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP), the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts and disbursements.

The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance - budget and actual (non-GAAP budgetary basis) presented for the general fund is presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The major differences between the budget basis and the GAAP basis are that:

- (a) Revenues and other financing sources are recorded when received in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP basis);
- (b) Expenditures and other financing uses are recorded when paid in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP basis);
- (c) In order to determine compliance with Ohio law, and to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, total outstanding encumbrances (budget basis) are recorded as the equivalent of an expenditure, as opposed to assigned or committed fund balance for that portion of outstanding encumbrances not already recognized as an account payable (GAAP basis); and,
- (d) Some funds are included in the general fund (GAAP basis), but have separate legally adopted budgets (budget basis).

The adjustments necessary to convert the results of operations for the year on the budget basis to the GAAP basis for the general fund is as follows:

Net Change in Fund Balance

	General fund
Budget basis	\$ 913,994
Net adjustment for revenue accruals	(334,643)
Net adjustment for expenditure accruals	(259,515)
Net adjustment for other sources/uses	38,082
Funds budgeted elsewhere	(50,966)
Adjustment for encumbrances	390,881
GAAP basis	\$ 697,833

Certain funds that are legally budgeted in separate special revenue funds are considered part of the general fund on a GAAP basis. This includes the unclaimed monies fund, the miscellaneous general funds, the Falcon Store customer service fund, BWC fund and the public school support fund.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 15 - CONTINGENCIES

A. Grants

The District receives significant financial assistance from numerous Federal, State and local agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the general fund or other applicable funds; however, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material effect on the financial position of the District at June 30, 2022.

B. Litigation

The District is a party to legal proceedings seeking damages or injunctive relief generally incidental to its operations and spending projects. The District management is of the opinion that disposition of the claim and legal proceedings will not have a material effect, if any, on the financial condition of the District.

NOTE 16 - SET ASIDES

The District is required by State law to annually set-aside certain general fund revenue amounts, as defined by statutory formula, for the acquisition and construction of capital improvements. Amounts not spent by the end of the fiscal year or offset by similarly restricted resources received during the year must be held in cash at fiscal year-end. This amount must be carried forward to be used for the same purpose in future years. Expenditures exceeding the set-aside requirement may not be carried forward to the next fiscal year.

The following cash-basis information describes the change in the fiscal year-end set-aside amount for capital improvements. Disclosure of this information is required by State statute.

	Capital		
	<u>Imp</u>	provements	
Set-aside balance June 30, 2021	\$	-	
Current year set-aside requirement		770,519	
Contributions in excess of the current fiscal year set-aside requirement		-	
Current year qualifying expenditures		(78,507)	
Excess qualified expenditures from prior years		-	
Current year offsets		(867,973)	
Waiver granted by ODE		-	
Prior year offset from bond proceeds			
Total	\$	(175,961)	
Balance carried forward to fiscal year 2023	\$	_	
Set-aside balance June 30, 2022	\$		

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 16 - SET ASIDES - (Continued)

During fiscal year 2011, the District issued \$26,680,000 in capital related school improvement bonds. These proceeds may be used to reduce the capital improvements set-aside amount to below zero for future years. The amount presented for prior year offset from bond proceeds is limited to an amount needed to reduce the capital improvements set-aside balance to \$0. The District is responsible for tracking the amount of bond proceeds that may be used as an offset in future periods, which was \$24,132,261 at June 30, 2022.

NOTE 17 - OTHER COMMITMENTS

The District utilizes encumbrance accounting as part of its budgetary controls. Encumbrances outstanding at year end may be reported as part of restricted, committed, or assigned classifications of fund balance. At year end, the District's commitments for encumbrances in the governmental funds were as follows:

	Y	ear-End
Fund	Encu	umbrances
General fund	\$	227,426
Other governmental		390,939
Total	\$	618,365

NOTE 18 - TAX ABATEMENT AGREEMENTS ENTERED INTO BY OTHER GOVERNMENTS

Austintown Township has entered into agreements with local businesses for the abatement for property taxes to bring jobs and economic development into the area. These agreements affect the property tax receipts collected and distributed to the District. As a result of the agreements, the District's property tax revenues were reduced by \$672,380 during fiscal year 2022.

NOTE 19 - COVID-19

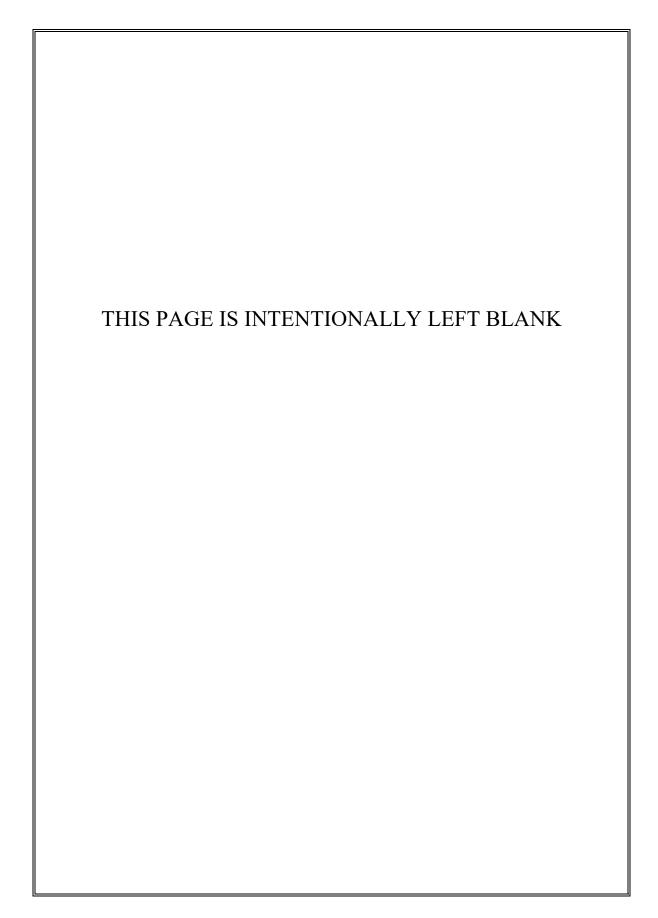
The United States and the State of Ohio declared a state of emergency in March of 2020 due to the COVID-19 pandemic. Ohio's state of emergency ended in June 2021 while the national state of emergency continues. During fiscal year 2022, the District received COVID-19 funding. The financial impact of COVID-19 and the continuing emergency measures may impact subsequent periods of the District. The impact on the District's future operating costs, revenues, and additional recovery from emergency funding, either federal or state, cannot be estimated.

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NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 20 - SUBSEQUENT EVENT

On September 1, 2022, the District issued \$14,000,000 in certificates of participation to pay costs of constructing, improving and furnishing of facilities including new bleachers at Falcon Stadium, a new indoor track and field facility, and other project facilities. The certificates of participation bear interest rates ranging from 4.0% to 5.0% and mature on December 1, 2051.



REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (SERS) OF OHIO

LAST NINE FISCAL YEARS

		2022		2021		2020		2019
District's proportion of the net pension liability	0.	170138400%	0	.164620800%	0	.172960000%	0.	172933800%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	6,277,614	\$	10,888,367	\$	10,348,500	\$	9,904,239
District's covered payroll	\$	5,843,643	\$	5,830,564	\$	5,959,681	\$	5,865,096
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		107.43%		186.75%		173.64%		168.87%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		82.86%		68.55%		70.85%		71.36%

Note: Information prior to 2014 was unavailable. Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the District's measurement date which is the prior year-end.

SEE ACCOMPANYING NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

	2018		2017		2016		2015		2014		
0	.192216900%	0.	189072200%	0.	.195878700%	0.	199693000%	0	.199693000%		
\$	11,484,535	\$	13,838,340	\$	11,177,028	\$	10,106,349	\$	11,875,102		
\$	5,839,279	\$	5,866,479	\$	5,896,973	\$	5,802,677	\$	5,446,647		
	196.68%		235.89%		189.54%		174.17%		218.03%		
	69.50%		62.98%		69.16%		71.70%		65.52%		

SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM (STRS) OF OHIO

LAST NINE FISCAL YEARS

	2022			2021		2020	2019		
District's proportion of the net pension liability	0	.165170599%	0	.167914950%	0	.171837180%	0	.173563290%	
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	21,118,546	\$	40,629,443	\$	38,000,760	\$	38,162,670	
District's covered payroll	\$	20,205,286	\$	20,286,993	\$	20,347,007	\$	19,999,986	
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		104.52%		200.27%		186.76%		190.81%	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		87.78%		75.48%		77.40%		77.31%	

Note: Information prior to 2014 was unavailable. Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the District's measurement date which is the prior year-end.

	2018		2017		2016		2015		2014	
0	.172466300%	0	.176214740%	0	.185983350%	0	186177220%	0	.186177220%	
\$	40,969,739	\$	58,984,385	\$	51,400,358	\$	45,284,743	\$	53,942,890	
\$	18,981,357	\$	18,417,907	\$	19,404,250	\$	19,022,169	\$	19,473,131	
	215.84%		320.26%		264.89%		238.06%		277.01%	
	75 200/	75 200/ ((000/			72 100/		74 709/	(0.200		
	75.30%		66.80%		72.10%		74.70%		69.30%	

SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (SERS) OF OHIO

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2022		 2021	 2020	2019		
Contractually required contribution	\$	880,527	\$ 818,110	\$ 816,279	\$	804,557	
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		(880,527)	 (818,110)	 (816,279)		(804,557)	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$ 	\$ 	\$		
District's covered payroll	\$	6,289,479	\$ 5,843,643	\$ 5,830,564	\$	5,959,681	
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		14.00%	14.00%	14.00%		13.50%	

 2018	. <u> </u>	2017	 2016	 2015	 2014	·	2013
\$ 791,788	\$	817,499	\$ 821,307	\$ 777,221	\$ 804,251	\$	753,816
 (791,788)		(817,499)	 (821,307)	 (777,221)	 (804,251)		(753,816)
\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 	\$ 	\$	-
\$ 5,865,096	\$	5,839,279	\$ 5,866,479	\$ 5,896,973	\$ 5,802,677	\$	5,446,647
13.50%		14.00%	14.00%	13.18%	13.86%		13.84%

SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM (STRS) OF OHIO

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2022			2021	 2020	2019		
Contractually required contribution	\$	3,074,636	\$	2,828,740	\$ 2,840,179	\$	2,848,581	
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		(3,074,636)		(2,828,740)	 (2,840,179)		(2,848,581)	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$		\$ 	\$		
District's covered payroll	\$	21,961,686	\$	20,205,286	\$ 20,286,993	\$	20,347,007	
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		14.00%		14.00%	14.00%		14.00%	

 2018	 2017	 2016	 2015	 2014	 2013
\$ 2,799,998	\$ 2,657,390	\$ 2,578,507	\$ 2,716,595	\$ 2,472,882	\$ 2,531,507
 (2,799,998)	 (2,657,390)	 (2,578,507)	 (2,716,595)	 (2,472,882)	 (2,531,507)
\$ _	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$
\$ 19,999,986	\$ 18,981,357	\$ 18,417,907	\$ 19,404,250	\$ 19,022,169	\$ 19,473,131
14.00%	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%	13.00%	13.00%

SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (SERS) OF OHIO

LAST SIX FISCAL YEARS

	2022			2021		2020		2019
District's proportion of the net OPEB liability	0.1	175124700%	0.	171161900%	0.	176980100%	0.	175654400%
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$	3,314,378	\$	3,719,908	\$	4,450,677	\$	4,873,128
District's covered payroll	\$	5,843,643	\$	5,830,564	\$	5,959,681	\$	5,865,096
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		56.72%		63.80%		74.68%		83.09%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability		24.08%		18.17%		15.57%		13.57%

Note: Information prior to 2017 was unavailable. Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the District's measurement date which is the prior year-end.

	2018		2017
0.	193923500%	0.	191298590%
\$	5,204,397	\$	5,452,717
\$	5,839,279	\$	5,866,479
	89.13%		92.95%
	12.46%		11.49%

SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY/ASSET STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM (STRS) OF OHIO

LAST SIX FISCAL YEARS

	2022			2021		2020		2019
District's proportion of the net OPEB liability/asset	0	.165170599%	0	.167914950%	0	.171837180%	0	.173563290%
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability/(asset) District's covered payroll	\$ \$	(3,482,487) 20,205,286	\$ \$	(2,951,104) 20,286,993	\$ \$	(2,846,036) 20,347.007	\$ \$	(2,788,985) 19,999,986
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability/asset as a percentage of its covered payroll	Ŷ	17.24%	Ŷ	14.55%	Ŧ	13.99%	Ŷ	13.94%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability/asset		174.73%		182.10%		174.70%		176.00%

Note: Information prior to 2017 was unavailable. Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the District's measurement date which is the prior year-end.

	2018		2017
0.	172466300%	0.	176214740%
\$	6,728,999	\$	9,424,010
\$	18,981,357	\$	18,417,907
	35.45%		51.17%
	47.10%		37.30%

SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT OPEB CONTRIBUTIONS SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (SERS) OF OHIO

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2022			2021	 2020	2019		
Contractually required contribution	\$	107,979	\$	111,069	\$ 111,544	\$	136,556	
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		(107,979)		(111,069)	 (111,544)		(136,556)	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	_	\$	_	\$ 	\$	_	
District's covered payroll	\$	6,289,479	\$	5,843,643	\$ 5,830,564	\$	5,959,681	
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		1.72%		1.90%	1.91%		2.29%	

	2018	 2017	 2016	 2015	 2014	 2013
\$	125,167	\$ 100,456	\$ 95,488	\$ 147,614	\$ 101,901	\$ 92,724
. <u> </u>	(125,167)	 (100,456)	 (95,488)	 (147,614)	 (101,901)	 (92,724)
\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
\$	5,865,096	\$ 5,839,279	\$ 5,866,479	\$ 5,896,973	\$ 5,802,677	\$ 5,446,647
	2.13%	1.72%	1.63%	2.50%	1.76%	1.70%

SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT OPEB CONTRIBUTIONS STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM (STRS) OF OHIO

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

		2022	 2021	 2020	 2019
Contractually required contribution	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution			 	 	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$ 	\$ 	\$
District's covered payroll	\$	21,961,686	\$ 20,205,286	\$ 20,286,993	\$ 20,347,007
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

 2018	·	2017	 2016	 2015	 2014	 2013
\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 194,278	\$ 194,731
 			 	 	 (194,278)	 (194,731)
\$ 	\$		\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$ _
\$ 19,999,986	\$	18,981,357	\$ 18,417,907	\$ 19,404,250	\$ 19,022,169	\$ 19,473,131
0.00%		0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	1.00%	1.00%

NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

PENSION

SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (SERS) OF OHIO

Changes in benefit terms :

- There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for fiscal years 2014-2017.
- ^a For fiscal year 2018, SERS changed from a fixed 3% annual increase to a Cost of Living Adjustment (COLA) based on the changes in the Consumer Price Index (CPI-W), with a cap of 2.5% and a floor of 0%.
- ^a There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts previously reported for fiscal year 2019.
- ^a There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts previously reported for fiscal year 2020.
- ^a There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts previously reported for fiscal year 2021.
- For fiscal year 2022, SERS changed from a Cost of Living Adjustment (COLA) of 2.5% to 2.0%.

Changes in assumptions :

- ^a There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal years 2014-2016.
- ^a For fiscal year 2017, the following changes of assumptions affected the total pension liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the assumed rate of inflation was reduced from 3.25% to 3.00%, (b) payroll growth assumption was reduced from 4.00% to 3.50%, (c) assumed real wage growth was reduced from 0.75% to 0.50%, (d) rates of withdrawal, retirement and disability were updated to reflect recent experience, (e) mortality among active members was updated to RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and a five year age set-back for both males and females, (f) mortality among service retired members and beneficiaries was updated to the following RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection with Scale BB, 120% of male rates and 110% of female rates, (g) mortality among disabled members was updated to RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, 90% for male rates and 100% for female rates, set back five years is used for the period after disability retirement and (h) the discount rate was reduced from 7.75% to 7.50%.
- There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal year 2018.
- ^a There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal year 2019.
- There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal year 2020.
- There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal year 2021.
- ^D For fiscal year 2022, the following changes of assumptions affected the total pension liability since the prior measurement date: (a) wage inflation decreased from 3.00% to 2.40%, (b) future salary increases changed from 3.50%-18.20% to 3.25%-13.58%, (c) investment rate of return decreased from 7.50% to 7.00%, (d) discount rate decreased from 7.50% to 7.00% and (e) mortality tables changed from the RP-2014 Blue Collar mortality table to the PUB-2010 General Employee Amount Weight Below Median Healthy Retiree mortality table.

STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM (STRS) OF OHIO

Changes in benefit terms :

- There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for fiscal years 2014-2017.
- ^a For fiscal year 2018, STRS decreased the Cost of Living Adjustment (COLA) to zero.
- ^a There were no changes in benefit terms from amounts previously reported for fiscal year 2019.
- ^a There were no changes in benefit terms from amounts previously reported for fiscal year 2020.
- ^o There were no changes in benefit terms from amounts previously reported for fiscal year 2021.
- ^a There were no changes in benefit terms from amounts previously reported for fiscal year 2022.

(Continued)

NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (CONTINUED) FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

PENSION (CONTINUED)

Changes in assumptions :

- ^a There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal years 2014-2017.
- ^a For fiscal year 2018, the following changes of assumption affected the total pension liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the long-term expected rate of return was reduced from 7.75% to 7.45%, (b) the inflation assumption was lowered from 2.75% to 2.50%, (c) the payroll growth assumption was lowered to 3.00%, (d) total salary increases rate was lowered by decreasing the merit component of the individual salary increases, in addition to a decrease of 0.25% due to lower inflation, (e) the healthy and disabled mortality assumptions were updated to the RP-2014 mortality tables with generational improvement scale MP-2016 and (f) rates of retirement, termination and disability were modified to better reflect anticipated future experience.
- ^a There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal year 2019.
- There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal year 2020.
- ^a There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal year 2021.
- ^a For fiscal year 2022, the following changes of assumption affected the total pension liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the long-term expected rate of return was reduced from 7.45% to 7.00% and (b) the discount rate of return was reduced from 7.45% to 7.00%.

OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)

SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (SERS) OF OHIO

Changes in benefit terms :

^a There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for fiscal years 2014-2022.

Changes in assumptions :

- ^a There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal year 2017.
- ^a For fiscal year 2018, the following changes of assumptions affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) assumed rate of inflation was reduced from 3.25% to 3.00%, (b) payroll growth assumption was reduced from 4.00% to 3.50%, (c) assumed real wage growth was reduced from 0.75% to 0.50%, (d) rates of withdrawal, retirement, and disability were updated to reflect recent experience, (e) mortality among active members was updated to the following: RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and a five-year age set-back for both males and females, (f) mortality among service retired members and beneficiaries was updated to the following: RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with Scale BB, 120% of male rates, and 110% of female rates, (g) mortality among disabled members was updated to the following: RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, 90% for male rates and 100% for female rates, set back five years is used for the period after disability retirement, (h) the municipal bond index rate increased from 2.92% to 3.56% and (i) the single equivalent interest rate, net of plan investment expense, including price inflation increased from 2.98% to 3.63%.
- ^a For fiscal year 2019, the following changes of assumptions affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the discount rate increased from 3.63% to 3.70%, (b) the health care cost trend rates for Medicare were changed from a range of 5.50%-5.00% to a range of 5.375%-4.75% and Pre-Medicare were changed from a range of 7.50%-5.00% to a range of 7.25%-4.75%, (c) the municipal bond index rate increased from 3.56% to 3.62% and (d) the single equivalent interest rate, net of plan investment expense, including price inflation increased from 3.63% to 3.70%.
- For fiscal year 2020, the following changes of assumptions affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the discount rate decreased from 3.70% to 3.22%, (b) the health care cost trend rates for Medicare were changed from a range of 5.375%-4.75% to a range of 5.25%-4.75% and Pre-Medicare were changed from a range of 7.25%-4.75% to a range of 7.00%-4.75%, (c) the municipal bond index rate decreased from 3.62% to 3.13% and (d) the single equivalent interest rate, net of plan investment expense, including price inflation decreased from 3.70% to 3.22%.
- ^a For fiscal year 2021, the following changes of assumptions affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the discount rate decreased from 3.22% to 2.63% and (b) the municipal bond index rate decreased from 3.13% to 2.45%.
- ^a For fiscal year 2022, the following changes of assumptions affected the total pension liability since the prior measurement date: (a) wage inflation decreased from 3.00% to 2.40%, (b) future salary increases changed from 3.50%-18.20% to 3.25%-13.58%, (c) investment rate of return decreased from 7.50% to 7.00%, (d) discount rate decreased from 7.50% to 7.00% and (e) mortality tables changed from the RP-2014 Blue Collar mortality table to the PUB-2010 General Employee Amount Weight Below Median Healthy Retiree mortality table.

NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (CONTINUED) FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (CONTINUED)

STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM (STRS) OF OHIO

Changes in benefit terms :

- ^a There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts previously reported for fiscal year 2017.
- ^a For fiscal year 2018, STRS reduced the subsidy multiplier for non-Medicare benefit recipients from 2.1% to 1.9% per year of service. Medicare Part B premium reimbursements were discontinued for certain survivors and beneficiaries and all remaining Medicare Part B premium reimbursements will be discontinued beginning January 2019.
- For fiscal year 2019, STRS increased the subsidy multiplier for non-Medicare benefit recipients from 1.9% to 1.944% per year of service effective January 1, 2019. The non-Medicare frozen subsidy base premium was increased January 1, 2019 and all remaining Medicare Part B premium reimbursements will be discontinued beginning January 1, 2020.
- ^D For fiscal year 2020, STRS increased the subsidy percentage from 1.944% to 1.984% effective January 1, 2020. The Medicare subsidy percentages were adjusted effective January 1, 2021 to 2.1% for the Medicare plan. The Medicare Part B monthly reimbursement elimination date was postponed to January 1, 2021.
- ^a For fiscal year 2021, the non-Medicare subsidy percentage was increased effective January 1, 2021 from 1.984% to 2.055% per year of service. The non-Medicare frozen subsidy base premium was increased effective January 1, 2021. The Medicare subsidy percentages were adjusted effective January 1, 2021 to 2.1% for the AMA Medicare plan. The Medicare Part B monthly reimbursement elimination date was postponed indefinitely.
- ^a For fiscal year 2022, the non-Medicare subsidy percentage was increased effective January 1, 2022 from 2.055% to 2.100%. The non-Medicare frozen subsidy base premium was increased effective January 1, 2022. The Medicare Part D subsidy was updated to reflect it is expected to be negative in CY2022. The Part B monthly reimbursement elimination date was postponed indefinitely.

Changes in assumptions :

- ^a There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal year 2017.
- For fiscal year 2018, the following changes of assumptions affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the discount rate was increased from 3.26% to 4.13% based on the methodology defined under GASB Statement No. 74, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans (OPEB), (b) the long term expected rate of return was reduced from 7.75% to 7.45%, (c) valuation year per capita health care costs were updated, and the salary scale was modified, (d) the percentage of future retirees electing each option was updated based on current data and the percentage of future disabled retirees and terminated vested participants electing health coverage were decreased and (e) the assumed mortality, disability, retirement, withdrawal and future health care costs trend rates were modified along with the portion of rebated prescription drug costs.
- For fiscal year 2019, the following changes of assumptions affected the total OPEB liability/asset since the prior measurement date: (a) the discount rate was increased from the blended rate of 4.13% to the long-term expected rate of return of 7.45% based on the methodology defined under GASB Statement No. 74, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans (OPEB) and (b) decrease in health care cost trend rates from 6.00%-11.00% initial; 4.50% ultimate down to Medical Pre-Medicare 6.00% and Medicare 5.00% initial; 4.00% ultimate and Prescription Drug Pre-Medicare 8.00% and Medicare (5.23%) initial; 4.00% ultimate.
- ^a For fiscal year 2020, health care cost trend rates were changed to the following: medical pre-Medicare from 6.00% initial 4.00% ultimate down to 5.87% initial 4.00% ultimate; medical Medicare from 5.00% initial 4.00% ultimate down to 4.93% initial 4.00% ultimate; prescription drug pre-Medicare from 8.00% initial 4.00% ultimate down to 7.73% initial 4.00% ultimate and (5.23%) initial 4.00% ultimate up to 9.62% initial 4.00% ultimate.
- For fiscal year 2021, health care cost trend rates were changed to the following: medical pre-Medicare from 5.87% initial 4.00% ultimate down to 5.00% initial 4.00% ultimate; medical Medicare from 4.93% initial 4.00% ultimate down to -6.69% initial 4.00% ultimate; prescription drug pre-Medicare from 7.73% initial 4.00% ultimate down to 6.50% initial 4.00% ultimate; prescription drug Medicare from 9.62% initial 4.00% ultimate up to 11.87% initial 4.00% ultimate.
- For fiscal year 2022, the following changes of assumption affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the long-term expected rate of return was reduced from 7.45% to 7.00%, (b) the discount rate of return was reduced from 7.45% to 7.00% and (c) health care cost trend rates were changed to the following: medical Medicare from -6.69% initial 4.00% ultimate down to -16.18% initial 4.00% ultimate; prescription drug Medicare from 11.87% initial 4.00% ultimate up to 29.98% initial 4.00% ultimate.

COMBINING STATEMENTS AND INDIVIDUAL FUND SCHEDULES

MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUND

General Fund

The general fund is used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund. The general fund balance is available for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio. A budgetary statement for the general fund is presented as part of the basic financial statements. The level of detail presented in that statement is greater than the legal level of budgetary control; therefore, a separate additional schedule is not presented.

Some funds are included in the general fund (GAAP basis), but have separate legally adopted budgets (budget basis):

Public School Support

To account for specific local revenue sources (other than taxes) generated by individual school buildings (e.g. sale of pictures, profits from vending machines, etc.) Expenditures include field trips, materials, equipment and other items to supplement co-curricular and extra-curricular programs.

Miscellaneous General Fund

A fund used to account for miscellaneous programs, such as independent study and various other instructional programs funded by fees.

A fund to account for rebates received from the Ohio Bureau of Workers' Compensation.

Unclaimed Monies

To account for unclaimed funds that are legally required to be maintained for five years.

Falcon Store

BWC Rebate

A fund to account for sales of merchandise at the Falcon Store.

OTHER MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Bond Retirement

The bond retirement debt service fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for and the payment of general obligation bond principal and interest and certain other long-term obligations for governmental resources when the District is obligated in some manner for the payment.

Section 5705.09. Revised Code

Section 5705.12, Revised Code

Section 5705.12, Revised Code

Section 5705.13, Revised Code

Section 9.39, Revised Code

Section 5705.12, Revised Code

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Fir	nal Budget	 Actual	ce with Budget
Public School Support				
Total revenues and other sources	\$	196,547	\$ 196,547	\$ -
Total expenditures and other uses		121,571	 121,569	 2
Net change in fund balance		74,976	74,978	2
Fund balance at beginning of year Prior year encumbrances appropriated		175,337 834	 175,337 834	 -
Fund balance at end of year	\$	251,147	\$ 251,149	\$ 2
Miscellaneous General Fund				
Total revenues and other sources	\$	5,899	\$ 5,899	\$ -
Total expenditures and other uses		4,048	 4,048	
Net change in fund balance		1,851	1,851	-
Fund balance at beginning of year		9,323	 9,323	 -
Fund balance at end of year	\$	11,174	\$ 11,174	\$ -
BWC Rebate				
Total expenditures and other uses	\$	121,891	\$ 121,891	\$
Net change in fund balance		(121,891)	(121,891)	-
Fund balance at beginning of year		244,431	 244,431	 -
Fund balance at end of year	\$	122,540	\$ 122,540	\$ -

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Fina	l Budget	 Actual	nce with l Budget
Unclaimed Monies				
Total revenues and other sources	\$		\$ 341	\$ 341
Net change in fund balance		-	341	341
Fund balance at beginning of year		17,399	 17,399	 -
Fund balance at end of year	\$	17,399	\$ 17,740	\$ 341
Falcon Store				
Total revenues and other sources	\$	3,407	\$ 3,407	\$ -
Total expenditures and other uses		3,081	 3,081	 -
Net change in fund balance		326	326	-
Fund balance at beginning of year		-	 -	 -
Fund balance at end of year	\$	326	\$ 326	\$ -

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Fi	nal Budget		Actual	 nce with Budget
Bond Retirement					
Total revenues and other sources	\$	3,341,429	\$	3,341,429	\$ -
Total expenditures and other uses		2,997,419	. <u> </u>	2,997,119	 300
Net change in fund balance		344,010		344,310	300
Fund balance at beginning of year		3,586,201		3,586,201	 -
Fund balance at end of year	\$	3,930,211	\$	3,930,511	\$ 300

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NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds

Special revenue funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects. A description of the District's special revenue funds follows:

A fund used to record financial transactions related to food service operations.

Other Grants

Miscellaneous Grants

Food Service

A fund used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources, except for State and federal grants that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

A fund provided to account for the proceeds of specific local revenue sources, except for State and federal grants that are legally restricted for specified purposes. This fund is used to account for the District's DARE and Channel 19 programs.

A fund used to account for the proceeds of a levy for the maintenance of facilities.

District Managed Student Activity

Classroom Facilities Maintenance

A fund provided to account for those student activity programs which have student participation in the activity but do not have student management of the programs. This fund would usually include athletic programs but could also include the band, cheerleaders, flag corps, and other similar types of activities.

Student Managed Activity

A fund provided to account for those student activity programs which have student participation in the activity and have students involved in the management of the program. This fund typically includes those student activities which consist of a student body, student president, student treasurer, and faculty advisor.

A fund provided to account for money appropriated for Ohio Educational Computer Network (OECN) connections.

Miscellaneous State Grants

OneNet Subsidy

A fund used to account for various monies received from state agencies which are not classified elsewhere. A separate special cost center must be used for each grant and be approved by the Auditor of State.

Section 3313.81, Revised Code

Section 5705.12, Revised Code

Section 5705.09, Revised Code

Section 3318.06, Revised Code

Section 3313.062, Revised Code

Section 3313.062, Revised Code

Current Budget Bill appropriation line item 200-426

Section 5705.09, Revised Code

AUSTINTOWN LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT MAHONING COUNTY, OHIO GOVERNMENTAL FUND DESCRIPTIONS

Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds - (Continued)

To account for federal monies which assist states in the identification of handicapped children, and provision of full educational opportunities to handicapped children at the preschool, elementary, and secondary levels.

To provide financial assistance to state and local educational agencies to meet the special needs of educationally deprived children. Included are the Even Start and Comprehensive School Reform programs.

IDEA Handicapped Preschool

Title VI-B

Title I

A fund used to account for federal monies used for the improvement and expansion of services for handicapped children ages three (3) through five (5) years.

Supporting Effective Instruction

A fund used to account for monies to hire additional classroom teachers in grades one through three so that the number of students per teacher will be reduced.

Miscellaneous Federal Grants

A fund used to account for various monies received through state agencies from the federal government or directly from the federal government which are not classified elsewhere. A separate cost center must be used for each grant and be approved by the Auditor of State.

Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief (ESSER)

A fund used to account for emergency relief grants to school districts related to the COVID-19 pandemic. Restrictions include, but are not limited to, providing for coordination of preparedness and response efforts, training and professional development of staff, planning and coordination during long-term closure, and purchasing technology for students.

Coronavirus Relief

A fund used to cover costs that are necessary expenditures incurred due to the public health emergency related to the COVID-19 pandemic.

Student Support and Academic Enrichment Programs (Title IV-A)

To improve students' academic achievement by increasing the capacity of states, local education agencies (LEAs), schools, and local communities to (1) provide all students with access to a well-rounded education, (2) improve school conditions for student learning, and (3) improve the use of technology in order to improve the academic achievement and digital literacy of all students.

Assistance Listing #84.027

Assistance Listing #84.010

Assistance Listing #84.173

Assistance Listing #84.367

Assistance Listing #84.424

Assistance Listing #84.425

Assistance Listing #84 and #94

Assistance Listing #21.019

Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds

Capital projects funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets. Capital projects funds exclude those types of capitalrelated outflows financed by proprietary funds or trust funds. A description of the District's capital projects funds follows:

Permanent Improvement

A fund provided to account for all transactions related to the acquiring, constructing, or improving of such permanent improvements as are authorized by Chapter 5705, Revised Code.

Building

This fund is used to account for monies received and expended in connection with the renovation and construction of District buildings.

Capital Projects

A fund used to accumulate money for one or more capital projects.

Section 5705.12, Revised Code

Section 5705.09, Revised Code

Section 5705.13, Revised Code

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2022

		Nonmajor cial Revenue Funds		Nonmajor bital Projects Funds	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds		
Assets:	¢	5 0 2 5 0 2 0	¢		¢	11 505 004	
Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$	5,837,020	\$	5,668,786	\$	11,505,806	
Receivables:		270 452				270 452	
Property taxes		270,453		-		270,453	
Accounts		11,001		-		11,001	
Intergovernmental		922,647 6,413		-		922,647 6,413	
Materials and supplies inventory Inventory held for resale		16,165		-			
Total assets	\$	7,063,699	\$	5,668,786	\$	<u>16,165</u> 12,732,485	
1044 45505	φ	7,003,099	\$	5,008,780	φ	12,732,403	
Liabilities:							
Accounts payable	\$	92,170	\$	-	\$	92,170	
Accrued wages and benefits		720,734		-		720,734	
Intergovernmental payable		8,095		-		8,095	
Pension and postemployment							
benefits payable		122,753		-		122,753	
Interfund loans payable		110		-		110	
Due to other funds		329,148		-		329,148	
Total liabilities		1,273,010		-		1,273,010	
Deferred inflows of resources:		245 020				245 020	
Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year		245,029		-		245,029	
Delinquent property tax revenue not available		23,159		-		23,159	
Intergovernmental revenue not available Total deferred inflows of resources		84,294		-		84,294	
Total deferred inflows of resources		352,482		-		352,482	
Fund balances:							
Nonspendable:							
Materials and supplies inventory		6,413		-		6,413	
Restricted:							
Capital improvements		-		950,662		950,662	
Classroom facilities maintenance		3,832,392		-		3,832,392	
Food service operations		1,227,738		-		1,227,738	
State funded programs		24,321		-		24,321	
Federally funded programs		69,169		-		69,169	
Extracurricular activities		343,625		-		343,625	
Other purposes		155,554		-		155,554	
Committed:							
Capital improvements		-		3,218,124		3,218,124	
Extracurricular activities		1,150		-		1,150	
Assigned:							
Capital improvements		-		1,500,000		1,500,000	
Unassigned (deficit)		(222,155)		-		(222,155)	
Total fund balances		5,438,207		5,668,786		11,106,993	
Total liabilities, deferred inflows and fund balances	\$	7,063,699	\$	5,668,786	\$	12,732,485	

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Nonmajor cial Revenue Funds	Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds		
Revenues:					
Property taxes	\$ 275,113	\$-	\$	275,113	
Intergovernmental	8,973,484	-		8,973,484	
Investment earnings	1,700	-		1,700	
Extracurricular	383,946	-		383,946	
Rental income	45,142	-		45,142	
Charges for services	265,227	-		265,227	
Contributions and donations	22,310	-		22,310	
Miscellaneous	105,455	-		105,455	
Total revenues	 10,072,377			10,072,377	
Expenditures:					
Current:					
Instruction:					
Regular	2,784,812	-		2,784,812	
Special	1,696,674	-		1,696,674	
Vocational	15,345	-		15,345	
Support services:					
Pupil	392,853	-		392,853	
Instructional staff	405,913	-		405,913	
Administration	86,462	-		86,462	
Fiscal	4,946	-		4,946	
Operations and maintenance	1,032,146	133,917		1,166,063	
Pupil transportation	94,861	-		94,861	
Central	17,683	-		17,683	
Operation of non-instructional services:					
Food service operations	2,183,481	-		2,183,481	
Other non-instructional services	17,241	-		17,241	
Extracurricular activities	529,739	-		529,739	
Facilities acquisition and construction	-	971,539		971,539	
Total expenditures	 9,262,156	1,105,456		10,367,612	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over (under) expenditures	 810,221	(1,105,456)		(295,235)	
Other financing sources:					
Transfers in	 -	500,000		500,000	
Net change in fund balances	810,221	(605,456)		204,765	
Fund balances at beginning of year	4,641,049	6,274,242		10,915,291	
Change in reserve for inventory	 (13,063)	-		(13,063)	
Fund balances at end of year	\$ 5,438,207	\$ 5,668,786	\$	11,106,993	

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS JUNE 30, 2022

		Food Service		Other Grants		cellaneous Grants		Classroom Facilities aintenance
Assets:								
Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$	1,425,306	\$	157,001	\$	1,150	\$	3,833,182
Receivables:								270 452
Property taxes Accounts		-		-		-		270,453
Intergovernmental		46,273		-		-		-
Materials and supplies inventory		6,413		-		_		_
Inventory held for resale		16,165		-		-		-
Total assets	\$	1,494,157	\$	157,001	\$	1,150	\$	4,103,635
		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,						,,
Liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$	50,981	\$	-	\$	-	\$	3,055
Accrued wages and benefits		154,230		1,447		-		-
Intergovernmental payable		1,566		-		-		-
Pension and postemployment								
benefits payable		53,229		-		-		-
Interfund loans payable		-		-		-		-
Due to other funds		-		-		-		-
Total liabilities		260,006		1,447		-		3,055
Deferred inflows of resources:								
Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year		-		-		-		245,029
Delinquent property tax revenue not available		-		-		-		23,159
Intergovernmental revenue not available		-		-		-		-
Total deferred inflows of resources		-		-		-		268,188
Fund balances:								
Nonspendable: Materials and supplies inventory		6,413						
Restricted:		0,415		-		-		-
Classroom facilities maintenance		_		-		-		3,832,392
Food service operations		1,227,738		-		-		-
State funded programs		-		-		-		-
Federally funded programs		-		-		-		-
Extracurricular activities		-		-		-		-
Other purposes		-		155,554		-		-
Committed:								
Extracurricular activities		-		-		1,150		-
Unassigned (deficit)		-		-		-		-
Total fund balances (deficits)		1,234,151		155,554		1,150		3,832,392
	¢	1 404 155	.		<u>_</u>	1.1.50	<u></u>	
Total liabilities, deferred inflows and fund balances	\$	1,494,157	\$	157,001	\$	1,150	\$	4,103,635

N	District Ianaged ent Activity	Ν	Student Managed Activity		Miscellaneous State Grants		ïtle VI-B	 Title I	Supporting Effective Instruction		cellaneous ral Grants
\$	214,923	\$	119,281	\$	24,321	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 61,856
	-		-		-		-	-		-	-
	10,481		520		-		- 106,742	- 123,807		- 13,422	- 10,032
	-		-		-		-	-		-	-
\$	- 225,404	\$	- 119,801	\$	- 24,321	\$		\$ 123,807	\$	13,422	\$ - 71,888
	<u> </u>						<u> </u>	 <u> </u>		<u> </u>	
\$	270	\$	1,200	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -
	-		-		-		171,909	53,154		5,324	1,741
	-		-		-		2,215	574		44	-
	-		-		-		3,727	8,895		858	-
	110		-		-		- 70,648	- 62,828		-	-
	380		1,200				248,499	 125,451		2,118 8,344	 1,741
	- - - -		- - - -		-		7,485	 38,890 38,890		6,624 6,624	 978 978
	-		-		-		-	-		-	-
	-		-		-		-	-		-	-
	-		-		-		-	-		-	-
	-		-		24,321		-	-		-	- 69,169
	225,024		118,601		-		-	-		-	-
	-		-		-		-	-		-	-
	-		-		-		- (149,242)	- (40,534)		- (1,546)	-
	225.02.1		110 101								 (0.1.(
	225,024		118,601		24,321		(149,242)	 (40,534)		(1,546)	 69,169
\$	225,404	\$	119,801	\$	24,321	\$	106,742	\$ 123,807	\$	13,422	\$ 71,888

- - Continued

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2022

Assets: Equity in pooled cash and investmentsSSSSSSAccounts270,453Accounts11,001Intergovernmental622,196175922,647Materials and supplies inventory6,413Inventory Ibeld for resaleIntergovernmental payable\$36,664\$-Accounts payable\$36,664\$-8,095Pension and postemployment110Due to other funds193,379175329,148Total liabilities110Due to other funds193,379175329,148Total liabilities110Due to other funds193,379175329,148Total liabilities245,029Deferred inflows of resources:245,029Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year245,029Delinquent property tax revenue not available30,317-352,482Fund balances:243,219Nonspendable:12,753Materials and supplies inventory6,413Restricted:243,219Cold deferred inflows of resources243,219Materials and supplies inventory6,413Restricted:<			ESSER	Tit	le IV-A		Total Nonmajor cial Revenue Funds
Equity in pooled cash and investments S - S - S 5, \$37,020 Receivables: Property taxes - - 270,453 Property taxes - - 11,001 Intergovernmental 622,196 175 922,647 Materials and supplies inventory - - 6,413 Inventory held for resale - - 16,165 Total assets S 622,196 S 175 S 7,063,699 Liabilities: - - - 16,165 - 8,095 Accruicd wages and benefits 332,413 516 720,734 - 101 Due to other funds 193,379 - - 110 - 110 Due to other funds 193,379 175 329,148 - 101 Due to other funds 193,379 - - 245,029 Delinquett property tax selvice for the next fiscal year - - 23,159 Intergovernmental revenue not available - - 23,159 Intergovernimental rev							1 unus
Receivables: - - 270,453 Property taxes - - 11,001 Intergovernmental 622,196 175 922,647 Materials and supplies inventory - - 6,413 Inventory Held for resale - - 16,165 Total assets \$ 622,196 \$ 175 \$ 7,063,699 Liabilitie: - - 16,165 \$ - \$ 92,170 Accounts payable \$ 36,664 \$ - \$ 92,170 Accounts payable \$ 36,664 \$ - \$ 92,170 Accounts payable \$ 3,696 - 8,095 \$ \$ 92,170 Account of the next fiscal year - - 110 Due to other funds 193,379 175 329,148 Total liabilities 622,196 691 1,273,010 \$ \$ 245,029 Delinquent poperty tax revenue not available - - 23,159 \$ 322,482 Total deferred inflows of resour	Assets:						
Property taxes - - 270,453 Accounts - - 11,001 Intergovernmental 622,196 175 922,647 Materials and supplies inventory - - 6,413 Inventory held for resale - - 16,165 Total assets \$ 622,196 \$ 175 \$ 7,063,699 Liabilities: - - 16,165 - 8,095 Accounts payable \$ 36,664 \$ - \$ 92,170 Accured wages and benefits 332,413 516 720,734 - 8,095 Pension and postemployment benefits payable 56,044 - 122,753 Interfund loans payable - - 110 Due to other funds 193,379 175 329,148 Total liabilities 622,196 691 1,273,010 Deferred inflows of resources: - 245,029 Poperty taxes levied for the next fiscal year - - 245,029 - 352,482 Fund balances: - - -		\$	-	\$	-	\$	5,837,020
Accounts - - 11,001 Intergovernmental 622,196 175 922,647 Materials and supplies inventory - - 6,413 Inventory held for resale - - 16,165 Total assets $$$622,196$$ $$$175$$ $$$7,063,699$ Liabilities: - - 16,165 Accounts payable $$32,2413$ 516 720,734 Intergovernmental payable 3,696 - 8,095 Pension and postemployment - - 110 benefits payable 56,044 - 122,753 Interfund loans payable - - 110 Due to other funds 193,379 175 329,148 Total liabilities 622,196 691 1,273,010 Deferred inflows of resources: - - 245,029 Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year - - 245,029 Delinquent property tax revenue not available - - 23,159 Intergovernmental revenue not available - - - 44,294 $							
Intergovernmental $622,196$ 175 $922,647$ Materials and supplies inventory $6,413$ Inventory held for resale \underline{s} $622,196$ \underline{s} 175 \underline{s} Total assets \underline{s} $622,196$ \underline{s} 175 \underline{s} $7,063,699$ Liabilities:Accounts payable \underline{s} $36,664$ \underline{s} \underline{s} $92,170$ Accrued wages and benefits $332,413$ 516 $720,734$ Intergovernmental payable $3,696$ - $8,095$ Pension and postemployment $benefits$ $332,79$ 175 $329,148$ Due to other funds $193,379$ 175 $329,148$ Total liabilities $622,196$ 691 $1,273,010$ Deferred inflows of resources:- $245,029$ Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year- $245,029$ Delinquent property tax revenue not available $30,317$ $ 84,294$ Total deferred inflows of resources $30,317$ $ 6,413$ Restricted:- $ 243,232$ Fund balances:- $ -$ Nonspendable:- $ -$ Materials and supplies inventory $ -$ Classroom facilities maintenance- $ -$ Classroom facilities maintenance- $ -$ Classroom facilities maintenance $ -$ Classroom facilities main			-		-		
Materials and supplies inventory6,413Inventory held for resale16,165Total assets \underline{s} 622,196 \underline{s} 175 \underline{s} Accounts payable \underline{s} 36,664 \underline{s} - \underline{s} Accrued wages and benefits332,413516720,734Intergovernmental payable3,696-8,095Pension and postemployment110Due to other funds193,379175329,148Total liabilities622,1966911,273,010Deferred inflows of resources:245,029Property tax revenue not available23,159Intergovernmental revenue not available30,317Intergovernmental revenue not available3,832,392Fond service operations1,227,738State funded programs4,413Restricted:3,832,392Food service operations2,4,521Federally funded programs4,32,625Other purposesCommitted:1,55,554Committed:1,55,554Committed:Total fund balances (deficits)(30,317)(516)5,438,207			-		-		
Inventory held for resale16,165Total assets\$ $622,196$ \$ 175 \$ $7,063,699$ Liabilities:Accrued wages and benefits $332,413$ 516 $720,734$ Intergovernmental payable $3,696$ - $8,095$ Pension and postemployment $56,044$ - $122,753$ Interfund loans payable $56,044$ - $122,753$ Interfund loans payable $622,196$ 691 $1,273,010$ Deferred inflows of resources: $245,029$ Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year $23,159$ Deferred inflows of resources: $23,159$ Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year $245,029$ Definquent property tax revenue not available $30,317$ - $352,482$ Total deferred inflows of resources: $44,294$ Total deferred inflows of resources $30,317$ - $452,029$ Classroom facilities maintenance $3,832,392$ Food service operations $43,4625$ Other purposes $43,4625$ Other purposes $1,150$ Unassigned (deficit)($30,317$)(516)($222,155$)Total fund balances (deficits)($30,317$)(516) $5,438,207$	-		622,196		175		
Total assets \underline{s} $622,196$ \underline{s} 175 \underline{s} $7,063,699$ Liabilities: Accounts payableS $36,664$ \underline{s} - \underline{s} $92,170$ Accrued wages and benefits Intergovernmental payable $332,413$ 516 $720,734$ Pension and postemployment benefits payable $3,696$ - $8,095$ Due to other funds $193,379$ 175 $329,148$ Total liabilities $622,196$ 691 $1,273,010$ Deferred inflows of resources: Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year Delinquent property tax revenue not available Intergovernmental revenue not available $30,317$ - $245,029$ Fund balances: Nonspendable: Materials and supplies inventory 			-		-		
Liabilities: Accounts payable\$ 36,664\$ -\$ 92,170Accrued wages and benefits $332,413$ 516 $720,734$ Intergovernmental payable $3,696$ - $8,095$ Pension and postemployment $56,044$ - $122,753$ Interfund loans payable110Due to other funds $193,379$ 175 $329,148$ Total liabilities $622,196$ 691 $1,273,010$ Deferred inflows of resources:Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year $23,159$ $30,317$ - $352,482$ Fund balances:Nonspendable: $30,317$ - $6,413$ Restricted:Classroom facilities maintenance $245,294$ Food service operations $245,294$ Total funded programs $432,294$ Classroom facilities maintenance $24,321$ Fund balances:Notrials and supplies inventory $452,294$ Classroom facilities maintenance $24,321$ Extracurricular activities $452,294$ Total fund balances (deficit)(30,317)(516)Committed: $5542,294$ -	-	_	-	¢	-	•	
Accounts payable\$ $36,664$ \$ $-$ \$ $92,170$ Accrued wages and benefits $332,413$ 516 $720,734$ Intergovernmental payable $3,696$ $ 8,095$ Pension and postemployment $ 110$ benefits payable $56,044$ $ 122,753$ Interfund loans payable $ 110$ Due to other funds $193,379$ 175 $329,148$ Total liabilities $622,196$ 691 $1,273,010$ Deferred inflows of resources:Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year $ 245,029$ Delinquent property tax revenue not available $ 23,159$ Intergovernmental revenue not available $30,317$ $ 352,482$ Fund balances:Nonspendable: $ -$ Materials and supplies inventory $ -$ Classroom facilities maintenance $ -$ Classroom facilities maintenance $ -$ State funded programs $ -$ Extracurricular activities $ -$ Committed: $ -$ <t< td=""><td>Total assets</td><td>\$</td><td>622,196</td><td>\$</td><td>1/5</td><td>\$</td><td>7,063,699</td></t<>	Total assets	\$	622,196	\$	1/5	\$	7,063,699
Accrued wages and benefits $332,413$ 516 $720,734$ Intergovernmental payable $3,696$ - $8,095$ Pension and postemployment $benefits payable$ $56,044$ - $122,753$ Interfund loans payable $56,044$ - $122,753$ Interfund loans payable $-$ - 110 Due to other funds $193,379$ 175 $329,148$ Total liabilities $622,196$ 691 $1,273,010$ Deferred inflows of resources:Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year $23,159$ 117 $84,294$ Total deferred inflows of resources $30,317$ - $352,482$ $30,317$ - $352,482$ Fund balances:Nonspendable:Materials and supplies inventory 6413 $24,321$ Federally funded programs $24,321$ Federally funded programs $43,625$ Other purposes $343,625$ Other purposes15,554Committed:1,150Unassigned (deficit) $(30,317)$ (516) $5,438,207$	Liabilities:						
Accrued wages and benefits $332,413$ 516 $720,734$ Intergovernmental payable $3,696$ - $8,095$ Pension and postemployment $benefits payable$ $56,044$ - $122,753$ Interfund loans payable $56,044$ - $122,753$ Interfund loans payable $-$ - 110 Due to other funds $193,379$ 175 $329,148$ Total liabilities $622,196$ 691 $1,273,010$ Deferred inflows of resources:Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year $23,159$ 117 $84,294$ Total deferred inflows of resources $30,317$ - $352,482$ $30,317$ - $352,482$ Fund balances:Nonspendable:Materials and supplies inventory 6413 $24,321$ Federally funded programs $24,321$ Federally funded programs $43,625$ Other purposes $343,625$ Other purposes15,554Committed:1,150Unassigned (deficit) $(30,317)$ (516) $5,438,207$	Accounts payable	\$	36,664	\$	-	\$	92,170
Intergovernmental payable $3,696$ - $8,095$ Pension and postemployment $56,044$ - $122,753$ Interfund loans payable 110 Due to other funds $193,379$ 175 $329,148$ Total liabilities $622,196$ 691 $1,273,010$ Deferred inflows of resources:Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year $245,029$ 691 $1,273,010$ Deferred inflows of resources:Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year $23,159$ $ 23,159$ Intergovernmental revenue not available $30,317$ - $352,482$ $30,317$ - $352,482$ Fund balances:Nonspendable:Materials and supplies inventory $1,227,738$ $5tate$ funded programs $243,212$ Federally funded programs $243,212$ Federally funded programs $43,625$ 155,554Committel:1,150Unassigned (deficit) $(30,317)$ (516) $5,438,207$			332,413		516		
benefits payable $56,044$ - $122,753$ Interfund loans payable110Due to other funds $193,379$ 175 $329,148$ Total liabilities $622,196$ 691 $1,273,010$ Deferred inflows of resources:Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year $245,029$ Delinquent property tax revenue not available $23,159$ Intergovernmental revenue not available $30,317$ - $44,294$ Total deferred inflows of resources $30,317$ - 7 $6,413$ $30,317$ - $352,482$ Fund balances:Nonspendable: $24,321$ Restricted: $24,321$ Food service operations $24,321$ Federally funded programs $24,321$ Federally funded programs $24,321$ Federally funded programs $343,625$ Other purposes $112,77,38$ Committed:Extracurricular activitiesUnassigned (deficit) $(30,317)$ (516) $5,438,207$					-		
benefits payable $56,044$ - $122,753$ Interfund loans payable110Due to other funds $193,379$ 175 $329,148$ Total liabilities $622,196$ 691 $1,273,010$ Deferred inflows of resources:Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year $245,029$ Delinquent property tax revenue not available $23,159$ Intergovernmental revenue not available $30,317$ - $44,294$ Total deferred inflows of resources $30,317$ - 7 $6,413$ $30,317$ - $352,482$ Fund balances:Nonspendable: $24,321$ Restricted: $24,321$ Food service operations $24,321$ Federally funded programs $24,321$ Federally funded programs $24,321$ Federally funded programs $343,625$ Other purposes $112,77,38$ Committed:Extracurricular activitiesUnassigned (deficit) $(30,317)$ (516) $5,438,207$	Pension and postemployment						
Interfund loans payable110Due to other funds $193,379$ 175 $329,148$ Total liabilities $622,196$ 691 $1,273,010$ Deferred inflows of resources:Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year $23,159$ $-$ 23,159Intergovernmental revenue not available $30,317$ - $84,294$ $30,317$ - $84,294$ Total deferred inflows of resources $30,317$ - $84,294$ $30,317$ - $352,482$ Fund balances:Nonspendable:Materials and supplies inventory $6,413$ $243,232$ Food service operations $243,231$ Federally funded programs $243,221$ Federally funded programs $243,225$ Other purposes110Committed:155,554Committed:1,150Unassigned (deficit) $(30,317)$ (516) $5,438,207$			56,044		-		122,753
Total liabilities $622,196$ 691 $1,273,010$ Deferred inflows of resources: Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year Delinquent property tax revenue not available Total deferred inflows of resources $-$ $23,159$ Intergovernmental revenue not available Total deferred inflows of resources $30,317$ $ -$ $84,294$ Fund balances: Nonspendable: Materials and supplies inventory Food service operations State funded programs Extracurricular activities $-$	Interfund loans payable		-		-		110
Deferred inflows of resources:Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year245,029Delinquent property tax revenue not available23,159Intergovernmental revenue not available $30,317$ - $84,294$ Total deferred inflows of resources $30,317$ - $352,482$ Fund balances:Nonspendable: $6,413$ Restricted: $3,832,392$ Food service operations $1,227,738$ State funded programs $24,321$ Federally funded programs $69,169$ Extracurricular activities $343,625$ Other purposes $1,150$ Unassigned (deficit)($30,317$)(516) $(222,155)$ Total fund balances (deficits)($30,317$)(516) $5,438,207$	Due to other funds		193,379		175		329,148
Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year245,029Delinquent property tax revenue not available23,159Intergovernmental revenue not available $30,317$ - $84,294$ Total deferred inflows of resources $30,317$ - $352,482$ Fund balances:Nonspendable:6,413Restricted: $3,832,392$ Food service operations $1,227,738$ State funded programs $24,321$ Federally funded programs $24,321$ Federally funded programs $343,625$ Other purposes $1,55,554$ Committed: $1,150$ Unassigned (deficit)($30,317$)(516) $5,438,207$	Total liabilities		622,196		691		1,273,010
Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year245,029Delinquent property tax revenue not available23,159Intergovernmental revenue not available $30,317$ - $84,294$ Total deferred inflows of resources $30,317$ - $352,482$ Fund balances:Nonspendable:6,413Restricted: $3,832,392$ Food service operations $1,227,738$ State funded programs $24,321$ Federally funded programs $24,321$ Federally funded programs $343,625$ Other purposes $1,55,554$ Committed: $1,150$ Unassigned (deficit)($30,317$)(516) $5,438,207$	Deferred inflows of resources						
Delinquent property tax revenue not available23,159Intergovernmental revenue not available $30,317$ - $84,294$ Total deferred inflows of resources $30,317$ - $352,482$ Fund balances:Materials and supplies inventory6,413Restricted: $3,832,392$ Food service operations $1,227,738$ State funded programs $24,321$ Federally funded programs $69,169$ Extracurricular activities $343,625$ Other purposes1,554Committed:1,150Unassigned (deficit)($30,317$)(516)($222,155$)Total fund balances (deficits)($30,317$)(516) $5,438,207$			_		_		245 029
Intergovernmental revenue not available $30,317$ - $84,294$ Total deferred inflows of resources $30,317$ - $352,482$ Fund balances: Materials and supplies inventory6,413Restricted: Classroom facilities maintenance $3,832,392$ Food service operations $1,227,738$ State funded programs $24,321$ Federally funded programs $69,169$ Extracurricular activities $343,625$ Other purposes $1,5554$ Committed: Extracurricular activities-1,150Unassigned (deficit) $(30,317)$ (516) $(222,155)$ Total fund balances (deficits) $(30,317)$ (516) $5,438,207$							
Total deferred inflows of resources30,317-352,482Fund balances: Nonspendable: Materials and supplies inventory Restricted: Classroom facilities maintenance Food service operations State funded programs6,413Restricted: Classroom facilities maintenance Food service operations Federally funded programs Extracurricular activities3,832,392Food service operations State funded programs Extracurricular activities1,227,738State funded programs Extracurricular activities24,321Federally funded programs Extracurricular activities69,169Extracurricular activities Unassigned (deficit)-155,554-Total fund balances (deficits)(30,317)(516)(222,155)			30 317				
Fund balances:Nonspendable:Materials and supplies inventory6,413Restricted:Classroom facilities maintenance3,832,392Food service operations1,227,738State funded programs24,321Federally funded programs69,169Extracurricular activities343,625Other purposes155,554Committed:1,150Unassigned (deficit)(30,317)(516)(222,155)Total fund balances (deficits)(30,317)(516)5,438,207	-						
Nonspendable: Materials and supplies inventory6,413Restricted:6,413Classroom facilities maintenance3,832,392Food service operations1,227,738State funded programs24,321Federally funded programs69,169Extracurricular activities343,625Other purposes155,554Committed:1,150Unassigned (deficit)(30,317)(516)(222,155)Total fund balances (deficits)(30,317)(516)5,438,207	Total deferred milews of resources		50,517				552,102
Materials and supplies inventory6,413Restricted:3,832,392Classroom facilities maintenance3,832,392Food service operations1,227,738State funded programs24,321Federally funded programs69,169Extracurricular activities343,625Other purposes155,554Committed:1,150Unassigned (deficit)(30,317)(516)(222,155)Total fund balances (deficits)(30,317)(516)5,438,207							
Restricted:Classroom facilities maintenance3,832,392Food service operations1,227,738State funded programs24,321Federally funded programs24,321Federally funded programs69,169Extracurricular activities343,625Other purposes155,554Committed:1,150Unassigned (deficit)(30,317)(516)(222,155)Total fund balances (deficits)(30,317)(516)5,438,207	-						
Classroom facilities maintenance $3,832,392$ Food service operations $1,227,738$ State funded programs $24,321$ Federally funded programs $69,169$ Extracurricular activities $343,625$ Other purposes155,554Committed:1,150Unassigned (deficit)(30,317)(516)(222,155)Total fund balances (deficits)(30,317)(516) $5,438,207$			-		-		6,413
Food service operations - - 1,227,738 State funded programs - - 24,321 Federally funded programs - - 69,169 Extracurricular activities - - 343,625 Other purposes - - 155,554 Committed: - - 1,150 Unassigned (deficit) (30,317) (516) (222,155) Total fund balances (deficits) (30,317) (516) 5,438,207							2 822 202
State funded programs - - 24,321 Federally funded programs - - 69,169 Extracurricular activities - - 343,625 Other purposes - - 155,554 Committed: - - 1,150 Unassigned (deficit) (30,317) (516) (222,155) Total fund balances (deficits) (30,317) (516) 5,438,207			-		-		
Federally funded programs - - 69,169 Extracurricular activities - - 343,625 Other purposes - - 155,554 Committed: - - 155,554 Extracurricular activities - - 1,150 Unassigned (deficit) (30,317) (516) (222,155) Total fund balances (deficits) (30,317) (516) 5,438,207			-		-		
Extracurricular activities - - 343,625 Other purposes - - 155,554 Committed: - - 155,554 Extracurricular activities - - 1,150 Unassigned (deficit) (30,317) (516) (222,155) Total fund balances (deficits) (30,317) (516) 5,438,207			-		-		
Other purposes - - 155,554 Committed: - - - Extracurricular activities - 1,150 - Unassigned (deficit) (30,317) (516) (222,155) Total fund balances (deficits) (30,317) (516) 5,438,207			-		-		
Committed: - Extracurricular activities 1,150 Unassigned (deficit) (30,317) (516) (222,155) Total fund balances (deficits) (30,317) (516) 5,438,207			-		-		
Extracurricular activities - 1,150 Unassigned (deficit) (30,317) (516) (222,155) Total fund balances (deficits) (30,317) (516) 5,438,207			-		-		155,554
Unassigned (deficit) (30,317) (516) (222,155) Total fund balances (deficits) (30,317) (516) 5,438,207			_		-		1 1 50
Total fund balances (deficits) (30,317) (516) 5,438,207			(30,317)		(516)		
	chassing (action)		(55,517)		(310)		(222,100)
Total liabilities, deferred inflows and fund balances \$ 622,196 \$ 175 \$ 7,063,699	Total fund balances (deficits)		(30,317)		(516)		5,438,207
	Total liabilities, deferred inflows and fund balances	\$	622,196	\$	175	\$	7,063,699

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COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Food Service			Other Grants	Miscellaneous Grants		Classroom Facilities Maintenance		
Revenues:							*		
Property taxes	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	275,113	
Intergovernmental		2,573,275		18,000		-		90,332	
Investment earnings		1,339		-		-		-	
Extracurricular		-		-		-		-	
Rental income		-		-		-		-	
Charges for services		240,062		-		25,165		-	
Contributions and donations		7,393		-		-		-	
Miscellaneous		22		10,000		-		-	
Total revenues		2,822,091		28,000		25,165		365,445	
Expenditures:									
Current:									
Instruction:									
Regular		-		18,660		-		-	
Special		-		322		-		-	
Vocational		-		15,345		-		-	
Support services:									
Pupil		-		5,249		-		-	
Instructional staff		-		-		27,059		-	
Administration		-		-		-		-	
Fiscal		-		-		-		4,946	
Operations and maintenance		-		-		-		54,255	
Pupil transportation		-		-		-		-	
Central		-		-		-		-	
Operation of non-instructional services:									
Food service operations		2,183,481		-		-		-	
Other non-instructional services		-		-		-		-	
Extracurricular activities		18,084		-		-		-	
Total expenditures		2,201,565		39,576		27,059		59,201	
Net change in fund balances		620,526		(11,576)		(1,894)		306,244	
Fund balances (deficits)									
at beginning of year		626,688		167,130		3,044		3,526,148	
Change in reserve for inventory		(13,063)				-		-	
Fund balances (deficits) at end of year	\$	1,234,151	\$	155,554	\$	1,150	\$	3,832,392	

District Managed Student Activity	Student Managed Activity	OneNet Subsidy	Miscellaneous State Grants	Title VI-B	Title I		
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -		
-	-	7,200	22,863	1,192,404	672,797		
-	361	-	-	-	-		
278,084	105,862	-	-	-	-		
45,142	-	-	-	-	-		
-	-	-	-	-	-		
14,857	60	-	-	-	-		
71,822 409,905	23,611 129,894	7,200	22,863	1,192,404	672,797		
	······		,		,,		
-	-	-	-	-	27,794		
-	-	-	-	1,003,283	556,618		
-	-	-	-	-	-		
-	-	-	-	-	89,420		
-	-	-	-	134,126	-		
-	-	-	-	86,462	-		
-	-	-	-	-	-		
-	-	-	-	-	-		
-	18	7,200	-	-	-		
-	-	7,200	-	-	-		
-	-	-	-	-	- 17,241		
390,050	121,605		_	-			
390,050	121,623	7,200	-	1,223,871	691,073		
19,855	8,271	-	22,863	(31,467)	(18,276)		
205,169	110,330	-	1,458	(117,775)	(22,258)		
\$ 225,024	\$ 118,601	\$ -	\$ 24,321	\$ (149,242)	\$ (40,534)		

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS (CONTINUED) FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	IDEA Handicapped Preschool		Supporting Effective Instruction		Miscellaneous Federal Grants		ESSER	
Revenues:				<u> </u>				
Property taxes	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Intergovernmental		14,784		129,757		9,054		4,155,354
Investment earnings		-		-		-		-
Extracurricular		-		-		-		-
Rental income		-		-		-		-
Charges for services		-		-		-		-
Contributions and donations		-		-		-		-
Miscellaneous		-		-		-		-
Total revenues		14,784		129,757		9,054		4,155,354
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Instruction:								
Regular		-		-		-		2,723,180
Special		14,784		-		38,498		83,169
Vocational		-		-		-		-
Support services:								
Pupil		-		-		27,652		197,530
Instructional staff		-		132,620		3,050		109,058
Administration		-		-		-		-
Fiscal		-		-		-		-
Operations and maintenance		-		-		-		977,891
Pupil transportation		-		-		-		94,843
Central		-		-		10,483		-
Operation of non-instructional services:								
Food service operations		-		-		-		-
Other non-instructional services		-		-		-		-
Extracurricular activities		-		-		-		-
Total expenditures		14,784		132,620		79,683		4,185,671
Net change in fund balances		-		(2,863)		(70,629)		(30,317)
Fund balances (deficits)								
at beginning of year		-		1,317		139,798		-
Change in reserve for inventory		-						
Fund balances (deficits) at end of year	\$		\$	(1,546)	\$	69,169	\$	(30,317)

	onavirus delief	Ti	tle IV-A		Total Nonmajor cial Revenue Funds
\$	_	\$	_	\$	275,113
Ψ	5,014	Ψ	82,650	Ψ	8,973,484
	-				1,700
	-		-		383,946
	-		-		45,142
	-		-		265,227
	-		-		22,310
	-		-		105,455
	5,014		82,650		10,072,377
	5,014		10,164		2,784,812
			-		1,696,674
	-		-		15,345
	_		73,002		392,853
	_				405,913
	-		_		86,462
	-		-		4,946
	-		-		1,032,146
	-		-		94,861
	-		-		17,683
					,
	-		-		2,183,481
	-		-		17,241
	-		-		529,739
	5,014		83,166		9,262,156
	-		(516)		810,221
					4,641,049
	-		-		(13,063)
·					(13,005)
\$	-	\$	(516)	\$	5,438,207

	Final Budget		 Actual	Variance with Final Budget	
Food Service					
Total revenues and other sources	\$	2,605,492	\$ 2,605,895	\$	403
Total expenditures and other uses		2,014,783	 2,014,783		-
Net change in fund balance		590,709	591,112		403
Fund balance at beginning of year Prior year encumbrances appropriated		709,005 47,349	 709,005 47,349		-
Fund balance at end of year	\$	1,347,063	\$ 1,347,466	\$	403
Other Grants					
Total revenues and other sources	\$	28,000	\$ 28,000	\$	-
Total expenditures and other uses		38,924	 38,924		-
Net change in fund balance		(10,924)	(10,924)		-
Fund balance at beginning of year Prior year encumbrances appropriated		167,334 583	 167,334 583		-
Fund balance at end of year	\$	156,993	\$ 156,993	\$	
Miscellaneous Grants					
Total revenues and other sources	\$	25,165	\$ 25,165	\$	-
Total expenditures and other uses		28,349	 28,349		-
Net change in fund balance		(3,184)	(3,184)		-
Fund balance at beginning of year		4,334	 4,334		-
Fund balance at end of year	\$	1,150	\$ 1,150	\$	-

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Final Budget			Actual	Variance with Final Budget	
Classroom Facilities Maintenance						
Total revenues and other sources	\$	367,973	\$	367,973	\$	-
Total expenditures and other uses		56,146		56,146		-
Net change in fund balance		311,827		311,827		-
Fund balance at beginning of year		3,521,355		3,521,355		
Fund balance at end of year	\$	3,833,182	\$	3,833,182	\$	-
District Managed Student Activity						
Total revenues and other sources	\$	401,535	\$	401,535	\$	-
Total expenditures and other uses		408,998		405,297		3,701
Net change in fund balance		(7,463)		(3,762)		3,701
Fund balance at beginning of year (restated)* Prior year encumbrances appropriated		200,646 16,101		200,646 16,101		-
Fund balance at end of year	\$	209,284	\$	212,985	\$	3,701
Student Managed Activities						
Total revenues and other sources	\$	127,651	\$	130,024	\$	2,373
Total expenditures and other uses		123,363		123,923		(560)
Net change in fund balance		4,288		6,101		1,813
Fund balance at beginning of year		109,680		109,680		-
Fund balance at end of year	\$	113,968	\$	115,781	\$	1,813

*At July 1, 2021, the Tournament fund, previously budgeted as a custodial fund, was combined with the District Managed Student Activity fund to properly account for this activity.

	Fi	nal Budget	 Actual	Variance with Final Budget	
OneNet Subsidy					
Total revenues and other sources	\$	7,200	\$ 7,200	\$	-
Total expenditures and other uses		7,200	 7,200		-
Net change in fund balance		-	-		-
Fund balance at beginning of year			 		-
Fund balance at end of year	\$	-	\$ 	\$	
Miscellaneous State Grants					
Total revenues and other sources	\$	22,863	\$ 22,863	\$	-
Total expenditures and other uses		22,863	 		22,863
Net change in fund balance		-	22,863		22,863
Fund balance at beginning of year		1,458	 1,458		
Fund balance at end of year	\$	1,458	\$ 24,321	\$	22,863
Title VI-B					
Total revenues and other sources	\$	1,350,625	\$ 1,172,841	\$	(177,784)
Total expenditures and other uses		1,296,496	 1,201,697		94,799
Net change in fund balance		54,129	(28,856)		(82,985)
Fund balance (deficit) at beginning of year		(41,792)	 (41,792)		-
Fund balance (deficit) at end of year	\$	12,337	\$ (70,648)	\$	(82,985)

	Fi	Final Budget Actual			Variance with Final Budget	
Title I						
Total revenues and other sources	\$	1,227,659	\$	644,926	\$	(582,733)
Total expenditures and other uses		1,212,196		692,291		519,905
Net change in fund balance		15,463		(47,365)		(62,828)
Fund balance (deficit) at beginning of year Prior year encumbrances appropriated		(16,743) 1,280		(16,743) 1,280		-
Fund balance (deficit) at end of year	\$		\$	(62,828)	\$	(62,828)
IDEA Handicapped Preschool						
Total revenues and other sources	\$	14,784	\$	14,784	\$	-
Total expenditures and other uses		14,784		14,784		-
Net change in fund balance		-		-		-
Fund balance at beginning of year						_
Fund balance at end of year	\$		\$		\$	
Supporting Effective Instruction						
Total revenues and other sources	\$	239,986	\$	132,036	\$	(107,950)
Total expenditures and other uses		237,608		132,623		104,985
Net change in fund balance		2,378		(587)		(2,965)
Fund balance (deficit) at beginning of year		(1,531)		(1,531)		-
Fund balance (deficit) at end of year	\$	847	\$	(2,118)	\$	(2,965)

	Final Budget		. <u> </u>	Actual		ariance with inal Budget
Miscellaneous Federal Grants						
Total revenues and other sources	\$	45,299	\$	10,684	\$	(34,615)
Total expenditures and other uses		122,989		89,684		33,305
Net change in fund balance		(77,690)		(79,000)		(1,310)
Fund balance at beginning of year Prior year encumbrances appropriated		133,713 7,143		133,713 7,143		-
Fund balance at end of year	\$	63,166	\$	61,856	\$	(1,310)
ESSER						
Total revenues and other sources	\$	9,116,392	\$	4,139,348	\$	(4,977,044)
Total expenditures and other uses		8,969,069		4,303,205		4,665,864
Net change in fund balance		147,323		(163,857)		(311,180)
Fund balance (deficit) at beginning of year Prior year encumbrances appropriated		(848,534) 422,244		(848,534) 422,244		-
Fund balance (deficit) at end of year	\$	(278,967)	\$	(590,147)	\$	(311,180)
Coronavirus Relief						
Total revenues and other sources	\$	5,014	\$	5,014	\$	-
Total expenditures and other uses		5,014		5,014		
Net change in fund balance		-		-		-
Fund balance (deficit) at beginning of year Prior year encumbrances appropriated		(9,667) 9,667		(9,667) 9,667		-
Fund balance at end of year	\$		\$		\$	

	Fin	al Budget	. <u></u>	Actual	Variance with Final Budget	
Title IV-A						
Total revenues and other sources	\$	109,085	\$	82,475	\$	(26,610)
Total expenditures and other uses		109,085		82,650		26,435
Net change in fund balance		-		(175)		(175)
Fund balance at beginning of year						
Fund balance (deficit) at end of year	\$		\$	(175)	\$	(175)

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS JUNE 30, 2022

	-	Permanent aprovement	E	Building	 Capital Projects	Total Nonmajor Dital Projects Funds
Assets:						
Equity in pooled cash						
and investments	\$	2,324,948	\$	125,714	\$ 3,218,124	\$ 5,668,786
Fund balances:						
Restricted:						
Capital improvements		824,948		125,714	-	950,662
Committed:						
Capital improvements		-		-	3,218,124	3,218,124
Assigned:						
Capital improvements		1,500,000		-	 -	 1,500,000
Total fund balances		2,324,948		125,714	 3,218,124	 5,668,786
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	2,324,948	\$	125,714	\$ 3,218,124	\$ 5,668,786

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Permanent Improvement			Building	Capital Projects			Total Nonmajor pital Projects Funds
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Support services: Operations and maintenance	\$	133,917	\$		\$		\$	133,917
Facilities acquisition and construction	Φ	971,539	Φ	-	Φ	-	Φ	971,539
Total expenditures		1,105,456						1,105,456
i our onpenditures		1,100,100			·			1,100,100
Excess of expenditures over revenues		(1,105,456)		-		-		(1,105,456)
Other financing sources:								
Transfers in		500,000		-		-		500,000
		,						
Net change in fund balances		(605,456)		-		-		(605,456)
Fund balances at beginning of year		2,930,404		125,714		3,218,124		6,274,242
	٩	2 224 0 49	¢	105 714	¢	2 210 124	¢	5 ((0 70)
Fund balances at end of year	\$	2,324,948	\$	125,714	\$	3,218,124	\$	5,668,786

	Fi	nal Budget	 Actual		iance with al Budget
Permanent Improvement					
Total revenues and other sources	\$	500,000	\$ 500,000	\$	-
Total expenditures and other uses		1,138,516	 1,133,856		4,660
Net change in fund balance		(638,516)	(633,856)		4,660
Fund balance at beginning of year		2,958,804	 2,958,804		
Fund balance at end of year	\$	2,320,288	\$ 2,324,948	\$	4,660
Building					
Fund balance at beginning of year	\$	125,714	\$ 125,714	\$	
Fund balance at end of year	\$	125,714	\$ 125,714	\$	
Capital Projects					
Total expenditures and other uses	\$	100,000	\$ 	\$	100,000
Net change in fund balance		(100,000)	-		100,000
Fund balance at beginning of year		3,218,124	 3,218,124		
Fund balance at end of year	\$	3,118,124	\$ 3,218,124	\$	100,000

PROPRIETARY FUND DESCRIPTIONS

Nonmajor Enterprise Fund

Enterprise funds account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises where the stated intent is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation and indirect costs) of providing goods or services to the students or general public on a continuing basis are financed or recovered quickly through user charges. This fund can also account for operations where the school board has decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability or other purposes.

Special Enterprise

Section 5705.12, Revised Code

A fund to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises where the stated intent is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation and direct costs) of providing goods or services to the students or general public on a continuing basis are financed or recovered primarily through user charges. This fund can also account for operations where the school board has decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes. This fund accounts for the programs of the community center and summer school. The District maintains only one enterprise fund, therefore combining statements schedules are not required.

	Fina	Final Budget			Variance with Final Budget	
Special Enterprise						
Total revenues	\$	637	\$	637	\$	-
Total expenses		4,898		4,898		-
Net change in fund balance		(4,261)		(4,261)		-
Fund balance at beginning of year		5,909		5,909		-
Fund balance at end of year	\$	1,648	\$	1,648	\$	-

FIDUCIARY FUND DESCRIPTIONS

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net position and changes in net position. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private purpose trust funds and custodial funds. Trust funds are distinguished from custodial funds by the existence of a trust agreement or equivalent arrangements that have certain characteristics. The District does not have any trust funds. Custodial funds are used to report fiduciary activities that are not required to be reported in a trust fund.

Custodial Fund

Section 5705.09, Revised Code A fund provided to account for monies set aside from endowments for scholarships for students enrolled in the District in which the District has no administrative involvement. The principal and income from such a fund may be expended.

Scholarship

	Fin	al Budget	 Actual	Variance with Final Budget	
Scholarship					
Total revenues and other sources	\$	17,599	\$ 17,691	\$	92
Total expenditures and other uses		20,792	 20,792		-
Net change in fund balance		(3,193)	(3,101)		92
Fund balance at beginning of year		126,834	 126,834		-
Fund balance at end of year	\$	123,641	\$ 123,733	\$	92

STATISTICAL SECTION

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STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of the Austintown Local School District's annual comprehensive financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the District's overall financial health.

<u>Contents</u>	Page
Financial Trends These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the District's financial performance and well- being have changed over time.	146-159
Revenue Capacity These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the District's most significant local revenue source, the property tax.	160-165
Debt Capacity These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the District's current levels of outstanding debt and the District's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	166-169
Demographic and Economic Information These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the District's financial activities take place.	170-171
Operating Information These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the District's financial report relates to the services the District provides and the activities it performs.	172-183

NET POSITION BY COMPONENT LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

	2022	2021	2020	2019
Governmental activities:				
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 24,487,146	\$ 24,805,967	\$ 26,050,250	\$ 27,594,333
Restricted	14,327,850	14,285,268	13,378,864	12,076,768
Unrestricted (deficit)	(30,574,976)	(36,835,618)	(37,295,903)	(38,066,990)
Total governmental activities net position	8,240,020	2,255,617	2,133,211	1,604,111
Business-type activities:				
Investment in capital assets	-	-	170	511
Unrestricted	(7,355)	(16,351)	(11,162)	15,891
Total governmental activities net position	(7,355)	(16,351)	(10,992)	16,402
Primary government:				
Net investment in capital assets	24,487,146	24,805,967	26,050,420	27,594,844
Restricted	14,327,850	14,285,268	13,378,864	12,076,768
Unrestricted (deficit)	(30,582,331)	(36,851,969)	(37,307,065)	(38,051,099)
Total net position - primary government	\$ 8,232,665	\$ 2,239,266	\$ 2,122,219	\$ 1,620,513

Source: District financial records.

 2018	2018 2017		2016		 2015		2014		2013
\$ 30,042,378	\$	27,599,557	\$	29,045,461	\$ 29,351,797	\$	29,743,734	\$	31,791,028
11,108,296		9,859,803		6,567,781	5,652,682		4,200,520		4,589,989
(46,546,373)		(66,369,267)		(52,464,252)	(56,462,790)		(58,365,762)		4,063,854
 (5,395,699)		(28,909,907)		(16,851,010)	 (21,458,311)		(24,421,508)		40,444,871
852		20,745		24,176	20,857		24,518		16,489
53,384		55,401		75,540	80,822		86,419		79,163
 54,236		76,146		99,716	 101,679		110,937		95,652
30,043,230		27,620,302		29,069,637	29,372,654		29,768,252		31,807,517
11,108,296		9,859,803		6,567,781	5,652,682		4,200,520		4,589,989
(46,492,989)		(66,313,866)		(52,388,712)	(56,381,968)		(58,279,343)		4,143,017
\$ (5,341,463)	\$	(28,833,761)	\$	(16,751,294)	\$ (21,356,632)	\$	(24,310,571)	\$	40,540,523

CHANGES IN NET POSITION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

	2022			2021	2020	2019	
Expenses:							
Governmental activities:							
Instruction:							
Regular	\$	22,326,537	\$	24,098,358	\$ 22,983,429	\$	19,218,005
Special		7,197,394		7,666,563	6,833,743		5,637,485
Vocational		285,269		238,624	115,242		167,764
Other		-		4,219,079	4,294,211		4,190,060
Support services:							
Pupil		2,865,087		3,355,300	3,255,570		2,911,631
Instructional staff		1,273,978		1,190,606	1,104,416		1,341,117
Board of education		74,905		63,395	55,187		49,783
Administration		3,366,437		3,633,897	4,082,165		3,399,037
Fiscal		1,068,614		1,160,425	1,236,180		999,999
Business		2,485		4,856	3,034		12,646
Operations and maintenance		4,570,941		4,334,194	4,105,114		4,069,824
Pupil transportation		2,244,712		2,214,498	2,149,967		2,040,927
Central		326,727		283,262	289,084		221,327
Operation of non-instructional services:							
Food service operations		2,218,638		2,026,018	1,973,527		1,902,154
Other non-instructional services		17,241		8,778	546		18,495
Extracurricular activities		1,583,818		1,628,037	1,679,387		1,401,546
Interest and fiscal charges		1,842,882		1,872,891	1,850,562		1,922,523
Total governmental activities expenses		51,265,665		57,998,781	 56,011,364		49,504,323
Business-type activities:							
Special enterprise		(8,359)		8,241	39,308		69,784
Total business-type activities expenses		(8,359)		8,241	 39,308		69,784
Total primary government expenses	\$	51,257,306	\$	58,007,022	\$ 56,050,672	\$	49,574,107

 2018	 2017		2016	 2015	 2014	 2013
\$ 10,424,769	\$ 22,520,187	\$	20,527,557	\$ 22,210,972	\$ 22,304,725	\$ 19,163,737
3,990,260	6,262,278		5,500,588	6,134,578	6,170,417	5,922,687
57,871	252,681		356,298	385,273	427,984	490,228
3,117,409	2,923,523		2,925,009	2,441,428	2,150,753	2,064,679
1,767,133	2,766,063		2,793,171	2,837,305	2,848,276	2,986,365
570,278	1,047,596		945,108	997,171	759,210	1,512,809
70,354	78,160		68,733	89,853	66,993	76,897
2,194,107	4,577,641		4,380,475	4,398,169	4,332,735	3,910,556
659,954	1,012,466		974,065	1,002,069	1,001,162	959,253
14,764	3,816		3,299	2,404	2,252	2,766
3,237,215	4,716,927		4,615,957	4,272,007	4,499,699	4,127,638
1,277,316	2,256,766		2,026,410	2,125,452	1,886,764	2,104,974
91,718	72,094		38,939	22,194	7,200	34,522
1,334,301	2,059,632		2,208,041	2,578,874	2,556,366	2,478,956
721	8,368		678	2,939	107,209	153,856
729,298	1,164,038		1,224,315	1,129,455	1,176,115	1,031,889
1,925,005	2,166,380		2,235,590	2,254,351	2,292,137	2,349,048
 31,462,473	 53,888,616	. <u> </u>	50,824,233	 52,884,494	 52,589,997	 49,370,860
38,028	57,275		68,948	65,559	49,887	41,755
 38,028	 57,275		68,948	 65,559	 49,887	 41,755
 30,020	 51,215		00,240	 05,559	 47,007	 +1,/33
\$ 31,500,501	\$ 53,945,891	\$	50,893,181	\$ 52,950,053	\$ 52,639,884	\$ 49,412,615

CHANGES IN NET POSITION - (Continued) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

	2022			2021		2020		2019
Program revenues:								
Governmental activities:								
Charges for services:								
Instruction:								
Regular		3,735	\$	3,181,880	\$	3,518,754	\$	3,978,137
Special		5,185		251,882		269,015		215,536
Vocational		3,407		-		-		-
Support services:								
Pupil		-		-		-		1,260
Instructional staff		5,165		30,032		25,348		16,743
Administration	12	0,303		50,471		123,725		209,648
Operations and maintenance		-		-		1,425		9,795
Pupil transportation	20	6,986		21,928		35,126		-
Operation of non-instructional services:								
Food service operations	24	0,084		152,875		423,881		653,123
Other non-instructional services		-		-		2,130		4,646
Extracurricular activities	524	4,521		420,470		407,843		496,763
Operating grants and contributions:								
Instruction:								
Regular		9,968		1,149,415		300,943		138,675
Special		6,874		4,166,957		4,008,375		3,513,144
Vocational	20.	3,383		227,436		211,053		220,189
Support services:								
Pupil	1,09	1,004		1,217,725		1,013,166		4,398
Instructional staff		7,156		251,373		164,487		640,291
Administration	8	0,605		90,852		96,383		141,750
Fiscal		-		-		-		-
Operations and maintenance	1,000	0,753		646,058		68,990		25,658
Pupil transportation	28	0,667		95,614		81,961		73,232
Central	:	8,205		13,490		8,981		7,200
Operation of non-instructional services:								
Food service operations	2,582	2,007		1,814,071		1,340,274		1,457,471
Other non-instructional services	1′	7,173		7,829		2,078		6,682
Extracurricular activities	1:	5,278		167,231		100,939		2,055
Capital grants and contributions:								
Support services:								
Pupil		-		-		-		-
Pupil transportation		-		-		-		-
Operation of non-instructional services:								
Food service operations		-		-		25,000		-
Extracurricular activities		-		-		-		26,850
Total governmental program revenues	13,852	2.459		13,957,589		12,229,877		11,843,246
		-,						
Business-type activities:								
Charges for services:								
Special enterprise		105		240		430		31,950
Operating grants and contributions:								
Special enterprise		532		2,642	_	-		-
Total business-type activities program revenues		637		2,882		430		31,950
Total primary government program revenues	\$ 13,853		\$	13,960,471	\$	12,230,307	\$	11,875,196
rour prinary government program revenues	φ 15,05.		Ψ	13,700,771	Ψ	12,230,307	φ	11,073,170

 2018	 2017	 2016	 2015	 2014	 2013
\$ 4,561,556	\$ 4,771,471	\$ 4,637,764	\$ 4,262,415	\$ 4,207,608	\$ 3,555,056
112,746	53,938	9,141	49,872	59,438	95,363
_	440	3,360	6,335	25,901	150
27,946	36,080	20,932	25,426	186	10,293
188,500	215,261	227,544	223,013	231,750	266,897
6,210	10,659	6,796	11,084	18,194	32,567
-	4,386	-	40,130	40,967	50,950
653,104	625,004	660,331	905,960	695,019	753,177
7,016	766	987	1,164	4,957	776
375,041	356,181	382,494	416,796	394,013	365,512
91,137	109,087	103,752	94,951	93,764	91,927
4,061,080	4,349,983	4,122,161	4,412,424	3,599,129	3,321,101
211,953	211,637	44,814	27,143	29,347	69,315
32,710	87,816	70,282	137,878	98,996	9,457
206,340	213,661	221,806	244,042	230,462	231,297
221,457	728,541	516,634	560,213	347,155	367,216
-	448	142	1,261	1,496	429
1,671	2,547	-	-	-	-
119,307	102,217	69,048	86,915	107,458	121,610
7,200	7,200	7,200	7,200	7,200	-
1,412,865	1,480,306	1,401,261	1,309,934	1,344,807	1,389,443
-	18,784	-	3,763	111,371	139,630
9,242	1,712	1,933	5,907	1,109	2,883
-	-	-	-	-	376,037
-	-	-	1,017,866	-	-
36,841	-	-	-	-	-
 61,968	 -	 165,000	 -	 -	 -
 12,405,890	 13,388,125	 12,673,382	 13,851,692	 11,650,327	 11,251,086
22 500	22 505	41.005	57.001	(5.150	(a. 115
32,580	33,705	41,985	56,301	65,172	62,417
 -	 -	 -	 -	 -	 -
 32,580	 33,705	 41,985	 56,301	 65,172	 62,417
\$ 12,438,470	\$ 13,421,830	\$ 12,715,367	\$ 13,907,993	\$ 11,715,499	\$ 11,313,503

CHANGES IN NET POSITION - (Continued) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

	2022	2	2021	2	020	2019
Net (expense)/revenue						
Governmental activities	\$ (37,4	13,206) \$	6 (44,041,192)	\$ (4	3,781,487)	\$ (37,661,077)
Business-type activities		8,996	(5,359)		(38,878)	 (37,834)
Total primary government net expense	(37,4	04,210)	(44,046,551)	(4	3,820,365)	 (37,698,911)
General revenues and other						
changes in net position						
Governmental activities:						
Property taxes levied for:						
General purposes	17,9	30,299	17,290,215	1	7,474,796	16,946,575
Debt service	2,8	96,734	2,824,361		2,839,368	2,812,407
Classroom facilities maintenance	2	74,565	251,209		272,866	264,843
Grants and entitlements not restricted						
to specific programs	22,7	15,401	22,996,252	2	2,493,481	23,673,548
Grants and entitlements restricted for						
Ohio School Facilities Commission		-	-		-	-
Investment earnings	(5	18,489)	(82,454)		1,173,443	835,768
Gain on sale of capital assets		-	-		-	-
Miscellaneous		99,099	884,015		68,117	63,873
Transfers		-	-		(11,484)	-
Special item		-	-		-	-
Total governmental activities	43,3	97,609	44,163,598	4	4,310,587	 44,597,014
Business-type activities:						
Miscellaneous		-	-		-	-
Transfers		-	-		11,484	-
Total business-type activities		-	-		11,484	 -
Change in net position						
Governmental activities	5,9	84,403	122,406		529,100	6,935,937
Business-type activities	,	8,996	(5,359)		(27,394)	(37,834)
Total primary government	\$ 5,9	93,399 \$		\$	501,706	\$ 6,898,103

Source: District financial records.

 2018	 2017	 2016	 2015	 2014	 2013
\$ (19,056,583) (5,448) (19,062,031)	\$ (40,500,491) (23,570) (40,524,061)	\$ (38,150,851) (26,963) (38,177,814)	\$ (39,032,802) (9,258) (39,042,060)	\$ (40,939,670) 15,285 (40,924,385)	\$ (38,119,774) 20,662 (38,099,112)
16,866,792	16,475,545	16,518,175	16,077,123	15,398,511	15,557,798
2,821,914	2,723,873	2,728,615	2,703,334	2,725,756	2,737,581
263,846	258,588	259,979	250,259	246,618	244,149
22,078,310	22,180,062	22,224,730	22,772,715	21,208,581	20,008,694
-	-	793,118	-	-	-
156,449	20,548	8,710	5,633	3,479	28,692
-	1,484,030	-	-	-	-
131,911	75,219	249,825	186,935	53,352	281,099
-	-	(25,000)	-	-	(20,000)
 -	 -	 -	 -	 (1,022,147)	 -
 42,319,222	 43,217,865	 42,758,152	 41,995,999	 38,614,150	 38,838,013
-	-	-	-	-	30
 -	-	 25,000	 -	 -	 20,000
 -	 -	 25,000	 -	 -	20,030
23,262,639	2,717,374	4,607,301	2,963,197	(2,325,520)	718,239
 (5,448)	 (23,570)	 (1,963)	 (9,258)	 15,285	 40,692
\$ 23,257,191	\$ 2,693,804	\$ 4,605,338	\$ 2,953,939	\$ (2,310,235)	\$ 758,931

FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (MODIFIED ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

	 2022	 2021	 2020	 2019
General fund:				
Nonspendable	\$ 126,561	\$ 128,173	\$ 107,174	\$ 106,405
Restricted	28,117	28,116	28,114	28,073
Committed	-	-	-	22,585
Assigned	613,734	538,647	1,145,949	1,396,316
Unassigned	 9,735,477	 9,111,120	 7,569,728	 5,273,565
Total general fund	\$ 10,503,889	\$ 9,806,056	\$ 8,850,965	\$ 6,826,944
All other governmental funds:				
Nonspendable	\$ 6,413	\$ 8,511	\$ -	\$ -
Restricted	16,441,694	16,071,243	14,915,246	13,401,372
Committed	3,219,274	3,221,168	3,308,109	3,760,683
Assigned	1,500,000	1,000,000	-	-
Unassigned (deficit)	 (222,155)	 (140,033)	 (128,422)	 (112,348)
Total all other governmental funds	\$ 20,945,226	\$ 20,160,889	\$ 18,094,933	\$ 17,049,707

Source: District financial records.

 2018		2017		2016		2015		2014	2013	
\$ 121,871 1,429,684 727,417 2,454,052 920,739	\$	121,742 - 3,892,425	\$	13,271 - - 3,119,799	\$	12,646 - 450,000 1,063,655 -	\$	38,265 704,564 200,610	\$	41,579 450,000 1,006,458
\$ 5,653,763	\$	4,014,167	\$	3,133,070	\$	1,526,301	\$	943,439	\$	1,498,037
\$ 4,085 12,022,242 4,171,073 (238,257)	\$	3,878 10,335,903 7,267,499 (224,302)	\$	7,140,408 5,889,080 (271,792)	\$	6,010,944 4,118,638 (353,842)	\$	30,000 4,791,177 3,509,858 - (62,812)	\$	30,000 14,582,543 2,536,557
\$ 15,959,143	\$	17,382,978	\$	12,757,696	\$	9,775,740	\$	8,268,223	\$	16,976,888

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (MODIFIED ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

	2022	2021	2020	2019
Revenues				
Property taxes	\$ 21,148,087	\$ 20,304,254	\$ 20,532,615	\$ 20,052,316
Intergovernmental	34,911,682	32,591,564	29,836,775	30,202,679
Investment earnings	(515,063)	(77,527)	1,199,739	789,820
Tuition and fees	720,521	3,454,690	3,819,101	4,189,272
Extracurricular	497,078	333,520	449,329	655,131
Charges for services	268,649	152,365	424,278	612,589
Miscellaneous	 254,998	 1,216,403	 277,307	 464,852
Total revenues	 57,285,952	 57,975,269	 56,539,144	 56,966,659
Expenditures				
Current:				
Instruction:				
Regular	23,845,706	22,067,248	20,886,687	21,510,372
Special	7,662,244	7,337,749	6,597,101	6,177,407
Vocational	293,692	228,154	106,051	228,001
Other	-	4,219,079	4,294,211	4,190,060
Support services:				
Pupil	3,130,045	3,262,275	3,084,762	3,156,697
Instructional staff	1,270,579	1,077,921	1,077,379	1,464,510
Board of education	76,724	63,076	55,187	49,783
Administration	3,669,938	3,385,782	3,966,269	3,799,411
Fiscal	1,108,321	1,099,842	1,223,972	1,070,968
Business	757	2,608	786	10,397
Operations and maintenance	4,527,415	3,743,661	3,614,167	3,870,765
Pupil transportation	2,155,096	1,783,494	1,842,696	2,018,415
Central	335,290	280,024	288,009	221,327
Operation of non-instructional services:				
Food service operations	2,183,481	1,807,592	1,824,335	1,855,599
Other non-instructional services	17,241	8,514	3,866	18,495
Extracurricular activities	1,477,891	1,313,382	1,391,219	1,231,732
Facilities acquisitions and construction	971,539	105,663	375,275	832,291
Debt service:				
Principal retirement	1,485,045	1,537,473	1,325,208	1,281,481
Interest and fiscal charges	1,609,261	1,670,539	1,531,093	1,768,904
Issuance expenses	-	-	137,000	-
Total expenditures	 55,820,265	 54,994,076	 53,625,273	 54,756,615
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	\$ 1,465,687	\$ 2,981,193	\$ 2,913,871	\$ 2,210,044

 2018		2017		2016		2015		2014		2013	
\$ 19,815,070	\$	19,604,494	\$	19,551,161	\$	19,273,556	\$	18,773,297	\$	18,619,192	
28,852,570		29,046,615		29,513,040		30,510,006		27,355,981		28,339,511	
159,155		20,684		8,771		5,671		8,375		55,156	
4,670,473		4,821,064		4,641,463		4,309,814		4,263,800		3,650,462	
536,357		544,913		586,449		660,728		610,912		610,054	
654,095		625,770		661,318		905,124		695,849		753,953	
159,612		136,832		451,566		161,060		256,839		418,759	
 54,847,332		54,800,372		55,413,768		55,825,959		51,965,053		52,447,087	
21,311,869		20,338,740		19,489,843		21,400,913		20,938,263		18,729,461	
6,434,344		5,894,953		5,351,774		6,051,218		5,930,474		5,819,119	
209,345		239,464		354,622		386,606		453,898		504,341	
3,117,409		2,923,523		2,925,009		2,441,428		2,150,753		2,064,679	
2,734,732		2,599,598		2,727,767		2,853,507		2,772,975		3,377,312	
986,245		949,414		872,949		903,498		624,205		1,416,437	
70,354		77,372		68,733		89,853		66,993		76,897	
4,158,774		4,308,218		4,318,853		4,400,906		4,157,479		3,823,407	
911,588		972,492		946,849		985,197		983,085		979,010	
14,764		3,816		3,299		2,404		2,252		2,766	
4,328,965		4,469,769		4,324,087		3,948,860		4,320,762		3,608,713	
2,904,415		1,912,685		1,803,446		3,065,357		1,729,875		1,930,052	
91,718		72,094		38,939		22,194		7,200		34,522	
1,862,728		1,891,961		2,053,105		2,460,143		2,328,982		2,481,898	
6,439		8,150		743		22,756		107,519		153,856	
1,265,169		1,008,919		1,109,372		1,002,985		964,507		894,706	
2,878,241		377,324		1,345,234		425,456		9,751,157		26,666,224	
1,100,004		1,008,596		952,232		1,120,976		1,754,757		1,343,595	
1,763,545		1,845,505		2,113,187		2,152,073		2,184,671		2,482,711	
20,600		241,192		-		-		-		-	
 56,171,248		51,143,785		50,800,043		53,736,330		61,229,807		76,389,706	
\$ (1,323,916)	\$	3,656,587	\$	4,613,725	\$	2,089,629	\$	(9,264,754)	\$	(23,942,619)	

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - (Continued) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (MODIFIED ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

	2022		2021		2020	2019
Other financing sources (uses)						
Transfers in	\$	501,486	\$ 1,038,614	\$	97,674	\$ 161,445
Transfers (out)		(501,486)	(1,038,614)		(109,158)	(161,445)
Sale of assets		2,891	3,506		16,323	3,648
Insurance recoveries		26,655	27,554	3,330		15,710
Sale of notes		197,647	-		-	-
Lease purchase agreement		-	-		-	-
Sale of bonds		-	-		8,885,000	-
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent		-	-		(9,867,740)	-
Premium on bonds		-	-		1,120,700	-
Total other financing sources (uses)		227,193	 31,060		146,129	 19,358
Net change in fund balances	\$	1,692,880	\$ 3,012,253	\$	3,060,000	\$ 2,229,402
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures		5.68%	5.85%		5.35%	5.61%

Source: District financial records.

 2018		2017		2016		2015	2014		 2013
\$ 545,251	\$	2,072,223	\$	2,357,245	\$	2,301,872	\$	1,026,605	\$ 754,185
(545,251)		(2,072,223)		(2,382,245)		(2,301,872)		(1,026,605)	(774,185)
6,101		1,592,894		-		750		1,491	117,697
77,448		-		-		-		-	-
-		-		-		-		-	-
1,450,000		-		-		-		-	-
-		12,460,000		-		-		-	-
-		(12,874,460)		-		-		-	-
-		660,356		-		-		-	-
 1,533,549		1,838,790		(25,000)		750		1,491	 97,697
\$ 209,633	\$	5,495,377	\$	4,588,725	\$	2,090,379	\$	(9,263,263)	\$ (23,844,922)
5.50%		5.63%		6.19%		6.26%		7.55%	7.68%

ASSESSED VALUATION AND ESTIMATED ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY LAST TEN COLLECTION YEARS

Collection Year	-	Property (a) ssed Value	Р	iblic Utility ersonal (b) sessed Value	 Assessed Value]	Total Estimated etual Value	%)	Di	Total rect Tax Rate
2022	\$ 6	555,306,370	\$	24,683,240	\$ 679,989,610	\$ 1	,971,036,874	3	4.50%	\$	59.90
2021	6	550,867,090		23,232,670	674,099,760	1	,952,550,937	3	4.52%		60.00
2020	5	596,150,840		21,273,160	617,424,000	1	788,380,754	3	4.52%		60.20
2019	5	595,990,520		19,854,550	615,845,070	1	,782,248,257	3	4.55%		60.30
2018	5	595,386,870		18,797,940	614,184,810	1	,776,297,103	3	4.58%		60.40
2017	5	582,745,890		18,048,740	600,794,630	1	737,183,217	3	4.58%		60.40
2016	5	590,722,110		16,716,740	607,438,850	1	754,644,417	3	4.62%		60.30
2015	5	571,626,360		16,499,530	588,125,890	1	699,216,291	3	4.61%		60.40
2014	5	577,611,960		14,654,570	592,266,530	1	,708,938,166	3	4.66%		60.60
2013	5	568,931,040		13,376,760	582,307,800	1	679,024,297	3	4.68%		60.60

Source: Mahoning County Auditor's Office

(a) The assessed value of real property is fixed at 35% of true value.

(b) The assessed value of public utility personal property is fixed at 25% of true value.

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DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING PROPERTY TAX RATES (RATE PER \$1,000 OF ASSESSED VALUE) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

		Overlapp	ing Rates		Direct Rates						
Tax Year/ Collection Year	Mahoning County	Austintown Township	Park District	Career Center	General	Voted Bond	Capital	Unvoted	Total		
2021/2022	\$ 14.30	\$ 20.30	\$ 2.00	\$ 2.10	\$ 48.20	\$ 4.80	\$ 0.50	\$ 6.40	\$ 59.90		
2020/2021	14.80	20.30	2.00	2.10	48.20	4.90	0.50	6.40	60.00		
2019/2020	14.80	20.30	2.00	2.10	48.20	5.10	0.50	6.40	60.20		
2018/2019	14.30	20.30	2.00	2.10	48.20	5.20	0.50	6.40	60.30		
2017/2018	14.30	19.50	2.00	2.10	48.20	5.30	0.50	6.40	60.40		
2016/2017	14.30	19.50	2.00	2.10	48.20	5.30	0.50	6.40	60.40		
2015/2016	13.30	19.00	1.75	2.10	48.20	5.20	0.50	6.40	60.30		
2014/2015	13.70	19.00	1.75	2.10	48.20	5.30	0.50	6.40	60.40		
2013/2014	13.70	19.00	1.75	2.10	48.20	5.50	0.50	6.40	60.60		
2012/2013	13.70	19.00	1.75	2.10	48.20	5.50	0.50	6.40	60.60		

Source: Ohio Department of Taxation

PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAX PAYERS DECEMBER 31, 2021 AND DECEMBER 31, 2013

	 De	21	
Taxpayer	 Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total District Taxable Assessed Value
GLP Capital	\$ 19,695,660	1	2.90%
Youngstown Victoria LLC	4,684,160	2	0.69%
Central Park West Ltd.	4,667,770	3	0.69%
West View Village Co.	3,007,720	4	0.44%
Austintown Plaza Ltd.	2,778,360	5	0.41%
Wal-Mart Real Estate	2,733,910	6	0.40%
Hillbrook Apartments Associates LLC	2,544,580	7	0.37%
Austinwoods Properties Ltd.	2,529,000	8	0.37%
Deer Creek Apts Holding Co.	2,487,800	9	0.37%
55 West LLC	2,002,720	10	0.29%
Total	\$ 47,131,680		6.93%

	 December 31, 2013								
Taxpayer	 Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total District Taxable Assessed Value						
Central Park West Ltd.	\$ 4,007,470	1	0.68%						
Wal-Mart Real Estate	3,364,210	2	0.57%						
Austintown Plaza Ltd.	3,236,540	3	0.55%						
West View Village Co.	3,197,090	4	0.54%						
Westminister Associates	2,463,280	5	0.42%						
Hillbrook Apartments	2,354,630	6	0.40%						
35th Stross Associates	2,336,650	7	0.39%						
Austintown Realty Co.	2,247,410	8	0.38%						
Franklin LLC	2,119,660	9	0.36%						
Austintown Properties Ltd.	1,813,830	10	0.31%						
Total	\$ 27,140,770		4.60%						

Source: Mahoning County Auditor's Office

Note: Information for December 31, 2012 is not available therefore December 31, 2013 will be presented.

PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS LAST TEN CALENDAR YEARS

Tax Year/ Collection Year	Collection Current		Delinquent Levy		Total Levy		Current Collection		Percent of Current Levy Collected	
2021/2022		N/A		N/A		N/A		N/A	N/A	
2020/2021	\$	23,510,836	\$	1,484,970	\$	24,995,806	\$	23,082,036	98.18%	
2019/2020		22,820,952		1,497,628		24,318,580		21,962,903	96.24%	
2018/2019		22,770,467		1,470,240		24,240,707		22,277,588	97.84%	
2017/2018		22,672,202		1,479,690		24,151,892		22,128,162	97.60%	
2016/2017		22,455,504		2,110,050		24,565,554		21,903,040	97.54%	
2015/2016		22,171,449		2,122,271		24,293,720		21,600,555	97.43%	
2014/2015		21,820,755		2,031,694		23,852,449		21,218,934	97.24%	
2013/2014		21,678,771		2,359,579		24,038,350		20,995,075	96.85%	
2012/2013		21,561,681		2,376,596		23,938,277		20,820,233	96.56%	

Source: Mahoning County Auditor's Office

Note: N/A indicates that the information was not available.

linquent ollection	 Total Collection	Total Collection As a Percent of Total Levy
N/A	N/A	N/A
\$ 522,084	\$ 23,604,120	94.43%
613,944	22,576,847	92.84%
584,071	22,861,659	94.31%
593,835	22,721,997	94.08%
643,356	22,546,396	91.78%
847,877	22,448,432	92.40%
847,878	22,066,812	92.51%
713,760	21,708,835	90.31%
N/A	20,820,233	86.97%

RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	Gove	ernmental Activ	ities				
Fiscal Year	General Obligation Bonds	H.B. 264 Loan	Financed Purchase Agreements	(a) (b) Total Percentage Primary of Personal Government Income		(b) Per Capita	(b) Per ADM
2022	\$ 40,147,253	\$ -	\$ 1,134,120	\$ 41,281,373	5.22%	\$ 1,396	\$ 9,892
2021	41,407,794	1,518	1,090,000	42,499,312	5.37%	1,436	10,224
2020	42,759,251	38,991	1,205,000	44,003,242	5.79%	1,377	10,079
2019	43,682,899	69,199	1,320,000	45,072,098	5.93%	1,411	10,158
2018	44,772,894	100,680	1,450,000	46,323,574	6.10%	1,450	10,086
2017	45,837,957	130,684	-	45,968,641	6.05%	1,439	9,287
2016	46,608,720	159,280	-	46,768,000	6.15%	1,464	9,454
2015	47,541,287	186,512	-	47,727,799	5.95%	1,494	9,671
2014	48,663,517	212,488	-	48,876,005	6.09%	1,530	9,136
2013	50,415,620	237,245	-	50,652,865	6.31%	1,586	9,584

Sources:

(a) See notes to the financial statements regarding the District's outstanding debt information.

(b) See schedule " Demographic and Economic Statistic, Last Ten Fiscal Years" for personal income, population and enrollment information.

RATIOS OF GENERAL BONDED DEBT OUTSTANDING LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	 Genera	General Bonded Debt Outstanding						
Fiscal Year	 General Obligation Bonds		stricted for ebt Service	N	Net Bonded Debt	Percentage of Actual Taxable Value of Property		t Bonded Debt r Capita
2022	\$ 40,147,253	\$	7,756,912	\$	32,390,341	1.64%	\$	1,095
2021	41,407,794		7,485,464		33,922,330	1.74%		1,146
2020	42,759,251		6,986,643		35,772,608	2.00%		1,120
2019	43,682,899		5,489,881		38,193,018	2.14%		1,196
2018	44,772,894		4,377,513		40,395,381	2.27%		1,264
2017	45,837,957		3,478,150		42,359,807	2.44%		1,326
2016	46,608,720		2,566,938		44,041,782	2.51%		1,379
2015	47,541,287		1,983,082		45,558,205	2.68%		1,426
2014	48,663,517		1,547,615		47,115,902	2.76%		1,475
2013	50,415,620		1,434,114		48,981,506	2.92%		1,533

Note: Details regarding the District's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

Note: The portion specific of restricted debt service to principal and interest cannot be determined. The entire balance may be applied to principal.

DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DEBT AS OF JUNE 30, 2022

_Governmental Unit	(Debt Dutstanding	Estimated Percentage Applicable	Estimated Share of rlapping Debt
Direct:				
Austintown Local School District	\$	41,281,373	100.00%	\$ 41,281,373
Total direct		41,281,373		 41,281,373
Overlapping:				
Mahoning County		30,010,000	14.31%	4,294,431
Austintown Township		324,000	98.68%	319,723
City of Youngstown		9,600,000	0.06%	5,760
Mahoning County Career & Technical Center		2,375,000	15.97%	379,288
Total overlapping		42,309,000		 4,999,202
Total direct and overlapping debt	\$	83,590,373		\$ 46,280,575

Source: Ohio Municipal Advisory Council

Note: Percent applicable to Austintown Local School District calculated using assessed valuation of the District area value contained within the noted governmental unit divided by assessed valuation of the governmental unit.

LEGAL DEBT MARGIN INFORMATION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year	Unvoted Debt Limit	Voted Debt Limit	Total Debt Applicable to Limit	Debt Service Available Balance	Net Debt Applicable to Limit	Voted Legal Debt Margin	Total Net Debt Applicable to Limit as a Percentage of Debt Limit
2022	\$ 679,990	\$ 61,199,065	\$ 36,190,000	\$ 9,838,233	\$ 26,351,767	\$ 34,847,298	43.06%
2021	674,100	60,668,978	37,520,000	9,245,598	28,274,402	32,394,576	46.60%
2020	617,424	55,568,160	38,905,000	8,475,200	30,429,800	25,138,360	54.76%
2019	615,845	55,426,056	40,085,000	6,737,109	33,347,891	22,078,165	60.17%
2018	614,185	55,276,633	41,205,000	5,397,757	35,807,243	19,469,390	64.78%
2017	600,795	54,071,517	42,275,000	4,321,085	37,953,915	16,117,602	70.19%
2016	607,439	54,669,497	43,450,000	3,267,783	40,182,217	14,487,280	73.50%
2015	588,126	52,931,330	44,375,000	2,537,605	41,837,395	11,093,935	79.04%
2014	592,267	53,303,988	45,470,000	1,894,989	43,575,011	9,728,977	81.75%
2013	582,308	52,407,702	46,875,000	1,929,474	44,945,526	7,462,176	85.76%

Source: Mahoning County Auditor and District financial records

Note: Ohio bond law sets a limit of 9% for voted debt and 1/10 of 1% for unvoted debt.

Note: Voted debt margins are determined without reference to applicable monies in the District's debt service fund.

Note: Debt service available balance is the fund balance of the Bond Retirement fund at fiscal year end.

DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

		Per Capita		Median		Unemp	loyment Ra	ites (4)
		Personal	Personal	Family	School	Mahoning		United
Year	Population (1)	Income (2)	Income (5)	Income (2)	Enrollment (3)	County	Ohio	States
2022	29,578	\$ 26,735	\$ 790,767,830	\$ 45,242	4,173	5.2%	4.5%	3.8%
2021	29,594	26,735	791,195,590	45,242	4,157	7.6%	6.3%	6.1%
2020	31,947	23,787	759,923,289	30,311	4,366	13.2%	11.1%	11.2%
2019	31,947	23,787	759,923,289	30,311	4,437	5.7%	4.0%	3.7%
2018	31,947	23,787	759,923,289	30,311	4,593	6.2%	4.5%	4.0%
2017	31,947	23,787	759,923,289	30,311	4,950	6.6%	5.0%	4.3%
2016	31,947	23,787	759,923,289	30,311	4,947	5.9%	5.0%	4.9%
2015	31,947	25,113	802,285,011	30,311	4,935	5.9%	5.2%	5.3%
2014	31,947	25,113	802,285,011	30,311	5,350	6.2%	5.5%	6.1%
2013	31,947	25,113	802,285,011	30,311	5,285	8.3%	7.2%	7.6%

Sources:

(1 & 2) U. S. Census Bureau

(3) District records

(4) Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor

(5) Per capita personal income multiplied by population

PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS IN MAHONING COUNTY DECEMBER 31, 2021 AND DECEMBER 31, 2012

	De	ecember 31,	2021
Employer	Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total County Employment
Mercy Health Partners	4,400	1	4.76%
Mahoning County	1,600	2	1.73%
Windsor House	1,500	3	1.62%
Youngstown State University	1,200	4	1.30%
Infocision Management	1,050	5	1.14%
Youngstown City School District	1,000	6	1.08%
Southwoods Health	1,000	7	1.08%
Austintown Local School District	865	8	0.94%
Akron Children's Hospital	800	9	0.87%
Briarfield Manor Health Care Center	670	10	0.73%
Total	14,085		15.25%
Total County Employment	92,400		

	De	ecember 31,	2012
Employer	Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total County Employment
Humilty of Mary Health Partners	3,400	1	3.30%
Youngstown State University	2,125	2	2.07%
Mahoning County	1,482	3	1.44%
Diocese of Youngstown	1,200	4	1.17%
Infocision Management	1,075	5	1.04%
Youngstown City Schools	1,050	6	1.02%
Windsor House	1,050	7	1.02%
AT&T Call Center	1,010	8	0.98%
Austintown Local School District	585	9	0.57%
Boardman Local School District	420	10	0.41%
Total	13,397		13.02%
Total County Employment	102,900		

Source: Mahoning County Auditor's Office

Note: Information on principal employers at the City level could not be obtained; therefore, information at the County level will be disclosed.

STAFFING STATISTICS FULL TIME EQUIVALENTS (FTE) BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Туре	2022	2021	2020	2019
Administration	32.00	29.00	26.00	25.00
Certificated staff:				
Regular	239.00	237.00	247.00	251.00
Special	44.00	44.00	44.00	44.00
Vocational	-	-	-	-
Educational service personnel	-	-	-	-
Counseling	12.00	13.00	12.00	12.00
Library media	-	-	-	-
Curriculum specialist	-	-	-	-
Tutor	25.00	23.00	30.00	30.00
Other	-	-	-	-
Professional staff:				
Nursing	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00
Speech therapist	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00
Technology:				
Library technician	-	-	-	-
Library aide	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00
Other technical	4.00	4.00	5.00	7.00
Office/clerical:				
Office clerical	20.00	23.00	20.00	17.00
Instructional paraprofessional	28.00	29.00	19.00	27.00
Other clerical	21.00	18.00	13.00	16.00
Other operations:				
Maintenance	6.00	6.00	6.00	2.00
Custodial/grounds	2.00	2.00	2.00	42.00
Transportation/drivers	41.00	43.00	43.00	51.00
Food service	45.00	43.00	47.00	51.00
Other	45.00	50.00	62.00	19.00
_				
Total	575.00	575.00	587.00	605.00

Source: District records

2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
24.00	20.00	21.00	20.00	20.00	21.00
260.00	243.00	241.00	251.50	250.50	249.00
41.00	39.00	28.00	33.00	35.00	34.00
-	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00
-	1.00	1.00	2.00	2.00	-
12.00	13.00	13.00	12.00	12.00	12.00
-	-	-	-	-	1.00
-	12.00	11.00	10.00	11.00	11.00
-	31.00	30.00	31.62	29.00	-
-	3.00	5.50	2.50	2.50	-
2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00
4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00
4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00
-	-	-	-	-	1.00
-	-	-	-	1.00	-
8.00	7.00	3.77	5.44	4.00	7.00
17.00	17.00	20.00	25.88	24.00	25.00
63.00	64.00	36.66	39.59	42.00	38.00
-	4.00	4.31	2.00	-	0.50
2.00	(00	(00	5.00	5.00	7.00
3.00	6.00	6.00	5.00	5.00	7.00
44.00	42.00	41.44	40.72	41.00	33.00
54.00	55.00	30.91	26.50	26.00	29.00
51.00	50.00	32.13	37.30	37.00	37.00
4.00	-	1.00	1.00	-	-
587.00	615.00	534.72	554.05	550.00	513.50
587.00	615.00			550	.00

OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Function	2022	2021	2020	2019
Instruction:				
Regular and special				
Enrollment (students)	4,173	4,157	4,366	4,437
Graduates	334	356	364	381
Graduation rate	96.80%	95.20%	94.30%	94.80%
Support services:				
Board of education				
Regular meetings per year	11	12	12	12
Special meetings per year	3	N/A	N/A	N/A
Fiscal				
Nonpayroll checks				
issued	2,244	2,047	N/A	2,604
Operations and maintenance				
Square footage				
maintained	736,040	736,040	736,040	736,040
Pupil transportation				
Avg. students transported				
daily	2,656	2,334	N/A	2,964

Source: District records

Note: N/A indicates the information is unavailable.

 2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
4,593 413 92.90%	4,950 360 91.80%	4,947 393 93.00%	4,935 428 92.00%	5,350 405 96.00%	5,285 353 93.00%
12 16	12 6	12 9	12 8	12 10	12 8
N/A	2,943	2,880	3,168	3,459	3,472
736,040	736,040	838,640	838,640	937,983	843,247
N/A	2,857	3,228	3,300	3,138	3,117

CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

		2022		2021		2020		2019
Governmental activities:								
Land	\$	844,054	\$	844,054	\$	844,054	\$	844,054
Construction in progress		-		-		103,243		-
Land improvements		3,700,072		3,606,270		3,898,981		4,249,059
Buildings/improvements		56,595,774		58,230,418		60,334,271		62,387,576
Furniture/equipment		996,443		903,488		969,461		1,109,548
Vehicles		555,260		790,809		1,084,003		1,411,455
Textbooks		<u> </u>		-		-		
Total governmental activities								
capital assets, net	\$	62,691,603	\$	64,375,039	\$	67,234,013	\$	70,001,692
Business-type activities:								
Furniture/equipment	\$	-	\$	-	\$	170	\$	511
Total business-type activities								
capital assets, net	\$	-	\$	-	\$	170	\$	511
Duiman conomicate								
Primary government: Land	\$	844,054	\$	844,054	\$	844,054	\$	844.054
Construction in progress	Э	844,034	Ф	844,034	Ф	103,243	Ф	844,054
Land improvements		3,700,072		3,606,270		3,898,981		4,249,059
Buildings/improvements		56,595,774		58,230,418		5,898,981 60,334,271		4,249,039
Furniture/equipment		996,443		903,488		969,631		1,110,059
Vehicles				· · · · ·		· · ·		
Textbooks		555,260		790,809 -		1,084,003		1,411,455 -
Total primary government								
capital assets, net	\$	62,691,603	\$	64,375,039	\$	67,234,183	\$	70,002,203

Source: District financial records.

Notes: Amounts above are presented net of accumulated depreciation.

	2018		2017		2016		2015		2014	<u> </u>	2013
\$	844,054	\$	779,851	\$	885,690	\$	885,690	\$	885,690	\$	885,690
	739,915		-		-		-		-		37,826,728
	4,566,201		1,913,154		2,084,530		2,089,247		2,288,389		2,511,941
	63,398,459		66,188,179		68,062,564		69,107,469		71,327,071		26,238,332
	1,263,617		1,011,663		931,331		1,032,281		1,014,419		1,053,235
	1,764,847		1,192,746		1,376,544		1,514,342		525,568		499,373
			-		-		-		34,110		102,328
\$	72,577,093	\$	71,085,593	\$	73,340,659	\$	74,629,029	\$	76,075,247	\$	69,117,627
\$	852	\$	20,745	\$	24,176	\$	20,857	\$	24,518	\$	16,489
٩	0.50	٩	20 745	¢	04.154	٩	20.055	٩	24 510	¢	16 400
\$	852	\$	20,745	\$	24,176	\$	20,857	\$	24,518	\$	16,489
\$	844,054	\$	779,851	\$	885,690	\$	885,690	\$	885,690	\$	885,690
	739,915		-		-		-		-		37,826,728
	4,566,201		1,913,154		2,084,530		2,089,247		2,288,389		2,511,941
	63,398,459		66,188,179		68,062,564		69,107,469		71,327,071		26,238,332
	1,264,469		1,032,408		955,507		1,053,138		1,038,937		1,069,724
	1,764,847		1,192,746		1,376,544		1,514,342		525,568		499,373
									34,110		102,328
\$	72,577,945	\$	71,106,338	\$	73,364,835	\$	74,649,886	\$	76,099,765	\$	69,134,116

SCHOOL BUILDING INFORMATION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2022	2021	2020	2019
Fitch High School (1968/'78/2000/2007)				
Square feet	262,048	262,048	262,048	262,048
Enrollment	1,323	1,280	1,428	1,349
Austintown Middle School (1914/'22/'26/'46/'54/2002)				
(Mahoning Avenue Building)				
Square feet	-	-	-	-
Enrollment	-	-	-	-
Austintown Middle School (2008)				
(Racoon Road Building)				
Square feet	174,688	174,688	174,688	174,688
Enrollment	991	990	1,016	1,061
Austintown Intermediate School (2013)				
Square feet	124,205	124,205	124,205	124,205
Enrollment	928	956	971	1,004
Austintown Elementary School (2013)				
Square feet	121,451	121,451	121,451	121,451
Enrollment	931	931	951	1,023
Frank Ohl Intermediate School (1960/'61/'92/2007)				
Square feet	-	-	-	-
Enrollment	-	-	-	-
Davis Elementary (1954/'57/2002)				
Square feet	-	-	-	-
Enrollment	-	-	-	-
Lloyd Elementary (1954/'57/'92)				
Square feet	-	-	-	-
Enrollment	-	-	-	-
Lynn Kirk Elementary (1958/'60)				
Square feet	35,136	35,136	35,136	35,136
Enrollment	-	-	-	-
Watson Elementary (1961)				
Square feet	-	-	-	-
Enrollment	-	-	-	-
Woodside Elementary (1948/'57)				
Square feet	-	-	-	-
Enrollment	-	-	-	-
District Board Office (2008)				
Square feet	3,512	3,512	3,512	3,512
Community Fitness Center (1999/2001)				
Square feet	15,000	15,000	15,000	15,000

Source: District records

Notes: Year of original construction and subsequent additions are in parentheses.

The original Austintown Middle School was replaced with the new Austintown Middle School for the 07-08 school year.

for the 07-08 school year.

Davis Elementary was permanently closed on August 1, 2008.

Frank Ohl Intermediate School and Watson Elementary were demolished in fiscal year 2014.

Davis, Lloyd, and Woodside Elementaries were demolished in fiscal year 2015.

The original Austintown Middle School was sold during fiscal year 2017.

2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
262,048	262,048	262,048	262,048	262,048	262,048
1,417	1,627	1,582	1,510	1,739	1,680
-	-	102,600	102,600	102,600	102,600
174,688	174,688	174,688	174,688	174,688	174,688
1,109	1,158	1,191	1,222	1,316	1,315
124,205	124,205	124,205	124,205	124,205	-
1,002	1,096	1,125	1,148	1,142	-
121,451	121,451	121,451	121,451	121,451	-
1,064	1,069	1,049	1,055	1,153	-
-	-	-	-	-	89,485
-	-	-	-	-	768
-	-	-	-	32,958	32,958
-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	33,013	33,013
-	-	-	-	-	361
35,136	35,136	35,136	35,136	35,136	35,136
-	-	-	-	-	303
-	-	-	-	-	61,435
-	-	-	-	-	501
-	-	-	-	33,372	33,372
-	-	-	-	-	357
3,512	3,512	3,512	3,512	3,512	3,512
15,000	15,000	15,000	15,000	15,000	15,000

OPERATING STATISTICS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	General Gov	ernment	Governmental Activities (2)				
Fiscal Year	Expenditures (1)	Cost per pupil	Expenses (1)	Cost per pupil	Enrollment	Percent Change	Teaching Staff
2022	\$ 52,725,959	\$ 12,635	\$ 49,422,783	\$ 11,843	4,173	0.38%	297
2021	51,786,064	12,458	56,125,890	13,502	4,157	-4.79%	292
2020	50,631,972	11,597	54,160,802	12,405	4,366	-1.60%	291
2019	51,706,230	11,653	47,581,800	10,724	4,437	-3.40%	295
2018	53,287,099	11,602	29,537,468	6,431	4,593	-7.21%	319
2017	48,048,492	9,707	51,722,236	10,449	4,950	0.06%	318
2016	47,734,624	9,649	48,588,643	9,822	4,947	0.24%	314
2015	50,463,281	10,226	50,630,143	10,259	4,935	-7.76%	319
2014	57,290,379	10,708	50,297,860	9,401	5,350	1.23%	319
2013	72,563,400	13,730	47,021,812	8,897	5,285	-0.70%	317

Source: District records

(1) Debt service totals have been excluded.

Pupil/Teacher Ratio	Student Attendance Percentage
14.05	90.70%
14.24	91.20%
15.00	95.50%
15.04	93.60%
14.40	94.00%
15.57	93.60%
15.75	94.30%
15.47	94.20%
16.77	94.40%
16.67	93.90%

TEACHER EDUCATION AND EXPERIENCE AS OF JUNE 30, 2022 AND JUNE 30, 2013

	June 30	June 30, 2022), 2013
Degree	Number of Teachers	Percentage of Total	Number of Teachers	Percentage of Total
Non-Degree	0	0.00%	0	0.00%
Bachelor's Degree	54	18.18%	52	16.40%
Bachelor's Degree + 15	24	8.08%	35	11.04%
Master's Degree	72	24.24%	96	30.28%
Master's Degree + 15	40	13.47%	37	11.68%
Master's Degree + 30	107	36.03%	97	30.60%
Ph.D.	0	0.00%	0	0.00%
	297	100.00%	317	100.00%

Years of Experience	Number of Teachers	Percentage of Total	Number of Teachers	Percentage of Total
0 - 5 Years	56	18.86%	98	30.91%
6 - 10 Years	60	20.20%	52	16.40%
11 - 15 Years	78	26.26%	59	18.61%
16 - 20 Years	46	15.49%	53	16.72%
21 - 25 Years	47	15.82%	18	5.68%
26 - 42 Years	10	3.37%	37	11.68%
	297	100.00%	317	100.00%

Source: District personnel records

TEACHER SALARIES LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	Teacher Salaries							
Year	B	A Min.		stintown A Max.		Verage	-	State
<u> </u>		7 X 171111.	111	11 IVIAA.	1	Iverage		
2022	\$	34,800	\$	80,681	\$	63,867		N/A
2021		33,462		77,579		59,884		N/A
2020		33,131		76,812		58,286		N/A
2019		32,481		75,305		55,019		N/A
2018		31,844		73,828		N/A		N/A
2017		31,529		73,107		53,043	\$	58,849
2016		31,217		72,393		51,663		57,153
2015		31,217		72,393		52,443		56,748
2014		30,620		71,028		51,187		55,916
2013		30,317		70,335		51,659		56,307

Sources: District records and Ohio Department of Education

Note: N/A indicates the information is unavailable.

AUSTINTOWN LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

MAHONING COUNTY, OHIO

SINGLE AUDIT

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022



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AUSTINTOWN LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT MAHONING COUNTY, OHIO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

FEDERAL GRANTOR/ PASS THROUGH GRANTOR/ PROGRAM/CLUSTER TITLE	ASSISTANCE LISTING NUMBER	PASS-THROUGH ENTITY IDENTIFYING NUMBER / ADDITIONAL AWARD IDENTIFICATION	TOTAL FEDERAL EXPENDITURES
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE			
Passed Through the Ohio Department of Education			
Child Nutrition Cluster			
School Breakfast Program	10.553	2022	\$ 438,638
National School Lunch Program	10.555	2022	1,308,117
COVID-19 - National School Lunch Program	10.555	COVID-19, 2022	119,672
National School Lunch Program - Food Donation	10.555	2022	199,866
Total National School Lunch Program			1,627,655
			1,027,000
Summer Food Service Program for Children	10.559	2022	49,368
Total Child Nutrition Cluster			2,115,661
COVID-19 - State Pandemic Electronic Benefit Transfer (P-EBT) Administrative Costs Grant	10.649	COVID-19, 2022	3,063
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			2,118,724
			2,110,724
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF THE TREASURY			
Passed Through the Ohio Department of Education COVID-19 - Coronavirus Relief Fund - BrodbandOhio Connectivity	21.019	COVID-19, 2021	5,014
	21.019	COVID-19, 2021	
Total U.S. Department of the Treasury			5,014
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION			
Passed Through the Ohio Department of Education			
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010A	84.010A, 2021	64,921
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010A	84.010A, 2022	599,576
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies - Expanding Opportunities for Each Child Non-Competitive Grant	84.010A	84.010A, 2022	27,794
Total Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies			692,291
Special Education Cluster (IDEA)			
Special Education-Grants to States (IDEA, Part B)	84.027A	84.027A, 2022	96,825
Special Education-Grants to States (IDEA, Part B)	84.027A	84.027A, 2022	981,126
COVID-19 - Special Education-Grants to States (IDEA, Part B) - ARP	84.027X	COVID-19, 84.027X, 2022	123,745
Total Special Education-Grants to States (IDEA, Part B) and Special Education Cluster (IDEA)			1,201,696
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants	84.367A	84.367A, 2021	10,314
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants	84.367A	84.367A, 2022	122,308
Total Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants			132,622
Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program	84.424A	84.424A, 2021	6,815
Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program	84.424A	84.424A, 2022	82,651
Total Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program			89,466
COVID 10 Elementaria d'Accordance, elementaria de la COVID 10 Elementaria d'Accordance de la Covidencia de la C	04 4355	COMID 10 84 405D 2021	70 702
COVID-19 - Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief (ESSER I) Fund	84.425D	COVID-19, 84.425D, 2021	70,702
COVID-19 - Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief (ESSER I) Fund	84.425D	COVID-19, 84.425D, 2022	332,559
COVID-19 - Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief (ESSER II) Fund COVID-19 - American Rescue Plan - Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief (ARP ESSER) Fund	84.425D 84.425U	COVID-19, 84.425D, 2022	1,299,115
	04.4250	COVID-19, 84.425U, 2022	2,204,061
Total Education Stabilization Fund (ESF)			3,906,437
Total U.S. Department of Education			6,022,512
Total Federal Expenditures			\$ 8,146,250

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this schedule.

NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS 2 CFR 200.510(b)(6) FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 1 – BASIS OF PRESENTATION & SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (the Schedule) includes the federal award activity of the Austintown Local School District under programs of the federal government for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022 and is prepared in accordance with the cash basis of accounting. The information on this Schedule is prepared in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the Austintown Local School District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the Austintown Local School District. Such expenditures are recognized following cost principles contained in Uniform Guidance wherein certain types of expenditures may or may not be limited to as to reimbursement.

NOTE 2 – DE MINIMIS COST RATE

CFR Section 200.414 of the Uniform Guidance allows a non-federal entity that has never received a negotiated indirect cost rate to charge a de minimis rate of 10% of modified total direct costs to indirect costs. The Austintown Local School District has not elected to use the 10% de minimis indirect cost rate.

NOTE 3 - CHILD NUTRITION CLUSTER

The Austintown Local School District commingles cash receipts from the U.S. Department of Agriculture with similar State grants. When reporting expenditures on this Schedule, the Austintown Local School District assumes it expends federal monies first.

NOTE 4 – FOOD DONATION PROGRAM

The Austintown Local School District reports commodities consumed on the Schedule at the entitlement value. The Austintown Local School District allocated donated food commodities to the respective program that benefitted from the use of those donated food commodities.

NOTE 5 – PASS-THROUGH FUNDS

The Austintown Local School District was awarded federal program allocations to be administered on their behalf by the Mahoning County Educational Service Center. For fiscal year 2022, the Austintown Local School District's allocations were as follows:

English Language Acquisition State Grants (ALN 84.365A) \$5,959 Special Education-Preschool Grants (ALN 84.173A) \$14,784



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Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With *Government Auditing Standards*

Austintown Local School District Mahoning County 700 South Racoon Road Austintown, Ohio 44515

To the Members of the Board of Education:

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Austintown Local School District, Mahoning County, Ohio, as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Austintown Local School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 27, 2022, wherein we noted as described in Note 19 to the financial statements, the financial impact of COVID-19 and the continuing emergency measures may impact subsequent periods.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Austintown Local School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Austintown Local School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Austintown Local School District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements, on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the Austintown Local School District's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Austintown Local School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Austintown Local School District Mahoning County

Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With *Government Auditing Standards* Page 2

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Austintown Local School District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Austintown Local School District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Julian & Sube, the.

Julian & Grube, Inc. December 27, 2022



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Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance and on the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Required by the Uniform Guidance

Austintown Local School District Mahoning County 700 South Racoon Road Austintown, Ohio 44515

To the Members of the Board of Education:

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the Austintown Local School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the Austintown Local School District's major federal programs for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. The Austintown Local School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings.

In our opinion, the Austintown Local School District complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS); the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*); and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the "Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance" section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the Austintown Local School District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Austintown Local School District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the Austintown Local School District's federal programs.

Austintown Local School District Mahoning County Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance and on the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Required by the Uniform Guidance Page 2

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the Austintown Local School District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the Austintown Local School District's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, Government Auditing Standards, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the Austintown Local School District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- obtain an understanding of the Austintown Local School District's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Austintown Local School District's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

A *deficiency in internal control over compliance* exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance requirement of a federal program will a type of compliance requirement of a federal noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the "Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance" section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Austintown Local School District Mahoning County Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance and on the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Required by the Uniform Guidance Page 3

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Report on Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Required by the Uniform Guidance

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Austintown Local School District, as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Austintown Local School District's basic financial statements. We issued our unmodified report thereon dated December 27, 2022. Our audit was performed for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the basic financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the Uniform Guidance and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of expenditures of federal awards is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Julian & Sube, the.

Julian & Grube, Inc. December 27, 2022

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS 2 CFR § 200.515 JUNE 30, 2022

	1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS						
(d)(1)(i)	Type of Financial Statement Opinion	Unmodified					
<i>(d)(1)(</i> ii)	Were there any material control weaknesses reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No					
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any other significant deficiencies in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No					
(d)(1)(iii)	Was there any reported material noncompliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No					
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any material internal control weaknesses reported for major federal programs?	No					
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported for major federal programs?	No					
(d)(1)(v)	Type of Major Program's Compliance Opinion	Unmodified					
(d)(1)(vi)	Are there any reportable findings under 2 CFR §200.516(a)?	No					
(d)(1)(vii)	Major Programs (listed):	Special Education Cluster (IDEA), and COVID-19 – Education Stabilization Fund (ALN 84.425)					
(d)(1)(viii)	Dollar Threshold: Type A/B Programs	Type A: > \$750,000 Type B: all others					
(d)(1)(ix)	Low Risk Auditee under 2 CFR § 200.520?	Yes					

2. FINDING RELATED TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

None

3. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

None

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AUSTINTOWN LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

MAHONING COUNTY

AUDITOR OF STATE OF OHIO CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report, which is required to be filed pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in the Office of the Ohio Auditor of State in Columbus, Ohio.



Certified for Release 2/28/2023

88 East Broad Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215 Phone: 614-466-4514 or 800-282-0370