## CITY OF WADSWORTH

### **MEDINA COUNTY, OHIO**

**REGULAR AUDIT** 

For the Year Ended December 31, 2022





88 East Broad Street Columbus, Ohio 43215 IPAReport@ohioauditor.gov (800) 282-0370

Members of Council City of Wadsworth 120 Maple Street Wadsworth, Ohio 44281

We have reviewed the *Independent Auditor's Report* of the City of Wadsworth, Medina County, prepared by Charles E. Harris & Associates, Inc., for the audit period January 1, 2022 through December 31, 2022. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them.

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. The City of Wadsworth is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.

Keith Faber Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

July 19, 2023



### CITY OF WADSWORTH

#### **MEDINA COUNTY, OHIO**

# Regular Audit For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

City of Wadsworth Medina County 120 Maple Street Wadsworth, Ohio 44281

#### To the Members of Council:

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Wadsworth, Medina County, Ohio (the City) as of and for the year ended December 31, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated June 19, 2023. wherein we noted the financial impact of COVID-19 and the ensuing emergency measures will impact subsequent periods of the City. We also noted that City adopted new accounting guidance in Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 87, Leases.

#### Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purposes of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the City's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness. yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

City of Wadsworth
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Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over
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#### Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Charles Having Assaciation

Charles E. Harris & Associates, Inc. June 19, 2023

# Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Year Ending December 31, 2022

# CITY OF WADSWORTH Medina County, Ohio



Prepared by the Auditor's Office Catherine C. Fix, Auditor



## CITY OF WADSWORTH

MEDINA COUNTY, OHIO

# ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDING DECEMBER 31, 2022

PREPARED BY THE AUDITOR'S OFFICE CATHERINE FIX, AUDITOR



INTRODUCTORY SECTION	



# ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

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June 19, 2023

To Members of City Council and the Residents of the City of Wadsworth, Ohio

It is our privilege to present to you the City of Wadsworth (the City) Annual Comprehensive Financial Report. This annual report represents the official report of the City's operations and financial position for the year ended December 31, 2022. It details the status of City finances to residents, elected officials, investment bankers, underwriters, rating agencies and all other interested parties. This report enables the City to comply with Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03(B) which requires reporting on a Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) basis and Ohio Revised Code (ORC) Section 117.38 which require cities reporting on a GAAP basis to file an unaudited annual report with the Auditor of State within 150 days of year end.

Management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of the information contained in this report, based upon a comprehensive framework of internal control that it has established for this purpose. Because the cost of internal controls should not exceed anticipated benefits, the objective is to provide reasonable, rather than absolute, assurance that the financial statements are free from any material misstatements.

Charles E. Harris & Associates, Inc. has issued an unmodified ("clean") opinion on the City of Wadsworth's financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2022. Charles E. Harris & Associates, Inc.'s report is located at the front of the financial section of this report.

GAAP requires that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of the Management's Discussions and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The City's MD&A can be found immediately following Charles E. Harris & Associates, Inc., CPA's report.

#### **Background**

Settlement in Wadsworth Township began in 1814 on land that included the land sold to early settlers by General Elijah Wadsworth of Canfield, Ohio. Wadsworth Township population increased significantly after the completion of the railroad in 1863, that lead to the development of coal mines. The Village of Wadsworth was incorporated in 1866. In the 1890's, coal mining declined and the local economy came to be dominated by the Ohio Injector Company and the Ohio Match Company until World War II. The classification of the municipal corporation then changed from village to city as a result of the census of 1930, which reported a population of more than 5,000 residents.

The City of Wadsworth has not adopted a city charter, and is governed in accordance with the general statutory form of government, of Ohio cities. The citizens of the City of Wadsworth elect a mayor, president of council, judge, auditor, director of law, treasurer and seven members of council. Appointed directors of public service, and public safety are responsible for the administration of various departments. The mayor also appoints a human resource manager and an economic development director. The City has considered all departments for financial reporting purposes and the compilation of this Annual Comprehensive Financial Report.

120 Maple Street • Wadsworth, Ohio 44281 • 330-335-1521

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The City reports financial activity based on a calendar year. The preparation of the annual budget is started by passing a Tax Budget in July of the preceding year. The Tax Budget generates the estimated resources for the next year and is certified by the Budget Commission of Medina County. These certified estimated resources are available for appropriations by City Council. The annual appropriations are passed in December of the preceding year through an ordinance and are in accordance with ORC 5705.38(C) which establishes the minimum level of budgetary control to "...each office, department, and division, and, within each, the amount appropriated for personal services and other." Appropriations are either supplemented or reduced during the period according to resource availability and/or timing of projects.

The City provides many services to residents and businesses. These services include: police; fire; EMS services; street maintenance; storm water management; water treatment and distribution; waste water collection and treatment; electric transmission and distribution; cable television (with community access); high speed internet access; VOIP telephone service; sanitation collection and disposal; business services and economic development; recreational facilities; municipal court; and a center for older adults.

The Wadsworth City School District is a completely separate form of government and produces its own set of financial statements. The school district is highly rated in academics, athletics, and arts. Many residents are drawn to our community due in part to the excellent school system.

#### **Local Economy**

Our location offers ease of access without traffic congestion experienced by other communities. We have three interchanges on 1-76 which are assets for business development. We are located within ten miles of-I 77 and I-71 which makes highway travel convenient. The City owns and operates an airport, which is primarily a general aviation airport. Wadsworth is a short commute to Cleveland Hopkins International and Akron-Canton Regional Airports. Travel and shipping to and from our City is smooth and simple.

Wadsworth has long been considered a "bedroom community" to both Akron and Cleveland. The City is recognized as one of the fastest growing communities in northeast Ohio. Wadsworth has experienced an 11.3% increase in its population since the 2010 census. The population for Wadsworth in 2023 is just over 24,000 residents.

Knowledgeable administrators and responsible council members have allowed the City to preserve the small town charm without jeopardizing services to residents and businesses. Planning for the future and maximizing the level of services to our citizens has always been the philosophy of the public administrators.

In 2004, City Council approved the first Tax Increment Financing (TIF) district in Medina County. It was in this district that Wal-Mart and Home Depot developed at the 1-76 and S.R. 94 interchange. Two years later, the City Council approved the second TIF district for the development of Kohl's, Target, and Home Depot located at the 1-76 and S.R. 261 interchange. Our third interchange at 1-76 and S.R. 57 has yet to be developed. and remains primarily vacant with agricultural uses.

National brands, such as Kohl's, Lowe's, Petco, Key Bank, Giant Eagle and Target opened in the City's newest retail development, Wadsworth Crossings. With direct access and high travel exposure to I-76, the area is ideal for commerce. Currently, over 500,000 square feet of retail, restaurants, finance and service oriented businesses exist. More recently, additional development in the area includes but not limited to Pulp Juice and Smoothie Bar, Huntington Bank, Jiffy Lube and Five Below. Undeveloped land remains along the interstate and provides many opportunities for additional economic development and future growth.

Along the High Street corridor has been extensive development and redevelopment in commercial locations which include Panera Bread, Starbucks, Kentucky Fried Chicken, Dunkin Donuts, Chipotle, Wendy's, McDonald's, GetGo Cafe & Market, Trillium Creek Dermatology, Aldi's and the Auto Oasis car wash. Construction is nearly complete for a 30,000 square foot Class A office building along High Street.

The City is experiencing growth in the industrial and manufacturing sectors. The City currently has four (4) large expansions under construction which account for over \$35 million of capital investment. These expansion projects are scheduled to be completed in 2023.

In addition to strong commercial and industrial growth, new residential construction is underway. Pulte Homes of Ohio is currently developing phase 1 of the Mount Eaton Estates which is a 45-unit single family residential subdivision. Sales of individual lots have been strong since the model home opened in April of 2023. Plans are underway to continue the development into phase 2 which will consist of an additional 46 lots becoming available for future sale.

In 2022, the City saw twenty-one (21) new companies open their doors for business. Additionally, 2022 experienced over \$32 million dollars of new capital investments made throughout the City. Rohrer Corporation, for example, invested nearly \$15 million in its Wadsworth facility and chose this location for its first "Manufacturing Center of Excellence." Construction of the project began in 2020 and additional investment continues into 2023. Soprema USA is currently under a major expansion which will add 16,000 square feet of corporate headquarters and lab space to their existing facility on Quadral Dr. The total investment of \$12.6 million will also lead to the creation of 10 new jobs. ECS Tuning is also expanding their operations by investing \$23.8 million into their corporate headquarters by adding 110,000 square feet of new distribution space along with remodeling 10,000 of corporate offices and their research and development labs. The investment will translate to the creation of 98 new full-time positions and grow the annual payroll by an additional \$4 million by the end of 2026.

Public improvements including roads extending E. Smokerise and Park Centre Drive, new LaVern Drive, sidewalks, water mains, electric, communication, street lighting, sanitary sewer and storm sewer were constructed in 2016. The cost of public improvements, after developer contribution, were financed by the issuance of bonds with debt service paid by the levy of special assessments against the four commercial sub lots of Phase I. The City is also actively discussing potential development projects for this area.

Redevelopment of the former Ohio Injector facility on Main Street (S.R. 94) is complete. This project is an example of adaptive re-use for our community and provides start-up and growth opportunities for small/medium sized businesses. The City has various industrial zoned property available for development. At the year's end of 2022, 247 acres of vacant industrial land were available for development. Additionally, 80,335 square feet of industrial space was available for new businesses to purchase or lease. Similarly, 100 acres of commercially zoned retail land was available for sale and 37,529 square feet of building space was available. The City monitors the real estate market closely so as to connect businesses with available land or building opportunities.

The Wadsworth School District completed the construction of four new school facilities in 2012. The highlight of their projects was the completion of the \$97 million high school campus. This campus contains the high school and a new community center. The community center features an exercise facility (operated by the YMCA), a senior center, indoor pools, a Summa Healthcare facility and a satellite office for the Wadsworth Public Library. The City of Wadsworth completed construction of the new outdoor pool facility that is located at the Community Campus complex. This \$3 million project features two outdoor pools and a pool house. Additionally, the Wadsworth City Schools will begin construction of the new Central Intermediate School (CIS) which will consist of a two-story building with 115,000 + square feet and will be located with frontage on Broad Street. The new school is anticipated to be completed and ready to educate students for the 2025-2026 school year.

In 2022, the Wadsworth Fire Department broke ground on the new Headquarters Fire Station #1 building. The new facility will replace the current Station #1 which was originally built in 1963. The new Headquarters facility will be 21,755 square feet and consist of five double drive-through apparatus bays, administrative offices, bay support and decon spaces, living quarters for six firefighter/paramedics, a gym, tornado shelter, training room, training spaces and a new 9-1-1 dispatch center. The modern centrally located station meets the city-wide demand for more overnight staffing capacity in the facility and improves response times and services delivered to the Wadsworth community. The total construction cost for the new Headquarters facility is \$8.6 million and is anticipated to be operational by Fall of 2023.

Additionally, the City made capital improvements to the Wadsworth Municipal Airport, including resurfacing of the two runways and improvements to the parking lot and the office facilities. The City completed construction of diesel generators to supply necessary power during peak power demand and to improve the electric system's already low instances of power outages. This was a joint effort between AMP Partners, PowerSecure and the City of Wadsworth. The generators are located on City owned property, they connect to City owned electric infrastructure and City employees provided labor to install necessary equipment to accept the generation capacity on to our system. Two solar energy generating plants the City purchases power from were completed in 2020, adding to the City's clean energy portfolio and placing the City among progressive communities that support the development and use of sustainable energy.

#### **Major Incentives**

We look forward to continued business growth in the future. The City created a Department of Economic Development within the Administration to help facilitate increased economic growth. The Economic Development office is actively implementing a 3-year strategic plan which further drives community investment and strategic planning initiatives.

The City has many incentives available to help existing and future companies be successful in Wadsworth. The most commonly used incentive program is the Community Reinvestment Area agreement (CRA). The CRA program offers tax abatements on new construction or additions and interior renovations for up to 100% for up to 15 years on the improved value. Terms are negotiated in advance and depend upon the project's total construction value and the amount of new payroll. All industrial zoned property within the City are located within a CRA zone. Additionally, in 2018 the City established a Downtown CRA to encourage and incentivize reinvestment in residential and commercial property. At the end of 2022, eight (8) companies are actively participating in the CRA incentive program. As a result, these companies have added a total capital investment of over \$51 million dollars in real estate improvements, the creation of 541 full-time jobs and an additional annual payroll of nearly \$27 million dollars.

The City also administers a Job Creation Grant. The Job Creation Grant is an incentive program designed to encourage the creation of new jobs in Wadsworth by providing an annual grant payment based on the percentage of the annual payroll withholding taxes generated by new employees to the City of Wadsworth. A company is required to make an investment in building and/or machinery and equipment, and within a three-year period, create a minimum of 10 new full-time jobs within the City of Wadsworth and a minimum of \$300,000 in new annual payroll. At the end of 2022, four (4) companies were participating in the program.

The City's income tax rate and property tax rates are very competitive when compared to other communities. The City of Wadsworth has been able to maintain its level of services with low tax rates due to growth in the community. The City and its many benefits are marketed in trade journals and through our website.

The City has been named one of Ohio Magazine's Best Hometowns 2021–2022. Each year, Ohio Magazine recognizes places that make Ohio a great place to live. The magazine selected the City for its inviting downtown, strong sense of community and forward looking local leaders.

#### **Long-Term Financial Planning & Financial Policies**

City Council believes in the passage of a "balanced budget". This is defined as annual resources exceeding annual expenditures. Budgetary appropriations may not exceed estimated resources and are monitored during the year to ensure compliance. Encumbered appropriations carry over to the next year and must be substantiated with a confirmed obligation of the City.

The City recognizes that one-time revenues are to be used for one-time expenses such as capital. These revenues are never used to pay for ongoing operational costs. All transfers of cash between funds require the approval of City Council. Some capital expenditures and small to medium capital projects are financed internally using inter fund loans supported by one-year bond anticipation notes authorized by Council.

A cash reserve policy was passed by Council in 2009 for the City's general fund. This policy requires that 20% of operating expenditures and 100% of the next years debt service is maintained in the fund's combined cash balances. In addition, a cash reserve policy was passed in 2009 for the City's Electric fund. This policy requires that 25% of operating expenditures, 10% of purchase power, 100% of next year's debt service, 1% of the historical investment in assets, 15% of next year's capital improvements less any improvements funded through a bond issuance and 15% of the five year capital improvement program less improvements funded through the issuance of bonds is maintained in the fund's cash balance. Included with these cash reserve policies are five-year financial projections. All known factors and historical experience is taken into consideration when making our projections. Council and the administration have found this type of financial planning necessary to making informed decisions.

#### **Awards**

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a <u>Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting</u> to the City of Wadsworth, Ohio, for its annual comprehensive financial report for the year ended December 31, 2021. This was the fourteenth consecutive year that the City has achieved this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government unit must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized annual comprehensive financial report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year. We believe that our current annual comprehensive financial report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

The City has recieved the <u>Auditor of State Award with Distinction</u> for six years for filing a timely Annual Comprehensive Financial Report, having a "clean" audit, that did not contain findings for recovery, material weaknesses, significant deficiencies, Single Audit findings or any questioned costs.

The City's Electric and Communications department has earned the Reliable Public Power Provider (RP3) Diamond Level designation from American Public Power Association. Of the more than 2,000 public power communities only 5% achieved this prestigious award. The RP3 designation recognizes public power utilities that demonstrate proficiency in four key disciplines: reliability, safety, workforce development, and system improvement.

For the past forty years, Wadsworth has retained the recognition of Tree City USA from the Arbor Day Foundation. This recognition promotes the City's public image and citizen pride which in turn benefits the community's economic growth and financial stability

#### **Acknowledgments**

This report was a collaborative effort of the City's administration, department heads, and the employees of the Finance Department. We sincerely appreciate their dedication and loyalty. We also would like to thank City Council for their support in this effort and their continued attention to fiscal responsibility for the benefit of the residents and businesses of the City of Wadsworth.

Respectfully submitted,

Robin Laubaugh Mayok

### City of Wadsworth, Ohio Principal Officials December 31, 2022

Mayor Robin Laubaugh

President of Council Robert Thurber

Councilman – Ward I Ralph Copley

Councilman – Ward II Jon Yurchiak

Councilman – Ward III Jeanne Hines

Councilman – Ward IV Bruce Darlington

Council-at-Large Dan Rospert

Council-at-Large Tom Stugmyer

Council-at-Large Dave Williams

Clerk of Council Tammy Guenther

Law Director Tom Morris

Auditor Catherine Fix

Assistant Auditor Lee-Ann Dunkle

Treasurer Lisa Jones

Safety Director Matthew Hiscock

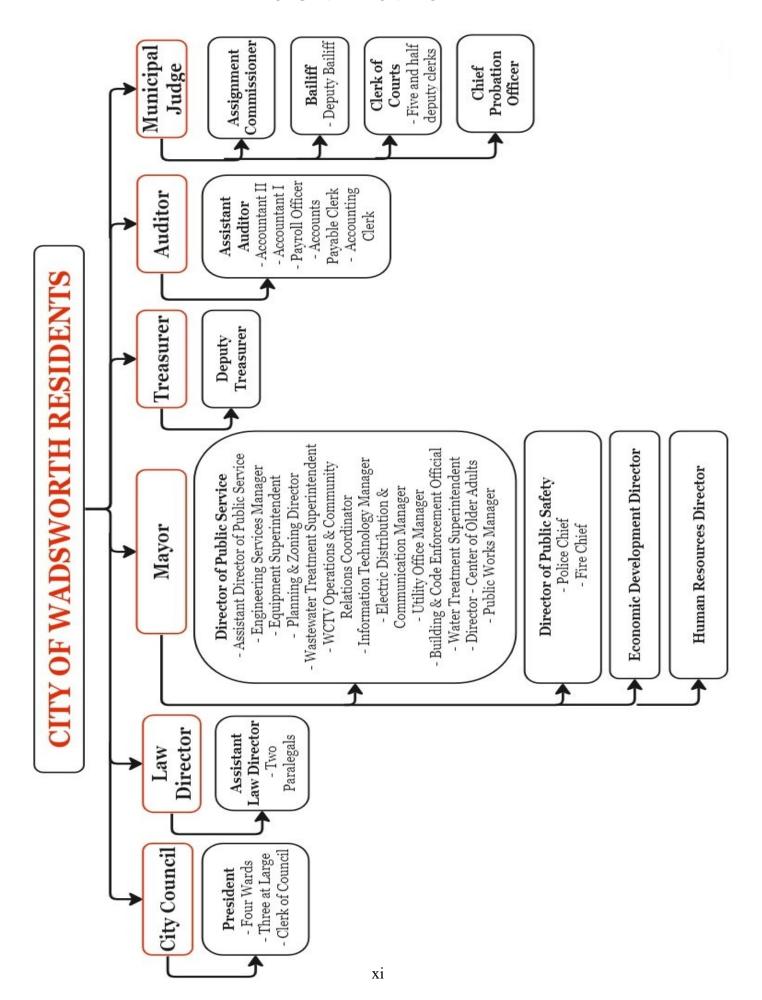
Service Director Robert Patrick

Assistant Service Director Mike Testa

Economic Development Director Matt Springer

Human Resources Manager Tara McCulloch

## CITY OF WADSWORTH, OHIO ORGANIZATIONAL CHART





#### Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

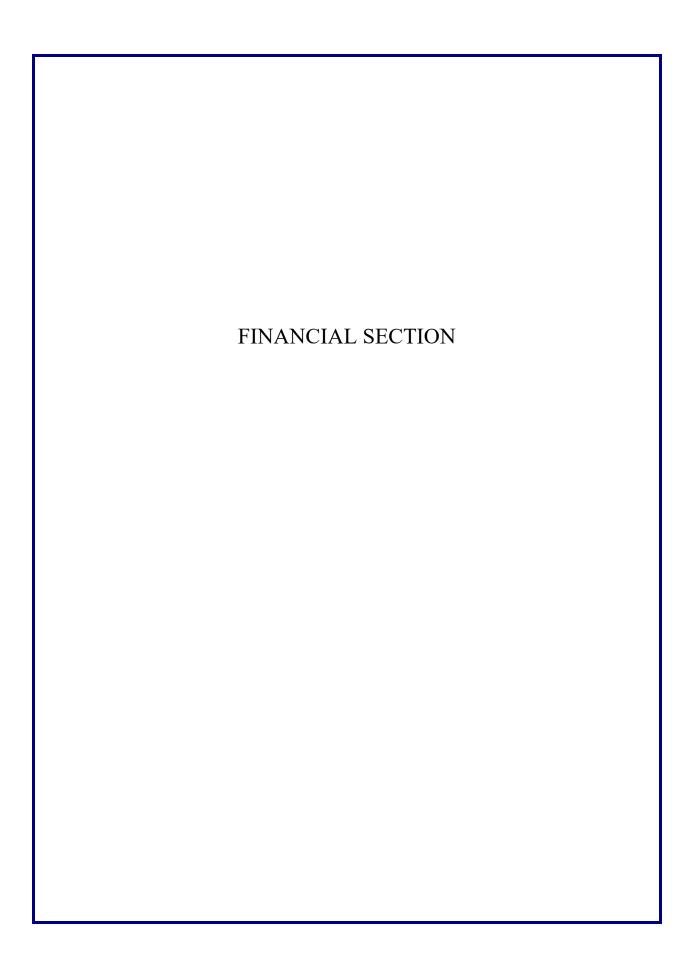
## City of Wadsworth Ohio

For its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

December 31, 2021

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO



Phone - (216) 575-1630

Fax - (216) 436-2411

## Charles E. Harris & Associates, Inc.

Certified Public Accountants

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

City of Wadsworth Medina County 120 Maple Street Wadsworth. Ohio 44281

To the Members of Council:

#### Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

#### **Opinion**

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Wadsworth, Medina County, Ohio (the City), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Wadsworth, Medina County, Ohio as of December 31, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the budgetary comparison for the General for the year then ended in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards. issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the City, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

#### Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 22 to the financial statements, the financial impact of COVID-19 and ensuing emergency measures will impact subsequent periods of the City. As described in Note 3 to the financial statements, the City adopted new accounting guidance in Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 87, Leases. We did not modify our opinion regarding these matters.

#### Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

City of Wadsworth Medina County Independent Auditor's Report Page 2

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we

- exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
  fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures
  include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial
  statements.
- obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures
  that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
  effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that
  raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period
  of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

City of Wadsworth Medina County Independent Auditor's Report Page 3

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, and schedules of net pension and other post-employment benefit liabilities/assets and pension and other post-employment benefit contributions be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Supplementary information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

#### Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual financial report. The other information comprises the introductory and statistical sections but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinion on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

City of Wadsworth Medina County Independent Auditor's Report Page 4

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated June 19, 2023, on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Charles Having Assaciation

Charles E. Harris & Associates, Inc. June 19, 2023

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022 (UNAUDITED)

The management's discussion and analysis of the City of Wadsworth's (the "City") financial performance provides an overall review of the City's financial activities for the year ended December 31, 2022. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the City's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the basic financial statements and the notes to the basic financial statements to enhance their understanding of the City's financial performance.

#### **Financial Highlights**

Key financial highlights for 2022 are as follows:

- The total net position of the City increased \$15,288,332 in 2022 from a balance of \$170,937,973 in 2021 to the ending net position of \$186,226,305. Net position of governmental activities increased \$8,784,338 or 12.75% from 2021's net position and net position of business-type activities increased \$6,503,994 or 6.37% from 2021's net position.
- General revenues accounted for \$19,684,082 or 72.84% of total governmental activities revenue. Program specific revenues accounted for \$7,339,087 or 27.16% of total governmental activities revenue.
- The City had \$17,902,114 in expenses related to governmental activities; \$7,339,087 of these expenses were offset by program specific charges for services, grants or contributions. The remaining expenses of the governmental activities of \$10,563,027 were offset by general revenues (primarily incomes taxes, property and other local taxes and unrestricted grants and entitlements) of \$19,684,082.
- The City's major governmental funds are the general fund and the general obligation bond retirement fund. The general fund had revenues and other financing sources of \$14,639,112 in 2022. The general fund had expenditures and other financing uses of \$13,469,931 in 2022. The net increase in fund balance for the general fund was \$1,169,181 or 8.09%. This increase was mainly a result of increased income taxes, property taxes, interest and intergovernmental revenues for 2022. The general obligation bond retirement fund had revenues and other financing sources of \$1,785,040 and expenditures of \$1,554,767 in 2022. The increase in fund balance for the general obligation bond retirement fund was \$230,273. This increase was mainly the result of increased income tax allocation and bond premium.
- Net position for the business-type activities, which is made up of the storm water, telecom, sewer, water, electric, and sanitation major enterprise funds, increased in 2022 by \$6,503,994. This increase in net position was due an increase in charges for services and current year changes in the net pension liability. In addition to the pension/other postemployment benefit (OPEB) changes, the business-type activities is reporting \$1,879,861 in contributed capital for 2022.
- In the general fund, the actual revenues and other financing sources were \$2,646,313 more than they were in the final budget due to higher than expected income taxes, intergovernmental revenues and interest. Actual expenditures and other financing uses were \$904,854 less than the amount in the final budget. The reduction from budget to actual expenditures was a result of conservative spending in general government and security of persons and property. Budgeted revenues increased \$1,700 from original to the final budget and budgeted expenditures increased \$1,642,299 from original to the final budget.
- For 2022, there was a significant change in the net pension liability for the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS). In addition to the decrease in the net pension liability, the City is reporting an increase in the net pension asset and net OPEB asset for 2022. These changes resulted in significant decreases in expenditures on the statement of activities. This is due to changes made by the pension board to the health care plans in efforts to decrease costs and increase solvency.
- During the year, the City issued general obligation debt in the amount of \$5,870,000 for a new firestation and the acquisition of a new fire truck.

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022 (UNAUDITED)

#### **Using this Annual Financial Report**

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to these statements. These statements are organized so the reader can understand the City as a financial whole, an entire operating entity. The statements then proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at specific financial activities.

The statement of net position and statement of activities provide information about the activities of the City as a whole, presenting both an aggregate view of the City's finances and a longer-term view of those finances. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the City's most significant funds with all other nonmajor funds presented in total in one column.

#### Reporting the City as a Whole

#### Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities

While this document contains a large number of funds used by the City to provide programs and activities, the view of the City as a whole looks at all financial transactions and asks the question, "How did we do financially during 2022?" The statement of net position and the statement of activities answer this question. These statements include all (non-fiduciary) assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, deferred inflows, revenues and expenses using the accounting similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. This basis of accounting will take into account all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the City's net position and changes in that position. This change in net position is important because it tells the reader that, for the City as a whole, the financial position of the City has improved or diminished. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, some financial, some not. Non-financial factors include the City's tax base, current tax laws in Ohio restricting revenue growth, facility conditions, required community programs and other factors.

In the statement of net position and the statement of activities, the City is divided into two distinct kinds of activities:

Governmental activities - Most of the City's programs and services reported here include: public safety, street maintenance, parks and recreation, senior center, airport, general government, capital improvements and administration. These services are funded primarily by income taxes, property and other local taxes and intergovernmental revenues including federal and state grants and other shared revenues.

Business-type activities - These services are provided on a charge for services basis to recover all or a significant portion of the expenses of the services provided. The City's storm water, telecom, sewer, water, electric, and sanitation operations are reported here.

#### Reporting the City's Most Significant Funds

#### Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Fund financial reports provide detailed information about the City's major funds. The City uses many funds to account for a multitude of financial transactions. However, these fund financial statements focus on the City's most significant funds.

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022 (UNAUDITED)

#### Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of the governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, the readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The City maintains a multitude of individual governmental funds. The City has segregated these funds into major funds and nonmajor funds. The City's major governmental funds are the general fund and the general obligation bond retirement fund. Information for major funds is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances. Data from the other governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation.

#### **Proprietary Funds**

The City maintains two different types of proprietary funds, enterprise and internal service. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses enterprise funds to account for its storm water, telecommunications, sewer, water, electric, and sanitation functions. The City's enterprise funds are considered major funds. Internal service funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the City's various functions. The City uses internal service funds to account for its fleet maintenance, information technology, health and workers compensation self-insurance, and benefit reserves.

#### Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the City. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statement because the resources of those funds are not available to support the City's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds. Custodial funds are the City's only fiduciary fund type.

#### Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

#### Required Supplementary Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the City's net pension asset/liability and net OPEB asset/liability, along with contributions to the pension systems.

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022 (UNAUDITED)

#### **Government-Wide Financial Analysis**

The statement of net position provides the perspective of the City as a whole. The table below provides a summary of the City's net position for 2022 compared to 2021.

Net Position							
	Restated Restated						
	2022	2021 2022		2021		Restated	
	Governmental	Governmental	Governmental Business-type		Business-type 2022		
	Activities	Activities	Activities	Activities Activities		Total	
<u>Assets</u>							
Current and other							
assets	\$ 69,684,720	\$ 59,284,890	\$ 42,492,535	\$ 41,230,669	\$ 112,177,255	\$ 100,515,559	
Capital assets, net	71,384,394	67,892,316	93,364,583	92,437,193	164,748,977	160,329,509	
Total assets	141,069,114	127,177,206	135,857,118	133,667,862	276,926,232	260,845,068	
D.C. 1. (0)	5 707 240	4 000 042	1 (20 207	1.504.052	7.405.447	6 224 106	
Deferred outflows	5,797,240	4,829,243	1,628,207	1,504,953	7,425,447	6,334,196	
Liabilities							
Other liabilities	6.897.016	5,084,959	3,927,142	3,082,792	10,824,158	8,167,751	
Long-term liabilities	38,100,397	36,428,923	19,616,543	25,322,304	57,716,940	61,751,227	
Long-term naomities	38,100,397	30,420,923	19,010,343	23,322,304	37,710,940	01,/31,22/	
Total liabilities	44,997,413	41,513,882	23,543,685	28,405,096	68,541,098	69,918,978	
Total naomines	11,557,115	11,515,002	23,3 13,003	20,103,070	00,511,070	0,,,10,,,70	
Deferred inflows	24,201,111	21,609,075	5,383,165	4,713,238	29,584,276	26,322,313	
Net Position							
Net investment							
in capital assets	52,422,465	51,846,036	77,958,928	75,278,761	130,381,393	127,124,797	
Restricted	13,188,745	11,034,576	-	-	13,188,745	11,034,576	
Unrestricted	12,056,620	6,002,880	30,599,547	26,775,720	42,656,167	32,778,600	
Total net position	\$ 77,667,830	\$ 68,883,492	\$ 108,558,475	\$ 102,054,481	\$ 186,226,305	\$ 170,937,973	

Over time, net position can serve as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. At December 31, 2022, the City's assets and deferred outflows exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows by \$186,226,305. At year-end, net position was \$77,667,830 and \$108,558,475 for the governmental activities and the business-type activities, respectively.

As of December 31, 2022, the City's governmental activities unrestricted net position was \$12,056,620. A portion of the City's net position, \$13,188,745 represents resources that are subject to external restriction on how they may be used.

Capital assets reported on the government-wide statements represent the largest portion of the City's net position. At year-end, capital assets net represented 59.49% of total assets. Capital assets include land, land improvements, buildings, building improvements, equipment, vehicles, intangible assets, intangible right-to-use leased equipment, construction in progress and infrastructure. The net investment in capital assets at December 31, 2022, was \$52,422,465 and \$77,958,928 in the governmental activities and business-type activities, respectively. These capital assets are used to provide services to citizens and are not available for future spending. Although the City's investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources to repay the debt must be provided from other sources, since capital assets may not be used to liquidate these liabilities.

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022 (UNAUDITED)

The table below shows the changes in net position for years 2022 and 2021.

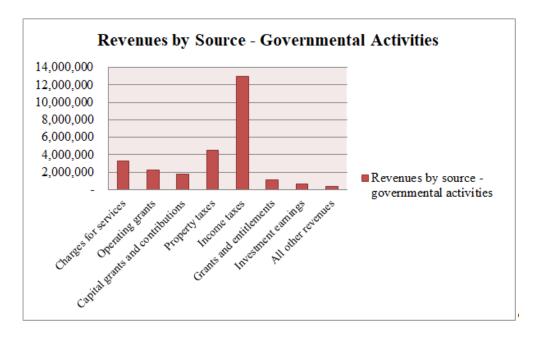
#### **Change in Net Position**

	2022 Governmental Activities	2021 Governmental Activities	2022 Business-type Activities	2021 Business-type Activities	2022 Total	2021 Total
Revenues						
Program revenues:						
Charges for services and sales	\$ 3,286,695	\$ 3,374,677	\$ 49,593,714	\$ 47,873,901	\$ 52,880,409	\$ 51,248,578
Operating grants and contributions	2,248,714	2,151,059	916	754	2,249,630	2,151,813
Capital grants and contributions	1,803,678	7,374,356	1,879,861	6,942,316	3,683,539	14,316,672
Total program revenues	7,339,087	12,900,092	51,474,491	54,816,971	58,813,578	67,717,063
General revenues:						
Taxes	17,475,571	15,107,231	_	_	17,475,571	15,107,231
Unrestricted grants and entitlements	1,117,057	1,065,179	_	_	1,117,057	1,065,179
Investment earnings	687,964	118,151	2,974	6	690,938	118,157
Miscellaneous	403,490	247,445	908,043	201,297	1,311,533	448,742
			911.017	201,303	20,595,099	
Total general revenues	19,684,082	16,538,006	911,017	201,303	20,393,099	16,739,309
Total revenues	27,023,169	29,438,098	52,385,508	55,018,274	79,408,677	84,456,372
Expenses						
General government	3,786,284	2,430,832	_	_	3,786,284	2,430,832
Security of persons and property	7,740,327	7,395,236	_	_	7,740,327	7,395,236
Public health	145,682	135,256	_	_	145,682	135,256
Transportation	3,583,531	2,933,620	_	_	3,583,531	2,933,620
Community and economic	3,303,331	2,733,020			3,303,331	2,755,020
development	404,602	388,932	_	_	404,602	388,932
Leisure time services	1,366,081	1,036,309	_	_	1,366,081	1,036,309
Intergovernmental	1,300,001	26,632	-	-	1,300,081	26,632
	975 607		-	-	975 607	
Interest and fiscal charges	875,607	591,839	005.707	1 005 416	875,607	591,839
Storm water	-	-	995,797	1,005,416	995,797	1,005,416
Telecom	-	-	5,535,475	4,806,664	5,535,475	4,806,664
Sewer	-	-	3,420,507	3,401,166	3,420,507	3,401,166
Water	-	-	2,979,969	2,543,040	2,979,969	2,543,040
Electric	-	-	31,117,792	27,540,279	31,117,792	27,540,279
Sanitation			2,168,691	2,133,845	2,168,691	2,133,845
Total expenses	17,902,114	14,938,656	46,218,231	41,430,410	64,120,345	56,369,066
Increase in net position before transfers	9,121,055	14,499,442	6,167,277	13,587,864	15,288,332	28,087,306
Transfers	(336,717)	(617,268)	336,717	617,268		
Change in net position	8,784,338	13,882,174	6,503,994	14,205,132	15,288,332	28,087,306
Net position at beginning of year	68,883,492	55,001,318	102,054,481	87,849,349	170,937,973	142,850,667
Net position at end of year	\$ 77,667,830	\$ 68,883,492	\$ 108,558,475	\$ 102,054,481	\$ 186,226,305	\$ 170,937,973

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022 (UNAUDITED)

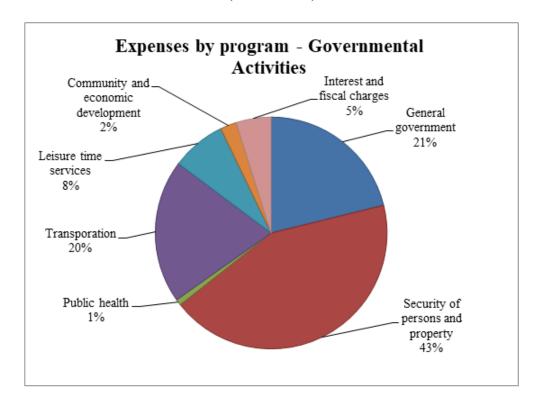
#### **Governmental Activities**

Governmental activities net position increased \$8,784,338 in 2022. General revenues totaled \$19,684,082 and amounted to 72.84% of total governmental revenues. The City is reporting a decrease in total governmental activities revenue in the amount of \$2,414,929. This is mainly due to a decrease in capital contributions for the completion of a significant street project in the prior year. Taxes increased \$2,368,340 over the prior year. This increase in taxes is due an increase in income tax collections over the prior year and the passage of a new fire levy in 2022. The City continues to show steady growth and improvement.



The City is dependent on property and income taxes as well as unrestricted grants and entitlements to furnish the quality of life to businesses and citizens to which they have always been committed. The City has a strong and conservative general fund cash reserve policy which provides stability during periods of fluctuation in revenue.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022 (UNAUDITED)



As indicated in the expenses by program chart, citizen safety and well being is emphasized as well as maintaining the City's street infrastructure. Security of persons and property, which primarily supports the operations of the police, fire, and EMS departments, accounted for \$7,740,327 or 43.24% of the total governmental expenses. These expenses were partially funded by \$1,372,377 in direct charges to users of the services and \$86,995 in operating grants and contributions. Transportation expenses totaled \$3,583,531 or 20.02% of total governmental expenses. These expenses were partially funded by \$164,105 in direct charges to users of the services, \$1,580,970 in operating grants and contributions, and \$1,588,079 in capital grants and contributions.

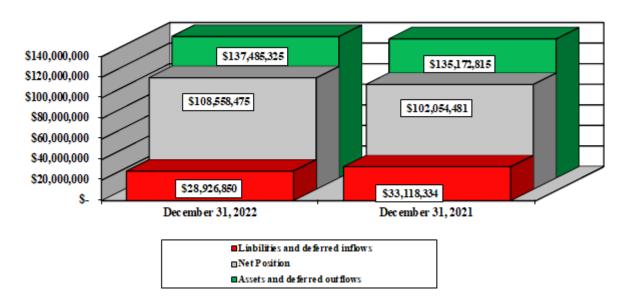
#### **Business-type Activities**

Business-type activities include the storm water, telecom, sewer, water, electric and sanitation enterprise funds. These programs had program revenues of \$51,474,491 and expenses of \$46,218,231 for 2022.

The graph on the following page shows the business-type activities assets, liabilities and net position at year-end 2022 and 2021.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022 (UNAUDITED)

#### **Net Position in Business-type Activities**



#### Financial Analysis of Pension and Other Post-employment Benefits

The City's statement of activities prepared on an accrual basis of accounting includes an annual pension expense and an annual OPEB expense equal to its proportionate share of the each plan's change in the net pension liability and net OPEB liability or asset, not accounted for as deferred inflows/outflows. Users of this financial statement will gain a clearer understanding of the City's actual financial condition by adding back \$15,309,761 to the governmental activities net position and \$5,474,049 to the business-type activities net position. For 2022, there were significant changes in the expenditures due to changes in the net pension liability.

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022 (UNAUDITED)

The following table further explains the impact of the accounting standard for pension and OPEB plans on the City's net position and the related expenses.

		2022	2021			2022	2021
	G	overnmental	G	overnmental	I	Business-type	Business-type
		Activities		Activities		<u>Activities</u>	<u>Activities</u>
Net pension asset	\$	220,949	\$	164,876	\$	210,921	\$ 154,350
Net OPEB asset		1,143,170		693,576		1,091,276	649,289
Deferred outflows - pension		3,956,137		2,405,178		1,396,694	861,995
Deferred outflows - OPEB		774,444		1,290,391		23,295	388,444
Deferred inflows - pension		(7,027,000)		(3,475,867)		(3,994,774)	(2,429,390)
Deferred inflows - OPEB		(1,795,141)		(2,729,478)		(1,165,385)	(2,004,707)
Net pension liability		(11,179,004)		(14,750,871)		(3,036,076)	(5,434,955)
Net OPEB liability		(1,403,316)		(1,390,270)			 
Impact of pension/OPEB accounting							
standard on the City's net position	\$	(15,309,761)	\$	(17,792,465)	\$	(5,474,049)	\$ (7,814,974)
Related expenses:							
General government	\$	(1,016,614)	\$	(2,069,018)	\$	-	\$ -
Security of persons and property		(444,025)		(315,526)		-	-
Transportation		(383,302)		(748,945)		-	-
Leisure time services		(273,254)		(549,205)		-	-
Community and economic development		(39,599)		(81,376)		-	-
Internal service		(325,910)		(681,984)		-	-
Storm Water		-		-		-	(440)
Telecom		-		-		(315,457)	(581,411)
Sewer		-		-		(276,494)	(547,713)
Water		-		-		(364,650)	(783,237)
Electric		-		-		(1,197,042)	(2,215,984)
Sanitation						(187,282)	 (351,727)
Net expense impact	\$	(2,482,704)	\$	(4,446,054)	\$	(2,340,925)	\$ (4,480,512)

See notes to the required supplementary information for additional information on current year changes.

#### Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

#### Governmental Funds

The City has two major governmental funds: the general fund and the general obligation bond retirement funds. The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the City's net resources available for spending at year-end.

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022 (UNAUDITED)

The City's governmental funds (as presented on the balance sheet on page 24) reported a combined fund balance of \$38,994,391, which is \$8,082,970 more than last year's total of \$30,911,421.

The schedule below indicates the fund balances and the total change in fund balances as of December 31, 2022 for all major and nonmajor governmental funds.

	Fund	Fund				
	balances	balances	Increase/			
	12/31/22	12/31/21	(decrease)			
General	\$ 15,627,382	\$ 14,458,201	\$ 1,169,181			
General obligation bond retirement	159,876	(70,397)	230,273			
Other nonmajor governmental funds	23,207,133	16,523,617	6,683,516			
Total	\$ 38,994,391	\$ 30,911,421	\$ 8,082,970			

#### General fund

The City's general fund balance increased \$1,169,181. The table that follows assists in illustrating the revenues of the general fund.

		2022	2021	Percentage change
Revenues				
Taxes	\$	11,536,670	\$ 11,518,493	0.16%
Charges for services		283,386	279,408	1.42%
Licenses and permits		418,703	498,387	(15.99)%
Fines, forfeitures and settlements		372,355	367,727	1.26%
Intergovernmental		1,067,865	1,140,959	(6.41)%
Interest		687,964	118,151	482.28%
Other		237,290	182,633	29.93%
	-			
Total	\$	14,604,233	\$ 14,105,758	3.53%

Total revenues in the general fund increased 3.53% or \$498,475 in 2022. Tax revenue represents 79.00% of all general fund revenue. Tax revenues increased 0.16% over the prior year due to increased income tax and property tax collections. As noted above, there was also an increase of \$569,813 in investment income due to higher interest rates over the prior year and an increase in other revenues due to a refund received during the year.

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022 (UNAUDITED)

The table that follows assists in illustrating the expenditures of the general fund.

	2022	2021	Percentage change	
Expenditures				
General government	\$ 3,809,395	\$ 3,119,827	22.10%	
Security of persons and property	5,716,013	5,386,418	6.12%	
Public health	138,991	134,308	3.49%	
Transportation	-	117	(100.00)%	
Leisure time services	1,317,073	1,286,333	2.39%	
Community and economic				
development	263,003	333,206	(21.07)%	
Capital outlay	278,083	114,849	142.13%	
Debt service	 31,006	 6,239	396.97%	
Total	\$ 11,553,564	\$ 10,381,297	11.29%	

Total expenditures increased 11.29% from 2022. This increase is due to an increase in general government, security of persons and property and capital outlay expenditures. The increase in general government and security of persons and property is due to increases in wages and separation payouts during the year. The capital outlay increase was due to the completion of a parking lot project in 2022.

#### General obligation bond retirement fund

The general obligation bond retirement fund balance increased \$230,273 over the prior year. This is due to an increase in income tax allocations and a premium on the issuance of bonds.

#### **Budgeting Highlights**

The City's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the general fund. From time to time during the year, the fund's budget may be amended as needs change.

The City made several revisions to the original appropriations approved by City Council. Overall, these changes resulted in an increase of \$1,642,299 from the original budgeted expenditures and other financing uses to the final budgeted expenditures and other financing uses.

The City's general fund actual expenditures were \$1,510,964, less than the final appropriations, excluding advances out, which are not legally required to be budgeted. Furthermore, the City's budgeting philosophy is conservative, as we budget expenditures higher than expected.

The City's actual revenues, excluding other financing sources, were \$2,358,422 or 17.04% more than budgeted revenues. The City received \$1,745,369 more than expected in income taxes due to higher then expected collections. This increase in collections is due to increases in withholding's as businesses continue to withhold for employees working from home.

#### **Proprietary Funds**

The City's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements for business-type activities, except in more detail. The only difference between the amounts reported as business-type activities and the amounts reported in the proprietary fund statements are interfund eliminations between proprietary funds and internal balances due from governmental activities for internal service activities.

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022 (UNAUDITED)

During the year, the business-type activities are reporting a \$2,340,925 reduction in expenses due to current year adjustments for pension and OPEB.

The storm water fund had operating revenues of \$903,584 and operating expenses of \$977,048 in 2022. The storm water fund also had non-operating expense of \$18,749, transfers in of \$3,874, and capital contributions of \$993,841. The net increase in net position for the storm water fund was \$905,502 or 5.12%. This large increase is due to current year capital contributions for a new development and a completed street project during the year.

The telecom fund had operating revenues of \$6,939,406 and operating expenses of \$5,522,283 in 2022. The telecom fund also had non-operating revenues of \$12,971, non-operating expenses of \$23,224, and transfers in of \$24,192. The net increase in net position for the telecom fund was \$1,431,062 or 24.58%. This increase is due to current year operating revenues exceeding current year operating expenses and continued growth in internet and VOIP customers.

The sewer fund had operating revenues of \$4,949,913 and operating expenses of \$3,149,905 in 2022. The sewer fund also had non-operating expenses of \$276,960, transfers in of \$22,163, and capital contributions of \$390,062. The net increase in net position for the sewer fund was \$1,935,273 or 9.26%. This increase is primarily due to current year revenues exceeding current year expenses and capital contributions from a developer for a new development.

The water fund had operating revenues of \$3,904,680 and operating expenses of \$2,748,269 in 2022. The water fund also had non-operating revenue of \$256, non-operating expenses of \$245,919, transfers in of \$30,197, and capital contributions of \$581,157. The net increase in net position for the water fund was \$1,522,102 or 7.61%. The water fund experienced an increase in charges for services during 2022 and acquired capital contributions for a new devlopment. The increase in charges for services is due to more businesses being back to full operating capacity in 2022 as compared to early 2021.

The electric fund had operating revenues of \$30,650,080 and operating expenses of \$30,904,166 in 2022. The electric fund also had non-operating revenues of \$28,030, and non-operating expenses of \$170,825. The electric fund reported transfers in of \$134,400, and capital contributions of \$20,008. The net decrease in net position for the electric fund was \$242,473 or 0.75%. The electric fund had an increase in charges for services and an increase in expenses from the prior year. The increase in expenses is due the current year pension/OPEB adjustments being less then the prior year adjustments and an increase in purchased power expenses for 2022.

The sanitation fund had operating revenues of \$3,051,096 and operating expenses of \$2,162,985 in 2022. The sanitation fund had non-operating revenues of \$16,470, non-operating expenses of \$13,399, and transfers in of \$17,373. The net increase in net position for the sanitation fund was \$908,555 or 20.34%. For 2022, the sanitation fund had an increase in charges for services due an increase in the number of customers and a decrease in expenses due to the pension/OPEB adjustments.

#### **Capital Assets and Debt Administration**

#### Capital Assets

At the end of 2022, the City had \$164,748,977 (net of accumulated depreciation/amortization) invested in land, construction in progress, land improvements, buildings, equipment, vehicles, intangible assets, intangible right-to-use leased equipment and infrastructure. Of this total, \$71,384,394 was reported in governmental activities and \$93,364,583 was reported in business-type activities.

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022 (UNAUDITED)

The following table shows 2022 capital asset balances compared to 2021 balances:

### Capital Assets at December 31 (Net of Depreciation)

	Governmen	ntal activities Business-typ			pe activities			To			
	2022		Restated 2021		2022		2021		2022		Restated 2021
Land	\$ 6,010,145	\$	5,927,998	\$	744,600	\$	744,600	\$	6,754,745	\$	6,672,598
Construction in progress	2,152,995		1,309,894		693,915		331,508		2,846,910		1,641,402
Intangible assets	19,892,006		20,116,819		492,277		566,831		20,384,283		20,683,650
Land improvements	3,997,483		3,365,040		243,003		172,930		4,240,486		3,537,970
Buildings	4,995,502		5,242,593		11,408,011		11,766,959		16,403,513		17,009,552
Equipment	1,356,027		962,476		7,442,062		7,237,176		8,798,089		8,199,652
Right-to-use leased											
equipment	103,667		98,020		-		-		103,667		98,020
Vehicles	2,695,244		2,075,293		3,252,169		3,237,023		5,947,413		5,312,316
Infrastructure	 30,181,325		28,794,183		69,088,546		68,380,166		99,269,871		97,174,349
Totals	\$ 71,384,394	\$	67,892,316	\$	93,364,583	\$	92,437,193	\$	164,748,977	\$	160,329,509

The City's largest capital asset category is infrastructure which includes roads, water lines, electric lines, storm sewer lines, cable and internet lines and sanitary sewer lines. These items are immovable and of value only to the City, however, the annual cost of purchasing these items is quite significant. The net book value of the City's infrastructure (cost less accumulated depreciation) represents approximately 60.26% of the City's total capital assets. See Note 10 to the basic financial statements for additional capital asset detail.

#### **Debt Administration**

The City had the following long-term obligations outstanding at December 31, 2022 and 2021:

	Governmental activities								
		2022	Restated 2021						
Revenue bonds	\$	14,905,095	\$	15,616,801					
Special assessment bonds		1,104,534		1,162,519					
General obligation bonds		6,881,932		802,522					
OPWC loan		442,220		497,498					
Leases		103,919		98,020					
Police and fire past service costs		59,850		63,430					
Total long-term obligations	\$	23,497,550	\$	18,240,790					

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022 (UNAUDITED)

	Business-type activities								
		2022		Restated 2021					
		2022		2021					
General obligation bonds	\$	7,985,802	\$	8,817,394					
OWDA loans		7,170,943		8,475,494					
OPWC loans		132,567		60,012					
AMP stranded costs		1,435		1,114,088					
Asset retirement obligation		27,673		25,995					
Total long-term obligations	\$	15,318,420	\$	18,492,983					

See Note 14 to the basic financial statements for detail on the City's long-term obligations.

#### **Economic Factors**

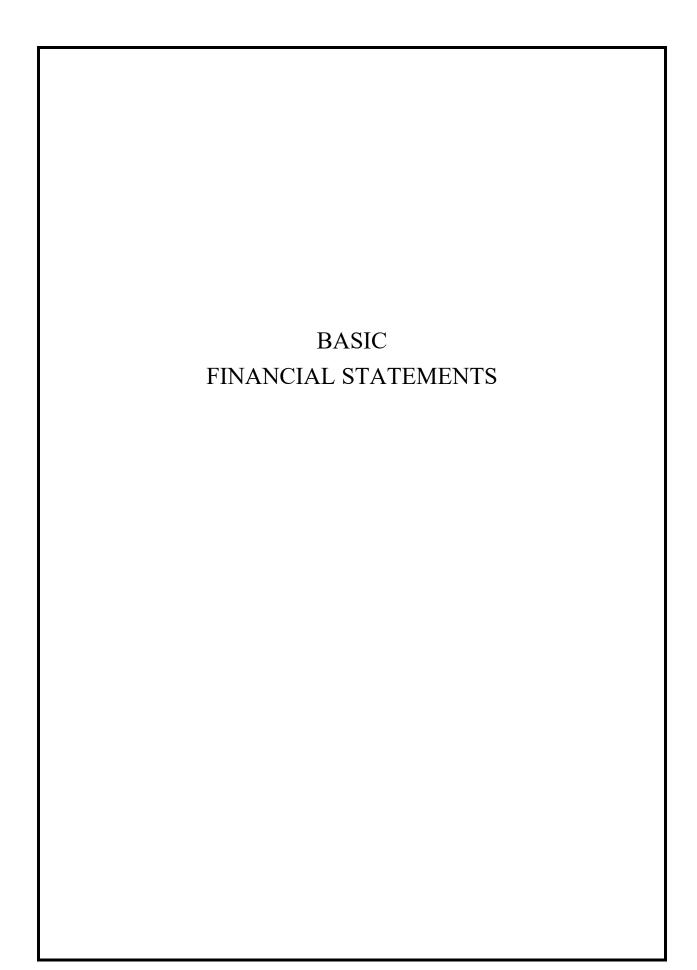
The City's annual budget utilizes conservative revenue estimates combined with limited spending increases. Residential citizens and businesses enjoy a wide range of utility services at competitive and sometimes below market prices. In tough economic times, the City strives to maintain services with minimal fee increases. The level of services remained consistent in 2022

Income tax revenues continue to increase mainly from small industry growth, and wage rates increasing. In 2022, the state-mandated triennial appraisal was done based on the housing sales in the County over the past three years. This resulted in an increase in assessed valuation of \$91,081,380 or 17.08% from 2019.

City council and administration continues to pursue new revenue sources, while reviewing the possibility of increasing existing revenue sources, in addition to a continued review of reducing expenditures. City council and administration seek out ways to attract new businesses to Wadsworth through continued enhancements to utility services and economic development incentives. A close watch of current economic conditions is ongoing to determine if increased revenues, or further reductions in expenditures, are necessary in order to maintain fiscal stability.

#### Contacting the City's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the city's finances and to show the city's accountability for the money it receives. Additional information about the City is available on our website <a href="www.wadsworthcity.org">www.wadsworthcity.org</a>. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, please contact the Finance Office of Catherine Fix, CPA, City of Wadsworth, 120 Maple Street, Wadsworth, Ohio 44281, (330) 335-2742, cityauditor@wadsworthcity.org.



### STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2022

	Primary Government					
	Gover	nmental	Bus	siness-type		
	Act	ivities		ctivities		Total
Assets:						
Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$ 40,	935,065	\$ .	31,065,607	\$	72,000,672
Cash with fiscal and escrow agents		-		1,472		1,472
Cash in segregated accounts		367,708		806,256		1,173,964
Restricted cash		-		27,765		27,765
Receivables:						
Income taxes	3,	904,714		-		3,904,714
Real and other taxes	3,	831,662		-		3,831,662
Accounts	1,	398,150		7,525,349		8,923,499
Lease	11,	936,830		225,467		12,162,297
Special assessments	1,	345,415		40,726		1,386,141
Accrued interest		95,929		199		96,128
Due from other governments	1,	614,413		75,481		1,689,894
Materials and supplies inventory		067,608		2,543,398		3,611,006
Prepayments		292,255		206,639		498,894
Net pension asset		220,949		210,921		431,870
Net OPEB asset		143,170		1,091,276		2,234,446
Investment in joint venture	ĺ			202,831		202,831
Internal balance	1.	530,852		(1,530,852)		-
Capital assets:	-,	,		(-,,		
Capital assets, not being depreciated/amortized	12.	993,750		1,786,264		14,780,014
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation/amortization		390,644	(	91,578,319		149,968,963
Total capital assets, net		384,394		93,364,583	-	164,748,977
Total assets		069,114		35,857,118		276,926,232
		,007,114		33,037,110		270,720,232
Deferred outflows of resources:		0.66.6		10-16		
Unamortized deferred charges on debt refunding		066,659		187,463		1,254,122
Pension		956,137		1,396,694		5,352,831
OPEB		774,444		23,295		797,739
Asset retirement obligation				20,755		20,755
Total deferred outflows of resources		797,240		1,628,207		7,425,447
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	146,	866,354	1;	37,485,325		284,351,679
Liabilities:						
Account payable		286,290		2,501,772		2,788,062
Retainage payable		264,969		_,		264,969
Contracts payable		962,284		296,888		1,259,172
Accrued wages and benefits payable		253,709		128,395		382,104
Matured compensated absences payable		5,301		2,900		8,201
Due to other governments		90,332		121,319		211,651
Accrued interest payable		62,780		28,268		91,048
Undistributed monies		32,370		20,200		32,370
Refundable deposits		1,150		806,256		807,406
Deposits held and due to others	1	984,310		39,872		2,024,182
Matured interest payable	1,	128		1,472		1,600
Claims payable		518,222		1,472		518,222
Unearned revenue		435,171		_		2,435,171
Long-term liabilities:	۷,	TJJ,1/1		-		۷,∓۵۵,1/1
•	1	951,075		2,634,643		4,585,718
Due within one year	1,	931,073		2,034,043		4,505,718
Due in more than one year:	1.1	170.004		2 026 076		14 215 000
Net open liability		179,004		3,036,076		14,215,080
Net OPEB liability		403,316		-		1,403,316
Other amounts due in many them are a	77	567 000		17 ()//= 0/1/		27 512 026
Other amounts due in more than one year Total liabilities		567,002 997,413		13,945,824 23,543,685		37,512,826 68,541,098

### STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2022

	Pı	rimary Governmen	ıt
	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
Deferred inflows of resources:			
Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year	3,538,932	-	3,538,932
Leases	11,840,038	223,006	12,063,044
Pension	7,027,000	3,994,774	11,021,774
OPEB	1,795,141	1,165,385	2,960,526
Total deferred inflows of resources	24,201,111	5,383,165	29,584,276
Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources	69,198,524	28,926,850	98,125,374
Net position:			
Net investment in capital assets	52,422,465	77,958,928	130,381,393
Restricted for:			
Debt service	324,088	-	324,088
Capital projects	7,117,293	-	7,117,293
Transportation projects	2,404,871	-	2,404,871
Community improvements	425,283	-	425,283
Emergency medical services	1,810,644	-	1,810,644
Fire	5,019	-	5,019
Police	160,088	-	160,088
Muncipal court	941,459	-	941,459
Unrestricted	12,056,620	30,599,547	42,656,167
Total net position	\$ 77,667,830	\$ 108,558,475	\$ 186,226,305
See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements			

### STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

		Program Revenues						
	 Expenses		Charges for Services and Sales		Operating Grants and Contributions		apital Grants and contributions	
Governmental activities:								
Current:								
General government	\$ 3,786,284	\$	758,679	\$	63,027	\$	133,452	
Security of persons and property	7,740,327		1,372,377		86,995		-	
Public health	145,682		8,652		-		-	
Transportation	3,583,531		164,105		1,580,970		1,588,079	
Leisure time services	1,366,081		903,986		287,722		82,147	
Community and economic								
development	404,602		78,896		230,000		-	
Interest and fiscal charges	 875,607		-		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>	
Total governmental activities	 17,902,114	_	3,286,695	_	2,248,714		1,803,678	
<b>Business-type activities:</b>								
Storm Water	995,797		903,582		-		893,806	
Telecom	5,535,475		6,863,185		-		-	
Sewer	3,420,507		4,478,932		-		390,062	
Water	2,979,969		3,903,547		-		581,157	
Electric	31,117,792		30,393,546		916		14,836	
Sanitation	2,168,691		3,050,922		-		-	
Total business-type activities	 46,218,231	_	49,593,714		916		1,879,861	
Total primary government	\$ 64,120,345	\$	52,880,409	\$	2,249,630	\$	3,683,539	

#### **General revenues:**

Property and other local taxes levied for:

General purposes

Capital projects

Emergency medical services/projects

Other

Income taxes for:

General purposes

Capital projects

Debt service

Special revenue funds

Grants and entitlements not restricted to specific

Interest

Miscellaneous

Total general revenues

Transfers

Total general revenues and transfers

Changes in net position

Net position at beginning of year

Net position at end of year

### Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position

Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
\$ (2,831,126)	\$ -	\$ (2,831,126)
(6,280,955)	-	(6,280,955)
(137,030)	-	(137,030)
(250,377)	-	(250,377)
(92,226)	-	(92,226)
(95,706)	-	(95,706)
(875,607)		(875,607)
(10,563,027)		(10,563,027)
	801,591	801,591
_	1,327,710	1,327,710
_	1,448,487	1,448,487
_	1,504,735	1,504,735
_	(708,494)	(708,494)
_	882,231	882,231
	5,256,260	5,256,260
(10,563,027)	5,256,260	(5,306,767)
2,275,353	-	2,275,353
1,095,276	-	1,095,276
1,122,038	-	1,122,038
49,850	-	49,850
8,953,274	-	8,953,274
2,230,301	-	2,230,301
750,979	-	750,979
998,500	-	998,500
1,117,057	2 074	1,117,057 690,938
687,964 403,490	2,974 908,043	•
		1,311,533
<u>19,684,082</u> (336,717)	911,017 336,717	20,595,099
19,347,365	1,247,734	20,595,099
8,784,338	6,503,994	15,288,332
68,883,492	102,054,481	170,937,973
\$ 77,667,830	\$ 108,558,475	\$ 186,226,305

#### BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2022

	 General		General Obligation Bond Retirement	_	Other Governmental Funds	(	Total Governmental Funds
Assets:							
Equity in pooled cash and investments Cash in segregated accounts Receivables:	\$ 13,509,086 271,549	\$	85,326	\$	25,198,162 96,159	\$	38,792,574 367,708
Income taxes	2 004 714						2 004 714
Real and other taxes	3,904,714		-		2,216,688		3,904,714
Accounts	1,614,974 90,644		2,500				3,831,662 1,397,617
Lease	27,302		11,909,528		1,304,473		1,397,017
Special assessments	27,302		11,909,326		1,345,415		1,345,415
Interfund loans receivable	1,941,507		-		2,178,669		4,120,176
Accrued interest	71,861		24,068		2,170,009		95,929
Due from other funds	71,790		24,008		_		71,790
Due from other governments	365,202		_		1,249,211		1,614,413
Materials and supplies inventory	200,145		_		439,883		640,028
Prepayments	94,212		_		46,782		140,994
Total assets	\$ 22,162,986	\$	12,021,422	\$	34,075,442	\$	68,259,850
Liabilities:							
Accounts payable	\$ 74,527	\$	-	\$	189,430	\$	263,957
Retainage payable	264,969		-		-		264,969
Contracts payable	16,682		-		945,602		962,284
Accrued wages and benefits payable	164,254		-		68,453		232,707
Matured Compensated absences payable	5,301		-		-		5,301
Interfund loans payable	300,000		48,650		1,571,785		1,920,435
Due to other governments	37,940		-		48,887		86,827
Matured interest payable	-		128		-		128
Undistributed monies	32,370		-		-		32,370
Refundable deposits	1,150		-		<b>-</b>		1,150
Unearned revenue	<del>-</del>		-		2,431,082		2,431,082
Deposits held and due to others	 1,984,310		<u>-</u>				1,984,310
Total liabilities	 2,881,503		48,778		5,255,239		8,185,520
<b>Deferred inflows of resources:</b> Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year	1,530,081				2,008,851		3,538,932
Leases	27,270		11,812,768		2,000,031		11,840,038
Delinquent property tax revenue not available	46,353		11,012,700		67,060		113,413
Income tax revenue not available	1,686,273		_		07,000		1,686,273
Unavailable revenue - other	364,124		_		3,537,159		3,901,283
Total deferred inflows of resources	3,654,101		11,812,768	_	5,613,070		21,079,939
Fund balances:							
Nonspendable	2,235,864		_		486,665		2,722,529
Restricted	_,,		159,876		17,254,153		17,414,029
Committed	_		-		6,153,471		6,153,471
Assigned	4,201,388		_		-		4,201,388
Unassigned (deficit)	 9,190,130	_	-		(687,156)		8,502,974
Total fund balances	 15,627,382		159,876		23,207,133		38,994,391
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	\$ 22,162,986	\$	12,021,422	\$	34,075,442	\$	68,259,850

## RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES TO NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DECEMBER 31, 2022

Total governmental fund balances		\$ 38,994,391
Amounts reported for governmental activities on the statement of net position are different because:		
Capital assets and right-to-use leased assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.		71,384,394
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and therefore are deferred inflows of reources in the funds.		
Income taxes receivable	1,686,273	
Real and other taxes receivable	113,413	
Unavailable revenue - other:		
Accounts receivable	1,249,232	
Intergovernmental receivable Special assessments receivable	1,306,636 1,345,415	
Total	1,343,413	5,700,969
Total		3,700,909
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs to individual funds. The assets (less capital assets and pension/OPEB assets plus deferred outflows related to pension/OPEB) and liabilities (less pension/OPEB and compensated absences liabilities plus deferred inflows related to pension/OPEB) of the internal service fund are included in governmental activities on the statement of net position.		1,412,035
Accrued interest payable is not due and payable in the current period and therefore is not reported in the		
funds.		(62,780)
		(= 4 < = < 4)
Unamortized premiums on bond issuances are not recognized in the governmental funds.		(746,561)
Unamortized deferred amounts on refundings are not recognized in the governmental funds.		1,066,659
The net pension/OPEB asset is not available to pay for current period expenditures; therefore, the asset is not reported in the governmental funds.		1,364,119
The net pension liability is not due and payable in the current period; therefore, liability and related deferred inflows and deferred outflows are not reported in governmental funds.		(14,249,867)
The net OPEB liability is not available to pay for current period expenditures and are not due and payable		
in the current period, respectively; therefore, the liability and related deferred inflows/outflows are not		
reported in governmental funds.		(2,424,013)
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.		
Compensated absences	(2,020,527)	
Police past service costs	(59,850)	
Special assessment bonds payable	(1,060,000)	
General obligation bonds payable	(6,605,000)	
Revenue bonds payable OPWC loan payable	(14,480,000) (442,220)	
Leases	(103,919)	
Total		 (24,771,516)
Net position of governmental activities		\$ 77,667,830

## STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

Income taxes \$ 9,272,666 \$ 750,979 \$ 3,228,801 \$ 13,252,446 Real and other taxes 2,264,004 - 2,230,709 4,494,713 Charges for services 283,386 - 1,294,917 1,578,303 Licenses and permits 418,703 - 10,345 429,048 Fines, forfeitures and settlements 372,355 - 81,507 453,862 Intergovernmental 1,067,865 - 1,891,502 2,959,367 Special assessments 3 - 106,172 106,175 Interest income 687,964 290,748 436 979,148 Rental income 23,212 380,266 110,143 513,621 Contributions and donations 6,353 - 237,445 243,798 Other 207,722 116,594 138,024 462,340 Total revenues 14,604,233 1,538,587 9,330,001 25,472,821	Dominion	General	General Obligation Bond Retirement	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Real and other taxes       2,264,004       -       2,230,709       4,494,713         Charges for services       283,386       -       1,294,917       1,578,303         Licenses and permits       418,703       -       10,345       429,048         Fines, forfeitures and settlements       372,355       -       81,507       453,862         Intergovernmental       1,067,865       -       1,891,502       2,959,367         Special assessments       3       -       106,172       106,175         Interest income       687,964       290,748       436       979,148         Rental income       23,212       380,266       110,143       513,621         Contributions and donations       6,353       -       237,445       243,798         Other       207,722       116,594       138,024       462,340	Revenues:	Φ 0.272.666	Φ 750.070	Ф 2.220.001	Φ 12.050.446
Charges for services       283,386       -       1,294,917       1,578,303         Licenses and permits       418,703       -       10,345       429,048         Fines, forfeitures and settlements       372,355       -       81,507       453,862         Intergovernmental       1,067,865       -       1,891,502       2,959,367         Special assessments       3       -       106,172       106,175         Interest income       687,964       290,748       436       979,148         Rental income       23,212       380,266       110,143       513,621         Contributions and donations       6,353       -       237,445       243,798         Other       207,722       116,594       138,024       462,340			\$ /50,9/9		
Licenses and permits       418,703       -       10,345       429,048         Fines, forfeitures and settlements       372,355       -       81,507       453,862         Intergovernmental       1,067,865       -       1,891,502       2,959,367         Special assessments       3       -       106,172       106,175         Interest income       687,964       290,748       436       979,148         Rental income       23,212       380,266       110,143       513,621         Contributions and donations       6,353       -       237,445       243,798         Other       207,722       116,594       138,024       462,340			=		
Fines, forfeitures and settlements       372,355       -       81,507       453,862         Intergovernmental       1,067,865       -       1,891,502       2,959,367         Special assessments       3       -       106,172       106,175         Interest income       687,964       290,748       436       979,148         Rental income       23,212       380,266       110,143       513,621         Contributions and donations       6,353       -       237,445       243,798         Other       207,722       116,594       138,024       462,340		· ·	=		
Intergovernmental         1,067,865         -         1,891,502         2,959,367           Special assessments         3         -         106,172         106,175           Interest income         687,964         290,748         436         979,148           Rental income         23,212         380,266         110,143         513,621           Contributions and donations         6,353         -         237,445         243,798           Other         207,722         116,594         138,024         462,340			-	·	
Special assessments         3         -         106,172         106,175           Interest income         687,964         290,748         436         979,148           Rental income         23,212         380,266         110,143         513,621           Contributions and donations         6,353         -         237,445         243,798           Other         207,722         116,594         138,024         462,340			-		
Interest income       687,964       290,748       436       979,148         Rental income       23,212       380,266       110,143       513,621         Contributions and donations       6,353       -       237,445       243,798         Other       207,722       116,594       138,024       462,340		1,067,865	=		
Rental income       23,212       380,266       110,143       513,621         Contributions and donations       6,353       -       237,445       243,798         Other       207,722       116,594       138,024       462,340		_	-	·	· ·
Contributions and donations         6,353         -         237,445         243,798           Other         207,722         116,594         138,024         462,340	Interest income	687,964	290,748	436	979,148
Other <u>207,722</u> <u>116,594</u> <u>138,024</u> <u>462,340</u>	Rental income	23,212	380,266	110,143	513,621
	Contributions and donations	6,353	-	237,445	243,798
Total revenues 14,604,233 1,538,587 9,330,001 25,472,821	Other	207,722	116,594	138,024	462,340
	Total revenues	14,604,233	1,538,587	9,330,001	25,472,821
Expenditures: Current:					
General government 3,809,395 - 307,830 4,117,225	General government	3,809,395	-	307,830	4,117,225
Security of persons and property 5,716,013 - 2,349,984 8,065,997	Security of persons and property	5,716,013	-	2,349,984	8,065,997
Public health 138,991 - 6,661 145,652	Public health	138,991	-	6,661	145,652
Transportation 2,550,319 2,550,319	Transportation	· -	=	2,550,319	2,550,319
Leisure time services 1,317,073 - 135,025 1,452,098		1,317,073	-		
Community and economic development 263,003 - 163,261 426,264			_	·	
Capital outlay 278,083 - 4,578,001 4,856,084		· ·	_	·	· ·
Debt service:		270,003		1,570,001	1,020,001
Principal retirement 26,943 775,278 55,000 857,221		26 943	775 278	55,000	857 221
Interest and fiscal charges 4,063 601,992 38,111 644,166		· ·		·	
Debt issuance costs - 177,497 - 177,497	•	7,003		30,111	
Total expenditures 11,553,564 1,554,767 10,184,192 23,292,523		11,553,564		10,184,192	
<u> </u>	•				
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures 3,050,669 (16,180) (854,191) 2,180,298		3 050 669	(16.180)	(854 191)	2 180 298
5,050,007 (10,100) (054,171) 2,100,270	over (under) experiantires	3,030,007	(10,100)	(054,171)	2,100,270
Other financing sources (uses):	• , ,				
Bond issuance - 5,870,000 5,870,000		-	-		
Sale of capital assets 5,617 - 8,116 13,733		5,617	-	8,116	13,733
Leases issued 29,262 - 29,262	Leases issued	29,262	-	-	29,262
Transfers in - 1,659,591 1,659,591	Transfers in	-	=	1,659,591	1,659,591
Transfers out (1,916,367) - (1,916,367)	Transfers out	(1,916,367)	-	-	(1,916,367)
Premium on bond issuance - 246,453 - 246,453	Premium on bond issuance	-	246,453	-	
Total other financing sources (uses) (1,881,488) 246,453 7,537,707 5,902,672		(1,881,488)		7,537,707	
Net change in fund balances 1,169,181 230,273 6,683,516 8,082,970	Net change in fund balances	1,169,181	230,273	6,683,516	8,082,970
Fund balances at beginning of year         14,458,201         (70,397)         16,523,617         30,911,421					
Fund balances at end of year $$15,627,382$ $$159,876$ $$23,207,133$ $$38,994,391$	Fund balances at end of year	\$ 15,627,382	\$ 159,876	\$ 23,207,133	\$ 38,994,391



## RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$	8,082,970
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:			
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation/amortization expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeds depreciation/amortization expense in the current			
period.	1 056 001		
Capital asset and right-to-use leased asset additions	4,856,084 1,411,392		
Capital contributions	(23,425)		
Assets transferred in/out during the year Current year depreciation/amortization	(2,624,266)		
Total	(2,024,200)		3,619,785
The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (i.e., sales, disposals,			
trade-ins, and donations) is to decrease net position.			(83,667)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.			
Income taxes	(319,392)		
Real and other taxes	47,804		
Intergovernmental revenues	410,849		
Special assessments	(53,850)		
Licenses and permits	(302)		
Fines and forfeitures	(2,539)		
Charges for services	137,997		
Rental income	176		
Miscellaneous	(11,853)		
Total			208,890
Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces			
long-term liabilities on the statement of net position.			857,221
The issuance of bonds and leases are reported as an other financing source in the governmental funds, however, in the statement of activites, they are not reported as revenue as they increase the liabilities			
on the statement of net position.		(	(6,145,715)
In the statement of activities, interest is accrued on outstanding bonds and loans, whereas in governmental funds, an interest expenditure is reported when due.			
Increase in accrued interest payable	(19,323)		
Amortization of deferred amounts on refunding	(67,015)		
Amortization of bond premiums and discounts	31,734		
Total			(54,604)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities, such as compensated absences, do not require the			
use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.			26,465
Contractually required pension/OPEB contributions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds; however, the statement of net position reports these amounts as deferred outflows.			
Pension			1,432,557
OPEB			23,925

## RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

Except for amounts reported as deferred inflows/outflows, changes in the net pension asset/liability and and net OPEB liability are reported as pension/OPEB expense in the statement of activities.

Pension (7,354)
OPEB 707,666

The internal service fund used by management to charge the costs to individual funds is not reported in government-wide statement of activities. Governmental fund expenditures and the related internal service fund revenues are eliminated. The net revenue (expense) of the internal service fund is allocated among the governmental activities.

116,199

#### Change in net position of governmental activities

\$ 8,784,338

### STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

#### GENERAL FUND

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

Revenues:         Original         Final         Actual         Negative           Revenues:         \$7,228,208         \$7,225,708         \$8,971,077         \$1,745,369           Real and other taxes         \$2,300,765         \$2,306,639         \$2,455,100         \$4,462         \$3,833           Charges for services         \$2,455,500         \$13,550         \$6,409         \$6,401         \$6,401         \$6,401         \$6,401         \$6,401         \$6,401         \$6,401         \$6,401         \$6,401         \$6,401         \$6,401         \$6,401         \$6,401         \$6,401         \$6,401         \$6,401         \$6,401         \$6,401         \$6,401         \$6,402         \$6,403         \$6,403         \$6,403         \$6,403         \$6,403         \$6,403         \$6,403         \$6,403         \$6,402         \$6,402		Budgeted Amounts					Variance with Final Budget Positive		
Real and other taxes		<u></u>	Original		Final		Actual		
Real and other taxes         2,300,765         2,306,639         2,257,116         (49,523)           Charges for services         2,455,500         2,415,667         (35,833)           Licenses and permits         132,550         132,550         68,409         (64,141)           Fines, forfeitures and settlements         447,200         447,200         356,973         (90,227)           Intergovernmental         881,189         969,515         1,107,283         137,768           Special assessments         -         -         752,798         661,374           Rental income         65,800         65,800         21,091         (44,709)           Contributions and donations         5,600         5,600         4,625         (975)           Other         230,800         140,800         240,116         99,316           Total revenues           Expenditures           Current:           Current:           Current:         Current:           Current:           Council           Personal services         157,831         157,831         155,774         2,057           Other         25,925         25,									
Charges for services         2,455,500         2,455,500         2,419,667         (3,833)           Liceness and permits         132,550         132,550         68,409         (64,141)           Fines, forfeitures and settlements         447,200         447,200         356,973         (90,227)           Intergovernmental         881,189         969,515         1,107,283         137,768           Special assessments         -         -         3         3           Interest income         61,800         65,800         21,091         (44,709)           Contributions and donations         5,600         5,600         4,625         (975)           Other         230,800         140,800         240,116         99,316           Total revenues           Total revenues           Fersonal services         157,831         157,831         155,774         2,057           Other         25,925         25,925         13,671         12,254           Total council         183,756         183,756         169,445         14,311           Mayor           Personal services         380,533         380,533         319,129         61,404 <td></td> <td>\$</td> <td></td> <td>\$</td> <td></td> <td>\$</td> <td></td> <td>\$</td> <td></td>		\$		\$		\$		\$	
Liceness and permits         132,550         68,409         (64,141)           Fines, forfeitures and settlements         447,200         345,973         (90,227)           Intergovernmental         881,189         969,515         1,107,283         137,768           Special assessments         -         -         -         3         3           Interest income         19,424         19,424         752,798         661,374           Rental income         65,800         55,800         21,091         (44,709)           Other         230,800         140,800         240,116         99,316           Total revenues         13,839,036         13,840,736         16,199,158         2,358,422           Expenditures:           Couries           Expenditures:           Couries           Expenditures:           Couries           Dersonal services         157,831         157,831         155,774         2,057           Other         25,925         25,925         13,671         12,254           Total council         183,756         183,756         169,445         14,311           Mayor <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>									
Fines, forfeitures and settlements									
Intergovernmental									
Special assessments         -         -         3         3           Interest income         91,424         91,424         752,798         661,374           Rental income         65,800         56,800         21,091         (44,709)           Contributions and donations         5,600         5,600         4,625         (975)           Other         230,800         140,800         240,116         993,16           Total revenues         13,839,036         13,840,736         16,199,158         2,358,422           Expenditures:           Current:           General government           Council         157,831         157,831         155,774         2,057           Other         25,925         25,925         13,671         12,254           Total council         183,756         183,756         169,445         14,311           Mayor           Personal services         380,533         380,533         319,129         61,404           Other         228,803         228,803         194,467         34,36           Total mayor         669,336         669,336         513,596         95,740           P									
Interest income   91,424   91,424   752,798   661,374   Rental income   65,800   65,800   21,091   (44,709)   Contributions and donations   5,600   5,600   4,625   (975)   Other   230,800   140,800   240,116   99,316   Total revenues   13,839,036   13,840,736   16,199,158   2,358,422   Expenditures:			881,189		969,515				
Rental income Contributions and donations         65,800 5,600 230,800         65,800 4,625 40,116         21,091 99,316         44,709) 99,316           Total revenues         13,839,036         13,840,736         16,199,158         2,358,422           Expenditures:           Current:           General government           Council           Personal services         157,831 158,756         157,831 158,756         155,774 2,057 13,671         2,057 12,254           Other         25,925 25,925         25,925 13,671         12,254           Total council         183,756         183,756         169,445         14,311           Mayor Personal services         380,533 380,533         319,129 319,467         34,336           Total mayor         609,336         609,336         513,596         95,740           Other         1,893,112         1,893,108         1,860,995         32,113           Total auditor         2,550,257         2,550,253         2,488,963         61,290           Treasurer           Personal services         45,447         45,448         45,448         4           Personal services         96,267         96,268         84,284         11,984 <tr< td=""><td>•</td><td></td><td>01.424</td><td></td><td>01.424</td><td></td><td>_</td><td></td><td>_</td></tr<>	•		01.424		01.424		_		_
Contributions and donations Other         5,600 230,800         5,600 240,116         97,51 99,316           Other         230,800         140,800         240,116         99,316           Total revenues         13,839,036         13,840,736         16,199,158         2,358,422           Expenditures:           Current:           General government           Council         157,831         157,831         155,774         2,057           Other         25,925         25,925         13,671         12,254           Total council         183,756         183,756         169,445         14,311           Mayor         Personal services         380,533         380,533         319,129         61,404           Other         228,803         28,803         194,467         34,336           Total mayor         609,336         609,336         513,596         95,740           Auditor         28,803         28,803         194,467         34,336           Total mayor         657,145         657,145         627,968         29,177           Other         1,893,112         1,893,108         1,860,995         32,113           Total auditor         2,							•		•
Other         230,800         140,800         240,116         99,316           Total revenues         13,839,036         13,840,736         16,199,158         2,358,422           Expenditures:           Current:           General government           Council         157,831         157,831         155,774         2,057           Other         25,925         25,925         13,671         12,254           Total council         183,756         183,756         169,445         14,311           Mayor           Personal services         380,533         380,533         319,129         61,404           Other         228,803         28,803         194,467         34,336           Total mayor         609,336         609,336         513,596         95,740           Additor         Personal services         657,145         657,145         627,968         29,177           Other         1,893,112         1,893,108         1,860,995         32,113           Total auditor         2,550,257         2,550,253         2,488,963         61,294           Treasurer         Personal services         45,447         45,448         45,448 <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>· ·</td> <td></td> <td></td>							· ·		
Total revenues         13,839,036         13,840,736         16,199,158         2,358,422           Expenditures:           Current:           General government         30,000         157,831         157,831         155,774         2,057         2,057         2,000         183,756         183,756         169,445         12,254         10,404 <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<>									
Expenditures:           Current:           General government         Council           Personal services         157,831         157,831         155,774         2,057           Other         25,925         25,925         13,671         12,254           Total council         183,756         183,756         169,445         14,311           Mayor         Personal services         380,533         380,533         319,129         61,404           Other         228,803         228,803         194,467         34,336           Total mayor         609,336         609,336         513,596         95,740           Auditor         Personal services         657,145         657,145         627,968         29,177           Other         1,893,112         1,893,108         1,860,995         32,113           Total auditor         2,550,257         2,550,253         2,488,963         61,290           Treasurer         Personal services         45,447         45,448         45,448         -           Other         50,820         50,820         38,836         11,984           Total treasurer         96,267         96,268         84,284         11,984	Otner		230,800		140,800		240,116	-	99,316
Current:   General government   Council   Fersonal services   157,831   157,831   155,774   2,057   Other   25,925   25,925   13,671   12,254   Total council   183,756   183,756   169,445   14,311	Total revenues		13,839,036		13,840,736	. <u>-</u>	16,199,158		2,358,422
General government Council           Personal services         157,831         157,831         155,774         2,057           Other         25,925         25,925         13,671         12,254           Total council         183,756         183,756         169,445         14,311           Mayor         Personal services         380,533         380,533         319,129         61,404           Other         228,803         228,803         194,467         34,336           Total mayor         609,336         609,336         513,596         95,740           Auditor         Personal services         657,145         657,145         627,968         29,177           Other         1,893,112         1,893,108         1,860,995         32,113           Total auditor         2,550,257         2,550,253         2,488,963         61,290           Treasurer           Personal services         45,447         45,448         45,448         -           Other         50,820         50,820         38,836         11,984           Total treasurer         96,267         96,268         84,284         11,984           Law Director         16,010         16,010 <t< td=""><td>Expenditures:</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>	Expenditures:								
Council         Personal services         157,831         157,831         155,774         2,057           Other         25,925         25,925         13,671         12,254           Total council         183,756         183,756         169,445         14,311           Mayor         Personal services         380,533         380,533         319,129         61,404           Other         228,803         228,803         194,467         34,336           Total mayor         609,336         609,336         513,596         95,740           Auditor         Personal services         657,145         657,145         627,968         29,177           Other         1,893,112         1,893,108         1,860,995         32,113           Total auditor         2,550,257         2,550,253         2,488,963         61,290           Treasurer           Personal services         45,447         45,448         45,448         -           Other         50,820         50,820         38,836         11,984           Total treasurer         96,267         96,268         84,284         11,984           Total treasurer         1,010         16,010         6,835         9,175	Current:								
Personal services         157,831         157,831         155,774         2,057           Other         25,925         25,925         13,671         12,254           Total council         183,756         183,756         169,445         14,311           Mayor         Personal services         380,533         380,533         319,129         61,404           Other         228,803         228,803         194,467         34,336           Total mayor         609,336         609,336         513,596         95,740           Auditor         Personal services         657,145         657,145         627,968         29,177           Other         1,893,112         1,893,108         1,860,995         32,113           Total auditor         2,550,257         2,550,253         2,488,963         61,290           Treasurer         Personal services         45,447         45,448         45,448         -           Other         50,820         50,820         38,836         11,984           Total treasurer         96,267         96,268         84,284         11,984           Law Director         16,010         16,010         6,835         9,175           Total law director         403	General government								
Other         25,925         25,925         13,671         12,254           Total council         183,756         183,756         169,445         14,311           Mayor         Personal services         380,533         380,533         319,129         61,404           Other         228,803         228,803         194,467         34,336           Total mayor         609,336         609,336         513,596         95,740           Auditor         Personal services         657,145         657,145         627,968         29,177           Other         1,893,112         1,893,108         1,860,995         32,113           Total auditor         2,550,257         2,550,253         2,488,963         61,290           Treasurer         Personal services         45,447         45,448         45,448         -           Other         50,820         50,820         38,836         11,984           Total treasurer         96,267         96,268         84,284         11,984           Law Director         1         16,010         16,010         6,835         9,175           Total law director         403,012         403,012         391,918         11,094           Service Director </td <td>Council</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	Council								
Total council         183,756         183,756         169,445         14,311           Mayor         Personal services         380,533         380,533         319,129         61,404           Other         228,803         228,803         194,467         34,336           Total mayor         609,336         609,336         513,596         95,740           Auditor         Personal services         657,145         627,968         29,177           Other         1,893,112         1,893,108         1,860,995         32,113           Total auditor         2,550,257         2,550,253         2,488,963         61,290           Treasurer         Personal services         45,447         45,448         45,448         -           Other         50,820         50,820         38,836         11,984           Total treasurer         96,267         96,268         84,284         11,984           Law Director         Personal services         387,002         387,002         385,083         1,919           Other         16,010         16,010         6,835         9,175           Total law director         403,012         403,012         391,918         11,094           Service Director	Personal services		157,831		157,831		155,774		2,057
Mayor         Personal services         380,533         380,533         319,129         61,404           Other         228,803         228,803         194,467         34,336           Total mayor         609,336         609,336         513,596         95,740           Auditor         Personal services         657,145         627,968         29,177           Other         1,893,112         1,893,108         1,860,995         32,113           Total auditor         2,550,257         2,550,253         2,488,963         61,290           Treasurer           Personal services         45,447         45,448         45,448         -           Other         50,820         50,820         38,836         11,984           Total treasurer         96,267         96,268         84,284         11,984           Law Director         Personal services         387,002         387,002         385,083         1,919           Other         16,010         16,010         6,835         9,175           Total law director         403,012         403,012         391,918         11,094           Service Director         Personal services         1,219,669         1,234,144         1,116,544	Other		25,925		25,925		13,671		12,254
Personal services         380,533         380,533         319,129         61,404           Other         228,803         228,803         194,467         34,336           Total mayor         609,336         609,336         513,596         95,740           Auditor         Personal services         657,145         657,145         627,968         29,177           Other         1,893,112         1,893,108         1,860,995         32,113           Total auditor         2,550,257         2,550,253         2,488,963         61,290           Treasurer         Personal services         45,447         45,448         45,448         -           Other         50,820         50,820         38,836         11,984           Total treasurer         96,267         96,268         84,284         11,984           Law Director         16,010         16,010         6,835         9,175           Total law director         403,012         381,002         385,083         1,919           Service Director         403,012         403,012         391,918         11,094           Service Director         1,219,669         1,234,144         1,116,544         117,600	Total council		183,756		183,756		169,445		14,311
Personal services         380,533         380,533         319,129         61,404           Other         228,803         228,803         194,467         34,336           Total mayor         609,336         609,336         513,596         95,740           Auditor         Personal services         657,145         657,145         627,968         29,177           Other         1,893,112         1,893,108         1,860,995         32,113           Total auditor         2,550,257         2,550,253         2,488,963         61,290           Treasurer         Personal services         45,447         45,448         45,448         -           Other         50,820         50,820         38,836         11,984           Total treasurer         96,267         96,268         84,284         11,984           Law Director         16,010         16,010         6,835         9,175           Total law director         403,012         381,002         385,083         1,919           Service Director         403,012         403,012         391,918         11,094           Service Director         1,219,669         1,234,144         1,116,544         117,600	Mayor								
Other Total mayor         228,803 (609,336)         194,467 (34,336)         34,336 (509,336)         313,596 (513,596)         95,740           Auditor Personal services Other	•		380 533		380 533		319 129		61 404
Total mayor         609,336         609,336         513,596         95,740           Auditor Personal services Other Other 1,893,112 1,893,108 1,860,995 32,113 Total auditor 2,550,257 2,550,253 2,488,963 61,290         32,113 61,290           Treasurer Personal services Other 50,820 50,820 50,820 38,836 11,984 Total treasurer Personal services 96,267 96,268 84,284 11,984         11,984 11,984           Law Director Personal services Other 16,010 16,010 6,835 9,175 Total law director Personal services 1,219,669 1,234,144 1,116,544 117,600							·		· ·
Auditor Personal services Other Other 1,893,112 1,893,108 1,860,995 32,113 Total auditor  Treasurer Personal services 45,447 Other 50,820 50,820 Total treasurer Personal services 96,267 96,268 84,284 11,984  Law Director Personal services 387,002 Personal services 387,002 388,083 1,919 Other 16,010 16,010 6,835 9,175 Total law director Personal services 403,012 403,012 391,918 11,094  Service Director Personal services 1,219,669 1,234,144 1,116,544 117,600		-							
Personal services         657,145         657,145         627,968         29,177           Other         1,893,112         1,893,108         1,860,995         32,113           Total auditor         2,550,257         2,550,253         2,488,963         61,290           Treasurer           Personal services         45,447         45,448         45,448         -           Other         50,820         50,820         38,836         11,984           Total treasurer         96,267         96,268         84,284         11,984           Law Director         Personal services         387,002         387,002         385,083         1,919           Other         16,010         16,010         6,835         9,175           Total law director         403,012         403,012         391,918         11,094           Service Director           Personal services         1,219,669         1,234,144         1,116,544         117,600	·		·		·			-	
Other         1,893,112         1,893,108         1,860,995         32,113           Total auditor         2,550,257         2,550,253         2,488,963         61,290           Treasurer           Personal services         45,447         45,448         45,448         -           Other         50,820         50,820         38,836         11,984           Total treasurer         96,267         96,268         84,284         11,984           Law Director         Personal services         387,002         387,002         385,083         1,919           Other         16,010         16,010         6,835         9,175           Total law director         403,012         403,012         391,918         11,094           Service Director         Personal services         1,219,669         1,234,144         1,116,544         117,600									
Total auditor         2,550,257         2,550,253         2,488,963         61,290           Treasurer           Personal services         45,447         45,448         45,448         -           Other         50,820         50,820         38,836         11,984           Total treasurer         96,267         96,268         84,284         11,984           Law Director         Personal services         387,002         387,002         385,083         1,919           Other         16,010         16,010         6,835         9,175           Total law director         403,012         403,012         391,918         11,094           Service Director           Personal services         1,219,669         1,234,144         1,116,544         117,600									
Treasurer         Personal services       45,447       45,448       45,448       -         Other       50,820       50,820       38,836       11,984         Total treasurer       96,267       96,268       84,284       11,984         Law Director       Personal services       387,002       387,002       385,083       1,919         Other       16,010       16,010       6,835       9,175         Total law director       403,012       403,012       391,918       11,094         Service Director         Personal services       1,219,669       1,234,144       1,116,544       117,600									
Personal services         45,447         45,448         45,448         -           Other         50,820         50,820         38,836         11,984           Total treasurer         96,267         96,268         84,284         11,984           Law Director         Personal services         387,002         387,002         385,083         1,919           Other         16,010         16,010         6,835         9,175           Total law director         403,012         403,012         391,918         11,094           Service Director         Personal services         1,219,669         1,234,144         1,116,544         117,600	Total auditor		2,550,257		2,550,253		2,488,963		61,290
Personal services         45,447         45,448         45,448         -           Other         50,820         50,820         38,836         11,984           Total treasurer         96,267         96,268         84,284         11,984           Law Director         Personal services         387,002         387,002         385,083         1,919           Other         16,010         16,010         6,835         9,175           Total law director         403,012         403,012         391,918         11,094           Service Director         Personal services         1,219,669         1,234,144         1,116,544         117,600	Treasurer								
Other         50,820         50,820         38,836         11,984           Total treasurer         96,267         96,268         84,284         11,984           Law Director         Personal services         387,002         387,002         385,083         1,919           Other         16,010         16,010         6,835         9,175           Total law director         403,012         403,012         391,918         11,094           Service Director         Personal services         1,219,669         1,234,144         1,116,544         117,600			45,447		45,448		45,448		_
Total treasurer         96,267         96,268         84,284         11,984           Law Director         Personal services         387,002         387,002         385,083         1,919           Other         16,010         16,010         6,835         9,175           Total law director         403,012         403,012         391,918         11,094           Service Director         Personal services         1,219,669         1,234,144         1,116,544         117,600							· ·		11,984
Personal services         387,002         387,002         385,083         1,919           Other         16,010         16,010         6,835         9,175           Total law director         403,012         403,012         391,918         11,094           Service Director         Personal services         1,219,669         1,234,144         1,116,544         117,600	Total treasurer								
Personal services         387,002         387,002         385,083         1,919           Other         16,010         16,010         6,835         9,175           Total law director         403,012         403,012         391,918         11,094           Service Director         Personal services         1,219,669         1,234,144         1,116,544         117,600	Law Director								
Other         16,010         16,010         6,835         9,175           Total law director         403,012         403,012         391,918         11,094           Service Director           Personal services         1,219,669         1,234,144         1,116,544         117,600			387 002		387 002		385 083		1 919
Total law director         403,012         403,012         391,918         11,094           Service Director Personal services         1,219,669         1,234,144         1,116,544         117,600							·		· ·
Service Director Personal services 1,219,669 1,234,144 1,116,544 117,600									
Personal services 1,219,669 1,234,144 1,116,544 117,600			- <del>- ,</del>	-					= , ~ .
Other 474 738 473 130 405 896 67 234									
	Other		474,738		473,130		405,896		67,234
Total service director 1,694,407 1,707,274 1,522,440 184,834	Total service director		1,694,407		1,707,274		1,522,440	_	184,834

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

(Continued)

### STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

#### GENERAL FUND (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

_	Budgeted Amounts			Variance with Final Budget Positive	
_	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)	
Municipal Court					
Personal services	866,908	866,908	821,694	45,214	
Other	86,815	86,815	68,523	18,292	
Total municipal court	953,723	953,723	890,217	63,506	
Records Commission					
Personal services	2,275	2,275	2,100	175	
Other	600	600	<u>-</u>	600	
Total council clerk	2,875	2,875	2,100	775	
Total general government	6,493,633	6,506,497	6,062,963	443,534	
Security of persons and property					
Security of persons and property					
Personal services	5,856,666	5,856,666	5,216,852	639,814	
Other	608,943	677,295	524,502	152,793	
Total security of persons and property	6,465,609	6,533,961	5,741,354	792,607	
Public health					
Service Director					
Other	137,762	142,262	138,991	3,271	
Total public health	137,762	142,262	138,991	3,271	
Leisure time services					
Service Director					
Personal services	976,643	962,168	794,946	167,222	
Other	256,819	271,879	220,064	51,815	
Total leisure time services	1,233,462	1,234,047	1,015,010	219,037	
Community and economic development					
Service Director					
Personal services	317,708	317,708	296,959	20,749	
Other	50,806	51,097	20,245	30,852	
Total community and economic development	368,514	368,805	317,204	51,601	
See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements				(Continued)	

### STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

#### GENERAL FUND (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	<b>Budgeted Amounts</b>			Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Debt service:				
Principal retirement	3,486	3,581	3,580	1
Interest and fiscal charges	2,753	2,658	2,658	
Total debt service	6,239	6,239	6,238	1
Total expenditures	14,705,219	14,791,811	13,281,760	1,510,051
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over (under) expenditures	(866,183)	(951,075)	2,917,398	3,868,473
Other financing sources (uses):				
Sale of assets	5,000	5,000	5,117	117
Advances in	-	-	234,394	234,394
Advances out	-	-	(606,110)	(606,110)
Transfers in	-	-	53,380	53,380
Transfers out	(362,838)	(1,918,545)	(1,917,632)	913
Total other financing sources (uses)	(357,838)	(1,913,545)	(2,230,851)	(317,306)
Net change in fund balances	(1,224,021)	(2,864,620)	686,547	3,551,167
Fund balances at beginning of year	13,601,019	13,601,019	13,601,019	-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated	20,711	20,711	20,711	
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 12,397,709	\$ 10,757,110	\$ 14,308,277	\$ 3,551,167



#### STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2022

	 Storm Water	 Telecom	 Sewer	 Water
Assets:				
Current assets:				
Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$ 860,267	\$ 5,056,908	\$ 3,188,177	\$ 3,944,841
Cash in segregated accounts	-	-	-	-
Cash with fiscal and escrow agents	-	-	-	1,472
Restricted cash	-	-	-	-
Receivables:				
Accounts	131,904	1,422,758	890,863	558,351
Lease	-	200,917	-	24,550
Special assessments	-	-	-	40,726
Interfund loans	77,897	489,222	280,922	239,713
Due from other governments	-	75,481	-	-
Accrued interest	-	186	_	13
Materials and supplies inventory	<del>-</del>	172,434	54,599	182,445
Prepayments	 34	 38,882	 24,790	34,284
Total current assets	 1,070,102	 7,456,788	 4,439,351	 5,026,395
Noncurrent assets:				
Investment in joint venture	-	-	-	-
Net pension asset	-	27,511	24,031	39,504
Net OPEB asset	-	142,336	124,334	204,389
Capital assets:				
Land and construction in progress	139,230	125,396	261,767	811,771
Depreciable capital assets, net	 18,279,605	 1,143,126	 27,922,343	 25,532,404
Total capital assets, net	 18,418,835	 1,268,522	 28,184,110	 26,344,175
Total noncurrent assets	 18,418,835	 1,438,369	 28,332,475	 26,588,068
Total assets	 19,488,937	 8,895,157	 32,771,826	 31,614,463
<b>Deferred outflows of resources:</b>				
Unamortized deferred charges on debt refunding	3,622	-	_	183,841
Pension	-	177,691	157,954	281,637
OPEB	-	948	2,860	11,248
Asset retirement obligation	-	-	_	-
Total deferred outflows of resources	3,622	178,639	 160,814	476,726
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	19,492,559	9,073,796	 32,932,640	32,091,189
Liabilities:	 			
Current liabilities:				
Accounts payable	6,632	245,045	78,429	27,801
Contracts payable	372	29,514	181,773	2,710
Accrued wages and benefits payable	-	16,721	15,408	21,912
Matured compensated absences payable	_	-	-	-1,51-
Due to other funds	_	_	_	_
Due to other governments	3,584	2,790	2,597	3,798
Interfund loans payable	385,485	2,700	513,000	2,201,450
Accrued interest payable	2,116	291	4,058	16,642
Compensated absences payable - current	-,::0	73,452	48,991	104,746
compensated accented payable current		, 5, 152	10,771	101,710

<b>Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds</b>						Governmental Activities -
Electric			Sanitation		Total	Internal Service Funds
\$	14,985,191	\$	3,030,223	\$	31,065,607	\$ 2,142,491
	806,256		-		806,256	-
	-		-		1,472	-
	-		27,765		27,765	-
	4,043,623		477,850		7,525,349	533
	-		-		225,467	-
	-		-		40,726	-
	963,535		293,135		2,344,424	207,271
	=		-		75,481	-
	<del>-</del>		-		199	<del>-</del>
	2,133,920				2,543,398	427,580
	103,520		5,129	_	206,639	151,261
_	23,036,045		3,834,102		44,862,783	2,929,136
	202,831		-		202,831	-
	102,790		17,085		210,921	33,153
	531,822		88,395		1,091,276	171,532
	448,100		_		1,786,264	-
	16,554,281		2,146,560		91,578,319	205,325
	17,002,381		2,146,560		93,364,583	205,325
	17,839,824		2,252,040		94,869,611	410,010
	40,875,869		6,086,142		139,732,394	3,339,146
	_		_		187,463	_
	664,737		114,675		1,396,694	234,581
	4,543		3,696		23,295	15,744
			20,755		20,755	-
	669,280		139,126	_	1,628,207	250,325
	41,545,149		6,225,268		141,360,601	3,589,471
			, , ,		, ,	
	2,140,767		3,098		2,501,772	22,333
	82,519		, -		296,888	-
	61,865		12,489		128,395	21,002
	2,900		-		2,900	-
	71,790		-		71,790	-
	26,260		82,290		121,319	3,505
	1,651,501		-		4,751,436	-
	5,161		-		28,268	-
	215,255		29,576		472,020	108,108

#### STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2022

**Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds** 

	Storm Water	Telecom	Sewer	Water
Claims payable	-	-	-	-
Unearned revenue	-	-	-	-
Deposits held and due to others	-	-	17,009	22,863
Refundable deposits	-	-	-	-
Matured interest payable	-	-	-	1,472
General obligation bonds payable - current	92,041	10,000	50,000	652,959
OWDA loans payable - current	-	-	1,345,968	-
OPWC loans payable - current	5,602	-	-	4,618
Stranded costs payable - current	<u> </u>			
Total current liabilities	495,832	377,813	2,257,233	3,060,971
Long-term liabilities:				
Asset retirement obligation	-	-	-	-
Compensated absences payable	-	62,569	85,872	170,982
General obligation bonds payable	358,889	106,920	976,100	5,738,893
OWDA loans payable	-	-	5,824,975	-
OPWC loans payable	39,217	-	-	83,130
Net pension liability	<u> </u>	395,999	345,914	568,638
Total long-term liabilities	398,106	565,488	7,232,861	6,561,643
Total liabilities	893,938	943,301	9,490,094	9,622,614
Deferred inflows of resources:				
Pension	_	522,404	471,804	701,665
OPEB	-	156,483	134,477	211,176
Leases	-	198,897	, -	24,109
Total deferred inflows of resources		877,784	606,281	936,950
Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources	893,938	1,821,085	10,096,375	10,559,564
Net position:				
Net investment in capital assets	17,926,336	1,122,088	19,805,294	20,045,706
Unrestricted	672,285	6,130,623	3,030,971	1,485,919
Total net position	\$ 18,598,621	\$ 7,252,711	\$ 22,836,265	\$ 21,531,625
	. <del></del>			

Adjustment to reflect the consolidation of the internal service funds activities related to enterprise funds. Net position of business-type activities

Business-ty	Governmental		
			Activities - Internal
Electric	Sanitation	<b>Total</b>	Service Funds
-	-	-	518,222
-	-	-	4,089
-	-	39,872	-
806,256	-	806,256	-
-	-	1,472	-
-	-	805,000	-
-	-	1,345,968	-
-	-	10,220	-
1,435	<u> </u>	1,435	
5,065,709	127,453	11,385,011	677,259
-	27,673	27,673	-
425,784	44,820	790,027	113,374
-	-	7,180,802	-
-	-	5,824,975	-
-	-	122,347	-
1,479,598	245,927	3,036,076	477,225
1,905,382	318,420	16,981,900	590,599
6,971,091	445,873	28,366,911	1,267,858
1,987,025	311,876	3,994,774	661,217
570,924	92,325	1,165,385	186,870
-	-	223,006	, <u>-</u>
2,557,949	404,201	5,383,165	848,087
9,529,040	850,074	33,750,076	2,115,945
16,919,862	2,139,642	77,958,928	205,325
15,096,247	3,235,552	29,651,597	1,268,201
\$ 32,016,109	\$ 5,375,194	107,610,525	\$ 1,473,526
		947,950	
		\$ 108,558,475	

# STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

**Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds** 

	Storm Water	Telecom	Sewer	Water
Operating revenues:				
Charges for services	\$ 903,582	\$ 6,818,922	\$ 4,478,932	\$ 3,867,443
Rental income	<del>-</del>	44,263	<del>-</del>	36,104
Other operating revenues	2	76,221	470,981	1,133
Total operating revenues	903,584	6,939,406	4,949,913	3,904,680
Operating expenses:				
Personal services	329,763	1,155,925	1,251,256	1,273,962
Contract services	176,340	3,679,219	559,984	335,566
Materials and supplies	62,310	232,683	220,233	338,556
Purchased power	-	-	-	-
Claims expense	-	-	-	-
Depreciation	399,449	201,299	1,100,041	747,596
Other	9,186	253,157	18,391	52,589
Total operating expenses	977,048	5,522,283	3,149,905	2,748,269
Operating income (loss)	(73,464)	1,417,123	1,800,008	1,156,411
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):				
Interest income	-	2,431	-	256
Interest and fiscal charges	(18,749)	(3,224)	(276,862)	(181,630)
Gain (loss) on sale of capital assets	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	10,540	(98)	(4,289)
Other nonoperating expenses	-	(20,000)	· -	(60,000)
Other nonoperating revenues	-	· · · · · · · · ·	-	· -
Investment in joint venture	-	-	-	-
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	(18,749)	(10,253)	(276,960)	(245,663)
Income (loss) before contributions				
and transfers	(92,213)	1,406,870	1,523,048	910,748
Transfer in	3,874	24,192	22,163	30,197
Capital contributions	993,841		390,062	581,157
Change in net position	905,502	1,431,062	1,935,273	1,522,102
Net position at beginning of year	17,693,119	5,821,649	20,900,992	20,009,523
Net position at end of year	\$ 18,598,621	\$ 7,252,711	\$ 22,836,265	\$ 21,531,625

Adjustment to reflect the consolidation of internal service funds activities related to enterprise funds.

Change in net position of business-type activities

	Business-ty  Electric		ctivities - Ent	erpr	rise Funds  Total	Governmental Activities - Internal Service Funds			
\$	30,393,546	\$	3,050,922	\$	49,513,347	\$	6,721,612		
	-		-		80,367		- 0.72		
	256,534		174		805,045		8,973		
	30,650,080	_	3,051,096		50,398,759		6,730,585		
	3,223,130		637,432		7,871,468		1,073,020		
	1,289,497		795,226		6,835,832		1,500,688		
	507,954		131,260		1,492,996		516,236		
	23,380,905		- ,		23,380,905		-		
	-		-		- ·		3,428,708		
	1,325,606		570,777		4,344,768		44,040		
	1,177,074		28,290		1,538,687		20,314		
	30,904,166		2,162,985		45,464,656		6,583,006		
	(254,086)	_	888,111		4,934,103		147,579		
			207		2.074				
	(15,102)		287		2,974 (495,567)		-		
	15,694		(13,399)		8,448		_		
	(150,000)		(13,377)		(230,000)		_		
	12,336		16,183		28,519		_		
	(5,723)		-		(5,723)		_		
_	(142,795)		3,071	_	(691,349)		-		
	(396,881)		891,182		4,242,754		147,579		
	(330,001)	-	051,102		1,2 12,7 5 1	-	117,575		
	134,400		17,373		232,199		24,577		
	20,008		-		1,985,068				
	(242,473)		908,555		6,460,021		172,156		
	32,258,582		4,466,639				1,301,370		
\$	32,016,109	\$	5,375,194			\$	1,473,526		
					43,973				
				Ф	6 <b>502</b> 00 <b>4</b>				

6,503,994

#### STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds							
		Storm Water		Telecom	·	Sewer	_	Water
Cash flows from operating activities: Cash received from customers Cash received from other operations	\$	897,354	\$	6,738,498 45,229	\$	4,502,374 170,981	\$	4,150,828 37,039
Cash payments to employees for services Cash payments for goods and services Cash payments for claims		(564,649)		(1,111,339) (4,349,503)		(945,506) (1,245,124)		(1,592,361) (1,148,950)
Cash payments for other expenses		(8,976)		(251,129)		(32,570)	_	(47,096)
Net cash provided by (used in)								
operating activities		323,729	_	1,071,756	_	2,450,155	_	1,399,460
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:								
Cash used for other nonoperating expenses		-		(20,000)		-		(60,000)
Cash used for other nonoperating revenues		-		-		-		-
Cash received from transfers in		3,874		24,192		22,163		30,197
Cash received from internal notes		446,952		491,892		801,353		2,487,561
Cash used for internal notes		(517,897)	_	(489,222)	-	(714,422)	_	(2,488,313)
Net cash provided by (used in) noncapital								
financing activities		(67,071)		6,862		109,094	_	(30,555)
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:								
Sale of capital assets		-		10,540		1,107		-
Acquisition of capital assets		(56,705)		(256,738)		(422,465)		(614,044)
Proceeds from loans		-		-		-		82,776
Principal payments		(97,646)		(10,000)		(1,354,551)		(677,576)
Interest and fiscal charges		(15,007)		(3,890)		(278,180)		(140,607)
Cash received from capital grants		203,716					_	
Net cash provided by (used in) capital and related financing activities		34,358		(260,088)		(2,054,089)		(1,349,451)
Cash flows from investing activities:								
Investment income			_		_		_	
Net cash provided by investing activities						<u>-</u>	_	
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		291,016		818,530		505,160		19,454
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year		569,251		4,238,378		2,683,017		3,926,859
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$	860,267	\$	5,056,908	\$	3,188,177	\$	3,946,313

	Business-tyj	Governmental			
				Activities - Internal	
	Electric	Sanitation	Total	Service Funds	
	Electric	Sumumon	Total	Service I unus	
\$	30,273,585	\$ 3,019,839	\$ 49,582,478	\$ 6,740,671	
	157,342	174	410,765	17,812	
	(4,322,821)	(718,412)	(8,690,439)	(1,359,813)	
	(25,255,052)	(1,064,422)	(33,627,700)	(2,074,302)	
	-	-	-	(3,374,783)	
	(1,379,554)	(38,496)	(1,757,821)	(36,947)	
	<u> </u>				
	(526,500)	1,198,683	5,917,283	(87,362)	
	(150,000)	-	(230,000)	-	
	78,594	16,183	94,777	-	
	134,400	17,373	232,199	24,577	
	2,797,943	323,947	7,349,648	249,791	
	(2,951,651)	(293,135)	(7,454,640)	(207,271)	
	(00.71.4)	64.260	(0.016)	67.007	
_	(90,714)	64,368	(8,016)	67,097	
	22,580	21,700	55,927	_	
	(676,156)	(1,044,521)	(3,070,629)	-	
	(070,130)	(1,044,321)	82,776	_	
	(769,995)		(2,909,768)	_	
	(9,940)		(447,624)	_	
	(2,240)		203,716	_	
			203,710		
	(1,433,511)	(1,022,821)	(6,085,602)	_	
-	(1,100,011)	(=,==,===)	(*,***,**=)		
	_	287	287	-	
	-	287	287		
	(2,050,725)	240,517	(176,048)	(20,265)	
	17,842,172	2,817,471	32,077,148	2,162,756	
\$	15,791,447	\$ 3,057,988	\$ 31,901,100	\$ 2,142,491	

(Continued)

#### STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds							
		Storm Water	Telecom		Sewer			Water
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:								
Operating income (loss)	\$	(73,464)	\$	1,417,123	\$	1,800,008	\$	1,156,411
Adjustments:								
Depreciation		399,449		201,299		1,100,041		747,596
Changes in assets, deferred inflows, liabilities and deferred outflows:								
Accounts receivable		(6,228)		(79,978)		(276,558)		(7,279)
Lease receivable		_		20,197		_		35,966
Special assessments		_		-		-		(40,726)
Due from other governments		_		(75,481)		_		_
Materials and supplies inventory		_		(72,173)		12,997		12,162
Deferred outflows - pension		_		(62,647)		(56,565)		(104,026)
Deferred outflows - OPEB		_		51,587		42,613		73,465
Deferred outflows - asset retirement obligation		_		-		-		_
Net pension asset		_		(7,528)		(5,772)		(12,597)
Net OPEB asset		_		(58,275)		(47,527)		(91,203)
Prepayments		(2)		(508)		(2,740)		(1,273)
Refundable deposits		-		_		_		_
Accounts payable		3,764		29,666		63,760		(10,548)
Payroll liabilities		-		(12,197)		(12,197)		(17,318)
Accrued wages and benefits		-		2,906		2,375		855
Due to other governments		210		484		(1,631)		284
Stranded costs payable		_		-		-		_
Compensated absences payable		-		(24,153)		40,594		(75,857)
Unearned revenue		-		-		-		-
Net pension liability		-		(307,648)		(297,010)		(378,803)
Deferred inflows - pension		-		185,511		188,249		283,805
Deferred inflows - OPEB		_		(116,457)		(100,482)		(135,291)
Deferred inflows - leases		_		(19,972)		-		(36,163)
Due to other funds		_		-		-		-
Claims payable								
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$	323,729	\$	1,071,756	\$	2,450,155	\$	1,399,460

#### Non-cash transactions:

The Storm Water fund received \$993,841 in capital contributions in 2022.

The Sewer fund received \$390,062 in capital contributions in 2022.

The Water fund received \$581,157 in capital contributions in 2022.

The Electric fund received \$20,008 in capital contributions in 2022.

	Business-typ		Governmental Activities -					
				Internal				
	Electric	Sanitation		Total	Service Funds			
\$	(254,086)	\$ 888,111	\$	4,934,103	\$	147,579		
Ψ	(20 1,000)	Ψ 000,111	Ψ	.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	Ψ	1.7,072		
	1,325,606	570,777		4,344,768		44,040		
	(631,784)	(31,082)		(1,032,909)		23,808		
	(031,704)	(31,002)		56,163		23,000		
	_	_		(40,726)		_		
	_	_		(75,481)		_		
	(251,157)	_		(298,171)		(19,925)		
	(269,822)	(41,639)		(534,699)		(36,974)		
	167,447	30,037		365,149		82,364		
	· -	6,918		6,918		· -		
	(25,761)	(4,913)		(56,571)		(7,604)		
	(207,789)	(37,193)		(441,987)		(64,056)		
	(11,391)	300		(15,614)		7,760		
	(1,195)	-		(1,195)		-		
	627,177	(1,317)		712,502		3,522		
	(47,129)	(7,624)		(96,465)		(16,633)		
	10,802	2,188		19,126		2,029		
	1,108	(21,620)		(21,165)		338		
	1,435	-		1,435		-		
	(96,982)	(20,686)		(177,084)		(11,984)		
	-	-		-		4,089		
	(1,232,756)	(182,662)		(2,398,879)		(422,422)		
	790,767	117,052		1,565,384		264,437		
	(419,128)	(67,964)		(839,322)		(141,655)		
	-	-		(56,135)		-		
	(1,862)	-		(1,862)		-		
						53,925		
\$	(526,500)	\$ 1,198,683	\$	5,917,283	\$	(87,362)		

#### STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2022

	Cı	stodial
Assets:		
Current assets:		
Equity in pooled cash		
and investments	\$	30,900
Cash in segregated accounts		41,916
Total assets		72,816
Liabilities:		
Due to other governments		55,499
Total liabilities		55,499
Net Position:		
Restricted for individuals, organizations, and		
other governments	\$	17,317

#### STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	 Custodial		
Additions: Fines and forfeitures for other governments Police property collected	\$ 747,609 80		
Total additions	 747,689		
<b>Deductions:</b> Distributions to other governments Police property disbursed	 747,609 1,018		
Total deductions	 748,627		
Change in net position	(938)		
Net position at beginning of year Net position at end of year	\$ 18,255 17,317		

## NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

#### NOTE 1 - DESCRIPTION OF THE CITY

The City of Wadsworth, Ohio, (the "City") was incorporated in 1866 under the laws of the State of Ohio. The City operates under the Mayor-Council form of government.

A reporting entity is comprised of the primary government, component units and other organizations that are included to ensure that the financial statements are not misleading. The primary government of the City consists of all funds, departments, boards and agencies that are not legally separate from the City.

For the City of Wadsworth this includes police and fire-fighting forces, emergency medical services, sewage and water treatment plants, an electric utility, a cable utility, an internet utility, a street maintenance department, a parks and recreation system, a community access television program, a trash collection service, an airport, planning and zoning, and a staff to provide the necessary support for these services. The City also includes a municipal court with a jurisdiction extending beyond the boundaries of the City. These service departments and the Wadsworth Municipal Court are included as part of the primary reporting entity.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the City is financially accountable. The City is financially accountable for an organization if the City appoints a voting majority of the organization's Governing Board and (1) the City is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the City is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; the City is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or the City is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations for which the City approves the budget, the issuance of debt, or the levying of taxes. Certain organizations are also included as component units if the nature and significance of the relationship between the primary government and the organization is such that exclusion by the primary government would render the financial statements incomplete or misleading. The City has no component units.

The City is associated with the Ohio Municipal Electric Generation Agency Joint Venture 2, 5 and 6 and the Woodlawn Union Cemetery, all of which are joint ventures. The City is also associated with the Municipal Energy Services Agency, which is defined as a jointly governed organization. These organizations are presented in Notes 17 and 18.

### NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The basic financial statements of the City have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to local governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting-body for establishing governmental accounting and financial principles. The most significant of the City's accounting policies are described below:

### A. Basis of Presentation

The City's basic financial statements consist of government-wide statements, including a Statement of Net Position and a Statement of Activities, and fund financial statements which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

Government-wide Financial Statements - The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of activities display information about the City as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds. The activity of the internal service fund is eliminated to avoid "doubling up" revenues and expenses. The statements distinguish between those activities of the City that are governmental and those that are considered business-type activities.

## NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

### NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

The Statement of Net Position presents the financial condition of the governmental and business-type activities of the City at year-end. The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each program or function of the City's governmental activities and for the business-type activities of the City. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues which are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the City, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each business segment or governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the City.

Fund Financial Statements - During the year, the City segregates transactions related to certain City functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the City at this more detailed level. The focus of governmental and proprietary fund financial statements is on major funds. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. The internal service funds are presented in a single column on the face of the proprietary fund statements. Fiduciary funds are reported by type.

#### **B.** Fund Accounting

The City uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. There are three categories of funds: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary. The following categories and fund types are used by the City:

**Governmental Funds** - Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and deferred outflows and liabilities and deferred inflows is reported as fund balance.

The following is the City's major governmental funds:

<u>General Fund</u> - The general fund accounts for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The general fund balance is available to the City for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

<u>General Obligation Bond Retirement Fund</u> - The general obligation bond retirement fund accounts for various revenues collected for the payment of general obligation debt.

Other governmental funds of the City are used to account for grants and other resources whose use is restricted, committed, or assigned to a particular purpose.

**Proprietary Funds** - Proprietary fund reporting focuses on changes in net position, financial position and cash flows. Proprietary funds are classified as either enterprise or internal service.

<u>Enterprise Funds</u> - Enterprise funds may be used to account for any activity for which a fee is charged to external users for goods or services. The following are the City's major enterprise funds:

<u>Storm Water Fund</u> - The Storm Water Fund accounts for the regulation of the discharge, distribution and treatment of storm water within the City.

## NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

### NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

<u>Telecom Fund</u> - The Telecom Fund accounts for the provision of cable television, high-speed internet service and VOIP service to the residents and commercial users located within the City.

<u>Sewer Fund</u> - The Sewer Fund accounts for the provision of sanitary sewer service to the residents and commercial users located within the City and surrounding townships.

<u>Water Fund</u> - The Water Fund accounts for the provision of water treatment and distribution to its residential and commercial users located within the City.

<u>Electric Fund</u> - The Electric Fund accounts for the cost of operating the municipally-owned electric utility and the related revenue from charges for services.

<u>Sanitation Fund</u> - The Sanitation Fund accounts for the provision of trash collection and disposal services for residents and commercial users located within the City and surrounding areas.

<u>Internal Service Funds</u> - Internal service funds account for the financing of services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the City on a cost-reimbursement basis. The City's internal service funds report on an equipment maintenance garage for city owned vehicles and equipment, an information technology support services department for city owned computers and networks, a self-insurance program for employee medical benefits, an insurance retention for employee liability, and a self-insurance workers' compensation.

Fiduciary Funds - Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net position and changes in net position. The Fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private-purpose trust funds and custodial funds. Trust funds are distinguished from agency funds by the existence of a trust agreement or equivalent arrangements that have certain characteristics. Custodial funds are used to report fiduciary activities that are not required to be reported in a trust fund. The City does not have trust funds. The City's custodial funds account for municipal court collections that are distributed to various local governments excluding the City's portion, maintaining the law library, and police property.

## C. Fund Accounting

Government-wide Financial Statements - The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. All assets and deferred outflows and all liabilities and deferred inflows associated with the operation of the City are included on the Statement of Net Position.

Fund Financial Statements - All governmental fund types are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and deferred outflows and current liabilities and deferred inflows are generally included on the balance sheet.

The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

Like the government-wide statements, all proprietary funds and fiduciary are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. All assets and deferred outflows and all liabilities and deferred inflows associated with the operation of these funds are included on the Statement of Fund Net Position. The Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position presents increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in total net position. The Statement of Cash Flows provides information about how the City finances and meets the cash flow needs of its proprietary activities.

## NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

## NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

#### D. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Proprietary and fiduciary funds also use the accrual basis of accounting. Differences in the accrual and modified accrual basis of accounting arise in the recognition of revenue, the recording of deferred inflows and outflows and in the presentation of expenses versus expenditures.

**Revenues - Exchange and Nonexchange Transactions** - Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the City, available means expected to be received within sixty days of year-end.

Nonexchange transactions, in which the City receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include income taxes, property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from income taxes is recognized in the period in which the income is earned. Revenue from property taxes is recognized in the year for which the taxes are levied (See Note 7). Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the City must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the City on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from nonexchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at year-end: income tax, intergovernmental, fines and forfeitures, interest, grants, fees and rentals.

Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources - In addition to assets, the government-wide statement of net position will report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net assets that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. For the City, See Notes 11 and 12 for deferred outflows of resources related the City's net pension asset/liability and net OPEB asset/liability, respectively. In addition, deferred outflows of resources include a deferred charge on debt refunding and asset retirement obligations. A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. The deferred outflows of resources related to the asset retirement obligation is originally measured at the amount of the corresponding liability. This amount is expensed in a systematic and rational manner over the tangible asset's useful life.

In addition to liabilities, both the government-wide statement of net position and the governmental fund financial statements report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net assets that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. For the City, deferred inflows of resources include property taxes, unavailable revenue and leases. Property taxes and payments in lieu of taxes represent amounts for which there is an enforceable legal claim as of December 31, 2022, but which were levied to finance 2023 operations. These amounts have been recorded as a deferred inflow of resources on both the government-wide statement of net position and the governmental fund financial statements. Unavailable revenue is reported only on the governmental funds balance sheet, and represents receivables which will not be collected within the available period. For the City, unavailable revenue includes, but is not limited to, income taxes, delinquent property taxes and intergovernmental grants. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period the amounts become available.

## NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

### NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

The deferred inflow for leases is related to the lease receivable and is being amortized to lease revenue in a systematic and rational manner over the term of the lease. See Notes 11 and 12 for deferred inflows of resources related to the City's net pension asset/liability and net OPEB asset/liability, respectively. This deferred inflow of resources is only reported on the government-wide statement of net position.

Expenses/Expenditures - On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in governmental funds.

## E. Budgetary Data

The budgetary process is prescribed by provisions of the Ohio Revised Code and entails the preparation of budgetary documents within an established timetable. The major documents prepared are the Tax Budget, the Certificate of Estimated Resources, and the Annual Appropriation Ordinance, all of which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The Certificate of Estimated Resources and the Annual Appropriation Ordinance are subject to amendment throughout the year with the legal restriction that appropriations cannot exceed estimated resources, as certified. Except for custodial funds, all funds are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The legal level of budgetary control is at the fund, department and object level (personal and other). Any budgetary modifications at this level may only be made by an ordinance of the City Council.

*Tax Budget* - In July, the City Administration presents the annual Tax Budget for the following year to City Council for consideration and passage. The adopted budget is submitted to the County Auditor, as Secretary of the County Budget Commission, by July 20 of each year, for the period January 1 to December 31 of the following year.

Estimated Resources - The County Budget Commission determines if the budget substantiates a need to levy all or part of previously authorized taxes and reviews estimated revenue. The Commission certifies its actions to the City by September 1. As part of this certification, the City receives the official Certificate of Estimated Resources, which states the projected revenue of each fund. Prior to December 31, the City must revise its budget so that the total contemplated expenditures from any fund during the ensuing year will not exceed the amount available as stated in the Certificate of Estimated Resources. The revised budget then serves as the basis for the Annual Appropriation Ordinance. On or about January 1, the Certificate of Estimated Resources is amended to include unencumbered fund balances at December 31 of the preceding year. The Certificate may be further amended during the year if the Auditor determines, and the Budget Commission agrees, that an estimate needs to be either increased or decreased. The amounts reported on the budgetary statements reflect the amount in the final amended official Certificate of Estimated Resources issued during the year.

Appropriations - For management, a temporary appropriation ordinance to control expenditures may be passed on or about January 1 of each year for the period January 1 to March 31. The Annual Appropriation Ordinance must be passed by April 1 of each year for the period January 1 to December 31. Appropriations by fund must be within the estimated resources as certified by the County Budget Commission and the total of expenditures and encumbrances may not exceed the appropriations at any level of control. Any revisions that alter the appropriations of a fund must first be approved by City Council. Council may pass supplemental fund appropriations so long as the total appropriations by fund do not exceed the amounts set forth in the most recent Certificate of Estimated Resources.

## NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

### NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for all funds consistent with statutory provisions. Appropriation amounts are as originally adopted, or as amended by City Council throughout the year by supplemental appropriations which either reallocate or increase the original appropriation amounts. During the year, supplemental appropriation measures were legally enacted. The budgetary figures which appear in the statement of budgetary comparisons represent the final appropriation amounts, including all amendments and modifications.

**Encumbrances** - As part of formal budgetary control, purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded as the equivalent of expenditures on the non-GAAP budgetary basis in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation and to determine and maintain legal compliance. The Ohio Revised Code prohibits expenditures plus encumbrances from exceeding appropriations at the legal level of budgetary control. On the GAAP basis, encumbered amounts will be included in the restricted, committed, and assigned fund balance classifications.

**Lapsing of Appropriations** - At the close of each year, the unencumbered balance of each appropriation reverts to the respective fund from which it was appropriated and becomes subject to future appropriations. The encumbered appropriation balance is carried forward to the succeeding year; however, carried over balance can only be used for the obligation it was encumbered for. If that obligation goes away, Council would have to re-appropriate those funds to be spent.

#### F. Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments

To improve cash management, cash received by the City is pooled. Monies for all funds, including the proprietary funds, are maintained in this pool. Individual fund integrity is maintained through City records. Each fund's interest in the pool is presented as "Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments" on the balance sheet.

During 2022, the City invested in State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (Star Ohio), US Bank Commercial Money Market, securities issued by the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Bank, US Treasury and commercial paper.

For purposes of the Statement of Cash Flows and for presentation on the Statement of Net Position/Balance Sheet, investments with original maturities of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the City and investments of the cash management pool are considered to be cash equivalents. Investments with a maturity of more than three months are reported as investments. Nonparticipating investment contracts such as overnight repurchase agreements and nonnegotiable certificates of deposit are reported at cost. Investments other than nonparticipating investment contracts, are reported at fair value which is based on quoted market prices.

STAR Ohio is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but has adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), Statement No. 79, "Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants." The City measures its investment in STAR Ohio at the net asset value (NAV) per share provided by STAR Ohio. The NAV per share is calculated on an amortized cost basis that provides an NAV per share that approximates fair value.

For 2022, there were no limitations or restrictions on any participant withdrawals due to redemption notice periods, liquidity fees, or redemption gates. However, notice must be given 24 hours in advance of all deposits and withdrawals exceeding \$100 million. STAR Ohio reserves the right to limit the transaction to \$250 million, requiring the excess amount to be transacted the following business day(s), but only to the \$250 million limit. All accounts of the participant will be combined for these purposes.

Following Ohio statutes, the City has, by ordinance, specified the funds to receive an allocation of interest earnings. Interest revenue of \$687,964 was credited to the general fund during 2022, which includes \$569,869 assigned from other City funds.

## NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

## NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

The City utilizes a fiscal agent to hold matured bonds and coupons. The balance in this account is presented on the balance sheet as "Cash with Fiscal and Escrow Agents". Bank accounts held outside the general cash pool are presented on the balance sheet as "Cash in Segregated Account". "Restricted Cash" is cash held in an account required by the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) for future postclosure costs.

#### **G.** Interfund Balances

On fund financial statements, interfund loans are classified as "Interfund Receivable/Payable" on the balance sheet, and are either restricted or committed fund balance. These amounts are eliminated in the governmental and business-type activities columns of the statement of net position, except for any net residual amounts due between governmental and business-type activities, which are presented as internal balances.

### H. Inventory

On government-wide and fund financial statements, inventories are presented at cost on a first-in, first-out basis and are expensed when used. Inventory in governmental funds consists of expendable supplies held for consumption. The cost of inventory items is recorded as an expenditure in the governmental fund types and proprietary funds when used.

### I. Prepaid Items

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond December 31, are recorded as prepaid items using the consumption method by recording a current asset for the prepaid amount and reflecting the expenditure/expense in the year in which it was consumed.

### J. Capital Assets

General capital assets are those capital assets which are associated with and generally arise from governmental activities. These assets generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide Statement of Net Position, but are not reported in the fund financial statements. Capital assets utilized by the Proprietary funds are reported both in the business-type activities column of the government-wide Statement of Net Position and in the respective funds.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost or estimated historical cost (except for intangible right-to-use lease assets, the measurement of which is discussed in Note 2 M) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated capital assets are recorded at their acquisition values as of the date received. The City maintains a capitalization threshold of \$25,000 for infrastructure, \$10,000 for land improvements and building improvements, \$5,000 for equipment, vehicles, and intangible assets and capitalizes all land and buildings. The City's infrastructure consists of bridges, culverts, curbs, sidewalks, storm sewers, streets, cable, irrigation systems and water and sewer lines. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add capacity or materially extend an asset's life are expensed.

All reported capital assets are depreciated/amortized except for land, certain intangible assets and construction in progress. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Useful lives for infrastructure were estimated based on the City's historical records of necessary improvements and replacement. Depreciation/amortization is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

## NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

	Governmental	Business-type
	activities	activities
<u>Description</u>	estimated lives	estimated lives
Land improvements	20 to 75 years	20 to 75 years
Buildings	25 to 100 years	25 to 100 years
Equipment	3 to 50 years	3 to 50 years
Right-to-use leased equipment	5 years	
Vehicles	8 to 30 years	8 to 30 years
Infrastructure	3 to 110 years	3 to 110 years
Intangibles	50 years	50 years

The City is reporting intangible right-to-use leased equipment. The right-to-use leased equipment assets are being amortized in a systematic and rational manner over the shorter of the lease term or the useful life of the underlying asset.

## **K.** Compensated Absences

The City reports compensated absences in accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 16, "Accounting for Compensated Absences." Vacation benefits and compensatory time are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned if the employees' rights to receive compensation are attributed to services already rendered and it is probable that the City will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means. The City records a liability for accumulated unused vacation time when earned for all eligible employees with more than one year of service and all compensatory time.

Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the termination method. An accrual for sick leave is made to the extent that it is probable that benefits will result in termination payments. The liability is an estimate based on the City's past experience of making termination payments.

The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements. For governmental fund financial statements, compensated absences are recognized as liabilities and expenditures as payments come due each period upon the occurrence of employee resignations and retirements. In proprietary funds, the entire amount of compensated absences is reported as a fund liability.

### L. Accrued and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements, and all payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations payable from proprietary funds are reported on the proprietary fund financial statements.

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources are reported as obligations of the funds. However, claims and judgments, and compensated absences that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the current year. Bonds, leases and police past service costs are recognized as a liability on the fund financial statements when due. Net pension/OPEB liability should be recognized in the governmental funds to the extent that benefit payments are due and payable and the pension/OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is not sufficient for payment of those benefits.

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

### NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

#### M. Leases

Lessee: The City is a lessee for several noncancelable leases of equipment. The City recognizes a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset (lease asset) in the government-wide financial statements.

At the commencement of a lease, the City initially measures the lease liability at the present value of payments expected to be made during the lease term. Subsequently, the lease liability is reduced by the principal portion of lease payments made. The lease asset is initially measured as the initial amount of the lease liability, adjusted for lease payments made at or before the lease commencement date, plus certain initial direct costs. Subsequently, the lease asset is amortized on a straight-line basis over its useful life.

Key estimates and judgments related to leases include how the City determines (1) the discount rate it uses to discount the expected lease payments to present value, (2) lease term, and (3) lease payments.

- The City uses the interest rate charged by the lessor as the discount rate. When the interest rate charged by the lessor is not provided, the City generally uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for leases.
- The lease term includes the noncancelable period of the lease. Lease payments included in the measurement of the lease liability are composed of fixed payments and purchase option price that the City is reasonably certain to exercise.

The City monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement of its lease and will remeasure the lease asset and liability if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the lease liability. Lease assets are reported with other capital assets and lease liabilities are reported with long- term debt on the statement of net position.

Lessor: The City is a lessor for several noncancelable leases for a building, a water tower, land and fiber/internet services. The City recognizes a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources in the government-wide statement of net position, governmental fund financial statements and the proprietary statement of net position.

At the commencement of a lease, the City initially measures the lease receivable at the present value of payments expected to be received during the lease term. Subsequently, the lease receivable is reduced by the principal portion of lease payments received. The deferred inflow of resources is initially measured as the initial amount of the lease receivable, adjusted for lease payments received at or before the lease commencement date. Subsequently, the deferred inflow of resources is recognized as revenue over the life of the lease term.

Key estimates and judgments include how the City determines (1) the discount rate it uses to discount the expected lease receipts to present value, (2) lease term, and (3) lease receipts.

- The City uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for leases.
- The lease term includes the noncancelable period of the lease. Lease receipts included in the measurement of the lease receivable is composed of fixed payments from the lessee.

The City monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement of its lease, and will remeasure the lease receivable and deferred inflows of resources if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the lease receivable.

## NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

## NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

#### N. Fund Balance

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the City is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The classifications are as follows:

<u>Nonspendable</u> - The nonspendable fund balance classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form or legally required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash. It also includes the long-term amount of loans receivable.

<u>Restricted</u> - Fund balance is reported as restricted when constraints are placed on the use of resources that are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

<u>Committed</u> - The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes imposed by a formal action (ordinance) of City Council (the highest level of decision making authority). Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless City Council removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (ordinance) it employed to previously commit those amounts. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

<u>Assigned</u> - Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the City for specific purposes, but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted nor committed. In governmental funds other than the general fund, assigned fund balance represents the remaining amount that is not restricted or committed. In the general fund, assigned amounts represent intended uses established by policies of City Council. In addition, the City Auditor is authorized to assign fund balance for purchases on order provided such amounts have been lawfully appropriated.

<u>Unassigned</u> - Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is only used to report a deficit fund balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed, or assigned.

The City applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) fund balance is available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

#### O. Net Position

Net position represents assets, plus deferred outflows of resources, less liabilities, less deferred inflows of resources. Net investment in capital assets component of net position consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation/amortization, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets or related debt are also included. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on its use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the City or through external restrictions imposed by the creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments.

The City applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net positions are available.

## NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

## NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

### P. Operating Revenues and Expenses

Operating revenues are those revenues that are generated directly from the primary activity of the proprietary funds. For the City, these revenues include charges for services for storm water, telecom, sewer, water, electric, and sanitation services. Operating expenses are necessary costs incurred to provide the good or service that are the primary activity of the fund. Revenues and expenses not meeting those definitions are reported as nonoperating.

### Q. Contributions of Capital

Contributions of capital in proprietary fund financial statements arise from outside contributions of capital assets or from grants or outside contributions of resources restricted to capital acquisition and construction.

#### R. Interfund Activity

Transfers between governmental and business-type activities on the government-wide statements are reported in the same manner as general revenues.

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds and after non-operating revenues/expenses in proprietary funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements.

## S. Extraordinary and Special Items

Extraordinary items are transactions or events that are both unusual in nature and infrequent in occurrence. Special items are transactions or events that are within the control of the City Administration and that are either unusual in nature or infrequent in occurrence. The City had neither type of transaction during the year.

#### T. Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

## U. Bond Premium and Discount/Accounting Gain or Loss

Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the term of the bonds using the straight line method, which approximates the effective interest method. Bond premiums are presented as an addition to the face amount of the bonds. Bond discounts are presented as a reduction to the face amount of the bonds.

For advance refundings resulting in the defeasance of debt reported in the government-wide financial statements and in the proprietary funds, the difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the old debt is deferred and amortized as a component of interest expense. This accounting gain or loss is amortized over the remaining life of the old debt or the life of the new debt, whichever is shorter, and is presented as a deferred inflow or deferred outflow of resources.

On the governmental fund financial statements, bond premiums and discounts are recognized in the current period. The reconciliation between the bonds face value and the amount reported on the statement of net position is presented in Note 14.

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

### NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

## V. Pensions/Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net pension/OPEB asset/liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related pension/OPEB, and pension/OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the pension/OPEB plans and additions to/deductions from their fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the pension/OPEB plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. The pension/OPEB plans report investments at fair value.

The current accounting standard requires Cities to report their proportionate share of the net pension/OPEB liability using the earning approach to pension and OPEB accounting instead of the funding approach as previously used. The funding approach limited pension and postemployment costs to contributions annually required by law, which may or may not be sufficient to fully fund each plan's net pension/OPEB liability. Under the new standards, the net pension/OPEB liability equals the City's proportionate share of each plan's collective present value of estimated future pension/OPEB benefits attributable to active and inactive employees' past service minus plan assets available to pay these benefits.

Pension and OPEB obligations, whether funded or unfunded, are part of the employment exchange. The employee is trading his or her labor in exchange for wages, benefits, and the promise of a future pension and other postemployment benefits. The unfunded portion of this benefit of exchange is a liability of the City. However, the City is not responsible for key factors affecting the balance of this liability. In Ohio, the employee shares the obligation of funding pension/OPEB benefits with the employer. Benefit provisions and both employer and employee contribution rates are determined by State statute. The employee and employer enter the employment exchange with the knowledge that the exchange is limited by law. The pension system is responsible for the administration of the pension and OPEB plans.

There is no repayment schedule for the net pension/OPEB liability. The City has no control over the changes in the benefits, contributions rates, and return on investments affecting the balance of the liabilities. In the event that contributions, investment returns, and other changes are insufficient to keep up with required payments, State statute does not identify the responsible party for the unfunded portion. Due to the unique nature of how the pension/OPEB liability is satisfied, these liabilities are separately identified within the long-term liability section of the statement of net position.

#### W. Fair Value Measurements

The City categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

### **NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTABILITY**

## A. Change in Accounting Principles

For 2022, the City implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 87, Leases and related guidance from GASB Implementation Guise No. 2019-3, Leases.

GASB Statement No. 87 enhances the relevance and consistency of information about the government's leasing activities. It establishes requirements for lease accounting based on the principle that leases are financings of the right-to-use an underlying asset. A lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use leased asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources. These changes were incorporated in the City's 2022 financial statements. The City recognized \$12,146,324 and \$279,141, in governmental activities and business-type activities, respectively, in leases receivable at January 1, 2021, due to the implementation of GASB 87; however, this entire amount was offset by deferred inflows of resources for leases. The City also recognized \$98,020 in governmental activities in leases payable at January 1, 2021; however, this entire amount was offset by the intangible asset, right-to-use leased - equipment.

## NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

### **NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTABILITY - (Continued)**

The City recognized an asset retirement obligation (ARO) for \$25,995 in the sanitation fund at January 1, 2021; however, the entire amount was offset by a deferred outlflow of resources. See Note 14 for additional details on the ARO.

### **B.** Deficit Fund Balances/Net Position

Fund balances/net position at December 31, 2022 included the following individual fund deficits:

Nonmajor governmental funds	<u>Deficit</u>
Recreation	\$ 88,179
Roundabout at SR 57 & Seville Rd.	486,000
Special assessment bond retirement	17,768
Airport improvements	5,330
Special assessments	89,879
Internal service fund	
Information Technology	402,565

The general fund is liable for any deficit in these funds and provides transfers when cash is required, not when accruals occur. The deficit fund balances resulted from adjustments for accrued liabilities.

#### NOTE 4 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

While reporting financial position, results of operations and changes in fund balances on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), the budgetary basis as provided by law and described below is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements, appropriations, and encumbrances.

The Statements of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual presented for the general fund is presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget and to demonstrate compliance with State statute. The major differences between the budget basis and the GAAP basis are:

- 1. Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budget) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual;
- 2. Expenditures are recorded when paid in cash (budget) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP);
- 3. Outstanding year-end encumbrances are treated as expenditures (budget) rather than as part of restricted, committed, or assigned fund balance (GAAP);
- 4. Unreported cash represents amounts received, but not included as revenue on the budget basis operating statements. These amounts are included as revenue on the GAAP basis operating statement;
- 5. Advances-in and advances-out are operating transactions (budget) as opposed to balance sheet transactions (GAAP); and,
- 6. Some funds included in the general fund (GAAP basis) have separate legally adopted budgets (budget basis).

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

## NOTE 4 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING - (Continued)

The following table summarizes the adjustments necessary to reconcile the budget basis statements to the GAAP basis statements for the general fund.

## **Net Changes in Fund Balance**

	<u>General</u>
Budgetary basis	\$ 686,547
Net adjustment for revenue accruals	(1,996,841)
Net adjustment for expenditure accruals	2,126,787
Funds with separate legally adopted budgets	400,978
Net adjustment for other sources/uses	(221,073)
Encumbrances	 172,783
GAAP basis	\$ 1,169,181



# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

## **NOTE 5 - FUND BALANCE**

Fund balance is classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned and/or unassigned based primarily on the extent to which the City is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of resources in the governmental funds. The constraints placed on fund balance for the major governmental funds and all nonmajor governmental funds are presented below:

Fund balance	<u>General</u>	General Obligation Bond <u>Retirement</u>	Nonmajor governmental <u>funds</u>	Total governmental <u>funds</u>
Nonspendable:  Materials and supplies inventory	\$ 200,145	\$ -	\$ 439,883	\$ 640,028
Prepayments	94,212	<b>-</b>	46,782	140,994
Interfund loan receivable	1,941,507		70,762	1,941,507
Total nonspendable	2,235,864	<u> </u>	486,665	2,722,529
Restricted:				
Capital projects	-	-	9,406,853	9,406,853
Street maintenance	-	-	2,574,940	2,574,940
Emergency medical services	-	-	3,777,901	3,777,901
Municpal court	-	-	909,039	909,039
Law enforcement	-	-	160,088	160,088
Community improvements	-	-	324,154	324,154
Community developments	-	-	96,159	96,159
Fire protection	-	-	5,019	5,019
Debt service	-	159,876	-	159,876
Total restricted		159,876	17,254,153	17,414,029
Committed:				
Capital projects	-	-	5,316,093	5,316,093
Recreation	-	-	274,614	274,614
Other	-	-	562,764	562,764
Total committed	-		6,153,471	6,153,471
Assigned:				
General government	362,908	-	-	362,908
Security of persons and property	22,102	-	-	22,102
Leisure time activities	3,740	-	-	3,740
Subsequent year's appropriations	3,812,638			3,812,638
Total assigned	4,201,388			4,201,388
Unassigned (deficit)	9,190,130		(687,156)	8,502,974
Total fund balances	\$ 15,627,382	\$ 159,876	\$ 23,207,133	\$ 38,994,391

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

#### NOTE 6 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

State statutes classify monies held by the City into three categories.

Active deposits are public deposits necessary to meet current demands on the treasury. Such monies must be maintained either as cash in the City treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the City Council has identified as not required for use within the current five-year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use, but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one-year from the date of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts including passbook accounts.

Interim monies may be deposited or invested in the following securities:

- 1. United States Treasury Notes, Bills, Bonds, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States;
- 2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligations or securities issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality, including, but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, and Government National Mortgage Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities:
- 3. Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided that the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least two percent and be marked to market daily, and that the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;
- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio, and with certain limitations including a requirement for maturity within ten years from the date of settlement, bonds and other obligations of political subdivisions of the State of Ohio, if training requirements have been met;
- 5. Time certificates of deposit or savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts;
- 6. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in items (1) or (2) above and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;
- 7. The State Treasurer's investment pool, the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio); and,
- 8. Certain bankers' acceptances (for a period not to exceed one hundred eighty days) and commercial paper notes (for a period not to exceed two hundred seventy days) in an amount not to exceed 40 percent of the interim monies available for investment at any one time if training requirements have been met.

## NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

## **NOTE 6 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS – (Continued)**

Protection of the deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, or by the financial institutions participation in the Ohio Pooled Collateral System (OPCS), a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to the Treasurer of State to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations reverse repurchase agreements and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage and short selling are also prohibited. Except as noted above, an investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the City, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity. Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the Treasurer or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

#### A. Deposits with Financial Institutions

At December 31, 2022, the carrying amount of all City deposits was \$11,212,775. As of December 31, 2022, \$3,139,509 of the City's bank balance of \$12,779,075 was exposed to custodial risk as discussed below, while \$9,639,566 was covered by the FDIC.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of bank failure, the City will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The City has no deposit policy for custodial credit risk beyond the requirements of State statute. Ohio law requires that deposits either be insured or protected by (1) eligible securities pledged to the City's and deposited with a qualified trustee by the financial institution as security for repayment whose market value at all times shall be at least 105 percent of the deposits being secured, or (2) participation in the OPCS, a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to the Treasurer of State to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution. OPCS requires the total market value of the securities pledged to be 102 percent of the deposits being secured or a rate set by the Treasurer of State. For 2022, the City's financial institutions were approved for a reduced collateral rate of 50 percent through the OPCS. Although all statutory requirements for the deposit of money had been followed, noncompliance with Federal requirements could potentially subject the City to a successful claim by the FDIC.

### **B.** Investments

As of December 31, 2022, the City had the following investments and maturities:

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

### **NOTE 6 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS – (Continued)**

	Investment Maturities (in years)								
Measurement/investment type Fair value:	Measurement amount		< 1 year		< 2 years		< 3 years		Percentage of investments
FHLMC	\$	796,537	\$	-	\$	796,537	\$	_	1.28%
FNMA		379,058		195,310		-		183,748	0.61%
FFCB		827,542		390,906		244,802		191,834	1.33%
FHLB		2,714,847		939,492		1,226,970		548,385	4.37%
US Treasury notes		6,808,085		1,077,796		3,142,308		2,587,981	10.97%
US Treasury bills		823,862		823,862		-		-	1.33%
Commercial paper		1,939,157		1,939,157		-		-	3.12%
US government mutual funds		117,087		117,087		-		-	0.19%
Amortized cost:									
STAR Ohio	2	47,657,739		47,657,739		-		-	76.79%
Total	\$ (	62,063,914	\$	53,141,349	\$	5,410,617	\$	3,511,948	100.00%

The City's investments in US Government Money Market Mutual Funds are valued using quoted market prices (Level 1 inputs). As previously discussed, Star Ohio is reported at its net asset value and all other investments of the City are valued using Level 2 inputs using valuation techniques that incorporate market data for similar investments, broker quotes and inactive transaction prices.

Custodial Credit Risk: For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the City will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The investments in Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation (FHLMC), Federal National Mortgage Association (FNMA), Federal Farm Credit Bank (FFCB), and Federal Home Loan Bank (FHLB) are held by the counterparty's trust department or agent and not in the City's name. The City has no investment policy dealing with investment custodial risk beyond the requirement in Ohio law that prohibits payments for investments prior to the delivery of the securities representing such investments to the treasurer or qualified trustee.

Interest Rate Risk: The Ohio Revised Code generally limits security purchases to those that mature within five years of the settlement date. Interest rate risk arises because potential purchasers of debt securities will not agree to pay face value for those securities if interest rates subsequently increase. The City's investment policy addresses interest rate risk by requiring the consideration of market conditions and cash flow requirements in determining the term of an investment.

Credit Risk: The City's investments in FHLMC, FNMA, FFCB, FHLB, US Treasury Notes and Bills have an Aaa credit rating from Moody's. The City's investments in commercial paper have an P-1 rating from Moody's. STAR Ohio and the US Government Money Market Mutual fund carry a rating of AAAm by Standard & Poor's. Ohio law requires that STAR Ohio maintain the highest rating provided by at least one nationally recognized standard rating service. The City's investment policy does not specifically address credit risk beyond requiring the City to only invest in securities authorized by State statute.

Concentration of Credit Risk: is the possibility of loss attributed to the magnitude of the City's investment in a single issuer. The City's investment in US Treasury notes were the only investment that was 5% or more for a single issuer. The City places no limit on the amount the City may invest in any one issuer. The table above is the City's allocation as of December 31, 2022.

## NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

#### **NOTE 7 - RECEIVABLES**

Receivables at December 31, 2022, consisted of taxes, accounts (billings for user charged services, rents and royalties), income taxes, interfund, special assessments, leases and intergovernmental receivables arising from grants, entitlements and shared revenues. Accounts, taxes, interfund, special assessments and intergovernmental receivables are deemed collectible in full

No allowance for doubtful accounts has been recorded because uncollectable amounts are expected to be insignificant.

### **Property Taxes**

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real and public utility property located in the City. Taxes collected from real property taxes (other than public utility) in one calendar year are levied in the preceding calendar year on the assessed value as of January 1 of that preceding year, the lien date. Assessed values are established by the County Auditor at 35 percent of appraised market value. All property is required to be revaluated every six years. Real property taxes are payable annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due December 31, with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits later payment dates to be established.

Public utility real and tangible personal property taxes collected in one calendar year are levied in the preceding calendar year on assessed values determined as of December 31 of the second year preceding the tax collection year, the lien date. Public utility tangible personal property is assessed at varying percentages of true value; public utility real property is assessed at 35 percent of true value. 2022 public utility property taxes became a lien December 31, 2021, are levied after October 1, 2022, and are collected in 2023 with real property taxes. Public utility property taxes are payable on the same dates as real property taxes described previously.

The County Auditor collects property taxes on behalf of all taxing districts in the County, including the City of Wadsworth. The County Auditor periodically remits to the City its portion of the taxes collected. Property taxes represent real property taxes, public utility taxes, tangible personal property taxes and outstanding delinquencies which are measurable as of December 31, 2022 and for which there is an enforceable legal claim.

The full tax rate for all City operations for the year ended December 31, 2022 was \$6.40 per \$1,000 of assessed value. The assessed values of real and tangible personal property upon which 2021 property tax receipts were based as follows:

Real property	<u>A</u>	ssessed value
Residential/agricultural	\$	470,948,600
Commercial/industrial/mineral		148,769,410
Personal property		
Public utility		4,653,460
Total assessed value	\$	624,371,470

### Income Taxes

The City levies and collects an income tax on taxable income earned within the City as well as taxable incomes earned outside the City. The taxable income rate is 1.4%. For residents working outside the City, the City allows for a credit of income taxes paid to another municipality of up to 1.0%. Employers within the City are required to withhold income tax on employee earnings and remit the tax to the City at least quarterly. Income tax collections for 2022 and prior years received 60 days after year-end have been recognized as revenue in 2022. Corporations and individual taxpayers are also billed for their estimated taxes quarterly. They must pay at least 90% by January 15th and must file an annual return by April 15th.

## NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

### **NOTE 7 - RECEIVABLES - (Continued)**

Income tax revenues are distributed, as needed, to the various funds of the City pursuant to Council ordinance. In 2021, income tax revenues were distributed to the following funds: the general fund, the recreation and street maintenance special revenue funds, the general obligation bond retirement debt service fund and the general capital improvements, and street improvement capital projects funds.

In 2011, the voters of the City increased the income tax rate from 1.3% to 1.4%, effective January 1, 2012. This increase is for a ten year period and to be used for street improvements. In November 2021, the voters of the City voted to renew the .1% income tax rate for an additional ten years, effective January 1, 2022.

## Due from other governments

A summary of due from other governments follows:

Governmental activities	<u>Amounts</u>			
Local government and local government				
revenue assistance	\$ 238,304			
Homestead and rollback	170,113			
Gasoline and excise tax	553,232			
Motor vehicle license fees	72,173			
Permissive motor vehicle license tax	22,042			
Grants	527,802			
Other	 30,747			
Total	\$ 1,614,413			

### Special assessments

Special assessments include annually assessed service assessments. Service type special assessments are levied against all property owners who benefit from the provided service. Special assessments are payable by the time and in the manner stipulated in the assessing ordinance and are a lien from the date of the passage of the ordinance.

The City's special assessments include the construction, repair or improvement of streets, sidewalks, waterlines and public parking lots which are billed by the County Auditor and collected by the County Treasurer. The County Auditor periodically remits these collections to the City. Special assessments collected in one calendar year are levied and certified in the preceding calendar year.

Special assessments expected to be collected in the in the special assessment bond retirement fund and the water fund amount to \$1,345,415 and \$40,726, respectively. At December 31, 2022, the amount of delinquent special assessments was \$19,185.

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

## **NOTE 7 - RECEIVABLES - (Continued)**

## Lease receivable

The following is a summary of the lease receivable, by fund, during 2022. Also summarized below are the deferred inflow of resources that will be recognized as revenue over the lease term, current year lease revenues and interest revenues associated with these leases.

	Deferred						
	Lease	inflow of	Lease	Interest			
<u>Fund</u>	<u>receivable</u>	resources	revenues	revenues			
Governmental activities:							
General	\$ 27,302	\$ 27,270	\$ 11,206	\$ 164			
General obligation bond retirement	11,909,528	11,812,768	295,079	266,680			
Total governmental activities	11,936,830	11,840,038	306,285	266,844			
<b>Business-type activities:</b>							
Telecom	200,917	198,897	44,750	2,245			
Water	24,550	24,109	36,163	244			
Total business-type activities	225,467	223,006	80,913	2,489			
Total	\$ 12,162,297	\$ 12,063,044	\$ 387,198	\$ 269,333			

A description of the City's leasing arrangements is as follows:

Fund	Leased	Lease commencement	Тошч	Dovement
<u>runa</u>	<u>asset</u>	<u>date</u>	<u>Term</u>	<u>Payment</u>
General	three hangar land leases	1985/1999	40 years	Quarterly
General	two land leases	2019/2020	5 years	Annually
General	land lease	2009	20 years	Annually
General obligation bond retirement	two buildings	2013	50 years	Monthly
Telecom	storage/internet	2022	5 years	Monthly
Telecom	fiber/internet	2017	10 years	Monthly
Water	water tower	1998	25 years	Monthly

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

### **NOTE 7 - RECEIVABLES - (Continued)**

A summary of future lease payments to be received is as follows:

	Governmental activities					<b>Business-type activities</b>						
<u>Year</u>		Principal Principal		<u>Interest</u>		<u>Total</u>	<u>P</u>	rincipal	I	nterest		<u>Total</u>
2023	\$	189,588	\$	287,177	\$	476,765	\$	65,515	\$	2,074	\$	67,589
2024		185,699		282,716		468,415		43,327		1,551		44,878
2025		190,016		278,199		468,215		45,810		1,059		46,869
2026		193,348		273,578		466,926		48,421		540		48,961
2027		198,074		268,852		466,926		22,394		72		22,466
2028-2032		1,059,395		1,269,355		2,328,750		-		-		-
2033-2037		1,194,145		1,133,135		2,327,280		-		-		-
2038-2042		1,346,350		979,448		2,325,798		-		-		-
2043-2047		1,518,836		806,164		2,325,000		-		-		-
2048-2052		1,714,415		610,585		2,325,000		-		-		-
2053-2057		1,935,178		389,822		2,325,000		-		-		-
2058-2062		2,184,369		140,631		2,325,000		-		-		-
2063		27,417		83		27,500		-		-		
Total	\$	11,936,830	\$	6,719,745	\$	18,656,575	\$	225,467	\$	5,296	\$	230,763

#### **NOTE 8 - TAX ABATEMENTS**

As of December 31, 2022, the City provides tax abatements through Community Reinvestment Area (CRA). This program relates to the abatement of property taxes.

CRA - Under the authority of Ohio Revised Code (ORC) Section 3735.67, the CRA program is an economic development tool administered by municipal and county governments that provides real property tax exemptions for property owners who renovate existing or construct new buildings. CRA's are areas of land in which property owners can receive tax incentives for investing in real property improvements. Under the CRA program, local governments petition to the Ohio Development Services Agency (ODSA) for confirmation of a geographical area in which investment is desired. Once an area is confirmed by the ODSA, local governments may offer real property tax exemptions to taxpayers that invest in that area. Property owners in the CRA can receive temporary tax abatements for renovation of existing structures and new construction in these areas. Property owners apply to the local legislative authority for approval to renovate or construct in the CRA. The local legislative authority negotiates the terms of the CRA with the business, which may include job creation and/or tax sharing with the Board of Education. The local legislative authority must pass legislation to approve the Agreement. All agreements must be finalized before the project begins and may contain provisions for the recoupment of taxes should the individual or entity fail to perform. The amount of the abatement is deducted from the business's property tax bill.

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

## **NOTE 8 - TAX ABATEMENTS - (Continued)**

The City has eight agreements to abate property taxes through this program. During 2022, the City's property tax revenues were reduced as a result of these agreements as follows:

	Percentage of taxes abated during the	 nount of taxes	
<u>Purpose</u>	fiscal year	fiscal year	<u>Term</u>
Expansion for manufacturing and			
warehousing	50%	\$ 7,933	9 years
Expansion for R&D and office space	70%	\$ 3,868	10 years
Expansion for warehousing, distribution,			
and office space	50%	\$ 6,065	10 years
Senior living facility	90%	\$ 19,790	11 years
Expansion for manufacturing	50%	\$ 2,827	12 years
Expansion for warehousing and office space	90%	\$ 3,382	15 years

#### **NOTE 9 - RISK MANAGEMENT**

#### A. Liability Insurance

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft, damage to or destruction of assets, errors or omissions, and natural disasters. Insurance against loss is provided as follows:

- 1. Blanket building and personal property insurance, with a \$2,500 deductible and a \$79,484,371 limit on buildings and property in the open and business personal property.
- 2. Vehicle liability insurance with physical damage and comprehensive subject to a \$1,000,000 limit per accident or loss. Comprehensive deductibles are \$2,000 for fire trucks, \$1,000 for ambulances, and \$500 for other vehicles.
- 3. Law enforcement liability coverage with a \$1,000,000 limit for each person/wrongful act/annual aggregate and a \$10,000 deductible for each Law Enforcement Wrongful Act.
- 4. Public officials' liability coverage with a \$1,000,000 limit for each claim/each aggregate and a \$10,000 deductible per 'claim'.
- 5. Umbrella liability coverage of \$10,000,000 per occurrence/aggregate.

There were no reductions in insurance coverage from the previous year, nor have settlements exceeded insurance coverage in any of the prior three years.

## B. Workers' Compensation

The City became self-insured on November 1, 2010. The City has specific stop loss coverage of \$500,000 for all employees.

The City maintains an Internal Service Fund named Workers' Compensation Retention. The fund is financed by assessing the City departments the amount necessary to cover all costs and maintain a reasonable fund balance. The City continues to build a cash reserve for future claims and other expenses related to self-insurance.

## NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

## **NOTE 9 - RISK MANAGEMENT - (Continued)**

The City's third party administrator (TPA) is Sedgwick Inc. The claims liability reported in the workers' comp internal service fund at December 31, 2022 of \$81,132, is based on the requirements of GASB statement No. 30 which requires that a liability for unpaid claims costs, including estimates of costs relating to incurred but not reported claims, be reported. The estimate was not affected by incremental claim adjustment expenses and does not include other allocated or unallocated claim adjustment expenses. A summary of the fund's claims liability during the past two years is as follows:

	Balance at beginning of year		 Current year claims	 Claims payments	Balance at end of year		
2022	\$	93,827	\$ 1,194	\$ (13,889)	\$	81,132	
2021		31,124	113,225	(50,522)		93,827	

#### C. Health Insurance

The City has elected to provide employee medical, prescription, dental, and vision benefits through a self-insurance program with a Stop Loss Policy to insure against specific and aggregate losses. The City maintains a Self-Insurance Fund, to account for and finance its risk of loss. The specific stop loss amount is \$150,000 with a maximum claims aggregate of \$4,587,610. The aggregate amount is generally calculated on 120.0% of the expected claims.

The Fund is financed by assessing City departments the amount necessary to pay all costs and maintain a reasonable carryover balance. As of December 31, 2022, the Departments were assessed per each employee per month at the rate of \$800 per individual coverage and \$1,400 per family coverage. Following the health insurance renewal on September 1, 2022, non-bargaining employee contributions per bi-weekly pay period were \$30 for single coverage and \$60 for family coverage. Some bargaining unit employees pay a contribution rate at \$55.45 for single coverage and \$120.96 for family coverage. Other bargaining unit employees contribute \$64.69 for single coverage and \$141.12 for family coverage. Health coverage (i.e., medical and prescription) was administered by Medical Mutual. Dental coverage was provided through Delta Dental.

The plan provides comprehensive medical coverage with a \$500 deductible per individual and \$1,000 per family and subject to a 10% co-insurance payment for expenses in-network and 20% out-of- network.

The Dental Plan is subject to a \$25 deductible and no co-payment, with a maximum coverage of \$1,000 annually.

The City also provides prescription drug insurance to its employees through the self-insurance program. The plan pays the cost of prescriptions with a required co-payment of \$30 Tier 1 drugs, \$60 for Tier 2 drugs and \$120 for Tier 3 drugs at a retail pharmacy or through the mail order system.

The claims liability of \$437,090 reported in the self-insurance fund at December 31, 2022 is based on the requirements of GASB Statement No. 10 "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Risk Financing and Related Insurance Services" which requires that a liability for unpaid claim costs, including estimates of costs relating to incurred, but not reported claims, be reported. The claims liability is based on an estimate supplied by the City's third party administrator. This estimate was not affected by incremental claim adjustment expenses and does not include other allocated or unallocated claim adjustment expenses. A summary of the fund's claims liability during the past two years is as follows:

	alance at nning of year	Current year claims		 Claims payments	Balance at end of year		
2022 2021	\$ 370,470 459,838	\$	3,427,514 3,505,858	\$ (3,360,894) (3,595,226)	\$	437,090 370,470	

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

## **NOTE 10 - CAPITAL ASSETS**

Due to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 87 (see Note 3A), the City is reporting capital assets for the right to use leased equipment in the schedule below. Governmental activities capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2022, was as follows.

	Restated Balance			Balance
	1/1/22	Additions	Reductions	<u>12/31/22</u>
Governmental activities:				
Capital assets, not being depreciated/amortized:				
Land	\$ 5,927,998	\$ 82,147	\$ -	\$ 6,010,145
Intangible asset, not depreciated	4,655,871	174,739	-	4,830,610
Construction in progress	 1,309,894	 3,351,629	 (2,508,528)	 2,152,995
Total capital assets, not being depreciated/amortized	 11,893,763	 3,608,515	(2,508,528)	 12,993,750
Capital assets, being depreciated/amortized				
Intangible assets	19,420,928	-	-	19,420,928
Land improvements	5,028,235	781,304	(3,711)	5,805,828
Buildings and improvements	10,372,665	-	-	10,372,665
Equipment	3,078,445	541,499	(45,607)	3,574,337
Right-to-use leased equipment	98,020	29,262	-	127,282
Vehicles	6,562,314	1,017,862	(196,328)	7,383,848
Infrastructure	38,913,372	2,774,137	(329,970)	41,357,539
Total capital assets, being depreciated/amortized	 83,473,979	5,144,064	(575,616)	88,042,427
Accumulated depreciation/amortization:				
Intangible assets	(3,959,980)	(399,552)	-	(4,359,532)
Land improvements	(1,663,195)	(147,077)	1,927	(1,808,345)
Buildings and improvements	(5,130,072)	(247,091)	-	(5,377,163)
Equipment	(2,115,969)	(145,448)	43,107	(2,218,310)
Right-to-use leased equipment	-	(23,615)	-	(23,615)
Vehicles	(4,487,021)	(373,742)	172,159	(4,688,604)
Infrastructure	(10,119,189)	(1,331,781)	274,756	(11,176,214)
Total accumulated depreciation/amortization	(27,475,426)	 (2,668,306)	491,949	 (29,651,783)
Total capital assets, being depreciated/amortized, net	 55,998,553	 2,475,758	 (83,667)	 58,390,644
Governmental capital assets, net	\$ 67,892,316	\$ 6,084,273	\$ (2,592,195)	\$ 71,384,394

During the year, the sewer fund transferred a vehicle with a cost of \$81,093 and accumulated depreciation of \$81,093 to the governmental activities.

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

## **NOTE 10 - CAPITAL ASSETS - (Continued)**

Depreciation/amortization expense was charged to governmental activities as follows:

Governmental activities:	
General government	\$ 691,729
Security of persons and property	258,491
Transportation	1,410,730
Leisure time services	182,223
Internal service funds*	 44,040
Total depreciation/amortization expense	\$ 2,587,213

Business-type activities capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2022, was as follows:

		Balance 1/1/22		Additions	1	Reductions		Balance 12/31/22
Business-type activities:	-	1/1/22	-	Additions		Ccductions		12/31/22
Capital assets, not being depreciated								
Land	\$	744,600	\$	-	\$	_	\$	744,600
Intangible asset, not depreciated		347,749		_		_		347,749
Construction in progress		331,508		1,654,217		(1,291,810)		693,915
Total capital assets, not being depreciated		1,423,857		1,654,217		(1,291,810)	_	1,786,264
Capital assets, being depreciated								
Intangible assets		745,538		_		_		745,538
Land improvements		217,679		82,519		_		300,198
Buildings and improvements		19,619,972		55,387		(26,313)		19,649,046
Equipment		15,590,052		1,232,859		(1,022,890)		15,800,021
Vehicles		7,787,013		702,376		(760,421)		7,728,968
Infrastructure		122,981,938		3,060,239		(88,285)		125,953,892
Total capital assets, being depreciated		166,942,192		5,133,380		(1,897,909)		170,177,663
Accumulated depreciation/amortization:								
Intangible assets		(526,456)		(74,554)		-		(601,010)
Land improvements		(44,749)		(12,446)		-		(57,195)
Buildings and improvements		(7,853,013)		(408,644)		20,622		(8,241,035)
Equipment		(8,352,876)		(1,027,972)		1,022,889		(8,357,959)
Vehicles		(4,549,990)		(651,131)		724,322		(4,476,799)
Infrastructure		(54,601,772)		(2,322,786)		59,212		(56,865,346)
Total accumulated depreciation/amortization		(75,928,856)	_	(4,497,533)		1,827,045		(78,599,344)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net		91,013,336		635,847		(70,864)		91,578,319
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$	92,437,193	\$	2,290,064	\$	(1,362,674)	\$	93,364,583

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

## **NOTE 10 - CAPITAL ASSETS - (Continued)**

During the year, the governmental activities transferred vehicles with a cost of \$21,816 and \$79,239 and accumulated depreciation of \$21,816 and \$79,239 to the telecom and sewer funds. The electric funds also transferred vehicles with a cost of \$25,203 and 26,507 and accumulated depreciation of \$25,203 and 26,507 to water and telecom. Depreciation expense was charged to the business-type activities as follows:

Dusiness type estivities

Total depreciation expense

business-type activities:	
Storm Water	\$ 399,449
Telecom	201,299
Sewer	1,100,041
Water	747,596
Electric	1,325,606
Sanitation	570,777

During 2010, the City acquired an intangible asset due to the agreement with the Wadsworth City School District. Per the agreement, the City has the right to occupy and use the Community Center ("CC"), subject to the terms and conditions of the agreement. The entire asset value was capitalized as of December 31, 2011. The construction of the Community Center was substantially complete by the end of the 2012.

The remaining amortization schedule is as follows:

Year Ending	•	Governmental
December 31		activities
2023	\$	365,800
2024		365,800
2025		365,800
2026		365,800
2027		365,800
2028-2032		1,829,000
2033-2037		1,829,000
2038-2042		1,829,000
2043-2047		1,829,000
2048-2052		1,829,000
2053-2057		1,829,000
2058-2061		1,463,200
Total	\$	14,266,200

#### NOTE 11 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

The Statewide retirement systems provide both pension benefits and other postemployment benefits (OPEB).

## Net pension liability/asset and net OPEB liability/asset

The net pension liability/asset and the net OPEB liability/asset reported on the statement of net position represents a liability or asset to employees for pensions and OPEB, respectively.

## NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

### **NOTE 11 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)**

Pensions and OPEB are a component of exchange transactions between an employer and its employees of salaries and benefits for employee services. Pensions and OPEB are provided to an employee on a deferred-payment basis as part of the total compensation package offered by an employer for employee services each financial period. The obligation to sacrifice resources for pensions is a present obligation because it was created as a result of employment exchanges that already have occurred.

The net pension liability/asset and the net OPEB liability/asset represent the City's proportionate share of each pension/OPEB plan's collective actuarial present value of projected benefit payments attributable to past periods of service, net of each pension/OPEB plan's fiduciary net position. The net pension/OPEB liability/asset calculation is dependent on critical long-term variables, including estimated average life expectancies, earnings on investments, cost-of-living adjustments and others. While these estimates use the best information available, unknowable future events require adjusting this estimate annually.

The Ohio Revised Code limits the City's obligation for this liability to annually required payments. The City cannot control benefit terms or the manner in which pensions/OPEB are financed; however, the City does receive the benefit of employees' services in exchange for compensation including pension and OPEB.

GASB 68/75 assumes the liability/asset is solely the obligation of the employer, because (1) they benefit from employee services; and (2) State statute requires funding to come from these employers. All pension contributions to date have come solely from these employers (which also includes pension costs paid in the form of withholdings from employees). The retirement systems may allocate a portion of the employer contributions to provide for these OPEB benefits. In addition, health care plan enrollees pay a portion of the health care costs in the form of a monthly premium. State statute requires the retirement systems to amortize unfunded pension liabilities within 30 years. If the pension amortization period exceeds 30 years, each retirement system's board must propose corrective action to the State legislature. Any resulting legislative change to benefits or funding could significantly affect the net pension/OPEB liability. Resulting adjustments to the net pension/OPEB liability would be effective when the changes are legally enforceable. The Ohio Revised Code permits, but does not require, the retirement systems to provide health care to eligible benefit recipients.

The proportionate share of each plan's unfunded benefits is presented as a long-term net pension/OPEB liability/asset on the accrual basis of accounting. Any liability for the contractually-required pension/OPEB contribution outstanding at the end of the year is included in pension and postemployment benefits payable on both the accrual and modified accrual basis of accounting.

The remainder of this note includes the pension disclosures. See Note 12 for the OPEB disclosures.

## Plan Description - Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS)

Plan Description - City employees, other than full-time police and firefighters, participate in the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS). OPERS administers three separate pension plans. The traditional pension plan is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. The member-directed plan is a defined contribution plan and the combined plan is a combination cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit/defined contribution pension plan. Participating employers are divided into state, local, law enforcement and public safety divisions. While members in the state and local divisions may participate in all three plans, law enforcement and public safety divisions exist only within the traditional plan.

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

## **NOTE 11 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)**

OPERS provides retirement, disability, survivor and death benefits, and annual cost of living adjustments to members of the traditional and combined plans. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Chapter 145 of the Ohio Revised Code. OPERS issues a stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about OPERS' fiduciary net position that may be obtained by visiting <a href="https://www.opers.org/financial/reports.shtml">https://www.opers.org/financial/reports.shtml</a>, by writing to the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System, 277 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-4642, or by calling 800-222-7377.

Senate Bill (SB) 343 was enacted into law with an effective date of January 7, 2013. In the legislation, members in the traditional and combined plans were categorized into three groups with varying provisions of the law applicable to each group. The following table provides age and service requirements for retirement and the retirement formula applied to final average salary (FAS) for the three member groups under the traditional and combined plans as per the reduced benefits adopted by SB 343 (see OPERS Annual Report referenced above for additional information, including requirements for reduced and unreduced benefits):

#### Group A

Eligible to retire prior to January 7, 2013 or five years after January 7, 2013

#### Group B

20 years of service credit prior to January 7, 2013 or eligible to retire ten years after January 7, 2013

#### Group C

Members not in other Groups and members hired on or after 1/7/2013

#### State and Local

## Age and service requirements:

Age 60 with 60 months of service credit or Age 55 with 25 years of service credit

### Traditional plan formula:

2.2% of FAS multiplied by years of service for the first 30 years and 2.5% for service years in excess of 30

#### Combined plan formula:

1% of FAS multiplied by years of service for the first 30 years and 1.25% for service years in excess of 30

#### State and Local

Age and service requirements:

Age 60 with 60 months of service credit or Age 55 with 25 years of service credit

### Traditional plan formula:

2.2% of FAS multiplied by years of service for the first 30 years and 2.5% for service years in excess of 30

#### Combined plan formula:

1% of FAS multiplied by years of service for the first 30 years and 1.25% for service years in excess of 30

#### State and Local

## Age and service requirements:

Age 57 with 25 years of service credit or Age 62 with 5 years of service credit

### Traditional plan formula:

2.2% of FAS multiplied by years of service for the first 35 years and 2.5% for service years in excess of 35

#### Combined plan formula:

1% of FAS multiplied by years of service for the first 35 years and 1.25% for service years in excess of 35

Final Average Salary (FAS) represents the average of the three highest years of earnings over a member's career for Groups A and B. Group C is based on the average of the five highest years of earnings over a member's career.

Members who retire before meeting the age and years of service credit requirement for unreduced benefits receive a percentage reduction in the benefit amount. The initial amount of a member's pension benefit is vested upon receipt of the initial benefit payment for calculation of an annual cost-of-living adjustment.

When a traditional plan benefit recipient has received benefits for 12 months, current law provides for an annual cost of living adjustment (COLA). This COLA is calculated on the base retirement benefit at the date of retirement and is not compounded. Members retiring under the combined plan receive a cost–of–living adjustment on the defined benefit portion of their pension benefit. For those who retired prior to January 7, 2013, the cost of living adjustment is 3 percent. For those retiring subsequent to January 7, 2013, beginning in calendar year 2019, current law provides that the COLA will be based on the average percentage increase in the Consumer Price Index, capped at 3.00%.

## NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

### **NOTE 11 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)**

Defined contribution plan benefits are established in the plan documents, which may be amended by the Board. Member-directed plan and combined plan members who have met the retirement eligibility requirements may apply for retirement benefits. The amount available for defined contribution benefits in the combined plan consists of the member's contributions plus or minus the investment gains or losses resulting from the member's investment selections. Combined plan members wishing to receive benefits must meet the requirements for both the defined benefit and defined contribution plans. Member-directed participants must have attained the age of 55, have money on deposit in the defined contribution plan and have terminated public service to apply for retirement benefits. The amount available for defined contribution benefits in the member-directed plan consists of the members' contributions, vested employer contributions and investment gains or losses resulting from the members' investment selections. Employer contributions and associated investment earnings vest over a five-year period, at a rate of 20 percent each year. At retirement, members may select one of several distribution options for payment of the vested balance in their individual OPERS accounts.

Options include the annuitization of the benefit (which includes joint and survivor options), partial lump-sum payments(subject to limitations), a rollover of the vested account balance to another financial institution, receipt of entire account balance, net of taxes withheld, or a combination of these options. When members choose to annuitize their defined contribution benefit, the annuitized portion of the benefit is reclassified to a defined benefit.

Beginning in 2022, the Combined Plan will be consolidated under the Traditional Pension Plan (defined benefit plan) and the Combined Plan option will no longer be available for new hires beginning in 2022.

Funding Policy - The Ohio Revised Code (ORC) provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions as follows:

	State and Local
2021 Statutory maximum contribution rates	
Employer	14.0%
Employee*	10.0%
2021 Actual contribution rates  Employer: Pension Post-employment health care benefits**	14.0%
Total Employer	14.0%

<sup>\*</sup>This rate is determined by OPERS' Board and has no maximum rate established by ORC.

Employer contribution rates are actuarially determined and are expressed as a percentage of covered payroll.

The City's contractually required contribution for the Traditional Pension Plan, the Combined Plan and Member-Directed Plan was \$1,663,395 for 2022. Of this amount, \$36,188 is reported as due to other governments.

<sup>\*\*</sup>This employer health care rate is for the traditional and combined plans. The employer contribution for the member-directed plan is 4.00%.

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

## **NOTE 11 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)**

### Plan Description - Ohio Police & Fire Pension Fund (OP&F)

Plan Description - City full-time police and firefighters participate in Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund (OP&F), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by OP&F. OP&F provides retirement and disability pension benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Benefit provisions are established by the Ohio State Legislature and are codified in Chapter 742 of the Ohio Revised Code. OP&F issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial information and required supplementary information and detailed information about OP&F fiduciary net position. The report that may be obtained by visiting the OP&F website at <a href="https://www.op-f.org">www.op-f.org</a> or by writing to the Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund, 140 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-5164.

Upon attaining a qualifying age with sufficient years of service, a member of OP&F may retire and receive a lifetime monthly pension. OP&F offers four types of service retirement: normal, service commuted, age/service commuted and actuarially reduced. Each type has different eligibility guidelines and is calculated using the member's average annual salary. The following discussion of the pension formula relates to normal service retirement.

For members hired after July 1, 2013, the minimum retirement age is 52 for normal service retirement with at least 25 years of service credit. For members hired on or before July 1, 2013, the minimum retirement age is 48 for normal service retirement with at least 25 years of service credit.

The annual pension benefit for normal service retirement is equal to a percentage of the allowable average annual salary. The percentage equals 2.5% for each of the first 20 years of service credit, 2.00% for each of the next five years of service credit and 1.50% for each year of service credit in excess of 25 years. The maximum pension of 72.00% of the allowable average annual salary is paid after 33 years of service credit (see OP&F Annual Comprehensive Financial Report referenced above for additional information, including requirements for Deferred Retirement Option Plan provisions and reduced and unreduced benefits).

Under normal service retirement, retired members who are at least 55 years old and have been receiving OP&F benefits for at least one year may be eligible for a cost-of-living allowance adjustment. The age 55 provision for receiving a COLA does not apply to those who are receiving a permanent and total disability benefit, surviving beneficiaries, and statutory survivors. Members participating in the DROP program have separate eligibility requirements related to COLA.

The COLA amount for members who have 15 or more years of service credit as of July 1, 2013, and members who are receiving a pension benefit that became effective before July 1, 2013, will be equal to 3.00% of the member's base pension benefit.

The COLA amount for members who have less than 15 years of service credit as of July 1, 2013, and members whose pension benefit became effective on or after July 1, 2013, will be equal to a percentage of the member's base pension benefit where the percentage is the lesser of 3.00% or the percentage increase in the consumer price index, if any, over the twelve-month period that ends on the thirtieth day of September of the immediately preceding year, rounded to the nearest one-tenth of one percent.

Members who retired prior to July 24, 1986, or their surviving beneficiaries under optional plans are entitled to cost-of-living allowance increases. The annual increase is paid on July 1st of each year. The annual COLA increase is \$360 under a Single Life Annuity Plan with proportional reductions for optional payment plans.

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

## **NOTE 11 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)**

Funding Policy - The Ohio Revised Code (ORC) provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions as follows:

	Police	Firefighters
2021 Statutory maximum contribution rates		
Employer	19.50%	24.00%
Employee	12.25%	12.25%
2021 Actual contribution rates		
Employer:		
Pension	19.00%	23.50%
Post-employment health care benefits	0.50%	0.50%
Total Employer	19.50%	24.00%
Employee	12.25%	12.25%

Employer contribution rates are expressed as a percentage of covered payroll. The City's contractually required contribution to OP&F was \$709,238 for 2022. Of this amount, \$14,443 is reported as due to other governments.

# Net Pension Liabilities/Assets, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

The net pension liability and net pension asset for OPERS was measured as of December 31, 2021, and the total pension liability or asset used to calculate the net pension liability or asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. OP&F's total pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2021, and was determined by rolling forward the total pension liability as of January 1, 2021, to December 31, 2021. The City's proportion of the net pension liability or asset was based on the City's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating entities.

Following is information related to the proportionate share and pension expense:

			OPERS -		
	OPERS -	OPERS -	Member -		
	Traditional	Combined	Directed	OP&F	Total
Proportion of the net					
pension liability/asset					
prior to measurement date	0.0759100%	0.1081560%	0.0385010%	0.1312174%	
Proportion of the net					
pension liability/asset					
current measurement date	0.0714510%	0.1076700%	0.0421070%	0.1280297%	
Change in proportionate share	(0.0044590)%	(0.0004860)%	0.0036060%	(0.0031877)%	
Proportionate share of the net					
pension liability	\$ 6,216,525	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 7,998,555	\$ 14,215,080
Proportionate share of the net					
pension asset	-	(424,225)	(7,645)	-	(431,870)
Pension expense	(1,191,144)	(15,307)	(1,227)	527,779	(679,899)

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

## NOTE 11 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

At December 31, 2022, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	OPERS -		OPERS -		OPERS - Member -		
	raditional		Combined		Directed	OP&F	Total
<b>Deferred outflows of resources</b>						_	
Differences between expected							
and actual experience	\$ 316,908	\$	2,632	\$	7,562	\$ 230,629	\$ 557,731
Changes of assumptions	777,370		21,320		257	1,461,794	2,260,741
Changes in employer's							
proportionate percentage/							
difference between							
employer contributions	103,695		-		-	58,031	161,726
Contributions subsequent to							
the measurement date	 1,548,594		77,582		37,219	 709,238	 2,372,633
Total deferred							
outflows of resources	\$ 2,746,567	\$	101,534	\$	45,038	\$ 2,459,692	\$ 5,352,831
	OPERS -		OPERS -		OPERS - Member - Directed	OP&F	Total
Deferred inflows of resources							
Differences between expected							
and actual experience	\$ 136,343	\$	47,449	\$	-	\$ 415,815	\$ 599,607
Differences between projected and actual earnings on pension			22.244			• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	0.504.440
plan investments	7,394,335		90,944		1,741	2,097,098	9,584,118
Changes in employer's							
proportionate percentage/ difference between							
	571 006					262 162	838,049
employer contributions Total deferred	 574,886	-		-		 263,163	 030,049
outflows of resources	\$ 8,105,564	\$	138,393	\$	1,741	\$ 2,776,076	\$ 11,021,774

\$2,372,633 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pension resulting from City contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability/asset in the year ending December 31, 2023.

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

## **NOTE 11 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)**

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

				(	OPERS -		
	OPERS -	(	OPERS -	N	Aember -		
	Traditional		Combined	]	Directed	 OP&F	Total
Year Ending December 31:							
2023	\$ (1,291,483)	\$	(27,878)	\$	759	\$ (84,651)	\$ (1,403,253)
2024	(2,701,132)		(38,541)		572	(612,486)	(3,351,587)
2025	(1,738,708)		(25,277)		682	(261,178)	(2,024,481)
2026	(1,176,266)		(18,681)		708	(202,513)	(1,396,752)
2027	(2)		(2,473)		938	135,207	133,670
Thereafter			(1,591)		2,419	 (1)	827
Total	\$ (6,907,591)	\$	(114,441)	\$	6,078	\$ (1,025,622)	\$ (8,041,576)

### **Actuarial Assumptions - OPERS**

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the values of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and cost trends. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review or modification as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial-reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation. The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2021, using the following actuarial assumptions applied to all periods included in the measurement in accordance with the requirements of GASB 67. Key methods and assumptions used in the latest actuarial valuation, reflecting experience study results, prepared as of December 31, 2021, are presented below.

Wage inflation	
Current measurement date	2.75%
Prior measurement date	3.25%
Future salary increases, including inflation	
Current measurement date	2.75% to 10.75% including wage inflation
Prior measurement date	3.25% to 10.75% including wage inflation
COLA or ad hoc COLA	
Current measurement date	Pre 1/7/2013 retirees: 3.00%, simple
	Post 1/7/2013 retirees: 3.00%, simple
	through 2022, then 2.05% simple
Prior measurement date	
	Pre 1/7/2013 retirees: 3.00%, simple
	Post 1/7/2013 retirees: 0.50%, simple
	through 2021, then 2.15% simple
Investment rate of return	
Current measurement date	6.90%
Prior measurement date	7.20%
Actuarial cost method	Individual entry age

## NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

## **NOTE 11 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)**

In July 2021, the OPERS Board adopted a change in COLA for Post-January 7, 2013 retirees, changing it from 0.50% simple through 2021 then 2.15% simple to 3.00% simple through 2022 then 2.05% simple.

Pre-retirement mortality rates are based on 130% of the Pub-2010 General Employee Mortality tables (males and females) for State and Local Government divisions and 170% of the Pub-2010 Safety Employee Mortality tables (males and females) for the Public Safety and Law Enforcement divisions. Post-retirement mortality rates are based on 115% of the PubG-2010 Retiree Mortality Tables (males and females) for all divisions. Post-retirement mortality rates for disabled retirees are based on the PubNS-2010 Disabled Retiree Mortality Tables (males and females) for all divisions. For all of the previously described tables, the base year is 2010 and mortality rates for a particular calendar year are determined by applying the MP-2020 mortality improvement scales (males and females) to all of these tables.

The most recent experience study was completed for the five-year period ended December 31, 2020.

During 2021, OPERS managed investments in three investment portfolios: the Defined Benefit portfolio, the Health Care portfolio, and the Defined Contribution portfolio. The Defined Benefit portfolio contains the investment assets for the Traditional Pension Plan, the defined benefit component of the Combined Plan and the annuitized accounts of the Member-Directed Plan. Within the Defined Benefit portfolio, contributions into the plans are all recorded at the same time, and benefit payments all occur on the first of the month. Accordingly, the money-weighted rate of return is considered to be the same for all plans within the portfolio. The annual money-weighted rate of return expressing investment performance, net of investment expenses and adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested, for the Defined Benefit portfolio was 15.3% for 2021.

The allocation of investment assets with the Defined Benefit portfolio is approved by the Board of Trustees as outlined in the annual investment plan. Plan assets are managed on a total return basis with a long-term objective of achieving and maintaining a fully funded status for the benefits provided through the defined benefit pension plans. The long-term expected rate of return on defined benefit investment assets was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected real rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage, adjusted for inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return were provided by the Board's investment consultant. For each major asset class that is included in the Defined Benefit portfolio's target asset allocation as of December 31, 2021, these best estimates are summarized in the following table:

		Weighted average		
		long-term expected		
	Target	real rate of return		
Asset class	allocation	(arithmetic)		
Fixed income	24.00 %	1.03 %		
Domestic equities	21.00	3.78		
Real estate	11.00	3.66		
Private equity	12.00	7.43		
International equities	23.00	4.88		
Risk parity	5.00	2.92		
Other investments	4.00	2.85		
	100.00 %	4.21 %		

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

## **NOTE 11 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)**

**Discount Rate** - The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability/asset was 6.90%, post-experience study results, for the Traditional Pension Plan, the Combined Plan and Member-Directed Plan. The discount rate used to measure total pension liability prior to December 31, 2021 was 7.20%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members and those of the contributing employers are made at the contractually required rates, as actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefits payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments for the Traditional Pension Plan, Combined Plan and Member-Directed Plan was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability/Asset to Changes in the Discount Rate - The following table presents the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability/asset calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 6.90%, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability/asset would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one-percentage-point lower (5.90%) or one-percentage-point higher (7.90%) than the current rate:

	Current					
	1% decrease		discount rate		1% increase	
City's proportionate share						
of the net pension liability (asset):						
Traditional Pension Plan	\$	16,390,145	\$	6,216,525	\$	(2,249,277)
Combined Plan		(316,550)		(424,225)		(508,202)
Member-Directed Plan		(6,737)		(7,645)		(8,421)

## Actuarial Assumptions – OP&F

OP&F's total pension liability as of December 31, 2021, is based on the results of an actuarial valuation date of January 1, 2021, and rolled-forward using generally accepted actuarial procedures. The total pension liability is determined by OP&F's actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 67, as part of their annual valuation. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment mortality, salary increases, disabilities, retirements and employment terminations. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. Assumptions considered were: withdrawal rates, disability retirement, service retirement, DROP elections, mortality, percent married and forms of the payment, DROP interest rate, CPI-based COLA, investment returns, salary increases and payroll growth.

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total pension liability in the latest actuarial valuation, prepared as of January 1, 2022 are presented below.

Valuation date	1/1/21 with actuarial liabilities rolled forward to 12/31/21
Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal (level percent of payroll)
Investment rate or return	
Current measurement date	7.50%
Prior measurement date	8.00%
Projected salary increases	3.75% - 10.50%
Payroll increases	3.25% per annum, compounded annually, consisting of
	inflation rate of 2.75%, plus productivity increase rate of 0.50%
Cost of living adjustments	2.20% per year simple

Mortality for non-disabled participants is based on the RP-2014 Total Employee and Healthy Annuitant Mortality Tables rolled back to 2006, adjusted and projected with the Buck Modified 2016 Improvement Scale. Rates for surviving beneficiaries are adjusted by 120%.

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

**NOTE 11 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)** 

Age	Police	Fire
67 or less	77%	68%
68-77	105%	87%
78 and up	115%	120%

Mortality for disabled retirees is based on the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Tables rolled back to 2006, adjusted according to the rates in the following table, and projected with the Buck Modified 2016 Improvement Scale.

Age	Police	Fire
59 or less	35%	35%
60-69	60%	45%
70-79	75%	70%
80 and up	100%	90%

The most recent experience study was completed for the five-year period ended December 31, 2016.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block approach and assumes a time horizon, as defined in the Statement of Investment Policy and Guidelines. A forecasted rate of inflation serves as the baseline for the return expected. Various real return premiums over the baseline inflation rate have been established for each asset class. The long-term expected nominal rate of return has been determined by calculating a weighted average of the expected real return premiums for each asset class, adding the projected inflation rate and adding the expected return from rebalancing uncorrelated asset classes.

Best estimates of the long-term expected geometric real rates of return for each major asset class included in OP&F's target asset allocation as of December 31, 2021 are summarized below:

		Long term
	Target	expected real
Asset class	allocation	rate of return **
Cash and cash equivalents	- %	- %
Domestic equity	21.00	3.60
Non-U.S. equity	14.00	4.40
Private markets	8.00	6.80
Core fixed income *	23.00	1.10
High yield fixed income	7.00	3.00
Private credit	5.00	4.50
U.S. inflation linked bonds*	17.00	0.80
Midstream energy infrastructure	5.00	5.00
Real assets	8.00	5.90
Gold	5.00	2.40
Private real estate	12.00	4.80
Total	125.00 %	

Note: assumptions are geometric.

<sup>\*</sup> levered 2x

<sup>\*\*</sup> numbers include inflation

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

#### **NOTE 11 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)**

OP&F's Board of Trustees has incorporated the risk parity concept into OP&F's asset liability valuation with the goal of reducing equity risk exposure, which reduces overall Total Portfolio risk without sacrificing return and creating a more risk-balanced portfolio based on the relationship between asset classes and economic environments. From the notional portfolio perspective above, the Total Portfolio may be levered up to 1.25 times due to the application of leverage in certain fixed income asset classes.

**Discount Rate** - The total pension liability was calculated using the discount rate of 7.50%. A discount rate of 8.00% was used in the previous measurement date. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the contributions from employers and from the members would be computed based on contribution requirements as stipulated by State statute. Projected inflows from investment earning were calculated using the longer-term assumed investment rate of return 7.50%. Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, a long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefits to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate - Net pension liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate, and to illustrate the potential impact the following table presents the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.50%, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.50%), or one percentage point higher (8.50%) than the current rate.

	Current					
	1	% decrease	d	iscount rate	1	% increase
City's proportionate share						
of the net pension liability	\$	11,861,746	\$	7,998,555	\$	4,781,471

#### NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS

#### Net OPEB liability/Asset

See Note 11 for a description of the net OPEB liability/asset.

#### Plan Description – Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS)

Plan Description - The Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS) administers three separate pension plans: the traditional pension plan, a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan; the member-directed plan, a defined contribution plan; and the combined plan, a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that has elements of both a defined benefit and defined contribution plan.

OPERS maintains a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit post-employment health care trust, which funds multiple health care plans including medical coverage, prescription drug coverage and deposits to a Health Reimbursement Arrangement to qualifying benefit recipients of both the traditional pension and the combined plans. Currently, Medicare-eligible retirees are able to select medical and prescription drug plans from a range of options and may elect optional vision and dental plans. Retirees and eligible dependents enrolled in Medicare Parts A and B have the option to enroll in a Medicare supplemental plan with the assistance of the OPERS Medicare Connector. The OPERS Medicare Connector is a relationship with a vendor selected by OPERS to assist retirees, spouses and dependents with selecting a medical and pharmacy plan. Monthly allowances, based on years of service and the age at which the retiree first enrolled in OPERS coverage, are deposited into an HRA. For non-Medicare retirees and eligible dependents, OPERS sponsors medical and prescription coverage through a professionally managed self-insured plan. An allowance to offset a portion of the monthly premium is offered to retirees and eligible dependents. The allowance is based on the retiree's years of service and age when they first enrolled in OPERS coverage.

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

#### NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

Medicare-eligible retirees who choose to become re-employed or survivors who become employed in an OPERS-covered position are prohibited from participating in an HRA. For this group of retirees, OPERS sponsors secondary coverage through a professionally managed self-insured program. Retirees who enroll in this plan are provided with a monthly allowance to offset a portion of the monthly premium. Medicare-eligible spouses and dependents can also enroll in this plan as long as the retiree is enrolled.

OPERS provides a monthly allowance for health care coverage for eligible retirees and their eligible dependents. The base allowance is determined by OPERS.

The health care trust is also used to fund health care for member-directed plan participants, in the form of a Retiree Medical Account (RMA). At retirement or separation, member directed plan participants may be eligible for reimbursement of qualified medical expenses from their vested RMA balance.

Effective January 1, 2022, OPERS will discontinue the group plans currently offered to non-Medicare retirees and re-employed retirees. Instead, eligible non-Medicare retirees will select an individual medical plan. OPERS will provide a subsidy or allowance via an HRA allowance to those retirees who meet health care eligibility requirements. Retirees will be able to seek reimbursement for plan premiums and other qualified medical expenses.

In order to qualify for postemployment health care coverage, age and service retirees under the traditional pension and combined plans must have twenty or more years of qualifying Ohio service credit with a minimum age of 60, or generally 30 years of qualifying service at any age. Health care coverage for disability benefit recipients and qualified survivor benefit recipients is available. Current retirees eligible (or who become eligible prior to January 1, 2022) to participate in the OPERS health care program will continue to be eligible after January 1, 2022. Eligibility requirements will change for those retiring after January 1, 2022, with differing eligibility requirements for Medicare retirees and non-Medicare retirees. The health care coverage provided by OPERS meets the definition of an Other Post Employment Benefit (OPEB) as described in GASB Statement 75. See OPERS' Annual Comprehensive Financial Report referenced below for additional information.

The Ohio Revised Code permits, but does not require OPERS to provide health care to its eligible benefit recipients. Authority to establish and amend health care coverage is provided to the Board in Chapter 145 of the Ohio Revised Code.

Disclosures for the health care plan are presented separately in the OPERS financial report. Interested parties may obtain a copy by visiting <a href="https://www.opers.org/financial/reports.shtml">https://www.opers.org/financial/reports.shtml</a>, by writing to OPERS, 277 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-4642, or by calling (614) 222-5601 or 800-222-7377.

Funding Policy - The Ohio Revised Code provides the statutory authority allowing public employers to fund postemployment health care through their contributions to OPERS. When funding is approved by OPERS' Board of Trustees, a portion of each employer's contribution to OPERS is set aside to fund OPERS health care plans. Beginning in 2018, OPERS no longer allocated a portion of its employer contributions to health care for the traditional plan and the combined plan.

Employer contribution rates are expressed as a percentage of the earnable salary of active members. In 2021, state and local employers contributed at a rate of 14.00% of earnable salary and public safety and law enforcement employers contributed at 18.10%. These are the maximum employer contribution rates permitted by the Ohio Revised Code. Active member contributions do not fund health care.

Each year, the OPERS Board determines the portion of the employer contribution rate that will be set aside to fund health care plans. For 2022, OPERS did not allocate any employer contribution to health care for members in the Traditional Pension Plan and Combined Plan. The OPERS Board is also authorized to establish rules for the retiree or their surviving beneficiaries to pay a portion of the health care provided. Payment amounts vary depending on the number of covered dependents and the coverage selected. The employer contribution as a percentage of covered payroll deposited into the RMA for participants in the Member-Directed Plan for 2022 was 4.00%.

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

#### **NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)**

Employer contribution rates are actuarially determined and are expressed as a percentage of covered payroll. The City's contractually required contribution was \$14,887 for 2022. Of this amount, \$324 is reported as due to other governments.

#### Plan Description – Ohio Police & Fire Pension Fund (OP&F)

Plan Description – The City contributes to the Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund (OP&F) sponsored healthcare program, a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined post-employment health care plan administered by a third-party provider. This program is not guaranteed and is subject to change at any time upon action of the Board of Trustees. On January 1, 2019, OP&F implemented a new model for health care. Under this new model, OP&F provides eligible retirees with a fixed stipend earmarked to pay for health care and Medicare Part B reimbursements.

OP&F contracted with a vendor who assists eligible retirees in choosing health care plans that are available where they live (both Medicare-eligible and pre-65 populations). A stipend funded by OP&F is available to these members through a Health Reimbursement Arrangement and can be used to reimburse retirees for qualified health care expenses.

A retiree is eligible for the OP&F health care stipend unless they have access to any other group coverage including employer and retirement coverage. The eligibility of spouses and dependent children could increase the stipend amount. If the spouse or dependents have access to any other group coverage including employer or retirement coverage, they are not eligible for stipend support from OP&F. Even if an OP&F member or their dependents are not eligible for a stipend, they can use the services of the third-party administrator to select and enroll in a plan. The stipend provided by OP&F meets the definition of an Other Post Employment Benefit (OPEB) as described in Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 75.

OP&F maintains funds for health care in two separate accounts: one account for health care benefits and one account for Medicare Part B reimbursements. A separate health care trust accrual account is maintained for health care benefits under IRS Code Section 115 trust. IRS Code Section 401(h) account is maintained for Medicare Part B reimbursements.

The Ohio Revised Code allows, but does not mandate, OP&F to provide OPEB benefits. Authority for the OP&F Board of Trustees to provide health care coverage to eligible participants and to establish and amend benefits is codified in Chapter 742 of the Ohio Revised Code.

OP&F issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial information and required supplementary information for the plan. The report may be obtained by visiting the OP&F website at <a href="www.op-f.org">www.op-f.org</a> or by writing to the Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund, 140 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-5164.

Funding Policy – The Ohio Revised Code provides for contribution requirements of the participating employers and of plan members to the OP&F defined benefit pension plan. Participating employers are required to contribute to the pension plan at rates expressed as percentages of the payroll of active pension plan members, currently 19.50% and 24.00% of covered payroll for police and fire employer units, respectively. The Ohio Revised Code states that the employer contribution may not exceed 19.50% of covered payroll for police employer units and 24.00% of covered payroll for fire employer units. Active members do not make contributions to the OPEB Plan.

The Board of Trustees is authorized to allocate a portion of the total employer contributions for retiree health care benefits. For 2022, the portion of employer contributions allocated to health care was 0.50% of covered payroll. The amount of employer contributions allocated to the health care plan each year is subject to the Trustees' primary responsibility to ensure that pension benefits are adequately funded.

The OP&F Board of Trustees is also authorized to establish requirements for contributions to the health care plan by retirees and their eligible dependents or their surviving beneficiaries. Payment amounts vary depending on the number of covered dependents and the coverage selected.

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

#### **NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)**

The City's contractually required contribution to OP&F was \$17,451 for 2022. Of this amount, \$355 is reported due to other governments.

# Net OPEB Liabilities/Assets, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows or Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

The net OPEB liability/asset and total OPEB liability for OPERS were determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2020, rolled forward to the measurement date of December 31, 2021, by incorporating the expected value of health care cost accruals, the actual health care payment, and interest accruals during the year. OP&F's total OPEB liability was measured as of December 31, 2021, and was determined by rolling forward the total OPEB liability as of January 1, 2021, to December 31, 2021. The City's proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on the City's share of contributions to the retirement plan relative to the contributions of all participating entities.

Following is information related to the proportionate share and OPEB expense:

	OPERS	OP&F	Total
Proportion of the net			
OPEB liability			
prior measurement date	0.07537500%	0.13121740%	
Proportion of the net			
OPEB liability			
current measurement date	0.07133900%	0.12802970%	
Change in proportionate share	-0.00403600%	-0.00318770%	
Proportionate share of the net			
OPEB liability	\$ -	\$ 1,403,316	\$ 1,403,316
Proportionate share of the net			
OPEB asset	(2,234,446)	-	(2,234,446)
OPEB expense	(1,817,401)	78,641	(1,738,760)

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

### NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

At December 31, 2022, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

		OPERS		OP&F		Total
<b>Deferred outflows of resources</b>						
Changes of assumptions	\$	-	\$	621,149	\$	621,149
Differences between expected						
and actual experience		-		63,838		63,838
Changes in employer's						
proportionate percentage/						
difference between						
employer contributions		65,969		14,445		80,414
Contributions subsequent						
to the measurement date		14,887		17,451		32,338
Total deferred outflows						
of resources	\$	80,856	\$	716,883	\$	797,739
			-	<u></u>		
		OPERS		OP&F		Total
Deferred inflows of resources		OFERS		Orar		Total
Differences between expected	\$	220 021	\$	105 165	ø	524.206
and actual experience  Net difference between	Þ	338,931	Э	185,465	\$	524,396
projected and actual earnings		1.065.220		127.770		1 101 007
on OPEB paln investments		1,065,229		126,768		1,191,997
Changes of assumptions		904,478		162,986		1,067,464
Changes in employer's						
proportionate percentage/						
difference between						
employer contributions		81,209		95,460		176,669
Total deferred inflows						
of resources	\$	2,389,847	\$	570,679	\$	2,960,526

\$32,338 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from City contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ending December 31, 2023.

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

#### **NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)**

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

	OPERS	OP&F		Total
Year Ending December 31:				
2023	\$ (1,418,035)	\$	29,338	\$ (1,388,697)
2024	(520,110)		10,522	(509,588)
2025	(232,748)		21,607	(211,141)
2026	(152,985)		10,922	(142,063)
2027	-		29,164	29,164
Thereafter			27,200	27,200
Total	\$ (2,323,878)	\$	128,753	\$ (2,195,125)

#### **Actuarial Assumptions - OPERS**

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the values of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and cost trends. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review or modification as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of health care costs for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan and include the types of coverage provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of costs between OPERS and plan members. The total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2020, rolled forward to the measurement date of December 31, 2021. The actuarial valuation used the following actuarial assumptions applied to all prior periods included in the measurement in accordance with the requirements of GASB 74:

Wage inflation	
Current measurement date	2.75%
Prior measurement date	3.25%
Projected salary increases,	
including inflation	
Current measurement date	2.75 to 10.75%
	including wage inflation
Prior measurement date	3.25 to 10.75%
	including wage inflation
Single discount rate:	
Current measurement date	6.00%
Prior measurement date	6.00%
Investment rate of return	
Current measurement date	6.00%
Prior measurement date	6.00%
Municipal bond rate	
Current measurement date	1.84%
Prior measurement date	2.00%
Health care cost trend rate	
Current measurement date	5.50% initial,
	3.50% ultimate in 2034
Prior measurement date	8.50% initial,
	3.50% ultimate in 2035
Acturarial cost method	Individual entry age normal

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

#### NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

Pre-retirement mortality rates are based on 130% of the Pub-2010 General Employee Mortality tables (males and females) for State and Local Government divisions and 170% of the Pub-2010 Safety Employee Mortality tables (males and females) for the Public Safety and Law Enforcement divisions. Post-retirement mortality rates are based on 115% of the PubG-2010 Retiree Mortality Tables (males and females) for all divisions. Post-retirement mortality rates for disabled retirees are based on the PubNS-2010 Disabled Retiree Mortality Tables (males and females) for all divisions. For all of the previously described tables, the base year is 2010 and mortality rates for a particular calendar year are determined by applying the MP-2020 mortality improvement scales (males and females) to all of these tables.

The most recent experience study was completed for the five-year period ended December 31, 2020.

The long-term expected rate of return on health care investment assets was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected real rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage, adjusted for inflation.

During 2021, OPERS managed investments in three investment portfolios: the Defined Benefit portfolio, the Health Care portfolio and the Defined Contribution portfolio. The Health Care portfolio includes the assets for health care expenses for the Traditional Pension Plan, Combined Plan and Member-Directed Plan eligible members. Within the Health Care portfolio, if any contribution are made into the plans, the contributions are assumed to be received continuously throughout the year based on the actual payroll payable at the time contributions are made. Health care-related payments are assumed to occur mid-year. Accordingly, the money-weighted rate of return is considered to be the same for all plans within the portfolio. The annual money-weighted rate of return expressing investment performance, net of investment expenses and adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested, for the Health Care portfolio was 14.3% for 2021.

The allocation of investment assets within the Health Care portfolio is approved by the Board of Trustees as outlined in the annual investment plan. Assets are managed on a total return basis with a long-term objective of continuing to offer a sustainable health care program for current and future retirees. OPERS' primary goal is to achieve and maintain a fully funded status for the benefits provided through the defined pension plans. Health care is a discretionary benefit. The long-term expected rate of return on health care investment assets was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected real rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage, adjusted for inflation.

For each major asset class that is included in the Health Care's portfolio's target asset allocation as of December 31, 2021, these best estimates are summarized in the following table:

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

#### **NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)**

		Weighted average
		long-term expected
	Target	real rate of return
Asset class	allocation	(arithmetic)
Fixed income	34.00 %	0.91 %
Domestic equities	25.00	3.78
Real estate investment trust	7.00	3.71
International equities	25.00	4.88
Risk parity	2.00	2.92
Other investments	7.00	1.93
Total	100.00 %	3.45 %

Discount Rate - A single discount rate of 6.00% was used to measure the total OPEB liability on the measurement date of December 31, 2021 and 2020. Projected benefit payments are required to be discounted to their actuarial present value using a single discount rate that reflects (1) a long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments (to the extent that the health care fiduciary net position is projected to be sufficient to pay benefits), and (2) a tax-exempt municipal bond rate based on an index of 20-year general obligation bonds with an average AA credit rating as of the measurement date (to the extent that the contributions for use with the long-term expected rate are not met). This single discount rate was based on the actuarial assumed rate of return on the health care investment portfolio of 6.00% and a municipal bond rate of 1.84%. The projection of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate assumed that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rate. Based on these assumptions, the health care fiduciary net position and future contributions were sufficient to finance health care costs through the year 2121. As a result, the actuarial assumed long-term expected rate of return on health care investments was applied to projected costs through the year 2121, the duration of the projection period through which projected health care payments are fully funded.

Sensitivity of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Asset to Changes in the Discount Rate - The following table presents the proportionate share of the net OPEB asset calculated using the single discount rate of 6.00%, as well as what the proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one-percentage-point lower (5.00%) or one-percentage-point higher (7.00%) than the current rate:

	Current					
	1	% decrease	d	iscount rate	1	% increase
City's proportionate share						
of the net OPEB asset	\$	1,314,064	\$	2,234,446	\$	2,998,378

Sensitivity of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Asset to Changes in the Health Care Cost Trend Rate - Changes in the health care cost trend rate may also have a significant impact on the net OPEB asset. The following table presents the net OPEB asset calculated using the assumed trend rates, and the expected net OPEB asset if it were calculated using a health care cost trend rate that is 1.00% lower or 1.00% higher than the current rate.

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

#### **NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)**

Retiree health care valuations use a health care cost-trend assumption that changes over several years built into the assumption. The near-term rates reflect increases in the current cost of health care; the trend starting in 2022 is 5.50%. If this trend continues for future years, the projection indicates that years from now virtually all expenditures will be for health care. A more reasonable alternative is that in the not-too-distant future, the health plan cost trend will decrease to a level at, or near, wage inflation. On this basis, the actuaries project premium rate increases will continue to exceed wage inflation for approximately the next decade, but by less each year, until leveling off at an ultimate rate, assumed to be 3.50% in the most recent valuation.

			Cı	irrent health		
	care trend rate					
	1	% decrease	a	ssumption	1	% increase
City's proportionate share						
of the net OPEB asset	\$	2,258,593	\$	2,234,446	\$	2,205,802

#### Actuarial Assumptions - OP&F

OP&F's total OPEB liability as of December 31, 2021, is based on the results of an actuarial valuation date of January 1, 2021, and rolled-forward using generally accepted actuarial procedures. The total OPEB liability is determined by OP&F's actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 74, as part of their annual valuation. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, salary increases, disabilities, retirements and employment terminations. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. For a newly hired employee, actuarial calculations will take into account the employee's entire career with the employer and also take into consideration the benefits, if any, paid to the employee after termination of employment until the death of the employee and any applicable contingent annuitant. In many cases, actuarial calculations reflect several decades of service with the employer and the payment of benefits after termination.

Key methods and assumptions used in the latest actuarial valuation, reflecting experience study results, are presented below.

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

#### NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

Valuation date	January 1, 2021, with actuarial liabilities rolled forward to December 31, 2021
Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal (level percent of payroll)
Investment rate of return	
Current measurement date	7.50%
Prior measurement date	8.00%
Projected salary increases	3.75% to 10.50%
Payroll growth	3.25%
Single discount rate:	
Current measurement date	2.84%
Prior measurement date	2.96%
Cost of living adjustments	2.20% simple per year

Mortality for non-disabled participants is based on the RP-2014 Total Employee and Healthy Annuitant Mortality Tables rolled back to 2006, adjusted according to the rates in the following table, and projected with the Conduent Modified 2016 Improvement Scale. Rates for surviving beneficiaries are adjusted by 120%.

Age	Police	Fire
67 or less	77%	68%
68-77	105%	87%
78 and up	115%	120%

Mortality for disabled retirees is based on the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Tables rolled back to 2006, adjusted according to the rates in the following table, and projected with the Conduent Modified 2016 Improvement Scale.

Age	Police	Fire
59 or less	35%	35%
60-69	60%	45%
70-79	75%	70%
80 and up	100%	90%

The most recent experience study was completed for the five-year period ended December 31, 2016.

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a building-block approach and assumes a time horizon, as defined in the Statement of Investment Policy. A forecasted rate of inflation serves as the baseline for the return expected. Various real return premiums over the baseline inflation rate have been established for each asset class. The long-term expected nominal rate of return has been determined by calculating a weighted averaged of the expected real return premiums for each asset class, adding the projected inflation rate and adding the expected return from rebalancing uncorrelated asset classes.

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

#### **NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)**

Best estimates of the long-term expected geometric real rates of return for each major asset class included in OP&F's target asset allocation as of December 31, 2021, are summarized below:

Asset class	Target Allocation	Long-term expected real rate of return**
		-
Cash and cash equivalents	- %	- %
Domestic equity	21.00	3.60
Non-U.S. equity	14.00	4.40
Private markets	8.00	6.80
Core fixed income *	23.00	1.10
High yield fixed income	7.00	3.00
Private credit	5.00	4.50
U.S. inflation linked bonds*	17.00	0.80
Midstream energy infrastructure	5.00	5.00
Real assets	8.00	5.90
Gold	5.00	2.40
Private real estate	12.00	4.80
Total	125.00 %	

Note: assumptions are geometric.

OP&F's Board of Trustees has incorporated the risk parity concept into OP&F's asset liability valuation with the goal of reducing equity risk exposure, which reduces overall Total Portfolio risk without sacrificing return, and creating a more risk-balanced portfolio based on their relationship between asset classes and economic environments. From the notional portfolio perspective above, the Total Portfolio may be levered up to 1.25 times due to the application of leverage in certain fixed income asset classes.

**Discount Rate** - For 2021, the total OPEB liability was calculated using the discount rate of 2.84%. For 2020, the total OPEB liability was calculated using the discount rate of 2.96%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the contribution from employers and from members would be computed based on contribution requirements as stipulated by State statute. Projected inflows from investment earnings were calculated using the longer-term assumed investment rate of return of 7.50%. Based on those assumptions, OP&F's fiduciary net position was projected to not be able to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, a municipal bond rate of 2.05% at December 31, 2021 and 2.12% at December 31, 2020, was blended with the long-term rate of 7.50%, which resulted in a blended discount rate of 2.84%.

<sup>\*</sup> levered 2x

<sup>\*\*</sup> numbers include inflation

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

#### NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

Sensitivity of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate - Net OPEB liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate, and to illustrate the potential impact the following table presents the net OPEB liability calculated using the discount rate of 2.84%, as well as what the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (1.84%), or one percentage point higher (3.84%) than the current rate.

	Current						
	1	% decrease	d	iscount rate	1	1% increase	
City's proportionate share							
of the net OPEB liability	\$	1,763,999	\$	1,403,316	\$	1,106,833	

Sensitivity of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Health Care Cost Trend Rate - The total OPEB liability is based on a medical benefit that is a flat dollar amount; therefore, it is unaffected by a health care cost trend rate. An increase or decrease in the trend rate would have no effect on the total OPEB liability.

#### **NOTE 13 - COMPENSATED ABSENCES**

City employees earn vacation, compensatory time and sick leave at varying rates depending on length of service and department policy. All accumulated, unused vacation time is paid upon separation if the employee has acquired at least one year of service with the City. All accumulated, unused compensatory time is paid regardless of years of service. Accumulated, unused sick leave is paid to a retiring employee up to a maximum of 160 days. As of December 31, 2022, the City's liability for compensated absences was \$2,025,828 for governmental activities and \$1,264,947 for business-type activities.

#### **NOTE 14 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS**

The interest rate, maturity date, and original issuance amount for each of the City's long-term obligations are as follows:

	Rate	Issue amount	Maturity
Governmental activities:			
1968 Liability for police past service cost	2.36%	\$ 124,769	May 15, 2035
2016 Income tax revenue bonds	2.00 - 4.00%	17,630,000	December 1, 2038
2017 Special assessment bonds	3.50%	1,310,000	December 1, 2037
2017 General obligation bonds	3.48%	910,000	December 1, 2037
2022 General obligation bonds	3.00 - 4.00%	5,870,000	December 1, 2042
OPWC loan - SR 94 corridor safety improvements	0.00%	663,332	July 1, 2031
Business-type activities:			
2009 General obligation bonds	4.00%	2,860,000	December 1, 2024
2010 General obligation bonds	3.41%	9,420,000	December 1, 2032
2017 Storm water bonds	3.44%	345,000	December 1, 2037
2017 Telecommunications bonds	2.93%	150,000	December 1, 2033
2017 Wastewater treatement bonds	3.49%	1,220,000	December 1, 2037
2017 Water distribution bonds	3.49%	1,080,000	December 1, 2037
2019 Various purpose refunding bonds	1.66%	7,460,000	December 1, 2032
OPWC loan - College street improvements	0.00%	84,034	July 1, 2031
OPWC loan - Valley View/Baker street waterline replacement	0.00%	92,366	January 1, 2042
OWDA loan - Wastewater treatment plant expansion	3.15%	23,037,730	January 1, 2028

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

#### **NOTE 14 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)**

The changes in the City's governmental activities long-term obligations during the year consist of the following:

Governmental activities:	Restated beginning balance	Additions Deletions		Ending balance	Amount due in one year	
2016 Income tax revenue bonds	\$ 15,165,000	\$ -	\$ (685,000)	\$ 14,480,000	\$ 700,000	
Unamortized bond premium	451,801	φ - -	(26,706)	425,095	\$ 700,000 -	
2017 Special assessment bonds	1,115,000	_	(55,000)	1,060,000	55,000	
Unamortized bond premium	47,519	_	(2,985)	44,534	-	
2017 General obligation bonds	770,000	_	(35,000)	735,000	40,000	
Unamortized bond premium	32,522	_	(2,043)	30,479	-	
2022 General obligation bonds	-	5,870,000	(2,0.5)	5,870,000	275,000	
Unamortized bond premium	_	246,453	-	246,453		
•						
Total long-term debt	17,581,842	6,116,453	(806,734)	22,891,561	1,070,000	
Direct borrowings:						
1968 Liability for police past						
service cost	63,430	-	(3,580)	59,850	3,734	
OPWC loan - SR 94 corridor						
safety improvements	497,498		(55,278)	442,220	55,278	
Total direct borrowings	560,928		(58,858)	502,070	59,012	
Other long-term obligations:						
Leases	98,020	29,262	(23,363)	103,919	26,062	
Compensated absences	2,046,992	878,510	(904,975)	2,020,527	796,001	
Compensated assences	2,010,552	070,010	(501,573)	2,020,327	770,001	
Total other long-term obligations	2,145,012	907,772	(928,338)	2,124,446	822,063	
Net pension liability	14,750,871	_	(3,571,867)	11,179,004	_	
Net OPEB liability	1,390,270	13,046	(3,371,007)	1,403,316	_	
Total governmental activities -	1,570,270	13,010		1,100,010		
long-term liabilities	\$ 36,428,923	\$ 7,037,271	\$ (5,365,797)	\$ 38,100,397	\$ 1,951,075	

On February 4, 2010, the City issued \$18,290,000 in revenue bonds for the purpose of funding a portion of the costs of designing, constructing, furnishing and equipping a new community center, with related site improvements, and acquiring land. The bonds are payable solely from the income tax revenues in the recreation fund, which payment is secured by a pledge of the income tax revenues. These bonds were refunded during 2016.

On June 29, 2016, the City issued \$17,630,000 in income tax revenue bonds. The proceeds of these bonds were used to advance refund the \$16,535,000 in outstanding 2010 Community Center revenue bonds. This refunded debt is considered defeased (in-substance) and accordingly, has been removed from the statement of net position. The balance of the refunded 2010 Community Center revenue bonds at December 31, 2022, is \$12,970,000.

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

#### NOTE 14 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

The reacquisition price exceeded the net carrying amount of the old debt by \$101,310. This amount is being netted against the new debt and amortized over the remaining life of the refunded debt, which is equal to the life of the new debt issued.

On June 21, 2017, the City issued \$5,015,000 in general obligation bonds. These bonds were used to pay off the bond anticipation notes outstanding as of December 31, 2016. Of the \$5,015,000, \$910,000 was for State Route 94 improvements, \$1,310,000 for special assessments, \$345,000 for storm water, \$150,000 for telecommunications, \$1,220,000 for wastewater treatment, and \$1,080,000 for water distribution.

On May 19, 2022, the City issued \$5,870,000 in general obligation bonds. Of the \$5,870,000, \$1,495,000 was for the acquisition of a new fire truck and \$4,375,000 for a new fire station and furnishings. These bonds will be paid from ad valorem property taxes.

During the year, the City entered into two five year lease agreements as lessee for the acquisition and use of postage meter machines. An initial lease liability was recorded in the amount of \$29,262. In a prior year, the City entered into lease agreement for the acquisition and use of copiers in the amount of \$98,020. The City is reporting intangible capital assets and a corresponding lease liability for the future scheduled payments under the lease.

The liability for police past service costs relates to the City's liability to certain employees incurred prior to the establishment of the statewide Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund. The City is required to make payments of approximately \$6,200 annually, which includes interest, through the year 2035. These past service costs are payable from taxes levied on all taxable property in the City.



# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

### **NOTE 14 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)**

The business-type activities general obligation bonds will be paid from the storm water, water, telecommunications, and sewer funds.

Business-type activities:	Restated beginning balance	Additions	Deletions	Ending balance	Amount due in one year
2017 Storm Water improvements general obligation bonds Unamotized premium on bonds	\$ 290,000 12,463	\$ -	\$ (15,000) (783)	\$ 275,000 11,680	\$ 15,000
2017 Telecom general obligation bonds Unamotized premium on bonds	120,000 7,553	-	(10,000) (633)	110,000 6,920	10,000
2017 Sewer system improvements general obligation bonds Unamotized premium on bonds	1,035,000 43,855	-	(50,000) (2,755)	985,000 41,100	50,000
2017 Water system improvemnets general obligation bonds Unamotized premium on bonds	920,000 38,522	-	(45,000) (2,420)	875,000 36,102	45,000
Direct borrowings: 2019 Storm Water refunding general obligation bonds	241,293	-	(77,043)	164,250	77,041
2019 Water refunding general obligation bonds	358,708	-	(117,958)	240,750	117,959
2019 Water system improvements refunding general obligation bonds	5,750,000		(510,000)	5,240,000	490,000
Total general obligation bonds	8,817,394		(831,592)	7,985,802	805,000
Direct borrowings: OWDA loan - Wastewater treatment plant OPWC loan - College street improvements OPWC loan - Valley View/Baker waterline	8,475,494 50,422 9,590	- - 82,776	(1,304,551) (5,603) (4,618)	7,170,943 44,819 87,748	1,345,968 5,602 4,618
Total direct borrowings	8,535,506	82,776	(1,314,772)	7,303,510	1,356,188
Other obligations: Compensated absences AMP stranded costs Asset retirement obligation	1,394,366 1,114,088 25,995	466,599 1,435 1,678	(598,918) (1,114,088)	1,262,047 1,435 27,673	472,020 1,435
Total other obligations	2,534,449	469,712	(1,713,006)	1,291,155	473,455
Net pension liability	5,434,955		(2,398,879)	3,036,076	
Total business-type activities - long term liabilities	\$ 25,322,304	\$ 552,488	\$ (6,258,249)	\$ 19,616,543	\$ 2,634,643

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

#### **NOTE 14 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)**

On January 27, 2005, the City obtained an OWDA loan for improvements to the sewer treatment plant. This is a direct borrowing. In the event of default, the OWDA may declare the full amount of the then unpaid original loan amount to be immediately due and payable and/or require the City to pay any fines, penalties, interest and/or late charges associated with the default. The City has pledged future revenues net of expenditures to repay the OWDA loans. The loans are payable solely from revenues generated by the ownership and operation of the sewer utility system. Revenues include all revenues received by the sewer utility less all operating expenses other than depreciation expense. All debt is payable solely from net revenues and is payable through 2027. Annual principal and interest payments on the OWDA loans are expected to require 85.09% of net revenues and 37.87% of total revenues. The total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the debt is \$7,806,680. Principal and interest paid for the current year were \$1,304,551 and \$256,785, respectively. Total net customer revenues were \$2,900,049 and total operating revenues were \$4,949,913.

On September 30, 2009, the City issued \$3.875 million in general obligation bonds for capital improvements. General obligation bonds are direct obligations of the City for which its full faith, credit and resources are pledged. The 2009 bonds were used to retire \$3.188 million in inter-fund loans, and to fund new street improvements and storm water drainage and management facilities. These bonds were to be paid by storm water revenues, water revenues, electric revenues, hotel/motel tax, income tax, and ad valorem property taxes.

On October 14, 2010, the City issued \$9,420,000 in general obligation bonds for the purpose of constructing and installing various waterworks system improvements in the City, including, but not limited to a water tower, approximately six miles of water line and an automated meter reading system. The bonds are payable from a limited ad valorem tax on all real and personal property in the City subject to taxation by the City or the revenues generated by the ownership and operation of the water utility system. Revenues include all revenues received by the water utility less all operating expenses other than depreciation expense.

On September 25, 2019, the City issued \$7,460,000 in various purpose bonds (Series 2019 various purpose refunding bonds). This issuance was used to advance refund a portion of the Series 2009 various purpose bonds and series 2010 various purpose bonds. This refunded debt is considered defeased (in-substance) and accordingly, has been removed from the statement of net position. The balance of the refunded Series 2009 various purpose bonds and 2010 various purpose bonds at December 31, 2022, is \$600,000 and \$5,840,000, respectively.

The reacquisition price exceeded the net carrying amount of the old debt by \$371,672. This amount is being netted against the new debt and amortized over the remaining life of the refunded debt, which is equal to the life of the new debt issued. This advance refunding was undertaken to reduce the combined total debt service payments over the next 13 years by \$667,014 and resulted in an economic gain of \$607,636.

During 2015, the City obtained an OPWC loan, a direct borrowing, in the amount of \$84,034 for storm water improvements. The loan has a zero percent interest rate, with semiannual payments and a final maturity of July 2031. During 2017, the City obtained an OPWC loan in the amount of \$663,332 for widening of High street. The loan has a zero percent interest rate, with semiannual payments and a final maturity of July 2031. In 2020, the City obtained an OPWC loan, a direct borrowing, in the amount of \$92,366 for the Valley View/Baker street waterline replacement. The loan has a zero percent interest rate, with semiannual payments and a final maturity of January 2042.

In the event of default, the OPWC may (1) charge an 8% default interest rate from the date of the default to the date of the payment and charge the City for all costs incurred by the OPWC in curing the default, (2) in accordance with Ohio Revised Code 164.05, direct the county treasurer of the county in which the City is located to pay the amount of the default from funds that would otherwise be appropriated to the City from such county's undivided local government fund pursuant to ORC 5747.51-5747.53 or (3) at its discretion, declare the entire principal amount of loan then remaining unpaid, together with all accrued interest and other charges become immediately due and payable.

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

#### NOTE 14 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

The City is reporting an asset retirement obligation (ARO) in the amount of \$27,673. The ARO is a legally enforceable liability associated with the retirement of the solid waste transfer station. A review is completed each year with the Ohio EPA in accordance with Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3734. The City is responsible to address any public safety issues associated with the closing of the solid waste transfer station. The public safety issues include cleaning and removing equipment and hazardous waste cleanup. The remaining useful life of the solid waste transfer station is three years. The restricted cash in the amount of \$27,765 is being held in a trust for the ARO. The ARO will be paid from the sanitation fund.

Compensated absences will be paid from general operating revenues of the fund from which the employees' salaries are paid. The most significant of these funds are the general fund, street fund and the emergency medical services fund (nonmajor governmental funds), telecom fund, sewer fund, water fund, electric fund, and sanitation fund.

See Notes 11 and 12 for detail on the net pension liability and net OPEB liability, respectively.

Principal and interest requirements to retire the City's long-term obligations outstanding at December 30, 2022 are as follows:

	Governmental activities								
		Polic	e pas	t		Incom	ne tax		
December 31		servic	e cos	<u>ts</u>		revenue	bone	<u>ds</u>	
year ending	P	rincipal	]	nterest		Principal		Interest	
2023	\$	3,734	\$	2,504	\$	700,000	\$	436,756	
2024		3,895		2,343		740,000		408,756	
2025		4,062		2,176		770,000		379,156	
2026		4,236	2,002			800,000		348,356	
2027		4,418		1,820		830,000		316,356	
2028-2032		25,106	25,106 6,084			4,420,000		1,294,574	
2033-2037		14,399		919		5,105,000		635,550	
2038		_				1,115,000		33,450	
Total	\$	59,850	\$	17,848	\$	14,480,000	\$	3,852,954	

		Governmental activities								
December 31		General obli	gati	on bonds	<u>S</u>	pecial asses	sme	nt bonds		OPWC
year ending	]	Principal		Interest	Principal		Interest		Principal	
2023	\$	315,000	\$	235,915	\$	55,000	\$	31,740	\$	55,278
2024		325,000		223,315		60,000		29,540		55,278
2025		340,000		210,315		60,000		27,140		55,278
2026		355,000		196,715		65,000		24,740		55,278
2027		365,000		182,515		65,000		22,140		55,278
2028-2032		2,060,000		689,740		350,000		83,565		165,830
2033-2037		1,460,000		379,013		405,000		33,480		-
2038-2042		1,385,000		147,750						
Total	\$	6,605,000	\$	2,265,278	\$ 1	,060,000	\$	252,345	\$	442,220

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

NOTE 14 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

	Business-type activities									
December 31	General ob	ligation bonds	OW	VDA	<u>OPWC</u>					
Year Ending	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal					
2023	\$ 805,000	\$ 161,017	\$ 1,345,968	\$ 205,113	\$ 10,220					
2024	835,000	144,846	1,388,700	164,415	10,220					
2025	630,000	127,943	1,432,789	122,426	10,220					
2026	645,000	114,443	1,478,277	79,103	10,220					
2027	660,000	100,577	1,525,209	34,407	10,221					
2028-2032	3,495,000	311,515	-	-	39,898					
2033-2037	820,000	66,825	-	-	23,092					
2038-2042	-	-	-	-	18,476					
Total	\$ 7,890,000	\$ 1,027,166	\$ 7,170,943	\$ 605,464	\$ 132,567					

The future principal and interest lease payments as of December 31, 2022, were as follows:

		Governmental activities						
December 31		Lea	ases					
Year Ending	I	Principal	I	nterest				
2023	\$	26,062	\$	1,397				
2024		26,444		1,016				
2025		26,832		628				
2026		21,914		239				
2027		2,667		24				
Total	\$	103,919	\$	3,304				

The amortization schedule for the stranded costs payable are not available.

#### Stranded Costs Payable

The City is a member of American Municipal Power (AMP) and has participated in the AMP Generating Station (AMPGS) Project. This project was intended to develop a pulverized coal power plant in Meigs County, Ohio. The City's project share was 34,650 kilowatts (kW) of a total 771,281 kW, giving the City a 4.49 percent project share. The AMPGS Project required participants to sign "take or pay" contracts with AMP. As such, the participants are obligated to pay any costs incurred for the project. In November 2009, the participants voted to terminate the AMPGS Project due to projected escalating costs. All project costs incurred prior to the cancellation and related to the cancellation were therefore deemed impaired and participants were obligated to pay those incurred costs. As a result of a March 2014 legal ruling, the AMP Board of Trustees on April 15, 2014 and the AMPGS participants on April 16, 2014 approved the collection of the impaired costs and provided the participants with an estimate of their liability.

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

#### NOTE 14 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

The City's estimated share of the impaired costs at March 31, 2014 was \$6,014,238. The City received a credit of \$1,372,291 related to their participation in the AMP Fremont Energy Center (AFEC) Project and a credit of \$1,567,041 related to the AMPGS costs deemed to have future benefit for the project participants, classified as Plant Held for Future Use (PHFU). The City also made payments totaling \$425,037 leaving an estimated net impaired costs balance of \$2,649,869. Because payment is now probable and reasonably estimable, the City is reporting a payable to AMP in its business-type activities and in its electric enterprise fund for these impaired costs. AMP financed these costs on its revolving line of credit. Any additional costs (including line-of-credit interest and legal fees) or amounts received related to the project will impact the City's net impaired cost balance either positively or negatively. These amounts will be recorded as they become estimable.

In late 2016, AMP reached a Settlement in the Bechtel Corporation litigation. On December 8, 2016, at the AMPGS Participants meeting, options for the allocation of the Settlement funds were approved. The AMPGS Participants and the AMP Board of Trustees voted to allocate the Settlement among the participants and the AMP General Fund based on each participant's original project share in kW including the AMP General Fund's project share.

Since March 31, 2014 the City has made payments of \$2,938,100 to AMP toward its net impaired cost estimate. Also since March 31, 2014, the City's allocation of additional costs incurred by the project is \$74,714 and interest expense incurred on AMP's line-of-credit of \$214,952, resulting in a net impaired cost estimate at December 31, 2022 of \$1,435. The City does have a potential PHFU Liability of \$1,191,701 resulting in a net total potential liability of \$1,193,136, assuming the assets making up the PHFU (principally the land comprising the Meigs County site) have no value and also assuming the City's credit balance would earn zero interest. Stranded costs as well as PHFU costs are subject to change, including future borrowing costs on the AMP line of credit. Activities include items such negative items as property taxes as well as positive items revenue from leases or sale of all or a portion of the Meigs County site property.

The City has made a payment arrangement with AMP with a variable interest rate. The outstanding balance of \$1,435 is current year activity with the final payment of the original loan being completed during the year. Principal and interest payments are made from the electric fund.

#### **NOTE 15 - INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS**

Internal borrowings consist of internal notes and bonds issued by various funds to finance projects internally rather than through outside parties. Each internal note or bond is identified as to which fund is liable for repayment. However, the actual borrowing comes from a pool of funds rather than specific funds. The borrowings pay interest to specified funds based on the percentage of fund balances.

For reporting purposes, these interfund transactions were reflected as an interfund receivable and an interfund payable in the respective funds.

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

### NOTE 15 - INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS - (Continued)

The following is a summary of interfund notes receivable/payable, by debt issue, during 2022:

	Balance 1/1/22	Additions	Deletions	Balance 12/31/22
Governmental activities:				
General fund 2022 SW Parking Lot Issue 11/22, maturity 11/23, rate 2.5%	\$ -	\$ 300,000	\$ -	\$ 300,000
General obligation bond retirement fund 2012 High Street Improvements Issue 11/22, maturity 11/23, rate 2.5%	70,400	48,650	(70,400)	48,650
Nonmajor governmental funds Recreation Improvements 2012 YMCA Equipment Issue 11/22, maturity 11/23, rate 2.5%	36,389	-	(36,389)	-
2012 ERP System Improvements Issue 11/22, maturity 11/23, rate 2.5%	84,436	-	(84,436)	-
2012 Airport Land Acquisition Issue 11/22, maturity 11/23, rate 2.5%	54,000	45,000	(54,000)	45,000
2013 Outdoor Pool Issue 11/22, maturity 11/23, rate 2.5%	527,335	452,002	(527,335)	452,002
2021 State Street Staging Culvert Issue 11/22, maturity 11/23, rate 2.5%	132,000	118,800	(132,000)	118,800
2022 Street Equipment Issue 11/22, maturity 11/23, rate 2.5%		313,350		313,350
Total nonmajor governmental funds	834,160	929,152	(834,160)	929,152
Total governmental activities	\$ 904,560	\$ 1,277,802	\$ (904,560)	\$ 1,277,802

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

## NOTE 15 - INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS - (Continued)

	Balance 1/1/2022	A	Additions	1	Deletions	Balance /31/2022
Business-type sctivities: Storm Water fund	<u> </u>					
2010 Stormwater Improvements Issue 11/22, maturity 11/23, rate 2.5%	\$ 33,335	\$	25,002	\$	(33,335)	\$ 25,002
2011 Stormwater Improvements Issue 11/22, maturity 11/23, rate 2.5%	70,000		63,000		(70,000)	63,000
2012 Stormwater Improvements Issue 11/22, maturity 11/23, rate 2.5%	123,750		112,500		(123,750)	112,500
2013 Stormwater Improvements Issue 11/22, maturity 11/23, rate 2.5%	60,000		55,000		(60,000)	55,000
2015 Stormwater Improvements Issue 11/22, maturity 11/23, rate 2.5%	50,940		38,205		(50,940)	38,205
2021 Seville Road Culvert Issue 11/22, maturity 11/23, rate 2.5%	 101,975		91,778		(101,975)	 91,778
Total storm water fund	\$ 440,000	\$	385,485	\$	(440,000)	\$ 385,485
	Balance 1/1/2022	A	Additions	I	Deletions	Balance 2/31/2022
Business-type activities: Sewer fund						
2012 Brookwood Gravity Sewer Issue 11/22, maturity 11/23, rate 2.5%	\$ 313,500	\$	285,000	\$	(313,500)	\$ 285,000
2021 WWTP Blended Sludge Tank Rehab Issue 11/22, maturity 11/23, rate 2.5%	120,000		108,000		(120,000)	108,000
2022 Dewatering Station Issue 11/22, maturity 11/23, rate 2.5%	 		120,000			 120,000
Total sewer fund	\$ 433,500	\$	513,000	\$	(433,500)	\$ 513,000

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

### NOTE 15 - INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS - (Continued)

Business-type activities: Water fund	 Balance 1/1/2022	 Additions	Deletions	Balance 2/31/2022
2004 Rogues Hollow Well Issue 11/22, maturity 11/23, rate 2.5%	\$ 506,475	\$ 450,200	\$ (506,475)	\$ 450,200
2009 Water System Improvement Issue 11/22, maturity 11/23, rate 2.5%	140,000	122,500	(140,000)	122,500
2011 Water Distribution Improvements Issue 11/22, maturity 11/23, rate 2.5%	132,500	119,250	(132,500)	119,250
2012 Water Distribution Improvements Issue 11/22, maturity 11/23, rate 2.5%	176,000	160,000	(176,000)	160,000
2012 Water Plan Generator Issue 11/22, maturity 11/23, rate 2.5%	206,250	187,500	(206,250)	187,500
2013 Water Tank Maintenace Issue 11/22, maturity 11/23, rate 2.5%	100,000	50,000	(100,000)	50,000
2013 Water Distribution Improvements Issue 11/22, maturity 11/23, rate 2.5%	210,000	192,500	(210,000)	192,500
2013 Water Plant Improvements Issue 11/22, maturity 11/23, rate 2.5%	60,000	55,000	(60,000)	55,000
2014 Water Distribution Improvements Issue 11/22, maturity 11/23, rate 2.5%	167,375	154,500	(167,375)	154,500
2021 SR57 Waterline Project Issue 11/22, maturity 11/23, rate 2.5%	150,000	350,000	(150,000)	350,000
2021 Baker/Valleyview Waterline Issue 11/22, maturity 11/23, rate 2.5%	 400,000	 360,000	 (400,000)	 360,000
Total water fund	\$ 2,248,600	\$ 2,201,450	\$ (2,248,600)	\$ 2,201,450

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

### NOTE 15 - INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS - (Continued)

	Balance			Balance
	1/1/2022	Additions	Deletions	12/31/2022
Business-type activities: Electric fund				
2006 Valleyview Sub Improvements Issue 11/22, maturity 11/23, rate 2.5%	\$ 80,250	\$ 66,875	\$ (80,250)	\$ 66,875
2007 Subs/Dist/Meters Issue 11/22, maturity 11/23, rate 2.5%	231,446	192,872	(231,446)	192,872
2008 Electric Capital Improvements Issue 11/22, maturity 11/23, rate 2.5%	274,750	235,500	(274,750)	235,500
2009 Electric Capital Improvements Issue 11/22, maturity 11/23, rate 2.5%	236,000	206,500	(236,000)	206,500
2010 Electric Capital Improvements Issue 11/22, maturity 11/23, rate 2.5%	370,670	278,004	(370,670)	278,004
2011 Electric Capital Improvements Issue 11/22, maturity 11/23, rate 2.5%	607,500	546,750	(607,500)	546,750
2012 Electric Capital Improvements Issue 11/22, maturity 11/23, rate 2.5%	187,500	125,000	(187,500)	125,000
Total electric fund	\$ 1,988,116	\$ 1,651,501	\$ (1,988,116)	\$ 1,651,501
	Balance 1/1/22	Additions	Deletions	Balance 12/31/22
Governmental activities:				
Nonmajor governmental funds 2021 Sidewalk Assessment				
Issue 11/22, maturity 11/27, rate 3.5%	\$ -	\$ 13,020	\$ -	\$ 13,020
Total governmental activities	\$ -	\$ 13,020	\$ -	\$ 13,020

The following is a detail of advances in/out included in interfund receivable/payable during 2022:

Payable fund	Receivable fund	 Amount
Nonmajor governmental funds	General fund	\$ 629,613

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

## NOTE 15 - INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS - (Continued)

The following is a summary of interfund receivable/payable, outstanding at December 31, 2022:

Interfund payable funds:	Total interfund payable activity
Governmental funds:	
General fund General obligation bond retirement fund Nonmajor governmental funds	\$ 300,000 48,650 1,571,785
Total governmental funds	1,920,435
Proprietary funds:	
Storm Water Sewer	385,485 513,000
Water Electric	2,201,450 1,651,501
Total proprietary funds	4,751,436
Total interfund payable	\$ 6,671,871
Interfund receivable funds:	Total interfund receivable activity
Interfund receivable funds: Governmental funds:	receivable
	receivable
General fund Nonmajor governmental funds	receivable activity  \$ 1,941,507 2,178,669
Governmental funds:  General fund Nonmajor governmental funds Total governmental funds  Proprietary funds:  Storm Water Telecom Sewer	receivable activity  \$ 1,941,507 2,178,669 4,120,176  77,897 489,222 280,922
Governmental funds:  General fund Nonmajor governmental funds Total governmental funds  Proprietary funds:  Storm Water Telecom Sewer Water Electric	receivable activity  \$ 1,941,507 2,178,669 4,120,176  77,897 489,222 280,922 239,713 963,535
Governmental funds:  General fund Nonmajor governmental funds Total governmental funds  Proprietary funds:  Storm Water Telecom Sewer Water Electric Sanitation Total proprietary funds	receivable activity  \$ 1,941,507 2,178,669 4,120,176  77,897 489,222 280,922 239,713 963,535 293,135 2,344,424
Governmental funds:  General fund Nonmajor governmental funds Total governmental funds  Proprietary funds:  Storm Water Telecom Sewer Water Electric Sanitation	receivable activity  \$ 1,941,507 2,178,669 4,120,176  77,897 489,222 280,922 239,713 963,535 293,135

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

#### **NOTE 15 - INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS - (Continued)**

Interfund transfers for the year ended December 31, 2022 consisted of the following:

				Trans	fers in				-
	Nonmajor governmental funds	Storm Water fund	Telecom fund	Sewer fund	Water fund	Electric fund	Sanitation fund	Internal serivce funds	Total
Transfers out General fund	\$ 1,659,591	\$ 3,874	\$ 24,192	\$ 22,163	\$ 30,197	\$ 134,400	\$ 17,373	\$ 24,577	\$ 1,916,367

Transfers are used to move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them and unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations; to segregate money for anticipated capital projects; to provide additional resources for current operations or debt service; and to return money to the fund from which it was originally provided once a project is completed.

#### **NOTE 16 - RELATED ORGANIZATIONS**

In April 2021, the City granted a franchise agreement with Flight Services of Wadsworth LLC (Flight Services) for a period to end on May 31, 2022, for the operation and maintenance of the Wadsworth Municipal Airport. The City of Wadsworth paid six thousand four hundred forty eight dollars and eight cents (\$6,448.08) per month to Flight Services through May 2022 and pays for liability insurance not to exceed eight thousand (\$8,000) dollars per year. In June 2022, the City granted a new franchise agreement with Flight Services for a period to end on May 31, 2027. The City of Wadsworth paid six thousand seven hundred seventy (\$6,770) dollars per month to Flight Services through December 31, 2022. Flight Services agrees to pay the City of Wadsworth six (\$0.06) cents per gallon of aviation fuel sold up to 125,000 gallons annually. After 125,000 gallons are sold Flight Services agrees to pay the City of Wadsworth twelve (\$0.12) cents per gallon of aviation fuel sold and participate in capital improvements at the airport.

#### **NOTE 17 - JOINT VENTURES**

#### OMEGA JV2

The City of Wadsworth is a Financing Participant and an Owner Participant with percentages of liability and ownership of 7.41% and 5.81% respectively and shares participation with thirty-five other subdivisions within the State of Ohio in the Ohio Municipal Electric Generation Agency (OMEGA JV2). Owner Participants own undivided interests, as tenants in common, in the OMEGA JV2 Project in the amount of their respective Project Shares. Purchaser Participants agree to purchase the output associated with their respective Project shares, ownership of which is held in trust for such Purchaser Participants.

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

#### **NOTE 17 - JOINT VENTURES - (Continued)**

Pursuant to the OMEGA JV2 Agreement (Agreement), the participants jointly undertook as either Financing Participants or Non-Financing Participants and as either Owner Participants or Purchaser Participants, the acquisition, construction, and equipping of OMEGA JV2, including such portions of OMEGA JV2 as have been acquired, constructed or equipped by AMP and to pay or incur the costs of the same in accordance with the Agreement.

Pursuant to the Agreement each participant has an obligation to pay its share of debt service on the Distributive Generation Bonds (Bonds) from the revenues of its electric system, subject only to the prior payment of Operating & Maintenance Expenses (O&M) of each participant's System, and shall be on a parity with any outstanding and future senior electric system revenue bonds, notes or other indebtedness payable from any revenues of the System. Under the terms of the Agreement each Financing Participant is to fix, charge and collect rates, fees and charges at least sufficient in order to maintain a debt coverage ratio equal to 110% of the sum of OMEGA JV2 debt service and any other outstanding senior lien electric system revenue obligations. As of December 31, 2022, the City of Wadsworth has met their debt coverage obligation.

OMEGA JV2 was created to provide additional sources of reliable, reasonably priced electric power and energy when prices are high or during times of generation shortages or transmission constraints, and to improve the reliability and economic status of the participants' respective municipal electric utility system. The Project consists of 138.65 MW of distributed generation of which 134.081MW is the participants' entitlement and 4.569MW are held in reserve. On dissolution of OMEGA JV2, the net assets will be shared by the participants on a percentage of ownership basis. OMEGA JV2 is managed by AMP, which acts as the joint venture's agent. During 2001, AMP issued \$50,260,000 of 20 year fixed rate bonds on behalf of the Financing Participants of OMEGA JV2. The net proceeds of the bond issue of \$45,904,712 were contributed to OMEGA JV2. On January 3, 2011, AMP redeemed all of the \$31,110,000 OMEGA JV2 Project Distributive Generation Bonds then outstanding by borrowing on AMP's revolving credit facility. As such, the remaining outstanding bond principal of the OMEGA JV2 indebtedness was reduced to zero. As of December 31, 2022, the City's net investment and its share of operating results of OMEGA JV2 are reported in the City's electric fund (an enterprise fund). The City's net investment in OMEGA JV2 was (\$59,986) at December 31, 2022. Complete financial statements for OMEGA JV2 may be obtained from AMP or from the State Auditor's website at www.ohioauditor.gov

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

#### **NOTE 17 - JOINT VENTURES - (Continued)**

The thirty-six participating subdivisions and their respective ownership shares at December 31, 2022 are:

	Percent	Kw		Percent	Kw
<b>Municipality</b>	<u>ownership</u>	<u>entitlement</u>	<b>Municipality</b>	ownership	entitlement
Hamilton	23.87%	32,000	Grafton	0.79%	1,056
Bowling Green	14.32%	19,198	Brewster	0.75%	1,000
Niles	11.48%	15,400	Monroeville	0.57%	764
Cuyahoga Falls	7.46%	10,000	Milan	0.55%	737
Wadsworth	5.81%	7,784	Oak Harbor	0.55%	737
Painesville	5.22%	7,000	Elmore	0.27%	364
Dover	5.22%	7,000	Jackson Center	0.22%	300
Galion	4.29%	5,753	Napoleon	0.20%	264
Amherst	3.73%	5,000	Lodi	0.16%	218
St. Mary's	2.98%	4,000	Genoa	0.15%	199
Montpelier	2.98%	4,000	Pemberville	0.15%	197
Shelby	1.89%	2,536	Lucas	0.12%	161
Versailes	1.24%	1,660	South Vienna	0.09%	123
Ederton	1.09%	1,460	Bradner	0.09%	119
Yellow Springs	1.05%	1,408	Woodville	0.06%	81
Oberlin	0.91%	1,217	Haskins	0.05%	73
Pioneer	0.86%	1,158	Areanum	0.03%	44
Seville	0.80%	1,066	Custar	0.00%	4
Subtotal	95.20	127,640	Subtotal	4.80	6,441
			Grand Total	100.00%	134,081

The following is a summary of audited financial information of OMEGA JV2:

	OMEGA		
		JV 2	
Total assets	\$	10,645,812	
Deferred outflows		1,604,504	
Total liabilities		3,774,218	
Deferred inflows		9,508,560	
Net position		(1,032,462)	
Total revenues		9,813,037	
Total expenses		10,320,517	
Change in net position		(507,480)	

#### OMEGA JV 5

The City of Wadsworth is a Financing Participant with an ownership percentage of 5.62%, and shares participation with forty-one other subdivisions within the State of Ohio in the Ohio Municipal Electric Generation Agency Joint Venture 5 (OMEGA JV5). Financing Participants own undivided interests, as tenants in common, without right of partition in the OMEGA JV5 Project.

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

#### **NOTE 17 - JOINT VENTURES - (Continued)**

Pursuant to the OMEGA Joint Venture JV5 Agreement (Agreement), the participants jointly undertook as Financing Participants, the acquisition, construction, and equipping of OMEGA JV5, including such portions of OMEGA JV5 as have been acquired, constructed or equipped by AMP.

OMEGA JV5 was created to construct a 42 Megawatt (MW) run-of-the-river hydroelectric plant (including 40MW of backup generation) and associated transmission facilities (on the Ohio River near the Bellville, West Virginia Locks and Dam) and sells electricity from its operations to OMEGA JV5 Participants.

Also pursuant to the Agreement, each participant has an obligation to pay its share of debt service on the Beneficial Interest Certificates (Certificates) from the revenues of its electric system, subject only to the prior payment of Operating & Maintenance Expenses (O&M) of each participant's System, and shall be on a parity with any outstanding and future senior electric system revenue bonds, notes or other indebtedness payable from any revenues of the System. On dissolution of OMEGA JV5, the net assets will be shared by the financing participants on a percentage of ownership basis. Under the terms of the Agreement each participant is to fix, charge and collect rates, fees and charges at least sufficient in order to maintain a debt coverage ratio equal to 110% of the sum of OMEGA JV5 debt service and any other outstanding senior lien electric system revenue obligations. As of December 31, 2022, Wadsworth has met its debt coverage obligation.

The Agreement provides that the failure of any JV5 participant to make any payment due by the due date thereof constitutes a default. In the event of a default, OMEGA JV5 may take certain actions including the termination of a defaulting JV5 Participant's entitlement to Project Power. Each Participant may purchase a pro rata share of the defaulting JV5 Participant's entitlement to Project Power, which together with the share of the other non-defaulting JV5 Participants, is equal to the defaulting JV5 Participant's ownership share of the Project, in kilowatts ("Step Up Power") provided that the sum of any such increases shall not exceed, without consent of the non-defaulting JV5 Participant, an accumulated maximum kilowatts equal to 25% of such non-defaulting JV5 Participant's ownership share of the project prior to any such increases.

OMEGA JV5 is managed by AMP, which acts as the joint venture's agent. During 1993 and 2001 AMP issued \$153,415,000 and \$13,899,981 respectively of 30 year fixed rate Beneficial Interest Certificates (Certificates) on behalf of the Financing Participants of OMEGA JV5. The 2001 Certificates accrete to a value of \$56,125,000 on February 15, 2030. The net proceeds of the bond issues were used to construct the OMEGA JV5 Project. On February 17, 2004 the 1993 Certificates were refunded by issuing 2004 Beneficial Interest Refunding Certificates in the amount of \$116,910,000, which resulted in a savings to the membership of \$34,951,833 from the periods 2005 through 2024. On February 15, 2014, all of the 2004 BIRCs were redeemed from funds held under the trust agreement securing the 2004 BIRCs and the proceeds of a promissory note issued to AMP by OMEGA JV5. This was accomplished with a draw on AMP's revolving credit facility. The resulting balance was \$65,891,509 at February 28, 2014. On January 29, 2016, OMEGA JV5 issued the 2016 Beneficial Interest Certificates ("2016 Certificates") in the amount of \$49,745,000 for the purpose of refunding the promissory note to AMP in full. The outstanding amount on the promissory note had been reduced to \$49,243,377 at the time of refunding as compared to its value at December 31, 2015 of \$49,803,187. The promissory note represented the February 2014 redemption of the 2004 Certificates from funds held under the trust agreement securing the 2004 BIRCs.

The City's net investment and its share of operating results of OMEGA JV5 are reported in the City's electric fund (an enterprise fund). The City's net investment to date in OMEGA JV5 was \$167,891 at December 31, 2022. Complete financial statements for OMEGA JV5 may be obtained from AMP or from the State Auditor's website at www.ohioauditor.gov.

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

#### **NOTE 17 - JOINT VENTURES - (Continued)**

The following is a summary of audited financial information of OMEGAJV5 for the year ended December 31, 2022:

	OMEGA
	 JV 5
Total assets	\$ 89,687,878
Total liabilities	50,651,137
Deferred inflows	36,048,854
Net position	2,987,887
Total revenues	21,621,972
Total expenses	21,621,972
Change in net position	-

#### OMEGA JV 6

The City of Wadsworth is a Financing Participant with an ownership percentage of 3.47%, and shares participation with nine other subdivisions within the State of Ohio in the Ohio Municipal Electric Generation Agency Joint Venture 6 (OMEGA JV6). Financing Participants, after consideration of the potential risks and benefits can choose to be Owner Participants or Purchaser Participants. Owner Participants own undivided interests, as tenants in common in the Project in the amount of its Project Share. Purchaser Participants purchase the Project Power associated with its Project Share.

Pursuant to the OMEGA Joint Venture JV6 Agreement (Agreement), the participants agree jointly to plan, acquire, construct, operate and maintain the Project, and hereby agree, to pay jointly for the electric power, energy and other services associated with the Project.

OMEGA JV6 was created to construct four (4) wind turbines near Bowling Green Ohio. Each turbine has a nominal capacity of 1.8 MW and sells electricity from its operations to OMEGA JV6 Participants.

Pursuant to the Agreement each participant has an obligation to pay its share of debt service on the Adjustable Rate Revenue Bonds (Bonds) from the revenues of its electric system, subject only to the prior payment of Operating & Maintenance Expenses (O&M) of each participant's System, and shall be on a parity with any outstanding and future senior electric system revenue bonds, notes or other indebtedness payable from any revenues of the System. On dissolution of OMEGA JV6, any excess funds shall be refunded to the Non-Financing Participants in proportion to each Participant's Project Share and to Financing Participant's respective obligations. Any other excess funds shall be paid to the Participants in proportion to their respective Project Shares. Under the terms of the Agreement each financing participant is to fix, charge and collect rates, fees, charges, including other available funds, at least sufficient in order to maintain a debt coverage ratio equal to 110% of the sum of OMEGA JV6 debt service and any other outstanding senior lien electric system revenue obligations. As of December 31, 2022 Wadsworth has met its debt coverage obligation.

The Agreement provides that the failure of any JV6 participant to make any payment due by the due date constitutes a default. In the event of a default and one in which the defaulting Participant failed to cure its default as provided for in the Agreement, the remaining participants would acquire the defaulting Participant's interest in the project and assume responsibility for the associated payments on a pro rata basis up to a maximum amount equal to 25% of such non-defaulting Participant's Project share ("Step Up Power").

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

#### **NOTE 17 - JOINT VENTURES - (Continued)**

OMEGA JV6 is managed by American Municipal Power, Inc., which acts as the joint venture's agent. On July 30, 2004 AMP issued \$9,861,000 adjustable rate bonds that matured on August 15, 2019. The interest rate on the bonds will be set every six months until maturity. No fixed amortization schedule exists. The net proceeds of the bond issues were used to construct the OMEGA JV6 Project. On August 15, 2015 the remaining balance was paid on the OMEGA JV6 Bonds.

The City's net investment and its share of operating results of OMEGA JV6 are reported in the City's electric fund (an enterprise fund). The City's net investment to date in OMEGA JV6 was \$94,926 at December 31, 2022. Complete financial statements for OMEGA JV6 may be obtained from AMP or from the State Auditor's website at www.ohioauditor.gov.

The ten participating subdivisions and their respective ownership shares at December 31, 2022 are:

	KW	% of
Participant	Amount	Financing
Bowling Green	3,075.00	56.94%
Cuyahoga Falls	1,350.00	25.00%
Napoleon	225.00	4.17%
Oberlin	187.50	3.47%
Wadsworth	187.50	3.47%
Edgeton	75.00	1.39%
Elmore	75.00	1.39%
Montpelier	75.00	1.39%
Pioneer	75.00	1.39%
Monroeville	75.00	1.39%
Total	5,400.00	100.00%

The following is a summary of audited financial information of OMEGA JV 6 for the year ended December 31, 2022

	 OMEGA JV 6
Total assets	\$ 3,662,729
Total deferred outflows	618,206
Total liabilities	1,071,457
Total deferred inflows	473,850
Net position	2,735,628
Total revenues	455,041
Total expenses	1,678,913
Change in net position	(1,223,872)

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

#### **NOTE 17 - JOINT VENTURES - (Continued)**

#### Woodlawn Union Cemetery

The City is a participant along with Wadsworth Township in a joint venture to establish and manage the Woodlawn Union Cemetery. This establishment is allowable under Ohio Revised Code Section 759.27. This joint venture is considered a separate reporting entity by the City and has not been included in these basic financial statements. Complete financial statements for the Woodlawn Cemetery can be obtained from the Secretary-Treasurer of the Cemetery. Financial information for the year ended December 31, 2022 was as follows:

Total receipts	\$ 276,628
Total disbursements	 (354,918)
Change in net income	\$ (78.290)

The Cemetery has no outstanding debt.

#### NOTE 18 - JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATION

#### Municipal Energy Services Agency (MESA)

The Municipal Energy Services Agency (MESA) joint venture was formed to provide existing member communities with a new source of technical assistance. The organization began with 16 participating communities and has since expanded to 54, including the City of Wadsworth. MESA uses its own and AMP staff to provide planning, design and engineering, field services and training assistance. Unlike other joint ventures, participants do not own physical assets and provide no financing for the joint venture. There are no fees other than for services provided through contracts with the joint venture. The continued existence of MESA is not dependent on the City's continued participation and the City does not have an equity interest in or financial responsibility for MESA. MESA has no outstanding debt.

#### **NOTE 19 - CONTINGENCIES**

#### A. Grants

The City received financial assistance from federal and State agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the general fund or other applicable funds. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the City at December 31, 2022.

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

### **NOTE 19 - CONTINGENCIES - (Continued)**

#### **B.** Litigation

The City is not currently a party to any legal proceedings that would have a materially adverse effect on the financial statements at December 31, 2022.

#### C. Community Center

The City is currently in negotiations with the School District regarding the final payment and close-out of the Community Center project. The City has funds set aside for this final payment; however, there may be a need for other resources. The final amount has not be determined nor can it be reasonably estimated.

#### **NOTE 20 - OTHER COMMITMENTS**

The City utilizes encumbrance accounting as part of its budgetary controls. Encumbrances outstanding at year end may be reported as part of restricted, committed, or assigned classifications of fund balance. At year end, the City's commitments for encumbrances in the governmental funds were as follows:

		Year end	
<u>Fund</u>	er	encumbrances	
General fund	\$	172,783	
Nonmajor governmental funds		10,629,143	
Total	\$	10,801,926	
	_		

#### **NOTE 21 - CONTRACTUAL COMMITMENTS**

As of December 31, 2022, the City had the following contractual commitments outstanding related to various City projects and purchases:

		Amount paid	Remaining	
	Amount of	as of	commitment	
<u>Vendor</u>	contract	12/31/2022	12/31/2022	
AECOM Technical Services Inc.	\$ 165,093	\$ 58,569	\$ 106,524	
App Architecture	473,000	362,106	110,894	
Crawford Murphy & Tilly Inc.	349,885	208,810	141,075	
DLZ Ohio Inc.	150,000	-	150,000	
Equipment Technology LLC	114,083	-	114,083	
Flight Services of Wadsworth LLC	448,908	47,390	401,518	
GPD Group	346,773	308,159	38,614	
Itron Inc	279,730	263,042	16,688	
Pfund Superior Sales Co Inc.	402,705	-	402,705	
North Bay Construction	1,670,655	-	1,670,655	
RFC Contracting LLC	8,679,326	1,527,815	7,151,511	
SEL Engineering Services Inc.	132,529	108,666	23,863	
Stantec Consulting Services Inc.	674,900	603,722	71,178	
Sutphen Corporation	1,495,742		1,495,742	
Total	\$ 15,383,329	\$ 3,488,279	\$ 11,895,050	

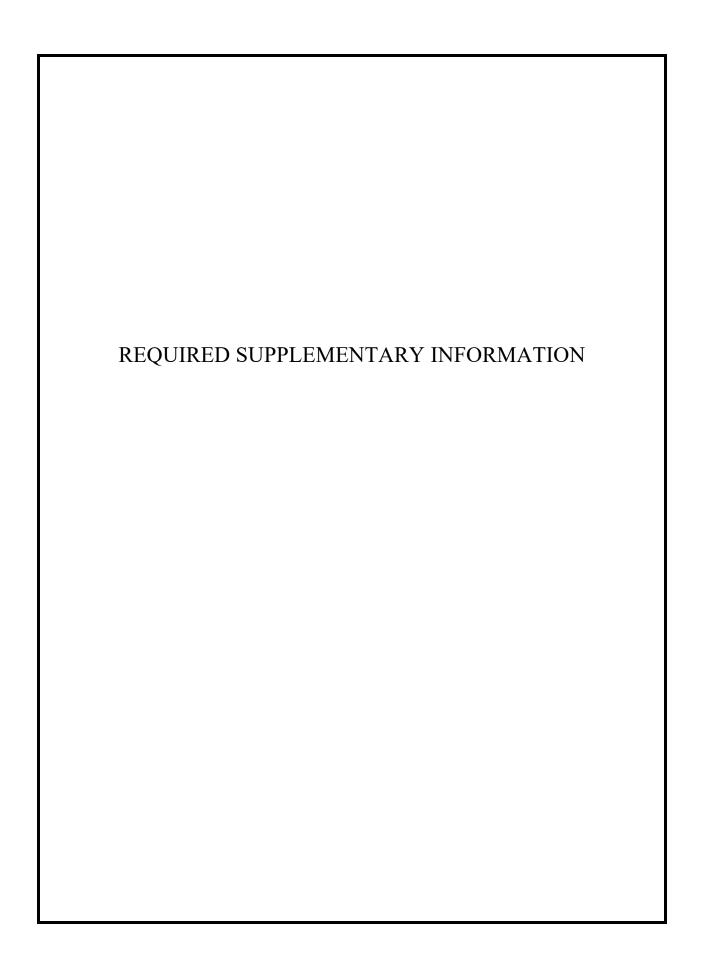
# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

### NOTE 22 – CORONAVIRUS PANDEMIC 2019 (COVID-19)

The United States and the State of Ohio declared a state of emergency in March of 2020 due to the Coronavirus Pandemic 2019 (COVID-19). Ohio's state of emergency ended in June, 2021, while the national state of emergency continues. During 2022, the City received COVID-19 funding. The financial impact of COVID-19 and the continuing emergency measures will impact subsequent periods of the City. The impact on the City's future operating costs, revenues, and additional recovery from emergency funding, either federal or state, cannot be estimated.

The City's investment portfolio fluctuates with market conditions, and due to the market volatility, the amount of gains or losses that will be realized in subsequent periods, if any, cannot be determined.





## SCHEDULES OF THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

# SCHEDULE OF THE CITY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY/NET PENSION ASSET OHIO PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (OPERS)

#### LAST NINE YEARS

	 2022	2021	 2020	 2019
<u>Traditional Plan</u>				
City's proportion of the net pension liability	0.071451%	0.759100%	0.074196%	0.072930%
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 6,216,525	\$ 11,240,618	\$ 14,665,344	\$ 19,974,047
City's covered payroll	\$ 10,422,071	\$ 10,774,100	\$ 10,482,657	\$ 9,906,379
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	59.65%	104.33%	139.90%	201.63%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	92.62%	86.88%	82.17%	74.70%
Combined Plan				
City's proportion of the net pension asset	0.107670%	0.108156%	0.100650%	0.094592%
City's proportionate share of the net pension asset	\$ 424,225	\$ 312,208	\$ 209,879	\$ 105,776
City's covered payroll	\$ 490,864	\$ 476,643	\$ 448,050	\$ 404,564
City's proportionate share of the net pension asset as a percentage of its covered payroll	86.42%	65.50%	46.84%	26.15%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension asset	169.88%	157.67%	145.28%	126.64%
Member Directed Plan				
City's proportion of the net pension asset	0.042107%	0.385010%	0.037922%	0.040103%
City's proportionate share of the net pension asset	\$ 7,645	\$ 7,018	\$ 1,433	\$ 914
City's covered payroll	\$ 263,990	\$ 231,230	\$ 225,420	\$ 229,240
City's proportionate share of the net pension asset as a percentage of its covered payroll	2.90%	3.04%	0.64%	0.40%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension asset	171.84%	188.21%	118.84%	113.42%

Note: Information prior to 2014 was unavailable. Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available. Amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the City's measurement date which is the prior year-end. See accompanying notes to the required supplementary information.

 2018	 2017	 2016	2015		 2014
0.075270%	0.078938%	0.079541%		0.080360%	0.080360%
\$ 11,808,403	\$ 17,925,477	\$ 13,777,505	\$	9,692,314	\$ 9,473,397
\$ 9,973,654	\$ 9,878,042	\$ 9,878,600	\$	9,860,667	\$ 10,202,015
118.40%	181.47%	139.47%		98.29%	92.86%
84.66%	77.25%	81.08%		86.45%	86.36%
0.082516%	0.087455%	0.088980%		0.091286%	0.091286%
\$ 112,331	\$ 48,676	\$ 43,300	\$	35,148	\$ 9,578
\$ 330,554	\$ 340,425	\$ 319,175	\$	333,683	*
33.98%	14.30%	13.57%		10.53%	*
137.28%	116.55%	116.90%		114.83%	104.56%
0.039616%	0.035981%	0.031724%		n/a	n/a
\$ 1,383	\$ 150	\$ 121		n/a	n/a
\$ 217,130	\$ 147,875	\$ 176,675		n/a	n/a
0.64%	0.10%	0.07%		n/a	n/a
124.46%	103.40%	103.91%		n/a	n/a

## SCHEDULES OF THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

# SCHEDULE OF THE CITY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY OHIO POLICE AND FIRE (OP&F) PENSION FUND

#### LAST NINE YEARS

		2022		2021		2020		2019
City's proportion of the net pension liability:	0.	.12802970%	0.	13121740%	0.	12990720%	0	.13155100%
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	7,998,555	\$	8,945,208	\$	8,751,243	\$	10,738,038
City's covered payroll	\$	3,433,616	\$	3,391,034	\$	3,242,464	\$	3,146,270
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		232.95%		263.79%		269.89%		341.29%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		75.03%		70.65%		69.89%		63.07%

Note: Information prior to 2014 was unavailable. Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the City's measurement date which is the prior year-end.

	2018		2017	2016			2015		2014
0	.13130000%	0.	13532300%	0.	13101700%	0.	10724110%	0.	10724110%
\$	8,058,476	\$	8,571,192	\$	8,428,423	\$	6,597,877	\$	5,222,978
\$	3,006,826	\$	2,953,904	\$	2,778,726	\$	3,300,129	\$	2,526,022
	268.01%		290.16%		303.32%		199.93%		206.77%
	70.91%		68.36%		66.77%		72.20%		73.00%

# SCHEDULES OF THE REQUIRED SUPPLMENTARY INFORMATION

# SCHEDULE OF CITY PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS OHIO PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (OPERS)

## LAST TEN YEARS

	 2022		2021	 2020		2019
<u>Traditional Plan</u>						
Contractually required contribution	\$ 1,548,594	\$	1,459,090	\$ 1,508,374	\$	1,467,572
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	 (1,548,594)		(1,459,090)	 (1,508,374)	_	(1,467,572)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 	\$		\$ <u>-</u>	\$	
City's covered payroll	\$ 11,061,386	\$	10,422,071	\$ 10,774,100	\$	10,482,657
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	14.00%		14.00%	14.00%		14.00%
Combined Plan						
Contractually required contribution	\$ 77,582	\$	68,721	\$ 66,730	\$	62,727
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	 (77,582)	_	(68,721)	 (66,730)	_	(62,727)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ <del>-</del>	\$	<del>-</del>	\$ <u>-</u>	\$	<u>-</u>
City's covered payroll	\$ 554,157	\$	490,864	\$ 476,643	\$	448,050
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	14.00%		14.00%	14.00%		14.00%
Member Directed Plan						
Contractually required contribution	\$ 37,219	\$	26,399	\$ 23,123	\$	22,542
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	 (37,219)		(26,399)	 (23,123)		(22,542)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 	\$		\$ 	\$	
City's covered payroll	\$ 372,190	\$	263,990	\$ 231,230	\$	225,420
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	10.00%		10.00%	10.00%		10.00%

 2018	2017	 2016	2015			2014	2013		
\$ 1,386,893	\$ 1,296,575	\$ 1,185,365	\$	1,185,432	\$	1,183,280	\$	1,326,262	
 (1,386,893)	 (1,296,575)	 (1,185,365)		(1,185,432)		(1,183,280)		(1,326,262)	
\$ <u> </u>	\$ <u>-</u>	\$ <u>-</u>	\$		\$		\$	<u>-</u>	
\$ 9,906,379	\$ 9,973,654	\$ 9,878,042	\$	9,878,600	\$	9,860,667	\$	10,202,015	
14.00%	13.00%	12.00%		12.00%		12.00%		13.00%	
\$ 56,639	\$ 42,972	\$ 40,851	\$	38,301	\$	40,042			
 (56,639)	 (42,972)	 (40,851)		(38,301)		(40,042)			
\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$		\$				
\$ 404,564	\$ 330,554	\$ 340,425	\$	319,175	\$	333,683			
14.00%	13.00%	12.00%		12.00%		12.00%			
\$ 22,924	\$ 21,713	\$ 17,745	\$	21,201					
 (22,924)	 (21,713)	 (17,745)		(21,201)					
\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$						
\$ 229,240	\$ 217,130			176,675					
10.00%	10.00%	12.00%		12.00%					

# SCHEDULES OF THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

# SCHEDULE OF CITY PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS OHIO POLICE AND FIRE (OP&F) PENSION FUND

## LAST TEN YEARS

D 11		2022	2021			2020	2019	
Police								
Contractually required contribution	\$	468,558	\$	482,240	\$	474,991	\$	455,443
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		(468,558)		(482,240)		(474,991)		(455,443)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$		\$		\$	
City's covered payroll	\$	2,466,095	\$	2,538,105	\$	2,499,953	\$	2,397,068
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		19.00%		19.00%		19.00%		19.00%
<u>Fire</u>								
Contractually required contribution	\$	240,680	\$	210,445	\$	209,404	\$	198,668
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		(240,680)		(210,445)		(209,404)		(198,668)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$		\$		\$	
City's covered payroll	\$	1,024,170	\$	895,511	\$	891,081	\$	845,396
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		23.50%		23.50%		23.50%		23.50%

 2018	 2017	 2016	2015		 2014	2013		
\$ 458,071	\$ 416,861	\$ 417,026	\$	402,612	\$ 481,740	\$	310,231	
 (458,071)	 (416,861)	 (417,026)		(402,612)	 (481,740)		(310,231)	
\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$		\$ 	\$		
\$ 2,410,900	\$ 2,194,005	\$ 2,194,874	\$	2,119,011	\$ 2,535,474	\$	1,953,596	
19.00%	19.00%	19.00%		19.00%	19.00%		15.88%	
\$ 172,812 (172,812)	\$ 191,013 (191,013)	\$ 178,372 (178,372)	\$	155,033 (155,033)	\$ 179,694 (179,694)	\$	116,763 (116,763)	
\$ -	\$ <u>-</u>	\$ -	\$		\$ -	\$	-	
\$ 735,370	\$ 812,821	\$ 759,030	\$	659,715	\$ 764,655	\$	572,929	
23.50%	23.50%	23.50%		23.50%	23.50%		20.38%	

## SCHEDULES OF THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

# SCHEDULE OF THE CITY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY/NET OPEB ASSET OHIO PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (OPERS)

#### LAST SIX YEARS

	2022	2021	2020	2019
City's proportion of the net OPEB liability	0.071339	% 0.075375%	0.073556%	0.072282%
City's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability/(asset)	\$ (2,234,44	6) \$ (1,342,865)	\$ 10,159,994	\$ 9,423,867
City's covered payroll	\$ 11,176,92	25 \$ 11,481,973	\$ 11,156,127	\$ 10,540,183
City's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	(19.99)	% (11.70)%	91.07%	89.41%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	128.23	% 115.57%	47.80%	46.33%

Note: Information prior to 2017 was unavailable. Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the City's measurement data which is the prior year-end.

 2018	 2017
0.074170%	0.077379%
\$ 8,054,315	\$ 7,815,570
\$ 10,521,338	\$ 10,366,342
76.55%	75.39%
54.14%	54.05%

# SCHEDULES OF THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

# SCHEDULE OF THE CITY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY OHIO POLICE AND FIRE (OP&F) PENSION FUND

#### LAST SIX YEARS

		2022		2021		2020		2019
City's proportion of the net OPEB liability	0.	12802970%	0.	13121740%	0.	12990720%	0.	13155100%
City's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$	1,403,316	\$	1,390,270	\$	1,283,188	\$	1,197,974
City's covered payroll	\$	3,433,616	\$	3,391,034	\$	3,242,464	\$	3,146,270
City's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of it covered payroll		40.87%		41.00%		39.57%		38.08%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability		46.86%		45.42%		47.08%		46.57%

Note: Information prior to 2017 was unavailable. Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the City's measurement date which is the prior year-end.

	2018		2017
0.	13130000%	0.	13532300%
\$	7,439,280	\$	6,423,478
\$	3,006,826	\$	2,953,904
	247.41%		217.46%
	14.13%		15.96%

# SCHEDULE OF THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

# SCHEDULE OF THE CITY OPEB CONTRIBUTIONS OHIO PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (OPERS)

## LAST TEN YEARS

	2022		2021		2020			2019
Contractually required contribution	\$	14,887	\$	10,560	\$	9,250	\$	9,016
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	_	(14,887)		(10,560)		(9,250)		(9,016)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	<u>-</u>	\$		\$		\$	<u>-</u>
City's covered payroll	\$	11,987,733	\$	11,176,925	\$	11,481,973	\$	11,156,127
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		0.12%		0.09%		0.08%		0.08%

 2018	 2017	 2016	 2015	 2014	 2013
\$ 9,169	\$ 111,727	\$ 212,774	\$ 203,956	\$ 203,487	\$ 101,976
 (9,169)	 (111,727)	 (212,774)	 (203,956)	 (203,487)	 (101,976)
\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 
\$ 10,540,183	\$ 10,521,338	\$ 10,366,342	\$ 10,374,450	\$ 10,194,350	\$ 10,202,015
0.09%	1.06%	2.05%	1.97%	2.00%	1.00%

# SCHEDULES OF THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

# SCHEDULE OF THE CITY OPEN CONTRIBUTIONS OHIO POLICE AND FIRE (OP&F) PENSION FUND

## LAST TEN YEARS

	 2022	 2021	 2020	 2019
Police				
Contractually required contribution	\$ 12,330	\$ 12,691	\$ 12,500	\$ 11,985
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	 (12,330)	 (12,691)	 (12,500)	 (11,985)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ <u>-</u>	\$ <del>-</del>	\$ <u>-</u>	\$ 
City's covered payroll	\$ 2,466,095	\$ 2,538,105	\$ 2,499,953	\$ 2,397,068
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	0.50%	0.50%	0.50%	0.50%
Fire				
Contractually required contribution	\$ 5,121	\$ 4,478	\$ 4,455	\$ 4,227
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	(5,121)	(4,478)	(4,455)	(4,227)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$ <u>-</u>
City's covered payroll	\$ 1,024,170	\$ 895,511	\$ 891,081	\$ 845,396
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	0.50%	0.50%	0.50%	0.50%

2018	2017	2016		2015	2014	2013
\$ 12,054	\$ 10,970	\$ 11,271	\$	10,881	\$ 10,092	\$ 70,097
(12,054)	 (10,970)	 (11,271)		(10,881)	 (10,092)	 (70,097)
\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$		\$ 	\$ 
\$ 2,410,900	\$ 2,194,005	\$ 2,194,874	\$	2,119,011	\$ 2,535,474	\$ 1,953,186
0.50%	0.50%	0.50%		0.50%	0.50%	3.62%
\$ 3,677 (3,677)	\$ 4,064	\$ 3,975 (3,975)	\$	3,299	\$ 3,167 (3,167)	\$ 20,682
 	 	 	-		 	 
\$ <u>-</u>	\$ <u>-</u>	\$ -	\$	-	\$ <u>-</u>	\$ <u>-</u>
\$ 735,370	\$ 812,821	\$ 759,030	\$	659,715	\$ 764,655	\$ 572,836
0.50%	0.50%	0.50%		0.50%	0.50%	3.62%

# NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

#### PENSION

#### OHIO PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (OPERS)

Changes in benefit terms: There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for 2014-2022.

Changes in assumptions: There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for 2014-2016. For 2017, the following were the most significant changes of assumptions that affected the total pension liability since the prior measurement date: (a) reduction in the actuarially assumed rate of return from 8.00% down to 7.50%, (b) for defined benefit investments, decreasing the wage inflation from 3.75% to 3.25% and (c) changing the future salary increases from a range of 4.25%-10.05% to 3.25%-10.75%. There were no changes in assumptions for 2018. For 2019, the following were the most significant changes of assumptions that affected the total pension liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the assumed rate of return and discount rate were reduced from 7.50% down to 7.20%. There were no changes in assumptions for 2020-2021. For 2022, the following were the most significant changes of assumptions that affected the total pension liability since the prior measurement date: (a) wage inflation from 3.25% to 2.75%, (b) future salary increases, including inflation were changed from 3.25%-10.75% to 2.75%-10.75%, (c) COLA for post 1/7/2013 retirees were changed from 0.50%, simple through 2021, then 2.15% simple to 3.00%, simple through 2022, then 2.05% simple and (d) the actuarially assumed rate of return was changed to 7.20% to 6.90%.

#### OHIO POLICE AND FIRE (OP&F) PENSION FUND

Changes in benefit terms: There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for 2014-2022.

Changes in assumptions: There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for 2014-2017. For 2018, the following were the most significant changes of assumptions that affected the total pension since the prior measurement date: (a) reduction in the actuarially assumed rate of return from 8.50% down to 8.00%, (b) changing the future salary increases from a range of 4.25%-11.00% to 3.75%-10.50%, (c) reduction in payroll increases from 3.75% down to 3.25%, (d) reduction in inflation assumptions from 3.25% down to 2.75% and (e) Cost of Living Adjustments (COLA) were reduced from 2.60% and 3.00% simple to 2.20% and 3.00% simple. There were no changes in assumptions for 2019-2021. For 2022, the following were the most significant changes of assumptions that affected the total pension liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the actuarially assumed rate of return was changed from 8.00% to 7.50%.

# NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

#### OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)

#### OHIO PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (OPERS)

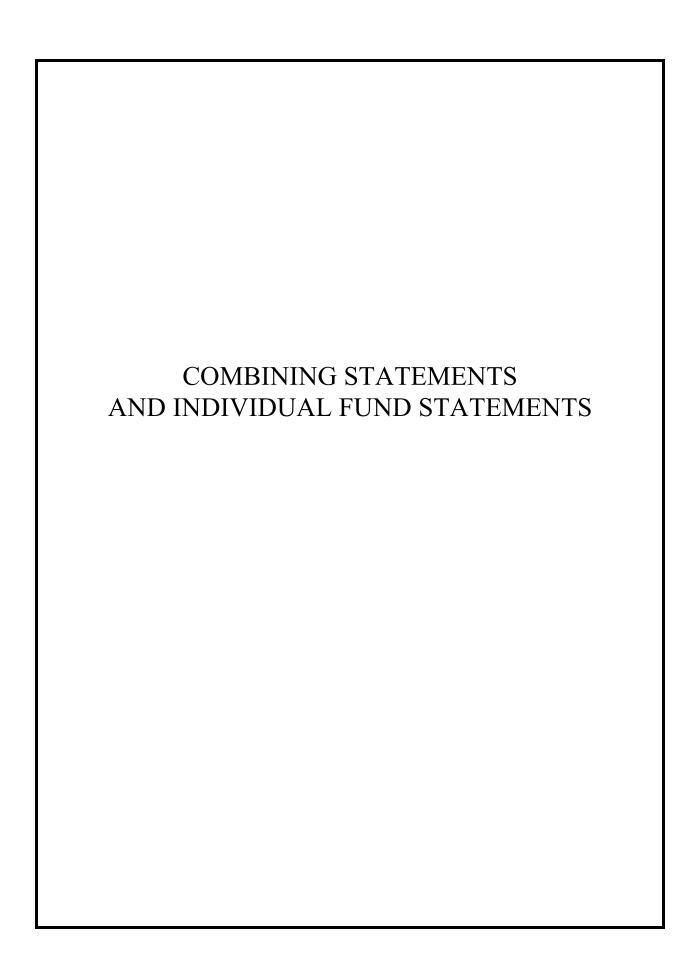
Changes in benefit terms: There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for 2017-2020. For 2021, the following were the most significant changes in benefit terms since the prior measurement date: The Board approved several changes to the health care plan offered to Medicare and non-Medicare retirees in efforts to decrease costs and increase the solvency of the health care plan. These changes are effective January 1, 2022 and include changes to base allowances and eligibility for Medicare retirees, as well as replacing OPERS-sponsored medical plans for non-Medicare retirees with monthly allowances, similar to the program for Medicare retirees. These changes are not reflected in the current year financial statements, however, they are reflected in the December 31, 2020 measurement date health care valuation. These changes significantly decreased the total OPEB liability for the measurement date December 31, 2020. There was no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for 2022.

Changes in assumptions: There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for 2017. For 2018, the following were the most significant changes of assumptions that affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) reduction in the actuarially assumed rate of return from 4.23% down to 3.85%. For 2019, the following were the most significant changes of assumptions that affect the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the discount rate was increased from 3.85% up to 3.96%, (b) The investment rate of return was decreased from 6.50% percent down to 6.00%, (c) the municipal bond rate was increased from 3.31% up to 3.71% and (d) the health care cost trend rate was increased from 7.50%, initial/3.25%, ultimate in 2028 up to 10.00%, initial/3.25% ultimate in 2029. For 2020, the following were the most significant changes of assumptions that affect the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the discount rate was decreased from 3.96% up to 3.16%, (b) the municipal bond rate was decreased from 3.71% up to 2.75% and (c) the health care cost trend rate was increased from 10.0%, initial/3.25%, ultimate in 2029 up to 10.50%, initial/3.50% ultimate in 2030. For 2021, the following where the most significant changes of assumptions that affect the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the discount rate was increased from 3.16% up to 6.00%, (b) the municipal bond rate was decreased from 2.75% down to 2.00% and (c) the health care cost rate trend was decreased from 10.00%, initial/3.50%, ultimate in 2030 down to 8.50%, initial/3.50% ultimate in 2035. For 2022, the following were the most significant changes of assumptions that affect the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: a) wage inflation from 3.25% to 2.75%, (b) projected salary increases, including inflation were changed from 3.25%-10.75% to 2.75%-10.75%, (c) the municipal bond rate was changed from 2.00% to 1.84% and (d) the health care cost trend rate was changed from 8.50% initial, 3.50% ultimate in 2035 to 5.50% initial, 3.50% ultimate in 2034.

#### OHIO POLICE AND FIRE (OP&F) PENSION FUND

Changes in benefit terms: There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for 2017-2018. For 2019, OP&F changed its retiree health care model from a self-insured health care plan to a stipend-based health care model. There were no changes in benefit terms for 2020-2022.

Changes in assumptions: There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for 2017. For 2018, the following were the most significant changes of assumptions that affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) DROP interest rate was reduced from 4.50% to 4.00%, (b) CPI-based COLA was reduced from 2.60% to 2.20%, (c) investment rate of return was reduced from 8.25% to 8.00%, (d) salary increases were reduced from 3.75% to 3.25% and (e) payroll growth was reduced from 3.75% to 3.25%. For 2019, the following were the most significant changes of assumptions that affect the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the discount rate was increased from 3.24% up to 4.66%. For 2020, the following were the most significant changes of assumptions that affect the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the discount rate was decreased from 4.66% up to 3.56%. For 2021, the following were the most significant changes of assumptions that affect the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the discount rate was decreased from 3.56% down to 2.96%. For 2022, the following were the most significant changes of assumptions that affect the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the investment rate of return was changed from 8.00% to 7.50% and (b) the discount rate was changed from 2.96% to 2.84%.



#### COMBINING STATEMENTS - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

#### **Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds**

Special revenue funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specific purposes other than debt service or capital projects. The term proceeds of specific revenue sources establishes that one or more specific restricted or committed revenues should be the foundation for a special revenue fund. The following are the special revenue funds which the City operates:

#### Recreation Fund

To account for income tax revenue, lease payments received, and the operation of the Community Center.

#### Street Maintenance Fund

To account for the income tax revenue, a portion of the gasoline excise tax, a portion of the motor vehicle license tax, and miscellaneous street related sales used in the operations of the Street Department.

#### **Emergency Medical Services Fund**

To account for the EMS levy collections, charges for services, interest and donations used to support the operations of EMS.

#### Municipal Court Special Programs Fund

To account for a portion of the fines collected from civil and criminal court orders used to maintain and purchase computer software and equipment for the municipal court.

#### Municipal Court Improvements Fund

To account for a portion of the fines collected from civil and criminal court orders used to provide the municipal court with furniture, equipment and building improvements.

#### Developers Shade Tree Fund

To account for the collection of fees for street trees in lieu of planting such street trees. This fee is generally paid for by developers when the City's Engineering department does a plat of a new development. These fees are used to pay for new plantings and maintenance of existing trees.

## Dare Education Fund (Drug Law Enforcement Fund in the prior year)

To account for drug fines and donations used to support the annual safety forces camp and drug prevention programs.

#### DWI Enforcement and Education Fund (Law Enforcement and Education Fund in the prior year)

To account for the collection of DUI Fines received by the Municipal Court and used to purchase items that will assist the Police Department in enforcing the law.

#### **Indigent Drivers Alcohol Treatment Fund**

To account for fines received through the criminal cases and for monies received from the State of Ohio for the purpose of treating indigent drivers for alcohol abuse.

#### Law Enforcement Trust Fund

To account for seized property by Federal, State, and local governments used to enhance law enforcement.

#### Permissive Motor Vehicle License Fund

To account for the collection of the local motor vehicle license tax used to plan, construct, maintain, and repair public roads, highways and streets.

#### COMBINING STATEMENTS - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

#### Nonmajor Special Revenue Fund - (continued)

#### State Highway Fund

The State Highway fund is required by the Ohio Revised Code to account for State gasoline tax and motor vehicle registration fees designated for maintenance of State highways within the City.

#### Abatement of Public Nuisance Fund

To account for costs associated with the reduction of public nuisances supported by general fund transfers and special assessments.

#### Chippewa Creek Well Reserve Fund

To account for funds set aside per the settlement agreement between the City and the County of Wayne to be used for the purpose of water well restoration for property owners in Wayne County whose wells have been dewatered as a result of the development and use of groundwater resources in the Chippewa Creek buried valley aquifer by the City.

#### Community Reinvestment Fund

To account for the annual fee paid by local businesses associated with the community reinvestment agreement and for the administration of the tax incentive program.

#### Local Fiscal Recovery Fund

To account for American Rescue Plan Act grant monies received to provide additional relief to address the continued impact of COVID-19 on the economy, public health and local governments.

#### Roundabout at SR 57 & Seville Rd. Fund

To account for grant funding to improve the SR 57 and Seville Rd. intersection.

#### OneOhio Opioid Settlement Fund

To account for settlement monies received to be used to expand the availability of treatment, develop and promote substance abuse prevention strategies, provide substance use avoidance and awareness education and to decrease the oversupply of licit and illicit opioids.

#### Recreation Tax Fund

To account for taxes collected related to residential building permits and used for the development of City owned recreation sites and facilities within the City.

#### Fire Department Education Grant Fund

To account for State of Ohio grant dollars and donations received for the education of fire department employees.

#### Police Continuing Professional Training Fund

To account for the activity associated with a grant provided by the State of Ohio Attorney General's Office. These dollars are to be used for paying the cost of continuing professional training programs per ORC 109.802.

#### Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) Fund

To account for grant monies to assist, equip and train emergency personnel, enhance efficiencies and support community resilience.

#### Chip Revolving Loan Fund

To account for the portion of CHIP loans required to be paid back to the City and reused for other home improvement loans in the future per State of Ohio requirements.

#### COMBINING STATEMENTS - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

#### Nonmajor Special Revenue Fund - (continued)

#### **Economic Development Fund**

To account for the portion of the motel taxes and other contributions made by various funds used for costs related to economic development.

#### Tax Increment Financing Fund

To account for the collection of Tax Increment Financing dollars related to the Heritage Development (Wal-mart and Home Depot) and Wadsworth Crossings Development (Lowe's, Target and Kohl's) used to pay for the construction of City owned infrastructure.

#### Revolving Loan Fund

To account for transfers and money received from the State of Ohio Development Services Agency to assist eligible businesses within the City limits.

#### **Nonmajor Debt Service Funds**

#### Special Assessment Bond Retirement Fund

To account for the money collected by the County Auditor for the payment of the bonds issued for the assessed projects.

#### **Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds**

#### Airport Improvements Fund

To account for the federal grant dollars and local matches used for the capital improvements of the Wadsworth Municipal Airport.

#### General Capital Improvements Fund

To account for income tax dollars used for various governmental capital improvements.

#### EMS Reserve Fund

To account for EMS levy dollars set aside for EMS capital improvements.

#### Fire Levy Fund

To account for the Fire Levy dollars for the purpose of providing and maintaining fire apparatus, appliances, buildings, or sites.

#### Park Land Acquisition Fund

To account for fees paid in lieu of residential subdivision land dedication for public use by the developers and exclusively used for park land acquisition as determined by City Council.

#### Street Improvement Fund

To account for the costs associated with the street improvements made using income tax dollars.

#### Special Assessments Fund

To account for transfers and cash payments by property owners related to improvements that are assessed to the property owner.

# COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2022

	Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds		Nonmajor Debt Service Fund		Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds	(	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Assets:	 10.201.100			Φ.		Φ.	25.100.152
Equity in pooled cash and investments Cash in segregated accounts Receivables:	\$ 10,384,180 96,159	\$	-	\$	14,813,982	\$	25,198,162 96,159
Real and other taxes	1,207,906		_		1,008,782		2,216,688
Accounts	1,295,697		9		8,767		1,304,473
Special assessments	-		1,345,415				1,345,415
Interfund loans receivable	748,923		13,020		1,416,726		2,178,669
Due from other governments	1,108,092		-		141,119		1,249,211
Materials and supplies inventory	439,883		-		-		439,883
Prepayments	 45,121	_			1,661		46,782
Total assets	\$ 15,325,961	\$	1,358,444	\$	17,391,037	\$	34,075,442
Liabilities:							
Accounts payable	\$ 19,265	\$	-	\$	170,165	\$	189,430
Contracts payable	-		-		945,602		945,602
Accrued wages and benefits payable	68,453		-		-		68,453
Interfund loans payable	948,996		30,788		592,001		1,571,785
Due to other governments	48,887		-		-		48,887
Unearned revenue	 2,431,082	_					2,431,082
Total liabilities	 3,516,683	_	30,788		1,707,768	_	5,255,239
Deferred inflows of resources:							
Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year	1,112,448		-		896,403		2,008,851
Delinquent property tax revenue not available	42,458		-		24,602		67,060
Unavailable revenue - other	 2,041,849	_	1,345,424	_	149,886		3,537,159
Total deferred inflows of resources	 3,196,755	_	1,345,424		1,070,891	_	5,613,070
Fund balances:							
Nonspendable	485,004		-		1,661		486,665
Restricted	7,864,320		-		9,389,833		17,254,153
Committed	837,378		-		5,316,093		6,153,471
Unassigned (deficit)	 (574,179)		(17,768)		(95,209)		(687,156)
Total fund balances (deficit)	 8,612,523	_	(17,768)		14,612,378		23,207,133
Total liabilities, deferred inflows							
of resources and fund balance	\$ 15,325,961	\$	1,358,444	\$	17,391,037	\$	34,075,442

# COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	Nonmajor Debt Service Fund	Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Revenues:				
Income taxes	\$ 998,500	\$ -	\$ 2,230,301	\$ 3,228,801
Real and other taxes	250,035	=	1,980,674	2,230,709
Charges for services	1,089,409	=	205,508	1,294,917
Licenses and permits	9,545	=	800	10,345
Fines, forfeitures and settlements	81,507	=	-	81,507
Intergovernmental	1,867,972	<del>-</del>	23,530	1,891,502
Special assessments	<del>-</del>	68,270	37,902	106,172
Interest income	436	=	-	436
Rental income	110,143	=	-	110,143
Contributions and donations	237,445	=	-	237,445
Other	11,485		126,539	138,024
Total revenues	4,656,477	68,270	4,605,254	9,330,001
Expenditures: Current:				
General government	200,457	_	107,373	307,830
Security of persons and property	2,134,729	_	215,255	2,349,984
Public health	6,661	_	213,233	6,661
Transportation	2,410,916	_	139,403	2,550,319
Leisure time services	134,817	_	208	135,025
Community and economic development	163,261	_	200	163,261
Capital outlay	841,728	_	3,736,273	4,578,001
Debt service:	0.11,720		2,720,272	.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
Principal retirement	_	55,000	_	55,000
Interest and fiscal charges	2,819	33,940	1,352	38,111
Total expenditures	5,895,388	88,940	4,199,864	10,184,192
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	(1,238,911)	(20,670)	405,390	(854,191)
Zinotes error ones error (unastr) onpenatures	(-,,-,)			(00.1,27.2)
Other financing sources (uses):				
Bond issuance	-	-	5,870,000	5,870,000
Sale of capital assets	8,116	-	-	8,116
Transfers in	81,259		1,578,332	1,659,591
Total other financing sources (uses)	89,375		7,448,332	7,537,707
Net change in fund balances	(1,149,536)	(20,670)	7,853,722	6,683,516
Fund balances at beginning of year	9,762,059	2,902	6,758,656	16,523,617
Fund balances (deficit) at end of year	\$ 8,612,523	\$ (17,768)	\$ 14,612,378	\$ 23,207,133

# COMBINING BALANCE SHEET INDIVIDUAL NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2022

Nonmai	ior	S	pecial	Revenue

		Recreation Fund	<b>N</b>	Street Iaintenance Fund		Emergency Medical Services Fund	_	Municipal Court Special Programs Fund
Assets: Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$	335,824	Ф	1,592,601	\$	3,335,024	Ф	159,758
Cash in segregated accounts	Ф	333,824	Ф	1,392,001	Ф	3,333,024	Ф	139,/38
Receivables:								
Real and other taxes		-		-		1,207,906		_
Accounts		-		757		1,289,970		-
Special assessments Interfund loans receivable		20.070		154 074		322,641		- 15 221
Due from other governments		30,070		154,074 578,500		63,526		15,321
Materials and supplies inventory		-		267,998		-		-
Prepayments		3,694		5,812		7,468	. <u></u>	
Total assets	\$	369,588	\$	2,599,742	\$	6,226,535	\$	175,079
Liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$	2,071	\$	10,775	\$	5,383	\$	-
Contracts payable		-		-		-		_
Accrued wages and benefits payable		-		22,679		43,189		_
Interfund loans payable  Due to other governments		452,002		3,785		7,861		-
Undistributed monies		-		3,763		7,001		-
Unearned revenue		-		-		-		_
Total liabilities		454,073		37,239		56,433		-
Deferred inflows of resources:								
Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year		-		-		1,112,448		-
Delinquent property tax revenue not available		-		-		42,458		-
Unavailable revenue - other		-		379,745	_	1,229,827		
Total deferred inflows of resources		-		379,745		2,384,733		<u>-</u>
Fund balances:								
Nonspendable		3,694		273,810		7,468		_
Restricted		-		1,908,948		3,777,901		175,079
Committed Unassigned (deficit)		(88,179)		-		-		_
Total fund balances (deficit)		(84,485)		2,182,758	_	3,785,369		175,079
Total liabilities, deferred inflows		(01,100)		2,102,730		3,700,507		1,0,0,7
of resources and fund balance	\$	369,588	\$	2,599,742	\$	6,226,535	\$	175,079

Nonmajor Special Revenue

Iı —	Municipal Court nprovements Fund		Developers Shade Tree Fund		Dare Education Fund		DWI nforcement d Education Fund		Indigent Drivers Alcohol Treatment Fund		Law Enforcement Trust Fund	<b>N</b>	Permissive Iotor Vehicle License Fund
\$	563,443	\$	32,433	\$	59,091	\$	19,374	\$	105,623	\$	58,513	\$	306,411
	-		-		-		-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		-		-		-		-
	54,247		3,138		5,696		1,866		10,106		-		29,643
	-		-		-		-		5,119		-		22,042
	2,818		-		-		- -		25,024		-		100,871
\$	620,508	\$	35,571	\$	64,787	\$	21,240	\$	145,872	\$	58,513	\$	458,967
\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,036
	-		-		-		-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		-		-		-		-
		_				-				_			1,036
						-				_			
	-		-		-		-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		-		- 1570		-		-
			-	_	-			_	4,578 4,578	_	-		
	<u>-</u> _	_	<del>-</del> _		<del>-</del> _	-	<u>-</u> _		4,376	_	<u>-</u>		<del>-</del>
	2,818		_		_		_		25,024		_		100,871
	617,690		-		64,787		21,240		116,270		58,513		357,060
	-		35,571		-		-		-		-		-
	620,508		35,571		64,787	-	21,240		141,294	_	58,513		457,931
	<u>,                                      </u>		,		•				•	_	,		<u>,                                      </u>
\$	620,508	\$	35,571	\$	64,787	\$	21,240	\$	145,872	\$	58,513	\$	458,967

(Continued)

# COMBINING BALANCE SHEET INDIVIDUAL NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (CONTINUED) DECEMBER 31, 2022

N	onmai	ior S	Speci	ial R	evenue

		State Highway Fund	1	Abatement of Public Nuisance Fund		Chippewa Creek Well Reserve Fund		Community Reinvestment Fund
Assets:	Ф	266,022	Ф	01.055	ф	01 170	Ф	47.012
Equity in pooled cash and investments Cash in segregated accounts	\$	266,932	\$	91,955	\$	91,179	\$	47,812
Receivables:		-		-		-		-
Real and other taxes		_		_		_		-
Accounts		-		4,970		-		-
Special assessments		-		-		-		-
Interfund loans receivable		25,824		8,896		8,821		4,626
Due from other governments		46,905		-		-		-
Materials and supplies inventory		71,014		-		-		-
Prepayments Total assets	\$	410,675	\$	105,821	\$	100,000	\$	52,438
Total assets	Ψ	410,073	Ψ	103,021	Ψ	100,000	Ψ	32,430
Liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Contracts payable		-		-		-		-
Accrued wages and benefits payable		-		-		-		-
Interfund loans payable		-		-		-		26 800
Due to other governments Undistributed monies		-		-		<u>-</u>		36,809
Unearned revenue		_		_		_		_
Total liabilities		-		-	_	-		36,809
<b>Deferred inflows of resources:</b> Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year								
Delinquent property tax revenue not available		_		_		_		-
Unavailable revenue - other		30,729		4,970		_		-
Total deferred inflows of resources		30,729		4,970		-		_
Fund halanassa								
Fund balances: Nonspendable		71,014		_		_		_
Restricted		308,932		100,851		100,000		15,629
Committed		-		-		-		-
Unassigned (deficit)		-		-		-		_
Total fund balances (deficit)		379,946	_	100,851	_	100,000		15,629
Total liabilities, deferred inflows								
of resources and fund balance	\$	410,675	\$	105,821	\$	100,000	\$	52,438

Nonmajor Special Revenue

I 	Local Fiscal Recovery Fund	:	Roundabout at SR 57 & Seville Rd. Fund		OneOhio Opioid Settlement Fund		Recreation Tax Fund		Fire Department Education Grant Fund		Police Continuing Professional Training Fund	_	Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) Fund
\$	2,428,536	\$	10,994	\$	6,577	\$	250,390	\$	4,576	\$	10,501	\$	-
	-		-		-		-		-		-		-
	- -		-		- -		- -		-		-		-
	-		-		-		-		-		-		-
	-		392,000		-		24,224		443		1,016		-
	-		- -		-		-		-		-		-
\$	2,428,536	\$	402,994	\$	6,577	\$	274,614	\$	5,019	\$	11,517	\$	-
\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$	
Ф	-	Ф	-	Ф	-	Ф	-	Ф	-	Ф	-	Ф	-
	-		- 496,994		-		-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		-		-		-		-
	2,428,536		-		-		-		-		2,546		-
	2,428,536		496,994			_			-	_	2,546	_	-
	-		-		-		-		-		-		-
			392,000			_		_	-	_	-	_	
	-		392,000	_	-		-	_	-	_	-	_	-
	- - -		- (496,000)		6,577		274,614		5,019		- 8,971 -		- - -
	<u>-</u>		(486,000) (486,000)	_	6,577		274,614	_	5,019	_	8,971	_	<u> </u>
\$	2,428,536	\$	402,994	\$	6,577	\$	274,614	\$	5,019	\$		\$	_

(Continued)

# COMBINING BALANCE SHEET INDIVIDUAL NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (CONTINUED) DECEMBER 31, 2022

	Nonmajor Special Revenue								
		CHIP Revolving Loan Fund	. <u> </u>	Economic Development Fund		Tax Increment Financing Fund		Revolving Loan Fund	
Assets: Equity in pooled cash and investments Cash in segregated accounts Receivables:	\$	107,674	\$	483,440	\$	15,519	\$	96,159	
Real and other taxes Accounts		-		-		-		-	
Special assessments Interfund loans receivable Due from other governments		- - -		46,770		1,501		- - -	
Materials and supplies inventory Prepayments		- -	_	305	_	-		<u>-</u>	
Total assets	\$	107,674	\$	530,515	\$	17,020	\$	96,159	
Liabilities: Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	
Contracts payable Accrued wages and benefits payable Interfund loans payable		- - -		2,585		-		- -	
Due to other governments Undistributed monies Unearned revenue		- - -		432		- - -		- -	
Total liabilities		-	_	3,017		-	_		
Deferred inflows of resources:  Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year Delinquent property tax revenue not available Unavailable revenue - other		- - -		- - -		- - -		- - -	
Total deferred inflows of resources		-		-		-		_	
Fund balances: Nonspendable Restricted Committed Unassigned (deficit)		107,674 - -		305 - 527,193		17,020 - -		96,159	
Total fund balances (deficit)  Total liabilities, deferred inflows	Ф.	107,674	Ф.	527,498	ф.	17,020	Ф.	96,159	
of resources and fund balance	\$	107,674	\$	530,515	\$	17,020	\$	96,159	

**Nonmajor Capital Projects** 

7	Total Special Revenue	In	Airport pprovements Fund	Ir	General Capital nprovements Fund	E	MS Reserve Fund	•		Park Land Acquisition Fund		Street Improvement Fund	
\$	10,384,180 96,159	\$	190,016	\$	1,967,499	\$	4,370,863	\$	6,847,381	\$	400,693	\$	1,012,558
	1,207,906 1,295,697		-		28,527		- -		980,255		- -		-
	748,923 1,108,092 439,883		18,246 134,021		176,466		422,852		662,439 7,098		38,764		97,959 -
	45,121		-		1,661		-		-		-		_
\$	15,325,961	\$	342,283	\$	2,174,153	\$	4,793,715	\$	8,497,173	\$	439,457	\$	1,110,517
\$	19,265	\$	168,592	\$	- -	\$	448,544	\$	1,573 448,544	\$	- -	\$	- 48,514
	68,453 948,996 48,887		45,000		432,150		- - -		- - -		- - -		- - -
	2,431,082		-		-		-		-		-		-
	3,516,683		213,592		432,150		448,544	_	450,117	_	-	_	48,514
	1,112,448 42,458 2,041,849		134,021		- - -		- - -		896,403 24,602 7,098		- - -		- - -
_	3,196,755		134,021	_		_	-	_	928,103	_	_	_	
	485,004 7,864,320 837,378 (574,179)		(5,330)		1,661 - 1,740,342		1,208,877 3,136,294		7,118,953		- - 439,457 -		1,062,003
_	8,612,523		(5,330)	_	1,742,003	_	4,345,171	_	7,118,953	_	439,457	_	1,062,003
\$	15,325,961	\$	342,283	\$	2,174,153	\$	4,793,715	\$	8,497,173	\$	439,457	\$	1,110,517 (Continued)

(Continued)

# COMBINING BALANCE SHEET INDIVIDUAL NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (CONTINUED) DECEMBER 31, 2022

		Nonmajor Ca	al Projects			
		Special Assessments Fund		Fotal Capital Projects		Total
Assets: Equity in pooled cash and investments Cash in segregated accounts Receivables:	\$	24,972	\$	14,813,982	\$	25,198,162 96,159
Real and other taxes Accounts Special assessments Interfund loans receivable Due from other governments		8,767 - -		1,008,782 8,767 - 1,416,726 141,119		2,216,688 1,304,473 1,345,415 2,178,669 1,249,211
Materials and supplies inventory Prepayments	_	-	-	1,661		439,883 46,782
Total assets	\$	33,739	\$	17,391,037	\$	34,075,442
Liabilities: Accounts payable Contracts payable Accrued wages and benefits payable Interfund loans payable Due to other governments Undistributed monies Unearned revenue	\$	- - - 114,851 - -	\$	170,165 945,602 - 592,001 - -	\$	189,430 945,602 68,453 1,571,785 48,887 - 2,431,082
Total liabilities		114,851	_	1,707,768	_	5,255,239
Deferred inflows of resources:  Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year Delinquent property tax revenue not available Unavailable revenue - other		- - 8,767		896,403 24,602 149,886		2,008,851 67,060 3,537,159
Total deferred inflows of resources		8,767		1,070,891		5,613,070
Fund balances: Nonspendable Restricted Committed Unassigned (deficit) Total fund balances (deficit)	_	- - - (89,879) (89,879)		1,661 9,389,833 5,316,093 (95,209) 14,612,378		486,665 17,254,153 6,153,471 (687,156) 23,207,133
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balance	\$	33,739	\$	17,391,037	\$	34,075,442



# COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

TA.T	•	<b>a</b> • 1	I D
Nonma	ınr	Specia	Revenue
Tionina	U	Specia	l Revenue

	R	ecreation Fund		Street Maintenance Fund		Emergency Medical Services Fund	Municipal Court Special Programs Fund
Revenues:	Ф	06.000	Φ	000 000	Φ		Ф
Income taxes	\$	96,000	\$	890,000	\$	200 195	\$ -
Real and other taxes		-		164 105		200,185	-
Charges for services		-		164,105		917,929	=
Licenses and permits Fines, forfeitures and settlements		-		-		-	19,493
Intergovernmental		-		1,210,501		127,120	17,473
Special assessments		_		1,210,301		127,120	-
Interest income		_		_		_	_
Rental income		110,143		_		_	_
Contributions and donations		110,143		_		600	_
Other		54		3,882		1,549	_
Total revenues		206,197		2,268,488		1,247,383	19,493
Expenditures:		_					
Current:							
General government		_		_		_	33,255
Security of persons and property		_		_		2,015,877	-
Public health		_		_		2,013,077	_
Transportation		_		2,206,905		_	_
Leisure time services		109,692		_,_ 0 0,, 0 0		_	_
Community and economic development		-		_		_	_
Capital outlay		_		-		-	-
Debt service:							
Principal retirement		_		-		_	_
Interest and fiscal charges		2,819		-		-	-
Total expenditures		112,511		2,206,905		2,015,877	33,255
Excess (deficiency) of revenues							
over/(under) expenditures		93,686		61,583		(768,494)	(13,762)
Other financing sources (uses):							
Bond issuance		-		-		_	-
Sale of capital assets		-		4,100		-	-
Transfers in		2,828		5,167		25,076	1,266
Total other financing sources (uses)		2,828	_	9,267		25,076	1,266
Net change in fund balances		96,514		70,850		(743,418)	(12,496)
Fund balances (deficit) at beginning of year	-	(180,999)		2,111,908		4,528,787	187,575
Fund balances (deficit) at end of year	\$	(84,485)	\$	2,182,758	\$	3,785,369	\$ 175,079

# Nonmajor Special Revenue

Municipal Court Improvements Fund	Developers Shade Tree Fund	Dare Education Fund	DWI Enforcement and Education Fund	Indigent Drivers Alcohol Treatment Fund	Law Enforcement Trust Fund	Permissive Motor Vehicle License Fund	
\$ -	\$ 12,500	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	
-	-	- -	-	-	-	<del>-</del>	
-	9,545		-	-	-	-	
38,596	-	1,267	1,205	12,682 12,494	500	272,429	
-	-	<u>-</u>	-		<del>-</del>	-,-,,	
-	- -	- 	-	-	91	-	
-	-	5,645	-	-	1,200	-	
38,596	22,045	6,912	1,205	25,176	1,791	272,429	
19,711	11,021	_	467	48,753	<u>-</u>	-	
-	-	7,572	<del>-</del>	-	24,484	-	
-	- -	-	-	-	-	157,517	
-	-	_	-	-	-	-	
-	- -	- -	-	-	9,995	263,423	
-	-	. <u>-</u>	-	-	-	-	
19,711	11,021	7,572	467	48,753	34,479	420,940	
18,885	11,024	(660)	738	(23,577)	(32,688)	(148,511)	
_	-	. <u>-</u>	-	_	-	_	
4,323	- 454		185	1,193	4,016	4,360	
4,323	454		185	1,193	4,016	4,360	
23,208	11,478		923	(22,384)	(28,672)	(144,151)	
597,300	24,093		20,317	163,678	87,185	602,082	
\$ 620,508	<u> </u>		\$ 21,240	\$ 141,294	\$ 58,513	\$ 457,931	
		= =		=	- <del></del>	(Continued)	

# COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	Nonmajor Special Revenue								
		State Iighway Fund	Abatement of Public Nuisance Fund	Chippewa Creek Well Reserve Fund	Community Reinvestment Fund				
Revenues:	Φ		Ф	Φ	Φ.				
Income taxes	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -				
Real and other taxes Charges for services		-	-	-	-				
Licenses and permits		_	-	-	-				
Fines, forfeitures and settlements		_	1,187	_	- -				
Intergovernmental		98,149	1,107	_	_				
Special assessments		-	_	_	_				
Interest income		_	-	-	-				
Rental income		-	-	-	-				
Contributions and donations		-	-	-	-				
Other		-	-	-	4,000				
Total revenues		98,149	1,187		4,000				
Expenditures:									
Current:									
General government		=	-	=	36,809				
Security of persons and property		-	-	-	-				
Public health		-	6,661	-	-				
Transportation		46,494	=	=	=				
Leisure time services		-	-	-	234				
Community and economic development Capital outlay		76,781	-	-	234				
Debt service:		70,701	-	-	-				
Principal retirement		_	_	_	_				
Interest and fiscal charges		_	_	_	_				
Total expenditures		123,275	6,661		37,043				
Excess (deficiency) of revenues									
over/(under) expenditures		(25,126)	(5,474)		(33,043)				
Other financing sources (uses):									
Bond issuance		-	-	-	-				
Sale of capital assets		-	-	-	-				
Transfers in		26,081	701		319				
Total other financing sources (uses)		26,081	701		319				
Net change in fund balances		955	(4,773)	-	(32,724)				
Fund balances (deficit) at beginning of year		378,991	105,624	100,000	48,353				
Fund balances (deficit) at end of year	\$	379,946	\$ 100,851	\$ 100,000	\$ 15,629				

Nonmajor Special Revenue

Local Fiscal Recovery Fund	Roundabout at SR 57 & Seville Rd. Fund	OneOhio Opioid Settlement Fund	Recreation Tax Fund	Fire Department Education Grant Fund	Police Continuing Professional Training Fund	Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) Fund
-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
-	-	-	23,400	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-
100,364	454	6,577	-	- -	11,276	35,185
-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-
100.264	-	-		· <del></del>		
100,364	454	6,577	23,400	<del>-</del>	11,276	35,185
50,000	-	-	-	-	-	-
34,509	-	-	-	-	17,102	35,185
-	-	-	-	- -	-	-
15,855	-	-	9,270	-	-	-
-	486,454	-	5,075	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-		-
100,364	486,454	-	14,345	-	17,102	35,185
	(486,000)	6,577	9,055	- <u>-</u>	(5,826)	
-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	1,435	- -	5,300	-
	-	-	1,435	-	5,300	
-	(486,000)	6,577	10,490	-	(526)	
			264,124	5,019	9,497	
-	\$ (486,000)	\$ 6,577	\$ 274,614	\$ 5,019	\$ 8,971	\$ -

(Continued)

# COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

		Nonmajor Sp	oecial Revenue	
	CHIP Revolving Loan Fund	Economic Development Fund	Tax Increment Financing Fund	Revolving Loan Fund
Revenues:	¢.	¢	¢	¢.
Income taxes Real and other taxes	\$ -	\$ - 26,450	\$ -	\$ -
Charges for services	7,375	20,430	-	-
Licenses and permits	1,313	=	<del>-</del>	=
Fines, forfeitures and settlements	-	-	_	-
Intergovernmental	-	-	_	-
Special assessments	_	_	_	-
Interest income	_	_	_	345
Rental income	_		_	J <b>-</b> J
Contributions and donations	_	230,000	_	_
Other	-	2,000	_	-
Total revenues	7,375	258,450	-	345
Expenditures: Current:				
General government	-	-	_	441
Security of persons and property	-	-	-	-
Public health	-	-	-	-
Transportation	-	-	-	-
Leisure time services	-	-	=	-
Community and economic development	779	162,248	=	=
Capital outlay	-	-	-	-
Debt service:				
Principal retirement	-	-	=	-
Interest and fiscal charges		<del></del>	. <u> </u>	
Total expenditures	779	162,248	. <del></del>	441
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over/(under) expenditures	6,596	96,202	. <u>-</u>	(96)
Other financing sources (uses): Bond issuance	-	-	-	-
Sale of capital assets Transfers in	753	1,387	-	-
Total other financing sources (uses)	753	1,387	<u> </u>	
Net change in fund balances	7,349	97,589	-	(96)
Fund balances (deficit) at beginning of year	100,325	429,909	17,020	96,255
Fund balances (deficit) at end of year	\$ 107,674	\$ 527,498	\$ 17,020	\$ 96,159

**Nonmajor Capital Projects** 

Т	otal Special Revenue	Im	Airport provements Fund	General Capital Improvements Fund	<b>i</b>	EMS Reserve Fund	_	Fire Levy Fund	_	Park Land Acquisition Fund	1	Street Improvement Fund
\$	998,500	\$	120,000		\$		\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,163,799
	250,035		=	89,401		910,000		981,273		-		-
	1,089,409		-	-		102,754		102,754		900		-
	9,545 81,507		-	-		-		-		800		-
	1,867,972		500	-		_		18,161		-		4,869
	-		-	-		-		-		-		_
	436		-	-		-		-		-		-
	110,143		-	-		-		-		-		-
	237,445 11,485		-	112,444		-		2,100		-		11,995
	4,656,477		120,500	1,141,845		1,012,754		1,104,288	_	800		1,180,663
	1,030,177		120,300	1,111,013		1,012,731	-	1,101,200	_	000		1,100,003
	200,457		48,026	34,218		-		-		-		-
	2,134,729 6,661		-	-		1,246		214,009		-		-
	2,410,916		-	- -		- -		- -		- -		139,403
	134,817		-	-		-		_		208		-
	163,261		-	-		-		-		-		-
	841,728		-	445,009		983,621		1,226,470		9,800		971,373
	2,819		270	1,082		-		-		-		-
	5,895,388		48,296	480,309		984,867	_	1,440,479	_	10,008		1,110,776
	(1,238,911)		72,204	661,536		27,887		(336,191)	_	(9,208)		69,887
	- 0.116		-	-		2,187,500		3,682,500		-		-
	8,116 81,259		1,464	7,531		734,859		627,852		4,080		202,546
	89,375		1,464	7,531		2,922,359		4,310,352	_	4,080		202,546
	(1,149,536)		73,668	669,067		2,950,246		3,974,161		(5,128)		272,433
	9,762,059		(78,998)	1,072,936		1,394,925		3,144,792	_	444,585		789,570
\$	8,612,523	\$	(5,330)	\$ 1,742,003	\$	4,345,171	\$	7,118,953	\$	439,457	\$	1,062,003
												(Continued)

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# COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	Nonmajor Ca	apital Projects	
Davannaga	Special Assessments Fund	Total Capital Projects	Total
Revenues:	\$ 6,502	\$ 2,230,301	\$ 3,228,801
Income taxes Real and other taxes	\$ 0,302	\$ 2,230,301 1,980,674	\$ 3,228,801 2,230,709
Charges for services	=	205,508	1,294,917
Licenses and permits	-	800	10,345
Fines, forfeitures and settlements	_	-	81,507
Intergovernmental	_	23,530	1,891,502
Special assessments	37,902	37,902	106,172
Interest income	51,702	51,702	436
Rental income	_	_	110,143
Contributions and donations	_	_	237,445
Other	-	126,539	138,024
Total revenues	44,404	4,605,254	9,330,001
Expenditures: Current:			
General government	25,129	107,373	307,830
Security of persons and property	-	215,255	2,349,984
Public health	-	-	6,661
Transportation	-	139,403	2,550,319
Leisure time services	-	208	135,025
Community and economic development	-	-	163,261
Capital outlay	100,000	3,736,273	4,578,001
Debt service:			
Principal retirement	-	-	55,000
Interest and fiscal charges		1,352	38,111
Total expenditures	125,129	4,199,864	10,184,192
Excess (deficiency) of revenues			
over/(under) expenditures	(80,725)	405,390	(854,191)
Other financing sources (uses):			
Bond issuance	-	5,870,000	5,870,000
Sale of capital assets	=	=	8,116
Transfers in		1,578,332	1,659,591
Total other financing sources (uses)		7,448,332	7,537,707
Net change in fund balances	(80,725)	7,853,722	6,683,516
Fund balances (deficit) at beginning of year	(9,154)	6,758,656	16,523,617
Fund balances (deficit) at end of year	\$ (89,879)	\$ 14,612,378	\$ 23,207,133

#### MAJOR GENERAL FUND

The general fund is the operating fund of the City and is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The general fund balance is available to the City for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

The following funds are being reported as part of the general fund

#### Parking Fund

To account for parking fines as defined in City ordinances used to improve and maintain City owned parking lots.

#### WCTV Fund

To account for the franchise fee paid by third party cable providers and Wadsworth Cable and the advertising charges for services provided by the Wadsworth Community Television (WCTV). These revenues support the daily operations of the cable studio, production of community channels, and the annual Clapper Awards public event.

#### Fire Dept. HazMat Clean Up Fund

To account for the collection of dollars received by third parties for the containment and disposal of hazardous conditions.

#### Street/Utility Maintenance Guarantees Fund

To account for the collection of money from subdivision developers as a performance guarantee on dedicated streets and utilities.

#### MAJOR GENERAL OBLIGATION BOND RETIREMENT FUND

The general obligation bond retirement fund accounts for various revenues collected for the payment of general obligation bond debt.

### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

#### PARKING FUND

		Budgete	d Am	nounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive
	C	Priginal		Final	Actual	(Negative)
Revenues:						
Fines, forfeitures and settlements	\$	8,000	\$	8,000	\$ 4,625	\$ (3,375)
Other		515,962		95,000	 -	 (95,000)
Total revenues		523,962		103,000	 4,625	 (98,375)
Expenditures:						
Current:						
General government						
Contractual services		1,584		1,584	1,584	-
Materials and supplies		5,000		5,000	-	5,000
Other		1,300		1,300	175	1,125
Capital outlay		1,092,555		425,141	 317,179	 107,962
Total expenditures		1,100,439		433,025	 318,938	 114,087
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over (under) expenditures		(576,477)		(330,025)	 (314,313)	 15,712
Other financing sources (uses):						
Note issuance		600,000		600,000	300,000	(300,000)
Transfers in		1,102		1,102	1,102	-
Total other financing sources (uses)		601,102		601,102	301,102	 (300,000)
Net change in fund balance		24,625		271,077	(13,211)	(284,288)
Fund balance at beginning of year		471,972		471,972	471,972	-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated		13,505		13,505	 13,505	 
Fund balance at end of year	\$	510,102	\$	756,554	\$ 472,266	\$ (284,288)

## SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) $\mathbf{WCTV} \ \mathbf{FUND}$

	Budg	eted Amounts	-	Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Revenues:				
Charges for services	\$	- \$ -	\$ 45,747	\$ 45,747
Licenses and permits	359,67	5 359,675	350,294	(9,381)
Other		<u> </u>	2	2
Total revenues	359,67	359,675	396,043	36,368
Expenditures:				
Current: Leisure time activities				
Personal services	223,62	2 223,622	216,682	6,940
Contractual services	90,52		83,248	7,353
Materials and supplies	23,25	,	6,041	17,130
Other	2,10		781	1,319
Capital outlay	14,00		13,506	494
Total expenditures	353,49	353,494	320,258	33,236
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over (under) expenditures	6,18	6,181	75,785	69,604
Other financing sources (uses):				
Sale of capital assets		<u>-</u>	500	500
Total other financing sources (uses)			500	500
Net change in fund balance	6,18	6,181	76,285	70,104
Fund balance at beginning of year	144,27	144,273	144,273	<u> </u>
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 150,45	<u>4</u> <u>\$ 150,454</u>	\$ 220,558	\$ 70,104

### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

#### FIRE DEPT. HAZMAT CLEAN UP FUND

	Budget	ed Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
	Original	Final	Actual		
Revenues:					
Other	\$ 500	\$ 500	\$ -	\$ (500)	
Total revenues	500	500		(500)	
Expenditures: Current:					
Security of persons and property  Contractual services	200	200	200		
Materials and supplies	208 2,200		208	2,200	
Materials and supplies	2,200	2,200	<u> </u>	2,200	
Total expenditures	2,408	2,408	208	2,200	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over (under) expenditures	(1,908)	(1,908)	(208)	1,700	
Other financing sources (uses):					
Transfers in	163	163	163		
Total other financing sources (uses)	163	163	163		
Net change in fund balance	(1,745)	(1,745)	(45)	1,700	
Fund balance at beginning of year	22,254	22,254	22,254		
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 20,509	\$ 20,509	\$ 22,209	\$ 1,700	

### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

#### STREET/UTILITY MAINTENANCE GUARANTEES FUND

	<b>Budgeted Amounts</b>						Variance with Final Budget Positive	
		Original		Final		Actual		(Negative)
Expenditures: Current: Transportation Contractual services	\$	130	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Materials and supplies		10,000	_	<u> </u>		<u> </u>		<u> </u>
Total expenditures		10,130		<del>-</del>		-		-
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		(10,130)						
Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in		390		390		- (52.290)		(390)
Transfers out Total other financing sources (uses)		390		(53,380) (52,990)		(53,380) (53,380)		(390)
Net change in fund balance		(9,740)		(52,990)		(53,380)		(390)
Fund balance at beginning of year		53,380		53,380		53,380		_
Fund balance at end of year	\$	43,640	\$	390	\$		\$	(390)

### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

#### GENERAL OBLIGATION BOND RETIREMENT FUND

	 Budgete	d Am		,	Variance with Final Budget Positive	
	 Original		Final	 Actual		(Negative)
Revenues:						
Income taxes	\$ 750,979	\$	750,979	\$ 750,979	\$	-
Rental income	533,947		533,947	550,186		16,239
Other	 -		114,094	 114,094		
Total revenues	 1,284,926		1,399,020	 1,415,259		16,239
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Debt service:						
Principal retirement	845,678		845,678	845,678		-
Interest and fiscal charges	487,898		601,992	601,992		-
Debt issuance costs	 		246,453	 177,497		68,956
Total debt service	 1,333,576		1,694,123	 1,625,167	_	68,956
Total expenditures	 1,333,576		1,694,123	1,625,167		68,956
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over (under) expenditures	 (48,650)		(295,103)	 (209,908)		85,195
Other financing sources (uses):						
Internal note issuance	48,650		48,650	48,650		-
Premium on bond issuance	 =_		246,453	 246,453		<u>-</u>
Total other financing sources (uses)	 48,650		295,103	 295,103		
Net change in fund balance	-		-	85,195		85,195
Fund balance at beginning of year	 131		131	 131		
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 131	\$	131	\$ 85,326	\$	85,195

### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

#### RECREATION FUND

		Budgete	d Am	nounts			Variance with Final Budget Positive
		Original		Final	Actual		(Negative)
Revenues:	_						
Income taxes	\$	96,000	\$	96,000	\$ 96,000	\$	(926)
Rental income Other		110,979		110,979	110,143 54		(836) 54
Other					 	-	
Total revenues		206,979		206,979	 206,197		(782)
Expenditures:							
Current:							
Leisure time activities		105 706		106.026	102 201		2.925
Contractual services Materials and supplies		105,796 6,000		106,036 5,760	103,201 4,665		2,835 1,095
Capital outlay		40,000		40,000	4,003		40,000
Total leisure time activities		151,796		151,796	 107,866		43,930
			-	<u> </u>	 <del></del>		·
Debt service:							
Principal retirement		563,724		563,724	563,724		-
Interest and fiscal charges		2,819		2,819	 2,819		
Total debt service	-	566,543		566,543	 566,543		
Total expenditures		718,339		718,339	 674,409		43,930
Excess (deficiency) of revenues							
over (under) expenditures		(511,360)		(511,360)	 (468,212)		43,148
Other financing sources (uses):							
Internal note issuance		452,002		452,002	452,002		-
Transfers in		2,828		2,828	 2,828		-
Total other financing sources (uses)		454,830		454,830	 454,830		
Net change in fund balance		(56,530)		(56,530)	(13,382)		43,148
Fund balance at beginning of year		379,276		379,276	 379,276		<u>-</u>
Fund balance at end of year	\$	322,746	\$	322,746	\$ 365,894	\$	43,148

### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

#### STREET MAINTENANCE FUND

	 Budgete	d Am	ounts			Variance with Final Budget Positive
	 Original		Final	 Actual		(Negative)
Revenues:						
Income taxes	\$ 890,000	\$	890,000	\$ 890,000	\$	-
Charges for services	332,170		332,170	338,125		5,955
Intergovernmental	1,190,243		1,190,243	1,214,850		24,607
Other	 2,500		2,500	 3,882		1,382
Total revenues	 2,414,913		2,414,913	 2,446,857		31,944
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Transportation						
Personal services	1,561,812		1,561,812	1,437,351		124,461
Contractual services	845,477		989,420	612,768		376,652
Materials and supplies	313,718		322,957	264,208		58,749
Other	 8,370		6,575	 5,791		784
Total expenditures	 2,729,377		2,880,764	 2,320,118		560,646
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over (under) expenditures	 (314,464)		(465,851)	 126,739		592,590
Other financing sources (uses):						
Sale of assets	10,000		10,000	4,100		(5,900)
Transfers in	5,167		5,167	5,167		-
Total other financing sources (uses)	 15,167		15,167	9,267	_	(5,900)
Net change in fund balance	(299,297)		(450,684)	136,006		586,690
Fund balance at beginning of year	1,567,801		1,567,801	1,567,801		-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated	 33,277		33,277	 33,277		
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 1,301,781	\$	1,150,394	\$ 1,737,084	\$	586,690

### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

#### EMERGENCY MEDICAL SERVICES FUND

		Budgete	d Am	nounts			,	Variance with Final Budget
Revenues:		Original		Final		Actual		Positive (Negative)
Property and other taxes	\$	173,773	\$	183,887	\$	178,035	\$	(5,852)
Charges for services	Ф	912,533	Φ	912,533	Ф	940,970	Φ	28,437
Intergovernmental		143,227		142,613		130,085		(12,528)
Contributions and donations		250		250		600		350
Other		1,350		1,350		1,549		199
Total revenues		1,231,133		1,240,633		1,251,239		10,606
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Security of persons and property		. =0.0 0.01						201.100
Personal services		1,783,321		1,783,321		1,578,832		204,489
Contractual services		328,194		328,742		306,569		22,173
Materials and supplies Other		78,888 28,533		95,446 61,100		73,550 53,048		21,896 8,052
Intergovernmental		20,333		16,151		16,151		
Total expenditures		2,218,936		2,284,760		2,028,150		256,610
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over (under) expenditures		(987,803)		(1,044,127)		(776,911)		267,216
Other financing sources (uses):								
Transfers in		25,076		25,076		25,076		
Total other financing sources (uses)		25,076		25,076		25,076		
Net change in fund balance		(962,727)		(1,019,051)		(751,835)		267,216
Fund balance at beginning of year		4,395,562		4,395,562		4,395,562		-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated		13,938		13,938		13,938		
Fund balance at end of year	\$	3,446,773	\$	3,390,449	\$	3,657,665	\$	267,216

### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

#### MUNICIPAL COURT SPECIAL PROGRAMS FUND

	Budgete	d Am	ounts			,	Variance with Final Budget Positive	
	 Original		Final		Actual		(Negative)	
Revenues:								
Fines, forfeitures and settlements	\$ 35,250	\$	35,250	\$	19,497	\$	(15,753)	
Total revenues	 35,250		35,250		19,497		(15,753)	
Expenditures: Current:								
General government								
Contractual services	 32,787		32,787		31,380		1,407	
Total expenditures	 32,787		32,787		31,380		1,407	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over (under) expenditures	 2,463		2,463		(11,883)		(14,346)	
Other financing sources (uses):								
Transfers in	 1,266		1,266		1,266			
Total other financing sources (uses)	 1,266		1,266		1,266		<del>-</del>	
Net change in fund balance	3,729		3,729		(10,617)		(14,346)	
Fund balance at beginning of year	 184,310		184,310		184,310			
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 188,039	\$	188,039	\$	173,693	\$	(14,346)	

### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

#### MUNICIPAL COURT IMPROVEMENTS FUND

	 Budgete	d An	nounts			Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original		Final	Actual		(Negative)
Revenues:	 					
Fines, forfeitures and settlements	\$ 60,000	\$	60,000	\$ 38,640	\$	(21,360)
Total revenues	 60,000		60,000	 38,640	_	(21,360)
Expenditures:						
Current:						
General government	10.710		4=00=			• 60
Contractual services	13,513		17,985	17,616		369
Materials and supplies	29,347		44,875	9,347		35,528
Other	1,956		1,956	1,956		245.000
Capital outlay	 245,000		245,000	 		245,000
Total expenditures	289,816		309,816	 28,919		280,897
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over (under) expenditures	 (229,816)		(249,816)	 9,721		259,537
Other financing sources (uses):						
Transfers in	4,323		4,323	4,323		-
Total other financing sources (uses)	4,323		4,323	4,323	_	-
Net change in fund balance	(225,493)		(245,493)	14,044		259,537
Fund balance at beginning of year	591,581		591,581	591,581		-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated	 9,347		9,347	 9,347		
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 375,435	\$	355,435	\$ 614,972	\$	259,537

### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

#### DEVELOPERS SHADE TREE FUND

	 Budgete	d Am			Variance with Final Budget Positive	
	Original		Final	Actual		(Negative)
Revenues:	 					
Income taxes	\$ 15,000	\$	12,500	\$ 12,500	\$	-
Licenses and permits	 4,000		4,000	 9,545	-	5,545
Total revenues	 19,000		16,500	 22,045		5,545
Expenditures:						
Current:						
General government Contractual services	20,491		20,491	1,416		19,075
Materials and supplies	20,000		20,000	9,605		10,395
Other	 100		100	 -		100
Total expenditures	 40,591		40,591	 11,021		29,570
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over (under) expenditures	 (21,591)		(24,091)	 11,024		35,115
Other financing sources (uses):						
Transfers in	 454		454	 454		<u>-</u>
Total other financing sources (uses)	 454		454	 454		
Net change in fund balance	(21,137)		(23,637)	11,478		35,115
Fund balance at beginning of year	 24,093		24,093	 24,093		
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 2,956	\$	456	\$ 35,571	\$	35,115

### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

#### DARE EDUCATION FUND

	Budgeted Amounts Original Final					Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:	-	<u> </u>		1 11141	-	11000	 (1 (eguerve)
Fines, forfeitures and settlements Contributions and donations	\$	4,750 3,150	\$	4,750 3,150	\$	1,276 5,645	\$ (3,474) 2,495
Total revenues		7,900		7,900		6,921	 (979)
Expenditures:							
Contractual services		2,705		2,705		2,676	29
Materials and supplies		5,000		5,000		4,896	104
Total expenditures		7,705		7,705		7,572	 133
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		195		195		(651)	 (846)
Other financing sources (uses):							
Transfers in		431		431		431	-
Total other financing sources (uses)		431		431		431	-
Net change in fund balance		626		626		(220)	(846)
Fund balance at beginning of year		64,795		64,795		64,795	 
Fund balance at end of year	\$	65,421	\$	65,421	\$	64,575	\$ (846)

### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

#### DWI ENFORCEMENT AND EDUCATION FUND

	Budgete	d Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Revenues:				
Fines, forfeitures and settlements	\$ 2,500	\$ 2,500	\$ 1,226	\$ (1,274)
Total revenues	2,500	2,500	1,226	(1,274)
Expenditures:				
Contractual services	467	467	467	-
Materials and supplies	5,000	5,000		5,000
Total expenditures	5,467	5,467	467	5,000
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(2,967)	(2,967)	759	3,726
Other financing sources (uses):				
Transfers in	185	185	185	<u> </u>
Total other financing sources (uses)	185	185	185	
Net change in fund balance	(2,782)	(2,782)	944	3,726
Fund balance at beginning of year	20,207	20,207	20,207	
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 17,425	\$ 17,425	\$ 21,151	\$ 3,726

### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

#### INDIGENT DRIVERS ALCOHOL TREATMENT FUND

	 Budgete	d Amo				ariance with Final Budget Positive	
	 Original		Final		Actual		(Negative)
Revenues:		_		_		_	
Fines, forfeitures and settlements	\$ 27,000	\$	27,000	\$	12,508	\$	(14,492)
Intergovernmental	 16,000		16,000		11,953		(4,047)
Total revenues	 43,000		43,000		24,461		(18,539)
Expenditures:							
Current:							
General government							
Contractual services	 56,246		56,246		51,710		4,536
Total expenditures	 56,246		56,246		51,710		4,536
Excess (deficiency) of revenues							
over (under) expenditures	 (13,246)		(13,246)		(27,249)		(14,003)
Other financing sources (uses):							
Transfers in	1,193		1,193		1,193		_
Total other financing sources (uses)	1,193		1,193		1,193		
Net change in fund balance	(12,053)		(12,053)		(26,056)		(14,003)
Fund balance at beginning of year	 140,626		140,626		140,626		
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 128,573	\$	128,573	\$	114,570	\$	(14,003)

### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

#### LAW ENFORCEMENT TRUST FUND

	Budge	ted Amounts	-	Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Revenues:				
Fines, forfeitures and settlements	\$ 2,50		\$ 500	\$ (2,000)
Interest income	2	20	91	71
Contributions and donations		<u> </u>	1,200	1,200
Total revenues	2,52	2,520	1,791	(729)
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Security of persons and property  Contractual services	22.10	10.607	10.607	
Materials and supplies	23,10 46,81		19,697 33,362	13,455
Capital outlay	14,88		14,885	13,433
Capital outlay	17,00	14,003	14,003	
Total expenditures	84,80	81,399	67,944	13,455
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over (under) expenditures	(82,289	(78,879)	(66,153)	12,726
Other financing sources (uses):				
Sale of assets	75	750	4,016	3,266
Total other financing sources (uses)	75	750	4,016	3,266
Net change in fund balance	(81,539	(78,129)	(62,137)	15,992
Fund balance at beginning of year	54,94	54,940	54,940	-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated	65,71		65,710	
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 39,11	\$ 42,521	\$ 58,513	\$ 15,992

### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

#### PERMISSIVE MOTOR VEHICLE LICENSE FUND

	 Budgete	d Am	ounts				Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original		Final		Actual		(Negative)
Revenues:	 	-					<del>- \                                   </del>
Intergovernmental	\$ 641,826	\$	266,258	\$	272,514	\$	6,256
Total revenues	 641,826		266,258	-	272,514	_	6,256
Expenditures:							
Current:							
Transportation							
Contractual services	175,337		175,337		156,654		18,683
Materials and supplies	29,250		29,250		12,732		16,518
Capital outlay	 355,824		408,198		264,197		144,001
Total expenditures	 560,411		612,785		433,583		179,202
Excess (deficiency) of revenues							
over (under) expenditures	 81,415		(346,527)		(161,069)	_	185,458
Other financing sources (uses):							
Transfers in	4,360		4,360		4,360		-
Total other financing sources (uses)	 4,360		4,360		4,360		
Net change in fund balance	85,775		(342,167)		(156,709)		185,458
Fund balance at beginning of year	485,472		485,472		485,472		_
Prior year encumbrances appropriated	 2,064		2,064		2,064		<u> </u>
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 573,311	\$	145,369	\$	330,827	\$	185,458

### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

#### STATE HIGHWAY FUND

	 Budgete	d A	mounts			Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original		Final	Actual		(Negative)
Revenues:						
Intergovernmental	\$ 96,506	\$	96,506	\$ 98,502	\$	1,996
Total revenues	 96,506		96,506	 98,502		1,996
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Transportation	60.042		60.640	20.002		20.550
Contractual services	68,843		68,643	29,093		39,550
Materials and supplies	47,750		47,750	30,890		16,860
Capital outlay	 135,000	_	211,781	 76,781		135,000
Total expenditures	 251,593	_	328,174	 136,764		191,410
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over (under) expenditures	 (155,087)	_	(231,668)	 (38,262)	_	193,406
Other financing sources (uses):						
Transfers in	1,674		1,674	26,081		24,407
Total other financing sources (uses)	 1,674	_	1,674	26,081	_	24,407
Net change in fund balance	(153,413)		(229,994)	(12,181)		217,813
Fund balance at beginning of year	292,210		292,210	292,210		-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated	 1,610	_	1,610	 1,610	_	
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 140,407	\$	63,826	\$ 281,639	\$	217,813

### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

#### ABATEMENT OF PUBLIC NUISANCE FUND

	 Budgete	d Am		Variance with Final Budget Positive		
	Original		Final	Actual		(Negative)
Revenues:						
Fines, forfeitures and settlements	\$ 7,175	\$	7,175	\$ 1,187	\$	(5,988)
Total revenues	 7,175		7,175	 1,187		(5,988)
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Public health						
Contractual services	12,743		10,102	4,020		6,082
Materials and supplies	 		2,641	 2,641		
Total expenditures	 12,743		12,743	 6,661		6,082
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over (under) expenditures	 (5,568)		(5,568)	 (5,474)		94
Other financing sources (uses):						
Transfers in	 701		701	 701		
Total other financing sources (uses)	 701		701	701		
Net change in fund balance	(4,867)		(4,867)	(4,773)		94
Fund balance at beginning of year	 105,624		105,624	 105,624		
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 100,757	\$	100,757	\$ 100,851	\$	94

### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

#### CHIPPEWA CREEK WELL RESERVE FUND

	 Budgete	d An			Variance with Final Budget Positive
	 Original		Final	 Actual	(Negative)
TOTAL	\$ -	\$	=	\$ -	\$ -
Net change in fund balance	-		-	-	-
Fund balance at beginning of year	100,000		100,000	 100,000	 <u>-</u>
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 100,000	\$	100,000	\$ 100,000	\$ 

### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

#### COMMUNITY REINVESTMENT FUND

	Budgete	d Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	<u>Final</u>	Actual	(Negative)
Revenues: Other	\$ 4,000	\$ 4,000	\$ 4,000	\$ -
Other	\$ 4,000	\$ 4,000	\$ 4,000	<u>ф -</u>
Total revenues	4,000	4,000	4,000	
Expenditures: Current:				
Community and economic development Contractual services	234	234	234	
Total expenditures	234	234	234	<u> </u>
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	3,766	3,766	3,766	
Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in	319	319	319	<u>-</u>
Total other financing sources (uses)	319	319	319	
Net change in fund balance	4,085	4,085	4,085	-
Fund balance at beginning of year	48,353	48,353	48,353	<u> </u>
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 52,438	\$ 52,438	\$ 52,438	\$ -

### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

#### LOCAL FISCAL RECOVERY FUND

	 Budgete	d Am	ounts		ariance with inal Budget Positive
	Original		Final	Actual	(Negative)
Revenues:					
Intergovernmental	\$ 2,243,844	\$	1,264,450	\$ 1,269,478	\$ 5,028
Total revenues	 2,243,844		1,264,450	 1,269,478	 5,028
Expenditures:					
Current:					
General government			227.000		225.000
Personal services	-		325,000	-	325,000
Other	1 250 000		50,000	50,000	-
Capital outlay	 1,350,000		609,000	 50,000	 609,000
Total general government	 1,350,000		984,000	 50,000	 934,000
Security of persons and property					
Contractual services	-		2,778	2,778	-
Materials and supplies	75,000		33,446	31,731	1,715
Capital outlay			38,676	38,676	, <u>-</u>
Total security of persons and property	75,000		74,900	73,185	 1,715
Leisure time activities					
Materials and supplies	_		16,000	15,855	145
Capital outlay	800,000		-	-	-
Total leisure time activities	800,000		16,000	15,855	145
Total expenditures	 2,225,000		1,074,900	 139,040	 935,860
Net change in fund balance	18,844		189,550	1,130,438	940,888
Fund balance at beginning of year	 1,259,422		1,259,422	 1,259,422	 
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 1,278,266	\$	1,448,972	\$ 2,389,860	\$ 940,888

### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

#### ROUNDABOUT AT SR 57 & SEVILLE RD. FUND

	 Budgete	d Am	nounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive	
	Original		Final	Actual		(Negative)
Revenues: Intergovernmental	\$ 392,000	\$	392,000	\$ 454	\$	(391,546)
Total revenues	 392,000		392,000	 454		(391,546)
Expenditures: Current: Transportation						
Capital outlay	 496,718		496,718	 496,718		<u>-</u>
Total expenditures	 496,718		496,718	 496,718		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	 (104,718)		(104,718)	 (496,264)		(391,546)
Other financing sources (uses): Loan issued Advances in	94,000		94,000	486,000		(94,000) 486,000
Total other financing sources (uses)	 94,000		94,000	486,000		392,000
Net change in fund balance	(10,718)		(10,718)	(10,264)		454
Fund balance at beginning of year Prior year encumbrances appropriated	 276 10,717		276 10,717	 276 10,717		- 
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 275	\$	275	\$ 729	\$	454

### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

#### ONEOHIO OPIOID SETTLEMENT FUND

	Budget	ed Amounts	-	Variance with Final Budget Positive		
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)		
Revenues: Fines, forfeitures and settlements	\$ -	\$ 6,577	\$ 6,577	\$ -		
Total revenues		6,577	6,577			
Net change in fund balance	-	6,577	6,577	-		
Fund balance at beginning of year						
Fund balance at end of year	\$ -	\$ 6,577	\$ 6,577	<u>\$</u>		

### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

#### RECREATION TAX FUND

	 Budgete	d An	nounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive	
	Original		Final	Actual		(Negative)
Revenues:	 					
Property and other taxes	\$ 60,000	\$	60,000	\$ 23,400	\$	(36,600)
Total revenues	 60,000		60,000	 23,400		(36,600)
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Leisure time activities	1.246		1.046	1 246		
Contractual services	1,246		1,246	1,246		21.500
Materials and supplies Other	31,500 1,300		37,000 1,300	5,500 336		31,500 964
Capital outlay	187,500		103,500	24,688		78,812
Capital Outlay	 187,300		105,500	 24,000	_	70,012
Total expenditures	 221,546		143,046	 31,770		111,276
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over (under) expenditures	 (161,546)		(83,046)	 (8,370)		74,676
Other financing sources (uses):						
Transfers in	1,435		1,435	1,435		-
Total other financing sources (uses)	 1,435		1,435	1,435	_	
Net change in fund balance	(160,111)		(81,611)	(6,935)		74,676
Fund balance at beginning of year	254,624		254,624	254,624		-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated	 9,500		9,500	 9,500	_	<u> </u>
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 104,013	\$	182,513	\$ 257,189	\$	74,676

### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

#### FIRE DEPARTMENT EDUCATION GRANT FUND

	Budgeted Amounts							Variance with Final Budget Positive	
		Original		Final		Actual		(Negative)	
Expenditures: Current: Security of persons and property Other	\$	3,800	\$	1,900	\$		\$	1,900	
Total expenditures		3,800		1,900			_	1,900	
Net change in fund balance		(3,800)		(1,900)		-		1,900	
Fund balance at beginning of year		5,019		5,019		5,019	_	<u>-</u>	
Fund balance at end of year	\$	1,219	\$	3,119	\$	5,019	\$	1,900	

### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

#### POLICE CONTINUING PROFESSIONAL TRAINING FUND

	Bud	geted A	mounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive	
	Original		Final	Actual	(Negative)	
Revenues:			_			
Intergovernmental	\$		13,822	\$ 13,822	\$ -	
Total revenues		<u>-</u>	13,822	13,822		
Expenditures: Current:						
Security of persons and property						
Other	8,0	27	19,649	17,102	2,547	
Total expenditures	8,0	27	19,649	17,102	2,547	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(8,0	27)	(5,827)	(3,280)	2,547	
Other financing sources (uses):						
Transfers in		-	-	5,300	5,300	
Total other financing sources (uses)				5,300	5,300	
Net change in fund balance	(8,0	27)	(5,827)	2,020	7,847	
Fund balance at beginning of year	9,4	97	9,497	9,497		
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 1,4	70 \$	3,670	\$ 11,517	\$ 7,847	

## SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) FEDERAL EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT AGENCY (FEMA) FUND

		Budgeted A	Amounts		Variance with Final Budget		
	Or	iginal	Final	<u>Actual</u>	Positive (Negative)		
Revenues: Intergovernmental	\$	- \$	35,186	\$ 35,185	\$ (1)		
Total revenues		<u>-</u>	35,186	35,185	(1)		
Expenditures: Current: Security of persons and property Materials and supplies		<u> </u>	35,185	35,185			
Total expenditures			35,185	35,185			
Net change in fund balance		-	1	-	(1)		
Fund balance at beginning of year		<u>-</u>	<u> </u>				
Fund balance at end of year	\$		1	\$	\$ (1)		

### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

#### CHIP REVOLVING LOAN FUND

	Budgeted Amounts						Variance with Final Budget Positive	
		Original		Final		Actual		(Negative)
Revenues:								_
Charges for services	\$	3,200	\$	3,200	\$	7,375	\$	4,175
Total revenues		3,200		3,200		7,375		4,175
Expenditures: Current:								
Community and economic development								
Contractual services		30,779		30,779		779		30,000
Total expenditures		30,779		30,779		779		30,000
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over (under) expenditures		(27,579)		(27,579)		6,596		34,175
Other financing sources (uses):								
Transfers in		753		753		753		-
Total other financing sources (uses)		753		753		753		-
Net change in fund balance		(26,826)		(26,826)		7,349		34,175
Fund balance at beginning of year		100,325		100,325		100,325	_	
Fund balance at end of year	\$	73,499	\$	73,499	\$	107,674	\$	34,175

### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

#### ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT FUND

	 Budgete	d Am	ounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive	
	Original		Final	Actual		(Negative)
Revenues:						
Property and other taxes	\$ 25,300	\$	25,300	\$ 26,450	\$	1,150
Charges for services	149,730		149,730	149,730		-
Contributions and donations	230,000		230,000	230,000		-
Other	 3,000		3,000	 2,000		(1,000)
Total revenues	 408,030		408,030	 408,180		150
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Community and economic development						
Personal services	165,260		165,260	133,354		31,906
Contractual services	238,205		294,587	207,578		87,009
Materials and supplies	1,350		1,350	241		1,109
Other	 74,510		44,610	 29,038		15,572
Total expenditures	 479,325		505,807	 370,211		135,596
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over (under) expenditures	 (71,295)		(97,777)	 37,969		135,746
Other financing sources (uses):						
Transfers in	1,387		1,387	1,387		<del>-</del>
Total other financing sources (uses)	1,387		1,387	1,387		-
Net change in fund balance	(69,908)		(96,390)	39,356		135,746
Fund balance at beginning of year	380,151		380,151	380,151		-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated	 60,703		60,703	 60,703		<u>-</u>
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 370,946	\$	344,464	\$ 480,210	\$	135,746

### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

#### TAX INCREMENT FINANCING FUND

	Budgeted Amounts						Variance with Final Budget Positive
		Original		Final		Actual	 (Negative)
Expenditures: Current: Transportation Capital outlay	\$	12,500	\$	<u>-</u> ,	\$		\$ <u>-</u>
Total expenditures		12,500		<u>-</u>			 <u>-</u>
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		(12,500)				<u>-</u>	 <u>-</u> _
Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in		523		523		_	(523)
Total other financing sources (uses)		523		523		-	(523)
Net change in fund balance		(11,977)		523		-	(523)
Fund balance at beginning of year Prior year encumbrances appropriated		4,520 12,500		4,520 12,500		4,520 12,500	 <u>-</u>
Fund balance at end of year	\$	5,043	\$	17,543	\$	17,020	\$ (523)

### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

#### **REVOLVING LOAN FUND**

	 Budgete	d Am	ounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive		
	 Original		Final	 Actual		Negative)	
Revenues: Interest income	\$ 12	\$	12	\$ 345	\$	333	
Total revenues	 12		12	 345		333	
Expenditures: Current: Community and economic development Contractual services	 441_		441_	441_			
Total expenditures	 441		441	 441			
Net change in fund balance	(429)		(429)	(96)		333	
Fund balance at beginning of year	 96,255		96,255	96,255		<u>-</u>	
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 95,826	\$	95,826	\$ 96,159	\$	333	

### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

#### SPECIAL ASSESSMENT BOND RETIREMENT FUND

	Budgeted Amounts							Variance with Final Budget Positive
		Original		Final		Actual		(Negative)
Revenues:							_	
Special assessments	\$	87,454	\$	87,454	\$	68,270	\$	(19,184)
Total revenues		87,454		87,454		68,270	_	(19,184)
Expenditures:								
Debt service:		55,000		55,000		55,000		
Principal retirement		55,000		55,000		55,000		-
Interest and fiscal charges		33,940		33,940		33,940	_	<u> </u>
Total expenditures		88,940		88,940		88,940	_	<u>-</u>
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over (under) expenditures		(1,486)		(1,486)		(20,670)	_	(19,184)
Other financing sources (uses):								
Advances in				_		18,279		18,279
Total other financing sources (uses)						18,279	_	18,279
Net change in fund balance		(1,486)		(1,486)		(2,391)		(905)
Fund balance at beginning of year		2,902		2,902		2,902	_	<u> </u>
Fund balance at end of year	\$	1,416	\$	1,416	\$	511	\$	(905)

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

#### AIRPORT IMPROVEMENTS FUND

		Budgete	d Amo	ounts				Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Oı	riginal		Final	Actual			(Negative)
Revenues:								
Income taxes	\$	-	\$	_	\$	120,000	\$	120,000
Intergovernmental		-		-		33,018		33,018
Other		15,000		15,000				(15,000)
Total revenues		15,000		15,000		153,018		138,018
Expenditures:								
Current:								
General government								
Contractual services		142,971		142,971		142,971		<del>-</del>
Capital outlay		103,798		71,650		49,263		22,387
Total general government		246,769		214,621		192,234		22,387
Debt service:								
Principal retirement		54,000		54,000		54,000		-
Interest and fiscal charges		270		270		270		-
Total debt service		54,270		54,270		54,270		-
Total expenditures		301,039		268,891		246,504		22,387
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over (under) expenditures		(286,039)		(253,891)		(93,486)	_	160,405
Other financing sources (uses):								
Internal note issuance		45,000		45,000		45,000		-
Advances out		-		_		(182,394)		(182,394)
Transfers in		1,464		1,464		1,464		-
Total other financing sources (uses)		46,464		46,464		(135,930)		(182,394)
Net change in fund balance		(239,575)		(207,427)		(229,416)		(21,989)
Fund balance at beginning of year		92,731		92,731		92,731		_
Prior year encumbrances appropriated		174,872		174,872		174,872		=
Fund balance at end of year	\$	28,028	\$	60,176	\$	38,187	\$	(21,989)

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

#### GENERAL CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT FUND

	Budgeted Amounts							Variance with Final Budget Positive
		Original	_	Final		Actual	_	(Negative)
Revenues:	Ф	1 7 40 277	Φ	000 000	Ф	0.40,000	Φ	50,000
Income taxes Property and other taxes	\$	1,742,377 84,700	\$	890,000 84,700	\$	940,000 113,719	\$	50,000 29,019
Intergovernmental		420,000		420,000		113,/19		(420,000)
Other		912,444	_	912,444		112,444	_	(800,000)
Total revenues		3,159,521	_	2,307,144		1,166,163		(1,140,981)
Expenditures:								
Current:								
General government Contractual services		75,601		48,101		35,860		12,241
Materials and supplies		4,400		9,400		1,015		8,385
Capital outlay		1,060,000		148,495		7,995		140,500
Total general government		1,140,001	_	205,996		44,870	_	161,126
				-				
Security of persons and property								
Capital outlay		106,750	_	148,818		148,818	_	
Total security of persons and property		106,750	_	148,818		148,818	_	
Transportation								
Capital outlay		553,400		356,670		356,670		-
Total transportation		553,400		356,670		356,670	_	-
Leisure time activities								
Capital outlay		1,665,400		88,100		48,100		40,000
Total leisure time activities		1,665,400		88,100		48,100	_	40,000
Debt service:								
Principal retirement		216,436		216,436		216,436		_
Interest and fiscal charges		1,082		1,082		1,082		-
Total debt service		217,518		217,518		217,518		-
Total expenditures		3,683,069	_	1,017,102		815,976		201,126
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over (under) expenditures		(523,548)	_	1,290,042		350,187	_	(939,855)
Other financing sources (uses):								
Internal note issuance		468,800		468,800		432,150		(36,650)
Transfers in		7,531		7,531		7,531		
Total other financing sources (uses)		476,331	_	476,331		439,681		(36,650)
Net change in fund balance		(47,217)		1,766,373		789,868		(976,505)
Fund balance at beginning of year		1,226,774		1,226,774		1,226,774		-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated		12,250	_	12,250		12,250	_	
Fund balance at end of year	\$	1,191,807	\$	3,005,397	\$	2,028,892	\$	(976,505)

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

#### EMS RESERVE FUND

	 Budgete	d Ar	mounts			Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original		Final	Actual		(Negative)
Revenues:				 		
Property and other taxes	\$ 910,000	\$	910,000	\$ 910,000	\$	-
Charges for services	 119,433		105,368	 102,754	_	(2,614)
Total revenues	 1,029,433		1,015,368	 1,012,754	_	(2,614)
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Security of persons and property	1 246		1 246	1 246		
Contractual services	1,246		1,246	1,246		115 200
Capital outlay	 2,323,187		5,121,606	 5,006,397	_	115,209
Total expenditures	 2,324,433		5,122,852	 5,007,643	_	115,209
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over (under) expenditures	 (1,295,000)		(4,107,484)	 (3,994,889)	_	112,595
Other financing sources (uses):						
Bond issuance	-		2,187,500	2,187,500		-
Transfers in	 9,859		734,859	 734,859		-
Total other financing sources (uses)	 9,859		2,922,359	 2,922,359	_	<del>-</del>
Net change in fund balance	(1,285,141)		(1,185,125)	(1,072,530)		112,595
Fund balance at beginning of year	1,198,683		1,198,683	1,198,683		_
Prior year encumbrances appropriated	 198,687		198,687	 198,687		
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 112,229	\$	212,245	\$ 324,840	\$	112,595

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

#### FIRE LEVY FUND

	 Budgete	d Aı	mounts			Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original		Final	Actual		(Negative)
Revenues:						
Property and other taxes	\$ 907,900	\$	888,076	\$	979,193	\$ 91,117
Charges for services	119,433		105,368		102,754	(2,614)
Intergovernmental	-		18,124		18,161	37
Other	 <del>-</del>		<del>-</del>		2,100	 2,100
Total revenues	 1,027,333		1,011,568		1,102,208	 90,640
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Security of persons and property						
Contractual services	34,675		62,231		61,256	975
Materials and supplies	130,453		116,764		86,432	30,332
Other	-		72,527		72,527	-
Capital outlay	 2,219,137		6,511,946		6,411,099	 100,847
Total expenditures	 2,384,265		6,763,468		6,631,314	 132,154
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over (under) expenditures	 (1,356,932)	_	(5,751,900)		(5,529,106)	 222,794
Other financing sources (uses):						
Bond issuance	-		3,682,500		3,682,500	-
Sale of assets	100,000		100,000		-	(100,000)
Transfers in	609,852		1,209,852		627,852	(582,000)
Transfers out	 (582,000)		(425,083)			 425,083
Total other financing sources (uses)	 127,852		4,567,269		4,310,352	 (256,917)
Net change in fund balance	(1,229,080)		(1,184,631)		(1,218,754)	(34,123)
Fund balance at beginning of year	2,851,727		2,851,727		2,851,727	_
Prior year encumbrances appropriated	 238,339		238,339		238,339	 
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 1,860,986	\$	1,905,435	\$	1,871,312	\$ (34,123)

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

#### PARK LAND ACQUISITION FUND

			ariance with Final Budget Positive				
		Original		Final		Actual	(Negative)
Revenues:		_					 _
Licenses and permits	\$	10,000	\$	10,000	\$	800	\$ (9,200)
Total revenues		10,000		10,000		800	 (9,200)
Expenditures:							
Current: Leisure time activities							
Contractual services		208		208		208	_
Capital outlay		150,000		9,800		9,800	-
Total expenditures		150,208		10,008		10,008	 
Excess (deficiency) of revenues							
over (under) expenditures		(140,208)		(8)		(9,208)	 (9,200)
Other financing sources (uses):							
Transfers in		3,080		3,080		4,080	1,000
Total other financing sources (uses)	-	3,080		3,080		4,080	1,000
Net change in fund balance		(137,128)		3,072		(5,128)	(8,200)
Fund balance at beginning of year		444,585		444,585		444,585	 
Fund balance at end of year	\$	307,457	\$	447,657	\$	439,457	\$ (8,200)

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

#### STREET IMPROVEMENT FUND

	 Budgete	d An	nounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original		Final	Actual	(Negative)
Revenues:					· · · · · ·
Income taxes	\$ 999,493	\$	999,493	\$ 1,163,799	\$ 164,306
Intergovernmental	-		-	154,772	154,772
Other	 			 11,995	 11,995
Total revenues	 999,493		999,493	 1,330,566	 331,073
Expenditures:					
Current:					
Transportation					
Contractual services	3,314		3,314	2,445	869
Capital outlay	 1,506,591		1,411,342	 1,285,574	 125,768
Total expenditures	 1,509,905		1,414,656	 1,288,019	 126,637
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over (under) expenditures	(510,412)		(415,163)	 42,547	 457,710
Other financing sources (uses):					
Transfers in	2,546		2,546	202,546	200,000
Total other financing sources (uses)	2,546		2,546	202,546	200,000
Net change in fund balance	(507,866)		(412,617)	245,093	657,710
Fund balance at beginning of year	544,418		544,418	544,418	-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated	248,791		248,791	 248,791	 
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 285,343	\$	380,592	\$ 1,038,302	\$ 657,710

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

#### SPECIAL ASSESSMENTS FUND

		Budgete	d Am	ounts				Variance with Final Budget Positive
		Original		Final		Actual		(Negative)
Revenues:	_							<del></del>
Income taxes	\$	1,735	\$	1,735	\$	6,502	\$	4,767
Special assessments		278,109		278,109		37,902		(240,207)
		250 044		270 044		44.404		(22.5.4.40)
Total revenues		279,844		279,844		44,404		(235,440)
Expenditures:								
Current:								
General government								
Contractual services		196,755		46,755		45,917		838
Materials and supplies		2,500		2,500		1,307		1,193
Capital outlay		100,000		100,000		100,000		
Total expenditures		299,255		149,255		147,224		2,031
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over (under) expenditures		(19,411)		130,589		(102,820)	_	(233,409)
Other financing sources (uses):								
Internal bond issuance		-		-		13,020		13,020
Advances in		-		_		101,831		101,831
Advances out		-		-		(52,000)		(52,000)
Total other financing sources (uses)		-		-		62,851		62,851
Net change in fund balance		(19,411)		130,589		(39,969)		(170,558)
Fund balance at beginning of year		21,291		21,291		21,291		_
Prior year encumbrances appropriated		21,555		21,555		21,555		<u> </u>
Fund balance at end of year	\$	23,435	\$	173,435	\$	2,877	\$	(170,558)

#### FUND DESCRIPTIONS - PROPRIETARY FUNDS

Proprietary funds are used to account for the City's ongoing organizations and activities which are similar to those found in the private sector. The measurement focus is upon determination of net income, financial position, and cash flow.

#### **Internal Service Funds**

#### **Equipment Maintenance Fund**

To account for the costs associated with the maintenance and repair of City owned vehicles and equipment. All the funds that benefit from these services pay their direct costs and their proportionate share of overhead costs.

#### Information Technology Fund

To account for the costs associated with the purchase, maintenance and repair of City owned networks and computer systems. All the funds that benefit from these services pay their proportionate share of direct and overhead costs based on the number of servers, network devices, and storage.

#### **Health Insurance Retention Fund**

To account for payments of City employee health insurance claims, third party administrative costs, and stop loss insurance premiums. All funds that have employees covered under the City's health insurance are charged a premium based on the number of employees and the coverage.

#### Liability Insurance Retention Fund

To account for monies used to pay for liabilities that are below third party insurance deductibles or not covered under certain policies.

#### Benefits Reserve Fund

To account for resources used to pay accrued benefits to City employees and salaries during any fiscal year when the number of pay periods exceeds the usual and customary number of pay periods.

#### Workers' Compensation Retention Fund

To account for payments of City employee workers' compensation claims, third party administrative costs, and stop loss insurance premiums. All funds that have employees covered under the City's self-insured workers' compensation program are charged a premium based on the amount of gross wages.

# COMBINING STATEMENT OF FUND NET POSITION INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2022

	Equipment Maintenance	Information Technology	Health Insurance Retention	Liability Insurance Retention
Assets:				
Current assets:  Equity in pooled cash and investments Receivables:	114,105	157,853	1,020,674	36,993
Accounts	_	533	_	_
Interfund loans	11,039	15,271	98,743	3,579
Materials and supplies inventory	427,580	13,271	70,743	3,377
Prepayments	7,955	84,045	_	_
Fotal current assets	560,679	257,702	1,119,417	40,572
Noncurrent assets:	300,079	231,102	1,119,417	40,372
	11 024	21 210		
Net pension asset	11,834	21,319	-	-
Net OPEB asset	61,229	110,303	-	-
Depreciable capital assets, net	152,662	52,663	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Total noncurrent assets	225,725	184,285		-
Total assets	786,404	441,987	1,119,417	40,572
Deferred outflows of resources:				
Pension	81,714	152,867	_	_
OPEB	4,188	11,556	_	_
Total deferred outflows of resources	85,902	164,423		_
Total assets and deferred outflows	872,306	606,410	1,119,417	40,572
Liabilities:				
Current liabilities:				
Accounts payable	21,480	853		
Accrued wages and benefits payable	8,210	12,792	_	_
Due to other governments	1,370	2,135	_	_
Compensated absences payable - current	49,870	58,238	_	_
Claims payable	49,670	36,236	437,090	-
Unearned revenue	-	-	4,089	-
Fotal current liabilities	80,930	74,018	441,179	
Long-term liabilities:	60,930	/4,016	441,179	-
Compensated absences payable	53,223	60,151		
Net pension liability	170,347	306,878	-	_
*	223,570	367,029		-
Total long-term liabilities			441 170	-
Γotal liabilities	304,500	441,047	441,179	<del>-</del>
Deferred inflows of resources:				
Pension	216,206	445,011	-	-
OPEB	63,953	122,917	-	-
Total deferred inflows of resources	280,159	567,928	<u> </u>	-
Net position:				
Net investment in capital assets	152,662	52,663	<del>-</del>	_
Unrestricted (deficit)	134,985	(455,228)	678,238	40,572
Total net position (deficit)		\$ (402,565)		\$ 40,572
Total her position (deficit)	φ 407,047	ψ (πυ2,3υ3)	0/0,230	(Continued)

Benefits Reserve Fund	Workers' Compensation Retention	Total
26,743	786,123	2,142,491
-	_	533
2,587	76,052	207,271
-	-	427,580
	59,261	151,261
29,330	921,436	2,929,136
_	_	33,153
_	_	171,532
-	-	205,325
	-	410,010
29,330	921,436	3,339,146
_	_	234,581
-	_	15,744
-		250,325
29,330	921,436	3,589,471
		22 222
-	-	22,333 21,002
-	_	3,505
_	_	108,108
_	81,132	518,222
-	- , - <u>-</u>	4,089
	81,132	677,259
		112 274
-	-	113,374 477,225
	81,132	590,599 1,267,858
	01,132	1,207,030
-	-	661,217
		186,870
		848,087
<u>-</u>	_	205,325
29,330	840,304	1,268,201
\$ 29,330	\$ 840,304	\$ 1,473,526

# COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	Equipment Maintenance			Information Technology		Health Insurance Retention	_	Liability Insurance Retention
Revenues:								
Charges for services	\$	871,121	\$	1,406,283	\$	4,239,638	\$	-
Other		53	_	1,286	_	5,000	_	=
Total operating revenues		871,174	_	1,407,569		4,244,638		
Operating expenses:								
Personal services		413,856		649,796		5,734		210
Contract services		93,064		375,541		955,618		50
Materials and supplies		362,499		153,737		-		-
Claims expense		-		-		3,427,514		-
Depreciation		14,937		29,103		-		-
Other		1,151	_	5,667				
Total operating expenses		885,507	_	1,213,844		4,388,866		260
Operating income (loss)		(14,333)		193,725		(144,228)		(260)
Transfer in				2,127		14,053		275
Change in net position		(14,333)		195,852		(130,175)		15
Net position (deficit) at beginning of year		301,980		(598,417)		808,413		40,557
Net position (deficit) at end of year	\$	287,647	\$	(402,565)	\$	678,238	\$	40,572

(Continued)

Benefits Reserve Fund	-	Workers' Compensation Retention	Total
\$ -	\$	204,570	\$ 6,721,612
 		2,634	 8,973
 		207,204	 6,730,585
798		2,626	1,073,020
189		76,226	1,500,688
-			516,236
-		1,194	3,428,708
-		-	44,040
 		13,496	 20,314
 987		93,542	6,583,006
 (987)		113,662	147,579
 3,186		4,936	24,577
 2,199		118,598	 172,156
27,131		721,706	1,301,370
\$ 29,330	\$	840,304	\$ 1,473,526

#### COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

		quipment aintenance		nformation echnology		Health Insurance Retention	In	iability surance etention
Cash flows from operating activities:								
Cash received from customers	\$	871,122	\$	1,406,283	\$	4,258,696	\$	-
Cash received from other operations		53		753		14,372		-
Cash payments to employees for services		(482,773)		(877,040)		-		-
Cash payments for goods and services		(496,040)		(533,297)		(961,352)		(260)
Cash payments for claims		-		-		(3,360,894)		-
Cash payments for other expenses		(6,620)		(16,831)				-
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities		(114,258)		(20,132)		(49,178)		(260)
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:								
Cash received from transfers in		-		2,127		14,053		275
Cash received from internal notes		24,389		18,763		120,369		4,228
Cash used for internal notes		(11,039)		(15,271)		(98,743)		(3,579)
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities		13,350		5,619		35,679		924
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		(100,908)		(14,513)		(13,499)		664
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year		215,013		172,366		1,034,173		36,329
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$	114,105	\$	157,853	\$	1,020,674	\$	36,993
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities:	¢.	(14.222)	ф	102.725	¢	(144 220)	¢	(2(0)
Operating income (loss)	\$	(14,333)	\$	193,725	\$	(144,228)	\$	(260)
Adjustments:		4 4 00 7		20.402				
Depreciation		14,937		29,103		-		-
Changes in assets, deferred inflows, liabilities and deferred outf	lows:							
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable		-		(533)		24,341		-
(Increase) decrease in materials and supplied inventory		(19,925)		(10.070)		-		-
(Increase) decrease in deferred outflows - pension		(18,898)		(18,076)		-		-
(Increase) decrease in deferred outflows - OPEB		26,769		55,595		-		-
(Increase) decrease in net pension asset		(3,396)		(4,208)		-		-
(Increase) decrease in net OPEB asset		(25,732) 985		(38,324)		-		-
(Increase) decrease in prepayments Increase (decrease) in acounts payable		2,669		10,289 853		-		-
Increase (decrease) in payroll liabilities		(5,469)		(11,164)		-		-
Increase (decrease) in accrued wages and benefits		2,017		12		_		_
Increase (decrease) in due to other governments		336		2		_		_
Increase (decrease) in compensated absences payable		12,059		(24,043)		_		_
Increase (decrease) in unearned revenue		12,037		(24,043)		4,089		_
Increase (decrease) in net pension liability		(126,789)		(295,633)		1,005		_
Increase (decrease) in deferred inflows - pension		85,158		179,279		_		_
Increase (decrease) in deferred inflows - OPEB		(44,646)		(97,009)		_		_
Increase (decrease) in claims payable		-		-		66,620		
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	\$	(114,258)	\$	(20,132)	\$	(49,178)	\$	(260)

(Continued)

_	Benefits Reserve Fund	C	Workers' ompensation Retention	_	Total
Ф		¢	204 570	¢	6 740 671
\$	-	\$	204,570 2,634	\$	6,740,671 17,812
	-		2,034		(1,359,813)
	(987)		(82,366)		(2,074,302)
	(507)		(13,889)		(3,374,783)
	_		(13,496)		(36,947)
_	(987)		97,453	_	(87,362)
_	(707)	_	77,433		(07,302)
	3,186		4,936		24,577
	2,829		79,213		249,791
	(2,587)		(76,052)		(207,271)
	3,428		8,097		67,097
			<u> </u>		·
	2,441		105,550		(20,265)
	24,302		680,573		2,162,756
\$	26,743	\$	786,123	\$	2,142,491
\$	(987)	\$	113,662	\$	147,579
	-		-		44,040
					23,808
	_		_		(19,925)
	_		_		(36,974)
	_		_		82,364
	_		_		(7,604)
	-		-		(64,056)
	-		(3,514)		7,760
	-		-		3,522
	-		-		(16,633)
	-		-		2,029
	-		-		338
	-		-		(11,984)
	-		-		4,089
	-		-		(422,422) 264,437
	<u>-</u>		- -		(141,655)
	-		(12,695)		53,925
\$	(987)	\$	97,453	\$	(87,362)



#### FUND DESCRIPTIONS - FIDUCIARY FUNDS

Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held by the city in a trustee capacity, or as an agency for individuals, private organizations, other governments and/or funds. The following are the City's fiduciary fund types:

#### **Custodial Funds**

#### Muni Court Fund

To account for civil cases and traffic/criminal cases within the court's jurisdiction.

#### Police Property Room Fund

To account for monies held in the police property room.

# COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION CUSTODIAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2022

		Muni Court		Police Property Room	 Total
Assets:					
Current Assets:					
Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$	30,900	\$	-	\$ 30,900
Cash in segregated accounts		24,599		17,317	41,916
Total assets	_	55,499	_	17,317	72,816
Liabilities:					
Due to other governments		55,499		-	55,499
Total liabilities		55,499	_	-	55,499
<b>Net Position:</b> Restricted for individuals, organizations,					
and other governments	\$		\$	17,317	\$ 17,317

# COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION CUSTODIAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	Police					
		Muni		Room		
		Court		Property		Total
Additions:						
Fines and forfeitures for other governments	\$	747,609	\$	-	\$	747,609
Police property collected		-		80		80
Total additions		747,609		80		747,689
Deductions:						
Distributions to other governments		747,609		-		747,609
Police property disbursed		-		1,018		1,018
Total deductions		747,609		1,018		748,627
Change in net position		-		(938)		(938)
Net position at beginning of year		-		18,255		18,255
Net position at end of year	\$	-	\$	17,317	\$	17,317



STATISTICAL SECTION



#### Statistical Section

This part of the City of Wadsworth's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplemental information says about the City's overall health.

Contents Page S2 - S13 **Financial Trends** These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the City's financial performance and well-being have changed over time. **Revenue Capacity** S14 - S18 These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the factors affecting the City's most significant local revenue sources: the municipal income tax and the property tax. **Debt Capacity** S20 - S27 These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future. S28 **Demographic and Economic Information** These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the City's financial activities take place and to help make comparisons over time and with other governments. **Operating Information** S29 - S37 These schedules contain services and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the City's financial report relates to the services the City provides and the

#### **Sources:**

activities it performs.

Sources of the information presented in this section are provided at the bottom of each schedule.

Net Position By Component Last Ten Years (Accrual Basis of Accounting)

	2022		2021	2020	2019
			2021	2020	 2019
Governmental activities					
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 52,422,4	465 \$	51,846,036	\$ 45,766,692	\$ 44,105,660
Restricted	13,188,7	745	11,034,576	9,369,552	9,382,380
Unrestricted (deficit)	12,056,6	520	6,002,880	(134,926)	 (1,861,798)
Total governmental activities net position	77,667,8	830	68,883,492	55,001,318	51,626,242
Business-type activities					
Net investment in capital assets	77,958,9	928	75,278,761	68,572,076	67,774,899
Unrestricted	30,599,5	547	26,775,720	19,277,273	 18,253,041
Total business-type activities net position	108,558,4	475	102,054,481	87,849,349	 86,027,940
Primary government					
Net investment in capital assets	130,381,3	393	127,124,797	114,338,768	111,880,559
Restricted	13,188,7	745	11,034,576	9,369,552	9,382,380
Unrestricted	42,656,1	167	32,778,600	19,142,347	 16,391,243
Total primary government net position	\$ 186,226,3	305 \$	170,937,973	\$ 142,850,667	\$ 137,654,182

#### NOTES:

- (1) The City implemented GASB 68 during 2015, and as a result 2014 was restated.
- (2) The City implemented GASB 75 during 2018, and as a result 2017 was restated.

	Restated				Restated	
2018 (2)	2017	2016	2015		2014 (1)	2013
\$ 42,064,162	\$ 41,370,066	\$ 40,055,196	\$	37,607,541	\$ 34,082,257	\$ 30,975,468
7,939,948	8,848,050	8,973,458		10,496,479	12,647,495	12,544,168
(6,626,114)	(10,211,475)	1,615,807		(196,242)	7,664,110	7,012,414
	_					_
43,377,996	40,006,641	50,644,461		47,907,778	54,393,862	50,532,050
68,618,524	67,445,155	67,042,743		63,019,576	60,936,466	63,409,337
 16,463,634	14,093,370	16,481,948		15,605,300	18,848,040	 12,827,606
 85,082,158	81,538,525	83,524,691		78,624,876	79,784,506	 76,236,943
110,682,686	108,815,221	107,097,939		100,627,117	95,018,723	94,384,805
7,939,948	8,848,050	8,973,458		10,496,479	12,647,495	12,544,168
 9,837,520	 3,881,895	 18,097,755		15,409,058	 26,512,150	 19,840,020
\$ 128,460,154	\$ 121,545,166	\$ 134,169,152	\$	126,532,654	\$ 134,178,368	\$ 126,768,993

CITY OF WADSWORTH, OHIO
Changes in Net Position
Last Ten Years (Accrual Basis of Accounting)

	2022	2021	2020	2019
Program revenues				
Governmental activities:				
Charges for services:				
General government	\$ 758,679	\$ 739,003	\$ 2,000,719	\$ 688,537
Security of persons and property	1,372,377	1,371,693	1,305,443	1,656,823
Public health	8,652	9,710	10,334	-
Transportation	164,105	78,599	95,160	215,167
Leisure time services	903,986	1,052,711	1,030,212	1,139,953
Community and economic development	78,896	122,961	195,188	345,529
Subtotal - charges for services	3,286,695	3,374,677	4,637,056	4,046,009
Operating grants and contributions:				
General government	63,027	141,461	1,759,343	14,096
Security of persons and property	86,995	82,932	78,341	3,701
Public health	-	-	-	-
Transportation	1,580,970	1,636,148	1,486,706	1,748,847
Leisure time services	287,722	60,518	369	-
Community and economic development	230,000	230,000	230,000	130,833
Subtotal - operating grants and contributions	2,248,714	2,151,059	3,554,759	1,897,477
Capital grants and contributions:				
General government	133,452	28,727	310,024	95,800
Transportation	1,588,079	7,308,810	693,422	637,548
Leisure time services	82,147	36,819	-	-
Community and economic development	-	-	-	-
	1,803,678	7,374,356	1,003,446	733,348
Total governmental activities program revenues	7,339,087	12,900,092	9,195,261	6,676,834

 2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
\$ 715,768	\$ 1,125,127	\$ 995,222	\$ 692,556	\$ 545,039	\$ 660,499
1,395,252	1,544,367	1,429,331	1,255,895	1,368,456	1,310,679
-	-	18,107	23,908	6,703	43,597
343,096	349,398	363,561	364,342	344,096	322,749
1,263,291	990,309	926,673	1,173,166	1,047,403	1,020,645
 296,861	257,916	127,665	366,728	22,526	16,481
 4,014,268	4,267,117	3,860,559	3,876,595	3,334,223	3,374,650
15,167	18,957	6,703	24,490	5,021	50,711
9,771	15,262	33,613	4,866	31,372	3,069
-	-	-	-	5,133	-
1,164,507	1,127,455	1,420,417	1,102,091	991,154	777,475
21,718	6,942	101,850	-	50,783	230,000
 	2,500	369,595	585,026	2,241,748	478,423
 1,211,163	1,171,116	1,932,178	1,716,473	3,325,211	1,539,678
54,458	23,277	905,242	-	188,574	136,725
1,197,179	246,434	477,433	1,119,844	-	-
-	372,185	-	-	-	-
 					206,469
 1,251,637	641,896	1,382,675	1,119,844	188,574	343,194
 6,477,068	6,080,129	7,175,412	6,712,912	6,848,008	5,257,522

City of Wadsworth, Ohio Changes in Net Position Last Ten Years (Accrual Basis of Accounting)

	2022	2021	2020	2019
Business-type activities:				
Charges for services:				
Storm Water	903,582	876,597	892,859	897,617
Telecom	6,863,185	6,456,288	6,383,760	6,091,589
Sewer	4,478,932	4,639,392	4,323,160	4,003,504
Water	3,903,547	3,836,383	3,605,024	3,224,409
Electric	30,393,546	29,142,823	31,303,539	32,621,773
Sanitation	3,050,922	2,922,418	2,829,102	2,805,332
Subtotal - charges for services	49,593,714	47,873,901	49,337,444	49,644,224
Operating & capital grants and contributions				
Storm Water	893,806	2,423,052	344,199	229,734
Sewer	390,062	4,218,880	-	
Water	581,157	292,901	273,075	218,000
Electric	15,752	8,237	· -	53,484
Subtotal - operating & capital grants and contributions	1,880,777	6,943,070	617,274	501,218
otal business-type activities program revenues	51,474,491	54,816,971	49,954,718	50,145,442
otal primary government program revenues	58,813,578	67,717,063	59,149,979	56,822,276
Expenses				
Sovernmental activities:				
General government	3,786,284	2,430,832	6,354,085	3,131,390
Security of persons and property	7,740,327	7,395,236	7,400,618	2,794,514
Public health	145,682	135,256	133,867	126,524
Leisure time services	1,366,081	1,036,309	1,637,543	2,028,491
Community and economic development	404,602	388,932	568,482	937,301
Transportation	3,583,531	2,933,620	3,298,322	4,712,460
Intergovernmental	-	26,632	-	-,,,,,,,
Interest and fiscal charges	875,607	591,839	644,925	674,126
otal governmental activities expenses	17,902,114	14,938,656	20,037,842	14,404,806
Business-type activities:				
Storm Water	995,797	1,005,416	857,362	864,302
Telecom	5,535,475	4,806,664	5,799,124	5,421,416
Sewer	3,420,507	3,401,166	3,893,997	4,130,016
Water	2,979,969	2,543,040	3,467,139	3,569,061
Electric	31,117,792	27,540,279	32,270,549	33,757,226
Sanitation	2,168,691	2,133,845	2,537,112	2,321,866
otal business-type activities expenses	46,218,231	41,430,410	48,825,283	50,063,887

2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
892,003	891,881	861,624	844,995	842,103	846,807
5,778,436	5,505,819	5,248,649	4,950,215	4,606,769	4,267,447
4,163,397	4,114,742	4,088,798	4,057,291	4,038,723	3,804,179
3,536,688	3,629,400	4,077,047	4,017,560	3,580,692	3,755,438
35,104,298	32,891,494	33,086,099	30,158,308	31,212,822	30,664,529
2,732,683	2,684,429	2,544,085	2,478,382	2,380,196	2,362,918
52,207,505	49,717,765	49,906,302	46,506,751	46,661,305	45,701,318
010 707	161 166	(27.190		205 221	124.040
818,707	161,166	627,189	-	305,331	124,949
146,293	52,563	- (12.079	-	-	245,002
221,468	546,703	613,978	15 297	-	877,724
1,186,468	760,432	1,241,167	15,387	305,331	
1,100,400	700,432	1,241,107	15,387	303,331	1,247,675
53,393,973	50,478,197	51,147,469	46,522,138	46,966,636	46,948,993
59,871,041	56,558,326	58,322,881	53,235,050	53,814,644	52,206,515
3,970,706	3,258,300	3,673,205	2,787,972	3,683,873	3,985,055
8,592,269	8,344,719	6,645,484	8,000,937	6,531,114	5,946,408
126,351	127,183	130,369	121,952	125,292	125,186
1,747,771	1,626,512	2,440,724	1,431,808	1,467,632	1,609,321
487,254	675,036	1,252,104	1,159,127	389,592	1,023,032
3,568,642	4,507,027	3,696,010	3,110,416	3,192,863	2,893,421
687,349	780,103	936,989	749,206	751,170	- 775,567
19,180,342	19,318,880	18,774,885	17,361,418	16,141,536	16,357,990
728,796	1,059,202	1,081,718	1,089,434	821,058	904,253
5,172,951	5,012,234	4,959,269	4,639,496	4,565,953	4,574,954
3,682,447	3,819,324	3,571,494	3,815,598	3,168,619	3,245,256
3,796,867	4,205,204	3,828,272	3,648,343	3,387,965	3,227,991
34,759,321	32,860,925	31,952,924	29,730,644	30,297,757	27,789,052
2,032,266	2,369,691	1,913,821	2,012,855	2,293,352	2,221,316
50 170 (40	40.227.500	47.207.400	44.026.270	44.524.704	41.0/2.022
50,172,648	49,326,580	47,307,498	44,936,370	44,534,704	41,962,822
69,352,990	68,645,460	66,082,383	62,297,788	60,676,240	58,320,812

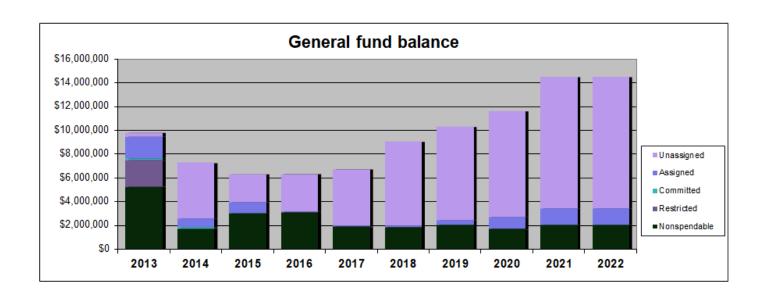
City of Wadsworth, Ohio Changes in Net Position Last Ten Years (Accrual Basis of Accounting)

	2022	2021	2020	2019
Net (expense)/revenue				
Governmental activities	(10,563,027)	(2,038,564)	(10,842,581)	(7,727,972)
Business-type activities	5,256,260	13,386,561	1,129,435	81,555
Total primary government net (expense)/revenue	(5,306,767)	11,347,997	(9,713,146)	(7,646,417)
General revenues				
Governmental activities				
Taxes:				
Property and other taxes levied for:				
General purposes	2,275,353	2,262,915	2,251,544	2,142,431
Capital projects	1,095,276	160,639	51,891	131,353
Emergency medical services	1,122,038	1,127,243	1,131,264	1,096,908
Other	49,850	42,300	72,900	59,500
Income taxes	12,933,054	11,514,134	9,249,754	10,774,873
Payments in lieu of taxes	-	-	-	-
Grants and entitlements not restricted to				
specific programs	1,117,057	1,065,179	907,285	955,974
Interest	687,964	118,151	436,558	1,049,106
Miscellaneous	403,490	247,445	562,724	155,875
Total governmental activities	19,684,082	16,538,006	14,663,920	16,366,020
Business-type activities				
Interest	2,974	6	587	-
Special item - stranded costs	-	-	-	-
Miscellaneous	908,043	201,297	245,124	404,425
Total business-type activities	911,017	201,303	245,711	404,425
Total primary government general revenues	20,595,099	16,739,309	14,909,631	16,770,445
Transfers				
Governmental activities	(336,717)	(617,268)	(446,263)	(389,802)
Business-type activities	336,717	617,268	446,263	389,802
Change in net position				
Governmental activities	8,784,338	13,882,174	3,375,076	8,248,246
Business-type activities	6,503,994	14,205,132	1,821,409	875,782
Total primary government change in net position	\$ 15,288,332	\$ 28,087,306		

2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
(12,703,274)	(13,238,751)	(11,599,473)	(10,648,506)	(9,293,528)	(11,100,468)
3,221,325	1,151,617	3,839,971	1,585,768	2,431,932	4,986,171
(9,481,949)	(12,087,134)	(7,759,502)	(9,062,738)	(6,861,596)	(6,114,297)
2,150,408	2,028,563	1,941,290	2,267,673	1,839,371	1,160,532
104,395	96,989	105,388	460,081	449,916	738,827
1,070,815	962,802	934,032	887,573	1,130,356	665,179
81,800	104,600	113,600	100,585	-	-
10,980,927	8,626,387	10,511,611	8,164,920	8,661,560	8,532,860
-	-	492,917	832,556	653,962	612,180
791,624	736,152	909,328	785,870	840,111	1,692,722
748,380	435,239	249,689	179,246	212,384	174,447
238,037	186,651	225,975	189,990	131,219	144,354
16,166,386	13,177,383	15,483,830	13,868,494	13,918,879	13,721,101
423	6	53	2	2	2
-	-	-	-	-	1,510,027
230,128	398,049	271,269	350,569	352,090	274,674
230,551	398,055	271,322	350,571	352,092	1,784,703
16,396,937	13,575,438	15,755,152	14,219,065	14,270,971	15,505,804
(01.757)	(150.450)	(1.145.654)	(744.220)	(7.62.520)	(62.506)
(91,757)	(150,453)	(1,147,674)	(744,229)	(763,539)	(62,596)
91,757	150,453	1,147,674	744,229	763,539	62,596
2 271 255	(211 921)	2 736 692	2,475,759	2 961 912	2 558 027
3,371,355	(211,821)	2,736,683		3,861,812	2,558,037
3,543,633	1,700,125	5,258,967	2,680,568	3,547,563	6,833,470
\$ 6,914,988	\$ 1,488,304	\$ 7,995,650	\$ 5,156,327	\$ 7,409,375	\$ 9,391,507
- 0,,,,,,,,	- 1,.00,001	- 1,222,000	,100,027	- 1,.05,010	,,

Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Last Ten Years (Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)

	2022		2021		2020		2019		2018	
General fund										
Nonspendable	\$	2,235,864	\$	1,999,477	\$	1,641,524	\$	1,964,824	\$	1,785,332
Committed		-		-		-		-		-
Assigned		4,201,388		1,383,042		1,010,781		423,275		142,301
Unassigned		9,190,130		11,075,682		8,935,343		7,876,564		7,076,962
Total general fund		15,627,382		14,458,201		11,587,648	_	10,264,663		9,004,595
All other governmental funds										
Nonspendable		486,665		525,547		453,879		439,214		419,217
Restricted		17,414,029		12,641,781		12,219,190		11,173,737		10,557,593
Committed		6,153,471		3,628,889		3,590,830		3,452,219		2,926,177
Unassigned (deficit)		(687,156)	_	(342,997)	_	(293,914)		(385,050)		(437,646)
Total all other governmental funds		23,367,009		16,453,220		15,969,985		14,680,120		13,465,341
Total governmental funds	\$	38,994,391	\$	30,911,421	\$	27,557,633	\$	24,944,783	\$	22,469,936



 2017	2016		 2015	 2014	 2013
\$ 1,838,054	\$	3,041,640	\$ 3,003,364	\$ 1,688,467	\$ 5,243,091
-		-	1,400	128,232	170,028
70,493		77,857	906,761	713,106	1,849,862
4,782,304		3,170,977	2,370,945	4,695,499	 331,919
	-			_	_
6,690,851		6,290,474	 6,282,470	 7,225,304	 7,594,900
373,202		322,769	1,073,212	255,470	308,564
9,697,141		9,485,052	9,492,012	11,769,497	11,805,616
2,840,958		2,515,396	2,589,267	211,731	169,956
(799,845)		(4,337,035)	(1,929,869)	(2,020,725)	(1,331,229)
_		_		_	_
 12,111,456		7,986,182	 11,224,622	 10,215,973	 10,952,907
\$ 18,802,307	\$	14,276,656	\$ 17,507,092	\$ 17,441,277	\$ 18,547,807

CITY OF WADSWORTH, OHIO
Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds
Last Ten Years

(Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)

	2022		2021		2020		2019
Revenues	 -						
Income taxes	\$ 13,252,446	\$	11,678,562	\$	10,681,373	\$	10,456,181
Real and other taxes	4,494,713		3,597,322		3,502,571		3,432,251
Payments in lieu of taxes	-		-		-		-
Charges for services	1,578,303		1,393,294		1,293,576		2,399,655
Licenses and permits	429,048		499,830		530,453		436,611
Fines, forfeitures and settlements	453,862		458,484		404,166		584,748
Intergovernmental	2,959,367		3,178,804		4,635,102		2,803,749
Special assessments	106,175		91,284		102,437		111,690
Interest income	979,148		118,255		437,268		1,051,266
Rental income	513,621		667,951		626,338		91,394
Contributions and donations	243,798		241,070		282,669		4,220
Refunds and reimbursements	,,,,		,		,		-,
Other	462,340		327,937		700,936		359,746
Total revenues	 25,472,821		22,252,793		23,196,889	_	21,731,511
Expenditures							
Current:							
General government	4,117,225		3,514,998		5,444,099		3,633,429
Security of persons and property	8,065,997		7,302,962		6,304,215		7,449,603
Public health	145,652		135,298		134,025		126,510
Transportation	2,550,319		2,229,610		2,076,201		3,627,647
Leisure time services	1,452,098		1,429,624		1,476,861		1,727,663
Community and economic development	426,264		505,633		555,606		928,750
Capital outlay	4,856,084		1,824,617		2,789,983		109,090
Intergovernmental	-		26,632		-		-
Debt service:			,,				
Principal retirement	857,221		803,711		773,523		748,485
Interest and fiscal charges	644,166		559,089		609,899		637,398
Issuance costs	177,497		-		-		-
Total expenditures	 23,292,523		18,332,174		20,164,412		18,988,575
Total expenditures	 23,272,323		10,332,171		20,101,112	_	10,700,373
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	 2,180,298	_	3,920,619	_	3,032,477		2,742,936
Other financing sources (uses)							
Notes issued	-		-		-		-
Bonds issued	5,870,000		-		_		-
Premium on debt issued	246,453		_		_		-
Loans issued	· -		_		_		-
Leases issued	29,262		_		_		-
Sale of capital assets	13,733		48,145		43,571		18,867
Transfers in	1,659,591		275,853		189,256		114,180
Transfers out	(1,916,367)		(890,829)		(652,454)		(401,136)
Other financing uses	-		-		-		-
Total other financing sources (uses)	 5,902,672		(566,831)		(419,627)		(268,089)
Total other intalening sources (uses)	 3,702,072		(300,031)		(115,027)	_	(200,00)
Net change in fund balances	\$ 8,082,970	\$	3,353,788	\$	2,612,850	\$	2,474,847
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures	8.1%		8.3%		8.0%		7.3%

2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
\$ 10,199,442	\$ 9,164,893	\$ 8,672,404	\$ 8,062,643	\$ 8,613,796	\$ 8,262,502
3,406,732	3,188,601	3,071,586	3,720,489	3,433,871	2,581,162
-	-	492,917	832,556	653,962	612,180
2,684,917	2,112,710	1,880,994	2,214,049	2,080,205	2,041,901
470,067	508,462	532,199	524,437	446,013	415,605
573,889	616,296	541,708	593,603	637,310	641,820
2,504,549	3,067,807	3,272,209	2,981,735	3,575,058	3,186,386
105,822	17,465	165,842	68,538	86,206	117,860
750,043	435,770	250,050	179,406	212,694	174,773
71,721 19,158	28,432 13,692	516,312 130,786	25,737	72,519 56,442	72,295
19,136	123,358	148,355	2,988 111,697	123,039	233,251
449,462	767,071	177,397	448,902	209,384	710,509
21,235,802	20,044,557	19,852,759	19,766,780	20,200,499	19,050,244
21,233,602	20,044,337	19,632,739	19,700,780	20,200,499	19,030,244
3,288,046	3,354,738	3,318,672	3,513,440	3,775,373	3,921,993
7,018,647	6,900,401	6,533,973	6,639,490	6,383,016	6,419,692
126,342	127,183	130,405	121,980	125,315	125,208
3,617,134	2,832,557	3,779,405	2,654,515	2,664,891	2,406,833
1,414,085	1,760,184	2,181,849	1,297,382	1,331,935	1,668,959
494,444	615,836	1,237,451	1,156,155	390,100	1,053,406
330,028	1,869,605	4,880,254	3,068,043	4,654,288	4,255,788
-	-	-	-	-	-
483,026	172,871	2,782	452,646	667,558	642,455
648,849	672,290	637,848	746,308	752,064	756,578
	59,917	196,717			
17,420,601	18,365,582	22,899,356	19,649,959	20,744,540	21,250,912
3,815,201	1,678,975	(3,046,597)	116,821	(544,041)	(2,200,668)
4.544					
4,544	2,220,000	17,630,000	-	-	-
-	102,668	598,691	-	-	-
_	658,788	390,091	-	_	-
_	030,700	_	_	_	_
11,162	28,500	113,128	66,015	54,264	14,025
115,785	1,973,521	251,299	151,467	121,096	215,252
(279,063)	(2,136,801)	(739,700)	(268,488)	(737,849)	(277,848)
-	-	(18,037,257)	-	-	-
(147,572)	2,846,676	(183,839)	(51,006)	(562,489)	(48,571)
\$ 3,667,629	\$ 4,525,651	\$ (3,230,436)	\$ 65,815	\$ (1,106,530)	\$ (2,249,239)
7.3%	5.7%	3.6%	7.2%	9.1%	8.4%

Assessed Valuation and Estimated Actual Values of Taxable Property CITY OF WADSWORTH, OHIO Last Ten Years

Public utility Tax exempt property (b) real property
\$ 4,653,460 \$ 98,013,370 \$
1,827,990 97,166,280
1,196,350 96,772,620
842,090 89,917,880
829,030 91,909,620
797,960 87,481,540
761,170 91,083,610
728,220 92,156,500
705,290 93,134,100
676,760 64,359,360

Source: Medina County Auditor, Median Ohio

Property in the county is reassessed annually.

values of January 1 of the preceding year.

(b) Public utility is assessed at 88% of actual value. Public utility real and tangible property taxes collected in a calendar year are levied in the preceding calendar (a) Real property is assessed at 35% of actual value. Real property taxes collected in a calendar year are levied as of January 1 of that year based on assessed

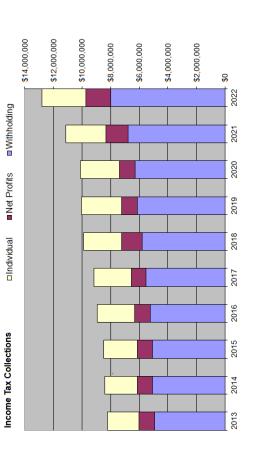
year based on assessed values determined as of December 31 of the second preceding year.

<sup>(</sup>c) Does not include tax-exempt property.

City of Wadsworth, Ohio Income Tax Rate, Revenue Base, and Collections Last Ten Years

Percentage of taxes from individual payments	23.62%	24.83%	26.45%	27.43%	26.32%	28.28%	29.22%	27.34%	25.94%	26.09%
Faxes from individual payments	3,058,580	2,803,970	2,729,942	2,799,890	2,626,631	2,607,971	2,606,982	2,349,732	2,243,038	2,180,959
	8									
Percentage of Taxes from net profits	13.28%	13.77%	10.74%	10.76%	14.50%	11.19%	12.48%	12.28%	12.21%	13.11%
Taxes from net profits	1,719,358	1,554,712	1,108,780	1,098,989	1,447,273	1,032,256	1,113,807	1,055,262	1,055,632	1,095,886
100	8									
Percentage of taxes from withholding	70.90%	%90.09	60.72%	29.96%	58.08%	59.90%	58.40%	59.15%	58.86%	%80.65
Taxes from withholding	8,007,472	6,783,551	6,268,100	6,121,116	5,795,765	5,523,435	5,210,661	5,082,661	5,090,287	4,937,985
	8									
Percentage of adjustments	1.28%	1.34%	2.09%	1.85%	1.10%	0.62%	(0.11)%	1.23%	3.00%	1.72%
Adjustments	165,448	151,662	215,896	189,002	109,567	57,472	(9,756)	105,320	259,672	143,662
Total tax collected (1)	1.4% \$ 12,950,858 \$	11,293,896	10,322,717	10,208,997	9,979,235	9,221,134	8,921,694	8,592,975	8,648,629	8,358,492
Tax	.4%	1.4%	1.4%	1.4%	1.4%	1.4%	1.4%	1.4%	1.4%	1.4%
Tax	2022	2021 1	2020 1	2019	2018 1	2017 1	2016 1	2015 1	2014 1	2013

Source: Central Collection Agency - Cleveland, OH & Regional Income Tax Agency - Brecksville, OH (1) Gross Collections - Cash Basis of Accounting



City of Wadsworth, Ohio Principal Employers 2022 and 2013

		2022		2013			
		Percent of total withholding		Percent of total withholding			
Employer	Rank	taxes paid	Rank	taxes paid			
Wadsworth City School District	1	5.98%	1	7.24%			
City of Wadsworth	2	3.03%	3	4.03%			
Rohrer Corporation	3	2.62%	5	2.88%			
Clampco Products	4	2.61%	9	1.82%			
ECS Tuning LLC	5	2.39%					
Soprema Inc	6	2.10%					
WalMart Assoc Inc	7	2.09%	6	2.21%			
Remington Products	8	1.81%	8	1.88%			
Summa Health System	9	1.70%	2	4.36%			
Cornwell Quality Tools	10	1.48%					
Parker Hannifin Corp			4	2.94%			
Louis Perry & Associates Inc.			7	1.92%			
Omnicare ESC LLC	-		10	1.57%			
Total of top ten *	<u>-</u>	25.81%	<u>-</u>	30.85%			

<sup>\*</sup> Percentage presented is only for the to 10 employers in each respective year.

Source: Central Collection Agency (CCA) records for 2013; Regional Income Tax Agency (RITA) records for 2022.

**City of Wadsworth, Ohio** Principal Property Taxpayers 2022 and 2013

	2022					
Taxpayer	Property assessed valuation	Percentage of total assessed valuation				
FC Stratford Crossings LLC	\$ 9,625,000	1.54%				
Trails at Montville Three (Redwood Mgt)	5,407,800	0.87%				
Bodin Properties 7 LLC	3,159,820	0.51%				
Walmart Real Estate	2,996,650	0.48%				
Liberty Residence Holding	2,974,990	0.48%				
Inn at Coalridge Limted	2,822,400	0.45%				
Giant Eagle	2,684,120	0.43%				
Soprema USA Inc	2,483,090	0.40%				
Lowe's Home Centers Inc	2,474,420	0.40%				
American Municipal Power	2,465,130	0.39%				
Total	\$ 37,093,420	5.95%				
Total assessed property valuation	\$ 624,371,470					

2013

Taxpayer	Property assessed valuation	Percentage of total assessed valuation		
Stratford Crossings LTD	\$ 6,012,820	1.28%		
Bre Thorne Wadsworth Crossing LLC	3,975,510	0.84%		
Walmart Real Estate	3,290,010	0.70%		
Echo Wadsworth Assoc	3,131,500	0.67%		
HD Development of Maryland Inc	2,911,080	0.62%		
Ebner Furnaces Inc	2,576,380	0.55%		
L A Wadsworth	2,450,000	0.52%		
Liberty Residence Holdings	2,243,720	0.48%		
Lowe's Home Centers Inc	2,174,820	0.46%		
Rohrer Investment Properties	2,029,620	0.43%		
Total	\$ 30,795,460	6.55%		
Total assessed property valuation	\$ 470,878,450			

Source: Medina County Auditor, Medina Ohio

Property Tax Levies And Collections Last Ten Years

Fiscal year	Total tax	Current tax collections	Percent of current collections to tax levy	Delinquent tax collections	Total tax collections (1)	Percent of total tax collections to tax levy	Accumulated outstanding delinquent taxes	Percentage of delinquent taxes to total tax levy
2022	\$ 3,777,213	\$ 3,620,361	95.85%	\$ 74,837	\$ 3,695,198	97.83%	\$ 27,999	0.74%
2021	2,783,147	2,639,941	94.85%	51,475	2,691,416	96.70%	22,559	0.81%
2020	2,776,969	2,667,011	96.04%	45,144	2,712,155	97.67%	29,145	1.05%
2019	2,571,669	2,464,202	95.82%	41,244	2,505,446	97.42%	31,766	1.24%
2018	2,504,941	2,401,375	95.87%	45,093	2,446,468	97.67%	31,449	1.26%
2017	2,359,935	2,279,087	96.57%	38,822	2,317,909	98.22%	29,245	1.24%
2016	2,188,167	2,097,774	95.87%	57,322	2,155,096	98.49%	8,648	0.40%
2015	2,577,229	2,422,194	93.98%	57,571	2,479,765	96.22%	9,429	0.37%
2014	2,587,604	2,411,866	93.21%	77,930	2,489,796	96.22%	55,938	2.16%
2013	2,745,491	2,535,165	92.34%	81,128	2,616,293	95.29%	67,120	2.44%

Source: Medina County, Ohio; County Auditor

Note: Delinquent tax records are maintained by an external agency, Medina County. The agency does not identify delinquent collections by the year for which the tax was levied.

<sup>(1)</sup> State reimbursement of rollback and homestead exemptions are included.



Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type Last Ten Years

	Governmental activities													
Fiscal Year	_	General obligation bonds	General obligation BANs		PWC loan	Income Police tax revenue past servenue bonds cost		past service		Stormwater G.O. bonds		Sewer G.O. bonds	Water G.O. bonds	
2022	(6)	\$ 7,986,466	\$ -	\$ 4	142,220	\$ 14,905,095	\$	59,850	\$	103,919	\$	450,930	\$ 1,026,100	\$ 6,391,852
2021		1,965,041	-	4	197,498	15,616,801		63,430		98,020		543,756	1,078,855	7,067,230
2020		2,055,069	-	5	552,776	16,303,508		66,909		-		636,580	1,131,610	7,727,609
2019		2,145,097	-	6	608,054	16,960,215		70,154		-		724,275	1,179,365	8,283,970
2018		2,235,125	-	6	663,662	17,591,922		73,361		-		806,228	1,227,120	8,417,450
2017	(4 - 5)	2,320,153	-	6	558,788	18,018,630		76,387		-		883,081	1,274,875	8,937,347
2016		-	2,425,250		-	18,215,337		79,258		-		583,552	111,653	8,286,624
2015		-	1,040,000		-	16,446,792		82,040		-		654,621	147,204	8,744,100
2014	(3)	-	1,095,000		-	16,892,957		84,686		-		725,690	182,755	9,196,576
2013	(2)	218,437	-		-	17,339,122		87,244		-		786,759	218,306	9,634,052

<sup>(1)</sup> See S-28 for personal income and population data.

<sup>(2)</sup> The City booked the AMP stranded liability of \$5.791M with a 10 year term.

<sup>(3)</sup> The City issued \$4.75 million in General obligation notes for various capital improvements.

<sup>(4)</sup> The City issued \$5.015 million in Various purpose bonds to pay off Street improvement notes, Series 2016 and Various purpose notes, Series 2016.

<sup>(5)</sup> The City received \$658,788 in OPWC loan proceeds for safety improvements.

<sup>(6)</sup> The City issued \$5.87 million in General obligation bonds for a new fire truck and fire station. The City received \$82,776 in OPWC loan proceeds for a waterline replacement. The City also recorded an asset retirement obligation for the transfer station.

	Business-ty	pe activities								
	General				Asset		Electric	Total	Percentage	
Electric	obligation	Telecom	OPWC	OWDA	retirement	Electric	AMP	primary	of personal	Per
G.O. bonds	BANs	G.O. bonds	loan	loan	obligation	AMP loan	stranded costs	government	income (1)	capita (1)
\$ -	\$ -	\$ 116,920	\$ 132,567	\$ 7,170,943	\$ 27,673	\$ -	\$ 1,435	\$ 38,815,970	4.05%	\$ 1,600
-	-	127,553	60,012	8,475,494	25,995	-	1,114,088	36,733,773	4.09%	1,530
-	-	138,186	65,614	9,739,903	-	598,689	1,750,373	40,766,826	4.92%	1,695
-	-	148,819	61,626	10,965,404	-	1,222,689	2,198,709	44,568,377	5.12%	1,874
40,551	-	154,452	67,228	12,153,195	-	1,846,689	2,767,503	48,044,486	5.76%	2,047
76,102	-	160,085	72,830	13,304,436	-	2,470,689	3,326,977	51,580,380	7.68%	2,229
-	3,034,750	-	78,432	14,420,133	-	3,094,689	3,894,944	54,224,622	8.78%	2,481
-	3,415,000	-	84,034	15,501,615	-	3,718,689	4,463,785	54,297,880	8.95%	2,486
-	3,655,000	-	-	16,549,937	-	4,342,689	5,036,864	57,762,154	9.79%	2,645
-	-	-	-	17,565,266	-	4,961,992	5,604,614	56,415,792	9.68%	2,583

## Computation of Direct and Overlapping Debt Attributable to Governmental Activities December 31, 2022

	Debt attributable to governmental activities	Percentage applicable to Wadsworth (1)	Amount of direct and overlapping debt
Direct debt:			
City of Wadsworth	\$ 23,497,550	100.00%	\$ 23,497,550
Total direct debt	\$ 23,497,550		\$ 23,497,550
Overlapping debt:			
Payable from property taxes			
Medina County Bonds (2)	\$ 33,309,481	8.11%	\$ 2,701,399
Highland School District (3)	92,459,901	4.08%	3,772,364
Payable from other sources			
Medina County OPWC loans (2)	85,736	8.11%	6,953
Wadsworth City School District bonds (4)	86,039,293	56.01%	48,190,608
Total overlapping debt	\$ 211,894,411		\$ 54,671,324
Total	\$ 235,391,961		\$ 78,168,874

<sup>(1)</sup> Percentages were determined by dividing the assessed valuation of the overlapping government located within the boundaries of the City by the total assessed valuation of the government. The valuations were for the 2022 collection year (2021 tax year).

- (2) Source Medina County Auditor's Office
- (3) Source Highland Local School District's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report reported as of June 30, 2022
- (4) Source Wadsworth City Schools reported as of December 31, 2022

City of Wadsworth, Ohio
Ratio of General Obligation Bonded Debt to Estimated True
Value of Taxable Property and Bonded Debt Per Capita Last Ten Years

Fiscal year	Total general obligation bonded debt (1)	Resources available for principal payment	Net general obligation bonded debt	Estimated actual value of taxable property	Ratio of net general bonded debt to estimated actual value of taxable property	Bonded debt per capita
2022	\$ 15,972,268	\$ 159,876	\$ 15,812,392	\$ 1,775,910,908	0.89%	\$ 651.76
2021	10,782,435	2,902	10,779,533	1,772,355,319	0.61%	449.02
2020	11,689,054	26,213	11,662,841	1,756,967,860	0.66%	485.02
2019	12,481,526	10,949	12,470,577	1,522,236,920	0.82%	524.39
2018	12,880,926	2,020	12,878,906	1,481,860,537	0.87%	556.66
2017	13,651,643	26,113	13,625,530	1,455,033,058	0.94%	623.31
2016	12,016,579	17,958	11,998,621	1,300,568,509	0.92%	549.34
2015	12,960,925	744	12,960,181	1,284,464,151	1.01%	593.36
2014	13,760,021	1,052	13,758,969	1,261,676,609	1.09%	629.93
2013	10,857,554	5,316	10,852,238	1,344,202,445	0.81%	500.50

<sup>(1)</sup> Includes only general obligation bonded debt payable from property taxes.

## Legal Debt Margin Information Last Ten Years

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
Overall debt limitation (10.5% of assessed valuation)	\$ 65,559,004	\$ 65,249,658	\$ 64,644,224	\$ 55,995,459	\$ 54,510,801
Net debt applicable to debt limit	7,986,466	1,965,041	2,055,069	2,145,097	2,235,125
Overall legal debt margin (10.5% of assessed valuation)	\$ 57,572,538	\$ 63,284,617	\$ 62,589,155	\$ 53,850,362	\$ 52,275,676
Legal debt margin as a percentage of debt limit	87.82%	96.99%	96.82%	96.17%	95.90%
Unvoted debt limitation (5.5% of assessed valuation)	\$ 34,340,431	\$ 34,178,392	\$ 33,861,260	\$ 29,330,955	\$ 28,035,819
Net debt applicable to debt limit	7,986,466	1,965,041	2,055,069	2,145,097	2,320,153
Overall legal debt margin (5.5% of assessed valuation)	\$ 26,353,965	\$ 32,213,351	\$ 31,806,191	\$ 27,185,858	\$ 25,715,666
Legal debt margin as a percentage of debt limit	76.74%	94.25%	93.93%	92.69%	91.72%

## Legal debt margin calculation for 2022

	Unvoted margin within 5.5%	Overall margin within 10.5%		
Assessed property value	\$ 624,371,470	\$ 624,371,470		
Overall debt limitation (percentage of assessed valuation)	\$ 34,340,431	\$ 65,559,004		
Gross indebtedness	38,815,970	38,815,970		
Less: Stormwater G.O. bonds	(450,930)	(450,930)		
OWPC loan	(574,787)	(574,787)		
Income tax revenue bonds	(14,905,095)	(14,905,095)		
Leases and police past service cost	(163,769)	(163,769)		
Water revenue bonds	(6,391,852)	(6,391,852)		
OWDA loan	(7,170,943)	(7,170,943)		
Sewer G.O. bonds	(1,026,100)	(1,026,100)		
Telecom G.O. bonds	(116,920)	(116,920)		
Electric AMP stranded costs	(1,435)	(1,435)		
Asset retirement obligation	(27,673)	(27,673)		
Net debt applicable to debt limit	7,986,466	7,986,466		
Legal debt margin within limitations	\$ 26,353,965	\$ 57,572,538		

Note: Under State of Ohio finance law, the City of Wadsworth's outstanding general obligation debt that is supported through real estate value should not exceed 10.5 percent of total assessed property value. In addition, the outstanding general obligation debt net of voted debt should not exceed 5.5 percent of total assessed property value. By law, the general obligation dabt subject to the limitation is offset by amounts set aside for repaying general obligation bonds.

2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
\$ 53,522,927	\$ 47,844,028	\$ 47,250,109	\$ 36,632,136	\$ 49,442,237
2,320,153	1,440,000	1,040,000	7,550,125	3,322,582
\$ 51,202,774	\$ 46,404,028	\$ 46,210,109	\$ 29,082,011	\$ 46,119,655
95.67%	96.99%	97.80%	79.39%	93.28%
\$ 28,035,819	\$ 25,061,158	\$ 24,750,057	\$ 19,188,262	\$ 25,898,315
2,320,153	1,440,000	1,040,000	7,550,125	3,322,582
\$ 25,715,666	\$ 23,621,158	\$ 23,710,057	\$ 11,638,137	\$ 22,575,733
91.72%		95.80%	60.65%	87.17%

Pledged Revenue Coverage Income Tax Revenue Bonds Last Ten Years

Fiscal year	Income taxes		Direct operating Net available expenses (1) revenues		Debt service (2)  Principal Interest				Coverage		
2022	\$ 13,252	2,446 \$	384,331	\$	12,868,115	\$	685,000	\$	464,156	1119.8%	
2021	11,67	8,562	332,648		11,345,914		660,000		490,566	986.1%	
2020	10,68	1,373	331,453		10,349,920		630,000		515,756	903.3%	
2019	10,45	6,181	334,040		10,122,141		605,000		539,956	884.1%	
2018	10,199	9,442	321,884		9,877,558		400,000		551,956	1037.6%	
2017	9,16	4,893	339,626		8,825,267		475,000		673,138	768.7%	
2016	8,672	2,404	347,549		8,324,855		460,000		686,363	726.2%	
2015	8,062	2,643	493,218		7,569,425		450,000		697,613	659.6%	
2014	8,61	3,796	389,254		8,224,542		450,000		707,738	710.4%	
2013	8,26	2,502	447,833		7,814,669		430,000		716,338	681.7%	

Note: For each type of non-general obligation debt backed by pledged revenues, the City should present gross revenues (and, if applicable, specific expenses, to produce net available revenues) principal and interest requirements, and a coverage ratio.

<sup>(1)</sup> Direct operating expenses do not include depreciation expense.

<sup>(2)</sup> Debt service payments started in 2010.

Pledged Revenue Coverage Ohio Water Development Authority Loan Last Ten Years

	S	Sewer Direct Debt service					e				
Fiscal year		e charges interest		operating Net available expenses (1) revenues			_	Principal		Interest	Coverage
2022	\$	4,949,913	\$	2,049,864	\$	2,900,049	\$	1,304,551	\$	256,785	185.7%
2021		4,639,487		2,010,127		2,629,360		1,264,409		296,927	168.4%
2020		4,349,988		2,549,240		1,800,748		1,225,501		335,835	115.3%
2019		4,005,137		2,684,531		1,320,606		1,187,791		355,757	85.6%
2018		4,163,429		2,112,592		2,050,837		1,151,241		390,566	133.0%
2017		4,122,930		2,288,025		1,834,905		1,115,697		445,570	117.5%
2016		4,088,798		2,142,160		1,946,638		1,081,604		479,909	124.7%
2015		4,062,756		2,172,628		1,890,128		1,048,322		513,191	121.0%
2014		4,039,018		1,891,709		2,147,309		1,015,329		546,184	137.5%
2013		3,804,179		1,778,471		2,025,708		984,798		576,714	129.7%

Note: For each type of non-general obligation debt backed by pledged revenues, the City should present gross revenues (and, if applicable, specific expenses, to produce net available revenues) principal and interest requirements, and a coverage ratio.

<sup>(1)</sup> Direct operating expenses do not include depreciation expense.

## Demographic and Economic Statistics Last Ten Years

Year	Population (1)	Total personal income (5)	nal income p		ome per household		Unemployement rate (2)  Medina State County of Ohio		City square miles (3)	Average sales price residential property (4)	Median age (1)
2022	24,261	\$ 959,037,330	\$	39,530	\$	77,692	4.2%	4.0%	11.480	\$ 239,270	40.1
2021	24,007	897,309,639		37,377		73,204	4.3%	5.1%	11.353	219,495	40.3
2020	24,046	827,783,550		34,425		71,478	7.7%	8.2%	11.350	200,693	38.9
2019	23,781	870,931,563		36,623		73,609	3.5%	4.2%	11.350	183,882	39.4
2018	23,476	833,844,044		35,519		70,232	4.1%	4.6%	11.294	158,879	39.6
2017	23,136	671,753,760		29,035		67,137	4.7%	5.0%	11.294	158,880	39.3
2016	21,860	617,370,120		28,242		64,806	4.3%	4.9%	11.294	148,701	39.7
2015	21,842	606,508,656		27,768		58,007	4.3%	4.7%	11.200	139,447	40.4
2014	21,842	589,712,158		26,999		57,539	5.2%	5.7%	11.070	146,127	37.6
2013	21,842	583,094,032		26,696		57,150	6.5%	6.4%	10.633	131,113	38.7

<sup>(1)</sup> Source: U.S. Census Bureau: U.S. Census Quick Facts

<sup>(2)</sup> Source: Ohio Labor Market Information

<sup>(3)</sup> Source: City of Wadsworth Engineering Department

<sup>(4)</sup> Source: Medina County Auditor's Office Monthly Property Transfers

<sup>(5)</sup> Computation of per capita personal income multiplied by population

## City of Wadsworth, Ohio Full-Time Equivalent City Government Employees by Function/Program Last Ten Years

Function/program	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
Governmental-type activities:										
General government										
Auditor	6.00	6.00	6.0	6.0	7.0	6.5	6.5	7.0	6.5	6.0
Council	5.00	5.00	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0
Engineering	7.00	7.00	7.5	7.5	6.0	7.0	9.0	9.5	9.0	9.5
Human resources	1.50	1.50	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	2.0	2.0	3.5
Income tax	-	-	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5
Law director	4.00	4.00	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	3.5
Mayor	2.00	2.00	3.0	3.0	3.0	2.5	3.0	3.5	3.5	3.0
Municipal court	10.50	11.50	12.5	13.0	12.5	10.0	13.0	13.0	13.5	12.5
Service director	3.00	3.00	3.0	2.0	2.5	3.5	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0
Treasurer	0.50	0.50	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5
Security of persons and property										
Emergency medical services	15.20	14.25	14.0	14.5	13.0	16	18.5	18.5	19.5	18.5
Fire	16.80	17.75	18.5	19.5	18.5	19	19.0	19.0	18.5	19.0
Police	40.00	40.50	41.5	41.5	40.5	41	41.5	39.5	39.0	40.0
Safety director	1.50	1.00	1.5	1.5	1.5	1	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
Public health										
Animal control	0.50	0.50	0.5	0.5	1.0	2	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
Leisure time ssrvices										
Parks	9.25	9.25	8.50	8.75	11.0	9	10.0	9.5	8.0	10.0
Senior center	3.00	1.50	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5
Wadsworth cable television	3.50	3.50	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.0	4.0	4.5	4.0	5.0
Community and economic development										
Building & planning	2.50	2.50	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5	3.0	3.0	2.5
Economic development	1.50	1.50	1.5	1.5	-	-	-	-	-	
Transportation services										
Streets	16.25	15.75	16.50	19.25	17.0	17.5	17.5	17.5	16.5	17.5
Business-type activities:										
Electric	40.50	38.50	45.0	45.0	41.0	38.0	40.5	40.0	38.0	42.5
Information technology	7.00	8.00	7.5	7.5	7.5	6.5	7.5	6.5	6.5	8.0
Sanitation	7.25	6.75	8.00	8.75	8.5	7.5	8.0	9.5	8.5	8.5
Sewer	9.00	9.00	9.0	9.0	9.0	9.0	9.0	9.0	8.0	9.0
Stormwater	-	-	-	-	2.0	2.0	4.5	3.0	4.0	3.5
Telecommunications	16.00	14.00	12.0	13.5	14.0	11.5	12.0	13.5	13.0	13.0
Vehicle maintenance	5.50	5.00	5.5	5.5	6.5	5.5	5.5	5.5	5.0	4.0
Water	15.25	14.75	14.50	15.75	16.0	14.5	16.0	17.0	17.0	16.0
Totals:	250.0	244.5	257.5	265.0	259.5	249.0	267.5	269.0	261.5	269.5

**Note:** All part-time employees, Council Members, and Treasurer, were counted as 0.5 FTE's for the purpose of this table.

Source: City Payroll Records

# City of Wadsworth, Ohio Capital Asset Statistics by Function/Program Last Ten Years

Function/program	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
General government										
Streets (miles)	100	99	99	99	98	95	95	94	94	94
Salt domes	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Airports	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Fueling system	3	3	3	2	2	2	2	1	1	1
Vehicles	15	11	10	13	10	10	10	10	10	10
Security of persons and property										
Safety director										
Early warning sirens	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	8
Vehicles	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Police										
Stations	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Shooting ranges	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Vehicles	23	23	24	24	24	24	23	22	22	21
Fire & EMS										
Stations	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Fire apparatus	8	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	8	8
Rescue squads	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	5	5
Other vehicles	7	5	5	5	5	6	7	6	5	5
Leisure time activities										
Parks & recreation										
Public swimming pools	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0
Parks	18	19	19	19	21	19	19	18	16	16
Playgrounds	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13
Baseball diamonds	10	10	10	10	17	13	13	13	13	13
Tennis courts	5	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	9	9
Pickleball courts	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Full sized soccer fields	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
Vehicles	13	16	18	18	18	15	15	15	11	11
Cable T.V. access										
Cameras	15	14	14	14	13	10	11	11	11	11
Vehicles	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Community and economic										
development										
Building and zoning										
Vehicles	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1

# City of Wadsworth, Ohio Capital Asset Statistics by Function/Program Last Ten Years

Function/Program	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
Storm Water										
Storm sewers (miles)	107	106	106	105	104	103	103	102	98	98
Telecom										
Vehicles	15	17	18	16	14	15	15	15	14	14
Sewer										
Lines (miles)	129	129	104	104	104	104	104	104	102	102
Lift stations	5	5	4	4	4	3	3	3	3	3
Treatment plants	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Vehicles	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	5	5
Water										
Wells	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12
Towers	5	5	5	5	5	5	6	6	6	6
Lines (miles)	134	133	133	133	132	131	129	127	121	121
Treatment plants	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
SCADA	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Vehicles	15	14	14	11	11	11	11	14	13	13
Electric										
Substations	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6
Aerial lines (miles)	150	150	150	152	151	150	150	150	230	230
Transmission lines (miles)	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	19	19	19
Underground lines (miles)	87	87	86	86	85	83	80	76	69	69
SCADA	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Meters	13,688	13,664	13,542	13,479	13,410	13,300	13,087	13,001	12,317	12,317
Vehicles	29	27	29	28	28	28	28	28	28	28
Sanitation										
Transfer stations	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Packer trucks	3	3	3	3	3	4	4	4	4	4
Automated trucks	5	5	5	4	4	4	4	5	4	4
Vehicles	7	7	7	6	6	6	5	4	4	4

## City of Wadsworth, Ohio Operating Indicators by Function/Program Last Ten Years

Function/program	2022	2021	2020	2019
General government				
Council and clerk				
Number of ordinances passed	155	121	122	154
Number of resolutions passed	20	16	29	16
Finance department				
Number of checks/ vouchers issued (payroll not included)	2,615	2,771	2,836	3,297
Amount of checks written (cash basis)	\$ 52,346,579	\$ 48,633,107	\$ 48,593,870	\$ 47,822,413
Interest earnings for fiscal year (cash basis)	\$ 753,498	\$ 121,266	\$ 424,689	\$ 1,046,730
Number of receipts issued	152,218	168,884	167,545	166,788
General fund receipts (cash basis)	\$ 16,456,112	\$ 14,831,490	\$ 13,963,347	\$ 13,774,736
General fund expenditures (cash basis)	\$ 15,660,585	\$ 13,248,843	\$ 13,351,113	\$ 12,925,065
Income tax department				
Number of business net profit forms processed	2,192	2,602	2,327	3,699
Number of individual forms processed	19,993	17,906	17,679	19,812
Number of business withholding accounts	2,840	2,349	2,133	2,027
Amount of penalties and interest collected	\$ 367,375	\$ 342,051	\$ 432,315	\$ 400,615
Civil service				
Number of police entry tests administered	2	1	0	1
Number of fire entry tests administered	0	2	0	0
Number of police promotional tests administered	1	2	0	0
Number of fire promotional tests administered	0	0	0	0
Number of hires of police officers from certified lists	4	1	2	3
Number of hires of fire/medics from certified lists	3	1	0	1
Number of promotions from police certified lists	1	2	0	1
Number of promotions from fire certified lists	0	0	0	0
Engineering				
Number of new subdivision	1	0	1	2
Number of new lots	45	0	42	18
Number of plat/surveys completed	2	3	13	10
Streets constructed (linear feet)	3,129	0	1,661	2,118
Streets resurfaced (linear feet)	18,179	30,156	20,114	25,867
Storm sewer lines constructed (linear feet)	5,978	27	3,076	3,166
Number of new catch basins	47	1	22	20
Number of new storm manholes	17	0	7	22
Water lines constructed (linear feet)	4,450	685	2,157	2,180
Raw water lines constructed (linear feet)	0	0	0	0
Number of new hydrants	13	3	6	7
Number of new valves	18	2	10	6
Amount of new sanitary sewer lines (linear feet)	3,163	51,782	0	0
Amount of new force mains (linear feet)	0	11,362	0	0
Number of new sanitary manholes	13	250	0	0
Culverts constructed (linear feet), not including drive culverts	85	60	0	0

2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
113	148	178	169	193	145
13	11	10	17	62	9
4,520	4,240	4,396	4,565	4,942	5,240
\$ 51,243,315	\$ 53,501,689	\$ 56,099,787	\$ 52,993,480	\$ 57,468,760	\$ 61,302,919
\$ 750,043	\$ 550,458	\$ 250,051	\$ 196,339	\$ 213,763	\$ 199,239
163,570	161,765	157,323	154,500	149,835	78,427
\$ 18,002,911	\$ 12,752,234	\$ 11,761,676	\$ 11,136,680	\$ 10,273,504	\$ 10,672,770
\$ 12,066,231	\$ 11,819,518	\$ 14,012,398	\$ 11,868,557	\$ 11,369,042	\$ 11,615,621
2,496	3,301	2,076	1,764	2,051	1,416
19,048	19,387	18,503	17,832	20,852	18,184
2,027	1,922	1,947	1,802	1,601	1,583
\$ 335,385	\$ 305,535	\$ 139,899	\$ 127,338	\$ 217,412	\$ 136,674
1 1 1 0 1 4 1	1 0 0 0 1 0 0	1 0 1 0 1 0 2 0	2 1 0 0 1 1 0 0	1 0 0 0 1 0 0 0	0 1 0 0 0 0 0
2 51 7 1,556 27,130 7,450 100 42 9,229 0 26 60 1,627	2 44 2 690 13,675 2,684 22 7 7,861 0 23 32 824	3 79 7 5,768 20,266 10,029 83 48 9,458 0 41 45 1,101	0 0 20 0 83,504 1,540 26 6 9,287 0 33 31 1,000	3 86 11 3,651 12,725 7,556 77 30 8,005 0 31 48 3,278	0 0 7 0 10,288 1,262 7 3 795 0 10 7
0	0	0	0	0	3,613
6	4	4	4	31	30
102	0	0	15	48	40

## City of Wadsworth, Ohio Operating Indicators by Function/Program Last Ten Years

Function/Program	 2022	 2021	 2020	 2019
Municipal court				
Number of civil cases	1,704	1,019	752	1,019
Number of criminal cases	3,717	5,061	3,739	5,061
Security of persons and property				
Police				
Total calls for services	12,353	13,270	12,319	14,105
Class 1 crimes	463	517	483	556
Adult arrests	513	565	683	925
Juvenile arrests	94	94	59	76
Criminal summons	179	222	311	268
Traffic citations	808	712	650	916
Warning citations	126	199	63	0
Parking tickets	914	867	1,123	1,538
Vehicle accidents - property damage	290	311	258	393
Vehicle accidents - injury	67	64	59	72
Total miles driven	178,308	192,302	201,692	130,873
Total gasoline cost	\$ 58,780	\$ 48,616	\$ 40,710	\$ 19,389
Fire and EMS				
EMS calls	3,008	2,925	2,494	2,489
Ambulance billing collections (net)	\$ 838,568	\$ 765,152	\$ 626,849	\$ 680,307
Fire calls	333	266	268	278
Fires with loss	12	11	11	8
Fires with losses exceeding \$10K	4	6	2	3
Fire losses	\$ 141,945	\$ 1,486,970	\$ 180,765	\$ 98,000
Fire safety inspections	237	313	230	392
No. of times mutual aid received from other fire and EMS	69	77	35	33
No. of times mutual aid given by Fire and EMS	103	64	28	39
Training hours	1,258	1,347	1,866	2,981
Leisure Time Activities				
Parks				
Parks Expenditures (cash basis)	\$ 799,468	\$ 881,855	\$ 814,913	\$ 801,631
Hours maintaining parks and City buildings	7,401	8,432	5,335	3,732
Hours preparing fields/ball diamonds	924	1,623	1,510	1,071
Hours of snow removal	819	465	336	625
Average cost per resident	\$ 32.95	\$ 36.67	\$ 33.89	\$ 33.71

 2018	 2017	 2016	 2015	 2014	 2013
843	963	811	641	811	866
5,838	6,410	5,465	6,790	6,827	7,567
13,275	14,053	14,578	12,252	14,469	14,182
536	514	676	642	635	678
1,020	786	798	767	817	715
29	30	55	57	56	44
358	300	349	332	360	421
1,037	1,161	1,022	1,083	1,143	1,415
0	0	0	508	201	556
0	1,661	909	913	1,115	1,190
1,146	363	384	364	333	451
406	81	55	78	62	22
71	240,286	225,093	220,340	241,949	246,071
\$ 203,681	\$ 40,089	\$ 41,495	\$ 43,136	\$ 72,088	\$ 72,359
2,224	2,341	2,067	2,058	1,987	1,854
\$ 639,015	\$ 606,028	\$ 475,181	\$ 530,654	\$ 512,483	\$ 500,719
254	208	225	241	240	239
22	13	39	33	20	21
3	6	15	8	4	8
\$ 355,350	\$ 181,560	\$ 1,096,500	\$ 991,795	\$ 164,400	\$ 516,770
372	549	656	481	778	830
21	35	32	25	14	17
30	53	60	54	49	33
2,449	2,991	2,842	3,890	3,570	3,086
\$ 741,421	\$ 728,292	\$ 720,366	\$ 653,621	\$ 756,740	\$ 672,449
1,965	2,922	2,146	1,474	1,568	8,341
1,422	1,938	1,874	1,965	1,488	1,373
783	583	709	1,010	968	709
\$ 31.58	\$ 31.48	\$ 32.95	\$ 29.92	\$ 34.65	\$ 30.79

# City of Wadsworth, Ohio Operating Indicators by Function/Program Last Ten Years

Function/Program		2022		2021		2020	2019
Community and economic development	-						
Building and zoning							
Estimated value of construction	\$ 4	0,856,075	\$ 2	0,103,913	\$ 2	27,587,767	\$ 32,002,787
Residential/commercial/zoning permits issued		416		527		456	434
Electric permits		109		168		139	138
Heating permits		151		186		192	182
Total permits issued		676		881		787	754
Permit revenue	\$	44,854	\$	101,062	\$	88,893	\$ 95,955
Number of contractor licenses		124		120		107	113
Code enforcement notices		74		124		220	209
Zoning board of appeals hearings		12		12		12	18
Number of planning commission docket items		29		17		18	41
Transportation							
Crack seal coating program (miles)		0		0		0	0
Street repair (curbs, aprons, berms, asphalt) (hours)		3,698		3,615		3,171	2,117
Cold & dura patch (hours)		157		69		478	722
Tons of asphalt		64		0		0	118
Tons of limestone		118		523		127	108
Paint striping (gallons of paint)		5		8		0	0
Leaf collection (hours)		3,055		2,920		2,500	2,951
Tons of salt		1,690		891		870	938

 2018	2017			2016		2015		2014	2013	
\$ 18,411,952	\$	45,069,484	\$ 3	31,005,053	\$ 4	3,574,974	\$ 2	20,675,040	\$	19,233,420
426		510		502		447		331		346
129		196		170		187		145		246
170		245		200		217		146		167
725		951		872		851		622		759
\$ 86,986	\$	167,456	\$	150,434	\$	178,366	\$	100,558	\$	94,655
123		124		119		131		129		143
214		263		217		216		347		426
14		20		17		10		20		16
33		68		63		74		38		42
0		24		26		17		21		24
1,951		3,700		6,725		4,754		2,966		4,585
942		1,273		1,124		2,254		2,347		825
80		559		470		383		106		266
139		136		397		410		434		200
0		0		500		610		600		600
3,466		2,293		2,727		2,319		2,307		2,281
2,191		1,904		1,792		2,582		2,104		2,330
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## **CITY OF WADSWORTH**

### **MEDINA COUNTY**

### **AUDITOR OF STATE OF OHIO CERTIFICATION**

This is a true and correct copy of the report, which is required to be filed pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in the Office of the Ohio Auditor of State in Columbus, Ohio.



Certified for Release 8/1/2023

88 East Broad Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215 Phone: 614-466-4514 or 800-282-0370