

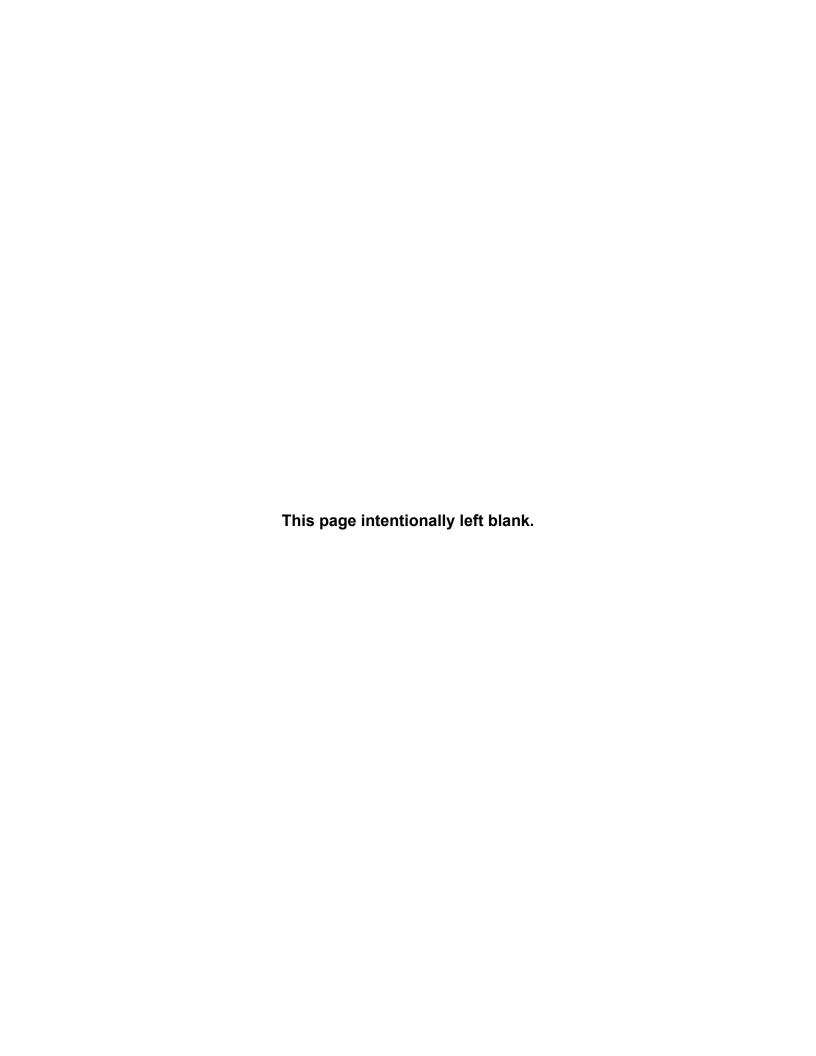


### JEFFERSON COUNTY DECEMBER 31, 2022

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Attachment: Annual Comprehensive Financial Report



### SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

Federal Grantor  Pass Through Grantor  Program / Cluster Title	Federal AL Number	Pass Through Entity Identifying Number	Provided to Subrecipients	Total Federal Expenditures
Appalachian Regional Commission Passed Through U.S. Department of Commerce, Economic Development Administration Appalachian Area Development Prevention and Recovery Board Total Prevention and Recovery Board	23.002	FY22		35,299 35,299
Total Appalachian Regional Commission				35,299
U.S. Department of Agriculture  Passed through the Ohio Department of Rural Development:  Water and Waste Disposal Systems for Rural Communities  Grant Portion (Amsterdam)  Loan Portion (Smithfield)  Total Water and Waste Disposal Systems for Rural Communities	10.760 s			29,715 1,440,663 1,470,378
Passed through the Ohio Department of Education: Child Nutrition Cluster:				
Board of Developmental Disabilities: School Breakfast Program	10.553	FY 22 FY 23		7,071 1,962
Total Board of Developmental Disabilities School Breakfast Prog				9,033
National School Lunch Program National School Lunch Program Total Board of Developmental Disabilities National School Lunch	10.555 Program	FY 22 FY 23		18,709 3,487 22,196
Juvenile Detention Department: National School Lunch Program National School Lunch Program Total Juvenile Detention National School Lunch Program	10.555	FY 22 FY 23		32,258 12,037 44,295
Sheriff Department: National School Lunch Program	10.555	FY 22 FY 23		9,860 2,824
Total Sheriff Department National School Lunch Program		1120		12,684
Total Child Nutrition Cluster				88,208
Passed through Ohio Department of Job and Family Services: Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP) Cluster: State Administrative Matching Grants for the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (Administrative Costs) COVID-19 Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program American Rescue Plan Act Total Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program Cluster	10.561	G-2223-06-0203		571,024 24,400 595,424
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture				2,154,010
<u>U. S. Department of Housing and Urban Development</u> Passed through the Ohio Development Services Agency:  Community Development Block Grant	14.228	B-F-20-1BL-1		72,700
Community Development Block Grant - Residential Public Infrastructure Program (Amsterdam)	14.228	B-W-18-1BL-2		100,000
Home Investment Partnership Program	14.239	B-C-20-1BL-1		119,075
Total Home Investment Partnership Program		B-C-20-1BL-2		63,450 182,525
Total U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development				355,225

### SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022 (CONTINUED)

Federal Grantor  Pass Through Grantor  Program / Cluster Title	Federal AL Number	Pass Through Entity Identifying Number	Provided to Subrecipients	Total Federal Expenditures
U.S. Department of Education  Passed through the Ohio Department of Education:  Special Education Cluster:	04.007	000000 00 05 00		00.500
Special Education - Grants to States (IDEA, Part B)  COVID-19 Special Education - Grants to States (IDEA, Part B)	84.027 84.027X	066068-6B-SF-22 066068-6B-SF-23 066068-6B-SF-22		33,522 10,000 4,004
Total Special Education - Grants to States (IDEA, Part B)				47,526
Special Education - Preschool Grants (IDEA Preschool) COVID-19 Special Education - Preschool Grants (IDEA Prescho Total Preschool Grants (IDEA Preschool)	84.173 c 84.173X	066068-PG-S1-22 066068-PG-S1-22		2,945 297 3,242
Total Special Education Cluster				50,768
COVID-19 Governor's Emergency Education Relief Fund (GEER I)	84.425C	FY22 FY23		20,764 21,115
COVID-19 Governor's Emergency Education Relief Fund (GEER II) Total Education Stabilization Fund		FY22		6,435 48,314
Total U.S. Department of Education				99,082
U.S. Department of Homeland Security				
Passed Through the State Emergency Management Agency: Emergency Management Performance Grants Total Emergency Management Performance Grants	97.042	EMC-2021-EP-00002		38,047 38,047
Hazard Mitigation Grant Program	97.039	FEMA-DR-4360-OH		10,938
Disaster Grants - Public Assistance Total Disaster Grants - Public Assistance	97.036	DR-4424-081-09C35-00		215,237 215,237
Total U.S. Department of Homeland Security				264,222
U. S. Department of Health and Human Services				
Passed Through the Ohio Department of Developmental Disabiliti Social Services Block Grant - Title XX	es: 93.667	MR-41-22		7,177 38,824
Total Social Services Block Grant Title XX				46,001
Passed Through Ohio Department of Mental Health and Addiction Block Grants for Prevention and	1			
Treatment of Substance Abuse (SABG)	93.959	FY 22 FY 23	141,140 87,851	141,140 87,851
COVID-19 Crisis Infrastructure		FY 22 FY 23	20,355 50,000	20,355 50,000
COVID-19 Crisis Mitigation Total Substance Abuse Block Grant		FY 22	8,759 308,105	8,759 308,105
Block Grants for Community Mental Health Services COVID-19 Mental Health Court Program COVID-19 Mitigation Total Block Grants for Community Mental Health Services	93.958	FY 23 FY 23 FY 22	48,025 5,175 9,605 62,805	48,025 5,175 9,605 62,805
Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration	93.243	FY 22 FY 23	409,645 21,016 430,661	409,645 21,016 430,661
Social Services Block Grant (Title XX)	93.667	FY 22 FY 23	33,923 1,496	33,923 1,496
Total Social Services Block Grant			35,419	35,419

### SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022 (CONTINUED)

Federal Grantor  Pass Through Grantor  Program / Cluster Title	Federal AL Number	Pass Through Entity Identifying Number	Provided to Subrecipients	Total Federal Expenditures
U. S. Department of Health and Human Services (Continued) Passed Through Ohio Department of Mental Health and Addiction Opioid State Targeted Response Total Opioid State Targeted Response	Services: (i 93.788	continued) FY22	229,448 229,448	229,448 229,448
Passed Through the Ohio Department of Job and Family Services Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF) (Title IV-A) Temporary Assistance for Needy Families COVID-19 PRC COVID-19 PRC Admin Total Temporary Assistance for Needy Familities (TANF) (Title IV-	93.558	G-2021-06-0069 / G-2223-06-0203		2,365,965 217,832 4,494 2,588,291
Child Care and Development Fund Cluster: Child Care and Development Block Grant Total Child Care and Development Fund Cluster	93.575	G-2223-06-0203		38,445 38,445
Social Services Block Grant (Title XX)	93.667	G-2021-06-0069 / G-2223-06-0203		671,807
COVID-19 Elder Abuse Prevention Interventions	93.747	G-2021-06-0069 / G-2223-06-0203		35,156
Job and Family Services Medicaid Cluster: Medical Assistance Program (Medicaid; Title XIX) Cluster	93.778	G-2223-06-0203		1,291,117
Child Support Enforcement	93.563	G-2223-06-0203		926,595
Promoting Safe and Stable Families	93.556	G-2223-06-0203		2,411
Childrens Health Insurance Program (CHIP)	93.767	G-2223-06-0203		1,924
Title IV-E Prevention Program	93.472	G-2223-06-0203		1,769
Adoption Assistance (Title IV-E)	93.659	G-2021-06-0069 / G-2223-06-0203		375,135
Chafee Foster Care Independence Program	93.674	G-2021-06-0069 / G-2223-06-0203		14,173
Passed Through the Office for Children and Families: Foster Care (Title IV-E) Administration Foster Care Placement - Juvenile Court Administrative - Juvenile Court	93.658	G-2021-06-0069 / G-2223-06-0203 G-2223-06-0203		1,103,499 205,628 492,169 209,421
Total Title IV E			4 000 100	2,010,717
Total Department of Health and Human Services			1,066,438	9,069,979
U.S. Department of Labor  Passed Through the Ohio Department of Job and Family Services: WIOA National Disclosted Workers Grants COVID-19 Employment Recovery Program Opioids #3 Program Opioids Fresh Start Program	17.277	G-2021-06-0069 / G-2223-06-0203	5,955 41,634 96,066 143,655	5,955 41,634 96,066 143,655
Workforce Innovation and Opportunity Act (WIOA) Cluster: WIOA Adult Program WIOA Dislocated Worker Formula Grants WIOA Youth Activities Total U.S. Department of Labor.	17.258 17.278 17.259	G-2021-06-0069 / G-2223-06-0203 G-2021-06-0069 / G-2223-06-0203 G-2021-06-0069 / G-2223-06-0203	581,744 137,798 424,561 1,144,103	581,744 137,798 424,561 1,144,103
Total U.S. Department of Labor			1,287,758	1,287,758

### SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022 (CONTINUED)

Federal Grantor  Pass Through Grantor  Program / Cluster Title	Federal AL Number	Pass Through Entity Identifying Number	Provided to Subrecipients	Total Federal Expenditures
Federal Aviation Administration Direct Program: Airport Improvement Program Taxiway A Design and Construction Total Airport Improvement Program	20.106	3-39-0074-022-2021		2,512,645 2,512,645
Total Federal Aviation Administration				2,512,645
<u>U.S Department of Transportation</u> State and Community Highway Safety	20.600	STEP-2022-41-00041 STEP-2023-41-00041		12,525 2,690
Total State and Community Highway Safety Cluster		3127 2020 11 00011		15,215
Minimum Penalties for Repeat Offenders for Driving While Intoxicated	20.608	IDEP-2022-41-00041 IDEP-2023-41-00041		11,604 3,728
Total Minimum Penalties for Repeat Offenders for Driving While I	ntoxicated			15,332
Total U.S. Department of Transportation				30,547
U.S. Election Assistance Commission Passed Through the Ohio Secretary of State 2018 HAVA Security Grants HAVA Security and Voter Accessibility Block Grant Total HAVA Security Grants	90.404	FY 20		10,000
Total U.S. Election Assistance Commission				10,000
U.S. Department of Justice  Passed through Ohio Attorney General:  Crime Victim Assistance Program	16.575	2022-VOCA-134717339 2023-VOCA-135109285 2022-SVAA-134717343 2023-SVAA-135109289		15,814 5,547 1,125 375
Total Crime Victim Assistance Grant				22,861
Passed through the Office of Criminal Justice Services: Violence Against Women Formula Grants Total Violence Against Women Formula Grants	16.588	2021-WF-VA2-8249		36,589 36,589
Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program Total Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program	16.738	2021-JG-A01-6324 2021-JG-A02-6570		12,105 5,150 17,255
Total U.S. Department of Justice				76,705
U.S. Department of Defense  Direct Program: Section 594 of the Water Resources Development	12.118			
Act of 1999 Sewer (Smithfield) Total Section 594 of the Water Resources Development Act of 19	999	FY18		950,000 950,000
Total U.S. Department of Defense				950,000
U.S. Department of Treasury  Direct Program:  COVID-19 Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds	21.027	FY21		2,476,930
Total U.S. Department of Treasury				2,476,930
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			\$2,354,196	\$19,322,402

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this schedule.

#### NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS 2 CFR 200.510(b)(6) FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

#### **NOTE A - BASIS OF PRESENTATION**

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (the Schedule) includes the federal award activity of Jefferson County (the County) under programs of the federal government for the year ended December 31, 2022. The information on this Schedule is prepared in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the County, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the County.

#### NOTE B - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the cash basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in Uniform Guidance wherein certain types of expenditures may or may not be allowable or may be limited as to reimbursement.

#### **NOTE C - INDIRECT COST RATE**

The County has elected not to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

#### **NOTE D - SUBRECIPIENTS**

The County passes certain federal awards received from the Ohio Department of Job and Family Services and the Ohio Department of Mental Health and Addiction Services to other governments or not-for-profit agencies (subrecipients). As Note B describes, the County reports expenditures of Federal awards to subrecipients when paid in cash.

As a pass-through entity, the County has certain compliance responsibilities, such as monitoring its subrecipients to help assure they use these subawards as authorized by laws, regulations, and the provisions of contracts or grant agreements, and that subrecipients achieve the award's performance goals.

#### **NOTE E - CHILD NUTRITION CLUSTER**

The County commingles cash receipts from the U.S. Department of Agriculture with similar State grants. When reporting expenditures on this Schedule, the County assumes it expends federal monies first.

#### NOTE F - LOAN PROGRAMS WITH CONTINUING COMPLIANCE REQUIREMENTS

The federal loan programs listed below are administered directly by the County, and balances and transactions relating to these programs are included in the County's basic financial statements. Loans outstanding at the beginning of the year and loans made during the year are included in the federal expenditures presented in the Schedule. The balances of loans outstanding at December 31, 2022 consist of:

AL Number	Program/Cluster Name	Outstanding Balance
		at December 31, 2022
10.760	Water and Wastewater Disposal Systems for Rural Communities	\$4,329,000
10.760	Water and Wastewater Disposal Systems for Rural Communities	766,000
10.760	Water and Wastewater Disposal Systems for Rural Communities	2,840,000
10.760	Water and Wastewater Disposal Systems for Rural Communities	1,440,663

# NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS 2CFR 200.510(b)(6) FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022 (Continued)

#### **NOTE G - MATCHING REQUIREMENTS**

Certain Federal programs require the County to contribute non-Federal funds (matching funds) to support the Federally-funded programs. The County has met its matching requirements. The Schedule does not include the expenditure of non-Federal matching funds.

#### **NOTE H - TRANSFERS BETWEEN FEDERAL PROGRAMS**

During fiscal year 2022, the County made allowable transfers of \$457,492 from the Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF) (AL #93.558) program to the Social Services Block Grant (SSBG) (AL #93.667) program. The Schedule shows the County spent approximately \$2,588,291 on the TANF program. The amount reported for the TANF program on the Schedule excludes the amount transferred to the SSBG program. The amount transferred to the SSBG program is included as SSBG expenditures when disbursed. The following table shows the gross amount drawn for the TANF program during fiscal year 2022 and the amount transferred to the Social Services Block Grant program.

Temporary Assistance for Needy Families \$ 3,045,783
Transfer to Social Services Block Grant (457,492)

Total Temporary Assistance for Needy Families \$ 2,588,291

#### NOTE I - OHIO DEPARTMENT OF DEVELOPMENTAL DISABILITIES ADJUSTMENTS

Typically, the County Board of Developmental Disabilities receives notice of liability for prior year(s) Cost Reports from the Ohio Department of Developmental Disabilities for the Medicaid Program (AL #93.778). The cost report settlement liability is for the settlement of the difference between the statewide payment rate and the rate calculated based upon actual expenditures for Medicaid services. The liability is not listed on the County's Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards since the underlying expenses occurred in prior reporting periods and the liability was invoiced by the Ohio Department of Developmental Disabilities. However, during the calendar year, the County Board of Developmental Disabilities received notice that the 2019 liability for the Cost Report from the Ohio Department of Developmental Disabilities for the Medicaid Program (AL #93.778) should be completed and issued in 2023. That notice also disclosed that the 2020 liability for the Cost Report from the Ohio Department of Developmental Disabilities for the Medicaid Program (AL #93.778) is still in process and that there is not a projected settlement date at this time.



88 East Broad Street Columbus, Ohio 43215 ContactUs@ohioauditor.gov (800) 282-0370

# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Jefferson County 301 Market Street Steubenville, Ohio 43952

#### To the Board of Commissioners:

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*), the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Jefferson County, (the County) as of and for the year ended December 31, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated June 30, 2023. We noted the financial impact of COVID-19 and the continuing emergency measures which may impact subsequent periods of the County.

#### Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the County's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the County's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

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Jefferson County
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over
Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters
Required by Government Auditing Standards
Page 2

#### Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the County's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### **Purpose of This Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the County's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Keith Faber Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

June 30, 2023



88 East Broad Street Columbus, Ohio 43215 ContactUs@ohioauditor.gov (800) 282-0370

# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE AND ON THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Jefferson County 301 Market Street Steubenville, Ohio 43952

To the Board of Commissioners:

#### Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

#### Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Jefferson County's, (the County) compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Jefferson County's major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2022. Jefferson County's major federal programs are identified in the *Summary of Auditor's Results* section of the accompanying schedule of findings.

In our opinion, Jefferson County complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2022.

#### Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS); the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*); and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the County and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the County's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

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Jefferson County
Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance with Requirements
Applicable to Each Major Federal Program and on Internal Control Over
Compliance and on the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards
Required by the Uniform Guidance
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#### Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

The County's Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the County's federal programs.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the County's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, Government Auditing Standards, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material, if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the County's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the County's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- obtain an understanding of the County's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in
  order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report
  on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the
  purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over
  compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

#### **Report on Internal Control Over Compliance**

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Jefferson County
Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance with Requirements
Applicable to Each Major Federal Program and on Internal Control Over
Compliance and on the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards
Required by the Uniform Guidance
Page 3

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance* section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of this testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

#### Report on Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Required by the Uniform Guidance

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Jefferson County, (the County) as of and for the year ended December 31, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements. We issued our unmodified report thereon dated June 30, 2023, wherein we noted the financial impact of COVID-19 and the continuing emergency measures which may impact subsequent periods of the County. Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the Uniform Guidance and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records management used to prepare the basic financial statements. We subjected this schedule to the auditing procedures we applied to the basic financial statements. We also applied certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling this schedule directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of expenditures of federal awards is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Keith Faber Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

June 30, 2023

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#### SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS 2 CFR § 200.515 DECEMBER 31, 2022

#### 1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

(d)(1)(i)	Type of Financial Statement Opinion	Unmodified
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any material weaknesses in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iii)	Was there any reported material noncompliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any material weaknesses in internal control reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(v)	Type of Major Programs' Compliance Opinion	Unmodified
(d)(1)(vi)	Are there any reportable findings under 2 CFR § 200.516(a)?	No
(d)(1)(vii)	Major Programs (list): Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds Social Services Block Grant Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF) Medical Assistance Program Child Support Enforcement Workforce Innovation and Opportunity Act Cluster Airport Improvement Program	AL # 21.027 93.667 93.558 93.778 93.563 17.258, 17.259, & 17.278 20.106
(d)(1)(viii)	Dollar Threshold: Type A\B Programs	Type A: > \$ 750,000 Type B: all others
(d)(1)(ix)	Low Risk Auditee under 2 CFR § 200.520?	Yes

# 2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

None

#### 3. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

None

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# Jefferson County, Ohio

# **Annual Comprehensive Financial Report**

For the Year Ended December 31, 2022



Prepared by the Jefferson County Auditor's Office:

E.J. Conn Jefferson County Auditor

# **Jefferson County, Ohio**

# Annual Comprehensive Financial Report

For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

# E. J. Conn Jefferson County Auditor

# Prepared by the Jefferson County Auditor's Office

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# **Introductory Section**



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June 30, 2023

To the Honorable Board of County Commissioners and Citizens of Jefferson County,

As Auditor of Jefferson County, it gives me great pleasure to present the County's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report for the year ended December 31, 2022. This report has been carefully prepared in accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) and provides a full and complete disclosure of the financial position and operations of the County.

The information contained in this report will assist County officials in making management decisions and will provide the taxpayers of Jefferson County with comprehensive financial data in a format that enables them to gain a true understanding of the County's financial affairs. The general public, as well as investors, will be able to compare the financial position of Jefferson County and the results of its operations with other governmental entities.

This is the twenty-sixth (26<sup>th</sup>) consecutive Annual Comprehensive Financial Report issued by the Auditor's office. The report is prepared in accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles, as set forth by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) and other authoritative sources, and the guidelines set by the Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA).

#### Legal Requirements

State law requires every general purpose local government to file with the Auditor of State and publish notice of the availability of the financial statements. The completion of this Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR), the filing of this report with the Auditor of State, and the published notice of the availability of the financial report will allow the County to comply with these requirements, as well as the requirements of the Single Audit Act.

#### Assumption of Responsibility

Responsibility for the accuracy, completeness, and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, lies with the management of Jefferson County and, in particular, the Jefferson County Auditor's Office. All disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain an understanding of the County's financial activities and status are included herein.

#### Fund Accounting

Jefferson County's accounting system is organized on a "fund basis". Each fund is a self-balancing set of accounts.

#### Internal Control Structure

In developing the County's accounting system, consideration was given to the adequacy of internal accounting controls. Such controls are designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance regarding both the safeguarding of assets against loss and misuse, and assurance regarding the reliability of financial records for preparing financial statements and maintaining accountability for assets. The concept of reasonable assurance is based on the assumption that the cost of internal controls should not exceed the benefits expected to be derived from their implementation.

The County utilizes a fully automated in-house accounting system as well as an automated in-house system for payroll. These systems, coupled with the manual auditing of each voucher prior to payment, ensure that the financial information generated is both accurate and reliable.

#### Independent Audit

Included in this report is an unmodified audit opinion rendered on the County's financial statements as of December 31, 2022, by our independent auditor, the Auditor of the State of Ohio. Their audit was conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and Governmental Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. In addition, the audit was designed to meet the requirements of the Federal Single Audit Act of 1984, as amended in 1996, and related OMB Circular A-133 and Uniform Guidance, Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards.

County management plans to continue to subject the County's financial statements to an annual independent audit as part of the preparation of an Annual Comprehensive Financial Report. An annual audit also serves to maintain and strengthen the County's accounting and budgetary controls.

#### Annual Comprehensive Financial Report

The Annual Comprehensive Financial Report is presented in three sections: Introductory, Financial, and Statistical. The introductory section includes a table of contents, this transmittal letter, the 2021 Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting, a list of elected and appointed officials, and the County's organizational chart. The financial section includes the Independent Auditor's Report, Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A), the Basic Financial Statements and Notes that provide an overview of the County's financial position and operating results, Required Supplementary Information for Pensions and OPEB, and the Combining Statements for nonmajor funds and other schedules that provide detailed information relative to the Basic Financial Statements. The statistical section includes financial and demographic information which is generally presented on a multi-year basis.

Generally accepted accounting principles require that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of the Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal should be read in conjunction with the MD&A as they are designed to complement each other. Jefferson County's MD&A can be found beginning on page 5.

#### THE PROFILE OF THE GOVERNMENT

The County

Created in 1797, Jefferson County is located in east central Ohio along the west bank of the Ohio River. Its 410 square mile area is bordered on the north by Columbiana County, on the south by Belmont County, on the west by Carroll and Harrison Counties, and on the east by the State of West Virginia. encompasses 14 townships and 18 cities and villages, the largest of which is the City of Steubenville, the County Seat. The County's 2022 population of 64,330 placed it as the thirty-ninth most populous of the State's 88 Counties. The County is in the Steubenville-Weirton, Ohio-West Virginia Metropolitan Statistical Area, which is composed of the County and Brooke and Hancock Counties of West Virginia. The Weirton-Steubenville, West Virginia-Ohio Metropolitan Statistical Area is the 339th largest out of 384. The County is served by diversified transportation facilities. Approximately 20 motor freight carriers and local haulers serve the Jefferson County area. Major railroads serving the County include the Columbus and Ohio River Railroad Company, Norfolk Southern Combined Railroad, the Wheeling Lake Erie Railway, and the Mahoning Valley Railway Company. Nationwide bus transportation service to the area is provided by Greyhound. Local bus transportation service is provided by the Steel Valley Transit Authority and the Eastern Ohio Regional Transit Authority. Airline transportation services to the County are provided by the Jefferson County Airport located in Cross Creek Township and by the Pittsburgh International Airport, located approximately 22 miles east of the County.

The County provides immediate access to ten State highways and two U.S. highways (including U.S. Route 22 which directly links the County to the City of Pittsburgh and the Pittsburgh International Airport). The County also provides immediate access to nearby interstate highways I-70 and I-77.

Primary educational services are provided by 7 school districts and 3 joint vocational school districts. Secondary and post-secondary educational services are provided by a number of public and private colleges and universities located within the County or within commuting distance of the County. The Franciscan University of Steubenville and Eastern Gateway Community College are both located in Steubenville. A Kent State University Branch, located in East Liverpool; Youngstown State University, located in Youngstown; Ohio University Eastern located in St. Clairsville; West Virginia Northern Community College, Bethany College, West Liberty University, and Wheeling University located near Wheeling, West Virginia; and the University of Pittsburgh, Duquesne University, Robert Morris College, and Carnegie-Mellon University, located near Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, are all located within commuting distance of the County.

The County is served by a number of commercial banks and savings and loan associations with headquarters outside the County.

Three daily newspapers serve the County. The County is within the broadcast area of five local television stations and forty AM and FM radio stations. Multi-channel cable television service, including educational, governmental, and public access channels is provided by the County's two cable television franchises.

The County is directly served by Trinity Health System located in Steubenville, Ohio. Within a 25 mile commuting distance of the County are East Liverpool City Hospital, located in East Liverpool, Ohio, and Weirton Medical Center, located in Weirton, West Virginia. Life flight services are provided to the Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania area hospitals.

Cultural and recreational offerings are made available to County area residents by the Jefferson County Historical Museum, the Steubenville Art Association, the Tri-State Symphonette, the Steubenville Players, the Steubenville Community Concerts Association, the Historic Fort Steuben Concert Series, 280 acres of public park land which includes golf, tennis, swimming, skating, baseball, and basketball facilities, Fernwood Forest (a State owned 1,400 acre park), Jefferson Lake (covering 93 acres), Friendship Park (covering 1,000 acres), and Austin Lake (privately owned covering 1,750 acres).

The cities, villages, and townships, together with various special districts and other governmental entities operating in the County, are responsible for many local governmental services and make significant expenditures to provide such services to County residents. The County, nonetheless, has significant responsibilities in the areas of administration of justice, road and bridge maintenance, health care, sanitation, public welfare, social services, and public assistance.

#### Component Units

For financial purposes, the County includes all funds, agencies, boards, and commissions making up Jefferson County (the Primary Government) in accordance with the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 14 "The Financial Reporting Entity;" Statement No. 39 "Determining Whether Certain Organizations Are Component Units;" and Statement No. 61, "The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus." The County's primary government comprises all entities not legally separate from the County, and includes the financial activities of the Jefferson County Board of Developmental Disabilities, the Prevention and Recovery Board, the Department of Job and Family Services, the Veteran's Service Commission, the Law Library Resources Board, the Jefferson County Water and Sewer District, and all departments and activities that are directly operated by the County elected officials. The reporting entity also includes the Regional Airport Authority, a legally separate entity, that meets the requirements of GASB Statements Nos. 14, 39, and 61 to be reported a blended component unit.

Component units are legally separate organizations which are fiscally dependent on the County or for which the County is financially responsible. The Jefferson County Land Reutilization Corporation was created in 2014 and qualified to be a discretely presented component unit (for further information see Note 1 to the financial statements).

The County serves as fiscal agent and custodian of funds, but is not financially accountable, for the Jefferson County General Health District, the Soil and Water Conservation District, and the Local Emergency Planning Commission, whose activities are included in this report as custodial funds.

The County participates in the Jefferson County Regional Planning Commission, which is a joint venture for which the County serves as fiscal agent. The Eastern Ohio Correction Center, the Brooke, Hancock, Jefferson Regional Planning Commission (BHJ), the Oakview Juvenile Residential Center, the Area Office on Aging, the Ohio Mid-Eastern Governments Association (OMEGA), the Jefferson County Family and Children First Council, the Jefferson-Belmont Joint Solid Waste Authority, the Belmont, Carroll, Harrison and Jefferson Counties Council of Governments, the Jefferson County Port Authority, and the Mid-Eastern Ohio Regional Council of Governments (MEORC) are jointly governed organizations. The Jefferson Metropolitan Housing Authority, Eastern Gateway Community College, and the Friendship Park District are related organizations. The County participates in the County Risk Sharing Authority (CORSA), a risk sharing pool, the Jefferson Health Plan Self Insurance Plan, and the County Commissioners Association of Ohio Workers' Compensation Group Retrospective Group Rating Program (CCAO) public entity risk sharing claims servicing and insurance purchasing pools.

A complete discussion of the County's reporting entity is provided in Note 1 to the Financial Statements.

#### Form of Government

The County has only those powers, and powers incidental thereto, conferred upon it by the State constitution and statutes. A three-member Board of County Commissioners (the "Board") is the primary legislative and executive body of the County. The Board is elected at-large in even numbered years for four-year overlapping terms. The Board is responsible for providing and managing the funds used to support the various County activities. The Board exercises its legislative powers in budgeting, appropriating monies, levying taxes, issuing bonds and notes, and letting contracts for public works and services to provide this financial management. The Board has certain responsibilities for the management of most County facilities, including various courts, correctional and administrative facilities, public assistance and social services facilities, and general County facilities.

In addition to the Board, citizens elect eight other County administrative officials, each of whom is independent within the limits of State Statutes affecting the particular office. These officials, elected to four year terms, are the County Auditor, County Treasurer, County Prosecuting Attorney, County Engineer, County Coroner, County Clerk of Courts, County Recorder, and County Sheriff. Six Judges, including two Common Pleas Court Judges, the Juvenile/Probate Court Judge, and the three County Court Judges are elected on a County-wide basis and serve six year terms.

The County Auditor serves as the chief fiscal officer for the County. As chief fiscal officer, no contract or obligation involving the County can be made without the Auditor's certification that appropriations are sufficient and that funds are available, or are in the process of collection, to ensure that the contract or obligation can be paid. The Auditor is also the central disbursing agent of the County, who, by issuance of County warrants, distributes funds to creditors in payment of liabilities incurred by the County and its departments. The Auditor is responsible for the preparation of the County payroll and also has statutory accounting responsibilities. The County Auditor also serves as tax assessor for all political subdivisions within the County. As tax assessor, the Auditor is responsible for establishing the tax rates for real estate, personal property, and manufactured homes. Once these taxes are collected, the Auditor is responsible for distributing those collections to the other governmental entities in accordance with legally adopted rates. In addition to these duties, by law, the Auditor serves as the secretary of the County Board of Revision and the Budget Commission. The Auditor also serves as the administrator of the County Data Processing Board and a member of the County Records Commission.

The County Treasurer is the custodian of all County funds. The Treasurer is responsible for the investment of idle County funds, as specified by Ohio law. The Treasurer is also responsible for collecting all tax monies and applying those payments to the appropriate tax accounts. Daily reconciliations of total County fund receipts and expenditures for the Auditor and Treasurer are performed by the two offices. Reconciliations, by fund, are performed monthly. The County Budget Commission is composed of the County Treasurer, County Auditor, and County Prosecuting Attorney. The Budget Commission plays an important function in the financial administration of the County government and all other local governments located within the County.

The County Engineer, required by Ohio law to be a registered professional engineer and surveyor, serves as the civil engineer for the County and its officials. The Engineer's primary responsibilities relate to the construction, maintenance and repair of County roads and bridges, and related roadside drainage facilities and storm sewer runoff systems. The Board of County Commissioners takes bids on and awards contracts for the projects recommended and approved by the County Engineer. The County Engineer also prepares tax maps for the County Auditor.

As part of its justice system, the County maintains the Court of Common Pleas, which includes a Domestic Relations Division, a Juvenile Division, and a Probate Division. The County also maintains three County Court Districts. The County Prosecuting Attorney's Office and the County Justice Facility are also maintained by the County. In addition to the responsibilities as a prosecutor of criminal cases, the County Prosecuting Attorney is designated by Ohio law as the chief legal counsel for all County officers, boards, and agencies, including the Board of County Commissioners, the County Auditor, the County Treasurer, and all townships and local school districts. The County Prosecuting Attorney is also a member of the County Budget Commission.

The Clerk of Courts keeps all official records of the Common Pleas Court. The office of the Clerk of Courts operates on a system of fees charged for services and is essentially self-supporting.

The County Sheriff is the chief law enforcement officer of the County. The primary duty of the Sheriff is to enforce the law in unincorporated areas of the County. The County Sheriff's Department does provide certain specialized services and will assist local law enforcement officers upon their request. The Sheriff also operates the Jefferson County Justice Facility and is responsible for its inmates, including persons detained for trial or transfer to other institutions. As an officer of the courts, the Sheriff is in charge of the service of court documents.

#### **Budgetary Controls**

By statute, the Board of County Commissioners adopts a temporary appropriation measure for the County on or about the first day of January. The Board of County Commissioners adopts a permanent appropriation measure by the first day of April. All disbursements and transfers of cash between funds require appropriation authority from the Board of County Commissioners. Budgets are controlled at the major account level within a department and fund. Purchase orders are submitted to the County Auditor's office by department heads and are encumbered prior to their release to vendors. Those purchase orders which exceed the available appropriations are rejected until additional appropriations are secured.

A computerized certification system allows the County Auditor's office to ascertain the status of the department's appropriations before authorizing additional purchases from a particular account. Additional information regarding the County's budgetary accounting can be found in the Notes to the Basic Financial Statements.

#### LOCAL ECONOMY

Historically, the County's main industry and source of jobs has always been the area steel mills. However, the reduced demand for locally produced steel products over the past several years has resulted in the closing and/or downsizing of the local plants. It was feared that this would have a long term negative impact on the local economy. For a period of years this proved to be true. However, in 2018 JSW Steel USA Inc. purchased a previously idled steel mill located in Mingo Junction from Acero Junction. The company invested approximately \$250 million in plant upgrades to restart the existing electric arc furnace. JSW Steel recently announced plans to invest an additional \$145 million in plant upgrades to expand production as well as help to lower carbon emissions. It is the hope of local officials that this plant expansion will provide a significant financial boost to the local economy.

Prior to the reopening of the steel mill in Mingo Junction, it seemed that the local economy would continue to struggle due to the plant closings and downsizings. However, a new and extremely positive economic change has occurred. Vast deposits of gas and oil have been discovered in the Marcellus and Utica shale formations located in Western Pennsylvania, West Virginia, and Eastern Ohio (the Appalachia area), including Jefferson County. The discovery of deposits has spurred significant interest in gas drilling in Jefferson County. A number of companies have already procured substantial amounts of property mineral rights over the past few years. Drilling has intensified greatly over the past year and is expected to continue to increase in the foreseeable future. Experts believe that, once fully developed, Appalachia's Marcellus shale figures to be the second largest natural gas field in the world. Experts, gas company officials, and local officials believe that the gas drilling will continue to have a major effect on the local economy.

A substantial number of gas drilling and directly related jobs are expected to be created. To date, several gas related companies including Express Energy, Hess Energy, Environmental Management Specialists, Premier Pump, Heavy Duty Industrial Services, and Strauss Industries have opened operations in the County. These companies have invested over \$70 million into the local economy. In addition, a substantial number of trickledown effect jobs have been created in other areas. These trickledown jobs include new hotels, new restaurants, and new retail businesses, as well as expanded services for existing businesses.

The County has recently seen the completion of its second gas transmission pipeline. The pipelines are now completed and in operation. Significant tax revenues are currently being generated by these pipelines, benefitting the County as well as a number of school districts and townships throughout the County. It is anticipated that an additional pipeline will be completed and operational in the next year. The completion of these pipelines has allowed for a significant expansion of gas drilling currently occurring throughout the County. While this has been a significant boost to the local economy, the future of gas drilling has become a bit uncertain due to the fluctuating demand for gas. Local officials are monitoring this situation closely.

An additional boost to the local economy has come from the Connect Appalachia project. This \$100 million project was designed to provide high speed fiber optic internet access to rural areas of the Appalachian region. This project encompasses 34 counties covering 17,000 square miles and provides broadband internet access to the covered area. The project to install the 800 miles of fiber optic computer lines was completed by Horizon Telecom, a Ross County company. Local officials believe that this expanded access to high speed internet access will help attract new business to the area.

In recent years, the County has seen the opening of a number of new businesses including a Walmart food distribution center. Since its opening, the 880,000 square foot \$75 million project has created over 900 new jobs, and services Walmart stores within a 100 mile radius. Other new businesses that have opened in recent years include a Walmart Supercenter, Rural King, Lowes, Office Max, Bulldog Rack, Kroger, Applebee's, Capital Recovery Systems, CVS Pharmacy, Walgreens Pharmacy, Nelson Fine Art & Gifts, Texas Roadhouse, Express Energy, Environmental Management Specialists, H&H Screening, National Colloid Company, Premier Pump, Strauss Industries, a Microtel hotel facility, and a state of the art YMCA at the former St. John's Arena. In addition, two Dunkin' Donut stores opened in mid 2020.

A 93 acre industrial park is a key component in the County's economic development strategy. The County-owned park is located just over one mile from the four-lane U.S. Route 22, and is part of an area which, overall, has more than 1,000 acres available for development. The industrial park is currently the home of QPI Tools, A-2-C Communications, Signs Limited, the R-Way Transport facility, and National Colloid Company. The National Colloid Company is the most recent tenant in the industrial park. The company purchased an existing facility formerly occupied by Bulldog Rack and has invested more than \$2.5 million into the local economy. In addition, the County recently agreed to transfer five acres in the industrial park that has become the headquarters of Riley Petroleum. Construction on the new facility was completed in late 2015.

Over the past several years, new development has occurred at the County airport. Over \$14 million in upgrades and improvements have been made to the facility. These upgrades include enlarging the facility, lengthening the runway, constructing new hangers, as well as the construction of a new terminal and lounge building. In addition, the County recently completed a project to lengthen the runway an additional 400 feet to its current 5,000 foot length. This \$2 million project allows even larger sized private jets to land at the Airport. The lengthened runway will make the Airpark facility eligible for additional federal and state funding for further expansion. Additional upgrades at the airport are currently in the planning stages. It is anticipated that the current and future improvements at the airport will help attract new business to the County.

The Laurels and Sienna Woods, extended care facilities, opened over the past few years to provide care for the aging population within the area. In addition, a major expansion project was recently completed at the Villa Royale, another area extended care facility.

Buckeye Power's Cardinal Power Plant, located in the southern portion of the County, and Energy Harbor Corporation's W.H. Sammis Plant in the northern portion of the County have both undergone substantial upgrades in recent years. Construction was completed on the installation of \$1.5 billion flue gas desulfurization (FGD) systems on all three units at the Cardinal Power Plant while similar construction was completed on the installation of a \$1.1 billion flue gas desulfurization (FGD) systems on three units at the W.H. Sammis Plant. FGD systems, commonly called scrubbers, reduce sulfur dioxide emissions by up to 98 percent. At the time of completion, it was hoped that these upgrades would keep these coal fired power plants fully operational and competitive for years to come. However, both plants have seen recent reductions in production as well as staffing, as demand for electricity produced from these facilities has decreased. As a result of the lower demand for electricity produced from these facilities, Energy Harbor, owner of the Sammis Plant, shuttered operations at that facility in May of 2023. The resulting loss of jobs as well as tax revenue will have a negative effect on the local economy. At this time the extent of that impact on the economy is not fully known. Local officials are monitoring this situation closely. In addition, local officials continue to monitor the situation at the Cardinal Power Plant as concern grows as to the continued sustainability of this plant.

Timet, a titanium metals processor located in Toronto, continues to make capital investments in new machinery and equipment. Since 1995, the company has invested over \$65 million in modernization and expansions.

Trinity Medical Center has seen the completion of a number of expansion projects over the past few years. These projects include the original construction of the \$3.5 million Tony Teramana Cancer Center, a \$7 million 79,000 square foot patient care unit addition to Trinity's west campus, a \$6 million office facility at the west campus, and a \$7 million expansion project at the Tony Teramana Cancer Center. Construction is currently underway on a major \$75 million renovation project. Construction is expected to be completed in 2023. Other future upgrades and expansion projects are currently in the planning stages.

Both Eastern Gateway Community College and the Franciscan University of Steubenville, two post-secondary educational institutions located within the County, continue to expand services and facilities. As enrollment steadily increases, both institutions have purchased surrounding property and facilities in order to expand services and handle the increase in student enrollment. Eastern Gateway Community College recently expanded services into nearby Columbiana, Mahoning, and Trumbull counties as part of a State plan to expand community college services throughout the State. A \$1.9 million grant through the U.S. Department of Labor helped create a virtual community college in eastern Ohio and expand community college service into previously unserved areas. While the main campus will remain in Steubenville, a second permanent location has opened in Mahoning County with instructors and classrooms available in career centers and rented space. In addition, Eastern Gateway Community College has greatly expanded its online class program to keep up with the ever changing educational demands. The Community College currently has over 21,000 on-line students.

As noted above, a number of positive changes have occurred in the County over the past few years. However, the County, like the State of Ohio and the rest of the Country, is still dealing with some of the lingering effects of the COVID-19 pandemic. While the national emergency has ended, this pandemic changed the culture within the County and greatly impacted government and business operations as well. Essential County services were maintained throughout the pandemic. However, many County departments altered staffing assignments and office policies to ensure the safety of the general public and the office staff members while ensuring that essential operations would continue. This has resulted in a number of work assignments and office services being completed/conducted remotely when possible. While this was a significant deviation from "normal" office operations, the County managed to maintain standard operations. A number of local business were forced to scale back operations, lay-off employees, and drastically change the way business is conducted during the height of the pandemic. This change in the business climate affected the County's overall financial status. Revenues for local businesses dropped in most instances. The unemployment rate increased. County revenues saw slight to moderate decreases. While the national emergency has ended, the County, as a whole, is still experiencing some of the long-term negative effects. A number of small local businesses were unable to survive during the height of the pandemic and were forced to close permanently. Even now, as unemployment decreases and the local health climate returns to a somewhat more normal level, many businesses are still unable to return to pre-COVID operating levels. Many businesses are unable to recruit a sufficient number of employees to meet operational needs. As a result, many businesses have been forced to once again change business operations and operate on a scaled back level compared to their previous business operations. It is the hope of the local officials that this trend changes and that local businesses will soon be able to find adequate staff and return to "normal" operating levels.

### LONG-TERM FINANCIAL PLANNING

The fact that the County's unemployment rate has typically been higher than the federal and state averages has caused reason for continued concern regarding the County's long-term financial planning. Any significant unfavorable change in the unemployment rate usually leads to lower sales tax collections. Fortunately, the County's sales tax revenues have risen fairly consistently in recent years. However, in order to avoid any potential revenue shortfalls, should sales tax collections decline significantly, the County has taken a very conservative approach with current spending. Budget restraints have been implemented in order to conserve spending and help maintain a sufficient spending reserve as a hedge against future revenue shortfalls.

The County has also been faced with developing a plan to overcome the accelerated loss of both public utility personal property and tangible personal property tax replacement revenues. The State's implementation of S.B. 3 reduced the assessed valuation of public utilities, while H.B. 66 phased out personal property taxes on businesses. In both cases, the State implemented measures to reimburse local entities for the lost tax revenues for a certain period of time. Subsequent State budgets contained changes to those bills that accelerated the phase out of revenue reimbursements to local subdivisions. The County has implemented a plan to account for the accelerated loss of those revenues.

Significant fluctuations in the cost of gasoline and gasoline related items over the past few years have caused a major concern for the County Engineer's Office. Past price increases caused the cost of road repair projects to increase dramatically. Consequently, the Engineer's Office revised its long-term road projects plans and implemented a revised plan to keep all County roads in a condition that meets or exceeds required safety standards, while allowing the department to stay within budget. However, one early and continuing positive from the Marcellus shale drilling has been a significant boost to the County Engineer's office and its long-term road project plans in the form of road upgrades and improvements made by the various gas and oil companies doing business in Jefferson County. During 2022 alone, through road use and maintenance agreements with the County Engineer's Office, the various gas and oil companies replaced or improved one bridge and 11.35 lane miles of County road at a cost of over \$510 thousand. It is expected that additional road replacements or repairs will occur in the future. This has allowed the County Engineer's office to shift resources to other types of projects while still keeping up with the revised long-term road project plans.

### RELEVANT FINANCIAL POLICIES

In prior years, the County's Self Insurance Hospitalization Fund reflected a deficit net position. In 2004, the Board of County Commissioners joined the Ohio Mid Eastern Regional Education Service Agency's now Jefferson Health Plan insurance consortium. At that time, significant changes were made to the County's insurance plan to help control costs. Currently, the County continues to maintain a sufficient balance with the third party administrator to pay current and future claims. Additional changes have since been made to the County's insurance plan to further help control costs.

At the same time Board of County Commissioners joined the Ohio Mid Eastern Regional Education Service Agency's now Jefferson Health Plan insurance consortium, the Board of County Commissioners also adopted a debt repayment plan to eliminate the existing deficit balance in the County's existing Self Insurance Hospitalization Fund. While the debt repayment plan is proceeding to eliminate the previous existing deficit balance, it does not appear that the deficit will be eliminated within the intended time period. The County has held preliminary discussions regarding possible modifications or an extension to the debt repayment plan to ensure that this deficit balance is eliminated.

Several years ago, the County completed the implementation of a Geographic Information System (GIS). To fund the implementation and operation of this system, the Board of County Commissioners has dedicated one mill of the four mill permissive conveyance fee to the GIS Fund. With the Geographic Information System (GIS) now fully operational, the County now utilizes this funding to ensure that the system is kept accurate and up to date. The process of updating, enhancing and expanding the capabilities of the GIS system is an ongoing process to ensure that the most up-to-date and pertinent data is available on the County's GIS system.

From 1993-2015, the County participated in the Bureau of Workers Compensation's retrospective rating program to provide workers compensation insurance coverage to employees. In the past, the cost of worker's compensation premiums has been allocated to the various County funds based on the County's workers compensation rate and the various funds' payrolls. Beginning in 2006, the Board of County Commissioners adopted a cost allocation method to allocate workers compensation insurance premiums based on a combination of a fund's payroll as well as a 30 percent allocation of claims costs directly attributable to the fund. This cost allocation method was adopted to make the various County departments and funds more accountable for worker's compensation claim costs. Beginning in 2015, the County joined a group retrospective rating program through the County Commissioners Association of Ohio. It is the hope of the Board of County Commissioners that participation in this group retrospective rating program will help lower the County's worker's compensation costs. So far that has been the case as County worker's compensation premiums have declined. The County continues to use the cost allocation method noted above to keep the various County departments and funds more accountable for worker's compensation claim costs.

### **MAJOR INITIATIVES**

The County has a number of projects underway to help government run more efficiently and help the County compete for future job growth.

### Industrial Park

The industrial park, located just off of the U.S. Route 22 bypass, is a key component in the County's economic development strategy. The County-owned Park is located just over 1 mile from the four-lane U.S. Route 22, and is part of an area which, overall, has more than 1,000 acres available for development. The location has excellent highway access and is near a skilled, plentiful workforce. Construction was completed on the State Route 43 widening project, which has helped provide even easier access to the industrial park from U.S. Route 22. Local officials believe that this widening project will serve as a useful tool to help entice additional business into the industrial park.

### Airport

Over the past few years, the County completed a multi-phase airport expansion project. Over \$14 million in upgrades and improvements have been made to enlarge the facility, lengthen the runway, construct new hangers, and construct a new terminal and lounge building. This project provided the facility with the capability to allow larger sized private jets to land at the Airport.

In 2014, the County completed an additional airport expansion program. This \$2 million expansion project lengthened the runway to 5,000 feet and allows even larger sized planes and private jets to land at the airport. Additional upgrades at the airport are currently in the planning stages. Local officials believe that the current and future improvements at the airport will help attract new business to the County.

### Geographic Information System

The County completed the implementation of a Geographic Information System (GIS). This project was a joint effort, being completed with the cooperation of the Commissioner's Office, the County Engineer's Office, the County Auditor's Office, the Water and Sewer Department, the Emergency 911 Department, the Data Processing Department, the Board of Elections, the Regional Planning Commission, Progress Alliance, and the Brooke-Hancock-Jefferson Planning Commission.

This project now provides a vast array of information to each of these departments and agencies. The data provided by this GIS system will aid each of these departments and agencies in the completion of their day-to-day operations by providing continually updated information that is specifically tailored to each department and agency. The Geographic Information System (GIS) also allows Jefferson County to deliver services to a diverse customer base. Information is available to help provide the following services: neighborhood

indicators and asset mapping, social services master plan development, benchmarking, regional and community planning, policy and program coordination, data collection, data analysis, and promotion of economic development plans. In addition, the project also provides accurate and up-to-date information that will benefit the citizens who depend on County departments.

Economic development agencies now have important and valuable information readily available to provide to potential developers. This information can be used as an important tool to help persuade developers to invest in Jefferson County.

In order to ensure that the County's Geographic Information System (GIS) system is kept current and up to date, continual updates and upgrades are necessary. To this extent, the County recently completed a street centerline project which allows for up to date and accurate information regarding street locations. This information was tied into the County 911 system. Recently, the County had oblique imagery photography completed. This oblique imagery photography now allows for a three dimensional view of structures within Geographic Information System (GIS), as opposed to just the previous aerial view available.

As this project expands and progresses even further, it is anticipated that a number of other departments and agencies will become involved in this project in the near future. These include the Department of Developmental Disabilities, Children Services, the Prosecuting Attorney's Office, and the JB Green Team (formerly the Jefferson-Belmont Joint Solid Waste Authority).

### Road and Bridge Improvement

As previously mentioned, through road use and maintenance agreements with the County Engineer's Office, the various gas and oil companies have replaced or improved a significant number of County roads at no cost to the County. This has allowed the County Engineer's office to shift resources to bridge repair and replacement projects while still keeping up with the revised long-term road project plans.

It is anticipated that the gas and oil companies will continue to replace or improve County roads for the foreseeable future. This will continue to be a significant boost to the County Engineer's Office and will allow resources to be dedicated to the completion of other projects.

### Water and Sewer

Jefferson County's Water and Sewer Department has adopted a long range plan to perform a number of water improvement projects and sanitary sewer projects. These scheduled projects will allow the County to meet all current EPA mandated system improvements. Additionally, the County will be able to provide water and sanitary sewer service to a number of new areas throughout the County. Major projects recently completed include the Crestview-Belvedere Sanitary Sewer Project, the Amsterdam Sanitary Sewer Project, the Tidd-Dale Sanitary Sewer addition, Area-A (Brilliant) Waterline Booster Station Project, the Bradley Road Waterline Extension Project, the completion of a storage facility at the service complex location, the Mingo Waterline Connector, a new SCADA telemetry system to monitor the District's facilities, and a water telemetry project.

In addition to these projects, the County assumed ownership and operational control over the Village of Richmond water system through a transfer of operations in 2020. The County also assumed ownership and operational control over the Village of Smithfield water system and sanitary sewer systems through transfers of operations in prior years. Upgrades and improvements estimated at \$6.1 million are currently underway at these facilities to ensure that residents have safe reliable water and sanitary sewer systems. These projects are expected to be completed in late 2023.

A number of additional projects are currently in the early planning stage. Each of these projects will be completed through a combination of grants, loans, and local contributions.

### Towers Building

The County purchased the Towers Building in 2013, an eight story office building in downtown Steubenville. This building currently houses a number of County departments and agencies as well as a number of private organizations. As current rental leases expire in other facilities, the County intends to relocate additional County agencies into this facility. During 2022 the Social Security Administration leased approximately 3,500 square feet of space on the 3<sup>rd</sup> Floor of the Towers Building. In the future, the County hopes to attract additional governmental and/or private organizations to the site.

The County issued debt to complete needed improvements and upgrades at the Towers Building. These improvements and upgrades include roof replacements, heating system upgrades, cooling system upgrades, and building envelope upgrades. The County anticipates that these upgrades will allow the building to operate in a more effective and efficient manner for years to come.

### Fiber Optics

Jefferson County is part of the Connect Appalachia project. This \$100 million project is designed to provide high speed fiber optic internet access to rural areas of the Appalachian region. This project involves 34 counties covering 17,000 square miles and provides broadband internet access to the covered area. The project has been funded by a \$70 million grant from the National Telecommunications Infrastructure Administration with the \$30 million local match provided from Horizon Telecom. Horizon Telecom has already installed a network backbone in the region.

The Jefferson County portion of the project provides an eighteen mile fiber optic backbone to connect the County offices in downtown Steubenville with the service complex building on State Route 43, the County industrial park on County Road 43, and the County Airport area off of Fernwood Road. It is anticipated that this high speed fiber optic line will provide a foundation for the future that will help drive economic development efforts.

### County Port Authority

In April of 2012, the County, in conjunction with the City of Steubenville, established a county-wide port authority. The nine-member board will have four representatives appointed by Jefferson County, four members appointed by the City of Steubenville, and one member appointed by the Regional Planning Commission. It is the hope of area officials that the county-wide port authority will be yet another economic development tool to help attract new business to Jefferson County.

### CERTIFICATE OF ACHIEVEMENT FOR EXCELLENCE IN FINANCIAL REPORTING

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to Jefferson County for its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2021. This was the twenty-fifth consecutive year that the government has achieved this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized Annual Comprehensive Financial Report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current Annual Comprehensive Financial Report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

### **ACKNOWLEDGMENTS**

The publication of this ACFR represents an important achievement in the ability of Jefferson County to provide significantly enhanced financial information and accountability to the citizens of Jefferson County, its elected officials, County management, and investors. This report continues the aggressive program of the County Auditor's office to improve the County's overall financial accounting, management, and reporting capabilities.

I would like to acknowledge the efforts of the entire staff of the Jefferson County Auditor's office and Information Technologies Department for their contributions to this report. Special thanks are extended to Michael S. Warren, Deputy Auditor, for his effort and dedication to this project. My appreciation is also extended to the Local Government Services Section of the Auditor of State's Office for their guidance and assistance.

I would also like to thank all of the elected officials, department heads, and their staffs for their assistance and cooperation with the preparation of this Annual Comprehensive Financial Report. I ask for their continued support of this project and of my efforts toward continuing the sound financial management for Jefferson County.

Sincerely,

E.J. Conn

Jefferson County Auditor



### Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

# Jefferson County Ohio

For its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

December 31, 2021

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO

# Jefferson County, Ohio Elected and Appointed Officials

### **Elected Officials**

E.J. Conn, Auditor

Dr. Thomas E. Graham, Commissioner <sup>1</sup>
David Maple, Commissioner
Anthony Morelli, Commissioner

Raymond M. Agresta, Treasurer

Andrew Plesich, Clerk of Courts

Dr. Michael Scarpone, Coroner

James F. Branagan, Engineer

Jane M. Hanlin, Prosecutor

Scott Renforth, Recorder

Fred J. Abdalla, Jr., Sheriff

Michelle Miller, Common Pleas Court Judge Joseph J. Bruzzese, Jr., Common Pleas Court Judge Frank Noble Jr., Juvenile/Probate Court Judge Michael C. Bednar, County Court Judge Lisa Ferguson, County Court Judge David J. Scarpone, County Court Judge

### Appointed Officials

Michael Santin, Director Department of Job and Family Services and Children Services

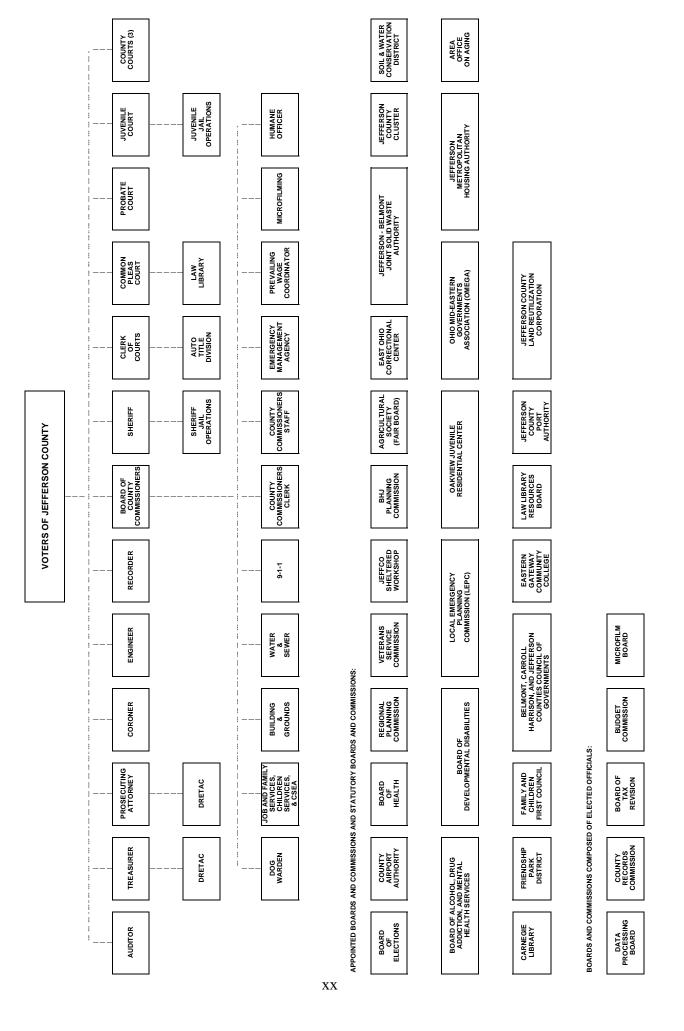
> Michael Zinno, Superintendent Board of Developmental Disabilities

William Holt, Director Prevention and Recovery Board

> Michael Eroshevich Sanitary Engineer

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Term expired December 31, 2022, replaced by Eric Timmons

# JEFFERSON COUNTY GOVERNMENT ORGANIZATIONAL CHART



# **Financial Section**





88 East Broad Street Columbus, Ohio 43215 ContactUs@ohioauditor.gov (800) 282-0370

### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Jefferson County 301 Market Street Steubenville. Ohio 43952

To the Board of Commissioners:

### **Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements**

### **Opinions**

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Jefferson County, (the County), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Jefferson County, Ohio as of December 31, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the respective budgetary comparisons for the General and Public Assistance, Motor Vehicle Gasoline Tax, Developmental Disabilities, and Local Fiscal Recovery funds for the year then ended in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

### **Basis for Opinions**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are required to be independent of the County, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

### Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 27 to the financial statements, the financial impact of COVID-19 and the continuing emergency measures may impact subsequent periods of the County. We did not modify our opinion regarding this matter.

### Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the County's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we

- exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
  fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures
  include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial
  statements.
- obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that
  raise substantial doubt about the County's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable
  period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, and schedules of net pension and other post-employment benefit liabilities and pension and other post-employment benefit contributions be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

### Supplementary information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements. The accompanying supplementary information, such as the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund statements and schedules is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

### Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual financial report. The other information comprises the introductory and statistical sections but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Jefferson County Independent Auditor's Report Page 4

### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated June 30, 2023, on our consideration of the County's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the County's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Keith Faber Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

June 30, 2023

The discussion and analysis of Jefferson County's financial performance provides an overview of the County's financial activities for the year ended December 31, 2022. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the County's financial performance as a whole. Readers should also review the transmittal letter and the basic financial statements to enhance their understanding of the County's financial performance.

### **Financial Highlights**

Key financial highlights for 2022 are as follows:

The County's total net position increased \$14,139,708 during 2022. This represents an 8.14 percent increase from 2021.

At the end of the current year, the County reported an unrestricted net position deficit for governmental activities of (\$5,761,401). This represents a decrease in the deficit of \$11,543,381 or 66.71 percent from the balance of the prior year.

At the end of the current year, the County's governmental funds reported a combined ending fund balance of \$47,777,853, an increase of \$2,341,075 from the prior year. Of this amount, \$38,757,991 is restricted, \$1,522,032 is nonspendable, \$2,669,839 is assigned and \$4,827,991 is unassigned and available for spending on behalf of its citizens, as defined in Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 54.

### **Using This Annual Financial Report**

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements. These statements are organized so the reader can understand the County as a financial whole or as an entire operating entity.

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities provide information about the activities of the whole County, presenting an aggregate view of the County's finances as well as a longer-term view of those assets.

Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental activities, these statements tell how services were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending. Fund financial statements also report the County's most significant funds. Nonmajor funds are presented separately from major funds in total and in one column.

### **County-Wide Financial Statements**

The County-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the County's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

### Statement of Net Position

While this document contains information about the funds used by the County to provide services to our citizens, the view of the County as a whole looks at all financial transactions and asks the question, "How did we do financially during 2022?" The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities answer this question.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all of the County's non-fiduciary assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows, with the difference being reported as net position. The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the County's net position changed during the current year. These statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting similar to the accounting method used by private sector companies. This basis of accounting takes into consideration all of the current year's revenues and expenses, regardless of when the cash is received or paid.

The change in net position is important because it tells the reader whether, for the County as a whole, the financial position of the County has improved or diminished. However, in evaluating the overall position of the County, non-financial information such as changes in the County's tax base and the condition of the County's capital assets will also need to be evaluated.

In the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, the County is divided into two kinds of activities:

Governmental Activities - Most of the County's programs and services are reported here, including general government, public safety, public works, health, human services, and economic development. These services are funded primarily by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, including federal and state grants and other shared revenues.

Business-Type Activities - These services are provided on a charge for goods or services basis to recover all or most of the cost of the services provided. The County's Water and Sewer systems are reported here.

### Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objects. The County, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the County can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds. Fund financial statements provide detailed information about the County's major funds. Based on the restriction on the use of moneys, the County has established many funds that account for the multitude of services provided to our residents. The County's major governmental funds are the General Fund, Public Assistance (Job and Family Services), Motor Vehicle and Gasoline Tax, Developmental Disabilities, and Local Fiscal Recovery Special Revenue Funds.

Governmental Funds - Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities on the government-wide financial statements. Most of the County's basic services are reported in these funds that focus on how money flows into and out of the funds and the year end balances available for spending. These funds are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting that measures cash and all other financial assets that can be readily converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the County's general government operations and the basic services being provided, along with the financial resources available.

Because the focus of the governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities on the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's short-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The County maintains a multitude of individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately on the governmental fund balance sheet and on the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the major funds, which were identified earlier. Data from the other governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

Proprietary Funds - The County maintains two different types of proprietary funds. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities on the government-wide financial statements. The County uses enterprise funds to account for the Water Fund operations and Sewer Fund operations. Internal Service funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the County's other programs and activities. The Self-Insurance Funds account for the claims and liabilities relating to the County's self-insured hospitalization program and also account for the claims and liabilities relating to the County's group rated self-insured workers' compensation program.

Fiduciary Funds - Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the County. Fiduciary funds are not reflected on the government-wide financial statements because the resources from those funds are not available to support the County's programs. The accounting method used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for the proprietary funds.

Notes to the Financial Statements - The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided on the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Other Information - In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents required supplementary information in accordance with GASB Statements No. 68 and No. 75, and combining and individual fund statements and schedules.

### **Government-Wide Financial Analysis**

Table 1 provides a summary of the County's net position for 2022 compared to 2021, which has been restated. (See Note 3 for more information):

Table 1 Net Position

	Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities		Totals	
	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021
Assets						
Current and Other Assets	\$99,455,638	\$90,805,985	\$7,911,755	\$5,026,400	\$107,367,393	\$95,832,385
Net OPEB Assets	5,023,441	2,933,381	220,735	127,983	5,244,176	3,061,364
Capital Assets, Net	114,932,161	117,860,357	57,252,712	55,304,558	172,184,873	173,164,915
<b>Total Assets</b>	219,411,240	211,599,723	65,385,202	60,458,941	284,796,442	272,058,664
<b>Deferred Outflows</b>						
of Resources						
Deferred Charge on Refunding	30,002	32,502	13,263	14,599	43,265	47,101
Pension	6,344,601	3,688,825	268,771	153,875	6,613,372	3,842,700
OPEB	87,526	1,556,348	3,377	70,165	90,903	1,626,513
Asset Retirement Obligation	0	0	1,097,420	1,107,281	1,097,420	1,107,281
<b>Total Deferred Outflows</b>						
of Resources	6,462,129	5,277,675	1,382,831	1,345,920	7,844,960	6,623,595
Liabilities						
Current and Other Liabilities	10,788,021	7,209,358	1,966,667	762,667	12,754,688	7,972,025
Long-Term Liabilities:						
Due Within One Year	2,500,384	3,098,058	1,497,584	1,356,228	3,997,968	4,454,286
Due in More Than One Year:						
Net Pension Liability	15,458,043	25,107,516	637,354	1,108,792	16,095,397	26,216,308
Other Amounts	8,754,023	9,633,904	24,289,549	21,482,851	33,043,572	31,116,755
<b>Total Liabilities</b>	37,500,471	45,048,836	28,391,154	24,710,538	65,891,625	69,759,374
<b>Deferred Inflows</b>						
of Resources						
Property Taxes	14,637,193	13,777,508	0	0	14,637,193	13,777,508
Pension	17,661,685	11,473,224	792,175	486,729	18,453,860	11,959,953
OPEB	5,215,672	8,834,130	230,357	395,668	5,446,029	9,229,798
Leases	248,208	105,373	98,410	123,884	346,618	229,257
<b>Total Deferred Inflows</b>						
of Resources	37,762,758	34,190,235	1,120,942	1,006,281	38,883,700	35,196,516
Net Position						
Net Investment in						
in Capital Assets	106,533,800	108,498,495	34,226,165	34,459,529	140,759,965	142,958,024
Restricted	49,837,741	46,444,614	249,674	255,624	50,087,415	46,700,238
Unrestricted (Deficit)	(5,761,401)	(17,304,782)	2,780,098	1,372,889	(2,981,303)	(15,931,893)
<b>Total Net Position</b>	\$150,610,140	\$137,638,327	\$37,255,937	\$36,088,042	\$187,866,077	\$173,726,369

The net pension liability (NPL) is one of the largest liabilities reported by the County at December 31, 2022. GASB notes that pension and OPEB obligations, whether funded or unfunded, are part of the "employment exchange" – that is, the employee is trading his or her labor in exchange for wages, benefits, and the promise of a future pension and other postemployment benefits. GASB noted that the unfunded portion of this promise is a present obligation of the government, part of a bargained-for benefit to the employee, and should accordingly be reported by the government as a liability since they received the benefit of the exchange. However, the County is not responsible for certain key factors affecting the balance of these liabilities. In Ohio, the employee shares the obligation of funding pension benefits with the employer. Both employer and employee contribution rates are capped by State statute. A change in these caps requires action of both Houses of the General Assembly and approval of the Governor. Benefit provisions are also determined by State statute. The Ohio Revised Code permits, but does not require the retirement systems to provide healthcare to eligible benefit recipients. The retirement systems may allocate a portion of the employer contributions to provide for these OPEB benefits.

Most long-term liabilities have set repayment schedules or, in the case of compensated absences (i.e. sick and vacation leave), are satisfied through paid time-off or termination payments. There is no repayment schedule for the net pension liability or the net OPEB liability (asset). As explained above, changes in benefits, contribution rates, and return on investments affect the balance of these liabilities, but are outside the control of the local government. In the event that contributions, investment returns, and other changes are insufficient to keep up with required payments, State statute does not assign/identify the responsible party for the unfunded portion. Due to the unique nature of how the net pension liability and the net OPEB liability are satisfied, these liabilities are separately identified within the long-term liability section of the statement of net position.

During 2022, total assets of the County increased \$12,737,778 or 4.68 percent from the prior year. Individually, current and other assets increased \$11,535,008 or 12.04 percent, net OPEB assets increased \$2,182,812 or 71.30 percent, and capital assets decreased \$980,042 or 0.57 percent. The increase in current and other assets is due primarily to an increase in equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents, related to an increase in cash received for local fiscal recovery funding from the American Rescue Plan Act; cash and cash equivalents with fiscal agents, related to a cash proceeds from the issuance of sewer revenue bonds held by the United States Department of Agriculture (USDA) in a fiscal agent capacity; and increases in property taxes receivable related to increases in assessed valuation. The decrease in capital assets is due primarily to depreciation exceeding new capital assets in 2022. The increase in net OPEB assets is due primarily to changes to the assumptions for the actuarial valuation of the OPERS OPEB plan.

During 2022, total liabilities decreased \$3,867,749 or 5.54 percent. Individually, current and other liabilities increased \$4,782,663 or 59.99 percent, and long-term liabilities decreased \$8,650,412 or 14.00 percent. Current and other liabilities increased across all classifications, with the most significant increases being in unearned revenue related to the second tranche of the County's local fiscal relief funds from the American Rescue Plan Act, and contracts payable related to various sewer construction projects. The decrease in long-term liabilities for amounts due within one year is due primarily to the County's principal components of the scheduled retirement of existing County debt. The increase in long-term liabilities for amounts due in more than one year is primarily due to the issuance of sewer revenue bonds during 2022. The decrease in the net pension liability is primarily related to the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS) Traditional Plan as a combination of the strong investment returns in recent measurement years, combined with the increasing impact from the pension changes of 2013 have improved the plan's funding position. The decrease in net pension liability associated with investments is partially offset by an increase in deferred outflows of resources for pension, which will be amortized over the plan's average remaining service life.

As noted earlier, the County's net position, when reviewed over time, may serve as a useful indicator of the County's financial position. In the case of the County, assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$187,866,077 (\$150,610,140 in governmental activities and \$37,255,937 in business-type activities) as of December 31, 2022. By far, the largest portion of the County's net position, 74.93 percent, reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, construction in progress, land improvements, buildings and building improvements, machinery and equipment, vehicles, and infrastructure), less any related debt, used to acquire those assets, that is still outstanding. The County uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the County's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

An additional portion of the County's net position, \$50,087,415 or 26.66 percent represents resources that are subject to restrictions on how they can be used. The remaining portion of the County's net position, (\$2,981,303) or (1.59) percent, is a deficit unrestricted and is to be used to meet the County's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors. During 2022, the deficit in the County's unrestricted portion of its' net position decreased \$12,950,590 or 81.29 percent.

In order to further understand what makes up the changes in net position for the current year, the following table gives readers further details regarding the results of activities for 2022 and 2021, as Table 2 shows the changes in net position for 2022 compared to 2021.

### **Changes in Net Position**

	Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities		Totals	
	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021
Revenues						
Program Revenues:						
Charges for Services and Sales	\$12,646,017	\$11,635,793	\$7,366,556	\$6,573,255	\$20,012,573	\$18,209,048
Operating Grants and						
Contributions	35,158,470	36,406,010	0	0	35,158,470	36,406,010
Capital Grants and						
Contributions	1,470,038	992,201	3,058,186	267,379	4,528,224	1,259,580
Total Program Revenues	49,274,525	49,034,004	10,424,742	6,840,634	59,699,267	55,874,638
General Revenues:						
Property Taxes	15,026,141	14,819,286	0	0	15,026,141	14,819,286
Permissive Sales Taxes	14,687,594	14,373,969	375,972	368,563	15,063,566	14,742,532
Intergovernmental	2,597,534	2,532,694	0	0	2,597,534	2,532,694
Interest	(854,047)	128,297	29,717	26,206	(824,330)	154,503
Oil and Gas Agreement Bonus	2,000	67,557	0	0	2,000	67,557
Gifts and Donations	40,902	2,668	0	0	40,902	2,668
Miscellaneous	895,722	859,889	4,299	225,329	900,021	1,085,218
Total General Revenues	32,395,846	32,784,360	409,988	620,098	32,805,834	33,404,458
<b>Total Revenues</b>	\$81,670,371	\$81,818,364	\$10,834,730	\$7,460,732	\$92,505,101	\$89,279,096
						(Continued)

(Continued)

# Table 2 Changes in Net Position (continued)

	Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities		Totals	
	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021
Program Expenses						
General Government						
Legislative and Executive	\$8,571,500	\$6,372,420	\$0	\$0	\$8,571,500	\$6,372,420
Judicial	3,644,252	2,409,825	0	0	3,644,252	2,409,825
Public Safety	11,614,272	7,943,465	0	0	11,614,272	7,943,465
Public Works	12,067,662	10,905,538	0	0	12,067,662	10,905,538
Health	13,053,697	9,707,127	0	0	13,053,697	9,707,127
Health - Intergovernmental	129,746	0	0	0	129,746	0
Human Services	14,869,190	12,630,208	0	0	14,869,190	12,630,208
Conservation and						
Recreation	276,528	136,387	0	0	276,528	136,387
Economic Development	4,167,297	1,352,010	0	0	4,167,297	1,352,010
Economic Development						
- Intergovernmental	50,000	0	0	0	50,000	0
Interest	254,414	352,400	0	0	254,414	352,400
Sewer	0	0	3,063,830	2,786,765	3,063,830	2,786,765
Water	0	0	6,603,005	5,515,077	6,603,005	5,515,077
<b>Total Expenses</b>	68,698,558	51,809,380	9,666,835	8,301,842	78,365,393	60,111,222
Increase (Decrease)						
in Net Position	12,971,813	30,008,984	1,167,895	(841,110)	14,139,708	29,167,874
<b>Beginning Net Position</b>	137,638,327	107,629,343	36,088,042	36,929,152	173,726,369	144,558,495
<b>Ending Net Position</b>	\$150,610,140	\$137,638,327	\$37,255,937	\$36,088,042	\$187,866,077	\$173,726,369

### **Governmental Activities**

The net position of governmental activities increased \$12,971,813 or 9.42 percent during 2022.

Operating grants and contributions were the largest program revenues, accounting for \$35,158,470 or 43.05 percent of total governmental revenues. The primary recipients of operating grants and contributions are the Department of Job and Family Services (Public Assistance) Fund, the Motor Vehicle and Gasoline Tax Fund, the Developmental Disabilities Fund, the Children Services Fund, and the Local Fiscal Recovery Fund. Operating grants and contributions decreased \$1,247,540 from the prior year, primarily due to decreases in in Local Fiscal Recovery funds realized for operating purposes, and the conclusion of Coronavirus Relief Funding in 2021.

Property tax revenues accounted for \$15,026,141 or 18.40 percent of total governmental revenues. Property tax revenues experienced an increase of \$206,855 from the prior year, due primarily to increased commercial/industrial property tax values for gas and oil related property and for public utility personal property.

Permissive sales tax revenues account for \$14,687,594 or 17.98 percent of total governmental revenues. Permissive sales tax revenues experienced an increase of \$313,625 from the prior year due to a modest increase in sales throughout the County. This modest increase was a very pleasant surprise in light of the ongoing effects of the COVID-19 pandemic experienced throughout most of 2020 and 2021 and continuing into 2022.

Another major revenue component of governmental activities is the direct charges to users of governmental services which accounted for \$12,646,017 or 15.48 percent of total governmental revenues. These charges are for fees associated with the collection of property taxes, fines and forfeitures related to judicial activity, and licenses and permits. Charges for services increased \$1,010,224 from the prior year. The General Fund, the Permissive Sheriff Fund, and the Jail Operating Fund realized the most significant increases in direct charges to user revenues. These increases were the direct result of the ongoing recovery from the effects of the COVID-19 pandemic in the prior years.

Program expenses of governmental activities increased \$16,889,178 in 2022. This increase is due primarily to operations returning to pre-COVID-19 levels as well as expanded services being provided by the County in a number of areas.

Human Services programs accounted for \$14,869,190, or 21.64 percent of total expenses for governmental activities. Human Services expenses increased \$2,238,982 from the prior year.

Health programs accounted for \$13,053,697, or 19.00 percent of total expenses for governmental activities. Health expenses increased \$3,346,570 from the prior year.

Public Works programs accounted for \$12,067,662, or 17.57 percent of total expenses for governmental activities. Public Works expenses increased \$1,162,124 from the prior year.

Public Safety programs accounted for \$11,614,272, or 16.91 percent of total expenses for governmental activities. Public Safety expenses increased \$3,670,807 from the prior year.

Other major program expenses for governmental activities include legislative and executive general government programs which accounted for \$8,571,500, or 12.48 percent of total expenses, economic development programs which accounted for \$4,167,297 or 6.07 percent of total expenses, and judicial general government programs which accounted for \$3,644,252, or 5.30 percent of total expenses.

### **Business-Type Activities**

The net position of business-type activities increased \$1,167,895 during 2022.

In 2022, charges for services were the largest program revenues, accounting for \$7,366,556, or 67.99 percent of total business-type revenues. Charges for services increased \$793,301 from the prior year. This increase is primarily due to an increase in user charges implemented during 2022.

Capital grants and contributions account for \$3,058,186, or 28.23 percent of total business-type revenues. Capital grants and contributions increased \$2,790,807 from the prior year. This increase is primarily due to an increase in grant funding for capital related projects underway during 2022.

Permissive sales tax revenues account for \$375,972 or 3.47 percent of total business-type revenues. Permissive sales tax revenues experienced an increase of \$7,409 from the prior year due to slightly increased sales in the County.

Table 3, for governmental activities, indicates the total cost of services and the net cost of services. The statement of activities reflects the cost of program services and the charges for services, and sales, grants, and contributions offsetting those services. The net cost of services identifies the cost of those services supported by tax revenues and unrestricted intergovernmental revenues.

	Total Cost	of Services	Net Cost of	f Services
	2022	2021	2022	2021
General Government Legislative and Executive Judicial Public Safety	\$8,571,500	\$6,372,420	\$1,680,887	\$983,333
	3,644,252	2,409,825	1,554,689	261,739
	11,614,272	7,943,465	5,738,037	1,259,056
Public Works	12,067,662	10,905,538	3,681,045	3,385,212
Health	13,053,697	9,707,127	2,675,071	(580,784)
Health - Intergovernmental	129,746	0	0	0
Human Services	14,869,190	12,630,208	1,579,810	43,599
Conservation and Recreation Economic Development and Assistance	276,528	136,387	276,528	136,387
	4,167,297	1,352,010	1,983,552	(3,065,566)
Economic Development and Assistance - Intergovernmental Interest	50,000	0	0	0
	254,414	352,400	254,414	352,400
Total Expenses	\$68,698,558	\$51,809,380	\$19,424,033	\$2,775,376

Charges for services, operating grants, and capital grants totaling \$49,274,525 provide for 71.73 percent of the total governmental activities expenses of the County. The remaining net cost of services of \$19,424,033 in governmental activities is funded by property taxes, permissive sales taxes, non-restricted intergovernmental revenues, interest, and miscellaneous revenues, which were sufficient to cover these remaining expenses.

The \$5,738,037 in net costs of services for Public Safety indicates the general fund, permissive sales tax, and property tax levy support provided for the operation of the Sheriff's Department and the Detention Center. Management is extremely concerned with the fact that there are insufficient program revenues to operate the Justice and Detention Center. The County is exploring various options to help reduce the tax burden associated with the operation of the Justice and Detention Center.

The \$3,681,045 in net cost of services for Public Works demonstrates the costs of services that are not supported from state and federal resources. As such, this amount indicates the portion that is funded by permissive sales taxes.

The \$1,680,887 in net cost of services for General Government Legislative and Executive and the \$1,554,689 in net cost of services for General Government Judicial demonstrate the costs of services that are not supported from charges for services, state, and federal resources. As such, this amount indicates the portion that is funded by permissive sales taxes and other miscellaneous local revenues.

### **Financial Analysis of County Funds**

As noted earlier, the County uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds - The focus of the County's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the County's financing requirements. (GASB) Statement No. 54 established fund balance classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which a government is bound to observe constraints imposed on the use of resources reported in governmental funds. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the County's net resources available for spending at the end of the year.

As of December 31, 2022, the County's governmental funds reported a total ending fund balance of \$47,777,853, an increase of \$2,341,075 from the prior year.

Of that total ending fund balance, \$38,757,991 is restricted, \$1,522,032 is nonspendable, \$2,492,700 is assigned for future appropriations, \$121,085 is assigned for legislative and executive purposes, \$6,054 is assigned for public safety purposes, \$50,000 is assigned for human services purposes, and \$4,827,991 is unassigned and available for spending on behalf of its citizens as defined in (GASB) Statement No. 54. Of the amounts restricted, \$8,312,426 is restricted for developmental disabilities purposes, \$6,215,434 is restricted for motor vehicle and gasoline tax purposes, \$4,594,587 is restricted for local program purposes, \$3,766,036 is restricted for corrections and public safety purposes, \$3,254,770 is restricted for children services purposes, \$3,222,763 is restricted for mental health purposes, \$2,481,025 is restricted for debt service, \$2,431,343 is restricted for real estate assessment and delinquent collection purposes, \$1,771,530 is restricted for child support enforcement purposes, \$1,363,240 is restricted for the children's home, \$745,556 is restricted for jail levy operations, \$283,570 is restricted for tuberculosis/crippled children purposes, \$135,360 is restricted for capital outlay purposes, \$73,631 is restricted for community development, \$57,495 is restricted for OneOhio Opioid Settlement purposes, and \$49,225 is restricted for senior citizens levy purposes.

The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the County. At the end of 2022, the unassigned fund balance was \$4,948,476, while total fund balance was \$8,454,337. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both the unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents 35.45 percent compared to total General Fund expenditures, while total fund balance represents 60.56 percent of that same amount. The County's General Fund balance decreased \$568,391 during 2022. The key factors that contributed to this decrease were slightly decreased revenues and an increase in expenditures (transfers) to other funds to cover costs associated with public safety.

The Developmental Disabilities Fund balance at the end of 2022 is \$8,337,373. This represents a decrease of \$209,627 from the prior year due primarily to an increase in program expenditures (transfers) during 2022.

The Motor Vehicle and Gas Tax Fund balance at the end of 2022 is \$6,558,232. This represents an increase of \$919,903 from the prior year. This increase was due primarily to a reduction in expenditures in 2022.

The Public Assistance Fund (deficit) balance at the end of 2022 is (\$100,560) which is a decrease of \$103,407 from the prior year, due primarily to a decrease in intergovernmental revenues during 2022.

Proprietary Funds - The County maintains two different types of proprietary funds. Enterprise funds are used to report functions presented as business-type activities on the government-wide financial statements. The County uses enterprise funds to account for Water Fund operations and Sewer Fund operations. Internal Service funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the County's other programs and activities. The County uses two internal service funds to account for the self-insurance programs. One Self-Insurance Fund accounts for the claims and liabilities relating to the County's self-insured hospitalization program. The other Self Insurance Fund accounts for the claims and liabilities relating to the County's group rated self-insured worker's compensation program.

As of December 31, 2022, net position for the County's enterprise funds was \$37,255,937. Of that total, \$2,780,098 represents unrestricted net position that is available for spending for enterprise operations at the County's discretion.

As of December 31, 2022, unrestricted net position in the self-insurance programs was \$9,978,062. This represents an increase in unrestricted net position of \$685,098 from the prior year. The main factor that contributed to this increase in net position was a concerted effort by the County to ensure that healthcare premiums are sufficient to adequately cover the cost of health claims expenses and the delivery of other health care services during 2022. To help ensure that unrestricted net position in the self-insurance programs continues to trend in a positive direction and in light of the ever increasing health care costs, proposed plan funding changes are reviewed annually. In light of the significant increase in unrestricted net position in 2022, no plan funding changes have been implemented for 2023. Employee deductibles and out of pocket maximums have both been kept at the same levels as in 2022. The Commissioners believe that the current unrestricted net position is adequate to absorb any reduction that may result from the lack of funding changes during 2023. The County Commissioners will continue to review the County's health insurance plan every year, and make any necessary changes to keep the plan solvent and help eliminate any decrease in net position for future years.

### **Budgetary Highlights**

The County's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. By State statute, the Board of County Commissioners adopts a temporary operating budget (temporary appropriations) for the County prior to the first day of January. The Board of County Commissioners adopts a permanent annual operating budget (permanent appropriations) for the County prior to the first day of April.

For the General Fund, changes from the original budget to the final budget have been primarily due to conservative spending. The County amends its final revenue budget in relation to year end actual activity. As a result, there is typically minimal, if any, variance between final estimated revenues and actual. During 2022, the final General Fund appropriation budget decreased by 8.10 percent as a result of the aforementioned conservative spending, and the Local Fiscal Recovery Fund providing resources that would have otherwise required General Fund expenditures or transfers. There are no significant variances between final appropriations and actual. Fluctuations in growth and diversity have typically not occurred in Jefferson County, allowing department managers the ability to consistently predict revenues and expenditures.

### **Capital Assets and Debt Administration**

Capital Assets - The County's investment in capital assets for governmental and business-type activities as of December 31, 2022, was \$172,184,873 (net of accumulated depreciation/amortization). This includes land and improvements, buildings and improvements, machinery and equipment, vehicles, infrastructure, construction in progress, and intangible right-to-use (leased) assets.

For governmental activities, significant capital asset additions during 2022 included the completion of various building improvements/upgrades at a cost of \$235,028, the upgrade of runway lighting and landing systems at the airpark at a cost of \$692,697, the purchase of 12 vehicles by various departments at a total cost of \$520,472, the purchase of 2 pieces of machinery/heavy equipment at a cost of \$324,090, the replacement or significant upgrade of 1 bridge at a cost of \$350,000, and 29.40 miles of road resurfacing and road base improvements at a cost of \$1,794,656. Of the road resurfacing and road base improvements, 11.35 miles at a cost of \$160,046 was completed and financed by various gas and oil companies currently active in the County. This work was completed as part of a road maintenance agreement with the County Engineer's Office.

For business-type activities, capital asset additions during 2022 included the completion of the Amsterdam Sanitary Sewer system at a cost of \$15,099,481, the completion of a telemetry system upgrade at a cost of \$339,089, the purchase of 1 piece of machinery/heavy equipment at a cost of \$22,975, and a number of smaller additions. A number of significant projects are currently under construction, and are expected to be completed within the next year.

Note 11 (Capital Assets) provides capital asset activity during 2022.

Long Term Debt - As of December 31, 2022, the County had total general obligation bonded debt outstanding of \$9,553,298. The majority of this debt (\$7,082,298) is expected to be repaid through governmental activities. The remaining portion (\$2,471,000) is expected to be repaid through a combination of business-type activities and assessments.

Moody's Investors Services, Inc. has assigned an underlying rating of "A1" to the outstanding general obligation debt of the County as of September 24, 2014, when the rating was reviewed in conjunction with the County's bond issuance.

During 2022, the County issued \$3,367,000 of revenue bonds to finance a portion of the Smithfield sewer project. Including previous issues, the County has outstanding revenue bonds in the amount of \$11,302,000.

Other outstanding long-term debt included O.E.P.A. loans in the amount of \$9,435,452,O.A.Q.D.A. loans in the amount of \$491,596, O.P.W.C. loans in the amount of \$369,815, and Leases in the amount of \$110,469.

The County's long-term obligations also include leases, compensated absences, workers compensation retrospective liabilities and net pension liability. Additional information on the County's long-term obligations can be found in Note 17 of this report.

### **Economic Factors**

The unemployment rate for the County as of December 31, 2022 was 5.2 percent, which is an increase from 4.6 percent a year prior. This rate exceeded the State's rate of 3.6 percent and the national rate of 3.3 percent at the same time. The increase was the result of the slow recovery from the effects of the COVID-19 pandemic, which has affected the County and its economy for the past two years. The unemployment rate as well as ongoing County revenues are both being monitored closely. Once the financial long-term effects of the COVID-19 pandemic are better known, county officials will review the County's budget to determine any changes that would be necessary.

The County's \$1.737 billion tax base has increased approximately 26.56 percent over the last five years. Real property tax values and public utility personal property tax values within the County have both risen steadily over the past several years. This has allowed the County's tax base to grow over the past several years.

The County's General Fund balance dropped slightly in 2022 due primarily to an expansion of services during that period, but overall has managed to rise in recent years. This is attributed to conservative budgeting and spending by the County as well as steady or increased property taxes and permissive sales tax revenues.

The various economic factors were considered in the preparation of the County's 2022 budget, and will be considered in the preparation of future budgets. Appropriate measures will be taken to ensure spending is within available resources.

A further discussion of the County and the economic factors which affect the County and its operations can be found in the transmittal letter of this report.

### **Requests for Information**

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the County's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to E.J. Conn, Jefferson County Auditor, 301 Market Street, P.O. Box 159, Steubenville, Ohio 43952.

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### Jefferson County, Ohio Statement of Net Position December 31, 2022

		Primary Government	
	Governmental Activities	Business Type Activities	Total
Assets	050 454 211	#4.701.240	Ø57 175 651
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$52,474,311	\$4,701,340 63,451	\$57,175,651
Cash and Cash Equivalents in Segregated Accounts Accounts Receivable	536,681 2,796,767	867,295	600,132 3,664,062
Internal Balances	4,971	(4,971)	0
Intergovernmental Receivable	11,216,193	30,823	11,247,016
Permissive Sales Taxes Receivable	3,888,649	99,709	3,988,358
Cash and Cash Equivalents with Fiscal Agents	6,157,665	1,926,337	8,084,002
Prepaid Items Materials and Supplies Inventory	601,565 497,416	10,106 92,410	611,671 589,826
Property Taxes Receivable	19,927,377	0	19,927,377
Leases Receivable	261,285	98,410	359,695
Special Assessments Receivable	0	26,845	26,845
Investments with Fiscal Agents	1,092,758	0	1,092,758
Net OPEB Asset	5,023,441	220,735	5,244,176
Non-Depreciable Capital Assets Depreciable Capital Assets, Net	5,726,515 109,205,646	6,117,059 51,135,653	11,843,574 160,341,299
Total Assets	219,411,240	65,385,202	284,796,442
Deferred Outflows of Resources	30,002	12 262	13 265
Deferred Charge on Refunding Pension	6,344,601	13,263 268,771	43,265 6,613,372
OPEB	87,526	3,377	90,903
Asset Retirement Obligations	0	1,097,420	1,097,420
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	6,462,129	1,382,831	7,844,960
Liabilities		_	
Accrued Wages and Benefits	532,644	26,982	559,626
Payroll Withholdings	543,393 1,087,292	29,102 268,887	572,495
Intergovernmental Payable Accounts Payable	1,149,275	74,503	1,356,179 1,223,778
Contracts Payable	621,190	1,202,939	1,824,129
Retainage Payable	124,894	184,941	309,835
Accrued Interest Payable	40,695	179,313	220,008
Unearned Revenue Claims Payable - Health Benefits	6,006,809 681,829	0	6,006,809 681,829
Long-Term Liabilities: Due Within One Year	2,500,384	1,497,584	3,997,968
Due In More Than One Year: Net Pension Liability	15,458,043	637,354	16,095,397
Other Amounts	8,754,023	24,289,549	33,043,572
Total Liabilities	37,500,471	28,391,154	65,891,625
Deferred Inflows of Resources		_	
Property Taxes	14,637,193	702 175	14,637,193
Pension OPEB	17,661,685 5,215,672	792,175 230,357	18,453,860 5,446,029
Leases	248,208	98,410	346,618
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	37,762,758	1,120,942	38,883,700
Net Position			
Net Investment in Capital Assets	106,533,800	34,226,165	140,759,965
Restricted for:			
Debt Service	2,605,824	75,426	2,681,250
Capital Outlay Children's Home	631,937 1,363,240	0	631,937 1,363,240
Community Development	73,631	0	73,631
Motor Vehicle and Gasoline Tax	10,161,875	0	10,161,875
Mental Health	4,209,554	0	4,209,554
Developmental Disabilities	10,052,250	0	10,052,250
Tuberculosis/Crippled Child Levy	283,570	0	283,570
Children Services Court/Corrections and Public Safety	4,346,619 4,416,568	0	4,346,619 4 416 568
Child Support Enforcement	4,416,568 1,894,566	0	4,416,568 1,894,566
Senior Citizens Levy	689,404	0	689,404
Real Estate Assessment and Delinquent Collections	2,610,419	0	2,610,419
Jail Levy	1,118,921	0	1,118,921
Local Programs	5,379,363	0	5,379,363
Replacement and Improvement Unrestricted (Deficit)	(5,761,401)	174,248 2,780,098	174,248 (2,981,303)
Total Net Position	\$150,610,140	\$37,255,937	\$187,866,077

### Jefferson County, Ohio Statement of Activities For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

		Program Revenues				
	Expenses	Charges for Services and Sales	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions		
Governmental Activities						
General Government:						
Legislative and Executive	\$8,571,500	\$5,268,703	\$893,598	\$728,312		
Judicial	3,644,252	1,552,946	304,937	231,680		
Public Safety	11,614,272	2,758,211	3,118,024	0		
Public Works	12,067,662	222,017	7,654,554	510,046		
Health	13,053,697	926,495	9,452,131	0		
Health - Intergovernmental	129,746	0	129,746	0		
Human Services	14,869,190	352,002	12,937,378	0		
Conservation and Recreation	276,528	0	0	0		
Economic Development and Assistance	4,167,297	1,565,643	618,102	0		
Economic Development and Assistance - Intergovernmental	50,000	0	50,000	0		
Interest	254,414	0	0	0		
Total Governmental Activities	68,698,558	12,646,017	35,158,470	1,470,038		
<b>Business Type Activities</b>						
Sewer	3,063,830	1,960,783	0	1,325,275		
Water	6,603,005	5,405,773	0	1,732,911		
Total Business Type Activities	9,666,835	7,366,556	0	3,058,186		
Total Primary Government	\$78,365,393	\$20,012,573	\$35,158,470	\$4,528,224		

### **General Revenues**

General Revenues
Property Taxes Levied for:
General Purposes
Mental Health
Developmental Disabilities
Jail Operating
Emergency 911
Children Comition

Children Services

Senior Citizens

Permissive Sales Taxes Levied for:

General Purposes

Road and Bridge Improvements

Debt Service

Sewer Water

Grants and Entitlements not Restricted to Specific Programs

Investment Earnings and Other Interest Oil and Gas Agreement Bonus

Gifts and Donations

Other

Total General Revenue

Change in Net Position

Net Position Beginning of Year

Net Position End of Year

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position Primary Government

Governmental Activities	Business Type Activities	Total
(\$1,680,887)	\$0	(\$1,680,887)
(1,554,689)	0	(1,554,689)
(5,738,037)	0	(5,738,037)
(3,681,045)	0	(3,681,045)
(2,675,071)	0	(2,675,071)
0	0	0
(1,579,810)	0	(1,579,810)
(276,528)	0	(276,528)
(1,983,552)	0	(1,983,552)
0	0	0
(254,414)	0	(254,414)
(19,424,033)	0	(19,424,033)
_		
0	222,228	222,228
0	535,679	535,679
0	757,907	757,907
(19,424,033)	757,907	(18,666,126)
3,127,512	0	3,127,512
520,804	0	520,804
4,197,907	0	4,197,907
1,827,919	0	1,827,919
2,316,816	0	2,316,816
1,182,554	0	1,182,554
1,852,629	0	1,852,629
8,926,241	0	8,926,241
4,006,814	0	4,006,814
1,754,539	0	1,754,539
0	93,993	93,993
0	281,979	281,979
2,597,534	20.717	2,597,534
(854,047)	29,717	(824,330)
2,000 40,902	0	2,000 40,902
895,722		900,021
693,122	4,299	900,021
32,395,846	409,988	32,805,834
12,971,813	1,167,895	14,139,708
137,638,327	36,088,042	173,726,369
\$150,610,140	\$37,255,937	\$187,866,077

### Jefferson County, Ohio Balance Sheet Governmental Funds December 31, 2022

	General	Public Assistance	Motor Vehicle Gasoline Tax	Developmental Disabilities	Local Fiscal Recovery Fund
Assets					
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$5,009,020	\$109,286	\$5,028,665	\$7,818,849	\$6,409,455
Cash and Cash Equivalents in Segregated Accounts	193,919	0	0	0	0
Restricted Assets:					
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	423,051	0	3,597	0	93,069
Cash and Cash Equivalents with Fiscal Agents	0	0	0	0	0
Investments with Fiscal Agents	0	0	0	0	0
Materials and Supplies Inventory	60,056	10,062	329,647	9,495	0
Receivables:					
Property Taxes	4,050,463	0	0	5,693,596	0
Permissive Sales Taxes	1,827,996	0	1,063,563	0	0
Accounts	1,554,099	564,989	171,859	0	0
Intergovernmental	1,308,528	157,714	4,205,833	1,512,460	0
Interfund	1,154,787	191,696	4,971	0	0
Leases	210,963	0	0	0	0
Prepaid Items	352,915	9,863	13,151	15,452	0
Total Assets	\$16,145,797	\$1,043,610	\$10,821,286	\$15,049,852	\$6,502,524
Liabilities					
Accounts Payable	\$109,221	\$183,493	\$153,003	\$79,814	\$0
Accrued Wages and Benefits	93,071	74,492	69,037	103,423	0
Contracts Payable	0	0	48,084	0	402,646
Retainage Payable	0	0	3,597	0	93,069
Interfund Payable	8,174	22,235	0	0	0
Intergovernmental Payable	76,228	617,075	35,492	197,762	0
Unearned Revenue	0	0	0	0	6,006,809
Payroll Withholdings	130,385	89,161	54,574	117,560	0
Total Liabilities	417,079	986,456	363,787	498,559	6,502,524
Deferred Inflows of Resources					
Property Taxes	3,164,776	0	0	4,017,974	0
Unavailable Revenue	3,911,719	157,714	3,899,267	2,195,946	0
Leases	197,886	0	0	0	0
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	7,274,381	157,714	3,899,267	6,213,920	0
Fund Balances (Deficit)					
Nonspendable	836,022	19,925	342,798	24,947	0
Restricted	0	0	6,215,434	8,312,426	0
Assigned	2,669,839	0	0,213,131	0,512,120	0
Unassigned	4,948,476	(120,485)	0	0	0
Total Fund Balances (Deficit)	8,454,337	(100,560)	6,558,232	8,337,373	0
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of					
Resources and Fund Balances	\$16,145,797	\$1,043,610	\$10,821,286	\$15,049,852	\$6,502,524

### Jefferson County, Ohio Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balances to Net Position of Governmental Activities December 31, 2022

		Determoer 31, 2022		
Other Governmental	Total Governmental	Total Governmental Fund Balances		\$47,777,853
Funds	Funds	Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position		
_		are different because:		
\$23,310,702	\$47,685,977			
342,762	536,681	Capital Assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources;		
	#00 #04	therefore, the amounts are not reported in the funds.		114,932,161
274,074	793,791			
24,636	24,636	Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures;		
1,092,758	1,092,758	therefore, the amounts are reported as deferred inflows of resources in the funds:		
88,156	497,416	Delinquent Property Taxes	5,290,184	
		Permissive Sales Taxes	1,383,051	
10,183,318	19,927,377	Intergovernmental	7,323,400	
997,090	3,888,649	Fines and Forfeitures	2,069,675	16,066,310
355,294	2,646,241			
4,031,658	11,216,193	Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of health insurance,		
24,827	1,376,281	and workers' compensation to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal		
50,322	261,285	service funds are included in governmental activities in the statement of net position.		9,978,062
210,184	601,565			
		The unamortized portion of the difference on refunding represents		
\$40,985,781	\$90,548,850	deferred charges on refunding, which are not reported in the funds.		30,002
		In the statement of activities, interest is accrued on outstanding bonds and notes,		
\$623,744	\$1,149,275	whereas in governmental funds, an interest expenditure is reported when due.		(40,695)
192,621	532,644	whereas in governmental rands, an interest expenditure is reported when due		(.0,0,5)
170,460	621,190	Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current; therefore, the amounts		
28.228	124,894	are not reported in the funds:		
1,723,380	1,753,789	General Obligation Bonds	7.082.298	
160,735	1,087,292	OAQDA Loans	491,596	
0	6,006,809	Leases	110,469	
151,713	543,393	Compensated Absences	3,569,358	(11,253,721)
131,/13	343,393	Compensated Absences	3,309,338	(11,233,721)
3,050,881	11,819,286	The net pension/OPEB asset/liability is not due and payable in the current period;		
		therefore the asset/liability and related deferred outflows/inflows are not		
		reported in the governmental funds:		
7,454,443	14,637,193	Net OPEB Asset	5,023,441	
5,901,664	16,066,310	Deferred Outflows - Pension	6,344,601	
50,322	248,208	Deferred Outflows - OPEB	87,526	
		Net Pension Liability	(15,458,043)	
13,406,429	30,951,711	Deferred Inflows - Pension	(17,661,685)	
		Deferred Inflows - OPEB	(5,215,672)	(26,879,832)
298,340	1,522,032	Net Position of Governmental Activities		\$150,610,140
24,230,131	38,757,991		=	,, 1 10
0	2,669,839	See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements		
0	4,827,991	See accompanying notes to the basic inflancial statements		
24,528,471	47,777,853			

\$40,985,781

\$90,548,850

## Jefferson County, Ohio Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	General	Public Assistance	Motor Vehicle Gasoline Tax	Developmental Disabilities	Local Fiscal Recovery Fund	Other Governmental Funds
Revenues				********		0.000 44.5
Property Taxes	\$2,894,702	\$0	\$0	\$3,757,458	\$0	\$6,983,415
Permissive Sales Taxes Charges for Services	6,917,529	0	4,038,797	756 972	0	3,751,798
Licenses and Permits	3,048,881 456,241	0	164,395 0	756,872 0	0	5,305,024 105,159
Fines, Forfeitures, and Settlements	331,935	0	20.188	0	0	298,559
Intergovernmental	3,350,233	8,234,800	6,042,010	6,346,333	2,245,551	13,141,702
Investment Earnings and Other Interest	(739,943)	0,234,000	3,108	0,540,555	2,243,331	(162,269)
Leases, Rents, and Royalties	548,597	0	0	51,660	0	1,219,815
Oil and Gas Agreement Bonus	2,000	0	0	0	0	0
Contributions and Donations	0	0	0	0	0	40,902
Other	267,445	43,020	249,527	87,437	0	248,293
Total Revenues	17,077,620	8,277,820	10,518,025	10,999,760	2,245,551	30,932,398
Expenditures						
Current:						
General Government:	6.269.165	0	0	0	210.260	1 (00 212
Legislative and Executive Judicial	6,368,165	0	0	0	218,269	1,608,312
Public Safety	4,637,116 237,075	0	0	0	93,606 0	289,822
Public Works	237,073	0	9,598,699	0	923,684	13,472,780
Health	354,947	0	0,596,099	10,850,387	0	3,733,104
Human Services	1,002,083	8,381,227	0	0	0	7,325,678
Conservation and Recreation	262,854	0,561,227	0	0	0	7,525,070
Economic Development and Assistance	140,000	0	0	0	ő	4,078,553
Other	667,693	0	0	0	0	0
Capital Outlay	240,052	0	0	0	959,992	299,232
Intergovernmental	0	0	0	0	50,000	129,746
Debt Service:						
Principal Retirement	48,160	0	0	0	0	1,588,677
Interest	1,940	0	0	0	0	245,446
Total Expenditures	13,960,085	8,381,227	9,598,699	10,850,387	2,245,551	32,771,350
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	3,117,535	(103,407)	919,326	149,373	0	(1,838,952)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Transfers In	0	0	312,948	0	0	4,845,985
Inception of Lease	97,200	0	0	0	0	0
Transfers Out	(3,783,126)	0	(312,371)	(359,000)	0	(704,436)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(3,685,926)	0	577	(359,000)	0	4,141,549
Net Change in Fund Balances	(568,391)	(103,407)	919,903	(209,627)	0	2,302,597
Fund Balances Beginning of Year	9,022,728	2,847	5,638,329	8,547,000	0	22,225,874
Fund Balances (Deficit) End of Year	\$8,454,337	(\$100,560)	\$6,558,232	\$8,337,373	\$0	\$24,528,471

### Jefferson County, Ohio

# Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

Total Governmental	Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds		\$2,341,075
Funds	Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
\$13,635,575 14,708,124 9,275,172 561,400 650,682	Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation exceeded capital outlay in the current period:  Capital Asset Additions  Current Year Depreciation/Amortization	4,804,271 (8,152,676)	(3,348,405)
39,360,629 (899,104) 1,820,072 2,000 40,902 895,722	Governmental funds only report the disposal of assets of the extent proceeds are received from the sale. In the statement of activities, a gain or loss is reported for each disposal.  Capital contributions of assets that are not reported in the funds, but are additions to capital assets on the entity-wide statements.		(89,837) 510,046
80,051,174	Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the fund:  Delinquent Propery Taxes Permissive Sales Tax	1,390,566 (20,530)	310,040
8,194,746 5,020,544	Intergovernmental Fines and Forfeitures	(646,145) 338,691	1,062,582
13,709,855 10,522,383 14,938,438	Inception of lease is reported as other financing sources in the governmental funds, but the issuance increases long term liabilities on the statement of net position.		(97,200)
16,708,988 262,854 4,218,553	In the statement of activities, interest is accrued on outstanding debt, whereas in the governmental funds, interest expenditures are reported when due.		(4,528)
667,693 1,499,276 179,746	Deferred charges on refunding related to the issuance of long-term refunding debt will be amortized over the life of the debt on the statement of net position.		(2,500)
1,636,837 247,386	Repayments of principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities:  General Obligation Bonds	1,494,167	
77,807,299	OAQDA Loans Payable Leases	94,510 48,160	1,636,837
2,243,875	Compensated absences reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in the funds.		(77,839)
5,158,933 97,200 (5,158,933) 97,200	Internal service funds used by management to charge the costs of health insurance and workers' compensation to individual funds are not reported in the statement of activities. Governmental fund expenditures and the related internal service funds' revenues are eliminated. The net income (loss) of the internal service funds are allocated among governmental activities.		685,098
2,341,075	Contractually required contributions are reported as expenditures in the governmental funds; however, the Statement of Net Position reports these amounts as deferred outflows of resources.		
45,436,778 \$47,777,853	Pension OPEB	3,462,758 20,312	3,483,070
·	Except for amounts reported as deferred inflows/outflows, changes in the net pension and net OPEB liabilities are reported as pension expense in the Statement of Activities.  Pension	2 654 020	
	OPEB	2,654,030 4,219,384	6,873,414
	Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	=	\$12,971,813
	See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements		

### Jefferson County, Ohio Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes In Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual General Fund

For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	<b>Budgeted Amounts</b>			
	Original	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
Revenues				
Property Taxes	\$2,841,762	\$2,892,409	\$2,892,409	\$0
Permissive Sales Taxes	6,357,441	6,855,056	6,855,056	0
Charges for Services	2,758,669	3,061,024	3,061,024	0
Licenses and Permits	389,900	456,241	456,241	0
Fines, Forfeitures, and Settlements	504,200	367,837	367,837	0
Intergovernmental	3,375,354	3,463,452	3,463,452	0
Interest	270,000	214,957	214,957	0
Rents and Royalties	225,000	537,338	537,338	0
Oil and Gas Agreement Bonus	0	2,000	2,000	0
Other	146,400	267,445	267,445	0
Total Revenues	16,868,726	18,117,759	18,117,759	0
Expenditures				
Current:				
General Government -				
Legislative and Executive	7,326,203	6,518,730	6,515,772	2,958
Judicial	5,231,527	4,666,900	4,666,900	0
Public Safety	225,213	245,611	243,486	2,125
Health	356,110	354,937	354,937	0
Human Services	1,151,762	1,054,646	1,054,646	0
Conservation and Recreation	262,854	262,854	262,854	0
Economic Development and Assistance	140,000	140,000	140,000	0
Other	599,173	667,693	667,693	0
Capital Outlay		142,852	142,852	0
Total Expenditures	15,292,842	14,054,223	14,049,140	5,083
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures	1,575,884	4,063,536	4,068,619	5,083
Other Financing Uses				
Transfers Out	(3,692,711)	(3,783,126)	(3,783,126)	0
Net Change in Fund Balance	(2,116,827)	280,410	285,493	5,083
Fund Balance Beginning of Year	6,064,738	6,064,738	6,064,738	0
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	56,996	56,996	56,996	0
Fund Balance End of Year	\$4,004,907	\$6,402,144	\$6,407,227	\$5,083

# Jefferson County, Ohio Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes In Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual Public Assistance Fund

### For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Budgeted	Amounts		
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
Revenues Intergovernmental Other	\$12,050,000 0	\$8,234,800 15,997	\$8,234,800 15,997	\$0 0
Total Revenues	12,050,000	8,250,797	8,250,797	0
Expenditures Current: Human Services	12,070,250	8,342,979	8,342,979	0
Net Change in Fund Balance	(20,250)	(92,182)	(92,182)	0
Fund Balance Beginning of Year	94,725	94,725	94,725	0
Fund Balance End of Year	\$74,475	\$2,543	\$2,543	\$0

### Jefferson County, Ohio Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes In Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual Motor Vehicle Gasoline Tax Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Budgeted A	Amounts			
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget	
Revenues					
Permissive Sales Taxes	\$3,200,000	\$4,002,449	\$4,002,449	\$0	
Charges for Services	125,000	163,332	163,332	0	
Fines and Forfeitures	15,000	20,188	20,188	0	
Intergovernmental	4,900,000	6,055,459	6,055,459	0	
Interest	2,500	3,108	3,108	0	
Other	10,000	249,527	249,527	0	
Total Revenues	8,252,500	10,494,063	10,494,063	0	
Expenditures					
Current:					
Public Works	8,754,076	10,734,712	10,661,063	73,649	
Excess of Revenues Under Expenditures	(501,576)	(240,649)	(167,000)	73,649	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Transfers In	0	312,948	312,948	0	
Transfers Out	0	(312,371)	(312,371)	0	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	0	577	577	0	
Net Change in Fund Balance	(501,576)	(240,072)	(166,423)	73,649	
Fund Balance Beginning of Year	3,395,838	3,395,838	3,395,838	0	
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	577,771	577,771	577,771	0	
Fund Balance End of Year	\$3,472,033	\$3,733,537	\$3,807,186	\$73,649	

# Jefferson County, Ohio Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes In Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual Developmental Disabilities Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Budgeted Amounts			
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
Revenues				
Property Taxes	\$3,680,000	\$3,755,809	\$3,755,809	\$0
Charges for Services	707,000	761,839	761,839	0
Intergovernmental	6,210,475	6,781,283	6,781,283	0
Rent	25,000	51,660	51,660	0
Other	154,000	87,437	87,437	0
Total Revenues	10,776,475	11,438,028	11,438,028	0
Expenditures Current:				
Health	10,763,163	10,892,296	10,892,296	0
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures	13,312	545,732	545,732	0
Other Financing Uses				
Transfers Out	(265,000)	(359,000)	(359,000)	0
Net Change in Fund Balance	(251,688)	186,732	186,732	0
Fund Balance Beginning of Year	7,441,307	7,441,307	7,441,307	0
Fund Balance End of Year	\$7,189,619	\$7,628,039	\$7,628,039	\$0

# Jefferson County, Ohio Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes In Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual Local Fiscal Recovery Fund

### For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Budgeted Amounts			
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
Revenues				
Intergovernmental	\$6,344,308	\$4,543,601	\$4,543,601	\$0
Expenditures Current: General Government -				
Legislative and Executive	286,832	484,318	484,318	0
Judicial	362,287	648,849	363,452	285,397
Public Works	0	923,684	923,684	0
Capital Outlay	0	1,194,775	1,194,775	0
Intergovernmental	0	101,500	101,500	0
Total Expenditures	649,119	3,353,126	3,067,729	285,397
Net Change in Fund Balance	5,695,189	1,190,475	1,475,872	285,397
Fund Balance Beginning of Year	3,166,663	3,166,663	3,166,663	0
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	635,485	635,485	635,485	0
Fund Balance End of Year	\$9,497,337	\$4,992,623	\$5,278,020	\$285,397

#### Jefferson County, Ohio Statement of Fund Net Position Proprietary Funds December 31, 2022

	December 31, 2022	•		
		Governmental		
	Business Ty	pe Activities - Enter	prise Funds	Activities- Internal Service
	Sewer	Water	Total	Funds
Assets Current Assets:				
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$1,765,224	\$2,350,451	\$4,115,675	\$3,994,543
Cash and Cash Equivalents in Segregated Accounts Cash and Cash Equivalents with Fiscal Agents	16,521 0	46,930 0	63,451 0	6,133,029
Materials and Supplies Inventory	0	92,410	92,410	0,133,029
Receivables:		,		
Permissive Sales Taxes Intergovernmental	24,927 30,823	74,782 0	99,709 30,823	0
Accounts	349,069	518,226	867,295	150,526
Interfund	0	0	0	1,450,000
Leases Prepaid Items	5,053	98,410 5,053	98,410 10,106	0
Total Current Assets	2,191,617	3,186,262	5,377,879	11,728,098
Noncurrent Assets:				
Restricted Assets: Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	585,665	0	585,665	0
Special Assessments Receivable	26,845	0	26,845	0
Cash with Fiscal Agent	1,926,337	0	1,926,337	0
Net OPEB Asset Non Depreciable Capital Assets	55,185 5,750,520	165,550 366,539	220,735 6,117,059	0
Depreciable Capital Assets, Net	32,030,065	19,105,588	51,135,653	0
Total Noncurrent Assets	40,374,617	19,637,677	60,012,294	0
Total Assets	42,566,234	22,823,939	65,390,173	11,728,098
Deferred Outflows of Resources				
Deferred Charge on Refunding	9,627	3,636	13,263	0
Pension OPEB	67,193 845	201,578 2,532	268,771 3,377	0
Asset Retirement Obligations	1,097,420	0	1,097,420	0
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	1,175,085	207,746	1,382,831	0
Liabilities				
Current Liabilities:				
Accounts Payable	32,549	41,954	74,503	0
Accrued Wages and Benefits Payable Interfund Payable	8,590 1,383	18,392 3,588	26,982 4,971	0 1,067,521
Intergovernmental Payable	31,067	237,820	268,887	1,007,521
Contracts Payable	1,182,913	20,026	1,202,939	0
Retainage Payable	184,941 0	0	184,941 0	0 681,829
Claims Payable - Health Benefits Claims Payable - Workers Compensation	0	0	0	686
Accrued Interest Payable	177,895	1,418	179,313	0
Current Portion of Compensated Absences Payable	13,254	63,916	77,170	0
Current Portion of General Obligation Bonds Payable Current Portion of Revenue Bonds Payable	134,100 167,000	103,500	237,600 167,000	0
Current Portion of OPWC Loans Payable	11,766	16,239	28,005	0
Current Portion of Ohio EPA Loan Payable Payroll Withholdings	291,327 10,038	696,482 19,064	987,809 29,102	0
Total Current Liabilities	2,246,823	1,222,399	3,469,222	1,750,036
	2,210,023	1,222,077	3,103,222	1,750,050
Long-Term Liabilities (Net of Current Portion): Compensated Absences Payable	0	16,261	16,261	0
General Obligation Bonds Payable	1,560,900	672,500	2,233,400	0
Revenue Bonds Payable	11,135,000	202.007	11,135,000	0
OPWC Loans Payable Ohio EPA Loan Payable	58,823 4,891,427	282,987 3,556,216	341,810 8,447,643	0
Asset Retirement Obligations	2,115,435	0	2,115,435	0
Net Pension Liability	159,340	478,014	637,354	0
Total Long-Term Liabilities	19,920,925	5,005,978	24,926,903	0
Total Liabilities	22,167,748	6,228,377	28,396,125	1,750,036
Deferred Inflows of Resources Pension	198,043	594,132	792,175	0
OPEB	57,589	172,768	230,357	0
Leases	0	98,410	98,410	0
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	255,632	865,310	1,120,942	0
Net Position Net Investment in Capital Assets Restricted for:	20,098,352	14,127,813	34,226,165	0
Debt Service  Penlagement and Improvement	75,426	0	75,426	0
Replacement and Improvement Unrestricted	174,248 969,913	1,810,185	174,248 2,780,098	9,978,062
Total Net Position	\$21,317,939	\$15,937,998	\$37,255,937	\$9,978,062

# Jefferson County, Ohio Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Business Typ	Governmental Activities-		
	Sewer	Water	Total	Internal Service Funds
Operating Revenues Charges for Services	\$1,960,783	\$5,380,299	\$7,341,082	\$9,105,281
Leases	0	25,474	25,474	0
Other	0	4,299	4,299	367,807
Total Operating Revenues	1,960,783	5,410,072	7,370,855	9,473,088
Operating Expenses				
Personal Services	487,048	782,682	1,269,730	0
Contractual Services	771,520	4,041,993	4,813,513	481,271
Materials and Supplies	118,595	146,321	264,916	0
Claims - Health	0	0	0	8,353,270
Claims - Workers' Compensation	0	0	0	18
Depreciation	1,429,650	1,479,547	2,909,197	0
Other	0	33,179	33,179	0
Total Operating Expenses	2,806,813	6,483,722	9,290,535	8,834,559
Operating Income (Loss)	(846,030)	(1,073,650)	(1,919,680)	638,529
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)				
Permissive Sales Taxes	93,993	281,979	375,972	0
Investment Earnings and Other Interest	0	29,717	29,717	46,569
Interest	(257,017)	(119,283)	(376,300)	0
Total Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)	(163,024)	192,413	29,389	46,569
Gain or (Loss) Before Contributions	(1,009,054)	(881,237)	(1,890,291)	685,098
Capital Contributions	1,325,275	1,732,911	3,058,186	0
Change in Net Position	316,221	851,674	1,167,895	685,098
Net Position Beginning of Year	21,001,718	15,086,324	36,088,042	9,292,964
Net Position End of Year	\$21,317,939	\$15,937,998	\$37,255,937	\$9,978,062

### Jefferson County, Ohio Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Business Type Activities - Enterprise Funds			Governmental Activities-
	Sewer	Water	Total	Internal Service Funds
Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	·			
Cash Flows from Operating Activities				
Cash Received from Customers	\$1,953,318	\$5,314,913	\$7,268,231	\$0
Cash Received from Interfund Services - Health Benefits	0	0	0	9,105,281
Cash Payments for Employee Services and Benefits	(618,436)	(1,151,447)	(1,769,883)	0
Cash Payments for Goods and Services	(806,875)	(4,303,941)	(5,110,816)	(481,271)
Cash Payments for Claims - Health	$0 \\ 0$	$0 \\ 0$	0	(9,340,850)
Cash Payments for Claims - Workers' Compensation Other Operating Revenues	0	4,299	4,299	(15,775) 1,733,028
Other Operating Expenses	0	(33,179)	(33,179)	1,733,028
Office Operating Expenses		(33,179)	(33,179)	
Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Operating Activities	528,007	(169,355)	358,652	1,000,413
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities				
Cash Received from Interfund Loans	0	0	0	1,255,521
Cash Payments for Interfund Loans	0	0	0	(1,455,496)
Permissive Sales Taxes	93,273	279,818	373,091	0
Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Noncapital Financing Activities	93,273	279,818	373,091	(199,975)
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities				
Payments for Capital Acquistions	(3,607,629)	(13,954)	(3,621,583)	0
Revenue Bonds Issued	3,367,000	0	3,367,000	0
OPWC Loans Issued	0	17,300	17,300	0
Ohio EPA Loans Issued	862,009	0	862,009	0
Tap-In Fees	201,500	43,116	244,616	0
Capital Grants	1,338,991	1,689,795	3,028,786	0
Special Assessments	9,722	0	9,722	0
Leases	0	25,474	25,474	0
Interest Received from Leases	0	2,460	2,460	0
Principal Paid on Debt: General Obligation Bonds	(129,700)	(109,800)	(239,500)	0
Revenue Bonds	(162,000)	(109,800)	(162,000)	0
OPWC Loans	(11,766)	(15,662)	(27,428)	0
Ohio EPA Loans	(269,283)	(677,347)	(946,630)	0
Interest Paid on Debt	(228,341)	(118,976)	(347,317)	0
Net Cash Used for Capital and Related Financing Activities	1,370,503	842,406	2,212,909	0
Cash Flows from Investing Activities				
Interest Received from Investments	0	29,717	29,717	46,569
Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents	1,991,783	982,586	2,974,369	847,007
Cash and Cash Equivalents Beginning of Year	2,301,964	1,417,255	3,719,219	9,280,565
Cash and Cash Equivalents End of Year	\$4,293,747	\$2,399,841	\$6,693,588	\$10,127,572
				(Continued)

#### Jefferson County, Ohio Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds (Continued) For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Business Type Activities - Enterprise Funds			Governmental Activities-	
	Sewer	Water	Total	Internal Service Fund	
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Operating Activities					
Operating Income (Loss)	(\$846,030)	(\$1,073,650)	(\$1,919,680)	\$638,529	
Adjustments:					
Depreciation	1,429,650	1,479,547	2,909,197	0	
Changes in Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, and Deferred Inflows of Resources:					
(Increase) Decrease in Materials and Supplies Inventory	1,139	(88,785)	(87,646)	0	
(Increase) Decrease in Accounts Receivable	(7,421)	(66,098)	(73,519)	148,864	
(Increase) Decrease in Prepaid Items	(5,053)	4,481	(572)	0	
Decrease in Net OPEB Asset	799	2,400	3,199	0	
Decrease in Deferred Outflows of Resources - Pension	50,988	152,964	203,952	0	
Decrease in Deferred Outflows of Resources - OPEB	21,702	65,112	86,814	0	
Decrease in Deferred Outflows of Resources -					
Asset Retirement Obligations	120,916	0	120,916	0	
Decrease in Accounts Payable	(36,514)	(22,809)	(59,323)	0	
Increase (Decrease) in Accrued Wages and Benefits Payable	(388)	5,047	4,659	0	
Increase (Decrease) in Interfund Payable	(1,801)	2,561	760	0	
Increase in Intergovernmental Payable	4,502	(9,921)	(5,419)	0	
Increase in Claims Payable - Health	0	0	0	228,777	
Decrease in Claims Payable - Workers' Compensation	0	0	0	(15,757)	
Increase (Decrease) in Payroll Witholdings Liability	(44)	712	668	0	
Decrease in Compensated Absences Payable	(12,907)	(20,845)	(33,752)	0	
Decrease in Net Pension Liability	(9,154)	(27,463)	(36,617)	0	
Decrease in Deferred Inflows of Resources - Pension	(112,055)	(336,168)	(448,223)	0	
Decrease in Deferred Inflows of Resources - OPEB	(70,322)	(210,966)	(281,288)	0	
Decrease in Deferred Inflows of Resources - Leases	0	(25,474)	(25,474)	0	
Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Operating Activities	\$528,007	(\$169,355)	\$358,652	\$1,000,413	

#### **Noncash Activities:**

The Sewer Fund had prior year accruals for contracts payable in the amount of \$29,715

The Sewer Fund has contracts payable for capital assets in the amount of \$1,182,913

The Sewer Fund had prior year accruals for retainage payable for capital assets in the amount of \$122,397

The Sewer Fund has retainage payable for capital assets in the amount of \$184,941

The Sewer Fund has capital contributions in the amount of \$49,625

The Sewer Fund had prior year accruals for capital grants receivable in the amount of \$246,039

The Sewer Fund has capital grants receivable in the amount of \$30,823

The Water Fund has contracts payable for capital assets in the amount of \$20,026

# Jefferson County, Ohio Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Custodial Funds December 31, 2022

	Custodial
Assets	
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$4,590,310
Cash and Cash Equivalents in Segregated Accounts	586,694
Receivables:	
Property Taxes	97,905,499
Accounts	562,446
Special Assessments	606,655
Intergovernmental	3,888,324
Total Assets	108,139,928
Liabilities	
Intergovernmental Payable	6,098,897
Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Property Taxes	74,103,084
Net Position	
Restricted for Individuals, Organizations, and Other Governments	\$27,937,947

# Jefferson County, Ohio Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Custodial Funds

# For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Custodial
Additions	
Intergovernmental	\$7,576,900
Amounts Received as Fiscal Agent	8,674,233
Licenses, Permits, and Fees Collected for Other Governments	10,017,689
Fines and Forfeitures for Other Governments	1,703,509
Property Tax Collections for Other Governments	77,907,976
Special Assessment Collections for Other Governments	234,195
Miscellaneous	1,626
T 1 4 11:0:	106 116 120
Total Additions	106,116,128
Deductions	
Distributions to the State of Ohio	11,621,009
Distributions of State Funds to Other Governments	7,317,060
Property Tax Distributions to Other Governments	72,057,444
Special Assessment Distributions to Other Governments	20,626
Distributions to Individuals	1,436
Distributions as Fiscal Agent	8,180,500
Total Deductions	99,198,075
Change in Fiduciary Net Position	6,918,053
Net Position Beginning of Year	21,019,894
Net Position End of Year	\$27,937,947

### NOTE 1 - DESCRIPTION OF THE COUNTY AND REPORTING ENTITY

Jefferson County, Ohio (The County) was created July 29, 1797. The County is comprised of fourteen townships and nineteen municipalities. The County is governed by a board of three commissioners elected by the voters. Other elected officials that manage various segments of the County's operations are the County Auditor, County Treasurer, Recorder, Clerk of Courts, Coroner, Engineer, Prosecuting Attorney, Sheriff, two Common Pleas Court Judges, a Probate and Juvenile Court Judge, and three County Court Judges.

Although the elected officials manage the internal operations of their respective departments, the County Commissioners authorize expenditures as well as serve as the budget and taxing authority, contracting body, and the chief administrator of public services for the County, including each of these departments.

### Reporting Entity:

The reporting entity is composed of the primary government, component units, and other organizations that are included to ensure that the financial statements of the County are not misleading.

The primary government consists of all funds, departments, boards and agencies that are not legally separate from the County. For Jefferson County, this includes the Board of Developmental Disabilities, the Department of Job and Family Services, the Prevention and Recovery Board, the Veteran's Service Commission, the Law Library Resources Board, the Jefferson County Water and Sewer Districts, and all departments and activities that are directly operated by the elected County officials.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the County is financially accountable. The County is financially accountable for an organization if the County appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and (1) the County is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the County is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; the County is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or the County is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the County in that the County approves the budget, the issuance of debt or the levying of taxes and there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on the primary government. The County has one entity that meets the requirements to be reported as a discretely presented component unit.

The Jefferson County Land Reutilization Corporation (Land Bank) is a county land reutilization corporation that was formed on May 9, 2014, when the Jefferson County Board of Commissioners authorized the incorporation of the Land Bank under Chapter 1724 of the Ohio Revised Code as a not-for-profit corporation under the laws of the State of Ohio. The purpose of the Land Bank is to strengthen neighborhoods in the County by returning vacant and abandoned properties to productive use. The Land Bank has been designated as the County's agent to further its mission to reclaim, rehabilitate, and reutilize vacant, abandoned, tax foreclosed, and other real property in the County by exercising the powers of the County under Chapter 5722 of the Ohio Revised Code. The County may impose its will on the Land Bank and the relationship between the primary government and the organization is such that exclusion would have caused the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading; however, no material financial activity has occurred. As a result, no financial information is presented in the discretely presented component unit column. Separately issued financial statements can be obtained from the Jefferson County Land Bank.

The Jefferson County Regional Airport Authority (JCRAA) meets the blended component unit criteria of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement Numbers 14, 39, and 61 and is included within the activity of the Airpark special revenue fund.

The JCRAA is a legally separate organization, which is governed by a board of trustees. The Jefferson County Board of County Commissioners appoints the majority of the board. The purpose of the JCRAA is to provide administrative duties of airpark. The County can impose its will on the JCRAA, and has a financial benefit/burden relationship with the JCRAA. The JCRAA's sole activity is a service contract with the County to manage the County-owned airport on behalf of the County. These management services are provided solely to the County. Based upon the JCRAA solely providing services to the County, the JCRAA is presented as a blended component unit. Separately issued financial statements can be obtained from the Jefferson County Regional Airport Authority.

The following potential component units have been excluded from the County's financial statements because the County is not financially accountable for these organizations nor are these entities for which the County approves the budget, issues debt, or levies taxes.

Jefferson County Agricultural Society
Jefferson County Educational Service Center
Jefferson County Community Action Council
Jefferson County Historical Society
Jefferson County Joint Vocational School District
Jefferson County Taxpayers Association
Jefferson County Land Office
Public Library of Steubenville and Jefferson County
Prime Time Office on Aging
JeffCo Workshop

As the custodian of public funds, the County Treasurer invests all public monies held on deposit in the County treasury. In the case of the separate agencies, boards and commissions listed below, the County serves as fiscal agent, but is not financially accountable for their operations. Accordingly, the activity of the following districts and agencies are presented as a part of the fiscal agent custodial fund within the County's financial statements:

Jefferson Soil and Water Conservation District is statutorily created as a separate and distinct political subdivision of the State. The five supervisors of the Soil and Water Conservation District are elected officials authorized to contract and sue on behalf of the District. The Supervisors adopt their own budget, authorize District expenditures, hire and fire staff, and do not rely on the County to finance deficits.

Jefferson County General Health District is governed by the Board of Health which oversees the operation of the health district and is elected by a regional advisory council composed of township trustees and mayors of participating municipalities. The Board adopts its own budget, which is approved by the County Budget Commission as a ministerial function, hires and fires its own staff, and operates autonomously from the County. Funding is based on a rate per taxable valuation, along with state and federal grants applied for by the District.

Local Emergency Planning Commission (LEPC) is statutorily created as a separate and distinct political subdivision of the State. Its members are appointed by the Emergency Response Commission. The Commission adopts its own budget, authorizes expenditures, hires and fires staff, and operates autonomously from the County. The activity of the LEPC is reported to the Emergency Response Commission.

The following operation has been identified as a joint venture of Jefferson County. Additional financial information concerning the joint venture is presented in Note 21.

Jefferson County Regional Planning Commission

The County is involved with the following organizations which are defined as jointly governed organizations. Additional financial information concerning the jointly governed organizations is presented in Note 22.

Eastern Ohio Correction Center
Brooke, Hancock, Jefferson Regional Planning Commission (BHJ)
Oakview Juvenile Residential Center
Area Office on Aging
Ohio Mid-Eastern Governments Association (OMEGA)
Jefferson County Family and Children First Council
Jefferson-Belmont Joint Solid Waste Authority
Belmont, Carroll, Harrison, and Jefferson Counties Council of Governments
Jefferson County Port Authority
Mid Eastern Ohio Regional Council of Governments (MEORC)

The County is associated with the following organizations which are defined as related organizations. Additional information concerning the related organizations is presented in Note 23.

Jefferson Metropolitan Housing Authority Eastern Gateway Community College Friendship Park District

The County is associated with the following organizations which are public entity pools. Additional information concerning these pools is presented in Note 24.

County Risk Sharing Authority (CORSA)

Jefferson Health Plan

County Commissioners Association of Ohio Workers' Compensation Group Retrospective

Rating Program (CCAO)

### **NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

The financial statements of the County have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The most significant of the County's accounting policies are described below.

### Basis of Presentation

The County's basic financial statements consist of government-wide statements, including a statement of net position and a statement of activities, and fund financial statements which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

Government-wide Financial Statements The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the County as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds. The activity of the internal service fund is eliminated to avoid "doubling up" revenues and expenses. The statements distinguish between those activities of the County that are governmental and those that are considered business-type activities. The statement of net position presents the financial condition of the governmental and business-type activities of the County at year-end. The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each program or function of the County's governmental activities and for the business-type activities of the County. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. The policy of the County is to not allocate indirect expenses to functions in the statement of activities. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program, grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program and interest earned on grants that is required to be used to support a particular program. Revenues which are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the County, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each business segment or governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the County.

Fund Financial Statements During the year, the County segregates transactions related to certain County functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the County at this more detailed level. The focus of governmental and enterprise fund financial statements is on major funds. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. Internal service funds are combined and the totals are presented in a single column on the face of the proprietary fund statements. Fiduciary funds are reported by type.

### Fund Accounting

The County uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self balancing set of accounts. There are three categories of funds: governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary.

Governmental Funds Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and deferred outflows of resources, and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources is reported as fund balance. The following are the County's major governmental funds:

**General Fund** The General Fund accounts for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The General Fund balance is available to the County for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

**Public Assistance Fund** The Public Assistance fund accounts for various Federal and State grants as well as transfers from the General Fund restricted to provide public assistance to general relief recipients and to pay their providers of medical assistance and certain public social services.

*Motor Vehicle and Gasoline Tax (MVGT) Fund* The MVGT Fund accounts for revenue derived from motor vehicle licenses, gasoline taxes, grants, permissive sales taxes, and interest. Expenditures in this fund are restricted by State law to County road and bridge repair/improvements programs.

**Developmental Disabilities Fund** The Developmental Disabilities Fund accounts for Federal and State grant monies and a county-wide property tax levy restricted to providing services for the developmentally disabled residents of the County.

*Local Fiscal Recovery Fund* The Local Fiscal Recovery Fund accounts for Federal monies from the Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds program, a part of the American Rescue Plan Act of 2021, to support the County's response to and recovery from the COVID-19 public health emergency.

The other governmental funds of the County account for grants and other resources whose use is restricted, committed or assigned to a particular purpose.

**Proprietary Funds** Proprietary fund reporting focuses on the determination of operating income, changes in net position, financial position and cash flows. Proprietary funds are classified as either enterprise or internal service.

**Enterprise Funds** Enterprise funds may be used to account for any activity for which a fee is charged to external users for goods or services. The following is a description of the County's enterprise funds:

**Sewer Fund** To account for sanitary sewer services provided to County individual and commercial users. The costs of providing these services are financed primarily through user charges.

*Water Fund* To account for water services provided to County individual and commercial users. The costs of providing these services are financed primarily through user charges.

*Internal Service Funds* Internal service funds account for the financing of services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the County on a cost-reimbursement basis. The Internal Service Funds are used to account for the operation of the County's self-insurance program for employee health benefits and prescription drugs, and the County's workers' compensation program through a retrospective rating plan.

**Fiduciary Funds** Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net position and changes in net position. The fiduciary fund category is split into the following four classifications: pension (and other employee benefit) trust funds, investment trust funds, private-purpose trust funds and custodial funds. Trust funds are distinguished from custodial funds by the existence of a trust agreement or equivalent arrangements that has certain characteristics. Custodial Funds are used to report fiduciary activities that are not required to be reported in a trust fund.

The County's fiduciary funds are custodial funds. Custodial funds are used to account for assets held by the County as fiscal agent for the Board of Health and other districts and entities; for various taxes, assessments, fines and fees collected for the benefit of and distributed to other governments; for State shared resources received from the State and distributed to other local governments; and for various fines and fees collected and distributed through the courts for the benefit of others.

#### Measurement Focus

Government-wide Financial Statements The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. All assets and deferred outflows of resources and all liabilities and deferred inflows of resources associated with the operation of the County are included on the Statement of Net Position. The Statement of Activities presents increases (e.g. revenues) and decreases (e.g. expenses) in total net position.

Fund Financial Statements All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and deferred outflows of resources and current liabilities and deferred inflows of resources generally are included on the Balance Sheet. The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

Like the government-wide statements, all proprietary and fiduciary funds are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. All assets and deferred outflows of resources and all liabilities and deferred inflows of resources associated with the operation of these funds are included on the statement of fund net position. In fiduciary funds, a liability to the beneficiaries of fiduciary activity is recognized when an event has occurred that compels the government to disburse fiduciary resources. Fiduciary fund liabilities other than those to beneficiaries are recognized using the economic resources measurement focus.

For proprietary funds, the statement of revenues, expenses and changes in fund net position presents increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in total net position. Proprietary funds also present a statement of cash flows which provides information about how the County finances and meets the cash flow needs of its proprietary activities.

Fiduciary funds present a statement of changes in fiduciary net position which reports additions to and deductions from custodial funds.

### Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements and the statements presented for proprietary and fiduciary funds are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Differences in the accrual and modified accrual basis of accounting arise in the recognition of revenue, in the recording of deferred outflows/inflows of resources, and in the presentation of expenses versus expenditures.

**Revenues - Exchange and Non-exchange Transactions** Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current year. For the County, available means expected to be received within sixty days of year-end.

Nonexchange transactions, in which the County receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include sales taxes, property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from sales taxes is recognized in the period in which the taxable sale takes place. Revenue from property taxes is recognized in the year for which the taxes are levied (see Note 7). Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the County must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the County on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from nonexchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at year-end: sales tax (see Note 9), interest, federal and state grants and subsidies, state-levied locally shared taxes (including motor vehicle license fees and gasoline taxes), fees, and rentals.

Unearned revenue represents amounts under the accrual and modified accrual basis of accounting for which asset recognition criteria have been met, but for which revenue recognition criteria have not yet been met because such amounts have not yet been earned.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources In addition to assets, the statements of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources represents a consumption of net assets that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. For the County, deferred outflows of resources are reported on the government-wide statement of net position for pension and OPEB, as well as asset retirement obligations, and deferred charge on refunding. The deferred outflows of resources related to pension and OPEB plans are explained in Notes 14 and 15. The deferred outflows of resources related to asset retirement obligations is originally measured at the amount of the corresponding liability. This amount is expensed in a systematic and rational manner over the tangible asset's useful life. The deferred charge on refunding represents the difference between the reacquisition price (funds required to refund the old debt) and the net carrying amount of the old debt. The deferred charge on refunding is amortized over the life of the old or new debt, whichever is shorter, using the effective interest method.

In addition to liabilities, the statements of financial position report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net assets that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. For the County, deferred inflows of resources include property taxes, pension, OPEB, leases and unavailable revenue. Property taxes represent amounts for which there is an enforceable legal claim as of December 31, 2022, but which were levied to finance 2023 operations. These amounts have been recorded as a deferred inflow on both the government-wide statement of net position and the governmental fund financial statements. The deferred inflow for leases is related to leases receivable and is being recognized as lease revenue in a systematic and rational manner over the term of the lease. Unavailable revenue is reported only on the governmental funds balance sheet, and represents receivables which will not be collected within the available period. For the County, unavailable revenue includes delinquent property taxes, permissive sales

tax revenue, state-levied and locally shared taxes, grants and entitlements, and fines and forfeitures. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period the amounts become available. The details of these unavailable revenues are identified on the Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balance to Net Position of Governmental Activities found on page 25. Deferred inflows of resources related to pension and OPEB plans are reported on the government-wide Statement of Net Position. (See Notes 14 and 15)

Expenses/Expenditures On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in governmental funds.

### **Budgetary Process**

All funds, except custodial funds, are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The major documents prepared are the tax budget, the certificate of estimated resources, and the appropriations resolution, all of which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The tax budget demonstrates a need for existing or increased tax rates. The certificate of estimated resources establishes a limit on the amount the County Commissioners may appropriate. The appropriations resolution is the County Commissioners' authorization to spend resources and sets annual limits on expenditures plus encumbrances at the level of control selected by the County Commissioners. The legal level of control has been established by County Commissioners at the fund, program, department, and object level.

The certificate of estimated resources may be amended during the year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the County Auditor. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts on the budgetary statements reflect the amounts when the original appropriations were adopted. These appropriations were made before the end of the prior year and before the actual year end fund balances were known. This resulted in differences being reported for beginning of year fund balances for the original and final budgeted amounts. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts on the budgetary statements reflect the amounts on the final amended certificate of estimated resources issued during 2022 upon which the final appropriations were based.

The appropriations resolution is subject to amendment throughout the year with the restriction that appropriations cannot exceed estimated resources. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts reflect the first appropriation resolution for that fund that covered the entire year, including amounts automatically carried forward from prior years. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts represent the final appropriation amounts passed by the County Commissioners during the year, including amounts automatically carried forward from prior years.

#### Pensions/Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net pension/OPEB asset/liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions/OPEB, and pension/OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the pension/OPEB plans and additions to/deductions from their fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the pension/OPEB plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. The pension/OPEB plans report investments at fair value.

### Cash, Cash Equivalents, and Investments

Cash balances of the County's funds, except cash held by a fiscal agent or held in segregated accounts, are pooled and invested in short-term investments in order to provide improved cash management.

The Self Insurance – Health Internal Service Fund made disbursements in excess of its equity interest in the cash management pool. The amounts of these excesses are reported as an interfund payable to the General Fund.

Various departments within the County have segregated bank accounts for monies held separate from the County's central bank account. These accounts are presented as "Cash and Cash Equivalents in Segregated Accounts," since they are not required to be deposited with the County Treasurer.

The County participates in a risk sharing, claims servicing, and insurance purchasing pool and its balance within the pool is reported as "Cash and Cash Equivalents with Fiscal Agents." Unspent revenue bond proceeds are held by the United States Department of Agriculture are reported as "Cash and Cash Equivalents with Fiscal Agents." Interim monies, not invested in securities at year-end, which are held by a fiscal agent in trust for the benefit of the County Children's Home are also reported as "Cash and Cash Equivalents with Fiscal Agents."

During 2022, investments were limited to STAR Ohio, mutual funds, negotiable certificates of deposit, United States Treasury Notes, United States Agency Securities, and commercial paper. Except for nonparticipating investment contracts and STAR Ohio, investments are reported at fair value which is based on quoted market prices. Nonparticipating investment contracts such as repurchase agreements and nonnegotiable certificates of deposit are reported at cost.

Investments of the cash management pool and investments with original maturities of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the County are presented on the financial statements as cash equivalents. Investments with an initial maturity of more than three months are reported as investments. The County reports the change in fair value of investments. The calculation of realized gains/losses is independent of the calculation of the change in the fair value of investments. The realized gains/losses of the current period include unrealized amounts from prior periods.

During 2022, the County invested in STAR Ohio. STAR Ohio (the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio), is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but has adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), Statement No. 79, *Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants*. The County measures their investment in STAR Ohio at the net asset value (NAV) per share provided by STAR Ohio. The NAV per share is calculated on an amortized cost basis that provides an NAV per share that approximates fair value.

For 2022, there were no limitations or restrictions on any participant withdrawals due to redemption notice periods, liquidity fees, or redemption gates. However, twenty-four hours advance notice for deposits and withdrawals of \$100 million or more is encouraged. STAR Ohio reserves the right to limit the transaction to \$250 million per day, requiring the excess amount to be transacted the following business day(s), but only to the \$250 million limit. All accounts of the participant will be combined for these purposes.

Under existing Ohio statutes, all investment earnings accrue to the General Fund unless statutorily required to be credited to a specific fund. Investment earnings and other interest credited to the General Fund during 2022 amounted to (\$739,943), which includes (\$708,259) assigned from other County funds.

#### Restricted Assets

Special assessments receivable are presented as restricted assets as their use is limited by the authorizing statute. Restricted assets have also been reported for cash held by the County for unclaimed monies, retainage, for monies held by a fiscal agent that are held in trust for the benefit of the County Children's Home, unspent revenue bond proceeds held by a fiscal agent, and those required by the County's revenue bond covenants. Restricted assets in the enterprise funds also include amounts held in trust by the OPEB plan for future benefits.

### Receivables and Payables

Receivables and payables are recorded on the County's financial statements to the extent that the amounts are determined material and substantiated not only by supporting documentation, but also, by a reasonable, systematic method of determining their existence, completeness, valuation, and in the case of receivables, collectability. Using these criteria, the County has elected to not record child support arrearages. These amounts, while potentially significant, are not considered measurable, and because collections are often significantly in arrears, the County is unable to determine a reasonable value.

#### Inventory

Inventories are presented at cost on a first-in, first-out basis and are expended/expensed when used.

### **Prepaid Items**

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond December 31, 2022, are recorded as prepaid items using the consumption method by recording a current asset for the prepaid amount and reflecting the expenditure/expense in the year in which services are consumed.

#### Capital Assets

General capital assets are those assets not specifically related to activities reported in the proprietary fund. These assets generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net position but are not reported in the fund financial statements.

Capital assets utilized by the enterprise funds are reported both in the business type activities column of the government-wide statement of net position and in the funds.

All capital assets (except for intangible right-to-use lease assets which are discussed below) are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. The County was able to estimate the historical cost for the initial reporting of assets by back-trending (i.e., estimating the current replacement cost of the asset to be capitalized and using an appropriate price-level index to deflate the cost to the acquisition year or estimated acquisition year.) Donated capital assets are recorded at their acquisition values as of the date received. The capitalization threshold is ten thousand dollars. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not. All infrastructure of the County has been reported, including infrastructure acquired or constructed prior to 1980.

All reported capital assets are depreciated except for land and construction in progress. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Useful lives for infrastructure were estimated based on the County's historical records of necessary improvements and replacement. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Description	Governmental Activities Estimated Lives	Business Type Activities Estimated Lives
Land Improvements	20 Years	N/A
Buildings and Improvements	20-40 Years	40 Years
Machinery and Equipment	5-20 Years	3-20 Years
Infrastructure	4-100 Years	40-50 Years
Vehicles	5-15 Years	5 Years

The County is reporting intangible right to use assets related to leased buildings. The lease asset is initially measured as the initial amount of the lease liability, adjusted for lease payments made at or before the lease commencement date, plus certain initial direct costs. Subsequently, these intangible assets are being amortized in a systematic and rational manner over the shorter of the lease term or the useful life of the underlying asset.

#### Internal Balances

On fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term and long-term interfund loans or interfund services provided and used are classified as "interfund receivables/payables." These amounts are eliminated in the governmental and business-type activities columns of the Statement of Net Position, except for any net residual amounts due between governmental and business-type activities, which are presented as internal balances.

#### Compensated Absences

Vacation benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned if the employees' rights to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered and it is probable the County will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means. The County records a liability for accumulated unused vacation time when earned for all employees with more than one year of service.

Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the vesting method. The liability includes the employees who are currently eligible to receive termination benefits and those the County has identified as probable of receiving payment in the future. The amount is based on accumulated sick leave and employee wage rates at year end taking into consideration any limits specified in the County's termination policy. The County records a liability for sick leave for employees with ten or more years of service at varying rates depending on County policy.

The entire compensated absences liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements.

On governmental fund financial statements, compensated absences are recognized as a liability and expenditure to the extent payments come due each period upon the occurrence of employee resignations and retirements. These amounts are recorded in the account "Matured Severance Payable" in the fund from which the employees who have accumulated leave are paid. The noncurrent portion of the liability is not reported. For enterprise funds, the entire amount of compensated absences is reported as a fund liability.

### Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements, and all payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations payable from proprietary funds are reported in the proprietary fund financial statements.

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources, are reported as obligations of the funds. However, claims and judgments and compensated absences that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the current year. Bonds, leases, and long-term loans are recognized as a liability in the governmental fund financial statements when due. Net pension/OPEB liability should be recognized in the governmental funds to the extent that benefit payments are due and payable and the pension/OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is not sufficient for payment of those benefits.

### Unamortized Bond Insurance Premiums, Bond Discounts, Bond Premiums, and Bond Issuance Costs

On the government wide financial statements, bond insurance premiums, bond premiums, and bond discounts are amortized over the term of the bonds using the straight line method, which approximates the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. On the governmental fund financial statements bond insurance premiums, bond premiums, bond discounts and bond issuance costs are recognized in the period in which the bonds are issued.

Under Ohio law, premiums on the original issuance of debt are to be deposited to the bond retirement fund to be used for debt retirement and are precluded from being applied to the project fund. Ohio law does allow premiums on refunding debt to be used as part of the payment to the bond escrow agent.

Bond issuance costs are expensed in the funds in the period the bonds are issued.

#### Leases

The County serves as both lessee and lessor in various noncancellable leases which are accounted for as follows:

Lessee At the commencement of a lease, the County initially measures the lease liability at the present value of payments expected to be made during the lease term. Subsequently, the lease liability is reduced by the principal portion of lease payments made. The lease asset is initially measured as the initial amount of the lease liability, adjusted for lease payments made at or before the lease commencement date, plus certain initial direct costs. Subsequently, the lease asset is amortized on a straight-line basis over its useful life. Lease assets are reported with other capital assets and lease liabilities are reported with long-term debt on the statement of net position.

Lessor At the commencement of a lease, the County initially measures the lease receivable at the present value of payments expected to be received during the lease term. Subsequently, the lease receivable is reduced by the principal portion of lease payments received. The deferred inflow of resources is initially measured as the initial amount of the lease receivable, adjusted for lease payments received at or before the lease commencement date. Subsequently, the deferred inflow of resources is recognized as revenue over the life of the lease term.

### Fund Balance

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the County is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in governmental funds. The classifications are as follows:

**Nonspendable:** The nonspendable fund balance category includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form, or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash.

**Restricted:** Fund balance is reported as restricted when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or is imposed by law through constitutional provisions.

<u>Committed:</u> The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes imposed by a formal action (resolution) of the County Commissioners. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Commission removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (resolution) it employed to previously commit those amounts. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

Assigned: Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the County for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. In governmental funds other than the General Fund, assigned fund balance represents the remaining amount that is not restricted or committed. These amounts are assigned by the County Commissioners. In the General Fund, assigned amounts represent intended uses established by the County Commissioners or a County official delegated that authority by resolution or by State Statute. State Statute authorizes the County Auditor to assign fund balance for purchases on order provided such amounts have been lawfully appropriated. The amount assigned in the General Fund represents fiscal year 2023 appropriations, which exceed estimated resources, as well as program encumbrances.

<u>Unassigned:</u> Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the General Fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance.

The County applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first, followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used..

### Net Position

Net position represents the difference between all other elements in a statement of financial position. Net investments in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments. Of the restricted net position, none has resulted from enabling legislation. Restricted net position for pension and OPEB plans would represent the corresponding restricted asset amounts after considering the related deferred outflows and deferred inflows, if applicable.

The County applies restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available.

### OneOhio Opioid Settlement Monies

During 2021, Ohio reached an agreement with the three largest distributors of opioids. Although the settlement has been reached, uncertainties remain related to measurement. As a participating subdivision, the County received the first of eighteen distributions in 2022. This distribution of \$57,495 is reflected as fines, forfeitures, and settlements revenue in the Other Nonmajor Governmental Funds (OneOhio Special Revenue Fund) in the accompanying financial statements.

### **Operating Revenues and Expenses**

Operating revenues are those revenues that are generated directly from the primary activity of the proprietary funds. For the County, these revenues are charges for services for wastewater treatment, sale of water, leases, and self-insurance programs. Operating expenses are necessary costs incurred to provide the goods or services that are the primary activity of the fund. Revenues and expenses not meeting these definitions are reported as nonoperating.

### Capital Contributions

Contributions of capital arise from outside contributions of capital assets, tap-in fees to the extent they exceed the cost of the connection to the system, or from grants or outside contributions of resources restricted to capital acquisition and construction.

### Internal Activity

Transfers between governmental and business-type activities on the government-wide statements are reported in the same manner as general revenues. Transfers between governmental activities are eliminated on the government wide financial statements.

Internal allocations of overhead expenses from one function to another or within the same function are eliminated on the Statement of Activities. Payments for interfund services provided and used are not eliminated.

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds and after nonoperating revenues/expenses in proprietary funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements.

#### **Estimates**

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

### **NOTE 3 - CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES**

For fiscal year 2022, the County implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 87, *Leases* and related guidance from (GASB) Implementation Guide No. 2019-3, *Leases*. The County also implemented GASB Statement No. 91, *Conduit Debt Obligations*, GASB Statement No. 92, *Omnibus 2020*, GASB Statement No. 97, *Certain Component Unit Criteria, and Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans*, and *Implementation Guide No. 2020-1* 

GASB Statement 87 enhances the relevance and consistency of information of the government's leasing activities. It establishes requirements for lease accounting based on the principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. A lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right to use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources. These changes were incorporated in the County's 2022 financial statements. The County recognized \$229,257 in leases receivable (\$105,373 for governmental activities and \$123,884 for business type activities) at January 1, 2022; however, this entire amount was offset by the deferred inflows related to leases. The County also recognized \$61,429 in leases payable at January 1, 2022 which was offset by the intangible asset, right to use lease - buildings.

GASB 91 clarifies the existing definition of a conduit debt obligation; establishing that a conduit debt obligation is not a liability of the issuer; establishing standards for accounting and financial reporting of additional commitments and voluntary commitments extended by issuers and arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations; and improving required note disclosures.

GASB 92 addresses a variety of topics including reporting by public entity risk pools for amounts that are recoverable from reinsurers or excess insurers and references to nonrecurring fair value measurements of assets or liabilities in authoritative literature. These changes did not impact the County's financial statements.

GASB 97, among other items, requires that a Section 457 plan be classified as either a pension plan or an other employee benefit plan depending on whether the plan meets the definition of a pension plan.

The changes for GASB 87, GASB 91 and GASB 97 were incorporated in the County's 2022 financial statements; however, there was no effect on beginning net position/fund balance.

### **NOTE 4 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING**

While reporting financial position, results of operations, and changes in fund balances on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The Statements of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual for the general and major special revenue funds are presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The major differences between the budget basis and the GAAP basis are as follows:

- 1. Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP basis).
- 2. Expenditures are recorded when paid in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP basis).
- 3. Outstanding year end encumbrances are treated as expenditures (budget basis) rather than restricted, committed, or assigned fund balance (GAAP basis).
- 4. Unrecorded cash and unrecorded interest are reported on the balance sheet (GAAP basis), but not on the budgetary basis. The reconciled difference between the beginning and end of the year is reflected in the following tables as unrecorded cash.
- 5. Cash that is held by the custodial funds on behalf of County funds on a budget basis are allocated and reported on the balance sheet (GAAP basis) in the appropriate County fund.
- 6. The investment market value adjustment is the amount recorded to bring investments to market value on the balance sheet (GAAP basis) that is not recorded on the budgetary (Cash basis)

Adjustments necessary to convert the results of operations at the end of the year on the Budget basis to the GAAP basis are as follows:

	Motor				
		Public	Vehicle	Developmental	Local
_	General	Assistance	Gasoline Tax	Disabilities	Fiscal Recovery
GAAP Basis	(\$568,391)	(\$103,407)	\$919,903	(\$209,627)	\$0
Net Adjustment for					
Revenue Accruals	(144,588)	(27,023)	(23,962)	511,518	2,298,050
Beginning Unrecorded Cash	238,602	0	0	0	0
Ending Unrecorded Cash	(270,715)	0	0	0	0
Beginning Custodial Allocation	637,516	0	0	0	0
Ending Custodial Allocation	(639,809)	0	0	(73,250)	0
Beginning Investment Market					
Value Adjustment	(20,971)	0	0	0	0
Ending Investment Market					
Value Adjustment	1,045,704	0	0	0	0
Net Adjustment for					
Expenditure Accruals	185,284	55,830	108,138	(41,909)	402,326
Encumbrances	(177,139)	(17,582)	(1,170,502)	0	(1,224,504)
Budget Basis	\$285,493	(\$92,182)	(\$166,423)	\$186,732	\$1,475,872

### **NOTE 5 - ACCOUNTABILITY**

The Public Assistance Fund had a deficit fund balance as of December 31, 2022 in the amount of (\$100,560). This deficit is the result of the recognition of payables in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles as well as short-term interfund loans from the General Fund needed for operations until the receipt of grant monies. The General Fund provides transfers to cover deficit balances; however, this is done when cash is needed rather than when accruals occur.

### **NOTE 6 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS**

Monies held by the County are classified by State statute into two categories. Active monies are public monies determined to be necessary to meet current demands upon the County treasury. Active monies must be maintained either as cash in the County treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Monies held by the County which are not considered active are classified as inactive. Inactive monies may be deposited or invested with certain limitations in the following securities provided the County has filed a written investment policy with the Ohio Auditor of State:

- 1. United States Treasury bills, bonds, notes, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury, or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States, or any book entry, zero-coupon United States treasury security that is a direct obligation of the United States;
- 2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligations or security issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality including, but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation and Government National Mortgage Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- 3. Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least two percent and be marked to market daily, and the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;
- 4. Bonds and other obligations of this state or the political subdivisions of this state, provided the bonds or other obligations of political subdivisions mature within ten years from the date of settlement;
- 5. Time certificates of deposit or savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts, in eligible institutions pursuant to ORC sections 135.32;
- 6. No-load money market mutual funds rated in the highest category at the time of purchase by at least one nationally recognized standard rating service or consisting exclusively of obligations described in (1) or (2) above; commercial paper as described in ORC section 135.143 (6); and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided these investments are made only through eligible institutions;
- 7. The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAR Ohio);

- 8. Securities lending agreements in which the County lends securities and the eligible institution agrees to simultaneously exchange either securities or cash, equal value for equal value, within certain limitations;
- 9. Up to forty percent of the County's average portfolio, if training requirements have been met in either of the following:
  - a. Commercial paper notes in entities incorporated under the laws of Ohio, or any other State, that have assets exceeding five hundred million dollars, which are rated in the highest classification established by two nationally recognized standard rating services, which do not exceed ten percent of the value of the outstanding commercial paper of the issuing corporation, which mature within 270 days after purchase, and the investment in commercial paper notes of a single issuer shall not exceed the aggregate five percent of interim monies available for investment at the time of purchase.
  - b. Bankers acceptances of banks that are insured by the federal deposit insurance corporation and that mature not later than 180 days after purchase.
- 10. Up to fifteen percent of the County's average portfolio in notes issued by U.S. corporations or by depository institutions doing business under authority granted by the U.S. or any state provided the notes are rated in the three highest categories by at least two nationally recognized standard rating services at the time of purchase and the notes mature not later than three years after purchase;
- 11. A current unpaid or delinquent tax line of credit, provided certain conditions are met related to a County land reutilization corporation organized under ORC Chapter 1724; and,
- 12. Up to two percent of the County's average portfolio in debt interests rated at the time of purchase in the three highest categories by two nationally recognized standard rating services and issued by foreign nations diplomatically recognized by the United States government, subject to certain limitations. All interest and principal shall be denominated and payable in United States funds.

Reverse repurchase agreements, investments in derivatives, and investments in stripped principal or interest obligations that are not issued or guaranteed by the United States, are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage and short selling are also prohibited. Except as noted above, an investment must mature within five years from the date of settlement, unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the County, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity.

Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the treasurer or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

Protection of the County's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), or by the financial institutions participation in the Ohio Pooled Collateral System (OPCS), a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to the Treasurer of State to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution.

#### Cash on Hand

At year-end, the County had \$3,000 in undeposited cash on hand which is included on the financial statements of the County as part of Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents.

### Cash with Fiscal Agents

At December 31, 2022, the County's Self Insurance – Health internal service fund had a \$6,133,029 balance with Jefferson Health Plan, a risk sharing, claims servicing, and insurance purchasing pool (See Note 24). The balance is held by the claims administrator in a pooled account which is representative of numerous entities and therefore cannot be included in the risk disclosures reported by the County. Disclosures for the Jefferson Health Plan as a whole may be obtained from the Plan's fiscal agent, the Jefferson County Educational Service Center. To obtain financial information, write to the Jefferson Health Plan, Treasurer, Jefferson County ESC, Steubenville, Ohio 43952.

During 2022, the County issued Wastewater Treatment Collection System Revenue Bonds, which were issued as a direct placement to the United States Department of Agriculture (USDA). The issuance allows for USDA to hold the revenue bond proceeds until disbursements are required by the County. The balance held by USDA is part of that agency's cash management pool and cannot be classified by risk for the disclosures reported by the County. As of December 31, 2022, the County is reporting \$1,926,337 as cash and cash equivalents with fiscal agents for the remaining undistributed revenue bond proceeds held by USDA in the Sewer Fund.

#### Investments

Investments are reported at fair value. As of December 31, 2022, the County had the following investments:

Measurement/Invesment	Measurement Amount	Maturity	Rating*	Percent of Total Invesmtments
Net Asset Value Per Share				
STAR Ohio	\$3,732,604	31.9 days	AAA	17.14%
Fair Value Level One Inputs				
Mutual Funds	1,092,758	N/A	N/A	5.02%
Fair Value Level Two Inputs				
United States Treasury Notes	168,711	Less than one year	AA+	0.77%
United States Treasury Notes	1,336,238	Less than three years	AA+	6.14%
United States Treasury Notes	2,209,827	Less than five years	AA+	10.15%
United States Agency Securities	137,578	Less than six months	AA+	0.63%
United States Agency Securities	647,419	Less than one year	AA+	2.97%
United States Agency Securities	3,784,103	Less than three years	AA+	17.37%
United States Agency Securities	812,274	Less than five years	AA+	3.73%
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	975,825	Less than six months	N/A	4.48%
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	972,833	Less than one year	N/A	4.47%
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	3,921,557	Less than three years	N/A	18.00%
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	892,301	Less than five years	N/A	4.10%
Commercial Paper	553,403	Less than six months	N/A	2.54%
Commercial Paper	541,603	Less than one year	N/A	2.49%
Total Fair Value Level Two Inputs	16,953,672			
Total Investments	\$21,779,034			100.00%

\* Applicable investments rated by either Standard & Poor's or Moody's Investor Services.

The County categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets. Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. The previous chart identifies the County's recurring fair value measurements as of December 31, 2022. The mutual fund is measured at fair value and is valued using quoted market prices (Level 1 inputs). The County's remaining investments measured at fair value are valued using methodologies that incorporate market inputs such as benchmark yields, reported trades, broker/dealer quotes, issuer spreads, two-sided markets, benchmark securities, bids, offers and reference data including market research publications. Market indicators and industry and economic events are also monitored, which could require the need to acquire further market data. (Level 2 inputs).

Investments held by fiscal agents include mutual funds that were donated to the County, not purchased by the County. The STAR Ohio investment is part of the internal investment pool.

<u>Interest Rate Risk</u>: The County's investment policy addresses interest rate risk to the extent that it requires, to the extent possible, investments will match anticipated cash flow requirements.

<u>Credit Risk</u>: The credit ratings for the County's securities are listed above. Ohio Law requires that STAR Ohio maintain the highest rating provided by at least one nationally recognized standard rating service. The County has no investment policy that would further limit its investment choices.

<u>Custodial Credit Risk</u>: For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the County will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The County has no investment policy dealing with investment custodial risk beyond the requirement in state statute that prohibits payment for investments prior to the delivery of the securities representing such investments to the treasurer or qualified trustee.

<u>Concentration of Credit Risk</u>: The County places no limit on the amount that may be invested in any one issuer. The percentage of total investments is listed in the preceding table.

### **NOTE 7 - PROPERTY TAXES**

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real and public utility property located in the County. Property tax revenue received during 2022 for real and public utility property taxes represents collections of 2021 taxes.

2022 real property taxes are levied after October 1, 2022, on the assessed value as of January 1, 2022, the lien date. Assessed values are established by the State Law at 35 percent of appraised market value. 2022 real property taxes are collected in and intended to finance 2023.

Real property taxes are payable annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due December 31, with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits later payment dates to be established.

Public utility tangible personal property currently is assessed at varying percentages of true collected value; public utility real property is assessed at 25 percent of true value. 2022 public utility property taxes became a lien December 31, 2021, are levied after October 1, 2022, and are collected in 2023 with real property taxes.

The full tax rate for all County operations for the year ended December 31, 2022, was \$11.05 per \$1,000 of assessed value. The assessed values of real and public utility personal property upon which 2022 property tax receipts were based are as follows:

Real Property	\$1,278,878,940
Public Utility Personal Property	458,650,200
Total Assessed Property Value	\$1,737,529,140

The County Treasurer collects property taxes on behalf of all taxing districts in the County. The County Auditor periodically remits to the taxing districts their portion of the taxes collected. The collection and distribution of taxes for all subdivisions within the County, excluding the County itself, is accounted for through custodial funds. The amount of the County's tax collections is accounted for within the applicable funds. Property taxes receivable represents real and public utility taxes and outstanding delinquencies which were measurable as of December 31, 2022, and for which there was an enforceable legal claim. In governmental funds, the portion of the receivable not levied to finance 2022 operations is offset to deferred inflows of resources – property taxes. On the accrual basis, collectible delinquent property taxes have been recorded as a receivable and revenue while on the modified accrual basis the revenue has been reported as deferred inflows of resources – unavailable revenue.

#### **NOTE 8 - TAX ABATEMENTS**

County property taxes were reduced under Community Reinvestment Area agreements entered into by the City of Steubenville. The abatements resulted in a reduction of County property tax revenue of \$59,752.

### NOTE 9 - PERMISSIVE SALES AND USE TAX

On June 16, 1977, the County Commissioners adopted a resolution which imposed a one half of one percent permissive sales tax and use tax (Piggy Back tax) as set forth in Section 5739.021 of the Ohio Revised Code. The tax became effective July 1, 1977, as a continuing tax.

On April 9, 1987, the County Commissioners imposed a one half of one percent increase in the permissive sales tax (Piggy Back Tax) in Jefferson County. The tax became effective August 1, 1987, for a five year period. On November 5, 1991, an additional one half of one percent was approved by the voters of Jefferson County as a continuing tax.

On September 30, 1994, the County Commissioners adopted resolution 1994-28 imposing two additional one fourth of one percent permissive sales and use taxes (Piggy Back taxes) as set forth by Sections 5739.026(A)(3) and 5741.023 of the Ohio Revised Code. The tax was imposed as a continuing tax.

The revenue distributions are as follows: \$700,000 or thirty-five percent (whichever is greater) debt reduction. Of the remaining collections: 61.54 percent for road and bridge improvements, 11.54 percent for Water and Sewer improvements, 7.69 percent for building improvements associated with the General Fund, 7.69 percent for emergency associated with the General Fund, 7.69 percent for computerization and geographical information systems.

### **NOTE 10 - RECEIVABLES**

Receivables at December 31, 2022, consisted of taxes, special assessments, interfund, accounts (billings for user charged services, including unbilled utility services), and intergovernmental receivables arising from grants, entitlements, leases, and shared revenues. Management believes all receivables are fully collectible. Delinquent accounts receivable may be certified and collected as a special assessment, subject to foreclosure for nonpayment. All receivables, except for delinquent property taxes, certain special assessments, and leases are expected to be collected within one year.

Delinquent property taxes deemed collectible by the County Auditor and recorded as a receivable in the amount of \$5,290,184 may not be collected within one year.

In prior years, special assessments were assessed for the partial repayment of business-type activities debt. These special assessments relating to the payment of debt are not expected to be fully collected within one year. The amount not scheduled for collection during the subsequent year is \$16,935. The County has \$1,742 in delinquent special assessments at December 31, 2022.

A summary of the principal items of intergovernmental receivables follows:

Governmental Activities	
Jail Operating Levy - Detention	\$346,693
Indigent Fee Reimbursement	90,707
Homestead/Rollback, SB 3 and HB 66 Reimbursement	601,395
Local Government Funding	647,864
Motor Vehicle License and Gas Tax	2,712,406
Gasoline Sales to Other Governments	5,347
Casino Tax Revenue	453,065
Public Assistance Grants	157,714
Child Support Enforcement Agency Grants	187,497
County Airpark Grants	564,936
MVGT Fund Grants	1,488,080
Mental Health Fund Grants	1,355,957
Court/Corrections Fund Grants	437,092
Emergency 911 Fund Grants	11,041
Permissive Sheriff Fund Grants	8,483
Children Services Fund Grants	817,245
Developmental Disabilities Fund Grants	1,315,081
Jail Operating Levy Fund Grants	15,590
Total Governmental Activities	11,216,193
<b>Business Type Activities</b>	
Sewer Grants	30,823
Total	\$11,247,016

#### Leases Receivable

The County is reporting leases receivable of \$210,963 in the General Fund, \$50,332 in the Other Nonmajor Governmental Funds, and \$98,410 in the Water Enterprise Fund at December 31, 2022. These amounts represent the discounted future lease payments. This discount is being amortized using the interest method. For 2022, the County recognized lease revenue of \$82,791 and interest revenue of \$3,331 in the general fund and recognized lease revenue of \$25,474 and interest revenue of \$2,460 in the water enterprise fund related to lease payments received. A description of the County's leasing arrangements is as follows:

Office Building – The County owns an office building in proximity to the County Courthouse. The building is used to provide office space for certain County boards, departments, and agencies. The remaining space is leased to tenants. A summary of applicable lease terms is presented in the table below.

*Cellular Service Tower Leases* – The County has entered into various lease agreements with cellular service providers on a 911 Radio Tower and on various water towers, at varying years and terms as follows:

	Lease Commencement		Lease Ending	Payment	
Company	Date	Years	Date	Method	
Office Building					
Markosky Engineering	2020	2	2022	Monthly	
Markosky Engineering	2022	2	2024	Monthly	
Social Security Administration	2022	2	2024	Monthly	
Steel Valley Diversified	2021	3	2024	Monthly	
IC Care Solutions	2022	3	2025	Monthly	
UCell	2021	2	2023	Monthly	
The Ohio State University Extension Office	2019	3	2022	Monthly	
The Ohio State University Extension Office	2022	3	2025	Monthly	
Cellular Service (911 Tower)					
Agile Network Builders	2016	10	2025	Monthly	
Cellular Service (Water Towers)					
Citynet	2008	20	2028	Monthly	
T-Mobile	2018	5	2023	Monthly	
AT & T	2014	18	2031	Annual	

A summary of future lease amounts receivable is as follows:

			Other No	onmajor		
	Gene	eral	Governmental		Water	
Year	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest
2023	\$125,225	\$2,747	\$13,373	\$1,170	\$26,106	\$2,018
2024	66,169	994	14,173	807	10,152	1,668
2025	19,569	138	15,007	423	9,048	1,473
2026	0	0	7,769	60	9,459	1,270
2027	0	0	0	0	9,886	1,056
2028-2031	0	0	0	0	33,759	2,081
	\$210,963	\$3,879	\$50,322	\$2,460	\$98,410	\$9,566

# **NOTE 11 - CAPITAL ASSETS**

Restated capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2022, was as follows:

	Balance 12/31/2021	Additions	Reductions	Balance 12/31/2022
Governmental Activities:	12/31/2021	Additions	Reductions	12/31/2022
Non Depreciable Capital Assets:				
Land	\$3,910,848	\$0	\$0	\$3,910,848
Construction in Progress	1,082,104	1,324,066	(590,503)	1,815,667
Total Non Depreciable Capital Assets	4,992,952	1,324,066	(590,503)	5,726,515
Depreciable Capital Assets:				
Land Improvements	1,060,095	0	0	1,060,095
Buildings and Improvements	63,833,497	235,028	0	64,068,525
Machinery and Equipment	18,003,637	884,081	(84,749)	18,802,969
Infrastructure	133,635,011	2,843,973	(1,650,356)	134,828,628
Vehicles	5,523,206	520,472	(130,843)	5,912,835
Intangible Right to Use - Building	61,429	97,200	0	158,629
Total Depreciable Capital Assets	222,116,875	4,580,754	(1,865,948)	224,831,681
Accumulated Depreciation/Amortization:				
Land Improvements	(338,067)	(54,705)	0	(392,772)
Buildings and Improvements	(33,743,118)	(2,057,066)	0	(35,800,184)
Machinery and Equipment	(13,299,524)	(973,667)	84,749	(14, 188, 442)
Infrastructure	(58, 368, 214)	(4,560,349)	1,560,519	(61,368,044)
Vehicles	(3,500,547)	(443,774)	130,843	(3,813,478)
Intangible Right to Use - Building	0	(63,115)	0	(63,115)
Total Accumulated				
Depreciation/Amortization	(109,249,470)	(8,152,676)	1,776,111	(115,626,035)
Total Depreciable Capital Assets, Net	112,867,405	(3,571,922)	(89,837)	109,205,646
Governmental Capital Assets, Net	\$117,860,357	(\$2,247,856)	(\$680,340)	\$114,932,161

Capital asset additions for infrastructure includes capital contributions in the amount of \$510,046.

Depreciation/amortization expense was charged to governmental activities as follows:

<b>Governmental Activities:</b>	Depreciation	Amortization	Total
General Government:			
Legislative and Executive	\$699,083	\$0	\$699,083
Judicial	153,773	63,115	216,888
Public Safety	1,312,974	0	1,312,974
Public Works	4,766,926	0	4,766,926
Health	459,904	0	459,904
Human Services	171,657	0	171,657
Economic Development and Assistance	511,570	0	511,570
Conservation and Recreation	13,674	0	13,674
Total Depreciation/Amortization Expense	\$8,089,561	\$63,115	\$8,152,676

	Balance 12/31/2021	Additions	Reductions	Balance 12/31/2022
<b>Business-Type Activities:</b>				
Non Depreciable Capital Assets:				
Land	\$279,700	\$0	\$0	\$279,700
Construction in Progress	16,486,400	4,122,037	(14,771,078)	5,837,359
Total Non Depreciable Capital Assets	16,766,100	4,122,037	(14,771,078)	6,117,059
Depreciable Capital Assets:				
Buildings and Improvements	1,093,788	0	0	1,093,788
Machinery and Equipment	2,358,656	991,817	0	3,350,473
Infrastructure	96,711,205	14,514,575	0	111,225,780
Vehicles	557,068	0	0	557,068
Total Depreciable Capital Assets	100,720,717	15,506,392	0	116,227,109
Accumulated Depreciation:				
Buildings and Improvements	(788,140)	(35,859)	0	(823,999)
Machinery and Equipment	(968,630)	(226,293)	0	(1,194,923)
Infrastructure	(59,967,851)	(2,603,348)	0	(62,571,199)
Vehicles	(457,638)	(43,697)	0	(501,335)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(62,182,259)	(2,909,197)	0	(65,091,456)
Total Depreciable Capital Assets, Net	38,538,458	12,597,195	0	51,135,653
Business-Type Capital Assets, Net	\$55,304,558	\$16,719,232	(\$14,771,078)	\$57,252,712

### **NOTE 12 - ASSET RETIREMENT OBLIGATIONS**

The Governmental Accounting Standard Board's (GASB) Statement No. 83, Certain Asset Retirement Obligations, provides guidance related to asset retirement obligations (AROs). An ARO is a legally enforceable liability associated with the retirement of a tangible capital asset. Ohio Revised Code Section 6111.44 requires the County to submit any changes to their sewerage system to the Ohio EPA for approval. Through this review process, the County would be responsible to address any public safety issues associated with their waste water treatment facilities. These public safety issues would include removing/filling any tankage, cleaning/removing certain equipment, and backfilling certain exposed areas. This asset retirement obligation (ARO) of \$2,115,435 associated with the County waste water treatment facilities, and related infrastructure, were estimated by the County's contracted engineering firm. The estimated remaining useful life of these facilities ranges from 2 years to 34 years.

#### **NOTE 13 - RISK MANAGEMENT**

The County is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to or destruction of assets; errors and omissions; employee injuries; and natural disasters. By contracting with the County Risk Sharing Authority (CORSA) for liability, property, and crime insurance, the County has addressed these various types of risk.

CORSA, a non-profit corporation sponsored by the County Commissioners Association of Ohio, was created to provide affordable liability, property, casualty and crime insurance coverage for its members. CORSA was established May 12, 1987, and has grown to sixty-six member counties and forty-four county-affiliated public entities.

Under the CORSA program, the County has the following coverage:

Type of Coverage	Amount	
Liability:		
General:		
Bodily Injury, Property Damage, etc.	\$1,000,000	Each Occurrence
Products and Completed Operations	1,000,000	Each Occurrence/Annual Aggregate
Medical Payments Limit	5,000/50,000	Each Person/Each Accident
Foster Parents	6,000,000	
Law Enforcement:	*,***,***	
Occurrence or Wrongful Acts Limit	1,000,000	Each Occurrence
Auto:	1,000,000	
Bodily Injury, Property Damage, etc.	1,000,000	Each Occurrence
Medical Payments Limit	5,000/50,000	Each Person/Each Accident
Errors and Omissions:	2,000.20,000	
Wrongful Acts Limit	1,000,000	Each Occurrence/Annual Aggregate
Back Wages Limit	100,000	Each Occurrence
Ohio Stop Gap:	100,000	Lach Securence
Employer's Liability Limit	1,000,000	Each Occurrence
Employee Benefits	1,000,000	Each Occurrence
Attorney Disciplinary Proceedings	25,000	Each Occurrence/Annual Aggregate
Declaratory, Injunctive or Equitable Relief	25,000	Each Occurance/Annual Aggregate
Excess Liability Limit	5,000,000	Each Occurrence/Annual Aggregate
Property:	3,000,000	Each Geogramon Aggregate
Direct Physical Loss or Damage and Collapse:		
Real and Personal Property		
(Includes Electronic Data Processing Equipment)	265,903,702	Replacement Cost Value
Contractor's Equipment	Actual Cash Value	replacement cost variae
Errors and Omissions	250,000	Each Occurrence
Accounts Receivable	1,000,000	Lach Securence
Fine Arts	1,000,000	Each Occurrence
Law Enforcement and Therapy Canines	13,000	Each Occurrence
Mobile Medical Equipment	250,000	Each Occurrence
Property in Transit	100,000	Each Occurrence
Flood Damage	125,000,000	Each Occurrence/Annual CORSA Aggregate
Earthquake/Earth Movement Damage	125,000,000	Each Occurrence/Annual CORSA Aggregate
Valuable Papers	2,500,000	Each Occurrence
Auto Physical Damage	Actual Cash Value	Lacii Occurrence
Automatic Acquisitions	5,000,000	
Service Interruption	2,500,000	
Pollutant Cleanup/Removal	10,000	Each Occurrence
Scheduled 1 & 2 Controlled Substance Cleanup	35,000	Lacii Occurrence
Senedured 1 & 2 Controlled Substance Cleanup	33,000	(continued)
		(continued)

Type of Coverage (Continued)	Amount	
Equipment Breakdown:		
Equipment Breakdown	\$100,000,000	Each Breakdown
Sublimits:		
Spoilage	500,000	Each Accident
Expediting Goods	500,000	Each Accident
Electronic Data & Media	250,000	Each Accident
Hazardous Substances	250,000	Each Accident
Amonia Contamination, CFC Refrigerants	500,000	Each Accident
Privacy and Security Liability:		
Third Party	1,000,000	Each Occurrence/Annual Aggregate
Privacy Response Expense	1,000,000	Each Occurrence/Annual Aggregate
Regulatory Proceedings		
and Penalities	1,000,000	Each Occurrence/Annual Aggregate
PCI-DSS Assessments	1,000,000	Each Occurrence/Annual Aggregate
Electronic Equipment Data/Network Interruption	250,000	Each Occurrence/Annual Aggregate
Cyber Extortion	50,000	Each Occurrence/Annual Aggregate
Time Element Coverage:		
Gross Earnings/Extra Expense	2,500,000	Each Occurrence
Contingent Business Interuption	100,000	
Crime:		
Employee Dishonesty	1,000,000	Each Occurrence
Individual Public Official Bond Excess	250,000	Each Occurrence
Dog Warden Blanket Bond	2,000	Bond Limit
Money and Securities (Inside & Outside Loss)	1,000,000	Each Occurrence
Money Orders & Counterfeit Paper Currency	1,000,000	Each Occurrence
Depositor's Forgery	1,000,000	Each Occurrence
Fund Transfer Fraud	500,000	Each Occurrence
Computer Fraud	500,000	Each Occurrence
Social Engineering Fraud	1,000,000	Each Occurrence
Claims Expense	1,000	Each Occurrence
Deductible on Above Coverages	2,500	Each Occurrence

The amounts of settlements have not exceeded coverage in any of the past three years. Also, the limits have not been lowered significantly in the past year.

The County participates in the workers' compensation program provided by the state of Ohio. Beginning in 2015, the County participated in the County Commissioners Association of Ohio (CCAO) Workers' Compensation Group Retrospective Rating Program (Program), an insurance purchasing pool (See Note 24). The Program is intended to achieve lower workers' compensation rates while establishing safer working conditions and environments for the participants. The participating Counties continue to pay their own individual premiums and have the opportunity to receive retrospective premium adjustments based upon the combined performance of the group. Depending on that performance, the participating employers can receive either a premium refund or assessment. Employers will pay experience – or base rated premium under the same terms as if they were not in a retro group. The total premium for the entire group is the standard premium of the group. The standard premium serves as the benchmark that is adjusted up and down retroactively. In order to allocate the savings derived by formation of the Program, the Program's executive committee annually calculates the group-retrospective premium based on developed incurred claim losses for the whole group. The new premium is compared the standard premium. If the retrospective premium is lower than the standard premium, a refund will be distributed to the employers of the group. If the retrospective premium is higher, an assessment will be charged to each participant.

Participation in the Program is limited to counties that can meet the Program's selection criteria. The firm of Comp Management, Inc. provides administrative, cost control and actuarial services to the Program. Each year, the County pays an enrollment fee to the Program to cover the costs of administering the program.

The County may withdraw from the Program if written notice is provided sixty days prior to the prescribed application deadline of the Ohio Bureau of Workers' Compensation. However, the participant is not relieved of the obligation to pay any amounts owed to the Program prior to withdrawal.

Prior to 2015, the County had participated in the State Workers' Compensation retrospective rating and payment program. The County is servicing related run-out claims through the Self Insurance – Workers' Compensation Fund.

The County provides health, dental, and vision insurance to its employees through a self-insurance plan. The County participated in the Jefferson Health Plan during 2022, and employees have the choice of two third-party administrators within the consortium, Self-Funded Plans, Inc. or the Health Plan. The County pays \$1,532 per month for every eligible employee regardless of what coverage the employee has chosen (\$1,462 for the premium and \$70 for debt reduction). The employee share of the premium for Self-Funded Plans, Inc. is \$139 per month for single, and \$184 per month for family. The employee share of the premium for the Health Plan is \$93 per month for single, and \$129 per month for family. Jefferson Health Plan administers the health, dental, and vision insurance plan.

The claims liabilities of \$681,829 for health insurance and \$686 for workers' compensation reported in the self-insurance – health and self-insurance – workers' compensation internal service funds, respectively at December 31, 2022, are based on the requirements of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement Number 30 which requires that a liability for unpaid claims costs, including estimates of costs relating to incurred but not reported claims, be reported. The claims liability is based on an estimate supplied by the County's third party administrators. The estimate was not affected by incremental claim adjustment expenses and does not include other allocated or unallocated claim adjustments expenses. A summary of the fund's claims liability during the past two years is as follows:

Program	Beginning Balance	Current Year Claims	Claims Payments	Ending Balance
Self Insurance - Health				
2021 2022	\$434,413 453,052	\$8,289,191 8,503,796 (1)	\$8,270,552 8,275,019 (2)	\$453,052 681,829
Self Insurance - Workers' Compensation				
2021	93,763	0	77,320	16,443
2022	16,443	18	15,775	686
(1) Claims Expense + Stop Loss Receivable Current Year Claims		\$8,353,270 150,526 \$8,503,796		
(2) Cash Payments for Clair			\$9,340,850	
- Stop Loss Received for Claims Payments	2022 Claims	- =	1,065,831 \$8,275,019	

#### NOTE 14 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

The Statewide retirement systems provide both pension benefits and other postemployment benefits (OPEB).

#### Net Pension Liability /Net OPEB Liability (Asset)

The net pension liability (asset) and the net OPEB liability (asset) reported on the statement of net position represent liabilities to employees for pensions and OPEB, respectively. Pensions/OPEB are a component of exchange transactions—between an employer and its employees—of salaries and benefits for employee services. Pensions/OPEB are provided to an employee—on a deferred-payment basis—as part of the total compensation package offered by an employer for employee services each financial period. The obligation to sacrifice resources for pensions is a present obligation because it was created as a result of employment exchanges that already have occurred.

The net pension/OPEB liability (asset) represent the County's proportionate share of each pension/OPEB plan's collective actuarial present value of projected benefit payments attributable to past periods of service, net of each pension/OPEB plan's fiduciary net position. The net pension/OPEB liability (asset) calculation is dependent on critical long-term variables, including estimated average life expectancies, earnings on investments, cost of living adjustments and others. While these estimates use the best information available, unknowable future events require adjusting these estimates annually.

Ohio Revised Code limits the County's obligation for this liability to annually required payments. The County cannot control benefit terms or the manner in which pensions are financed; however, the County does receive the benefit of employees' services in exchange for compensation including pension and OPEB.

GASB 68/75 assumes the liability is solely the obligation of the employer, because (1) they benefit from employee services; and (2) State statute requires funding to come from these employers. All pension contributions to date have come solely from these employers (which also includes pension costs paid in the form of withholdings from employees). The retirement systems may allocate a portion of the employer contributions to provide for these OPEB benefits. In addition, health care plan enrollees pay a portion of the health care costs in the form of a monthly premium. State statute requires the retirement systems to amortize unfunded pension liabilities within 30 years. If the pension amortization period exceeds 30 years, each retirement system's board must propose corrective action to the State legislature. Any resulting legislative change to benefits or funding could significantly affect the net pension/OPEB liability (asset). Resulting adjustments to the net pension/OPEB liability (asset) would be effective when the changes are legally enforceable. The Ohio revised Code permits, but does not require the retirement systems to provide healthcare to eligible benefit recipients.

The proportionate share of each plan's unfunded benefits is presented as a *net pension/OPEB asset* or a long-term *net pension/OPEB liability* on the accrual basis of accounting. Any liability for the contractually-required pension/OPEB contribution outstanding at the end of the year is included in *intergovernmental payable* on both the accrual and modified accrual bases of accounting. The remainder of this note includes the required pension disclosures. See Note 15 for the required OPEB disclosures.

#### Plan Description – Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS)

Plan Description - County Employees, other than certified teachers, participate in the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS). OPERS is a cost-sharing, multiple employer public employee retirement system which administers three separate pension plans. The traditional pension plan is a costsharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. The member-directed plan is a defined contribution plan. Participating employers are divided into state, local, law enforcement and public safety divisions. While members in the state and local divisions may participate in both plans, law enforcement and public safety divisions exist only within the traditional plan.

OPERS provides retirement, disability, survivor and death benefits, and annual cost of living adjustments to members of the traditional and combined plans. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Chapter 145 of the Ohio Revised Code. OPERS issues a stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about OPERS' fiduciary net position that may be obtained by visiting https://www.opers.org/financial/reports.shtml, by writing to the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System, 277 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-4642, or by calling 800-222-7377.

Senate Bill (SB) 343 was enacted into law with an effective date of January 7, 2013. In the legislation, members in the traditional and combined plans were categorized into three groups with varying provisions of the law applicable to each group. The following table provides age and service requirements for retirement and the retirement formula applied to final average salary (FAS) for relevant member groups under the traditional plan as per the reduced benefits adopted by SB 343 (see OPERS Annual Comprehensive Financial Report referenced above for additional information, including requirements for reduced and unreduced benefits):

Group A	
Eligible to retire prior to	
January 7, 2013 or five years	

# after January 7, 2013

#### State and Local

## Age and Service Requirements:

Age 60 with 60 months of service credit or Age 55 with 25 years of service credit

#### Traditional Plan Formula:

2.2% of FAS multiplied by years of service for the first 30 years and 2.5% for service years in excess of 30

#### Law Enforcement

#### Age and Service Requirements:

Age 52 with 15 years of service credit

#### Traditional Plan Formula:

2.5% of FAS multiplied by years of service for the first 25 years and 2.1% for service years in excess of 25

#### Group B

20 years of service credit prior to January 7, 2013 or eligible to retire ten years after January 7, 2013

#### State and Local

#### Age and Service Requirements:

Age 60 with 60 months of service credit or Age 55 with 25 years of service credit

#### **Traditional Plan Formula:**

2.2% of FAS multiplied by years of service for the first 30 years and 2.5% for service years in excess of 30

#### Law Enforcement

#### Age and Service Requirements:

Age 48 with 25 years of service credit or Age 52 with 15 years of service credit

#### **Traditional Plan Formula:**

2.5% of FAS multiplied by years of service for the first 25 years and 2.1% for service years in excess of 25

#### Group C

Members not in other Groups and members hired on or after January 7, 2013

#### State and Local

#### Age and Service Requirements:

Age 57 with 25 years of service credit or Age 62 with 5 years of service credit

#### **Traditional Plan Formula:**

2.2% of FAS multiplied by years of service for the first 35 years and 2.5% for service years in excess of 35

#### Law Enforcement

#### Age and Service Requirements:

Age 48 with 25 years of service credit or Age 56 with 15 years of service credit

#### **Traditional Plan Formula:**

2.5% of FAS multiplied by years of service for the first 25 years and 2.1% for service years in excess of 25

Final average Salary (FAS) represents the average of the three highest years of earnings over a member's career for Groups A and B. Group C is based on the average of the five highest years of earnings over a member's career.

Members who retire before meeting the age and years of service credit requirement for unreduced benefits receive a percentage reduction in the benefit amount. The amount of a member's pension benefit vests upon receipt of the initial benefit payment. The options for Law Enforcement permit early retirement under qualifying circumstances as early as age 48 with a reduced benefit.

When a traditional plan benefit recipient has received benefits for 12 months, current law provides for an annual cost of living adjustment (COLA). This COLA is calculated on the base retirement benefit at the date of retirement and is not compounded. For those who retired prior to January 7, 2013, the cost-of-living adjustment is 3 percent. For those retiring on or after to January 7, 2013, beginning in calendar year 2019, the adjustment is based on the average percentage increase in the Consumer Price Index, capped at 3 percent.

Defined contribution plan benefits are established in the plan documents, which may be amended by the Board. Member-directed plan members who have met the retirement eligibility requirements may apply for retirement benefits. Member-directed participants must have attained the age of 55, have money on deposit in the defined contribution plan and have terminated public service to apply for retirement benefits. The amount available for defined contribution benefits in the member-directed plan consists of the members' contributions, vested employer contributions and investment gains or losses resulting from the members' investment selections. Employer contributions and associated investment earnings vest over a five-year period, at a rate of 20 percent each year. At retirement, members may select one of several distribution options for payment of the vested balance in their individual OPERS accounts. Options include the annuitization of the benefit (which includes joint and survivor options and will continue to be administered by OPERS), partial lump-sum payments (subject to limitations), a rollover of the vested account balance to another financial institution, receipt of entire account balance, net of taxes withheld, or a combination of these options. When members choose to annuitize their defined contribution benefit, the annuitized portion of the benefit is reclassified to a defined benefit.

Funding Policy - The Ohio Revised Code (ORC) provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions as follows:

	State	Law
	and Local	Enforcement
2022 Statutory Maximum Contribution Rates		_
Employer	14.0 %	18.1 %
Employee	10.0 %	*
2022 Actual Contribution Rates		
Employer:		
Pension **	14.0 %	18.1 %
Post-employment Health Care Benefits **	0.0	0.0
Total Employer	14.0 %	18.1 %
Employee	10.0 %	13.0 %

- \* This rate is determined by OPERS' Board, but is limited by ORC to not more than 2 percent greater than the Public Safety Rate.
- \*\* These pension and employer health care rates are for the traditional plan. The employer contributions rate for the member-directed plan is allocated 4 percent for health care with the remainder going to pension.

Employer contribution rates are actuarially determined and are expressed as a percentage of covered payroll.

For 2022, the County's contractually required contribution was \$3,561,545 for the traditional plan and \$53,088 for the member-directed plan. Of these amounts, \$361,040 is reported as an intergovernmental payable for the traditional plan and \$5,571 for the member-directed plan.

#### Plan Description - State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)

Plan Description – County licensed teachers and other faculty members participate in STRS Ohio, a cost-sharing multiple employer public employee retirement system administered by STRS. STRS provides retirement and disability benefits to members and death and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. STRS issues a stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information, and detailed information about STRS' fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by writing to STRS, 275 E. Broad St., Columbus, OH 43215-3771, by calling (888) 227-7877, or by visiting the STRS Web site at <a href="https://www.strsoh.org">www.strsoh.org</a>.

New members have a choice of three retirement plans; a Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan, and a Combined Plan. Benefits are established by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307.

The DB plan offers an annual retirement allowance based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on years of service. Effective August 1, 2015, the calculation is 2.2 percent of final average salary for the five highest years of earnings multiplied by all years of service. In April 2017, the Retirement Board made the decision to reduce COLA granted on or after July 1, 2017, to 0 percent upon a determination by its actuary that it was necessary to preserve the fiscal integrity of the retirement system. Benefit recipients' base benefit and past cost-of living increases are not affected by this change. Effective July 1, 2022, an ad-hoc COLA of 3 percent of the base benefit was granted to eligible benefit recipients to begin on the anniversary of their retirement benefit in fiscal year 2023 as long as they retired prior to July 1, 2018. Eligibility changes will be phased in until August 1, 2023, when retirement eligibility for unreduced benefits will be five years of service credit and age 65, or 35 years of service credit and at least age 60.

Eligibility changes for DB Plan members who retire with actuarially reduced benefits will be phased in until August 1, 2023, when retirement eligibility will be five years of qualifying service credit and age 60, or 30 years of service credit regardless of age.

The DC Plan allows members to place all their member contributions and 9.53 percent of the 14 percent employer contributions into an investment account. The member determines how to allocate the member and employer money among various investment choices offered by STRS. The remaining 4.47 percent of the 14 percent employer rate is allocated to the defined benefit unfunded liability. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The member may elect to receive a lifetime monthly annuity or a lump sum withdrawal.

The Combined Plan offers features of both the DB Plan and the DC Plan. In the Combined Plan, 12 percent of the 14 percent member rate is deposited into the member's DC account and the remaining 2 percent is applied to the DB Plan. Member contributions to the DC Plan are allocated among investment choices by the member, and contributions to the DB Plan from the employer and the member are used to fund the defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. The defined benefit portion of the Combined Plan payment is payable to a member on or after age 60 with five years of service. The defined contribution portion of the account may be taken as a lump sum payment or converted to a lifetime monthly annuity at age fifty and after termination of employment.

New members who choose the DC plan or Combined Plan will have another opportunity to reselect a permanent plan during their fifth year of membership. Members may remain in the same plan or transfer to another STRS plan. The optional annuitization of a member's defined contribution account or the defined contribution portion of a member's Combined Plan account to a lifetime benefit results in STRS bearing the risk of investment gain or loss on the account. STRS has therefore included all three plan options as one defined benefit plan for GASB 68 reporting purposes.

A DB or Combined Plan member with five or more years of credited service who is determined to be disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. New members on or after July 1, 2013, must have at least ten years of qualifying service credit that apply for disability benefits. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. Eligible survivors of members who die before service retirement may qualify for monthly benefits. If a member of the DC Plan dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

Funding Policy – Employer and member contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board and limited by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code. The 2022 employer and employee contribution rate of 14 percent was equal to the statutory maximum rates. For 2022, the full employer contribution was allocated to pension.

The County's contractually required contribution to STRS was \$109,735 for 2022. Of this amount, \$2,659 is reported as an intergovernmental payable.

## Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

The net pension liability for OPERS was measured as of December 31, 2021, and the net pension liability for STRS was measured as of June 30, 2022. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of the respective measurement dates. The County's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the County's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating entities. Following is information related to the proportionate share and pension expense:

	OPERS		
	Traditional Plan	STRS	Total
Proportion of the Net Pension Liability:			
Current Measurement Date	0.16848788%	0.00646092%	
Prior Measurement Date	0.17222124%	0.00558500%	
Change in Proportionate Share	-0.00373336%	0.00087592%	
Proportionate Share of the:			
Net Pension Liability	\$14,659,126	\$1,436,271	\$16,095,397
·			
Pension Expense	(2,898,942)	172,546	(2,726,396)

2022 pension expense for the member-directed defined contribution plan was \$53,088. The aggregate pension expense for all pension plans was a negative \$2,726,396 for 2022.

At December 31, 2022, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	OPERS Traditional Plan	STRS	Total
Deferred Outflows of Resources	1 raditional Plan	51 K5	1 0181
Differences between expected and			
actual experience	\$747,300	\$18,386	\$765,686
Changes of assumptions	1,833,108	171,878	2,004,986
Net difference between projected	1,033,100	171,070	2,001,700
and actual earnings on pension			
plan investments	0	49,979	49,979
Changes in proportion and differences	v	.,,,,,,	.,,,,,
between County contributions and			
proportionate share of contributions	39,794	135,320	175,114
County contributions subsequent to the	,	,	-,-,
measurement date	3,561,545	56,062	3,617,607
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$6,181,747	\$431,625	\$6,613,372
<b>Deferred Inflows of Resources</b>			
Differences between expected and			
actual experience	\$321,513	\$5,494	\$327,007
Changes of assumptions	0	129,375	129,375
Net difference between projected			
and actual earnings on pension			
plan investments	17,436,498	0	17,436,498
Changes in proportion and differences			
between County contributions and			
proportionate share of contributions	461,970	99,010	560,980
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$18,219,981	\$233,879	\$18,453,860

\$3,617,607 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pension resulting from County contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability or increase to the net pension asset in 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	OPERS		
	Traditional		
	Plan	STRS	Total
Year Ending December 31:			
2023	(\$2,595,856)	\$18,691	(\$2,577,165)
			,
2024	(6,130,152)	476	(6,129,676)
2025	(4,100,027)	(23,144)	(4,123,171)
2026	(2,773,744)	145,661	(2,628,083)
Total	(\$15,599,779)	\$141,684	(\$15,458,095)

#### **Actuarial Assumptions - OPERS**

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and cost trends. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review or modification as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation. The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2021, using the following key actuarial assumptions and methods applied to all periods included in the measurement in accordance with the requirements of GASB 67. In 2021, the Board's actuarial consultants conducted an experience study for the period 2016 through 2020, comparing assumptions to actual results. The experience study incorporates both a historical review and forward-looking projections to determine the appropriate set of assumptions to keep the plan on a path toward full funding. Information from this study led to changes in both demographic and economic assumptions, with the most notable being a reduction in the actuarially assumed rate of return from 7.2 percent down to 6.9 percent, for the defined benefit investments. Key actuarial assumptions and methods used in the latest actuarial valuation, prepared as of December 31, 2021, reflecting experience study results, are presented below:

OPERS Traditional Plan	OPERS	Traditional Plan
------------------------	-------	------------------

Wage Inflation
Future Salary Increases,
including inflation
COLA or Ad Hoc COLA:
Pre-January 7, 2013 Retirees
Post-January 7, 2013 Retirees

Investment Rate of Return Actuarial Cost Method 2.75 percent 2.75 to 10.75 percent including wage inflation

3 percent, simple
3 percent, simple through 2022,
then 2.05 percent, simple
6.9 percent
Individual Entry Age

Key actuarial assumptions and methods used in the prior actuarial valuation, prepared as of December 31, 2020, are presented below:

OPERS Traditional Plan

Wage Inflation
Future Salary Increases,
including inflation
COLA or Ad Hoc COLA:
Pre-January 7, 2013 Retirees
Post-January 7, 2013 Retirees

Investment Rate of Return Actuarial Cost Method 3.25 percent 3.25 to 10.75 percent including wage inflation

3 percent, simple
0.5 percent, simple through 2021,
then 2.15 percent, simple
7.2 percent
Individual Entry Age

For 2021, pre-retirement mortality rates are based on 130 percent of the Pub-2010 General Employee Mortality tables (males and females) for State and Local Government divisions and 170 percent of the Pub-2010 Safety Employee Mortality tables (males and females) for the Public Safety and Law Enforcement

divisions. Post-retirement mortality rates are based on 115 percent of the PubG-2010 Retiree Mortality Tables (males and females) for all divisions. Post-retirement mortality rates for disabled retirees are based on the PubNS-2010 Disabled Retiree Mortality Tables (males and females) for all divisions. For all the previously described tables, the base year is 2010 and mortality rates for a particular calendar year are determined by applying the MP-2020 mortality improvement scales (males and females) to all these tables.

For 2020, pre-retirement mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Employees mortality table for males and females, adjusted for mortality improvement back to the observation period base year of 2006. The base year for males and females was then established to be 2015 and 2010, respectively. Post-retirement mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant mortality table for males and females, adjusted for mortality improvement back to the observation period base year of 2006. The base year for males and females was then established to be 2015 and 2010, respectively. Post-retirement mortality rates for disabled retirees are based on the RP-2014 Disabled mortality table for males and females, adjusted for mortality improvement back to the observation period base year of 2006. The base year for males and females was then established to be 2015 and 2010, respectively. Mortality rates for a particular calendar year are determined by applying the MP-2015 mortality improvement scale to all the above-described tables.

The most recent experience study was completed for the five-year period ended December 31, 2020.

During 2021, OPERS managed investments in three investment portfolios: the Defined Benefit portfolio, the Health Care portfolio, and the Defined Contribution portfolio. The Defined Benefit portfolio contains the investment assets for the Traditional Pension Plan, the defined benefit component of the Combined Plan and the annuitized accounts of the Member-Directed Plan. Within the Defined Benefit portfolio contributions into the plans are all recorded at the same time, and benefit payments all occur on the first of the month. Accordingly, the money-weighted rate of return is considered to be the same for all plans within the portfolio. The annual money-weighted rate of return expressing investment performance, net of investment expenses and adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested, for the Defined Benefit portfolio was 15.3 percent for 2021.

The allocation of investment assets with the Defined Benefit portfolio is approved by the Board of Trustees as outlined in the annual investment plan. Plan assets are managed on a total return basis with a long-term objective of achieving and maintaining a fully funded status for the benefits provided through the defined benefit pension plans. The long-term expected rate of return on defined benefit investment assets was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected real rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage, adjusted for inflation. Best estimates of geometric rates of return were provided by the Board's investment consultant. For each major class that is included in the Defined Benefit portfolio's target asset allocation as of December 31, 2021, these best estimates are summarized as follows:

A 4 Cl	Target	Weighted Average Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Asset Class	Allocation	(Geometric)
Fixed Income	24.00 %	1.03 %
Domestic Equities	21.00	3.78
Real Estate	11.00	3.66
Private Equity	12.00	7.43
International Equities	23.00	4.88
Risk Parity	5.00	2.92
Other investments	4.00	2.85
Total	100.00 %	4.21 %

**Discount Rate** The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability for the current year was 6.9 percent for the traditional plan and the combined plan. The discount rate for the prior year was 7.2 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members and those of the contributing employers are made at the contractually required rates, as actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefits payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments for the traditional pension plan, combined plan and member-directed plan was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the County's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) to Changes in the Discount Rate The following table presents the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 6.9 percent, as well as what the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one-percentage-point lower (5.9 percent) or one-percentage-point higher (7.9 percent) than the current rate:

	Current		
	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
	(5.90%)	(6.90%)	(7.90%)
County's proportionate share			
of the net pension liability (asset)			
OPERS Traditional Plan	\$38,649,435	\$14,659,126	(\$5,303,998)

#### Actuarial Assumptions - STRS

Key methods and assumptions used in the June 30, 2022, actuarial valuation are presented as follows:

	June 30, 2022
Inflation	2.50 percent
Salary increases	From 2.5 percent to 12.5 percent
	based on age
Investment Rate of Return	7.00 percent, net of investment
	expenses, including inflation
Discount Rate of Return	7.00 percent
Payroll Increases	3.00 percent
Cost-of-Living Adjustments (COLA)	0.0 percent, effective July 1, 2017

For 2022, post-retirement mortality rates are based on the Pub-2010 Teachers Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table, adjusted 110 percent for males, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2020. Pre-retirement mortality rates are based on Pub-2010 Teachers Employee Table adjusted 95 percent for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2020. Post-retirement disabled mortality rates are based on Pub-2010 Teachers Disable Annuitant Table projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2020.

For 2021, post-retirement disabled mortality rates are based on Pub-2010 Teachers Disable Annuitant Table projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2020.Post-retirement mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Annuitant Mortality Table with 50 percent of rates through age 69, 70 percent of rates between ages 70 and 79, 90 percent of rates between ages 80 and 84, and 100 percent of rates thereafter, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. Preretirement mortality rates are based on RP-2014 Employee Mortality Table, projected forward generationally using mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Table with 90 percent of rates for males and 100 percent of rates for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016.

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022, valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2015, through June 30, 2021. An actuarial experience study is done on a quinquennial basis.

STRS' investment consultant develops an estimate range for the investment return assumption based on the target allocation adopted by the Retirement Board. The target allocation and long-term expected rate of return for each major asset class are summarized as follows:

Asset Class	Target Allocation *	Long-Term Expected Rate of Return **
Domestic Equity	26.00%	6.60%
International Equity	22.00	6.80
Alternatives	19.00	7.38
Fixed Income	22.00	1.75
Real Estate	10.00	5.75
Liquidity Reserves	1.00	1.00
Total	100.00%	

<sup>\*</sup> Target allocation percentage is effective July 1, 2022. Target weights were phased in over a three-month period concluding on October 1, 2022

<sup>\*\* 10</sup> year annualized geometric nominal returns, which include the real rate of return and inflation of 2.25 percent and is net of investment expenses. Over a 30-year period, STRS' investment consultant indicates that the above target allocations should generate a return above the actuarial rate of return, without net value added by management.

**Discount Rate** The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00 percent as of June 30, 2022. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that member and employer contributions will be made at the statutory contribution rates in accordance with rate increases described above. For this purpose, only employer contributions that are intended to fund benefits of current plan members and their beneficiaries are included. Based on those assumptions, STRS' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members as of June 30, 2022. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.00 percent was applied to all periods of projected benefit payment to determine the total pension liability as of June 30, 2022.

Sensitivity of the County's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate The following table presents the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 7.00 percent, as well as what the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one-percentage-point lower (6.00 percent) or one-percentage-point higher (8.00 percent) than the current rate:

	Current			
	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase	
	(6.00%)	(7.00%)	(8.00%)	
County's proportionate share				
of the net pension liability	\$2,169,682	\$1,436,271	\$816,032	

#### **NOTE 15 - POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS**

See Note 14 for a description of the net OPEB liability (asset).

#### Plan Description - Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS)

Plan Description - The Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS) administers three separate pension plans: the traditional pension plan, a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan; the member-directed plan, a defined contribution plan; and the combined plan, a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that has elements of both a defined benefit and defined contribution plan.

OPERS maintains a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit post-employment health care trust, which funds multiple health care plans including medical coverage, prescription drug coverage and deposits to a Health Reimbursement Arrangement (HRA) to qualifying benefit recipients of both the traditional pension and the combined plans. Currently, Medicare-eligible retirees are able to select medical and prescription drug plans from a range of options and may elect optional vision and dental plans. Retirees and eligible dependents enrolled in Medicare Parts A and B have the option to enroll in a Medicare supplemental plan with the assistance of the OPERS Medicare Connector. The OPERS Medicare Connector is a relationship with a vendor selected by OPERS to assist retirees, spouses and dependents with selecting a medical and pharmacy plan. Monthly allowances, based on years of service and the age at which the retiree first enrolled in OPERS coverage, are deposited into an HRA. For non-Medicare retirees and eligible dependents, OPERS sponsors medical and prescription coverage through a professionally managed self-insured plan. An allowance to offset a portion of the monthly premium is offered to retirees and eligible dependents. The allowance is based on the retiree's years of service and age when they first enrolled in OPERS coverage.

OPERS provides a monthly allowance for health care coverage for eligible retirees and their eligible dependents. The base allowance is determined by OPERS. For those retiring on or after January 1, 2015, the allowance has been determined by applying a percentage to the base allowance. The percentage applied is based on years of qualifying service credit and age when the retiree first enrolled in OPERS health care. Monthly allowances range between 51 percent and 90 percent of the base allowance. Those who retired prior to January 1, 2015, will have an allowance of at least 75 percent of the base allowance.

The heath care trust is also used to fund health care for member-directed plan participants, in the form of a Retiree Medical Account (RMA). At retirement or separation, member directed plan participants may be eligible for reimbursement of qualified medical expenses from their vested RMA balance.

Effective January 1, 2022, OPERS discontinued the group plans currently offered to non-Medicare retirees and re-employed retirees. Instead, eligible non-Medicare retirees will select an individual medical plan. OPERS will provide a subsidy or allowance via an HRA allowance to those retirees who meet health care eligibility requirements. Retirees will be able to seek reimbursement for plan premiums and other qualified medical expenses.

In order to qualify for postemployment health care coverage, age and service retirees under the traditional pension and combined plans must have twenty or more years of qualifying Ohio service credit with a minimum age of 60. Members in Group A are eligible for coverage at any age with 30 or more years of qualifying service. Members in Group B are eligible at any age with 32 years of qualifying service, or at age 52 with 31 years of qualifying service. Members in Group C are eligible for coverage with 32 years of qualifying service and a minimum age of 55. Current retirees eligible (or who became eligible prior to January 1, 2022) to participate in the OPERS health care program will continue to be eligible after January 1, 2022. Eligibility requirements change for those retiring after January 1, 2022, with differing eligibility requirements for Medicare retirees and non-Medicare retirees. The health care coverage provided by OPERS meets the definition of an Other Post Employment Benefit (OPEB) as described in GASB Statement 75. See OPERS' Annual Comprehensive Financial Report referenced below for additional information.

The Ohio Revised Code permits, but does not require OPERS to provide health care to its eligible benefit recipients. Authority to establish and amend health care coverage is provided to the Board in Chapter 145 of the Ohio Revised Code.

Disclosures for the health care plan are presented separately in the OPERS financial report. Interested parties may obtain a copy by visiting <a href="https://www.opers.org/financial/reports.shtml">https://www.opers.org/financial/reports.shtml</a>, by writing to OPERS, 277 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-4642, or by calling (614) 222-5601 or 800-222-7377.

Funding Policy - The Ohio Revised Code provides the statutory authority allowing public employers to fund postemployment health care through their contributions to OPERS. When funding is approved by OPERS Board of Trustees, a portion of each employer's contribution to OPERS is set aside to fund OPERS health care plans. Beginning in 2018, OPERS no longer allocated a portion of its employer contributions to health care for the traditional plan and the combined plan.

Employer contribution rates are expressed as a percentage of the earnable salary of active members. In 2022, state and local employers contributed at a rate of 14.0 percent of earnable salary and public safety and law enforcement employers contributed at 18.1 percent. These are the maximum employer contribution rates permitted by the Ohio Revised Code. Active member contributions do not fund health care.

Each year, the OPERS Board determines the portion of the employer contribution rate that will be set aside to fund health care plans. For 2022, OPERS did not allocate any employer contribution to health care for members in the Traditional Pension Plan and Combined Plan. The OPERS Board is also authorized to establish rules for the retiree or their surviving beneficiaries to pay a portion of the health care provided. Payment amounts vary depending on the number of covered dependents and the coverage selected. The employer contribution as a percentage of covered payroll deposited into the RMA for participants in the member-directed plan for 2022 was 4.0 percent.

Employer contribution rates are actuarially determined and are expressed as a percentage of covered payroll. The County's contractually required contribution was \$21,235 for 2022. Of this amount, \$10,545 is reported as an intergovernmental payable.

#### Plan Description - State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)

Plan Description – The State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS) administers a cost-sharing Health Plan administered for eligible retirees who participated in the defined benefit or combined pension plans offered by STRS. Ohio law authorizes STRS to offer this plan. Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and partial reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. Health care premiums will be reduced by a Medicare Part B premium credit beginning in 2023. The Plan is included in the report of STRS which can be obtained by visiting <a href="https://www.strsoh.org">www.strsoh.org</a> or by calling (888) 227-7877.

Funding Policy – Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307 authorizes STRS to offer the Plan and gives the Retirement Board discretionary authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS. Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. All benefit recipients pay a portion of the health care costs in the form of a monthly premium. Under Ohio law, funding for post-employment health care may be deducted from employer contributions, currently 14 percent of covered payroll. For the year ended December 31, 2022, STRS did not allocate any employer contributions to post-employment health care.

## OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

The net OPEB asset and total OPEB liability for OPERS were determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2020, rolled forward to the measurement date of December 31, 2021, by incorporating the expected value of health care cost accruals, the actual health care payment, and interest accruals during the year. For STRS, the net OPEB liability (asset) was measured as of June 30, 2022, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability (asset) was determined by an independent actuarial valuation as of that date. The County's proportion of the net OPEB liability (asset) was based on the County's share of contributions to the respective retirement systems relative to the contributions of all participating entities. Following is information related to the proportionate share and OPEB expense:

	OPERS	STRS	Total
Proportion of the Net OPEB Asset			
Prior Measurement Date	0.16522464%	0.00558500%	
Current Measurement Date	0.16208928%	0.00646092%	
Change in Proportionate Share	-0.00313536%	0.00087592%	
Proportionate Share of the			
Net OPEB Asset	\$5,076,882	\$167,294	\$5,244,176
OPEB Expense	(4,378,122)	(31,614)	(4,409,736)

At December 31, 2022, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

Deferred Outflows of Resources  Differences between expected and actual experience \$0 \$0 \$2,425 \$2,425  Changes of assumptions \$0 7,126 7,126  Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments \$0 2,912 2,912  Changes in proportionate Share and difference between County contributions and proportionate share of contributions \$56,410 795 57,205  County contributions subsequent to the measurement date \$21,235 \$0 21,235  Total Deferred Outflows of Resources \$77,645 \$13,258 \$90,903  Deferred Inflows of Resources  Differences between expected and actual experience \$770,086 \$25,125 \$795,211  Changes of assumptions \$2,055,065 \$118,628 2,173,693  Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments \$2,420,300 \$0 2,420,300  Changes in Proportionate Share and Difference between County contributions and proportionate share of contributions \$52,752 \$4,073 56,825		OPERS	STRS	Total
actual experience \$0 \$2,425 \$2,425 Changes of assumptions \$0 7,126 7,126 Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments \$0 2,912 2,912 Changes in proportionate Share and difference between County contributions and proportionate share of contributions \$56,410 795 57,205 County contributions subsequent to the measurement date \$21,235 \$0 21,235 Total Deferred Outflows of Resources \$77,645 \$13,258 \$90,903 Deferred Inflows of Resources  Differences between expected and actual experience \$770,086 \$25,125 \$795,211 Changes of assumptions \$2,055,065 118,628 2,173,693 Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments \$2,420,300 \$0 2,420,300 Changes in Proportionate Share and Difference between County contributions	Deferred Outflows of Resources			·
Changes of assumptions  Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments  Changes in proportionate Share and difference between County contributions and proportionate share of contributions  Sound proportionate share of contributions and proportionate share of contributions  County contributions subsequent to the measurement date  Total Deferred Outflows of Resources  Differences between expected and actual experience  Changes of assumptions  Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments  Changes in Proportionate Share and Difference between County contributions	Differences between expected and			
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments  Changes in proportionate Share and difference between County contributions and proportionate share of contributions  Sounty contributions subsequent to the measurement date  Total Deferred Outflows of Resources  Deferred Inflows of Resources  Differences between expected and actual experience  Changes of assumptions  Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments  Changes in Proportionate Share and Difference between County contributions	actual experience	\$0	\$2,425	\$2,425
actual earnings on OPEB plan investments  Changes in proportionate Share and difference between County contributions and proportionate share of contributions  Sounty contributions subsequent to the measurement date  Total Deferred Outflows of Resources  Differences between expected and actual experience  Changes of assumptions  Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments  Changes in Proportionate Share and Difference between County contributions	Changes of assumptions	0	7,126	7,126
Changes in proportionate Share and difference between County contributions and proportionate share of contributions 56,410 795 57,205  County contributions subsequent to the measurement date 21,235 0 21,235  Total Deferred Outflows of Resources \$77,645 \$13,258 \$90,903  Deferred Inflows of Resources  Differences between expected and actual experience \$770,086 \$25,125 \$795,211  Changes of assumptions 2,055,065 118,628 2,173,693  Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments 2,420,300 0 2,420,300  Changes in Proportionate Share and Difference between County contributions	Net difference between projected and			
difference between County contributions and proportionate share of contributions 56,410 795 57,205  County contributions subsequent to the measurement date 21,235 0 21,235  Total Deferred Outflows of Resources \$77,645 \$13,258 \$90,903  Deferred Inflows of Resources  Differences between expected and actual experience \$770,086 \$25,125 \$795,211  Changes of assumptions 2,055,065 118,628 2,173,693  Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments 2,420,300 0 2,420,300  Changes in Proportionate Share and Difference between County contributions	actual earnings on OPEB plan investments	0	2,912	2,912
and proportionate share of contributions  County contributions subsequent to the measurement date  Total Deferred Outflows of Resources  Deferred Inflows of Resources  Differences between expected and actual experience  Changes of assumptions  Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments  Changes in Proportionate Share and  Difference between County contributions  56,410  795  57,205  57,205  6  21,235  0  21,235  \$90,903  \$90,903  \$25,125  \$795,211  \$2,055,065  \$118,628  \$2,173,693  \$12,000  \$2,420,300  \$2,420,300	Changes in proportionate Share and			
County contributions subsequent to the measurement date 21,235 0 21,235  Total Deferred Outflows of Resources \$77,645 \$13,258 \$90,903  Deferred Inflows of Resources  Differences between expected and actual experience \$770,086 \$25,125 \$795,211  Changes of assumptions 2,055,065 118,628 2,173,693  Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments 2,420,300 0 2,420,300  Changes in Proportionate Share and Difference between County contributions	difference between County contributions			
measurement date 21,235 0 21,235  Total Deferred Outflows of Resources \$77,645 \$13,258 \$90,903  Deferred Inflows of Resources  Differences between expected and actual experience \$770,086 \$25,125 \$795,211  Changes of assumptions 2,055,065 118,628 2,173,693  Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments 2,420,300 0 2,420,300  Changes in Proportionate Share and Difference between County contributions	and proportionate share of contributions	56,410	795	57,205
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources \$77,645 \$13,258 \$90,903  Deferred Inflows of Resources  Differences between expected and actual experience \$770,086 \$25,125 \$795,211  Changes of assumptions 2,055,065 118,628 2,173,693  Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments 2,420,300 0 2,420,300  Changes in Proportionate Share and Difference between County contributions	County contributions subsequent to the			
Deferred Inflows of Resources  Differences between expected and actual experience \$770,086 \$25,125 \$795,211  Changes of assumptions 2,055,065 118,628 2,173,693  Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments 2,420,300 0 2,420,300  Changes in Proportionate Share and Difference between County contributions	measurement date	21,235	0	21,235
Deferred Inflows of Resources  Differences between expected and actual experience \$770,086 \$25,125 \$795,211  Changes of assumptions 2,055,065 118,628 2,173,693  Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments 2,420,300 0 2,420,300  Changes in Proportionate Share and Difference between County contributions	Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$77,645	\$13,258	\$90,903
Differences between expected and actual experience \$770,086 \$25,125 \$795,211 Changes of assumptions 2,055,065 118,628 2,173,693 Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments 2,420,300 0 2,420,300 Changes in Proportionate Share and Difference between County contributions				
actual experience \$770,086 \$25,125 \$795,211 Changes of assumptions 2,055,065 118,628 2,173,693 Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments 2,420,300 0 2,420,300 Changes in Proportionate Share and Difference between County contributions	Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Changes of assumptions 2,055,065 118,628 2,173,693  Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments 2,420,300 0 2,420,300  Changes in Proportionate Share and Difference between County contributions	Differences between expected and			
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments 2,420,300 0 2,420,300 Changes in Proportionate Share and Difference between County contributions	actual experience	\$770,086	\$25,125	\$795,211
actual earnings on OPEB plan investments 2,420,300 0 2,420,300 Changes in Proportionate Share and Difference between County contributions	Changes of assumptions	2,055,065	118,628	2,173,693
Changes in Proportionate Share and Difference between County contributions	Net difference between projected and			
Difference between County contributions	actual earnings on OPEB plan investments	2,420,300	0	2,420,300
·	Changes in Proportionate Share and			
and proportionate share of contributions 52,752 4,073 56,825	Difference between County contributions			
	and proportionate share of contributions	52,752	4,073	56,825
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources \$5,298,203 \$147,826 \$5,446,029	Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$5,298,203	\$147,826	\$5,446,029

\$21,235 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from County contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as an increase to the net OPEB asset in the year ending December 31, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30:	<u>OPERS</u>	STRS	Total
8			
2023	(\$3,222,215)	(\$39,836)	(\$3,262,051)
2024	(1,143,162)	(39,251)	(1,182,413)
2025	(528,823)	(17,885)	(546,708)
2026	(347,593)	(7,673)	(355,266)
2027	0	(9,923)	(9,923)
Thereafter	0	(20,000)	(20,000)
Total	(\$5,241,793)	(\$134,568)	(\$5,376,361)

#### **Actuarial Assumptions - OPERS**

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and cost trends. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review or modification as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of health care costs for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of coverage provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of costs between OPERS and plan members. In 2021, the Board's actuarial consultants conducted an experience study for the period 2016 through 2020, comparing historical assumptions to actual results. The experience study incorporates both a historical review and forward-looking projections to determine the appropriate set of assumptions to keep the plan on a path toward full funding. Information from this study led to changes in both demographic and economic assumptions. The actuarial valuation used for 2021 compared to those used for 2020 are as follows:

	December 31, 2021	December 31, 2020
Wage Inflation	2.75 percent	3.25 percent
Projected Salary Increases	2.75 to 10.75 percent	3.25 to 10.75 percent
	including wage inflation	including wage inflation
Single Discount Rate	6.00 percent	6.00 percent
Investment Rate of Return	6.00 percent	6.00 percent
Municipal Bond Rate	1.84 percent	2.00 percent
Health Care Cost Trend Rate	5.5 percent, initial	8.5 percent, initial
Actuarial Cost Method	3.50 percent, ultimate in 2034 Individual Entry Age	3.50 percent, ultimate in 2035 Individual Entry Age

For 2021, pre-retirement mortality rates are based on 130 percent of the Pub-2010 General Employee Mortality tables (males and females) for State and Local Government divisions and 170 percent of the Pub-2010 Safety Employee Mortality tables (males and females) for the Public Safety and Law Enforcement divisions. Post-retirement mortality rates are based on 115 percent of the PubG-2010 Retiree Mortality Tables (males and females) for all divisions. Post-retirement mortality rates for disabled retirees are based on the PubNS-2010 Disabled Retiree Mortality Tables (males and females) for all divisions. For all the previously described tables, the base year is 2010 and mortality rates for a particular calendar year are determined by applying the MP-2020 mortality improvement scales (males and females) to all these tables.

For 2020, pre-retirement mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Employees mortality table for males and females, adjusted for mortality improvement back to the observation period base year of 2006. The base year for males and females was then established to be 2015 and 2010, respectively. Post-retirement mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant mortality table for males and females, adjusted for mortality improvement back to the observation period base year of 2006. The base year for males and females was then established to be 2015 and 2010, respectively. Post-retirement mortality rates for disabled retirees are based on the RP-2014 Disabled mortality table for males and females, adjusted for mortality improvement back to the observation period base year of 2006. The base year for males and females was then established to be 2015 and 2010, respectively. Mortality rates for a particular calendar year are determined by applying the MP-2015 mortality improvement scale to all the above-described tables.

The most recent experience study was completed for the five-year period ended December 31, 2020.

During 2021, OPERS managed investments in three investment portfolios: the Defined Benefit portfolio, the Health Care portfolio and the Defined Contribution portfolio. The Health Care portfolio includes the assets for health care expenses for the Traditional Pension Plan, Combined Plan and Member-Directed Plan eligible members. Within the Health Care portfolio, if any contributions are made into the plans, the contributions are assumed to be received continuously throughout the year based on the actual payroll payable at the time contributions are made. Health care-related payments are assumed to occur mid-year. Accordingly, the money-weighted rate of return is considered to be the same for all plans within the portfolio. The annual money-weighted rate of return expressing investment performance, net of investment expenses and adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested, for the Health Care portfolio was 14.3 percent for 2021.

The allocation of investment assets within the Health Care portfolio is approved by the Board of Trustees as outlined in the annual investment plan. Assets are managed on a total return basis with a long-term objective of continuing to offer a sustainable health care program for current and future retirees. OPERS' primary goal is to achieve and maintain a fully funded status for the benefits provided through the defined pension plans. Health care is a discretionary benefit. The long-term expected rate of return on health care investment assets was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future rates of return are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage, adjusted for inflation. Best estimates of geometric rates of return were provided by the Board's investment consultant. For each major asset class that is included in the Health Care's portfolio's target asset allocation as of December 31, 2021, these best estimates are summarized in the following table:

		Weighted Average
		Long-Term Expected
	Target	Real Rate of Return
Asset Class	Allocation	(Geometric)
Fixed Income	34.00%	0.91%
Domestic Equities	25.00	3.78
Real Estate Investment Trust	7.00	3.71
International Equities	25.00	4.88
Risk Parity	2.00	2.92
Other investments	7.00	1.93
Total	100.00%	3.45%

Discount Rate A single discount rate of 6.0 percent was used to measure the OPEB liability on the measurement date of December 31, 2021. Projected benefit payments are required to be discounted to their actuarial present value using a single discount rate that reflects (1) a long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments (to the extent that the health care fiduciary net position is projected to be sufficient to pay benefits), and (2) tax-exempt municipal bond rate based on an index of 20-year general obligation bonds with an average AA credit rating as of the measurement date (to the extent that the contributions for use with the long-term expected rate are not met). This single discount rate was based on an expected rate of return on the health care investment portfolio of 6.00 percent and a municipal bond rate of 1.84 percent (Fidelity Index's "20-Year Municipal GO AA Index"). The projection of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate assumed that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rate. Based on these assumptions, the health care fiduciary net position and future contributions were sufficient to finance health care costs through 2121. As a result, the actuarial assumed long-term expected rate of return on health care investments was applied to projected costs through the year 2121, the duration of the projection period through which projected health care payments are fully funded.

Sensitivity of the County's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Asset to Changes in the Discount Rate. The following table presents the County's proportionate share of the net OPEB asset calculated using the single discount rate of 6.00 percent, as well as what the County's proportionate share of the net OPEB asset would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one-percentage-point lower (5.00 percent) or one-percentage-point higher (7.00 percent) than the current rate:

	Current			
	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase	
	(5.00%)	(6.00%)	(7.00%)	
County's proportionate share				
of the net OPEB asset	\$2,985,685	\$5,076,882	\$6,812,612	

Sensitivity of the County's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Asset to Changes in the Health Care Cost Trend Rate Changes in the health care cost trend rate may also have a significant impact on the net OPEB asset. The following table presents the net OPEB asset calculated using the assumed trend rates, and the expected net OPEB asset if it were calculated using a health care cost trend rate that is 1.0 percent lower or 1.0 percent higher than the current rate.

Retiree health care valuations use a health care cost-trend assumption that changes over several years built into the assumption. The near-term rates reflect increases in the current cost of health care; the trend starting in 2022 is 5.50 percent. If this trend continues for future years, the projection indicates that years from now virtually all expenditures will be for health care. A more reasonable alternative is the health plan cost trend will decrease to a level at, or near, wage inflation. On this basis, the actuaries project premium rate increases will continue to exceed wage inflation for approximately the next decade, but by less each year, until leveling off at an ultimate rate, assumed to be 3.50 percent in the most recent valuation.

		Current Health Care	
		Cost Trend Rate	
	1% Decrease	Assumption	1% Increase
County's proportionate share			
of the net OPEB asset	\$5,131,747	\$5,076,882	\$5,011,801

#### Actuarial Assumptions – STRS

Key methods and assumptions used in the June 30, 2022, actuarial valuation are presented below:

	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021
Projected salary increases	Varies by service from 2.5 percent to 8.5 percent	Varies by age from 2.5 percent to 12.50 percent
Investment Rate of Return	7.00 percent, net of investment expenses, including inflation	7.00 percent, net of investment expenses, including inflation
Payroll Increases	3 percent	3 percent
Discount Rate of Return	7.00 percent	7.00 percent
Health Care Cost Trends		
Medical		
Pre-Medicare	7.50 percent initial	5.00 percent initial
	3.94 percent ultimate	4 percent ultimate
Medicare	-68.78 percent initial	-16.18 percent initial
	3.94 percent ultimate	4 percent ultimate
Prescription Drug		
Pre-Medicare	9.00 percent initial	6.50 percent initial
	3.94 percent ultimate	4 percent ultimate
Medicare	-5.47 percent initial	29.98 percent initial
	3.94 percent ultimate	4 percent ultimate

Projections of benefits include the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and retired plan members.

For 2022, healthy retirees post-retirement mortality rates are based on the Pub-2010 Teachers Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table, adjusted 110 percent for males, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2020; pre-retirement mortality rates are based on Pub-2010 Teachers Employee Table adjusted 95 percent for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2020. For disabled retirees, mortality rates are based on the Pub-2010 Teachers Disabled Annuitant Table projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2020.

For 2021, healthy retirees the mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Annuitant Mortality Table with 50 percent of rates through age 69, 70 percent of rates between ages 70 and 79, 90 percent of rates between ages 80 and 84, and 100 percent of rates thereafter, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. For disabled retirees, mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Table with 90 percent of rates for males and 100 percent of rates for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016.

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022, valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2015 through June 30, 2021. An actuarial experience study is done on a quinquennial basis.

The STRS health care plan follows the same asset allocation and long-term expected real rate of return for each major asset class as the pension plan, see Note 14.

**Discount Rate** The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 7.00 percent as of June 30, 2022. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed STRS continues to allocate no employer contributions to the health care fund. Based on these assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members as of June 30, 2022. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on health care plan investments of 7.00 percent was applied to all periods of projected health care costs to determine the total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2022.

Sensitivity of the County's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Asset to Changes in the Discount and Health Care Cost Trend Rate The following table represents the net OPEB asset as of June 30, 2022, calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 7.00 percent, as well as what the net OPEB asset would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00 percent) or one percentage point higher (8.00 percent) than the current assumption. Also shown is the net OPEB asset as if it were calculated using health care cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current health care cost trend rates.

		Current	
	1% Decrease (6.00%)	Discount Rate (7.00%)	1% Increase (8.00%)
County's proportionate share of the net OPEB asset	\$154,660	\$167,294	\$178,118
		Current	
	1% Decrease	Trend Rate	1% Increase
County's proportionate share	***	4.7-4.	***
of the net OPEB asset	\$173,525	\$167,294	\$159,430

#### **NOTE 16 - OTHER EMPLOYEE BENEFITS**

#### Compensated Absences

County employees earn vacation and sick leave at varying rates depending on length of service and department policy. All accumulated, unused vacation time is paid upon separation if the employee has acquired at least one year of service with the County. Accumulated, unused sick leave and compensatory time is paid upon retirement at varying rates depending on length of service and department policy.

## Life Insurance

The County also pays the premiums for employee life insurance, which is contracted through American United Life / One America.

## NOTE 17 - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

Changes in the County's long-term liabilities during 2022 are presented as follows:

	Restated				
	Outstanding			Outstanding	Due Within
	12/31/2021	Additions	Reductions	12/31/2022	One Year
<b>Governmental Activities:</b>					
General Obligation Bonds from					
Direct Placements					
911 Radio System Upgrade - 2012					
\$3,525,000 Term @ 1.95%	\$384,000	\$0	\$384,000	\$0	\$0
Various Purpose - 2013					
\$1,500,000 Term @ 2.80%	150,000	0	150,000	0	0
Facilities Construction/					
Improvement - 2014					
\$2,000,000 Term @ 3.52%	600,000	0	200,000	400,000	200,000
Various Purpose - 2016					
\$3,850,000 Term @ 2.30%	2,566,665	0	256,667	2,309,998	256,667
Various Purpose - 2017					
\$3,000,000 Term @ 3.00%	1,905,000	0	295,000	1,610,000	305,000
Various Purpose Refunding - 2021 A					
Jail Construction Refunding					
\$2,970,800 Term @ 1.510%	2,970,800	0	208,500	2,762,300	206,900
Total General Obligation Bonds	8,576,465	0	1,494,167	7,082,298	968,567
OAQDA Loans from Direct Borrowing					
2012, \$1,379,295 @ 2.47% - 4.40%	586,106	0	94,510	491,596	95,758
2012, \$1,577,275 @ 2.4770 - 4.4070	300,100		74,510	471,370	
Leases	61,429	97,200	48,160	110,469	62,520
Other Land Town Obligations					
Other Long-Term Obligations	16 442	0	15 757	(0)	(0)
Workers' Compensation Claims Payable	16,443	0	15,757	686	686
Compensated Absences	3,491,519	1,901,195	1,823,356	3,569,358	1,372,853
Net Pension Liability	25,107,516	0	9,649,473	15,458,043	0
Total Other Long-Term Obligations	28,615,478	1,901,195	11,488,586	19,028,087	1,373,539
Total Governmental Activities	\$37,839,478	\$1,998,395	\$13,125,423	\$26,712,450	\$2,500,384

	Outstanding 12/31/2021	Additions	Reductions	Outstanding 12/31/2022	Due Within One Year
Business Type Activities: General Obligation Bonds from					
Direct Placements					
Various Purpose Refunding - 2021A					
Sewer - \$1,025,500 @ 1.510%	\$944,000	\$0	\$65,900	\$878,100	\$70,800
Various Purpose Refunding - 2021A					
Sewer Special Assessment - \$1,025,500 @ 1.510%	81,500	0	27,400	54,100	27,200
Various Purpose Refunding - 2021A					
Water - \$885,800 @ 1.510%	885,800	0	109,800	776,000	103,500
Various Purpose Refunding - 2021B					
Sewer - \$799,200 @ 2.150%	799,200	0	36,400	762,800	36,100
Total General Obligation Bonds	2,710,500	0	239,500	2,471,000	237,600
Revenue Bonds from Direct Placement					
Wastewater Treatment Bonds					
Crestview Project - 2012					
Series A Serial \$5,000,000 @ 2.75%	4,421,000	0	92,000	4,329,000	95,000
Series B Serial \$884,000 @ 2.75%	782,000	0	16,000	766,000	17,000
Amsterdam Sewer 2020 - \$2,894,000 @ 1.625%	2,894,000	0	54,000	2,840,000	55,000
Smithfield Sewer 2022 - \$3,367,000 @ 1.50%	2,854,000	3,367,000	0	3,367,000	0
Total Revenue Bonds from Direct Placement	8,097,000	3,367,000	162,000	11,302,000	167,000
		- / /	- )		
OPWC Loans from Direct Borrowings					
Barbers Hollow Sewer Treatment Plant					
Improvement - 2006, \$300,000 @ 0%	82,355	0	11,766	70,589	11,766
Smithfield Water Tank - 2020, \$613,250 @ 0%	297,588	0	15,662	281,926	15,662
SR 43 Waterline Repair - 2022, \$17,300 @ 0%	0	17,300	0	17,300	577
Total OPWC Loans from Direct Borrowings	379,943	17,300	27,428	369,815	28,005
Ohio EPA Loans from Direct Borrowing	220.022	0	20.074	200 540	20.054
Pottery Sanitary Sewer, 2012, \$1,396,196 @ 0%	330,822	0	30,074	300,748	30,074
Rush Run Waterline, 2008, \$500,000 @ 0%	283,332	0	16,667	266,665	16,667
Rush Run Waterline, 2008, \$455,685 @ 2.0%	180,467	0	24,268	156,199	24,755
Brilliant Booster Station, 2013, \$3,908,090 @ 1.94%	1,919,549	0	150,521	1,769,028	153,455
Bradley Road Waterline, 2014, \$858,053 @ 2.0% Toronto Waterline Connector, 2004,	667,424	0	23,111	644,313	23,576
	1,647,776	0	451,409	1 106 267	166 659
\$7,888,745 @ 3.35% Smithfield WaterTank, 2020, \$341,132 @ 0%	231,497	0	11,371	1,196,367 220,126	466,658 11,371
Amsterdam Sanitary Sewer, 2020, \$5,419,564 @ 0%	4,259,206	139,048	147,970	4,250,284	147,970
Reeds Mill Sewer Pump Station, 2021,	4,239,200	139,046	147,970	4,230,264	147,970
\$1,686,689 @ 0.53%	0	177,105	41,239	135,866	77,995
Ridgeland Sewage Treatment Plant, 2022,	U	177,103	41,237	133,000	11,555
\$1,548,718 @ 0.61%	0	545,856	50,000	495,856	35,288
Total Ohio EPA Loans from Direct Borrowing	9,520,073	862,009	946,630	9,435,452	987,809
			2 10,000		
Other Long-Term Obligations					
Compensated Absences	127,183	38,634	72,386	93,431	77,170
Asset Retirement Obligations	2,004,380	111,055	0	2,115,435	0
Net Pension Liability	1,108,792	0	471,438	637,354	0
Total Other Long-Term Liabilities	3,240,355	149,689	543,824	2,846,220	77,170
Total Business Type Activities	\$23,947,871	\$4,395,998	\$1,919,382	\$26,424,487	\$1,497,584

#### **Governmental Activities**

**2012** (911) Emergency Response System Bonds — On December 19, 2012, Jefferson County issued \$3,525,000 of general obligation term bonds. The bonds were issued to pay the costs of system upgrades for the 911 system. The bonds were issued at par value with an interest rate of 1.95 percent. The bonds will be repaid through the debt service fund from tax revenues. The bonds are not subject to redemption prior to maturity.

The bonds were subject to mandatory sinking fund redemption at a redemption price of 100 percent of the principal amount to be redeemed, plus accrued interest to the date of redemption, with the final maturity of December 1, 2022. The 2012 (911) Emergency Response System Bonds have been fully retired as of December 31, 2022.

2013 Various Purpose Bonds - On May 7, 2013, Jefferson County issued \$1,500,000 of fully taxable general obligation term bonds. The bonds were issued for the purpose of acquiring a building and parking lots as well as to pay the costs of constructing a runway extension for the airpark. The bonds were issued at par value with an interest rate of 2.80%. The bonds will be repaid through the debt service fund from tax revenues. The bonds are not subject to optional redemption prior to maturity.

The bonds were subject to mandatory sinking fund redemption at a redemption price of 100 percent of the principal amount to be redeemed, plus accrued interest to the date of redemption, with the final maturity of December 1, 2022. The 2013 Various Purpose Bonds have been fully retired as of December 31, 2022.

**2014 Facilities Construction and Improvement Bonds** — On July 30, 2014, Jefferson County issued \$2,000,000 of federally taxable general obligation term bonds. The bonds were issued to pay the costs of constructing, improving and renovating county facilities including the towers building, demolishing the courthouse annex building and converting to a parking lot and replacing a boiler at the justice facility. The bonds were issued at par value with an interest rate of 3.52 percent. The bonds will be repaid through the debt service fund from tax revenues.

The bonds are subject to mandatory sinking fund redemption at a redemption price of 100 percent of the principal amount to be redeemed, plus accrued interest to the date of redemption, on July 1 of the years and in the respective principal amounts as follows:

Date	_	Principal Amount to be Redeemed
2015	_	\$200,000
2016		200,000
2017		200,000
2018		200,000
2019		200,000
2020		200,000
2021		200,000
2022		200,000
2023		200,000
2024	*	200,000
* Maturia		\$2,000,000

\* Maturity

Principal and interest requirements to retire the 2014 Facilities Construction and Improvement Bonds outstanding at December 31, 2022, are as follows:

	Term Bonds			
Year Ending				
December 31	Principal	Interest		
2023	\$200,000	\$10,560		
2024	200,000	3,520		
Totals	\$400,000	\$14,080		

2016 Various Purpose Bonds – On February 22, 2016, Jefferson County issued \$3,850,000 of federally taxable general obligation term bonds. The bonds were issued to pay the costs of acquiring and constructing upgrades and improvements including bridge replacements, slip repair projects, a guardrail replacement project, and building and grounds repair and replacement projects. The bonds were issued at par value with an interest rate of 2.3 percent. The bonds will be repaid through the debt service fund from tax revenues. As of December 31, 2022, \$2,084 of the bond proceeds remain unspent. The bonds are not subject to redemption prior to maturity.

The bonds are subject to mandatory sinking fund redemption at a redemption price of 100 percent of the principal amount to be redeemed, plus accrued interest to the date of redemption, on February 15 of the years and in the respective principal amounts as follows:

Date	_	Principal Amount to be Redeemed
2017		\$256,667
2018		256,667
2019		256,667
2020		256,667
2021		256,667
2022		256,667
2023		256,667
2024		256,667
2025		256,667
2026		256,667
2027		256,667
2028		256,667
2029		256,667
2030		256,667
2031	*	256,662
		\$3,850,000

<sup>\*</sup> Maturity

Principal and interest requirements to retire the 2016 Various Purpose Bonds outstanding at December 31, 2022, are as follows:

	Term Bonds			
Year Ending December 31	Principal	Interest		
2023	\$256,667	\$50,178		
2024	256,667	44,275		
2025	256,667	38,372		
2026	256,667	32,468		
2027	256,667	26,565		
2028-2031	1,026,663	47,227		
Totals	\$2,309,998	\$239,085		

2017 Various Purpose Bonds – On September 22, 2017 Jefferson County issued \$3,000,000 of federally taxable general obligation term bonds. The bonds were issued to pay the costs of acquiring, constructing and providing upgrades and improvements to various County buildings and facilities. The bonds were issued at par value with an interest rate of 3 percent. The bonds will be repaid through the debt service fund from tax revenues.

The bonds are subject to mandatory sinking fund redemption at a redemption price of 100 percent of the principal amount to be redeemed, plus accrued interest to the date of redemption, on October 1 of the years and in the respective principal amounts as follows:

		Principal Amount		
Date	_	to be Redeemed		
2018		\$260,000		
2019		270,000		
2020		280,000		
2021		285,000		
2022		295,000		
2023		305,000		
2024		310,000		
2025		320,000		
2026		330,000		
2027	*	345,000		
		\$3,000,000		

<sup>\*</sup> Maturity

Principal and interest requirements to retire the 2017 Various Purpose Bonds outstanding at December 31, 2022, are as follows:

	Term Bonds		
Year Ending December 31	Principal	Interest	
2023	\$305,000	\$48,300	
2024	310,000	39,150	
2025	320,000	29,850	
2026	330,000	20,250	
2027	345,000	10,350	
Totals	\$1,610,000	\$147,900	

2021 Various Purpose Refunding Bonds – On December 1, 2021 the County issued \$5,681,300 of general obligation term bonds. These various purpose bonds were issued to partially refund the 2010 Various Purpose Bonds and the 2012 Various Purpose Refunding Bonds, as well as pay the costs of issuance of these bonds for governmental and business type activities in the amounts of \$2,970,800 and \$2,710,500, respectively. The reacquisition price exceeded the net carrying amount of the old debt by \$47,101 (\$32,502 for governmental activities and \$14,599 for business-type activities). This amount is being netted against the new debt and amortized over the remaining life of the refunding debt. The bonds will be repaid through the debt service fund from tax revenues.

The 2021 refunding bonds are subject to mandatory sinking fund redemption at a redemption price of 100 percent of the principal amount to be redeemed, plus accrued interest to the date of redemption, on December 1 of the years and in the respective principal amounts as follows:

		Principal Amount
Date	_	to be Redeemed
2022		\$448,000
2023		444,500
2024		455,500
2025		435,800
2026		435,300
2027		454,400
2028		448,200
2029		466,300
2030		353,400
2031		352,000
2032		360,000
2033		372,600
2034		368,900
2035		43,300
2036		47,200
2037		46,000
2038		49,700
2039		48,300
2040	*	51,900
		\$5,681,300

<sup>\*</sup> Maturity

Principal and interest requirements to retire the governmental portion of the 2021 Various Purpose Refunding Bonds outstanding at December 31, 2022, are as follows:

	Term Bonds			
Year Ending	Duin ain al	Intonest		
December 31	Principal	Interest		
2023	\$206,900	\$34,199		
2024	215,200	31,451		
2025	218,800	30,063		
2026	221,100	27,054		
2027	228,100	23,604		
2028-2032	1,177,700	81,261		
2033-2034	494,500	11,177		
Totals	\$2,762,300	\$238,809		

The County's outstanding general obligation bonds from direct borrowings and direct placements related to governmental activities of \$7,082,298 contain no provisions related to events of default with finance-related consequences; termination events with finance-related consequences; or subjective acceleration clauses.

Ohio Air Quality Development Authority Loan — On June 28, 2012, the County entered into a loan agreement with the Ohio Air Quality Development Authority in the amount of \$1,379,295 for energy conservation measures for various departments within Jefferson County. As part of the loan program, the County issued a portion of the loan, Series A, as tax exempt in the amount of \$721,255 (which were retired in 2021), and a portion of the loan, Series B, as taxable in the amount of \$658,040, which qualified Jefferson County to receive a federal interest subsidy. During 2013, the County applied for the subsidy as reported, but received reduced reimbursements. The County has received no updated schedule of interest rate subsidy. The bonds will be repaid through the debt service fund from tax revenues.

Principal and interest requirements to retire the OAQDA Loan are as follows:

	Series B				
		Taxal	ole		
Year Ending			Interest	Net	
December 31	Principal	Interest	Subsidy	Interest	
2023	\$95,758	\$21,630	(\$15,141)	\$6,489	
2024	97,022	17,417	(12,191)	5,226	
2025	98,302	13,148	(9,203)	3,945	
2026	99,600	8,823	(6,175)	2,648	
2027	100,914	4,440	(3,108)	1,332	
Totals	\$491,596	\$65,458	(\$45,818)	\$19,640	

The County's outstanding Ohio Air Quality Development Authority Loan from direct borrowings and direct placements related to governmental activities of \$491,596 contain a provision that in an event of default, outstanding amounts become immediately due if the County is unable to make payment.

#### Leases

The County has outstanding agreements to lease office space and buildings. Due to the implementation of GASB Statement 87, these leases plus existing prior year capital leases have met the criteria of leases thus requiring them to be recorded by the County. The future lease payments were discounted based on the interest rate implicit in the lease or using the County's incremental borrowing rate. This discount is being amortized using the interest method over the life of the lease. Leases are being repaid from the General Fund. A summary of the principal and interest amounts for the remaining leases is as follows:

Year	Principal	Interest
2023	\$62,520	\$1,780
2024	33,533	767
2025	14,416	84
	\$110,469	\$2,631

#### Other Long-Term Liabilities

*Workers' Compensation Claims Payable* – The County has a liability for workers' compensation as part of the State Workers Compensation retrospective rating and payment program. The County will pay the claims payable from the residual balance of the internal service fund.

Compensated Absences – The County will pay compensated absences from the General Fund, Miscellaneous Local, Child Support Enforcement Agency, County Airpark, Public Assistance, Motor Vehicle and Gasoline Tax, Mental Health, Court/Corrections, Permissive Sheriff, Children Services, Department of Developmental Disabilities and Jail Operating Levy Special Revenue Funds, and the Sewer and Water Enterprise Funds.

*Net Pension Liability* - There are no repayment schedules for the net pension liability. However, employer contributions are made from the General fund, Miscellaneous Local, Child Support Enforcement Agency, County Airpark, Public Assistance, Motor Vehicle and Gasoline Tax, Mental Health, Court/Corrections, Permissive Sheriff, Children Services, Department of Developmental Disabilities and Jail Operating Levy special revenue funds, and the Sewer and Water enterprise funds. For additional information related to the net pension and net OPEB liabilities (assets), see Notes 14 and 15.

#### **Business Type Activities**

2021 Various Purpose Refunding Bonds – On December 1, 2021 the County issued \$5,681,300 of general obligation term bonds. These various purpose bonds were issued to partially refund the 2010 Various Purpose Bonds and the 2012 Various Purpose Refunding Bonds, as well as pay the costs of issuance of these bonds for governmental and business type activities in the amounts of \$2,970,800 and \$2,710,500, respectively. The reacquisition price exceeded the net carrying amount of the old debt by \$47,101 (\$32,502 for governmental activities and \$14,599 for business-type activities). This amount is being netted against the new debt and amortized over the remaining life of the refunding debt.

The Term Bonds for this issue are subject to mandatory sinking fund redemption; see the tables presented previously in the governmental activities section of the note.

Principal and interest requirements to retire the business-type portion of the 2021 Various Purpose Refunding Bonds outstanding at December 31, 2022, are as follows:

			Series 2021A	Term Bonds			Series 2021B	Term Bonds
Year Ending _	Sew	er	Sewer Special Assessment		Water		Sewer	
December 31,	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest
2023	\$70,800	\$11,702	\$27,200	\$4,496	\$103,500	\$17,108	\$36,100	\$16,400
2024	70,000	10,230	26,900	3,931	107,600	15,726	35,800	15,624
2025	69,400	9,535	0	0	112,100	15,402	35,500	14,854
2026	68,400	8,369	0	0	110,600	13,533	35,200	14,091
2027	72,600	7,513	0	0	114,000	11,797	39,700	13,334
2028-2032	369,700	25,543	0	0	228,200	18,326	204,300	53,787
2033-2037	157,200	3,564	0	0	0	0	226,300	30,797
2038-2040	0	0	0	0	0	0	149,900	6,493
Total	\$878,100	\$76,456	\$54,100	\$8,427	\$776,000	\$91,892	\$762,800	\$165,380

The County's outstanding general obligation bonds from direct borrowings and direct placements related to business-type activities of \$2,471,000 contain no provisions related to events of default with finance-related consequences; termination events with finance-related consequences; or subjective acceleration clauses.

**Revenue Bonds** – On April 2, 2012, Jefferson County issued \$5,884,000 of Wastewater Treatment Collection System Revenue Bonds. Through the issuance, Jefferson County has irrevocably pledged future sewer customer revenues, net of specified operating expenses, to repay the revenue bonds. The bonds were issued as Series A \$5,000,000, and Series B \$884,000, with all bonds being taxable. Proceeds from the bonds provided financing for the Crestview/Belvedere Sewer project. When the bonds were issued, the bond proceeds were held by a fiscal agent. The bonds are payable solely from sewer customer net revenues and are payable through 2052.

On March 12, 2020, Jefferson County issued \$2,894,000 of Wastewater Treatment Collection System Revenue Bonds. Through the issuance, Jefferson County has irrevocably pledged future sewer customer revenues, net of specified operating expenses, to repay the revenue bonds. The bonds were issued as a single issue, with all bonds being taxable. Proceeds from the bonds provided financing for the Amsterdam Sewer project. When the bonds were issued, the bond proceeds were held by a fiscal agent. The bonds are payable solely from sewer customer net revenues and are payable through 2060.

On May 26, 2022, Jefferson County issued \$3,367,000 of Wastewater Treatment Collection System Revenue Bonds. Through the issuance, Jefferson County has irrevocably pledged future sewer customer revenues, net of specified operating expenses, to repay the revenue bonds. The bonds were issued as a single issue, with all bonds being taxable. Proceeds from the bonds provided financing for the Smithfield Sewer project. When the bonds were issued, the bond proceeds were held by the United States Department of Agriculture (USDA) as a fiscal agent. During 2022, the County drew proceeds in the amount of \$1,440,663; the remaining unspent proceeds of \$1,926,337 are still being held by USDA as a fiscal agent. On a budgetary basis, the proceeds of the revenue bonds that were disbursed, are reflected as revenues. However, on a GAAP basis, the remaining undisbursed proceeds are reflected in the restricted fiscal agent account with a corresponding liability for revenue bonds payable on the Statement of Net Position. The bonds are payable solely from sewer customer net revenues and are payable through 2062.

For 2022, annual principal and interest payments on the bonds are expected to require sixty percent of net revenues. The total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the bonds is \$15,880,315. Principal and interest paid for the current year and total customer net revenues were \$352,110 and \$583,620, respectively.

Amortization schedules for Revenue bonds are not available until final completion and close-out of a funded project. The County has several projects that are either active or have not been finalized. Estimated debt service requirements to maturity for these Revenue bonds are as follows:

Year Ending December 31	Principal	Interest
2023	\$167,000	\$233,308
2024	237,500	232,794
2025	243,000	227,736
2026	247,000	222,546
2027	253,000	217,257
2028-2032	1,343,500	1,002,559
2033-2037	1,490,000	850,943
2038-2042	1,655,500	681,263
2043-2047	1,842,500	490,865
2048-2052	2,049,000	277,151
2053-2057	953,500	108,389
2058-2062	820,500	33,504
Totals	\$11,302,000	\$4,578,315

The County's outstanding revenue bonds from direct placement related to business-type activities of \$11,302,000 contain a provision, if there shall be default in the provisions of the resolution or in the payment of bond service charges on any of the bonds, upon the filing of a suit by any owner of any of the bonds, any court having jurisdiction of the action may appoint a receiver to administer said system on behalf of the issuer with power to charge and collect rates sufficient to provide for the payment of the bonds and for the payment of operating expenses and to apply income and revenues in accordance with the bond resolution and the laws of Ohio. Owners of 20 percent of the outstanding bonds in the event of default may require by mandatory injunction the raising of taxes in a reasonable amount except as otherwise provided by law.

*OPWC Loans* – The County has entered into OPWC Loans for various water and sewer projects. These loans will be repaid from charges for services revenue in the enterprise funds. The OPWC Loans are interest free.

The OPWC loan debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

	OPWC Loans
Year Ending	
December 31	Principal
2023	\$28,005
2024	28,005
2025	28,005
2026	28,005
2027	28,005
2028-2032	92,961
2033-2037	81,195
2038-2042	49,871
2043-2047	2,885
2048-2052	2,878
Totals	\$369,815

The County's outstanding OPWC Loans from direct borrowings related to business-type activities of \$369,815 contain a provision that whenever an event of default shall have happened and be subsisting, the entire principal amount of the loan then remaining unpaid, at the OPWC's option, become immediately due and payable.

Ohio EPA Loans - The County entered into a loan agreement on November 2, 2004, with the Ohio Water Development Authority for a \$7,888,745 Ohio EPA Loan from the Water Supply Revolving Loan Account at 3.35 percent for a twenty year period. Beginning in 2017, the County received an interest rate subsidy of 3 percent for this loan. The loan was issued for the completion of Toronto waterline connector project that allows the County to purchase water from the City of Toronto. During 2008, the County entered into loan agreements with the Ohio Water Development Authority for two additional Ohio EPA loans for the completion of the Rush Run Waterline Extension project, which included a Disadvantaged loan in the amount of \$500,000 at zero percent interest, and a WSRLA loan in the amount of \$455,685 at 2.0 percent During 2012, the County entered into a loan agreement with the Ohio Water Development Authority for an additional Ohio EPA loan from the Water Pollution Control Fund in the amount of \$1,396,196 at zero percent interest, which included the provision for fifty percent non ARRA principal forgiveness, which was recognized in 2012. The loan was issued for the Pottery Addition Sanitary Sewer Project. During 2012 the County also entered into a loan agreement with the Ohio Water Development Authority for an additional Ohio EPA loan from the Drinking Water Fund in the amount of \$3,908,090 at a 1.94% interest rate, with proceeds first received in 2013. The loan was issued for the Brilliant Booster Station Project. During 2014, the County entered into a loan agreement with the Ohio Water Development Authority for an additional Ohio EPA loan from the WSRLA fund in the amount of \$858,053 at a two percent interest rate. The loan was issued to finance the Bradley Road Waterline Project. The County received principal forgiveness in the amount of \$201,114 during 2015. During 2020, the County entered into two loan agreements with the Ohio Water Development Authority for an additional Ohio EPA loan from the WSRLA fund in the amounts of \$341,132 and \$5,419,564, both at zero percent interest rates. The loans were issued to finance the Smithfield Water Tank Project, and the Amsterdam Sanitary Sewer Project, respectively. The County received principal forgiveness in the amount of \$980,474 during 2020, related to the Amsterdam Sewer Project Loan. During 2021, the County drew an additional \$2,212,063 of its total loan award for the Amsterdam Sewer Project. During 2021, the County entered into a loan agreement with the Ohio Water Development Authority for an additional Ohio EPA loan from the Water Pollution Control Loan fund in the amount of \$1,686,688, at an interest rate of 0.53 percent. The loan is intended to finance

the County's Reeds Mill Pump Station Rehabilitation Project. During 2021, the County received \$47,604 of principal forgiveness related to the loan. During 2022, the County drew an additional \$139,048 of its total loan award for the Amsterdam Sewer Project. During 2022, the County drew an additional \$177,105 of its total loan award for the County's Reeds Mill Pump Station Rehabilitation Project. During 2022, the County received \$2,396 of principal forgiveness related to the loan. During 2022, the County entered into a loan agreement with the Ohio Water Development Authority for an additional Ohio EPA loan from the Water Pollution Control Loan fund in the amount of \$1,548,718, at an interest rate of 0.61 percent. The loan is intended to finance the County's Ridgeland Sewage Treatment Plant Rehabilitation Project. During 2022, the County drew \$545,856 of its total loan award, and received \$50,000 of principal forgiveness related to the loan. The loans are backed by the full faith and credit of the County and are intended to be repaid with user charges.

Amortization schedules for Ohio EPA loans are not available until final completion and close-out of a funded project through the Ohio Water Development Authority. The County has several projects that are either active or have not been finalized. Estimated debt service requirements to maturity for these Ohio EPA loans are as follows:

Year Ending December 31	Principal	Interest	Interest Subsidy	Net Interest
2023	\$987,809	\$94,706	(\$3,786)	\$90,920
2024	1,043,560	80,460	(2,564)	77,896
2025	813,317	60,976	0	60,976
2026	571,003	52,292	0	52,292
2027	576,063	47,232	0	47,232
2028-2032	2,839,346	161,106	0	161,106
2033-2037	1,917,023	68,651	0	68,651
2038-2042	1,763,088	29,222	0	29,222
2043-2047	907,350	1,902	0	1,902
2048-2051	625,991	0	0	0
Totals	\$12,044,550	\$596,547	(\$6,350)	\$590,197

The County's outstanding Ohio EPA Loans from direct borrowings related to business-type activities of \$9,435,452 contain a provision that whenever an event of default shall have happened and be subsisting, the OWDA may exercise any and all rights and remedies for the enforcement of entire principal amount of the Loan then remaining unpaid, at the OWDA's option, become immediately due and payable.

#### **Bond Ratings:**

On September 24, 2014, Jefferson County received an upgraded credit rating of A1 from Moody's Investor Services. As of the date of the financials, this remains the most recent credit rating for the County.

#### **Debt Margins:**

The Ohio Revised Code provides that the net general obligation debt of the County, exclusive of certain exempt debt, issued without a vote of the electors shall never exceed one percent of the total assessed valuation of the County. The Code further provides that the total voted and unvoted net debt of the County less the same exempt debt shall never exceed a sum equal to \$6,000,000 plus two and one-half percent of the amount of the tax valuation in excess of \$300,000,000

The effects of these debt limitations at December 31, 2022, are a margin on unvoted debt of \$17,354,720 and an overall debt margin of \$41,917,658.

#### **Conduit Debt:**

To further economic development in the County, the County has issued bonds that provide capital financing to private-sector entities for the acquisition and construction of industrial and commercial facilities. The properties financed are pledged as collateral, and the bonds are payable solely from payments received from the private-sector entities on the underlying mortgage or promissory notes. In addition, no commitments beyond the collateral, the payments from the private-sector entities, and maintenance of the tax-exempt status of the conduit debt obligation were extended by the County for any of those bonds. At December 31, 2022, the bonds have an aggregate outstanding principal amount payable of \$40,000,000.

#### **NOTE 18 - INTERNAL BALANCES**

#### **Interfund Balances**

Interfund balances at December 31, 2022, consist of the following individual interfund receivables and payables:

	Interfund Receivable					
	Major Funds		_			
Interfund Payable	General	Public Assistance	Motor Vehicle Gasoline Tax	Other Nonmajor Governmental	Self Insurance - Workers' Compensation	Total
Major Funds:	_					
General Fund	\$0	\$8,174	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$8,174
Public Assistance	1,000	0	0	21,235	0	22,235
Other Nonmajor						
Governmental	86,266	183,522	0	3,592	1,450,000	1,723,380
Sewer	0	0	1,383	0	0	1,383
Water	0	0	3,588	0	0	3,588
Self Insurance - Health	1,067,521	0	0	0	0	1,067,521
Total All Funds	\$1,154,787	\$191,696	\$4,971	\$24,827	\$1,450,000	\$2,826,281

The Self Insurance – Health Fund has an existing deficit within the County's pool of cash and cash equivalents, from prior years. In order to alleviate the cash deficit in the Self Insurance - Health Internal Service Fund, the County Commissioners have authorized a twenty-five year repayment plan which includes increased monthly premium charges and changes to the plan guidelines. The deficit is covered by cash from the General Fund.

The interfund receivables/payables between governmental funds are eliminated on an accrual basis.

On May 16, 2019, the County issued general obligation bonds in the amount of \$2,000,000 for a ten year period at a 2.48 percent interest rate. The County has purchased this bond. The County has identified the Capital Projects fund as the fund that received the proceeds and the Self-Insurance Workers' Compensation – Internal Service Fund as the fund that purchased the bonds. For reporting purposes, these transactions are reflected as an interfund receivable and an interfund payable in the respective funds.

The bonds are subject to mandatory sinking fund redemption at a reduction price of 100 percent of the principal amount to be redeemed, plus accrued interest to the date of redemption, on May 1 of the years and in respective amounts as follows:

	Principal Amount
Year	to be Redeemed
2020	\$179,000
2021	183,000
2022	188,000
2023	192,000
2024	197,000
2025	202,000
2026	207,000
2027	212,000
2028	217,000

The remaining principal of the bonds (\$223,000) will be paid at stated maturity on May 1, 2029.

Principal and interest requirements to maturity on the manuscript debt are as follows:

Year Ending	Dula da d	T., 4.,4	T.4.1
December 31,	Principal	Interest	Total
2023	\$192,000	\$35,960	\$227,960
2024	197,000	31,198	228,198
2025	202,000	26,313	228,313
2026	207,000	21,303	228,303
2026-2029	652,000	32,612	684,612
Total	\$1,450,000	\$147,386	\$1,597,386

The remaining interfund receivables/payables are due to lags between the dates interfund goods and services are provided, transactions recorded in the accounting system, and payments between funds are made.

#### **Transfers**

Interfund transfers for the year ended December 31, 2022, consisted of the following:

	Trans		
Transfer from	Motor Vehicle Gasoline Tax	Other Nonmajor Governmental	Totals
General Motor Vehicle Gasoline Tax Developmental Disabilities Other Nonmajor Governmental	\$0 0 0 312,948	\$3,783,126 312,371 359,000 391,488	\$3,783,126 312,371 359,000 704,436
Total All Funds	\$312,948	\$4,845,985	\$5,158,933

The transfers from/to were used to move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them; to move receipts restricted for debt service payments to the debt service fund as debt service payments come due, including the transfers from the Motor Vehicle Gas Tax and Other Nonmajor Governmental Funds; to move receipts for capital projects from the Developmental Disabilities Fund to the Other Nonmajor Governmental Funds; for Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) grant reimbursements; and to use unrestricted revenues collected in the General Fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

#### **NOTE 19 - COMMITMENTS**

#### **Encumbrances**

Encumbrances are commitments related to unperformed contracts for goods or services. Encumbrance accounting is utilized to the extent necessary to assure effective budgetary control and accountability and to facilitate effective cash planning and control. At year end the amount of encumbrances expected to be honored upon performance by the vendor in the next year were as follows:

Major Funds:	
General	\$177,139
Public Assistance	17,582
Motor Vehicle Gasoline Tax	1,170,502
Local Fiscal Recovery	1,224,504
Sewer	752,766
Water	23,830
Other Nonmajor Governmental	731,283
Total Encumbrances	\$4,097,606

#### **Construction Commitments**

As of December 31, 2022, the County had the following contractual construction commitments:

Project	Fund	Purchase Commitment	Amounts Paid as of 12/31/2022	Amounts Remaining on Contracts
County Road 49 Bridge	Motor Vehicle Gasoline Tax	\$1,522,822	\$156,555	\$1,366,267
Township 472 Bridge	Motor Vehicle Gasoline Tax	621,195	21,085	600,110
Township 289 Bridge	Motor Vehicle Gasoline Tax	1,710,182	230,462	1,479,720
Engineer Service Complex		, ,	,	, ,
Locker Room Renovation	Motor Vehicle Gasoline Tax	259,950	46,073	213,877
Engineer Mapping Room		•	,	ŕ
(Courthouse) Renovation	Motor Vehicle Gasoline Tax	79,090	9,090	70,000
Airpark Taxiway A Reconstruction	County Airpark	3,172,601	2,772,680	399,921
Common Pleas Court Office Renovation	Permanent Improvement	489,192	456,531	32,661
Towers Parking Lots Improvements	Permanent Improvement	700,000	30,505	669,495
Fire Escape Renovation	Permanent Improvement	840,370	693,220	147,150
Sewer Geographic Information System	Sewer	100,000	25,000	75,000
Belvedere Sanitary Sewer	Sewer	338,235	57,221	281,014
Murphy Lift Station	Sewer	94,083	32,083	62,000
Smithfield Sanitary Sewer	Sewer	4,148,925	3,246,677	902,248
Ridgeland Treatment Plant	Sewer	1,415,700	998,192	417,508
M-Plant Garage	Sewer	570,000	204,082	365,918
Reeds Mill Pump Station	Sewer	2,228,231	893,418	1,334,813
Barbers Hollow Waste Water				
Treatment Plant	Sewer	1,450,000	286,732	1,163,268
Barbers Hollow Waste Water				
Treatment Plant Pump	Sewer	84,800	0	84,800
Norton Hill Water Tank	Water	1,085,216	969,648	115,568
Water Geographic Information System	Water	100,000	72,104	27,896
Total Construction Commitments		\$21,010,592	\$11,201,358	\$9,809,234

#### **NOTE 20 - FUND BALANCES**

Fund balance is classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned and/or unassigned based primarily on the extent to which the County is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in governmental funds. The constraints placed on fund balance for the major governmental funds and all other governmental funds are presented as follows:

Fund Balances	General	Public Assistance	Motor Vehicle Gasoline Tax	Developmental Disabilities	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Nonspendable:						
Inventories	\$60,056	\$10,062	\$329,647	\$9,495	\$88,156	\$497,416
Prepaid Items	352,915	9,863	13,151	15,452	210,184	601,565
Unclaimed Monies	423,051	0	0	0	0	423,051
Total Nonspendable	836,022	19,925	342,798	24,947	298,340	1,522,032
Restricted for:						
Debt Service	0	0	0	0	2,481,025	2,481,025
Capital Outlay	0	0	0	0	135,360	135,360
Jail Levy Operations	0	0	0	0	745,556	745,556
Children's Home	0	0	0	0	1,363,240	1,363,240
Community Development	0	0	0	0	73,631	73,631
Motor Vehicle and Gasoline Tax	0	0	6,215,434	0	0	6,215,434
Mental Health	0	0	0	0	3,222,763	3,222,763
OneOhio Opioid Settlement	0	0	0	0	57,495	57,495
Developmental Disabilities	0	0	0	8,312,426	0	8,312,426
Tuberculosis/Crippled Child Levy	0	0	0	0	283,570	283,570
Children Services	0	0	0	0	3,254,770	3,254,770
Court/Corrections and Public Safety	0	0	0	0	3,766,036	3,766,036
Child Support Enforcement	0	0	0	0	1,771,530	1,771,530
Senior Citizens Levy	0	0	0	0	49,225	49,225
Real Estate Assessment						
and Delinquent Collections	0	0	0	0	2,431,343	2,431,343
Local Programs	0	0	0	0	4,594,587	4,594,587
Total Restricted	0	0	6,215,434	8,312,426	24,230,131	38,757,991
Assigned to:						
Legislative and Executive	121,085	0	0	0	0	121,085
Public Safety	6,054	0	0	0	0	6,054
Human Services	50,000	0	0	0	0	50,000
Future Appropriations	2,492,700	0	0	0	0	2,492,700
Total Assigned	2,669,839	0	0	0	0	2,669,839
Unassigned	4,948,476	(120,485)	0	0	0	4,827,991
Total Fund Balances	\$8,454,337	(\$100,560)	\$6,558,232	\$8,337,373	\$24,528,471	\$47,777,853

#### **NOTE 21 - JOINT VENTURE**

#### Jefferson County Regional Planning Commission

The County participates in the Jefferson County Regional Planning Commission which is a statutorily created (ORC section 713) political subdivision of the State. The Commission is jointly governed among Jefferson County and municipalities and townships within the County. The Commission includes the three Jefferson County Commissioners, fourteen municipality mayors, fourteen township trustees, and six non-governmental representatives appointed by the member governments. Each member's control over the operation of the commission is limited to its representation on the board. The Commission makes studies, maps, plans, recommendations and reports concerning the physical, environment, social, economic and governmental functions and services of the County as well as applies for Community Development Block Grants for the member governments. The Board exercises total control of the budgeting, appropriation, contracting and management. The County's contribution was \$85,000 for their annual subsidy (approximately 71 percent of the annual revenues of the Commission). The remaining member governments contribute an annual fee that totals \$8,050 per year. Continued existence of the Commission is dependent upon the County's continued participation; however, the County does not have an equity

interest in the Commission. The Commission is not accumulating significant financial resources and is not experiencing fiscal distress that may cause an additional financial benefit to or burden on the County. The financial activity of the Commission is presented as a custodial fund due to the County serving as fiscal agent. Complete financial statements can be obtained from the Jefferson County Regional Planning Commission, Steubenville, Ohio.

#### **NOTE 22 - JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS**

#### Eastern Ohio Correction Center

The Eastern Ohio Correction Center operates under the direction of a Judicial Advisory Board of Directors composed of a Common Pleas judge from Carroll, Guernsey, and Harrison Counties, and two judges from Belmont, Columbiana, and Jefferson Counties. The Center is governed by a Facility Governance Board composed of nine members, six of which are appointed by the Judicial Advisory Board, one appointed by the Columbiana County Board of Commissioners and one appointed by the Jefferson County Board of Commissioners, with the remaining member being appointed by the remaining Counties in alphabetical order. The Board exercises total control over the operations of the Center including budgetary, appropriating, contracting, and designating management. Each participant's degree of control is limited to its representation on the Board. Jefferson County serves as the fiscal agent for the Center, and the judicial activity related to the Center is presented on the financial statements as a custodial fund. The County did not contribute financially to the Center in 2022.

#### Brooke, Hancock, Jefferson Regional Planning Commission (BHJ)

BHJ is a separate and distinct political subdivision created pursuant to Ohio Revised Code section 713.30 and West Virginia Revised Code articles 8-25 and 8-26 to provide planning and administrative services to all local governments in a three county region composed of Jefferson County and two counties in West Virginia. The governing board is composed of 69 members which include 50 elected officials from the counties and municipalities as well as 19 appointed members from an array of private, public, and quasipublic entities. Each member's degree of control is limited to its representation on the committee. The County contributed \$36,564 to BHJ in 2022.

#### Oakview Juvenile Residential Center

The Oakview Juvenile Residential Center is a jointly governed organization among Belmont, Harrison, Guernsey, Monroe, Jefferson, and Noble Counties. The Center was formed to operate a regional juvenile rehabilitation facility for the use of member counties, and to house and treat adjudicated non-violent felony offenders. The facility is operated and managed by Oakview Juvenile Residential Center. The participating entities created a Judicial Rehabilitation Board the members of which are made-up of the juvenile judges of each participating county. The Board exercises total control of the budgeting, appropriation, contracting and management. Each County's degree of control is limited to its representation on the Board.

A twelve member Advisory Board has been created whose members are appointed by the Judicial Rehabilitation Board of which all participating Counties have two appointees. The facility is located on property now owned by Belmont County. Policies, procedures and the operating budget are approved by the Judicial Rehabilitation Board. Each member's degree of control is limited to its representation on the committee.

#### Area Office on Aging

The Area Office on Aging is a regional council of governments that assists nine counties, including Jefferson County, in providing services to senior citizens in the Council's service area. The Council is governed by a board of directors composed of one representative appointed by each participating county. The Area Office on Aging receives Title III monies to be used for programs within the member Counties. The Board exercises total control over the operations of the Council including budgetary, appropriating, contracting and designating management. Each County's degree of control is limited to its representation on the Board. The County did not contribute financially to the Office in 2022.

#### Ohio Mid-Eastern Governments Association (OMEGA)

OMEGA is a ten-county regional council of governments composed of Belmont, Carroll, Coshocton, Columbiana, Guernsey, Harrison, Holmes, Jefferson, Muskingum, and Tuscarawas Counties. OMEGA was formed to aid and assist the participating counties and political subdivisions within the counties in the application of Appalachian Regional Commission and Economic Development grant monies. OMEGA is governed by a sixteen member executive board composed of members appointed from each participating county and the cities within each county. City membership is voluntary. A county commissioner serves as the County's representative on the Board. The board exercises total control over the operations of the OMEGA including budgeting, appropriating, contracting and designating management. Each participant's degree of control is limited to its representation on the Board. Each member currently pays a per capita membership fee based upon the most recent United States census. OMEGA has no outstanding debt. The County contributed \$6,268 to OMEGA in 2022.

#### Jefferson County Family and Children First Council

The Jefferson County Family and Children First Council is a jointly governed organization created under the Ohio Revised Code Section 121.37. The Council is governed currently by a 24 member Board. The Council is composed of the following members: Director of the Board of Board of Alcohol, Drug Addiction, and Mental Health Services, Health Commissioner of the City of Steubenville, Health Commissioner of Jefferson County, Director of the Jefferson County Department of Job and Family Services, Director of Children Services, Superintendent of Jefferson County Board of Department of Developmental Disabilities, Juvenile Court Judge, Superintendent of the Steubenville City School District, Superintendent of the Jefferson County Educational Service Center, Superintendent of Edison Local School District, Mayor of Steubenville, Chairman of the Board of County Commissioners, Director of the regional office of the Department of Youth Services, Director of the Community Action Council, a representative of Jefferson County Early Intervention Collaborative, a representative of the Jefferson County Behavioral Health System, a representative from the Jefferson County United Way, and a representative from the Family Services Association, three individuals representing the interests of families in Jefferson County, a representative from any public or private organization which formally attests to its support for the mission of the Council. During 2022, the County made no contributions to the Council. Each member's degree of control is limited to its representation on the committee.

#### Jefferson-Belmont Joint Solid Waste Authority

The Jefferson-Belmont Joint Solid Waste Authority is a jointly governed organization between Jefferson and Belmont counties. The Authority, formed to provide solid waste services to the two participating counties, is governed by a fourteen member board of directors of which one commissioner from Jefferson County is a member. The Board exercises total control over the operations of the Authority including budgetary, appropriating, contracting and designating management. Each County's degree of control is limited to its representation on the Board. The County does not make any monetary contributions to the Authority.

#### Belmont, Carroll, Harrison, and Jefferson Counties Council of Governments

The Belmont, Carroll, Harrison, and Jefferson Counties Council of Government was created to establish the operating and administrative procedures and to direct funding within the Workforce Investment Area as required by the Workforce Investment Act of 1998. The Council of Governments is composed of four voting members, one designated from each County, each of whom shall be a duly elected County Commissioner, and may include ex-officio members, representatives from the Department of Job and Family Services of the member counties, and the Chairperson of the Workforce Investment Board. Each member's degree of control is limited to its representation on the committee. During 2022, the County made no contributions to the Board.

#### Jefferson County Port Authority

The Jefferson County Port Authority is a jointly governed organization between Jefferson County, the City of Steubenville, and the Jefferson County Regional Planning Commission. The Authority, formed to provide economic development opportunities, is governed by a five member board of directors. The County Commissioners and the City of Steubenville each appoint two members, with one member being appointed by the Jefferson County Regional Planning Commission. Each member's degree of control is limited to its representation on the committee. During 2022, the County contributed \$140,000 to the Jefferson County Port Authority.

#### Mid Eastern Ohio Regional Council of Governments (MEORC)

The Mid Eastern Ohio Regional Council of Governments is a regional council of governments created pursuant to Ohio Revised Code Chapter 167. Participating counties include Belmont, Carroll, Coshocton, Fairfield, Guernsey, Harrison, Hocking, Holmes, Jefferson, Knox, Licking, Monroe, Morgan, Muskingum, Noble, Perry, Tuscarawas, and Washington Counties. MEORC was created to provide the best possible services to persons with developmental disabilities in their respective counties. Each county has representation on the MEORC board. Member counties have a contract between its county BDD board and the MEORC for MEORC to provide supported living services or housing to eligible persons in the member counties. During 2022, the County made no contributions to the Board.

#### **NOTE 23 - RELATED ORGANIZATIONS**

#### Jefferson Metropolitan Housing Authority

The Jefferson Metropolitan Housing Authority was established to provide adequate public housing for low income individuals and was created pursuant to Ohio Revised Code Section 3735.27. The Authority is operated by a five member board. Two members are appointed by the mayor of the largest city in the County, one member is appointed by the probate court judge, one member is appointed by the common pleas court judge, and one member is appointed by the County commissioners. The Authority receives funding from the Federal Department of Housing and Urban Development. The board sets its own budget and selects its own management, and the County is not involved in the management or operation. The County is not financially accountable for the Authority. The County did not contribute financially to the Authority in 2022.

#### Eastern Gateway Community College

Eastern Gateway Community College was established to provide educational programming and opportunities for individual growth and development that best serves the citizens and was created pursuant to Ohio Revised Code Section 3354. The College is operated by a nine member board. Six members are appointed by the County commissioners and three members are appointed by the Governor. The College receives funding from State appropriation, Federal grants and programs, student fees and other private sources. The board sets its own budget and selects its own management, and the County is not involved in the management or operation. The County is not financially accountable for the College. The County did not contribute to the College in 2022.

#### Friendship Park District

The Friendship Park District was established for the preservation of good order within and adjacent to parks and reservations of land, and for the protection and preservation of the parks, parkways, and other reservations of land under its jurisdiction and control and of property and natural wildlife therein. The District was created pursuant to Ohio Revised Code Section 1545. The Commission is operated by a three member board. All members are appointed by the Probate Judge of the Common Pleas Court of Jefferson County. The Park District receives funding from State and Federal grants and programs, fees and other private sources. The board sets its own budget and selects its own management, and the County is not involved in the management or operation.

#### **NOTE 24 - PUBLIC ENTITY POOLS**

#### Risk Sharing Pool

County Risk Sharing Authority, Inc. (CORSA) is a risk sharing pool among forty-one counties in Ohio. CORSA was formed as an Ohio non-profit corporation for the purpose of establishing the CORSA Insurance/Self-Insurance Program, a group primary and excess insurance/self-insurance and risk management program. Member Counties agree to jointly participate in coverage of losses and pay all contributions necessary for the specified insurance coverages provided by CORSA. These coverages include comprehensive general liability, automobile liability, certain property insurance, and public officials' errors and omissions liability insurance.

Each member county has one vote on all matters requiring a vote, to be cast by a designated representative. The affairs of the Corporation are managed by an elected board of not more than nine trustees. Only county commissioners of member counties are eligible to serve on the board. No county may have more than one representative on the board at any time. Each member county's control over the budgeting and financing of CORSA is limited to its voting authority and any representation it may have on the board of trustees. CORSA has issued certificates of participation in order to provide adequate cash reserves. The certificates are secured by the member counties' obligations to make coverage payments to CORSA. The participating counties have no responsibility for the payment of certificates. The County does not have an equity interest in or a financial responsibility for CORSA. Any additional premium or contribution amounts and estimates of losses are not reasonably determinable. The County's payment for insurance to CORSA in 2022 was \$322,441.

#### Risk Sharing, Claims Servicing, and Insurance Purchasing Pools

Jefferson Health Plan is a risk-sharing, claims servicing, and insurance purchasing pool comprised of over one hundred members, including five insurance consortiums. Each participant appoints a member of the insurance plan's assembly. The Plan's business and affairs are conducted by a nine member Board of Directors elected from the assembly. The plan offers medical, dental, vision, and prescription drug coverage to the members on a self-insured basis, as well as the opportunity to participate in the group purchasing of life insurance coverage. The medical coverage plan provides each plan participant the opportunity to choose a self-insurance deductible limit which can range from \$35,000 to \$250,000 under which the individual member is responsible for all claims through the claims servicing pool. Plan participants also participate in a shared risk internal pool for individual claims between the self-insurance deductible limit and \$1,500,000, and all claims between the deductible and the \$1,500,000 are paid from the Large Claim Reimbursement Program (LCRP). The LCRP is not owned by the plan participants. All participants pay a premium rate that is actuarially calculated based on the participants' actual claims experience which are utilized for the payment of claims within the LCRP up to the self-insurance deductible limit; and for this portion of the plan, all plan participants retain their own risk. All participants pay an additional fee for participation in the LCRP that is based on the claims of the LCRP in aggregate and is not based on individual claims experience.

In the event of a deficiency in the LCRP, participants would be charged a higher rate for participation, and in the event of a surplus, the internal pool pays dividends to the participants. For all individual claims exceeding \$1,500,000, stop loss coverage is purchased, as well as for an annual total plan aggregate claims amount. All plan participants also pay a monthly administrative fee for fiscal services and third party administrative services. The plan also purchases fully insured life insurance for plan participants.

**County Commissioners Association of Ohio (CCAO) Workers' Compensation Group Retrospective Rating Program (Program)** is a shared risk pool among thirty counties in Ohio. Section 4123.29, Ohio Revised Code, permits the establishment of employer group retrospective rating plans for workers' compensation rating purposes. The Program is governed by the CCAO Group Executive Committee that consists of eleven members as follows: the president and the secretary/treasurer of County Commissioners' Association of Ohio Service Corporation and nine representatives elected from the participating counties.

CCAO, a Bureau of Workers' Compensation (BWC)-certified sponsor, established the Program based upon guidelines set forth by BWC. CCAO created a group of Counties that will practice effective workplace safety and claims management to achieve lower premiums for worker's compensation coverage than they would individually. The participating counties continue to pay their own premiums and have the opportunity to receive retrospective premium adjustments based upon the combined performance of the group. Depending upon that performance, the participating counties can receive either a premium refund or assessment. CCAO, with approval of the Group Executive Committee, retains the services of a third

party administrator (TPA) that will assist CCAO staff in the day-to-day management of the plan, prepare and file necessary reports with the Ohio Bureau of Workers' Compensation and member counties, assist with loss control programs, and other duties, (excluding claims related matters, which will be the responsibility of each individual participating county). The cost of the TPA will be paid by each participating county to CCAO in proportion to its payroll to the total payroll of the group.

The County's premium payments to BWC were \$285,934, and the County made no payments for administrative fees during 2022.

#### **NOTE 25 - CONTINGENCIES**

#### Grants

The County has received federal and state grants for specific purposes that are subject to review and audit by the grantor agencies or their designee. These audits could lead to a request for reimbursement to the grantor agency for expenditures disallowed under terms of the grant. Based on prior experience, the County Commissioners believe such disallowances, if any, will be immaterial.

#### Litigation

The County is currently party to three instances of pending litigation. In two instances, the potential loss to the County cannot be estimated as the range of a potential settlements and the amounts not covered by the County's risk sharing pool liability insurance are uncertain. In the third instance, the potential loss is not considered to be material to the financial position of the County.

#### Paid Up Oil/Gas Agreements

The Board of County Commissioners have entered into various "Paid-Up" Oil and Gas Agreements. Summaries of the current agreements are as follows.

Effective Date	Period	Company	Covered Acres	Royalty	Signing Bonus Received
7/2/2015	5 Years	Ascent Resources-Utica, LLC	581.934	13%	\$475,811
1/26/2017	3 Years	Ascent Resources-Utica, LLC	2.933	13%	19,500
4/27/2017	3 Years	Chesapeake Exploration, LLC	56.496	20%	169,485
8/9/2017	5 Years	Ascent Resources-Utica, LLC	0.28	20%	1,160
8/9/2017	5 Years	Ascent Resources-Utica, LLC	3.88	20%	22,310
10/19/2017	5 Years	Ascent Resources-Utica, LLC	1.9	20%	6,267
12/26/2017	5 Years	Ascent Resources-Utica, LLC	0.412	20%	3,369
2/23/2018	5 Years	Gulfport Appalachia LLC	9.8771	20%	69,140
6/27/2019	5 Years	Ascent Resources-Utica, LLC	2.1288	20%	12,797
8/8/2019	5 Years	Ascent Resources-Utica, LLC	1.116	20%	6,417
9/19/2019	5 Years	Gulfport Appalachia LLC	0.38	20%	2,660
5/13/2021	5 Years	Ascent Resources-Utica, LLC	5.279	20%	15,836

Bonuses were paid in consideration of the execution of the respective "paid-up" oil and gas agreements.

Royalty payments are in addition to the bonus, and are for all oil and other liquid hydrocarbons and by-products produced and saved from the land, and all gas and other hydrocarbons and by-products. The total value of future royalty payments is not reasonably estimable.

The total carrying value of the land associated with these agreements is \$3,356,477.

#### **NOTE 26 - COVID-19**

The United States and the State of Ohio declared a state of emergency in March of 2020 due to the COVID-19 pandemic. Ohio's state of emergency ended in June 2021 while the national state of emergency ended in April 2023. During 2022, the County received COVID-19 funding. The County will continue to spend available COVID-19 funding consistent with the applicable program guidelines.

#### **NOTE 27 - RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS**

#### Jefferson County Land Reutilization Corporation

During 2022, Jefferson County provided the Jefferson County Land Reutilization Corporation with \$309,899 from the Delinquent Tax Assessment and Collections Funds for the purpose of purchasing and demolishing dilapidated properties within Jefferson County.

Required

**Supplementary** 

Information

#### Jefferson County, Ohio Required Supplementary Information

#### Schedule of the County's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Ohio Public Employees Retirement System - Traditional Plan Last Nine Years (1)\*

	2022	2021	2020
County's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	0.16848788%	0.17222124%	0.17136288%
County's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$14,659,126	\$25,502,215	\$33,871,034
County's Covered Payroll	\$23,714,034	\$23,463,934	\$23,580,600
County's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	61.82%	108.69%	143.64%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	92.62%	86.88%	82.17%

<sup>(1)</sup> Although this schedule is intended to reflect information for ten years, information prior to 2014 is not available. An additional column will be added for each year.

<sup>\*</sup> Amounts presented as of the County's measurement date which is the prior fiscal year end.

2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
0.17535752%	0.17395084%	0.17932916%	0.17460496%	0.16631300%	0.16631300%
\$48,026,867	\$27,289,513	\$40,722,602	\$30,243,780	\$20,059,201	\$19,606,132
\$22,924,216	\$22,334,153	\$22,484,242	\$20,030,045	\$19,712,364	\$20,547,643
209.50%	122.19%	181.12%	150.99%	101.76%	95.42%
74.70%	84.66%	77.25%	81.08%	86.45%	86.36%

#### Jefferson County, Ohio Required Supplementary Information Schedule of the County's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio Last Ten Fiscal Years \*

2022 2021 2020 2019 County's Proportion of the Net Pension 0.00640576% Liability 0.00646092% 0.00558500% 0.00615685% County's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability \$714,093 \$1,489,738 \$1,416,595 \$1,436,271 County's Covered Payroll \$839,950 \$691,721 \$743,036 \$752,057 County's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll 170.99% 103.23% 200.49% 188.36% Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability 78.90% 87.80% 75.50% 77.40%

<sup>\*</sup> Amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of June 30th

2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
0.00613034%	0.00637593%	0.00622241%	0.00621911%	0.00689379%	0.00689379%
\$1,347,924	\$1,514,616	\$2,082,828	\$1,718,779	\$1,676,808	\$1,997,403
\$696,914	\$700,957	\$654,714	\$648,857	\$758,531	\$726,115
193.41%	216.08%	318.13%	264.89%	221.06%	275.08%
77.30%	75.30%	66.80%	72.10%	74.70%	69.30%

### Jefferson County, Ohio

### Required Supplementary Information Schedule of the County's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) Ohio Public Employees Retirement System Last Six Years (1)\*

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017
County's Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	0.16208928%	0.16522464%	0.16350148%	0.16695148%	0.16559080%	0.17088080%
County's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	(\$5,076,882)	(\$2,943,608)	\$22,583,801	\$21,766,533	\$17,981,944	\$17,259,541
County's Covered Payroll (2)	\$24,538,672	\$24,234,291	\$24,262,156	\$23,624,091	\$22,748,166	\$22,867,210
County's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	-20.69%	-12.15%	93.08%	92.14%	79.05%	75.48%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability	128.23%	115.57%	47.80%	46.33%	54.14%	54.04%

<sup>(1)</sup> Although this schedule is intended to reflect information for ten years, information prior to 2017 is not available. An additional column will be added for each year.
(2) The County's covered payroll for OPEB includes participants in the Traditional, Combined, and

Member Directed Plans.

<sup>\*</sup> Amounts presented as of the County's measurement date which is the prior fiscal year end.

## Jefferson County, Ohio Required Supplementary Information Schedule of the County's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio Last Six Fiscal Years (1) \*

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017
County's Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	0.00646092%	0.00558500%	0.00615685%	0.00640576%	0.00613034%	0.00637593%
County's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	(\$167,294)	(\$117,756)	(\$108,205)	(\$106,095)	(\$98,508)	\$248,764
County's Covered Payroll	\$839,950	\$691,721	\$743,036	\$752,057	\$696,914	\$700,957
County's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	-19.92%	-17.02%	-14.56%	-14.11%	-14.13%	35.49%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability	230.70%	174.70%	182.10%	174.70%	176.00%	47.11%

<sup>(1)</sup> Although this schedule is intended to reflect information for ten years, information prior to 2017 is not available. An additional column will be added each year.

<sup>\*</sup> Amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of June 30th

#### Jefferson County, Ohio Required Supplementary Information Schedule of County Contributions Ohio Public Employees Retirement System Last Ten Years

Net Pension Liability - Traditional Plan	2022	2021	2020	2019
Contractually Required Contribution	\$3,561,545	\$3,420,926	\$3,394,317	\$3,423,249
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	(3,561,545)	(3,420,926)	(3,394,317)	(3,423,249)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
County's Covered Payroll	\$24,687,040	\$23,714,034	\$23,463,934	\$23,580,600
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	14.43%	14.43%	14.47%	14.52%
Net OPEB Liability (Asset) - OPEB Plan (1)				
Contractually Required Contribution	\$21,235	\$19,826	\$15,002	\$8,054
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	(21,235)	(19,826)	(15,002)	(8,054)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
County's Covered Payroll (2)	\$25,575,610	\$24,538,672	\$24,234,291	\$24,262,156
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	0.08%	0.08%	0.06%	0.03%

- (1) Beginning in 2016, OPERS used one trust fund as the funding vehicle for all health care plans; therefore information is not available for contributions related to the Net OPEB Liability prior to 2016. An additional column will be added for each year.
- (2) The OPEB plan includes the members of the traditional plan, the combined plan, and the member-directed plan. Participation in the combined plan, related to pension, is not material to the County. The member-directed plan is a defined contribution plan. Therefore, pension contributions for the combined plan and the member-directed plan are not presented above.

2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
\$3,314,470	\$3,002,230	\$2,796,153	\$2,492,725	\$2,450,999	\$2,760,898
(3,314,470)	(3,002,230)	(2,796,153)	(2,492,725)	(2,450,999)	(2,760,898)
\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
\$22,924,216	\$22,334,153	\$22,484,242	\$20,030,045	\$19,712,364	\$20,547,643
14.46%	13.44%	12.44%	12.44%	12.43%	13.44%
\$10,275	\$231,089	\$460,640	N/A	N/A	N/A
(10,275)	(231,089)	(460,640)	N/A	N/A	N/A
\$0	\$0	\$0	N/A	N/A	N/A
\$23,624,091	\$22,748,166	\$22,867,210	N/A	N/A	N/A
0.04%	1.02%	2.01%	N/A	N/A	N/A

#### Jefferson County, Ohio Required Supplementary Information Schedule of County Contributions State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio Last Ten Years

Net Pension Liability	2022	2021	2020	2019
Contractually Required Contribution	\$109,735	\$110,196	\$93,206	\$107,651
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	(109,735)	(110,196)	(93,206)	(107,651)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
County Covered Payroll (1)	\$783,821	\$787,114	\$665,757	\$768,936
Pension Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%
Net OPEB Liability (Asset)				
Contractually Required Contribution	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	0	0	0	0
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
OPEB Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Total Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%

<sup>(1)</sup> The County's covered payroll is the same for Pension and OPEB

2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
\$103,210	\$96,718	\$96,418	\$94,673	\$96,404	\$94,452
(103,210)	(96,718)	(96,418)	(94,673)	(96,404)	(94,452)
\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
\$737,214	\$690,843	\$688,700	\$676,236	\$715,482	\$726,554
14.00%	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%	13.47%	13.00%
\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$3,792	\$7,266
0	0	0	0	(3,792)	(7,266)
<u>\$0</u>	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.53%	1.00%
14.00%	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%

#### Changes in Assumptions - OPERS Pension- Traditional Plan

Amounts reported beginning in 2022 incorporate changes in assumptions used by OPERS in calculating the total pension liability in the latest actuarial valuation. These new assumptions compared with those used in prior years are presented below:

	2022	2019	2018 and 2017	2016 and prior
Wage Inflation Future Salary Increases	2.75 percent 2.75 to 10.75 percent including wage inflation	3.25 percent 3.25 to 10.75 percent including wage inflation	3.25 percent 3.25 to 10.75 percent including wage inflation	3.75 percent 4.25 to 10.05 percent including wage inflation
COLA or Ad Hoc COLA:				
Pre-January 7, 2013 Retirees Post-January 7, 2013 Retirees Investment Rate of Return Actuarial Cost Method	3 percent, simple see below 6.9 percent Individual Entry Age	3 percent, simple see below 7.2 percent Individual Entry Age	3 percent, simple see below 7.5 percent Individual Entry Age	3 percent, simple see below 8 percent Individual Entry Age

The assumptions related to COLA or Ad Hoc COLA for Post-January 7, 2013, Retirees are as follows:

#### COLA or Ad Hoc COLA, Post-January 7, 2013 Retirees:

2022	3.0 percent, simple through 2022 then 2.05 percent, simple
2021	0.5 percent, simple through 2021
	then 2.15 percent, simple
2020	1.4 percent, simple through 2020
	then 2.15 percent, simple
2017 through 2019	3.0 percent, simple through 2018
	then 2.15 percent, simple
2016 and prior	3.0 percent, simple through 2018
	then 2.80 percent, simple
	5.50 to 5.00 percent

Amounts reported beginning in 2022 use pre-retirement mortality rates based on 130 percent of the Pub-2010 General Employee Mortality tables (males and females) for State and Local Government divisions and 170 percent of the Pub-2010 Safety Employee Mortality tables (males and females) for the Public Safety and Law Enforcement divisions. Post-retirement mortality rates are based on 115 percent of the PubG-2010 Retiree Mortality Tables (males and females) for all divisions. Post-retirement mortality rates for disabled retirees are based on the PubNS-2010 Disabled Retiree Mortality Tables (males and females) for all divisions. For all the previously described tables, the base year is 2010 and mortality rates for a particular calendar year are determined by applying the MP-2020 mortality improvement scales (males and females) to all these tables.

Amounts reported beginning in 2017 use pre-retirement mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Employees mortality table for males and females, adjusted for mortality improvement back to the observation period base year of 2006. The base year for males and females was then established to be 2015 and 2010, respectively. Post-retirement mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant mortality table for males and females, adjusted for mortality improvement back to the observation period base year of 2006. The base year for males and females was then established to be 2015 and 2010, respectively. Post-retirement mortality rates

for disabled retirees are based on the RP-2014 Disabled mortality table for males and females, adjusted for mortality improvement back to the observation period base year of 2006. The base year for males and females was then established to be 2015 and 2010, respectively. Mortality rates for a particular calendar year are determined by applying the MP-2015 mortality improvement scale to all of the above described tables.

Amounts reported for 2016 and prior use mortality rates based on the RP-2000 Mortality Table projected 20 years using Projection Scale AA. For males, 105 percent of the combined healthy male mortality rates were used. For females, 100 percent of the combined healthy female mortality rates were used. The mortality rates used in evaluating disability allowances were based on the RP-2000 mortality table with no projections. For males 120 percent of the disabled female mortality rates were used set forward two years. For females, 100 percent of the disabled female mortality rates were used.

#### **Changes in Assumptions – STRS Pension**

Amounts reported beginning in 2017 incorporate changes in assumptions and changes in benefit terms used by STRS in calculating the total pension liability in the latest actuarial valuation. These new assumptions compared with those used in 2016 and prior are presented below:

_	2017	2016 and Prior
Inflation Projected salary increases	2.50 percent 12.50 percent at age 20 to 2.50 percent at age 65	2.75 percent 12.25 percent at age 20 to 2.75 percent at age 70
Investment Rate of Return Payroll Increases Cost-of-Living Adjustments (COLA)	See Below 3 percent 0.0 percent, effective July 1, 2017	See Below 3.5 percent 2 percent simple applied as follows: for members retiring before August 1, 2013, 2 percent per year; for members retiring August 1, 2013, or later, 2 percent COLA commences on fifth anniversary of retirement date.
Investment rate of return:		
2021 and 2022		7.00 percent, net of investment expenses, including inflation
2017 through 2020		7.45 percent, net of investment expenses, including inflation
2016 and prior		7.75 percent, net of investment expenses, including inflation

Beginning in 2022, post-retirement mortality rates are based on the Pub-2010 Teachers Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table, adjusted 110 percent for males, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2020. Pre-retirement mortality rates are based on Pub-2010 Teachers Employee Table adjusted 95 percent for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2020. For disabled retirees, mortality rates are based on the Pub-2010 Teachers Disabled Annuitant Table projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2020.

Beginning in 2017, post-retirement mortality rates for healthy retirees are based on the RP-2014 Annuitant Mortality Table with 50 percent of rates through age 69, 70 percent of rates between ages 70 and 79, 90 percent of rates between ages 80 and 84, and 100 percent of rates thereafter, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. Post-retirement disabled mortality rates are based on the RP-

2014 Disabled Mortality Table with 90 percent of rates for males and 100 percent of rates for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. Pre-retirement mortality rates are based on RP-2014 Employee Mortality Table, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016.

For 2016 and prior actuarial valuation, mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table (Projection 2022—Scale AA) for Males and Females. Males' ages are set-back two years through age 89 and no set-back for age 90 and above. Females younger than age 80 are set back four years, one year set back from age 80 through 89, and no set back from age 90 and above.

#### **Changes in Assumptions – OPERS OPEB**

Wage Inflation:	
2022	2.75 percent
2021 and prior	3.25 percent
Projected Salary Increases (including wag	ge inflation):
2022	2.75 to 10.75 percent
2021 and prior	3.25 to 10.75 percent
Investment Return Assumption:	
Beginning in 2019	6.00 percent
2018	6.50 percent
Municipal Bond Rate:	
2022	1.84 percent
2021	2.00 percent
2020	2.75 percent
2019	3.71 percent
2018	3.31 percent
Single Discount Rate:	
2022	6.00 percent
2021	6.00 percent
2020	3.16 percent
2019	3.96 percent
2018	3.85 percent
Health Care Cost Trend Rate:	
2022	5.5 percent, initial
	3.5 percent, ultimate in 2034
2021	8.5 percent, initial
	3.5 percent, ultimate in 2035
2020	10.5 percent, initial
	3.5 percent, ultimate in 2030
2019	10.0 percent, initial
	3.25 percent, ultimate in 2029
2018	7.5 percent, initial
	3.25 percent, ultimate in 2028

#### Changes in Benefit Terms - STRS Pension

For 2022, the Board approved a one-time 3 percent COLA effective on the anniversary of a benefit recipient's retirement date for those eligible during Fiscal Year 2023 and eliminated the age 60 requirement to receive unreduced retirement that was scheduled to go into effect August 1, 2026.

#### Changes in Benefit Terms - OPERS OPEB

On January 15, 2020, the Board approved several changes to the health care plan offered to Medicare and non-Medicare retirees in efforts to decrease costs and increase the solvency of the health care plan. These changes are effective January 1, 2022, and include changes to base allowances and eligibility for Medicare retirees, as well as replacing OPERS-sponsored medical plans for non-Medicare retirees with monthly allowances, similar to the program for Medicare retirees. These changes are reflected in 2021.

#### Changes in Assumptions – STRS OPEB

For 2022, salary increase rates were updated based on the actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2015, through June 30, 2021, and were changed from age based to service based. Healthcare trends were updated to reflect emerging claims and recoveries experience.

For 2021, the discount rate was decreased from 7.45 percent to 7.00 percent.

For 2018, the discount rate was increased from the blended rate of 4.13 percent to the long-term expected rate of return of 7.45.

#### Changes in Benefit Terms - STRS OPEB

For 2021, the non-Medicare subsidy percentage was increased effective January 1, 2022 from 2.055 percent to 2.1 percent per year of service. The non-Medicare frozen subsidy base premium was increased effective January 1, 2022. The Medicare Part D Subsidy was updated to reflect it is expected to be negative in CY 2022. The Part B monthly reimbursement elimination date was postponed indefinitely.

For 2020, there was no change to the claims costs process. Claim curves were updated to reflect the projected fiscal year ending June 30, 2021 premium based on June 30, 2020 enrollment distribution. The non-Medicare subsidy percentage was increased effective January 1, 2021 from 1.984 percent to 2.055 percent per year of service. The non-Medicare frozen subsidy base premium was increased effective January 1, 2021. The Medicare subsidy percentages were adjusted effective January 1, 2021 to 2.1 percent for the AMA Medicare plan. The Medicare Part B monthly reimbursement elimination date was postponed indefinitely.

For 2019, there was no change to the claims costs process. Claim curves were trended to the fiscal year ending June 30, 2020, to reflect the current price renewals. The non-Medicare subsidy percentage was increased effective January 1, 2020, from 1.944 percent to 1.984 percent per year of service. The non-Medicare frozen subsidy base premium was increased effective January 1, 2020. The Medicare subsidy percentages were adjusted effective January 1, 2021 to 2.1 percent for the Medicare plan. The Medicare Part B monthly reimbursement elimination date was postponed to January 1, 2021.

For 2018, the subsidy multiplier for non-Medicare benefit recipients was increased from 1.9 percent to 1.944 percent per year of service effective January 1, 2019. The non-Medicare frozen subsidy base premium was increased effective January 1, 2019, and all remaining Medicare Part B premium reimbursements will be discontinued beginning January 1, 2020.

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# Combining Statements And Individual Fund Schedules

#### Jefferson County, Ohio Fund Descriptions – Nonmajor Governmental Funds

#### Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds:

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditures for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

<u>Miscellaneous Local Fund</u> – To account for smaller Special Revenue Funds operated by the County, which are restricted for miscellaneous purposes and subsidized in part by local, state, and federal monies as well as miscellaneous sources. Budgetary information is adopted separately for each of these funds and is aggregated in the Miscellaneous Local Special Revenue budgetary schedule; however, they are considered one fund for GAAP reporting. These funds are as follows, Delinquent Real/Assessment Collection, Dog and Kennel, Geographic Information System, and Law Library Resources.

<u>County Airpark</u> – To account for the restricted resources, including state and federal grant funding, for the County-owned airport, as well as the contractually arranged management services of the Jefferson County Airport Authority.

<u>Child Support Enforcement Agency Fund</u> – To account for restricted state, federal, and local revenue used to administer the County child support program.

<u>Mental Health Fund</u> – To account for property tax revenue and federal and state grants restricted to the Jefferson County Mental Health and Recovery Board.

<u>Court/Corrections and Public Safety Fund</u> – To account for monies received through court fees and federal and state grants which are restricted for court expenditures, enforcing laws, housing and rehabilitation of offenders, and other judicial and public safety programs and issues.

<u>Emergency 911 Fund</u> – To account for revenue derived from a County tax levy restricted for the implementation and operation of a 911 system.

<u>Permissive Sheriff Fund</u> – To account for permissive sales tax monies as well as transfers from the General Fund restricted for the operation of the Sheriff's department.

<u>Tuberculosis/Crippled Child Levy Fund</u> – To account for the balance of a previous county-wide property tax levy. The remaining balance is restricted for educational programs concerning the danger of tuberculosis and also for the needs of handicapped and crippled children.

<u>Children Services Fund</u> – To account for monies received from a county-wide property tax levy, federal and state grants, support collections, social security, and an expendable trust account restricted to support the Children's Home. Major expenditures are for foster homes, emergency shelters, medical care, school supplies, counseling, and parental training.

<u>Jail Operating Levy Fund</u> – To account for a county-wide property tax levy restricted for the administration and operation of the county justice facility.

<u>Community Development Block Grant Fund</u> – To account for federal grant monies restricted for the administration of a community development block grant program.

#### Jefferson County, Ohio Fund Descriptions – Nonmajor Governmental Funds

<u>Senior Citizens Levy Fund</u> – To account for revenue derived from a County tax levy restricted to help senior citizens throughout the County.

<u>Federal Emergency Management Agency Fund</u> – To account for restricted revenue received from the Federal Emergency Management Agency for disaster relief from flood damage used to repair roads.

OneOhio Opioid Fund – To account for restricted settlement revenues received from a negotiated settlement reached between the State of Ohio and the three largest opioid distributors for uses prescribed by the State which include evidence-based forward-looking strategies, programming and services used to expand the availability of treatment for individuals affected by substance use disorders; develop, promote and provide evidence-based substance use prevention strategies; provide substance use avoidance and awareness education; decrease the oversupply of licit and illicit opioids; and support recovery from addiction services performed by qualified and appropriately licensed providers.

#### **Nonmajor Debt Service Fund:**

The Debt Service Fund is used to account for and report financial resources, and the accumulation of resources, that are restricted to expenditure for principal and interest on general obligation debt.

#### **Nonmajor Capital Projects Fund:**

Capital Projects Funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlay, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets (other than those financed by proprietary funds).

<u>Permanent Improvement Fund</u> – To account for note and bond proceeds, charges for services, permissive sales tax, and transfers restricted for the construction and repair/improvements of various County properties and facilities.

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#### Jefferson County, Ohio Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds December 31, 2022

Sact   Squity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents   \$19,541,186   \$2,373,210   \$1,396,306   \$22,310,702   \$23,310,702   \$342,762		Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	Nonmajor Debt Service Fund	Nonmajor Capital Projects Fund	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Cash and Cash Equivalents in Segregated Accounts         342,762         0         0         342,762           Restricted Assets:         8         274,074         0         0         274,074           Cash and Cash Equivalents with Fiscal Agents         1,925,758         0         0         24,636           Investments with Fiscal Agents         1,927,758         0         0         1,026,758           Materials and Supplies Inventory         88,156         0         0         88,156           Receivables:         8         0         0         1,0183,318           Property Taxes         10,183,318         273,309         192,000         997,090           Accounts         355,294         0         0         355,294           Intergroemmental         4,031,658         0         0         24,827           Leases         50,322         0         0         24,827           Leases         50,322         0         0         24,827           Leases         \$36,750,956         \$2,646,519         \$1,588,306         \$40,985,781           Liabilities           Liabilities           Liabilities         \$23,744         \$0         \$0		010 541 106	Φ2.252.210	<b>#1.206.206</b>	#22.210. <b>7</b> 02
Restricted Assets:         Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents         274,074         0         0         274,074           Cash and Cash Equivalents with Fiscal Agents         1,992,758         0         0         1,992,758           Investments with Fiscal Agents         1,992,758         0         0         88,156           Receivables:         88,156         0         0         88,156           Property Taxes         10,183,318         0         0         10,183,318           Permissive Sales Taxes         531,781         273,309         192,000         997,090           Accounts         355,294         0         0         4031,658           Intergovernmental         4,031,658         0         0         4031,658           Interflund         24,827         0         0         24,827           Leases         50,322         0         0         20,948           Prepaid Items         210,184         0         0         210,184           Total Assets         \$36,750,956         \$2,646,519         \$1,588,306         \$40,985,781           Liabilities           Liabilities           Liabilities         20         0         192,621 <td>1 2</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>. , ,</td> <td></td>	1 2			. , ,	
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents         274,074         0         0         274,074           Cash and Cash Equivalents with Fiscal Agents         1,92,758         0         0         24,636           Investments with Fiscal Agents         1,922,758         0         0         1,022,758           Materials and Supplies Inventory         88,156         0         0         88,156           Receivables:         Total Assets         10,183,318         0         0         10,183,318           Prometry Taxes         13,1781         273,309         192,000         997,090           Accounts         355,294         0         0         355,294           Interprovenmental         4,031,658         0         0         24,827           Leases         50,322         0         0         50,322           Pepaid Items         210,184         0         0         20,322           Pepaid Items         \$36,750,956         \$2,646,519         \$1,588,306         \$40,985,781           Total Assets         \$36,750,956         \$2,646,519         \$1,588,306         \$40,985,781           Liabilities         \$36,750,956         \$2,646,519         \$1,588,306         \$40,985,781           Liabilities	1 6 6	342,762	0	0	342,762
Cash and Cash Equivalents with Fiscal Agents         24,636         0         0         24,636           Investments with Fiscal Agents         1,092,758         0         0         1,092,758           Materials and Supplies Inventory         88,156         0         0         0         88,156           Receivables:         "" " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " "		274.074	0	0	274.074
Investments with Fiscal Agents		· ·			
Materials and Supplies Inventory         88,156         0         0         88,156           Receivables:         7         10,183,318         0         0         10,183,318           Property Taxes         10,183,318         273,309         192,000         997,090           Accounts         355,294         0         0         355,294           Intergovernmental         4,031,658         0         0         4,031,658           Intergovernmental         24,827         0         0         24,827           Leases         50,322         0         0         50,322           Prepaid Items         210,184         0         0         20,822           Prepaid Items         \$36,750,956         \$2,646,519         \$1,588,306         \$40,985,781           Liabilities           Liabilities           Cecounts Payable         \$623,744         \$0         \$0         \$92,874           Accounts Payable         \$623,744         \$0         \$0         \$92,621           Contracts Payable         \$623,744         \$0         \$9.0         \$9.222           Interfand Payable         \$15,75,17         \$0         \$0         \$1.723,80	1	,			,
Receivables:         Property Taxes         10,183,318         0         0         10,183,318           Permissive Sales Taxes         531,781         273,309         192,000         997,090           Accounts         355,294         0         0         355,294           Intergovernmental         4,031,658         0         0         4,031,658           Interfund         24,827         0         0         24,827           Leases         50,322         0         0         50,322           Prepaid Items         210,184         0         0         210,184           Total Assets         \$36,750,956         \$2,646,519         \$1,588,306         \$40,985,781           Liabilities         8         20,046         \$1,588,306         \$40,985,781           Liabilities         \$623,744         \$0         \$0         \$623,744           Accounts Payable         \$623,744         \$0         \$0         \$623,744           Accounts Payable         \$623,744         \$0         \$0         \$0         \$2,621           Contracts Payable         \$2,621         \$0         \$0         \$0         \$2,621           Contracts Payable         \$1,65,144         \$0         \$0			_		
Property Taxes         10,183,318         0         0         10,183,318           Permissive Sales Taxes         531,781         273,090         192,000         997,090           Accounts         355,294         0         0         355,294           Intergovernmental         4,031,658         0         0         4,031,658           Interfund         24,827         0         0         24,827           Leases         50,322         0         0         50,322           Prepaid Items         210,184         0         0         210,184           Total Assets         \$36,750,956         \$2,646,519         \$1,588,306         \$40,985,781           Liabilities         8         \$623,744         \$0         \$0         \$20,985,781           Liabilities         \$623,744         \$0         \$0         \$623,744           Accrued Wages and Benefits         \$192,621         0         \$0         \$192,621           Contracts Payable         \$623,744         \$0         \$0         \$2,228           Interfund Payable         \$167,514         \$0         \$0         \$2,228           Interfund Payable         \$160,735         \$0         \$1,450,000         \$1,513,330	11	88,156	U	0	88,136
Permissive Sales Taxes         531,781         273,309         192,000         997,090           Accounts         355,294         0         0         355,294           Intergovernmental         4,031,658         0         0         4,031,658           Interfund         24,827         0         0         24,827           Leases         50,322         0         0         50,322           Prepaid Items         210,184         0         0         210,184           Total Assets         \$36,750,956         \$2,646,519         \$1,588,306         \$40,985,781           Liabilities           Accounts Payable         \$623,744         \$0         \$0         \$623,744           Accounts Payable         \$623,744         \$0         \$0         \$623,744           Accounts Payable         \$192,621         \$0         \$0         \$192,621           Contracts Payable         \$2,8228         \$0         \$0         \$2,8228           Retainage Payable         \$2,8228         \$0         \$0         \$28,228           Interfund Payable         \$160,735         \$0         \$0         \$15,713           Total Liabilitities         \$1,597,935         \$0         \$1,452,946		10 192 219	0	0	10 192 219
Accounts	1 2				, ,
Intergovernmental   4,031,658   0   0   4,031,658   Interfund   24,827   0   0   24,827   0   0   0   24,827   0   0   0   50,322   0   0   0   50,322   0   0   0   0   50,322   0   0   0   0   0   10,828   0   0   0   0   10,828   0   0   0   0   10,828   0   0   0   0   0   10,828   0   0   0   0   0   0   0   0   0		· ·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	,	,
Interfund		,			,
Perpaid Items	•	· · ·	*	*	
Prepaid Items         210,184         0         0         210,184           Total Assets         \$36,750,956         \$2,646,519         \$1,588,306         \$40,985,781           Liabilities         8         \$623,744         \$0         \$0         \$623,744           Accrued Wages and Benefits         192,621         0         0         192,621           Contracts Payable         167,514         0         2,946         170,460           Retainage Payable         28,228         0         0         282,28           Interfund Payable         160,735         0         1,450,000         1,723,380           Intergovernmental Payable         160,735         0         0         160,735           Payroll Withholdings         151,713         0         0         151,713           Total Liabilities         1,597,935         0         1,452,946         3,050,881           Deferred Inflows of Resources           Property Taxes         7,454,443         0         0         7,454,443           Unavailable Revenue         5,736,170         165,494         0         5,90,1664           Leases         3,240,935         165,494         0         3,90,1664           Leases <td></td> <td>· ·</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·</td>		· ·			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Total Assets         \$36,750,956         \$2,646,519         \$1,588,306         \$40,985,781           Liabilities         *** Accounts Payable** Accounts Payable**		· ·			· ·
Liabilities         Security	riepaid items	210,164			210,164
Accounts Payable         \$623,744         \$0         \$0         \$623,744           Accrued Wages and Benefits         192,621         0         0         192,621           Contracts Payable         167,514         0         2,946         170,460           Retainage Payable         28,228         0         0         28,228           Interfund Payable         160,735         0         0         1,450,000         1,723,380           Intergovernmental Payable         160,735         0         0         0         160,735           Payroll Withholdings         151,713         0         0         151,713           Total Liabilities         1,597,935         0         1,452,946         3,050,881           Deferred Inflows of Resources         7,454,443         0         0         7,454,443           Unavailable Revenue         5,736,170         165,494         0         5,901,664           Leases         50,322         0         0         0         5,93,22           Total Defered Inflows of Resources         13,240,935         165,494         0         13,406,429           Fund Balances         298,340         0         0         0         298,340           Restricted <td>Total Assets</td> <td>\$36,750,956</td> <td>\$2,646,519</td> <td>\$1,588,306</td> <td>\$40,985,781</td>	Total Assets	\$36,750,956	\$2,646,519	\$1,588,306	\$40,985,781
Accrued Wages and Benefits         192,621         0         0         192,621           Contracts Payable         167,514         0         2,946         170,460           Retainage Payable         28,228         0         0         28,228           Interfund Payable         273,380         0         1,450,000         1,723,380           Intergovernmental Payable         160,735         0         0         160,735           Payroll Withholdings         151,713         0         0         151,713           Total Liabilities         1,597,935         0         1,452,946         3,050,881           Deferred Inflows of Resources           Property Taxes         7,454,443         0         0         7,454,443           Unavailable Revenue         5,736,170         165,494         0         5,901,664           Leases         50,322         0         0         5,9322           Total Defered Inflows of Resources         13,240,935         165,494         0         13,406,429           Fund Balances           Nonspendable         298,340         0         0         298,340           Restricted         21,613,746         2,481,025         135,360	Liabilities				
Contracts Payable         167,514         0         2,946         170,460           Retainage Payable         28,228         0         0         28,228           Interfund Payable         273,380         0         1,450,000         1,723,380           Intergovernmental Payable         160,735         0         0         0         160,735           Payroll Withholdings         151,713         0         0         151,713           Total Liabilities         1,597,935         0         1,452,946         3,050,881           Deferred Inflows of Resources         7,454,443         0         0         7,454,443           Unavailable Revenue         5,736,170         165,494         0         5,901,664           Leases         50,322         0         0         13,406,429           Fund Balances           Nonspendable         298,340         0         0         298,340           Restricted         21,613,746         2,481,025         135,360         24,230,131           Total Fund Balances           Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows	Accounts Payable	\$623,744	\$0	\$0	\$623,744
Retainage Payable         28,228         0         0         28,228           Interfund Payable         273,380         0         1,450,000         1,723,380           Intergovernmental Payable         160,735         0         0         160,735           Payroll Withholdings         151,713         0         0         151,713           Total Liabilities         1,597,935         0         1,452,946         3,050,881           Deferred Inflows of Resources           Property Taxes         7,454,443         0         0         7,454,443           Unavailable Revenue         5,736,170         165,494         0         5,901,664           Leases         50,322         0         0         13,406,429           Fund Balances           Nonspendable         298,340         0         0         298,340           Restricted         21,613,746         2,481,025         135,360         24,230,131           Total Fund Balances         21,912,086         2,481,025         135,360         24,528,471	Accrued Wages and Benefits	192,621	0	0	192,621
Interfund Payable         273,380         0         1,450,000         1,723,380           Intergovernmental Payable         160,735         0         0         160,735           Payroll Withholdings         151,713         0         0         151,713           Deferred Inflows of Resources           Property Taxes         7,454,443         0         0         7,454,443           Unavailable Revenue         5,736,170         165,494         0         5,901,664           Leases         50,322         0         0         13,406,429           Fund Balances           Nonspendable         298,340         0         0         298,340           Restricted         21,613,746         2,481,025         135,360         24,230,131           Total Fund Balances         21,912,086         2,481,025         135,360         24,528,471	Contracts Payable	167,514	0	2,946	170,460
Intergovernmental Payable         160,735         0         0         160,735           Payroll Withholdings         151,713         0         0         151,713           Total Liabilities         1,597,935         0         1,452,946         3,050,881           Deferred Inflows of Resources         7,454,443         0         0         7,454,443           Unavailable Revenue         5,736,170         165,494         0         5,901,664           Leases         50,322         0         0         50,322           Total Defered Inflows of Resources         13,240,935         165,494         0         13,406,429           Fund Balances         298,340         0         0         298,340           Restricted         21,613,746         2,481,025         135,360         24,230,131           Total Fund Balances         21,912,086         2,481,025         135,360         24,528,471           Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows         21,912,086         2,481,025         135,360         24,528,471	Retainage Payable	28,228	0	0	28,228
Payroll Withholdings         151,713         0         0         151,713           Total Liabilities         1,597,935         0         1,452,946         3,050,881           Deferred Inflows of Resources           Property Taxes         7,454,443         0         0         7,454,443           Unavailable Revenue         5,736,170         165,494         0         5,901,664           Leases         50,322         0         0         50,322           Total Defered Inflows of Resources         13,240,935         165,494         0         13,406,429           Fund Balances         298,340         0         0         298,340           Restricted         21,613,746         2,481,025         135,360         24,230,131           Total Fund Balances         21,912,086         2,481,025         135,360         24,528,471           Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows	Interfund Payable	273,380	0	1,450,000	1,723,380
Deferred Inflows of Resources         1,597,935         0         1,452,946         3,050,881           Property Taxes         7,454,443         0         0         7,454,443           Unavailable Revenue         5,736,170         165,494         0         5,901,664           Leases         50,322         0         0         50,322           Total Defered Inflows of Resources         13,240,935         165,494         0         13,406,429           Fund Balances         298,340         0         0         298,340           Restricted         21,613,746         2,481,025         135,360         24,230,131           Total Fund Balances         21,912,086         2,481,025         135,360         24,528,471           Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows         21,912,086         2,481,025         135,360         24,528,471	Intergovernmental Payable	160,735	0	0	160,735
Deferred Inflows of Resources           Property Taxes         7,454,443         0         0         7,454,443           Unavailable Revenue         5,736,170         165,494         0         5,901,664           Leases         50,322         0         0         50,322           Total Defered Inflows of Resources         13,240,935         165,494         0         13,406,429           Fund Balances         298,340         0         0         298,340           Restricted         21,613,746         2,481,025         135,360         24,230,131           Total Fund Balances         21,912,086         2,481,025         135,360         24,528,471           Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows         21,912,086         2,481,025         135,360         24,528,471	Payroll Withholdings	151,713	0	0	151,713
Property Taxes       7,454,443       0       0       7,454,443         Unavailable Revenue       5,736,170       165,494       0       5,901,664         Leases       50,322       0       0       50,322         Total Defered Inflows of Resources         Fund Balances         Nonspendable       298,340       0       0       298,340         Restricted       21,613,746       2,481,025       135,360       24,230,131         Total Fund Balances         21,912,086       2,481,025       135,360       24,528,471         Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows	Total Liabilities	1,597,935	0	1,452,946	3,050,881
Property Taxes       7,454,443       0       0       7,454,443         Unavailable Revenue       5,736,170       165,494       0       5,901,664         Leases       50,322       0       0       50,322         Total Defered Inflows of Resources         Fund Balances         Nonspendable       298,340       0       0       298,340         Restricted       21,613,746       2,481,025       135,360       24,230,131         Total Fund Balances         21,912,086       2,481,025       135,360       24,528,471         Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows	Deferred Inflows of Resources				
Leases         50,322         0         0         50,322           Total Defered Inflows of Resources         13,240,935         165,494         0         13,406,429           Fund Balances           Nonspendable         298,340         0         0         298,340           Restricted         21,613,746         2,481,025         135,360         24,230,131           Total Fund Balances         21,912,086         2,481,025         135,360         24,528,471           Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows	1 2	7,454,443			, ,
Fund Balances         13,240,935         165,494         0         13,406,429           Fund Balances         298,340         0         0         298,340           Restricted         21,613,746         2,481,025         135,360         24,230,131           Total Fund Balances         21,912,086         2,481,025         135,360         24,528,471           Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows					, ,
Fund Balances           Nonspendable         298,340         0         0         298,340           Restricted         21,613,746         2,481,025         135,360         24,230,131           Total Fund Balances         21,912,086         2,481,025         135,360         24,528,471           Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows	Leases	50,322	0	0	50,322
Nonspendable         298,340         0         0         298,340           Restricted         21,613,746         2,481,025         135,360         24,230,131           Total Fund Balances         21,912,086         2,481,025         135,360         24,528,471           Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows	Total Defered Inflows of Resources	13,240,935	165,494	0	13,406,429
Restricted         21,613,746         2,481,025         135,360         24,230,131           Total Fund Balances         21,912,086         2,481,025         135,360         24,528,471           Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows	Fund Balances				
Total Fund Balances         21,912,086         2,481,025         135,360         24,528,471           Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows	Nonspendable	298,340	0	0	298,340
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows	Restricted	21,613,746	2,481,025	135,360	24,230,131
	Total Fund Balances	21,912,086	2,481,025	135,360	24,528,471
of Resources, and Fund Balances         \$36,750,956         \$2,646,519         \$1,588,306         \$40,985,781	Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows				
	of Resources, and Fund Balances	\$36,750,956	\$2,646,519	\$1,588,306	\$40,985,781

#### Jefferson County, Ohio Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds December 31, 2022

Assets	Miscellaneous Local	County Airpark	Child Support Enforcement Agency	Mental Health	Court/Corrections and Public Safety	Emergency 911
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$3,554,625	\$3,568,975	\$1,946,172	\$2,872,080	\$2,320,551	\$171,262
Cash and Cash Equivalents in Segregated Accounts	\$3,334,023	33,300,973	\$1,940,172	\$2,872,080	96,814	\$171,202
Restricted Assets:	v	· ·	V	V	70,014	V
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	0	28,228	0	0	0	0
Cash and Cash Equivalents with Fiscal Agents	0	0	0	0	0	0
Investments with Fiscal Agents	0	0	0	0	0	0
Materials and Supplies Inventory	1,875	63,670	2,875	0	590	3,904
Receivables:						
Property Taxes	0	0	0	725,007	0	3,026,404
Permissive Sales Taxes	0	0	0	0	0	0
Accounts	343,717	11,255	0	322	0	0
Intergovernmental	0	564,936	187,497	1,373,934	437,092	96,326
Interfund	0	0	0	0	21,235	0
Leases	0	0	0	0	0	50,322
Prepaid Items		9,203		2,137	57,106	115,751
Total Assets	\$3,900,217	\$4,246,267	\$2,136,544	\$4,973,480	\$2,933,388	\$3,463,969
Liabilities						
Accounts Payable	\$9,793	\$2,770	\$0	\$214,091	\$0	\$12,326
Accrued Wages and Benefits	11,383	3,391	8,904	7,549	14,099	21,935
Contracts Payable	0	167,514	0	0	0	0
Retainage Payable	0	28,228	0	0	0	0
Interfund Payable	0	0	150,825	0	0	0
Intergovernmental Payable	8,189	3,442	6,243	14,621	13,418	14,196
Payroll Withholdings	14,113	4,070	10,694	9,280	8,839	23,749
Total Liabilities	43,478	209,415	176,666	245,541	36,356	72,206
Deferred Inflows of Resources						
Property Taxes	0	0	0	485,632	0	2,308,279
Unavailable Revenue Leases	343,717 0	449,196 0	185,473 0	1,017,407 0	226,705 0	803,410 50,322
Total Defered Inflows of Resources	343,717	449,196	185,473	1,503,039	226,705	3,162,011
Fund Balances						
Nonspendable	1,875	72,873	2,875	2,137	57,696	119,655
Restricted	3,511,147	3,514,783	1,771,530	3,222,763	2,612,631	110,097
Total Fund Balances	3,513,022	3,587,656	1,774,405	3,224,900	2,670,327	229,752
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows	£2.000.017	64.246.265	¢2.126.544	04.072.400	ea 022 200	82 4C2 0C0
of Resources, and Fund Balances	\$3,900,217	\$4,246,267	\$2,136,544	\$4,973,480	\$2,933,388	\$3,463,969

Total Nonmajor Special Reven Funds	OneOhio Opioid Settlement	Senior Citizens Levy	Community Development Block Grant	Jail Operating Levy	Children Services	Tuberculosis/ Crippled Child Levy	Permissive Sheriff
\$19,541,18 342,70	\$57,495 0	\$49,225 0	\$95,284 0	\$654,695 0	\$3,347,779 5,661	\$285,675 0	\$617,368 240,287
274,0	0	0	0	0	245,846	0	0
24,63	0	0	0	0	24,636	0	0
1,092,7	0	0	0	0	1,092,758	0	0
88,1:	0	0	0	8,158	1,437	0	5,647
10,183,3	0	2,351,874	0	2,471,905	1,608,128	0	0
531,78	0	0	0	0	0	0	531,781
355,29	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
4,031,65	0	65,679	0	427,148	870,563	0	8,483
24,82	0	0	0	0	0	0	3,592
50,32	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
210,18	0	0	0	5,868	0	0	20,119
\$36,750,93	\$57,495	\$2,466,778	\$95,284	\$3,567,774	\$7,196,808	\$285,675	\$1,427,277
\$623,74	\$0	\$0	\$21,653	\$89,938	\$217,068	\$0	\$56,105
192,62	0	0	0	64,258	4,383	0	56,719
167,5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
28,22	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
273,38	0	0	0	3,592	118,963	0	0
160,73	0	0	0	50,709	5,345	2,105	42,467
151,7	0	0	0	62,925	4,266	0	13,777
1,597,9	0	0	21,653	271,422	350,025	2,105	169,068
7,454,4	0	1,777,374	0	1,753,780	1,129,378	0	0
5,736,1	0	640,179	0	782,990	1,097,958	0	189,135
50,3	0	0	0	0	0		0
13,240,9	0	2,417,553	0	2,536,770	2,227,336	0	189,135
298,34	0	0	0	14,026	1,437	0	25,766
21,613,7	57,495	49,225	73,631	745,556	4,618,010	283,570	1,043,308
21,912,0	57,495	49,225	73,631	759,582	4,619,447	283,570	1,069,074

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#### Jefferson County, Ohio Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	Nonmajor Debt Service Fund	Nonmajor Capital Projects Fund	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Revenues				
Property Taxes	\$6,983,415	\$0	\$0	\$6,983,415
Permissive Sales Taxes	1,994,803	1,564,995	192,000	3,751,798
Charges for Services	5,305,024	0	0	5,305,024
Licenses and Permits	105,159	0	0	105,159
Fines, Forfeitures, and Settlements	298,559	0	0	298,559
Intergovernmental	13,141,702	0	0	13,141,702
Investment Earnings and Other Interest	(162,269)	0	0	(162,269)
Leases, Rents, and Royalties	1,219,815	0	0	1,219,815
Contributions and Donations	40,902	0	0	40,902
Other	227,488	0	20,805	248,293
Total Revenues	29,154,598	1,564,995	212,805	30,932,398
Expenditures				
Current:				
General Government:				
Legislative and Executive	1,608,312	0	0	1,608,312
Judicial	289,822	0	0	289,822
Public Safety	13,472,780	0	0	13,472,780
Health	3,733,104	0	0	3,733,104
Human Services	7,325,678	0	0	7,325,678
Economic Development and Assistance	4,078,553	0	0	4,078,553
Capital Outlay	0	0	299,232	299,232
Intergovernmental	129,746	0	0	129,746
Debt Service:				
Principal Retirement	0	1,588,677	0	1,588,677
Interest	0	245,446	0	245,446
Total Expenditures	30,637,995	1,834,123	299,232	32,771,350
Excess of Revenues Under Expenditures	(1,483,397)	(269,128)	(86,427)	(1,838,952)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Transfers In	3,783,126	703,859	359,000	4,845,985
Transfers Out	(704,436)	0	0	(704,436)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	3,078,690	703,859	359,000	4,141,549
Net Change in Fund Balances	1,595,293	434,731	272,573	2,302,597
Fund Balance (Deficit) Beginning of Year	20,316,793	2,046,294	(137,213)	22,225,874
Fund Balance End of Year	\$21,912,086	\$2,481,025	\$135,360	\$24,528,471

#### Jefferson County, Ohio Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Miscellaneous Local	County Airpark	Child Support Enforcement Agency	Mental Health	Court/Corrections and Public Safety	Emergency 911
Revenues						
Property Taxes	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$457,882	\$0	\$2,128,051
Permissive Sales Taxes	0	0	0	0	0	0
Charges for Services	2,013,490	378,227	205,034	0	228,854	0
Licenses and Permits	48,468	0	0	0	56,691	0
Fines, Forfeitures, and Settlements	12,615	0	0	0	228,449	0
Intergovernmental	0	2,915,678	1,212,449	3,218,456	1,510,090	244,698
Investment Earnings and Other Interest	0	35,256	0	0	0	1,512
Leases, Rents, and Royalties	0	1,187,416	0	12,000	0	20,399
Contributions and Donations	0	0	0	25,000	752	0
Other	8,018	11,258	0	90	0	12,401
Total Revenues	2,082,591	4,527,835	1,417,483	3,713,428	2,024,836	2,407,061
Expenditures Current:						
General Government:						
Legislative and Executive	1,608,312	0	0	0	0	0
Judicial	2,533	0	0	0	287,289	0
Public Safety	0	0	0	0	1,555,536	2,004,862
Health	195,369	0	0	3,470,521	0	0
Human Services	0	0	1,369,822	0	0	0
Economic Development and Assistance	0	3,833,147	0	0	0	0
Intergovernmental	0	0	0	129,746	0	0
Total Expenditures	1,806,214	3,833,147	1,369,822	3,600,267	1,842,825	2,004,862
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	276,377	694,688	47,661	113,161	182,011	402,199
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Transfers In	150,618	100,000	0	0	70,615	0
Transfers Out	0	0	0	0	0	(391,488)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	150,618	100,000	0	0_	70,615	(391,488)
Net Change in Fund Balances	426,995	794,688	47,661	113,161	252,626	10,711
Fund Balances Beginning of Year	3,086,027	2,792,968	1,726,744	3,111,739	2,417,701	219,041
Fund Balances End of Year	\$3,513,022	\$3,587,656	\$1,774,405	\$3,224,900	\$2,670,327	\$229,752

Permissive Sheriff	Tuberculosis/ Crippled Child Levy	Children Services	Jail Operating Levy	Community Development Block Grant	Senior Citizens Levy	Federal Emergency Management Assistance	OneOhio Opioid Settlement	Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds
\$0	\$0	\$1,056,711	\$1,639,154	\$0	\$1,701,617	\$0	\$0	\$6,983,415
1,994,803	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1,994,803
1,156,379	0	0	1,323,040	0	0	0	0	5,305,024
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	105,159
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	57,495	298,559
84,878	0	3,222,161	84,712	285,515	50,117	312,948	0	13,141,702
0	0	(199,037)	0	0	0	0	0	(162,269)
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1,219,815
15,150	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	40,902
168,589	0	0	0	27,132	0	0	0	227,488
3,419,799	0	4,079,835	3,046,906	312,647	1,751,734	312,948	57,495	29,154,598
0 0 4,667,241 0 0 0	0 0 0 67,214 0 0	0 0 0 0 4,141,696 0	0 0 5,245,141 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 245,406	0 0 0 0 1,814,160 0	0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0	1,608,312 289,822 13,472,780 3,733,104 7,325,678 4,078,553 129,746
4,667,241	67,214	4,141,696	5,245,141	245,406	1,814,160	0	0	30,637,995
(1,247,442)	(67,214)	(61,861)	(2,198,235)	67,241	(62,426)	312,948	57,495	(1,483,397)
1,209,011	0	0	2,252,882	0	0	0	0	3,783,126
0	0	0	0	0	0	(312,948)	0	(704,436)
1,209,011	0	0	2,252,882	0	0	(312,948)	0_	3,078,690
(38,431)	(67,214)	(61,861)	54,647	67,241	(62,426)	0	57,495	1,595,293
1,107,505	350,784	4,681,308	704,935	6,390	111,651	0	0	20,316,793
\$1,069,074	\$283,570	\$4,619,447	\$759,582	\$73,631	\$49,225	\$0_	\$57,495	\$21,912,086

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#### Jefferson County, Ohio Fund Descriptions – Internal Service Funds

Internal Service Funds account for the financing of services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the County on a cost-reimbursement basis. The following is a description of the County's Internal Service funds:

<u>Self Insurance – Health Fund – To account for the operation of the County's self insurance program for employee health benefits and prescription drugs.</u>

<u>Self Insurance – Workers' Compensation Fund</u> – To account for the County's workers' compensation program through a retrospective rating plan.

#### Jefferson County, Ohio Combining Statement of Fund Net Position Internal Service Funds December 31, 2022

	Self Insurance Health	Self Insurance Workers' Compensation	Total Internal Service Funds
Assets			
Current Assets:			
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$0	\$3,994,543	\$3,994,543
Cash and Cash Equivalents with Fiscal Agents	6,133,029	0	6,133,029
Receivables:			
Accounts	150,526	0	150,526
Interfund	0	1,450,000	1,450,000
Total Assets	6,283,555	5,444,543	11,728,098
Liabilities			
Current Liabilities:			
Interfund Payable	1,067,521	0	1,067,521
Claims Payable - Health	681,829	0	681,829
Claims Payable - Workers' Compensation	0	686	686
Total Liabilities	1,749,350	686	1,750,036
Net Position			
Unrestricted	\$4,534,205	\$5,443,857	\$9,978,062

### Jefferson County, Ohio Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position Internal Service Funds

#### For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

Operating Revenues	Self Insurance Health	Self Insurance Workers' Compensation	Total Internal Service Funds
Charges for Services	\$9,105,281	\$0	\$9,105,281
Other	361,977	5,830	367,807
Total Operating Revenues	9,467,258	5,830	9,473,088
Operating Expenses			
Contractual Services	481,271	0	481,271
Claims	8,353,270	18	8,353,288
Total Operating Expenses	8,834,541	18	8,834,559
Operating Income	632,717	5,812	638,529
Non-Operating Revenues			
Investment Earnings	46,569	0	46,569
Change in Net Position	679,286	5,812	685,098
Net Position Beginning of Year	3,854,919	5,438,045	9,292,964
Net Position End of Year	\$4,534,205	\$5,443,857	\$9,978,062

#### Jefferson County, Ohio Combining Statement of Cash Flows Internal Service Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	Self Insurance Health	Self Insurance Workers' Compensation	Total
Cash Flows from Operating Activities Cash Received from Interfund Services Cash Payments for Goods and Services Cash Payments for Claims Other Operating Revenues	\$9,105,281 (481,271) (9,340,850) 1,727,198	\$0 0 (15,775) 5,830	\$9,105,281 (481,271) (9,356,625) 1,733,028
Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Operating Activities	1,010,358	(9,945)	1,000,413
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities			
Cash Received from Interfund Loans Cash Payments for Interfund Loans	1,067,521 (1,455,496)	188,000 0	1,255,521 (1,455,496)
Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Noncapital Financing Activities	(387,975)	188,000	(199,975)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities Interest Received from Investments	46,569	0	46,569
Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents	668,952	178,055	847,007
Cash and Cash Equivalents Beginning of Year	5,464,077	3,816,488	9,280,565
Cash and Cash Equivalents End of Year	\$6,133,029	\$3,994,543	\$10,127,572
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Operating Activities			
Operating Income	\$632,717	\$5,812	\$638,529
Changes in Assets and Liabilities: Increase in Accounts Receivable Increase (Decrease) in Claims Payable	148,864 228,777	0 (15,757)	148,864 213,020
Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Operating Activities	\$1,010,358	(\$9,945)	\$1,000,413

#### Jefferson County, Ohio Fund Descriptions – Fiduciary Funds

Custodial Funds are used to report fiduciary activities that are not required to be reported in a trust fund. These funds do not account for the County's own source revenue. The following is a description of the County's custodial funds:

<u>Undivided Monies Fund</u> – To account for various taxes, special assessments, and state undivided monies collected and distributed for the benefit of other governments.

<u>Fiscal Agent Fund</u> – To account for monies received and disbursed by the County as fiscal agent for the benefit of legally separate entities including the Jefferson Soil and Water Conservation District, the Jefferson County General Health District, the Local Emergency Planning Commission and the Jefferson County Regional Planning Commission.

<u>Miscellaneous Court/Safety Fund</u> – To account for various fines and fees collected and distributed through the courts for the benefit of others.

Other Custodial Fund – To account for monies held by the County to be distributed for the benefit of others.

#### Jefferson County, Ohio Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Custodial Funds December 31, 2022

	Undivided Monies	Fiscal Agent	Miscellaneous Court / Safety	Other	Total
Assets Equity in Packed Cook and Cook Equivalents	¢1 622 970	¢2 690 147	¢107.240	\$80,035	\$4.500.210
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$1,623,879	\$2,689,147	\$197,249		\$4,590,310
Cash and Cash Equivalents in Segregated Accounts	0	0	586,694	0	586,694
Receivables:	07.005.400	0	0	0	07.005.400
Property Taxes	97,905,499	0	0	0	97,905,499
Accounts	0	0	562,446	0	562,446
Special Assessments	606,655	0	0	0	606,655
Intergovernmental	3,888,324	0	0	0	3,888,324
Total Assets	104,024,357	2,689,147	1,346,389	80,035	108,139,928
Liabilities					
Intergovernmental Payable	5,512,203	0	586,694	0	6,098,897
Deferred Inflows of Resources					
Property Taxes	74,103,084	0	0	0	74,103,084
Net Position Restricted for Individuals,				***	
Organizations, and Other Governments	\$24,409,070	\$2,689,147	\$759,695	\$80,035	\$27,937,947

#### Jefferson County, Ohio Combining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Custodial Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Undivided Monies	Fiscal Agent	Miscellaneous Court / Safety	Other	Total
Additions					
Intergovernmental	\$7,576,900	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$7,576,900
Amounts Received as Fiscal Agent	0	8,674,233	0	0	8,674,233
Licenses, Permits, and Fees for Other Governments	0	0	9,645,983	371,706	10,017,689
Fines and Forfeitures for Other Governments	0	0	1,703,509	0	1,703,509
Property Tax Collections for Other Governments	77,907,976	0	0	0	77,907,976
Special Assessment Collections for Other Governments	234,195	0	0	0	234,195
Miscellaneous	1,626	0	0	0	1,626
Total Additions	85,720,697	8,674,233	11,349,492	371,706	106,116,128
Deductions					
Distributions to the State of Ohio	0	0	11,226,984	394,025	11,621,009
Distributions of State Funds to Other Governments	7,317,060	0	0	0	7,317,060
Property Tax Distributions to Other Governments	72,057,444	0	0	0	72,057,444
Special Assessment Distributions to Other Governments	20,626	0	0	0	20,626
Distributions to Individuals	0	0	1,436	0	1,436
Distributions as Fiscal Agent	0	8,180,500	0	0	8,180,500
Total Deductions	79,395,130	8,180,500	11,228,420	394,025	99,198,075
Change in Fiduciary Net Position	6,325,567	493,733	121,072	(22,319)	6,918,053
Net Position Beginning of Year	18,083,503	2,195,414	638,623	102,354	21,019,894
Net Position End of Year	\$24,409,070	\$2,689,147	\$759,695	\$80,035	\$27,937,947

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## Individual Fund Schedules of Revenues, Expenditures/Expenses and Changes in Fund Balance/Equity – Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
Revenues			
Property Taxes	\$2,892,409	\$2,892,409	\$0
Permissive Sales Taxes	6,855,056	6,855,056	0
Charges for Services	3,061,024	3,061,024	0
Licenses and Permits	456,241	456,241	0
Fines, Forfeitures, and Settlements	367,837	367,837	0
Intergovernmental	3,463,452	3,463,452	0
Interest	214,957	214,957	0
Rents and Royalties	537,338	537,338	0
Oil and Gas Agreement Bonus	2,000	2,000	0
Other	267,445	267,445	0
Total Revenues	18,117,759	18,117,759	0
Expenditures			
Current:			
General Government -			
Legislative and Executive			
Commissioners			
Salary and Wages	296,409	296,409	0
Fringe Benefits	133,295	133,295	0
Materials and Supplies	4,852	4,852	0
Contractual Services	176,723	176,723	0
Other	2,433	2,433	0
Total Commissioners	613,712	613,712	0
Auditor			
Salary and Wages	507,538	507,538	0
Fringe Benefits	218,886	218,886	0
Materials and Supplies	8,444	7,784	660
Contractual Services	2,718	2,718	0
Other	24,982	24,982	0
Total Auditor	762,568	761,908	660
Permissive Sales Tax			
Capital Outlay	288,942	286,922	2,020
Other	304,714	304,714	0
Total Permissive Sales Tax	593,656	591,636	2,020
Treasurer			
Salary and Wages	156,693	156,693	0
Fringe Benefits	87,213	87,213	0
Materials and Supplies	29,446	29,446	0
Contractual Services	6,067	6,067	0
Other	382	382	0
Total Treasurer	\$279,801	\$279,801	\$0

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
Prosecuting Attorney			
Salary and Wages	\$785,733	\$785,733	\$0
Fringe Benefits	239,285	239,285	0
Materials and Supplies	8,825	8,825	0
Contractual Services	19,658	19,658	0
Other	51,429	51,429	0
Total Prosecuting Attorney	1,104,930	1,104,930	0
Budget Commission			
Other	144	144_	0
Bureau of Inspection			
Contractual Services	140,744	140,744	0
County Planning Commission			
Contractual Services	85,000	85,000	0
Other	42,832	42,832	
Total County Planning Commission	127,832	127,832	0
		<u> </u>	
Data Processing	152 450	152 450	Ď.
Salary and Wages	173,478	173,478	0
Fringe Benefits	41,486	41,486	0
Contractual Services	676	676	0
Total Data Processing	215,640	215,640	0
Data Processing Central Purchasing			
Other	50,060	49,989	71
Board of Elections			
Salary and Wages	378,642	378,642	0
Fringe Benefits	216,801	216,801	0
Materials and Supplies	62,120	62,120	0
Contractual Services	323,832	323,832	0
Grants	8,694	8,694	0
Other	7,013	7,013	0
Total Board of Elections	997,102	997,102	0
Recorder			
Salary and Wages	224,098	224,098	0
Fringe Benefits	101,402	101,402	0
<u> </u>			
Total Recorder	\$325,500	\$325,500	\$0 (Continued)
			(Commuea)

_	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
Buildings and Grounds	#12.260	#12.052	Ф207
Materials and Supplies Contractual Services	\$12,260	\$12,053	\$207
Other	151,936	151,936	0
Other _	98,986	98,986	
Total Buildings and Grounds	263,182	262,975	207
Towers Building	40.400	40.400	
Materials and Supplies	10,109	10,109	0
Contractual Services	190,691	190,691	0
Other _	1,000	1,000	0
Total Tower Building	201,800	201,800	0
Maintenance			
Salary and Wages	210,757	210,757	0
Fringe Benefits	114,054	114,054	0
Total Maintenance	324,811	324,811	0
Certified Auto Title Administration			
Salary and Wages	197,246	197,246	0
Fringe Benefits	104,152	104,152	0
Materials and Supplies	22,719	22,719	0
Contractual Services	480	480	0
Other	33,931	33,931	0
Total Certified Auto Title Administration	358,528	358,528	0
Equipment Records Supply			
Materials and Supplies	8,932	8,932	0
Contractual Services	29,308	29,308	0
Capital Outlay	26,467	26,467	0
Total Equipment Records Supply	64,707	64,707	0
Insurance			
Official Bonds	313	313	0
Group and Liability	93,700	93,700	0
Total Insurance	94,013	94,013	0
Total General Government - Legislative and Executive	6,518,730	6,515,772	2,958
<u>-</u>			
General Government - Judicial Court of Appeals			
Other	83,231	83,231	0
- N. G.			
Common Pleas Court	266.006	242.006	23,000
Salary and Wages Fringe Benefits	266,096 133,924	243,096 133,924	23,000
Materials and Supplies	18,445	18,445	0
Contractual Services	324,157	324,157	0
Other	7,205	7,205	0
Total Common Pleas Court	\$749,827	\$726,827	\$23,000
-			(Continued)

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
Adult Probation			
Salary and Wages	\$172,308	\$160,308	\$12,000
Fringe Benefits	90,340	90,340	0
Contractual Services	15,352	50,352	(35,000)
Total Adult Probation	278,000	301,000	(23,000)
County Court Probate			
Salary and Wages	141,644	141,644	0
Fringe Benefits	56,965	56,965	0
Materials and Supplies	8,204	8,204	0
Total County Court Probate	206,813	206,813	0
Juvenile Court			
Salary and Wages	667,607	667,607	0
Fringe Benefits	264,689	264,689	0
Materials and Supplies	10,584	10,584	0
Contractual Services	353,795	353,795	0
Other	51,073	51,073	0
Total Juvenile Court	1,347,748	1,347,748	0
County Court #2			
Salary and Wages	158,319	158,319	0
Fringe Benefits	76,899	76,899	0
Materials and Supplies	3,335	3,335	0
Contractual Services	78,063	78,063	0
Total County Court #2	316,616	316,616	0
County Court #3			
Salary and Wages	120,437	120,437	0
Fringe Benefits	44,381	44,381	0
Materials and Supplies	3,191	3,191	0
Contractual Services	73,481	73,481	0
Total County Court #3	241,490	241,490	0
Probate Court			
Salary and Wages	178,695	178,695	0
Fringe Benefits	98,821	98,821	0
Contractual Services	1,650	1,650	0
Total Probate Court	279,166	279,166	0
Clerk of Courts			
Salary and Wages	263,144	263,144	0
Fringe Benefits	141,255	141,255	0
Contractual Services	48,000	48,000	0
Total Clerk of Courts	\$452,399	\$452,399	\$0
			(Continued)

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
County Court			
Salary and Wages	\$155,458	\$155,458	\$0
Fringe Benefits	77,095	77,095	0
Materials and Supplies	3,993	3,993	0
Contractual Services	98,434	98,434	0
Other	70	70	0
Total County Court	335,050	335,050	0
Municipal Court			
Salary and Wages	75,895	75,895	0
Fringe Benefits	22,767	22,767	0
Contractual Services	70,880	70,880	0
Total Municipal Court	169,542	169,542	0
Court Magistrate			
Salary and Wages	145,139	145,139	0
Fringe Benefits	57,132	57,132	0
Materials and Supplies	745	745	0
Contractual Services	3,902	3,902	0
Other	100	100	0
Total Court Magistrate	207,018	207,018	0
Total General Government - Judicial	4,666,900	4,666,900	0
Public Safety			
Coroner			
Salary and Wages	83,371	83,371	0
Fringe Benefits	30,056	30,056	0
Materials and Supplies	78	78	0
Contractual Services	45,025	42,900	2,125
Other	3,081	3,081	0
Total Coroner	161,611	159,486	2,125
Disaster Services			
Contractual Services	84,000	84,000	0
Total Public Safety	245,611	243,486	2,125
Health			
Humane Society			
Other	1,860	1,860	0
Agriculture			
Grants	351,914	351,914	0
Vital Statistics			
Fees	1,163	1,163	0
Total Health	\$354,937	\$354,937	\$0
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	(Continued)

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
Human Services			
Veteran's Services			
Salary and Wages	\$339,407	\$339,407	\$0
Fringe Benefits	157,954	157,954	0
Materials and Supplies	27,732	27,732	0
Contractual Services	8,912	8,912	0
Other	207,722	207,722	0
Total Veteran's Services	741,727	741,727	0
Public Assistance			
Contractual Services	312,919	312,919	0
Total Human Services	1,054,646	1,054,646	0
Conservation and Recreation			
Park Recreation Capital Outlay	262,854	262,854	0
1		202,00	
Economic Development and Assistance Port Authority			
Contractual Services	140,000	140,000	0
Contractual Services	140,000	140,000	
Other			
County Shared Utilities			
Contractual Services	122,756	122,756	0
Delinquent Land Sale-Unclaimed			
Other	1,167	1,167	0
Indigent Application Fees			
Contractual Services	3,160	3,160	0
Other			
Fringe Benefits	77,706	77,706	0
Contractual Services	2,241	2,241	0
Other	460,663	460,663	0
Total Other	540,610	540,610	0
Total Other	667,693	667,693	0
Capital Outlay			
Capital Outlay	142,852	142,852	0
Total Expenditures	\$14,054,223	\$14,049,140	\$5,083
			(Continued)

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures	\$4,063,536	\$4,068,619	\$5,083
Other Financing Uses Transfers Out	(3,783,126)	(3,783,126)	0
Net Change in Fund Balance	280,410	285,493	5,083
Fund Balance Beginning of Year	6,064,738	6,064,738	0
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	56,996	56,996	0
Fund Balance End of Year	\$6,402,144	\$6,407,227	\$5,083

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
Revenues Intergovernmental Other	\$8,234,800 15,997	\$8,234,800 15,997	\$0 0
Total Revenues	8,250,797	8,250,797	0
Expenditures Current: Human Services Public Assistance Salary and Wages Fringe Benefits Materials and Supplies Contractual Services Capital Outlay Other	3,586,014 1,664,522 85,711 1,793,109 106,711 (180,846)	3,586,014 1,664,522 85,711 1,793,109 106,711 (180,846)	0 0 0 0 0
Total Public Assistance	7,055,221	7,055,221	0
Workforce Investment Act Contractual Services	1,287,758	1,287,758	0
Total Expenditures	8,342,979	8,342,979	0
Net Change in Fund Balance	(92,182)	(92,182)	0
Fund Balance Beginning of Year	94,725	94,725	0
Fund Balance End of Year	\$2,543	\$2,543	\$0

#### Jefferson County, Ohio Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual Motor Vehicle Gasoline Tax Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
Revenues Permissive Sales Taxes	\$4,002,440	\$4,002,440	\$0
Charges for Services	\$4,002,449 163,332	\$4,002,449 163,332	0
Fines and Forfeitures	20,188	20,188	0
Intergovernmental	6,055,459	6,055,459	0
Interest	3,108	3,108	0
Other	249,527	249,527	0
Total Revenues	10,494,063	10,494,063	0
Expenditures			
Current:			
Public Works			
Motor Vehicle and Gasoline Tax Salary and Wages	2 471 940	2 471 710	130
Fringe Benefits	2,471,849 1,092,068	2,471,719 1,092,068	0
Materials and Supplies	1,440,124	1,430,528	9,596
Contractual Services	1,429,567	1,370,018	59,549
Capital Outlay	3,298,573	3,295,202	3,371
Other	1,002,531	1,001,528	1,003
Total Expenditures	10,734,712	10,661,063	73,649
Excess of Revenues Under Expenditures	(240,649)	(167,000)	73,649
Other Financing Sources (Uses)			
Transfers In	312,948	312,948	0
Transfers Out	(312,371)	(312,371)	0
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	577	577	0
Net Change in Fund Balance	(240,072)	(166,423)	73,649
Fund Balance Beginning of Year	3,395,838	3,395,838	0
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	577,771	577,771	0
Fund Balance End of Year	\$3,733,537	\$3,807,186	\$73,649

## Jefferson County, Ohio Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual **Developmental Disabilities Fund**

### For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
Revenues			
Property Taxes	\$3,755,809	\$3,755,809	\$0
Charges for Services	761,839	761,839	0
Intergovernmental	6,781,283	6,781,283	0
Rent	51,660	51,660	0
Other	87,437	87,437	0
Total Revenues	11,438,028	11,438,028	0
Expenditures			
Current:			
Health			
Developmental Disabilities			
Salary and Wages	5,432,324	5,432,324	0
Fringe Benefits	2,514,914	2,514,914	0
Materials and Supplies	391,653	391,653	0
Contractual Services	1,981,528	1,981,528	0
Capital Outlay	20,228	20,228	0
Other	551,649	551,649	0
Total Expenditures	10,892,296	10,892,296	0
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures	545,732	545,732	0
Other Financing Uses			
Transfers Out	(359,000)	(359,000)	0
Net Change in Fund Balance	186,732	186,732	0
Fund Balance Beginning of Year	7,441,307	7,441,307	0
Fund Balance End of Year	\$7,628,039	\$7,628,039	\$0

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
Revenues Intergovernmental	\$4,543,601	\$4,543,601	\$0
Expenditures Current: General Government - Legislative and Executive Commissioners			
Contractual Services	50,000	50,000	0
Board of Elections Capital Outlay	144,620	144,620	0
Recorder Contractual Services	289,698	289,698	0
Total General Government - Legislative and Executive	484,318	484,318	0
Judicial County Courts Contractual Services	1,164	1,164	0
Clerk of Courts Contractual Services	647,685	362,288	285,397
Total General Government - Judicial	648,849	363,452	285,397
Public Works Engineer Contractual Services	923,684	923,684	0_
Capital Outlay Local Fiscal Recovery Capital Outlay	1,194,775	1,194,775	0
Intergovernmental Broadband Expansion Contractual Services	50,000	50,000	0
Community Resources Contractual Services	51,500	51,500	0
Total Intergovernmental	101,500	101,500	0
Total Expenditures	3,353,126	3,067,729	285,397
Net Change in Fund Balance	1,190,475	1,475,872	285,397
Fund Balance Beginning of Year	3,166,663	3,166,663	0
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	635,485	635,485	0
Fund Balance End of Year	\$4,992,623	\$5,278,020	\$285,397

#### Jefferson County, Ohio Schedule of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Equity - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual Sewer Fund

#### For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
Revenues			
Charges for Services	\$1,936,841	\$1,936,841	\$0
Permissive Sales Taxes	93,273	93,273	0
Tap-In Fees	201,500	201,500	0
Capital Grants	1,338,991	1,338,991	0
Special Assessments	9,722	9,722	0
Revenue Bonds Issued	1,440,663	1,440,663	0
OEPA Loans Issued	862,009	862,009	0
Total Revenues	5,882,999	5,882,999	0
Expenses			
Personal Services	618,436	618,436	0
Contractual Services	1,482,450	1,437,598	44,852
Materials and Supplies	122,027	119,407	2,620
Capital Outlay	3,638,320	3,610,265	28,055
Debt Service:			
Principal Retirement	572,749	572,749	0
Interest	228,341	228,341	0
Total Expenses	6,662,323	6,586,796	75,527
Net Change in Fund Equity	(779,324)	(703,797)	75,527
Fund Equity Beginning of Year	1,972,846	1,972,846	0
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	276,930	276,930	0
Fund Equity End of Year	\$1,470,452	\$1,545,979	\$75,527

#### Jefferson County, Ohio Schedule of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Equity - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual Water Fund

#### For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
Revenues			
Charges for Services	\$5,267,271	\$5,267,271	\$0
Permissive Sales Taxes	279,818	279,818	0
Tap-In Fees	43,116	43,116	0
Interest	29,717	29,717	0
Rents	25,474	25,474	0
Other Operating Revenues	4,299	4,299	0
Capital Grants	1,689,795	1,689,795	0
OPWC Loans Issued	17,300	17,300	0
Total Revenues	7,356,790	7,356,790	0
Expenses			
Personal Services	1,151,447	1,151,447	0
Contractual Services	4,102,096	4,075,196	26,900
Materials and Supplies	253,366	250,274	3,092
Other Operating Expenses	36,484	35,480	1,004
Capital Outlay	14,598	13,954	644
Debt Service:			
Principal Retirement	802,809	802,809	0
Interest	118,976	118,976	0
Total Expenses	6,479,776	6,448,136	31,640
Net Change in Fund Equity	877,014	908,654	31,640
Fund Equity Beginning of Year	1,333,235	1,333,235	0
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	51,634	51,634	0
Fund Equity End of Year	\$2,261,883	\$2,293,523	\$31,640

#### Jefferson County, Ohio Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual Miscellaneous Local Fund

For	the	Year	Ended	Decembe	er 31, 2022	

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
Revenues			
Charges for Services	\$2,013,490	\$2,013,490	\$0
Licenses and Permits	48,468	48,468	0
Fines and Forfeitures	12,615	12,615	0
Other	8,020	8,020	0
Total Revenues	2,082,593	2,082,593	0
Expenditures			
Current:			
General Government - Legislative and Executive			
Real Estate Assessment	210000	210.000	•
Salary and Wages	310,889	310,889	0
Fringe Benefits	144,715	144,715	0
Materials and Supplies Contractual Services	7,544	7,044	500
Other	346,633	346,633	(1.676)
Other	7,277	8,953	(1,676)
Total Real Estate Assessment	817,058	818,234	(1,176)
Delinquent Real/Assessment Collection			
Salary and Wages	154,740	154,740	0
Fringe Benefits	69,966	69,966	0
Materials and Supplies	4,108	4,108	0
Contractual Services	366,156	366,156	0
Other	4,917	4,917	0
Total Delinquent Real/Assessment Collection	599,887	599,887	0
Geographic Information System			
Materials and Supplies	6,971	6,971	0
Contractual Services	71,262	71,262	0
Total Geographic Information System	\$78,233	\$78,233	\$0
			(Continued)

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
Law Library Resource			
Salary and Wages	\$35,339	\$35,339	\$0
Fringe Benefits	23,868	23,868	0
Materials and Supplies	133	133	0
Contractual Services	57,789	57,789	0
Other	1,301	1,301	0
Total Law Library Resource	118,430	118,430	0
Total General Government -			
Legislative and Executive	1,613,608	1,614,784	(1,176)
Health Dog and Kennel			
Salary and Wages	99,237	99,237	0
Fringe Benefits	70,427	70,427	0
Materials and Supplies	17,142	17,142	0
Other	10,564	10,530	34
Total Health	197,370	197,336	34
Total Expenditures	1,810,978	1,812,120	(1,142)
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures	271,615	270,473	(1,142)
Other Financing Sources			
Transfers In	150,618	150,618	0
Net Change in Fund Balance	422,233	421,091	(1,142)
Fund Balance Beginning of Year	3,103,465	3,103,465	0
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	5,335	5,335	0
Fund Balance End of Year	\$3,531,033	\$3,529,891	(\$1,142)

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
Revenues			
Charges for Services	\$386,557	\$386,557	\$0
Intergovernmental	2,824,822	2,824,822	0
Investment Earnings and Other Interest	35,256	35,256	0
Rents and Royalties	1,181,009	1,181,009	0
Other	11,258	11,258	0
Total Revenues	4,438,902	4,438,902	0
Expenditures Current:			
Ecomonic Development and Assistance			
Jefferson County Regional Airport Authority			
Materials and Supplies	23,447	23,447	0
Contractual Services	36,818	36,818	0
Other	24,961	24,961	0
Total Jefferson County Regional Airport Authority	85,226	85,226	0
Airport Gas Resale			
Salary and Wages	14,266	14,266	0
Fringe Benefits	2,202	2,202	0
Materials and Supplies	371,575	357,942	13,633
Other	4,812	4,811	1
Total Airport Gas Resale	392,855	379,221	13,634
County Airpark			
Salary and Wages	146,392	146,392	0
Fringe Benefits	64,277	64,277	0
Materials and Supplies	353,800	351,779	2,021
Contractual Services	2,522,859	2,522,859	0
Other	25,786	24,706	1,080
Total County Airpark	3,113,114	3,110,013	3,101
Sale of Resources			
Materials and Supplies	49,702	49,702	0
Capital Outlay	44,584	41,898	2,686
Total Sale of Resources	94,286	91,600	2,686
Total Expenditures	3,685,481	3,666,060	19,421
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures	753,421	772,842	19,421
Other Financing Sources Transfers In	100,000	100,000	0
Net Change in Fund Balance	853,421	872,842	19,421
Fund Balance Beginning of Year	2,640,593	2,640,593	0
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	70,660	70,660	0
Fund Balance End of Year	\$3,564,674	\$3,584,095	\$19,421

### **Jefferson County, Ohio**

### Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual Child Support Enforcement Agency Fund

For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
Revenues			
Charges for Services	\$205,034	\$205,034	\$0
Intergovernmental	1,212,295	1,212,295	0
Total Revenues	1,417,329	1,417,329	0
Expenditures			
Current:			
Human Services			
Child Support Enforcement Agency			
Salary and Wages	455,962	455,962	0
Fringe Benefits	237,873	237,873	0
Materials and Supplies	642	642	0
Contractual Services	463,382	463,382	0
Other	305,732	305,732	0
Total Expenditures	1,463,591	1,463,591	0
Net Change in Fund Balance	(46,262)	(46,262)	0
Fund Balance Beginning of Year	1,833,560	1,833,560	0
Fund Balance End of Year	\$1,787,298	\$1,787,298	\$0

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
Revenues			
Property Taxes	\$457,752	\$457,752	\$0
Intergovernmental	3,245,195	3,245,195	0
Rents	12,000	12,000	0
Contributions and Donations	25,000	25,000	0
Other	90	90	0
Total Revenues	3,740,037	3,740,037	0
Expenditures Current: Health Mental Health			
Salary and Wages	367,100	367,100	0
Fringe Benefits	150,392	150,392	0
Materials and Supplies	28,282	28,282	0
Contractual Services	2,619,367	2,619,367	0
Capital Outlay	201,284	201,284	0
Other	25,912	25,912	0
Total Health	3,392,337	3,392,337	0
Intergovernmental Mental Health			
Contractual Services	129,746	129,746	0
Total Expenditures	3,522,083	3,522,083	0
Net Change in Fund Balance	217,954	217,954	0
Fund Balance Beginning of Year	2,639,049	2,639,049	0
Fund Balance End of Year	\$2,857,003	\$2,857,003	\$0

#### Jefferson County, Ohio Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual Court/Corrections and Public Safety Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
Revenues			
Charges for Services	\$234,596	\$234,596	\$0
Licenses and Permits	56,691	56,691	0
Fines and Forfeitures	258,001	258,001	0
Intergovernmental	1,394,689	1,394,689	0
Contributions and Donations	752	752	0
Total Revenues	1,944,729	1,944,729	0
Expenditures Current:			
General Government - Judicial			
Indigent Guardianship			
Contractual Services	10,150	10,150	0
Conduct of Business			
Other	20,693	20,693	0
County Court Computer			
Contractual Services	79,248	79,248	0
County Probation Services			
Materials and Supplies	7,891	7,891	0
Contractual Service	12,132	12,132	0
Total County Probation Services	20,023	20,023	0
Computer Research Juvenile			
Contractual Service	1,175	1,175	0
Juvenile Computer Equipment			
Contractual Services	720	720	0
Common Pleas Computer			
Contractual Services	542	542	0
Probate Computer Equipment			
Materials and Supplies	1,860	1,860	0
Contractual Services	8,376	8,376	0
Total Probate Computer Equipment	\$10,236	\$10,236	\$0_
			(Continued)

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
Clerk of Courts Contractual Services	\$31,959	\$31,959	\$0
Foreclosure Special Project	17.612	17.612	0
Materials and Supplies Contractual Services	17,612 10,447	17,612 10,447	0
Total Foreclosure Special Project	28,059	28,059	0
Marriage License - Probate Court Contractual Services	15,251	15,251	0
Juvenile Court Special Projects Contractual Services	4,846	4,846	0
County Courts Special Projects Contractual Services	70,866	70,866	0
Total General Government - Judicial	293,768	293,768	0
Public Safety Juvenile Probation Fees			
Other	3,414	3,414	0
Concealed Handgun	4 2 4 7	1 2 4 7	0
Materials and Supplies Contractual Services	4,247 83,605	4,247 83,605	0
Total Concealed Handgun	87,852	87,852	0
Juvenile Probation Services Enhancement			
Salary and Wages	165,201	165,201	0
Fringe Benefits Contractual Services	71,221 69,443	71,221 69,443	0
Other	51,825	51,825	
Total Juvenile Probation Services Enhancement	357,690	357,690	0
TANF Juvenile Division			
Salary and Wages	168,820	168,820	0
Fringe Benefits	75,143	75,143	0
Other	3,712	3,712	0
Total TANF Juvenile Division	\$247,675	\$247,675	(Continued)
			(Continued)

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
Felony Delinquent Care and Custody			
Salary and Wages	\$148,788	\$148,788	\$0
Fringe Benefits	182,579	182,579	0
Materials and Supplies	50,882	50,882	0
Contractual Services Other	52,496	52,496	0
Other	6,148	6,148	0
Total Felony Delinquent Care and Custody	440,893	440,893	0
Crime Victims Assistance Office			
Salary and Wages	25,001	25,001	0
Fringe Benefits	3,863	3,863	0
Total Crime Victims Assistance Office	28,864	28,864	0
Mediation II Program			
Materials and Supplies	4,577	4,577	0
Other	950	950	0
Total Mediation II Program	5,527	5,527	0
Law Enforcement Trust			
Salary and Wages	39,357	39,357	0
Fringe Benefits	24,438	24,438	0
Contractual Service	100,473	104,973	(4,500)
Other	17,832	17,832	0
Total Law Enforcement Trust	182,100	186,600	(4,500)
Community Corrections Act			
Salary and Wages	53,517	53,517	0
Fringe Benefits	13,938	13,938	0
Total Community Corrections Act	67,455	67,455	0
Prisoner Incentive			
Capital Outlay	3,112	3,112	0
Domestic Violence Investigator			
Other	985	985	0
T-CAP			
Salary and Wages	57,129	57,129	0
Fringe Benefits	16,741	16,741	0
Materials and Supplies	44,475	44,475	0
Contractual Service	16,108	16,108	0
Total T-CAP	\$134,453	\$134,453	\$0
			(Continued)

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
Indigent Drivers Alcohol Treatment Contractual Service	\$4,352	\$4,352	\$0
Indigent Drivers Interlock Treatment Materials and Supplies	11,963	11,963	0_
Total Public Safety	1,576,335	1,580,835	(4,500)
Total Expenditures	1,870,103	1,874,603	(4,500)
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures	74,626	70,126	(4,500)
Other Financing Sources Transfers In	70,615	70,615	0
Net Change in Fund Balance	145,241	140,741	(4,500)
Fund Balance Beginning of Year	2,164,044	2,164,044	0
Fund Balance End of Year	\$2,309,285	\$2,304,785	(\$4,500)

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
Revenues			
Property Taxes	\$2,126,536	\$2,126,536	\$0
Intergovernmental	305,275	305,275	0
Rents	21,911	21,911	0
Other	12,401	12,401	0
Total Revenues	2,466,123	2,466,123	0
Expenditures			
Current:			
Public Safety			
Emergency 911			
Salary and Wages	923,146	923,146	0
Fringe Benefits	384,339	384,339	0
Materials and Supplies	14,805	14,805	0
Contractual Services	545,297	559,297	(14,000)
Capital Outlay	74,832	74,832	0
Other	156,968	156,968	0
Total Expenditures	2,099,387	2,113,387	(14,000)
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures	366,736	352,736	(14,000)
Other Financing Uses			
Transfers Out	(391,488)	(391,488)	0
Net Change in Fund Balance	(24,752)	(38,752)	(14,000)
Fund Balance Beginning of Year	107,905	107,905	0
Fund Balance End of Year	\$83,153	\$69,153	(\$14,000)

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
Revenues			
Permissive Sales Taxes	\$2,093,293	\$2,093,293	\$0
Charges for Services	1,082,223	1,082,223	0
Intergovernmental	100,500	100,500	0
Contributions and Donations	15,150	15,150	0
Other	168,589	168,589	0
Total Revenues	3,459,755	3,459,755	0
Expenditures			
Current:			
Public Safety			
Permissive Sheriff	2 700 061	2 790 961	0
Salary and Wages Fringe Benefits	2,780,861 1,161,625	2,780,861 1,161,625	0
Materials and Supplies	1,161,623	1,161,623	0
Contractual Services	18,813	19,617	(804)
Capital Outlay	501,419	501,419	0
Other	52,918	52,918	0
Total Expenditures	4,694,481	4,695,285	(804)
Excess of Revenues Under Expenditures	(1,234,726)	(1,235,530)	(804)
Other Financing Sources			
Transfers In	1,209,011	1,209,011	0
Net Change in Fund Balance	(25,715)	(26,519)	(804)
Fund Balance Beginning of Year	364,550	364,550	0
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	21,488	21,488	0
Fund Balance End of Year	\$360,323	\$359,519	(\$804)

#### Jefferson County, Ohio Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual Tuberculosis/Crippled Child Levy Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
Revenues Total Revenues	\$0	\$0_	\$0
Expenditures Current: Health Tuberculosis Levy Materials and Supplies Contractual Services Other	1,097 30,642 315,839	1,097 30,642 179,783	0 0 136,056
Total Expenditures	347,578	211,522	136,056
Net Change in Fund Balance	(347,578)	(211,522)	136,056
Fund Balance Beginning of Year	214,727	214,727	0
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	139,483	139,483	0
Fund Balance End of Year	\$6,632	\$142,688	\$136,056

## Jefferson County, Ohio Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual Children Services Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
Revenues			
Property Taxes	\$1,056,258	\$1,056,258	\$0
Intergovernmental	3,228,303	3,228,303	0
Investment Earnings and Other Income	18,998	18,998	0
Total Revenues	4,303,559	4,303,559	0
Expenditures			
Current:			
Human Services			
Children Services Levy			
Salary and Wages	206,314	206,314	0
Fringe Benefits	119,868	119,868	0
Materials and Supplies	10,015	10,015	0
Contractual Services	3,973,893	3,973,893	0
Capital Outlay	6,619	6,619	0
Other	87,543	87,543	0
Total Expenditures	4,404,252	4,404,252	0
Net Change in Fund Balance	(100,693)	(100,693)	0
Fund Balance Beginning of Year	3,358,454	3,358,454	0
Fund Balance End of Year	\$3,257,761	\$3,257,761	\$0

## Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual

## Jail Operating Levy Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
Revenues			
Property Taxes	\$1,638,418	\$1,638,418	\$0
Charges for Services	1,251,987	1,251,987	0
Intergovernmental	143,421	143,421	0
Total Revenues	3,033,826	3,033,826	0
Expenditures			
Current:			
Public Safety			
Jail Operating Levy Salary and Wages	2 724 074	2 724 074	0
Fringe Benefits	2,724,974 1,219,408	2,724,974 1,219,408	0
Materials and Supplies	358,847	358,846	1
Contractual Services	96,592	96,592	0
Capital Outlay	815,964	814,801	1,163
Other	2,952	2,952	0
Total Expenditures	5,218,737	5,217,573	1,164
Excess of Revenues Under Expenditures	(2,184,911)	(2,183,747)	1,164
Other Financing Sources			
Transfers In	2,252,882	2,252,882	0
Net Change in Fund Balance	67,971	69,135	1,164
Fund Balance Beginning of Year	390,475	390,475	0
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	41,066	41,066	0
Fund Balance End of Year	\$499,512	\$500,676	\$1,164

## Jefferson County, Ohio Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual Community Development Block Grant Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
Revenues			
Intergovernmental	\$285,515	\$285,515	\$0
Other	27,132	27,132	0
Total Revenues	312,647	312,647	0
Expenditures			
Current:			
Economic Development and Assistance			
Community Development Block Grant			_
Contractual Services	136,354	136,354	0
Other	119,075	119,075	0
Total Expenditures	255,429	255,429	0
Net Change in Fund Balance	57,218	57,218	0
Fund Balance Beginning of Year	38,066	38,066	0
Fund Balance End of Year	\$95,284	\$95,284	\$0

# Jefferson County, Ohio Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual Senior Citizens Levy Fund

## For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
Revenues			
Property Taxes	\$1,700,510	\$1,700,510	\$0
Intergovernmental	113,650	113,650	0
Total Revenues	1,814,160	1,814,160	0
Expenditures			
Current:			
Human Services			
Senior Citizens Levy			
Contractual Services	1,814,160	1,814,160	0
Net Change in Fund Balance	0	0	0
Fund Balance Beginning of Year	0	0	0
Fund Balance End of Year	\$0	\$0	\$0

## Jefferson County, Ohio Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual Federal Emergency Management Agency Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
Revenues Intergovernmental	\$312,948	\$312,948	\$0
Expenditures Total Expenditures	0	0	0
Other Financing Uses Transfers Out	(312,948)	(312,948)	0
Net Change in Fund Balance	0	0	0
Fund Balance Beginning of Year	0	0	0
Fund Balance End of Year	\$0	\$0	\$0

## Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual OneOhio Opioid Settlement Fund

## For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
Revenues Settlements	\$57,495	\$57,495	\$0
Expenditures Total Expenditures	0	0	0
Net Change in Fund Balance	57,495	57,495	0
Fund Balance Beginning of Year	0	0	0
Fund Balance End of Year	\$57,495	\$57,495	\$0

## Jefferson County, Ohio Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes In Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual Debt Service Fund

## For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
Revenues			
Permissive Sales Taxes	\$1,553,093	\$1,553,093	\$0
Expenditures Debt Service:			
Principal Retirement	1,588,677	1,588,677	0
Interest	245,446	245,446	0
Total Expenditures	1,834,123	1,834,123	0
Excess of Revenues Under Expenditures	(281,030)	(281,030)	0
Other Financing Sources Transfers In	703,859	703,859	0
Net Change in Fund Balance	422,829	422,829	0
Fund Balance Beginning of Year	1,688,395	1,688,395	0
Fund Balance End of Year	\$2,111,224	\$2,111,224	\$0

## Jefferson County, Ohio Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes In Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual Permanent Improvement Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
Revenues Permissive Sales Taxes Other	\$188,000 20,805	\$188,000 20,805	\$0 0
Total Revenues	208,805	208,805	0
Expenditures Capital Outlay Developmental Disabilities Capital Improvements	212,024	212,024	0
Capital Improvements Contractual Services	109,829	67,259	42,570
Mental Health Capital Improvements	26,216	26,216	0
Total Expenditures	348,069	305,499	42,570
Excess of Revenues Under Expenditures	(139,264)	(96,694)	42,570
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Advances Out Transfers In	(188,000) 359,000	(188,000) 359,000	0 0
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	171,000	171,000	0
Net Change in Fund Balance	31,736	74,306	42,570
Fund Balance Beginning of Year	1,279,430	1,279,430	0
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	42,570	42,570	0
Fund Balance End of Year	\$1,353,736	\$1,396,306	\$42,570

## Schedule of Revenues, Expenses and Changes In Fund Equity - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual Self Insurance - Health Fund

## For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
Revenues			
Charges for Services	\$8,720,421	\$8,720,421	\$0
Charges for Services Debt Reduction	384,860	384,860	0
Interest	46,569	46,569	0
Other Operating Revenues	1,727,198	1,727,198	0
Total Revenues	10,879,048	10,879,048	0
Expenses			
Contractual Services	481,271	481,271	0
Claims	9,340,850	9,340,850	0
Total Expenses	9,822,121	9,822,121	0
Net Change in Fund Equity	1,056,927	1,056,927	0
Fund Equity Beginning of Year	4,008,581	4,008,581	0
Fund Equity End of Year	\$5,065,508	\$5,065,508	\$0

# Schedule of Revenues, Expenses and Changes In Fund Equity - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual Self Insurance - Workers' Compensation Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
Revenues Charges for Services Other Non-Operating Revenue	\$84,873 303,226	\$0 0	(\$84,873) (303,226)
Total Revenues	388,099	0	(388,099)
<b>Expenses</b> Claims	868,373	12,725	855,648
Excess of Revenues Under Expenses	(480,274)	(12,725)	467,549
Other Financing Sources Advances In	188,000	188,000	0
Net Change in Fund Equity	(292,274)	175,275	467,549
Fund Equity Beginning of Year	3,801,608	3,801,608	0
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	14,880	14,880	0
Fund Equity End of Year	\$3,524,214	\$3,991,763	\$467,549

## **Statistical Section**



## **Statistical Section**

This part of the Jefferson County Ohio's annual comprehensive financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the county's overall financial health.

<u>Contents</u>	Page(s)
Financial Trends  These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the county's financial position has changed over time.	S2-S13
Revenue Capacity	
These schedules contain information to help the reader understand and assess the factors affecting the county's ability to generate its most significant local revenue sources, the property tax and the sales tax.	S14-S37
Debt Capacity	
These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the county's current levels of outstanding debt and the county's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	S38-S44
Economic and Demographic Information	
These schedules offer economic and demographic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the county's financial activities take place and to provide information that facilitates comparisons of financial information over time and among governments.	S45-S46
Operating Information	
These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the county's financial report relates to the services the county provides and the activities it performs.	S47-S55

**Sources:** Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the annual comprehensive financial reports for the relevant year.

Jefferson County, Ohio Net Position by Component Last Ten Years (Accrual Basis of Accounting)

	2022	2021	2020	2019
Governmental Activities				
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$106,533,800	\$108,498,495	\$110,402,198	\$109,841,758
Restricted for:				
Debt Service	2,605,824	2,178,077	1,805,478	1,617,769
Capital Outlay	631,937	3,449	170,102	571,973
Children's Home	1,363,240	1,562,277	1,464,692	1,357,069
Community Development	73,631	6,390	34,245	12,457
Motor Vehicle Gasoline Tax	10,161,875	8,084,992	7,678,487	7,314,332
Mental Health	4,209,554	3,937,800	3,407,718	3,672,607
Developmental Disabilities	10,052,250	9,847,756	9,151,761	8,439,101
Tuberculosis/Crippled Child Levy	283,570	350,784	444,330	483,422
Public Assistance	0	0	0	143,970
Children Services	4,346,619	4,085,634	3,579,942	2,849,041
Court/Corrections and Public Safety	4,416,568	3,788,363	3,539,813	3,246,997
Child Support Enforcement	1,894,566	1,789,267	2,024,810	1,910,555
Senior Citizens Levy	689,404	535,139	425,005	323,132
Real Estate Assessment and Delq. Collections	2,610,419	995,740	1,852,597	1,459,871
Jail Levy Operations	1,118,921	856,526	245,144	0
Local Programs	5,379,363	8,068,109	3,855,772	3,424,005
Unclaimed Monies	0	0	0	298,104
Other Purposes	0	354,311	354,375	0
Unrestricted (Deficit)	(5,761,401)	(17,304,782)	(42,807,126)	(42,565,664)
Total Governmental Activities Net Position	150,610,140	137,638,327	107,629,343	104,400,499
<b>Business-Type Activities</b>				
Net Investment in Capital Assets Restricted for:	34,226,165	34,459,529	33,475,385	29,427,091
Debt Service	75,426	87,843	95,193	82,466
Capital Outlay	0	0	0	622,000
Replacement/Improvement	174,248	167,781	155,143	132,073
Unrestricted	2,780,098	1,372,889	3,203,431	1,175,436
Total Business-Type Activities Net Position	37,255,937	36,088,042	36,929,152	31,439,066
Primary Government				
Net Investment in Capital Assets	140,759,965	142,958,024	143,877,583	139,268,849
Restricted	50,087,415	46,700,238	40,284,607	37,960,944
Unrestricted (Deficit)	(2,981,303)	(15,931,893)	(39,603,695)	(41,390,228)
,	( ) ) )		(== )=== )== (== )	
Total Primary Government Net Position	\$187,866,077	\$173,726,369	\$144,558,495	\$135,839,565

Note: The County reported the impact of GASB Statement Nos. 68, 75, and 83 beginning in 2014, 2017, and 2019, respectively.

2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
\$106,134,401	\$102,248,115	\$95,781,751	\$90,469,252	\$86,692,065	\$83,553,285
2,567,490	3,769,716	3,563,478	3,553,282	3,565,613	3,666,169
1,845,632	855,691	1,205,903	2,277,631	3,535,685	2,693,961
1,204,125	1,256,518	1,154,448	1,120,870	1,133,532	1,114,244
11,799	43,186	37,866	248,163	303,823	285,217
9,157,484	9,704,901	11,947,125	8,346,325	5,607,917	5,031,104
3,688,035	3,468,646	3,359,449	3,000,559	2,965,158	3,232,826
8,409,622	7,755,047	8,002,086	8,038,002	7,507,439	8,255,738
521,598	546,766	631,668	726,784	805,065	983,212
168,794	0	0	0	0	0
2,324,075	2,276,118	2,626,108	2,854,434	2,334,910	2,327,860
2,386,252	2,925,117	2,427,804	2,133,625	1,888,912	2,169,638
2,250,643	2,506,263	0	0	0	0
340,664	294,824	0	0	0	0
1,350,773	1,572,049	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0
2,033,191	151,619	0	0	0	0
307,754	0	0	0	0	0
0	539,087	4,873,934	4,275,779	3,663,667	3,742,127
(33,659,001)	(31,344,768)	(10,650,823)	(9,639,083)	(13,025,761)	5,624,433
111,043,331	108,568,895	124,960,797	117,405,623	106,978,025	122,679,814
30,405,682	30,674,793	27,973,110	29,040,502	30,232,403	29,923,667
64,093	46,290	29,135	11,266	0	106,855
0	0	0	0	0	0
80,920	50,074	98,878	49,793	48,202	0
1,979,804	3,393,413	5,697,235	4,917,281	3,718,555	4,816,479
32,530,499	34,164,570	33,798,358	34,018,842	33,999,160	34,847,001
136,540,083	132,922,908	123,754,861	119,509,754	116,924,468	113,476,952
38,712,944	37,761,912	39,957,882	36,636,513	33,359,923	33,608,951
(31,679,197)	(27,951,355)	(4,953,588)	(4,721,802)	(9,307,206)	10,440,912
(31,017,171)	(27,731,333)	(1,,,,,,,,,,,,,)	(1,721,002)	(2,507,200)	10,110,712
\$143,573,830	\$142,733,465	\$158,759,155	\$151,424,465	\$140,977,185	\$157,526,815

Jefferson County, Ohio Changes in Net Position Last Ten Years (Accrual Basis of Accounting)

	2022	2021	2020	2019
Program Revenues		2021	2020	2017
Governmental Activities:				
Charges for Services and Sales				
General Government:				
Legislative and Executive	\$5,268,703	\$4,783,577	\$3,923,579	\$4,147,265
Judicial	1,552,946	1,970,325	1,544,345	1,515,888
Public Safety	2,758,211	2,566,591	1,957,798	3,312,447
Public Works	222,017	164,915	108,775	163,335
Health	926,495	799,536	810,762	1,031,119
Human Services	352,002	405,340	404,334	417,678
Economic Development and Assistance	1,565,643	945,509	815,902	2,552,837
Total Charges for Services and Sales	12,646,017	11,635,793	9,565,495	13,140,569
Operating Grants and Contributions	35,158,470	36,406,010	36,788,252	27,051,142
Capital Grants and Contributions	1,470,038	992,201	1,369,434	2,443,651
Total Governmental Activities Program Revenues	49,274,525	49,034,004	47,723,181	42,635,362
Business-Type Activities:				
Charges for Services and Sales				
Sewer	1,960,783	1,860,529	1,880,533	1,827,847
Water	5,405,773	4,712,726	4,733,632	4,813,102
Total Charges for Services and Sales	7,366,556	6,573,255	6,614,165	6,640,949
Operating Grants and Contributions	0	0	0	0
Capital Grants and Contributions	3,058,186	267,379	6,788,842	1,529,785
Total Business-Type Activities Program Revenues	10,424,742	6,840,634	13,403,007	8,170,734
Total Primary Government Program Revenues	\$59,699,267	\$55,874,638	\$61,126,188	\$50,806,096

2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
\$3,001,328	\$3,575,001	\$3,763,055	\$2,607,012	\$3,219,011	\$4,874,465
1,785,717	1,565,877	1,806,354	1,615,461	1,431,879	1,619,584
2,159,950	2,178,762	2,147,534	2,553,475	2,864,832	2,478,342
236,579	183,575	161,659	69,945	116,009	119,349
859,363	972,010	998,314	978,112	1,062,821	972,011
1,181,767	989,216	319,212	1,279,032	1,377,692	391,504
124,249	117,364	439,382	563,413	634,499	1,271,142
9,348,953	9,581,805	9,635,510	9,666,450	10,706,743	11,726,397
27,956,913	28,176,110	32,471,001	30,573,558	28,246,968	31,079,187
2,189,250	3,179,354	2,054,970	4,857,200	5,761,752	1,631,589
39,495,116	40,937,269	44,161,481	45,097,208	44,715,463	44,437,173
1,447,140	1,710,529	1,688,427	1,598,837	1,870,242	1,867,360
4,589,837	4,716,923	4,945,024	4,753,641	5,121,733	4,726,698
6,036,977	6,427,452	6,633,451	6,352,478	6,991,975	6,594,058
0	0	0	40,000	0	0
3,502,278	686,447	859,673	679,482	53,807	39,793
9,539,255	7,113,899	7,493,124	7,071,960	7,045,782	6,633,851
\$49,034,371	\$48,051,168	\$51,654,605	\$52,169,168	\$51,761,245	\$51,071,024
(Continued)					

Jefferson County, Ohio Changes in Net Position (Continued) Last Ten Years (Accrual Basis of Accounting)

Expenses	2022	2021	2020	2019
Governmental Activities:				
General Government:				
Legislative and Executive	\$8,571,500	\$6,372,420	\$7,982,233	\$9,880,066
Judicial	3,644,252	2,409,825	4,992,176	6,008,625
Public Safety	11,614,272	7,943,465	14,662,128	17,149,396
Public Works	12,067,662	10,905,538	14,326,408	11,239,475
Health	13,053,697	9,707,127	14,273,838	14,923,899
Health - Intergovernmental	129,746	0	0	0
Human Services	14,869,190	12,630,208	15,992,859	16,600,599
Conservation and Recreation	276,528	136,387	237,225	221,105
Economic Development and Assistance	4,167,297	1,352,010	2,150,134	1,634,870
Economic Development and				
Assistance - Intergovernmental	50,000	0	0	0
Interest	254,414	352,400	390,190	441,384
Total Governmental Activities	68,698,558	51,809,380	75,007,191	78,099,419
Business-Type Activities:				
Sewer	3,063,830	2,786,765	3,013,953	2,801,174
Water	6,603,005	5,515,077	5,602,496	6,233,086
Total Business-Type Activities	9,666,835	8,301,842	8,616,449	9,034,260
Total Primary Government Program Expenses	78,365,393	60,111,222	83,623,640	87,133,679
Net (Expense)/Revenue				
Governmental Activities	(19,424,033)	(2,775,376)	(27,284,010)	(35,464,057)
Business-Type Activities	757,907	(1,461,208)	4,786,558	(863,526)
Total Primary Government	,	(-, -, -, -, -, 0)	., ,	(***,**30)
Net (Expense)Revenue	(\$18,666,126)	(\$4,236,584)	(\$22,497,452)	(\$36,327,583)

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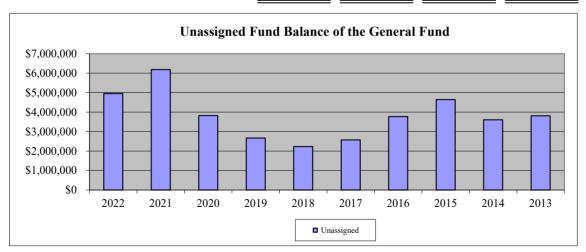
Jefferson County, Ohio Changes in Net Position (Continued) Last Ten Years (Accrual Basis of Accounting)

General Revenues and Other				
Changes in Net Position	2022	2021	2020	2019
Governmental Activities:		2021	2020	2017
Property Taxes Levied for General Purposes	\$3,127,512	\$2,986,683	\$2,701,126	\$2,531,046
Property Taxes Levied for:	**,-=',	4-,, 00,000	<del>+-,,,</del> -	4-,,
Mental Health	520,804	517,890	439,611	398,555
Developmental Disabilities	4,197,907	4,186,242	3,604,090	3,296,507
Jail Operating	1,827,919	1,823,601	1,571,321	1,437,666
Emergency 911	2,316,816	2,316,938	2,095,206	1,958,035
Children Services	1,182,554	1,178,835	1,014,080	927,230
Senior Citizens	1,852,629	1,809,097	1,608,088	1,502,761
Debt Service	0	0	0	0
Permissive Sales Tax Levied for General Purposes	8,926,241	8,673,496	6,095,678	6,002,143
Permissive Sales Tax Levied for:	٠,- = ٠,= ٠٠	2,012,120	2,222,212	0,000_,000
Road and Bridge Improvements	4,006,814	3,980,511	3,547,171	3,618,241
Public Safety	0	0	1,772,138	1,753,554
Jail Operating	0	0	0	0
Debt Service	1,754,539	1,719,962	1,551,297	1,538,512
Grants and Entitlements Not	-,,-,,,	-,,,	-,,	-,,
Restricted to Specific Programs	2,597,534	2,532,694	1,933,374	2,277,282
Investment Earnings	(854,047)	128,297	583,846	844,332
Oil and Gas Agreement Bonus	2,000	67.557	91,622	18,097
Unrestricted Contributions	0	0	0	9,537
Gifts and Donations	40,902	2,668	950	0
Miscellaneous	895,722	859,889	1,903,256	707,727
Miscenaneous	693,122	637,867	1,903,230	707,727
Total Governmental Activities	32,395,846	32,784,360	30,512,854	28,821,225
Business-Type Activities:				
Permissive Sales Tax Levied for:				
Sewer	93,993	92.141	83,105	82,736
Water	281,979	276,422	249,316	248,207
Investment Earnings	29,717	26,206	27,268	25,804
Gain on Sale of Capital Assets	0	20,200	0	25,804
Miscellaneous	4,299	225,329	52,489	84,407
Special Item	4,299	223,329	291,350	04,407
Special Item			291,330	
Total Business-Type Activities	409,988	620,098	703,528	441,154
Total Primary Government	32,805,834	33,404,458	31,216,382	29,262,379
Change in Net Position				
Governmental Activities	12,971,813	30,008,984	3,228,844	(6,642,832)
		, ,	, ,	
Business-Type Activities	1,167,895	(841,110)	5,490,086	(422,372)
Total Primary Government Change in Net Position	\$14,139,708	\$29,167,874	\$8,718,930	(\$7,065,204)

2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
\$2,234,196	\$2,373,672	\$2,184,246	\$2,002,722	\$1,923,540	\$1,893,402
345,159	374,183	332,345	294,886	279,499	273,497
2,905,049	3,122,096	2,803,497	2,543,299	2,423,419	2,379,908
1,268,256	1,361,649	1,223,807	1,112,410	1,060,539	1,041,703
1,766,371	1,876,915	1,717,875	1,608,473	1,543,729	1,525,155
809,409	878,555	787,816	714,004	679,450	667,120
1,343,318	1,425,645	1,301,519	1,210,248	987,547	944,110
0	1,190,892	1,298,129	1,192,367	1,143,043	1,130,359
6,442,305	6,364,221	5,704,874	6,274,945	5,593,306	5,255,283
3,747,543	3,727,941	3,365,018	3,726,115	3,313,688	3,133,033
1,846,315	1,840,539	1,657,907	1,823,861	1,618,124	1,527,203
500,000	0	200,000	250,000	200,000	300,000
1,128,404	1,621,467	1,262,222	1,356,723	1,225,870	1,047,351
2,104,002	2,016,190	2,005,468	2,080,255	2,040,861	2,067,869
272,872	240,589	172,020	98,022	143,102	96,276
200,195	206,031	475,811	0	0	0
91,958	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0
273,274	209,105	492,328	324,729	418,519	580,594
27,278,626	28,829,690	26,984,882	26,613,059	24,594,236	23,862,863
115,308	86,864	78,333	86,075	76,386	72,179
233,638	260,593	235,000	258,224	229,157	216,539
26,505	23,928	23,832	0	0	0
0	0	65,161	0	0	0
18,962	49,263	25,070	45,101	31,145	41,102
0	1,787,727	0	0	0	0
394,413	2,208,375	427,396	389,400	336,688	329,820
27,673,039	31,038,065	27,412,278	27,002,459	24,930,924	24,192,683
2,474,436	144,317	7,555,174	10,427,598	2,596,967	5,155,947
(1,634,071)	1,107,209	(220,484)	19,682	(68,062)	2,903,757
\$840,365	\$1,251,526	\$7,334,690	\$10,447,280	\$2,528,905	\$8,059,704

Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Last Ten Years (Modified accrual basis of accounting)

	2022	2021	2020	2019
General Fund				
Nonspendable:				
Materials and Supplies Inventory	\$60,056	\$54,580	\$53,683	\$43,677
Prepaid Items	352,915	317,775	389,491	132,915
Unclaimed Monies	423,051	354,311	354,375	298,104
Assigned	2,669,839	2,116,823	1,740,092	1,540,248
Unassigned	4,948,476	6,179,239	3,818,743	2,670,289
Total General Fund	8,454,337	9,022,728	6,356,384	4,685,233
All Other Governmental Funds				
Nonspendable:				
Materials and Supplies Inventory	437,360	499,031	427,590	689,684
Prepaid Items	248,650	123,070	124,421	359,069
Restriced for:				
Debt Service	2,481,025	2,046,294	1,685,147	1,534,704
Capital Outlay	135,360	0	0	0
Children's Home	1,363,240	1,562,277	1,464,692	1,357,069
Community Development	73,631	6,390	34,245	12,457
Motor Vehicle and Gasoline Tax	6,215,434	5,215,534	4,822,730	3,921,045
Mental Health	3,222,763	3,109,668	2,841,079	2,952,212
Developmental Disabilities	8,312,426	8,520,648	8,126,938	7,353,948
Tuberculosis/Crippled Child Levy	283,570	350,784	444,330	483,422
Children Services	3,254,770	3,117,558	2,877,957	2,108,684
Court/Corrections and Public Safety	3,766,036	3,664,883	3,461,354	3,102,162
Public Assistance	0	0	0	307,932
Child Support Enforcement	1,771,530	1,723,798	1,838,045	1,807,650
Senior Citizens Levy	49,225	111,651	121,799	53,678
Jail Levy Operations	745,556	703,383	275,520	0
Real Estate Assessment and Delq Collections	2,431,343	944,684	1,719,626	1,400,796
Local Programs	4,594,587	4,868,610	3,579,024	3,221,354
OneOhio Opioid Settlement	57,495	0	0	0
Other Purposes	0	0	0	0
Unassigned (Deficit)	(120,485)	(154,213)	(463,359)	(268,408)
Total All Other Governmental Funds	39,323,516	36,414,050	33,381,138	30,397,458
Total Governmental Funds	\$47,777,853	\$45,436,778	\$39,737,522	\$35,082,691



2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
\$39,483	\$45,160	\$43,766	\$42,565	\$45,926	\$50,906
133,844	95,399	85,879	84,201	92,149	51,858
307,754	539,087	391,088	440,263	490,901	510,687
2,811,435	2,342,429	137,756	49,815	37,899	42,332
2,231,382	2,573,621	3,773,680	4,644,851	3,601,014	3,807,549
5,523,898	5,595,696	4,432,169	5,261,695	4,267,889	4,463,332
404,283	430,149	474,025	484,544	505,220	309,020
338,951	123,557	97,066	103,313	137,427	104,585
2,473,419	3,690,316	3,253,298	3,287,039	3,286,381	3,413,142
1,793,308	5,445,643	4,704,909	2,163,928	2,873,288	1,825,099
1,204,125	1,256,518	1,154,448	1,120,870	1,133,532	1,114,244
11,799	43,186	37,866	248,163	240,889	285,062
3,482,531	3,899,214	3,441,757	3,739,599	2,820,210	2,840,566
3,111,838	2,983,319	2,868,217	2,480,358	2,426,297	2,567,658
7,437,583	6,711,736	6,969,105	6,423,176	6,548,079	7,037,564
521,598	546,766	631,668	726,784	805,065	983,212
1,767,469	1,719,599	2,043,834	2,310,525	1,908,572	1,951,210
2,310,497	2,755,421	2,355,988	1,986,801	1,833,517	2,042,075
155,253	80,903	113,208	135,070	17,600	177,412
2,119,983	1,984,439	0	0	0	0
115,101	63,755	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0
1,272,355	1,244,736	0	0	0	0
1,915,156	599,395	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	3,709,916	2,891,577	2,376,171	2,415,002
(346,790)	(620,573)	(899,362)	(1,288,898)	(1,783,239)	(1,822,628)
30,088,459	32,958,079	30,955,943	26,812,849	25,129,009	25,243,223
\$35,612,357	\$38,553,775	\$35,388,112	\$32,074,544	\$29,396,898	\$29,706,555

# Jefferson County, Ohio Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Last Ten Years (Modified accrual basis of accounting)

	2022 (1)	2021	2020	2019
Revenues				
Property Taxes	\$13,635,575	\$13,711,693	\$12,094,095	\$11,658,199
Permissive Sales Taxes	14,708,124	14,269,001	12,779,925	13,008,463
Charges for Services	9,275,172	8,753,386	7,509,540	8,937,998
Licenses and Permits	561,400	614,956	582,921	606,397
Fines, Forfeitures, and Settlements	650,682	757,388	580,540	773,884
Intergovernmental	39,360,629	36,657,394	39,152,505	33,099,234
Investment Earnings and Other Interest	(899,104)	86,068	509,804	777,071
Leases, Rents, and Royalties	1,820,072	905,216	850,866	2,735,292
Oil and Gas Agreement Bonus	2,000	67,557	91,622	18,097
Contributions and Donations	40,902	2,668	921,950	9,537
Other	895,722	859,889	1,903,256	707,727
Total Revenues	80,051,174	76,685,216	76,977,024	72,331,899
Expenditures				
Current:				
General Government:				
Legislative and Executive	8,194,746	7,332,357	6,900,894	7,364,083
Judicial	5,020,544	4,890,538	4,629,709	4,651,971
Public Safety	13,709,855	13,253,948	12,897,852	13,008,310
Public Works	10,522,383	10,176,461	12,742,239	10,572,187
Health	14,938,438	14,207,958	13,522,763	13,291,667
Human Services	16,708,988	16,162,685	15,566,879	14,988,904
Conservation and Recreation	262,854	231,327	224,700	208,145
Economic Development and Assistance	4,218,553	2,000,823	1,901,336	2,024,589
Other	667,693		653,304	
	,	596,824	,	690,272
Capital Outlay	1,499,276	119,710	1,247,334	2,879,395
Intergovernmental	179,746	0	0	0
Debt Service:				
Principal Retirement	1,636,837	1,664,538	1,642,545	2,732,788
Interest	247,386	348,791	392,638	449,254
Issuance Costs	0	25,800	0	0
Total Expenditures	77,807,299	71,011,760	72,322,193	72,861,565
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	2,243,875	5,673,456	4,654,831	(529,666)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Transfers In	5,158,933	3,413,776	4,875,368	6,833,358
General Obligation Bonds Issued	0	0,413,770	4,873,308	0,833,338
	0	2,970,800	0	0
Refunding Bonds Issued				
Sale of Capital Assets	0	0	0	0
Inception of Lease	97,200	0	0	0
Insurance Recoveries	0	0	0	0
Payment to Refunded Bond Escrow Agent	0	(2,945,000)	0	0
Transfers Out	(5,158,933)	(3,413,776)	(4,875,368)	(6,833,358)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	97,200	25,800	0	0
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$2,341,075	\$5,699,256	\$4,654,831	(\$529,666)
Debt Service as a Percentage of Noncapital Expenditures	2.6%	3.0%	3.1%	5.0%
//\ =				

(1) - County implemented GASB 87 for 2022

2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
¢10.705.151	¢12 777 722	¢11 172 644	\$10.760.070	\$10,229,272	¢0 045 091
\$10,795,151	\$12,777,732	\$11,172,644	\$10,760,070	\$10,238,273	\$9,945,981
13,635,843	13,612,693	12,211,333	13,558,447	11,660,821	11,248,192
9,130,879	8,980,025	7,594,757	8,099,947	8,063,512	7,717,983
656,087	666,410	676,990	673,381	662,263	647,809
750,544	1,007,509	578,192	757,402	582,431	612,111
33,288,714	32,531,013	30,683,182	31,727,747	31,597,294	30,561,419
240,357	206,432	144,859	73,955	130,916	91,072
1,265,450	300,859	357,151	308,494	294,343	279,544
200,195	206,031	475.811	0	0	0
91,958	0	0	0	0	0
273,274	209,105	492,328	324,729	418,519	580,594
70,328,452	70,497,809	64,387,247	66,284,172	63,648,372	61,684,705
7,564,864	7,458,754	6,905,945	5,924,839	6,564,684	5,800,729
4,570,683	4,382,800	4,286,247	4,142,146	3,922,690	4,065,860
12,626,964	11,658,011	11,052,092	10,690,002	10,490,988	10,508,027
		7,766,921			
12,242,022	10,017,141	, ,	8,281,851	7,258,243	7,021,000
12,756,205	13,352,088	12,987,355	13,476,300	14,038,602	13,751,426
14,354,541	15,212,579	14,248,161	14,478,109	13,892,969	12,753,869
273,229	192,869	248,299	202,708	227,109	239,588
851,123	1,091,314	1,169,526	884,918	3,267,654	2,332,286
659,908	359,392	331,666	353,154	461,331	375,713
3,989,475	2,429,345	2,074,592	1,133,466	2,805,523	3,403,031
0	0	0	0	0	0
2,821,216	3,591,741	3,253,433	3,336,276	3,117,716	2,995,526
559,640	596,522	670,739	733,531	769,729	867,514
0	0	17,500	0	14,750	0
73,269,870	70,342,556	65,012,476	63,637,300	66,831,988	64,114,569
(2,941,418)	155,253	(625,229)	2,646,872	(3,183,616)	(2,429,864)
4,695,578	4,816,778	4,647,946	4,592,434	5,045,053	4,631,050
0	3,000,000	3,850,000	0	2,775,000	1,500,000
0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	88,797	0	0	0
0	10,410	0	30,774	98,959	75,382
ő	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0
(4,695,578)	(4,816,778)	(4,647,946)	(4,592,434)	(5,045,053)	(4,631,050)
0	3,010,410	3,938,797	30,774	2,873,959	1,575,382
(\$2,941,418)	\$3,165,663	\$3,313,568	\$2,677,646	(\$309,657)	(\$854,482)
5.6%	6.6%	6.6%	6.9%	6.5%	7.0%

## Assessed and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property Last Ten Years

		Real Property		sonal Property Utility	
Collection Year	Assesse Residential/ Agricultural	d Value  Commercial/ Industrial/PU	Estimated Actual Value	Assessed Value	Estimated Actual Value
2022	\$881,492,080	\$397,386,860	\$3,653,939,829	\$458,650,200	\$1,310,429,143
2021	794,604,440	404,979,570	3,427,382,886	457,713,200	1,307,752,000
2020	793,325,490	381,611,750	3,356,963,543	387,781,000	1,107,945,714
2019	796,915,130	318,557,270	3,187,064,000	464,247,650	1,326,421,857
2018	751,780,510	236,958,740	2,824,969,286	384,166,550	1,097,618,714
2017	749,777,260	217,860,540	2,764,679,429	447,014,180	1,277,183,371
2016	749,035,630	215,044,830	2,754,515,600	329,582,520	941,664,343
2015	715,823,970	213,354,600	2,654,795,914	298,736,560	853,533,029
2014	713,355,990	209,882,500	2,637,824,257	285,423,220	815,494,914
2013	711,054,945	207,856,520	2,625,461,329	266,734,740	762,099,257

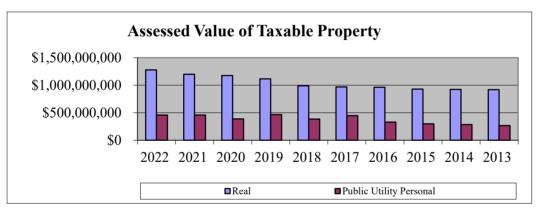
Real property is reappraised every six years with a State mandated update of the current market value in the third year following each reappraisal.

The assessed value of real property (including public utility real property) is 35 percent of estimated true value. The assessed value of public utility personal property ranges from 25 percent of true value for railroad property to 88 percent for electric transmission and distribution property.

The tangible personal property values associated with each year were the values that, when multiplied by the applicable rates, generated the property tax revenue billed in that year. For real property, the amounts generated by multiplying the assessed values by the applicable rates would be reduced by a 10 percent and a 2 1/2 percent rollback, and homestead exemptions before being billed.

**Source**: Jefferson County Auditor

	Total		
	Estimated		Weighted
Assessed	Actual		Average
Value	Value	Ratio	Tax Rate
\$1,737,529,140	\$4,964,368,972	35.00%	\$8.48
1,657,297,210	4,735,134,886	35.00%	8.90
1,562,718,240	4,464,909,257	35.00%	8.64
1,579,720,050	4,513,485,857	35.00%	8.63
1,372,905,800	3,922,588,000	35.00%	8.65
1,414,651,980	4,041,862,800	35.00%	9.84
1,293,662,980	3,696,179,943	35.00%	9.63
1,227,915,130	3,508,328,943	35.00%	9.73
1,208,661,710	3,453,319,171	35.00%	9.50
1,185,646,205	3,387,560,586	35.00%	9.46



Jefferson County, Ohio Property Tax Rates (per \$1,000 of assessed value) Last Ten Years

-	2022	2021	2020	2019
Unvoted Millage Operating	1.850000	1.850000	1.850000	1.850000
Voted Millage - by levy				
1976 Mental Health	0.105000	0.116554	0.116	0.116455
Residential/Agricultural Real	0.105228	0.116554	0.116556	0.116457
Commercial/Industrial and Public Utility Real	0.401446	0.413530	0.377395	0.360033
General Business and Public Utility Personal	0.500000	0.500000	0.500000	0.500000
1985 Development Disability				
Residential/Agricultural Real	0.657453	0.728220	0.728238	0.727615
Commercial/Industrial and Public Utility Real	1.572697	1.620037	1.478475	1.410458
General Business and Public Utility Personal	1.800000	1.800000	1.800000	1.800000
2012 9-1-1 System				
Residential/Agricultural Real	1.222014	1.353549	1.353582	1.352427
Commercial/Industrial and Public Utility Real	1.456167	1.500000	1.500000	1.469256
General Business and Public Utility Personal	1.500000	1.500000	1.500000	1.500000
				-10 1 1 1 1
1988 Children Services				
Residential/Agricultural Real	0.365605	0.404957	0.404967	0.404621
Commercial/Industrial and Public Utility Real	0.875743	0.902104	0.823276	0.785402
General Business and Public Utility Personal	1.000000	1.000000	1.000000	1.000000
1992 Bond / Jail (\$15,000,000)				
Residential/Agricultural Real	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000
Commercial/Industrial and Public Utility Real	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000
General Business and Public Utility Personal	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000
1992 Development Disability				
Residential/Agricultural Real	0.672190	0.744542	0.744559	0.743923
Commercial/Industrial and Public Utility Real	1.549958	1.596612	1.457097	1.390064
General Business and Public Utility Personal	1.700000	1.700000	1.700000	1.700000
•				
1993 Jail Operating and Equipment				
Residential/Agricultural Real	0.593629	0.657525	0.657540	0.656977
Commercial/Industrial and Public Utility Real	1.367610	1.408776	1.285674	1.226527
General Business and Public Utility Personal	1.500000	1.500000	1.500000	1.500000
2004 Senior Citizens				
Residential/Agricultural Real	0.729211	0.807701	0.807721	0.807031
Commercial/Industrial and Public Utility Real	0.970778	1.000000	0.956166	0.912178
General Business and Public Utility Personal	1.000000	1.000000	1.000000	1.000000

2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
1.850000	1.850000	1.850000	1.850000	1.850000	1.850000
0.122483	0.122481	0.122428	0.128027	0.128060	0.128001
0.362484	0.362226	0.361790	0.359922	0.358720	0.357167
0.500000	0.500000	0.500000	0.500000	0.500000	0.500000
0.765266	0.765257	0.764926	0.799907	0.800110	0.799745
1.420061	1.419049	1.417343	1.410026	1.405314	1.399230
1.800000	1.800000	1.800000	1.800000	1.800000	1.800000
1.422409	1.422393	1.421778	1.486800	1.487179	1.486503
1.479259	1.478206	1.476429	1.468806	1.463898	1.457560
1.500000	1.500000	1.500000	1.500000	1.500000	1.500000
0.425558	0.425553	0.425369	0.444822	0.444935	0.444732
0.790749	0.790186	0.789236	0.785161	0.782537	0.779150
1.000000	1.000000	1.000000	1.000000	1.000000	1.000000
0.000000	1.100000	1.100000	1.100000	1.100000	1.100000
0.000000	1.100000	1.100000	1.100000	1.100000	1.100000
0.000000	1.100000	1.100000	1.100000	1.100000	1.100000
0.782418	0.782408	0.782069	0.817836	0.818045	0.817672
1.399528	1.398532	1.396850	1.389639	1.384996	1.379000
1.700000	1.700000	1.700000	1.700000	1.700000	1.700000
0.690973	0.690964	0.690666	0.722251	0.722436	0.722106
1.234878	1.233999	1.232515	1.226152	1.222056	1.216765
1.500000	1.500000	1.500000	1.500000	1.500000	1.500000
0.848792	0.848782	0.848415	0.887215	0.887442	0.007020
0.848792	0.848782	0.848415	0.887213	0.887442	0.887038 0.904919
1.000000	1.000000	1.000000	1.000000	1.000000	1.000000
					(Continued)

Property Tax Rates (Continued)
(per \$1,000 of assessed value)
Last Ten Years

	2022	2021	2020	2019
2014 Senior Citizens				
Residential/Agricultural Real	0.164339	0.182029	0.182033	0.181878
Commercial/Industrial and Public Utility Real	0.194155	0.200000	0.200000	0.198647
General Business and Public Utility Personal	0.200000	0.200000	0.200000	0.200000
Total voted millage by type of property				
Residential/Agricultural Real	4.509669	4.995077	4.995196	4.990929
Commercial/Industrial and Public Utility Real	8.388554	8.641059	8.078083	7.752565
General Business and Public Utility Personal	9.200000	9.200000	9.200000	9.200000
Total millage by type of property				
Residential/Agricultural Real	6.359669	6.845077	6.845196	6.840929
Commercial/Industrial and Public Utility Real	10.238554	10.491059	9.928083	9.602565
General Business and Public Utility Personal	11.050000	11.050000	11.050000	11.050000
Total Weighted Average Tax Rate	8.484893	8.897332	8.641431	8.634785

The rates presented for a particular calendar year `are the rates that, when applied to the assessed values presented in the Assessed Value Table, generated the property tax revenue billed in that year.

Rates may only be raised by obtaining the approval of a majority of the voters at a public election.

Real property tax rates are reduced so that inflationary increases in value do not generate additional taxes. Real property is reappraised every six years and property values are updated in the third year following each reappraisal.

Source: Jefferson County Auditor

2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
0.191289	0.191287	0.191204	0.199948	0.000000	0.000000
0.200000	0.200000	0.200000	0.200000	0.000000	0.000000
0.200000	0.200000	0.200000	0.200000	0.000000	0.000000
5.249188	6.349125	6.346855	6.586806	6.388207	6.385797
7.805348	8.899933	8.890795	8.851606	8.626374	8.593791
9.200000	10.300000	10.300000	10.300000	10.100000	10.100000
7.099188	8.199125	8.196855	8.436806	8.238207	8.235797
9.655348	10.749933	10.740795	10.701606	10.476374	10.443791
11.050000	12.150000	12.150000	12.150000	11.950000	11.950000
8.645889	9.840389	9.626863	9.733697	9.503395	9.458466

Jefferson County, Ohio
Property Tax Rates of Overlapping Governments
(per \$1,000 of assessed value)
Last Ten Years

	2022	2021	2020	2019
Cities: Steubenville				
Residential/Agricultural Real	4.872230	5.087785	5.088665	5.088345
Commercial/Industrial and Public Utility Real	7.011205	7.016630	6.981885	6.815620
General Business and Public Utility Personal	8.200000	8.200000	8.200000	8.200000
Toronto				
Residential/Agricultural Real	3.013009	3.030337	3.030286	3.030224
Commercial/Industrial and Public Utility Real	3.185530	3.184887	3.184887	3.184862
General Business and Public Utility Personal	3.400000	3.400000	3.400000	3.400000
<i>Villages:</i> Adena				
Residential/Agricultural Real	12.243926	13.281300	13.649711	13.633349
Commercial/Industrial and Public Utility Real	14.989471	14.974992	14.991977	14.991977
General Business and Public Utility Personal	24.000000	24.000000	24.000000	24.000000
Amsterdam				
Residential/Agricultural Real	13.345701	13.332112	10.332112	10.355208
Commercial/Industrial and Public Utility Real	15.223050	15.342950	12.342950	12.191630
General Business and Public Utility Personal	22.400000	22.400000	19.400000	19.400000
Bergholz	5 992217	5 997 429	5 997 429	5.007420
Residential/Agricultural Real Commercial/Industrial and Public Utility Real	5.882217 5.812526	5.886428 5.915305	5.886428 5.915305	5.886428 5.915305
General Business and Public Utility Personal	10.200000	10.200000	10.200000	10.200000
Bloomingdale				
Residential/Agricultural Real	1.981702	1.984707	1.984707	1.984707
Commercial/Industrial and Public Utility Real	1.983494	2.009591	2.009591	2.009591
General Business and Public Utility Personal	3.400000	3.400000	3.400000	3.400000
Dillonville	14.040564	15 205001	15 25 4222	10.054000
Residential/Agricultural Real Commercial/Industrial and Public Utility Real	14.849564 17.234857	15.395091 17.274375	15.374322 17.253690	12.374322 14.245102
General Business and Public Utility Personal	24.400000	24.400000	24.400000	21.400000
Empire				
Residential/Agricultural Real	7.298395	7.305420	7.305642	7.305420
Commercial/Industrial and Public Utility Real	5.455385	5.455385	5.455385	5.455385
General Business and Public Utility Personal	12.200000	12.200000	12.200000	12.200000
Irondale	10.074090	10.245242	10.245242	10.245242
Residential/Agricultural Real Commercial/Industrial and Public Utility Real	10.074080 11.179454	10.245243 11.179454	10.245243 11.179454	10.245243 11.179454
General Business and Public Utility Personal	13.000000	13.000000	13.000000	13.000000
Mingo Junction				
Residential/Agricultural Real	11.094637	11.786284	11.786284	11.746279
Commercial/Industrial and Public Utility Real	11.688259	11.707855	11.706094	11.465356
General Business and Public Utility Personal	11.800000	11.800000	11.800000	11.800000
Mt. Pleasant	10.044400	10.506042	15.021106	15.021106
Residential/Agricultural Real	18.244482	18.506943	15.031196	15.031196
Commercial/Industrial and Public Utility Real General Business and Public Utility Personal	21.751746 28.900000	20.776658 27.900000	17.744087 28.900000	17.744087 28.900000
New Alexandria				
Residential/Agricultural Real	8.775929	9.355872	9.353310	9.353310
Commercial/Industrial and Public Utility Real General Business and Public Utility Personal	7.890254	7.902623	7.902623	7.902623

2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
5.174745	5.174595	5.174000	5.165250	5.165145	5.159635
6.543020	6.540775	6.528370	6.558850	6.557040	6.544940
8.200000	8.200000	8.200000	8.200000	8.200000	8.200000
3.040412	3.040378	3.040371	3.052008	3.052000	3.052019
3.200043	3.200043	3.200043	3.201183	3.202113	3.201957
3.400000	3.400000	3.400000	3.400000	3.400000	3.400000
19.793813	19.879518	16.879518	18.211559	18.435817	18.052842
26.176145	26.255710	23.255710	23.387015	23.303203	23.065433
33.000000	33.000000	30.000000	30.000000	30.000000	30.000000
10.592009	10.592009	10.592009	10.563733	10.569884	10.570271
16.338382	16.338382	16.338382	16.262083	16.262083	16.262083
19.400000	19.400000	19.400000	19.400000	19.400000	19.400000
6.143909	6.143909	6.144895	5.998840	5.997181	5.999235
5.709256	5.709256	5.709256	5.704441	5.704441	5.704441
10.200000	10.200000	10.200000	10.200000	10.200000	10.200000
1.988838	1.988838	1.988838	1.992321	1.992247	1.992247
1.912618	1.912618	1.912618	1.917266	1.917266	1.917266
3.400000	3.400000	3.400000	3.400000	3.400000	3.400000
12.690144	12.690144	12.691933	9.908857	9.908857	9.908857
16.539505	16.539505	16.539505	13.901517	13.901517	13.901517
21.400000	21.400000	21.400000	18.900000	18.900000	18.900000
7 107000	7.107000	7.107000	6 (11220	6 (11220	( (11220
7.197900 6.875895	7.197900 6.875895	7.197900 6.875895	6.611320 6.875895	6.611320 6.875895	6.611320 6.875895
12.200000	12.200000	12.200000	12.200000	12.200000	12.200000
12.200000	12.200000	12.200000	12.200000	12.200000	12.200000
10.932318	10.932318	10.932318	10.947461	10.947461	12.007323
11.500440	11.500440	11.500440	11.500440	11.463764	12.576476
13.000000	13.000000	13.000000	13.000000	13.000000	15.000000
13.00000	13.000000	13.000000	13.00000	13.000000	13.000000
8.800000	8.800000	8.799922	8.800000	6.154962	6.154962
8.745358	8.745370	8.745370	8.794906	8.281844	8.278772
8.800000	8.800000	8.800000	8.800000	8.800000	8.800000
15.323269	15.315786	15.314331	15.322101	13.322957	13.322957
19.274454	19.274454	19.274454	19.262896	17.262896	17.262896
28.900000	28.900000	28.900000	28.900000	26.900000	26.900000
6.862200	6.862200	6.862200	6.498975	6.501495	6.501595
5.689655	5.689655	5.689655	5.651010	5.651010	5.651010
7.400000	7.400000	7.400000	7.400000	7.400000	7.400000
					(Continued)

Jefferson County, Ohio
Property Tax Rates of Overlapping Governments (Continued)
(per \$1,000 of assessed value)
Last Ten Years

Rayland	2022	2021	2020	2019
Residential/Agricultural Real	8.804732	5.500108	5.500108	5.500108
Commercial/Industrial and Public Utility Real	9.677824	5.677824	5.677824	5.677824
General Business and Public Utility Personal	10.200000	6.200000	6.200000	6.200000
Richmond				
Residential/Agricultural Real	6.137487	7.011790	7.011790	7.014715
Commercial/Industrial and Public Utility Real General Business and Public Utility Personal	6.555552 14.400000	6.625959 14.400000	6.625959 14.400000	6.625959 14.400000
Smithfield				
Residential/Agricultural Real	0.000000	8.072963	8.071774	10.762783
Commercial/Industrial and Public Utility Real	0.000000	8.878930	8.878930	11.878930
General Business and Public Utility Personal	0.000000	9.500000	9.500000	12.500000
Stratton	10.00000	0.020125	0.020125	0.020125
Residential/Agricultural Real	10.000000	9.920125	9.920125	9.920125
Commercial/Industrial and Public Utility Real General Business and Public Utility Personal	8.751347 10.000000	8.751467 10.000000	8.751467 10.000000	8.751467 10.000000
·	10.000000	10.00000	10.000000	10.000000
Tiltonsville Residential/Agricultural Real	14.869548	16.825398	12.825398	12.825398
Commercial/Industrial and Public Utility Real	18.199904	18.241198	13.838546	13.728003
General Business and Public Utility Personal	20.300000	20.300000	16.300000	16.300000
Wintersville				
Residential/Agricultural Real	4.201336	4.376784	4.376774	4.375559
Commercial/Industrial and Public Utility Real General Business and Public Utility Personal	4.842860 5.800000	4.706160 5.800000	4.708411 5.800000	4.701166 5.800000
Yorkville				
Residential/Agricultural Real	13.922173	10.371493	10.282942	10.438989
Commercial/Industrial and Public Utility Real	16.618669	11.683661	11.683661	11.681954
General Business and Public Utility Personal	19.350000	14.350000	14.350000	14.350000
Townships: Brush Creek				
Residential/Agricultural Real	3.052907	3.080412	3.080412	3.080132
Commercial/Industrial and Public Utility Real	3.969753	3.997228	3.927487	3.841043
General Business and Public Utility Personal	4.200000	4.200000	4.200000	4.200000
Cross Creek				
Residential/Agricultural Real	4.749079	4.977634	4.977515	4.971125
Commercial/Industrial and Public Utility Real	5.869986	6.084038	5.900785	5.749478
General Business and Public Utility Personal	7.400000	7.400000	7.400000	7.400000
Island Creek Residential/Agricultural Real	6.968349	7.319444	7.318183	7.309415
Commercial/Industrial and Public Utility Real	10.965133	11.162881	10.952318	10.572476
General Business and Public Utility Personal	11.700000	11.700000	11.700000	11.700000
Knox				
Residential/Agricultural Real	5.170730	5.570780	5.570090	5.568249
Commercial/Industrial and Public Utility Real General Business and Public Utility Personal	5.901962 8.700000	5.930535 8.700000	5.860042 8.700000	5.747953 8.700000
·	0.700000	0.700000	0.700000	3.700000
Mt. Pleasant Residential/Agricultural Real	6.401664	6.747814	6.748753	6.748826
Commercial/Industrial and Public Utility Real	7.132344	7.401515	6.983295	6.660690
General Business and Public Utility Personal	9.100000	9.100000	9.100000	9.100000

2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
5.564784	5.564788	5.564496	5.845196	5.845196	5.845236
6.140232	6.140232	6.140232	6.200000	6.200000	6.200000
6.200000	6.200000	6.200000	6.200000	6.200000	6.200000
7.340518	5.783660	5.004801	5.290585	5.290575	5.290585
7.386618	5.617732	4.733289	4.856235	4.856235	4.856235
14.400000	14.400000	14.400000	14.400000	14.400000	14.400000
14005556	14005500	10.702010	12.250550	16.536540	16.505605
14.997576	14.997582	18.703918	13.258559	16.526548	16.537605
18.044964	18.044964	22.044964	15.133038	18.363712	18.363712
20.500000	20.500000	24.500000	19.500000	23.000000	23.000000
0.000005	0.000005	10.000000	5,000000	5 000000	5 000000
9.999805	9.999805	10.000000	5.000000	5.000000	5.000000
9.993885	9.993885	9.993885	4.993430	4.993430	4.993430
10.000000	10.000000	10.000000	5.000000	5.000000	5.000000
13.435360	8.335360	8.336000	8.767210	11.859267	11.859267
14.405158	9.305158	9.305158	9.321236	12.339471	12.487045
16.300000	11.200000	11.200000	11.200000	14.700000	14.700000
4.420948	4.420949	7.008854	7.183065	8.218349	7.183583
4.690185	4.685742	7.409989	7.431186	7.426934	7.421816
5.800000	5.800000	9.800000	9.800000	9.800000	9.800000
3.00000	3.000000	2.000000	7.000000	7.000000	2.000000
7.111695	6.111695	6.111695	6.294952	6.294952	6.290852
8.356208	7.324731	7.323884	7.336214	7.336214	7.370623
10.850000	9.850000	9.850000	9.850000	9.850000	9.850000
3.102340	3.102340	3.102248	3.126158	3.126278	3.126154
3.829591	3.829591	3.829591	3.829562	3.829562	3.829562
4.200000	4.200000	4.200000	4.200000	4.200000	4.200000
5.045253	5.145333	7.651436	6.520936	6.520969	6.521074
5.963542	5.962786	9.239069	7.658042	7.658441	7.660865
7.400000	7.400000	12.400000	10.900000	10.900000	10.900000
5.548343	5.549196	5.548285	5.762870	5.767104	5.768273
8.334184	8.306742	8.304860	7.319951	7.197553	7.041102
9.700000	9.700000	9.700000	9.700000	9.700000	9.700000
5.010515	£ 200000	£ 210020	5 40C 11 5	5 440051	5 4 4 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5
5.310512	5.309903	5.310020	5.438416	5.442851	5.443231
5.459196	5.469594	5.522347	6.097812	6.006713	6.108903
8.200000	8.200000	8.200000	8.200000	8.200000	8.200000
7.050047	7.050055	7.060271	7 102120	7 100672	7 102294
7.059947	7.059955	7.060271 7.075271	7.102130	7.100673	7.102384
7.075271	7.075271		7.066269	7.077552	7.077466
9.100000	9.100000	9.100000	9.100000	9.100000	9.100000 (Continued)
					(Continued)

Jefferson County, Ohio
Property Tax Rates of Overlapping Governments (Continued)
(per \$1,000 of assessed value)
Last Ten Years

n.	2022	2021	2020	2019
Ross Residential/Agricultural Real	4.429583	4.491983	4.491983	4.492345
Commercial/Industrial and Public Utility Real	4.164026	4.295875	4.117372	3.976337
General Business and Public Utility Personal	5.700000	5.700000	5.700000	5.700000
Salem				
Residential/Agricultural Real	8.979609	9.453934	4.458180	4.450865
Commercial/Industrial and Public Utility Real General Business and Public Utility Personal	9.649670 11.500000	9.972558 11.500000	4.900239 6.500000	4.810867 6.500000
Saline				
Residential/Agricultural Real	8.376505	9.023235	9.023235	9.025168
Commercial/Industrial and Public Utility Real	9.315192	9.321312	9.308171	9.285538
General Business and Public Utility Personal	10.800000	10.800000	10.800000	10.800000
Smithfield	5 <b>-</b> 0 111 -	• (0000	•	•
Residential/Agricultural Real	6.584117	3.600000	3.600000	3.600000
Commercial/Industrial and Public Utility Real	6.606953	3.600000	3.600000	3.600000
General Business and Public Utility Personal	6.900000	3.600000	3.600000	3.600000
Springfield Residential/Agricultural Real	5.270055	5.585876	5.585876	5.584087
Commercial/Industrial and Public Utility Real	6.867483	7.024726	6.668092	6.137942
General Business and Public Utility Personal	10.200000	10.200000	10.200000	10.200000
Steubenville				
Residential/Agricultural Real	5.854112	4.939564	4.938980	4.938958
Commercial/Industrial and Public Utility Real	5.949130	5.598690	5.598690	5.598690
General Business and Public Utility Personal	6.100000	6.100000	6.100000	6.100000
Warren	2.757660	2 002 42 4	2.002520	2 002522
Residential/Agricultural Real	3.757669	3.803434	3.803529	3.803532
Commercial/Industrial and Public Utility Real General Business and Public Utility Personal	4.103316 4.800000	4.146297 4.800000	4.101976 4.800000	4.040532 4.800000
Wayne				
Residential/Agricultural Real	8.679828	9.241587	8.025807	8.017993
Commercial/Industrial and Public Utility Real	11.546548	12.339772	11.092153	10.484378
General Business and Public Utility Personal	14.400000	14.400000	14.400000	14.400000
Wells				
Residential/Agricultural Real	12.965654	13.290075	11.038468	8.040949
Commercial/Industrial and Public Utility Real General Business and Public Utility Personal	14.976338 15.000000	15.000000	12.485280 12.750000	9.485290 9.750000
·	13.000000	15.000000	12.750000	9.730000
Colleges: Eastern Gateway Community College				
Residential/Agricultural Real	0.485827	0.538120	0.538133	0.537673
Commercial/Industrial and Public Utility Real	0.911740	0.939184	0.857116	0.817685
General Business and Public Utility Personal	0.000000	1.000000	1.000000	1.000000
Special Districts:				
Eastern Ohio Regional Transit Authority	1.010111	0.105.405	0.005171	0.15105:
Residential/Agricultural Real Commercial/Industrial and Public Utility Real	1.819111	2.125405 2.500000	2.086154	2.151864
General Business and Public Utility Personal	2.500000 2.500000	2.500000	2.500000 2.500000	2.500000 2.500000
Steel Valley Regional Transit Authority				
Residential/Agricultural Real	1.246233	1.398300	1.398726	1.398082
Commercial/Industrial and Public Utility Real	1.500000	1.500000	1.498473	1.450959
General Business and Public Utility Personal	1.500000	1.500000	1.500000	1.500000

2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
4.687797	4.687786	4.686903	4.812782	4.812946	4.813855
3.977175	3.977175	3.977175	3.988366	3.988366	3.960037
5.700000	5.700000	5.700000	5.700000	5.700000	5.700000
4.558765	3.630045	3.630806	3.723517	3.723765	3.724704
4.777555	4.030799	4.030799	4.054889	4.054889	4.054670
6.500000	6.500000	6.500000	6.500000	6.500000	6.500000
7.806364	5.306364	5.323066	5.501300	5.502775	3.502020
9.129040	6.629040	6.629040	6.630701	6.630532	4.630532
9.300000	6.800000	6.800000	6.800000	6.800000	4.800000
9.300000	0.800000	0.800000	0.800000	0.800000	4.800000
3.956190	3.956280	3.955855	3.964084	3.964320	3.964953
4.423321	4.423321	4.423321	4.411884	4.411884	4.404342
5.100000	5.100000	5.100000	5.100000	5.100000	5.100000
5.839455	5.838945	5.839595	6.044575	6.041555	6.039728
6.225349	6.225349	6.225349	6.242658	6.242516	6.148428
10.200000	10.200000	10.200000	10.200000	10.200000	10.200000
4.894870	4.894774	4.892150	4.814264	4.813994	4.814108
5.818286	5.818262	5.818262	5.826334	5.884144	5.580840
6.100000	6.100000	6.100000	6.100000	6.100000	6.100000
0.10000	0.10000	0110000	0.10000	0.10000	0.100000
3.845865	3.846013	3.845704	3.891966	3.891843	3.891900
4.087452	4.087452	4.087452	4.090621	4.091716	4.096543
4.800000	4.800000	4.800000	4.800000	4.800000	4.800000
8.156190	8.005309	7.987703	8.474248	8.477480	8.473002
11.079598	11.079598	11.040724	11.074751	10.085542	10.088661
14.400000	14.400000	14.400000	14.400000	14.400000	14.400000
14.400000	14.400000	14.400000	14.400000	14.400000	14.400000
8.312820	8.312872	6.314151	6.552878	5.950387	5.950016
9.555920	9.553726	7.555920	7.593263	7.495636	7.475201
9.750000	9.750000	7.750000	7.750000	7.750000	7.750000
0.565495	0.565488	0.565243	0.591093	0.591244	0.590975
0.823252	0.822666	0.821677	0.817435	0.814704	0.811177
1.000000	1.000000	1.000000	1.000000	1.000000	1.000000
2.276460	2.275130	2.261391	2.423052	1.922006	1.917970
2.500000	2.500000	2.492910	2.500000	1.998728	1.995130
2.500000	2.500000	2.500000	2.500000	2.000000	2.000000
1.449325	1.449255	1.448913	1.456999	1.456975	1.453606
1.373838	1.372449	1.368894	1.379967	1.379220	1.374535
1.500000	1.500000	1.500000	1.500000	1.500000	1.500000
1.500000	1.00000	1.00000	1.00000	1.200000	(Continued)
					(======================================

Jefferson County, Ohio
Property Tax Rates of Overlapping Governments (Continued)
(per \$1,000 of assessed value)
Last Ten Years

TEMO A 1 1	2022	2021	2020	2019
TEMS Ambulance Residential/Agricultural Real	1.536192	1.770712	1.770134	1.769206
Commercial/Industrial and Public Utility Real	1.695734	1.696353	1.692462	1.685628
General Business and Public Utility Personal	2.000000	2.000000	2.000000	2.000000
Warren Township Park				
Residential/Agricultural Real	0.377381	0.425089	0.423955	0.426038
Commercial/Industrial and Public Utility Real	0.562500	0.580025	0.566997	0.551971
General Business and Public Utility Personal	1.000000	1.000000	1.000000	1.000000
Belvedere Fire	2 40 (200	2.525124	2.525124	2.525065
Residential/Agricultural Real	2.496388	2.735124	2.735124	2.735965
Commercial/Industrial and Public Utility Real	1.998893 7.500000	2.246487 7.500000	2.246487 7.500000	2.246487 7.500000
General Business and Public Utility Personal	7.300000	7.300000	7.300000	7.300000
Puskarich Public Library	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.00000
Residential/Agricultural Real	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000
Commercial/Industrial and Public Utility Real General Business and Public Utility Personal	$0.000000 \\ 0.000000$	0.000000 $0.000000$	0.000000 $0.000000$	0.000000 $0.000000$
·	0.000000	0.00000	0.000000	0.000000
Public Library of Steubenville and Jefferson County				
Residential/Agricultural Real	0.813954	0.901566	0.901588	0.900818
Commercial/Industrial and Public Utility Real	0.970778	1.000000	1.000000	0.978869
General Business and Public Utility Personal	1.000000	1.000000	1.000000	1.000000
Seven Ranges Joint Fire District				
Residential/Agricultural Real	5.177544	5.820684	5.820462	5.807706
Commercial/Industrial and Public Utility Real	6.000000	6.000000	6.000000	5.872998
General Business and Public Utility Personal	6.000000	6.000000	6.000000	6.000000
Short Creek Joint Fire District				
Residential/Agricultural Real	3.356004	3.708212	3.727648	3.727508
Commercial/Industrial and Public Utility Real	3.648736	4.000000	4.000000	3.951292
General Business and Public Utility Personal	4.000000	4.000000	4.000000	4.000000
Joint Vocational School Districts:				
Jefferson County JVS Residential/Agricultural Real	2.321626	2.355704	2.356811	2.356274
Commercial/Industrial and Public Utility Real	2.421149	2.490695	2.482544	2.462786
General Business and Public Utility Personal	2.500000	2.500000	2.500000	2.500000
Belmont-Harrison Career Center Residential/Agricultural Real	1.450000	1.450000	1.450000	1.450000
Commercial/Industrial and Public Utility Real	1.450000	1.450000	1.450000	1.450000
General Business and Public Utility Personal	1.450000	1.450000	1.450000	1.450000
Columbiana County JVS				
Residential/Agricultural Real	2.000000	2.000000	2.000000	2.000000
Commercial/Industrial and Public Utility Real	2.039142	2.041597	2.030700	2.026866
General Business and Public Utility Personal	2.800000	2.800000	2.800000	2.800000
School Districts:				
Buckeye Local				
Residential/Agricultural Real	20.000014	20.000016	20.007319	20.000009
Commercial/Industrial and Public Utility Real General Business and Public Utility Personal	24.786501	25.931192	22.182756	21.202079
General Dusiness and Public Utility Personal	27.500000	27.500000	27.500000	27.500000

2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
1.907981	1.407651	1.407640	1.498914	1.499808	1.500000
1.933139	1.433890	1.436551	1.462023	1.460061	1.463469
2.000000	1.500000	1.500000	1.500000	1.500000	1.500000
0.455113	0.455181	0.455053	0.492043	0.491986	0.491874
0.572860	0.569968	0.569891	0.571726	0.571891	0.577213
1.000000	1.000000	1.000000	1.000000	1.000000	1.000000
2.814660	2.814660	2.812408	3.043985	3.046209	3.046209
2.329625	2.329625	2.158284	2.185143	2.185399	2.205416
7.500000	7.500000	7.500000	7.500000	7.500000	7.500000
0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.062025	0.062707
0.000000 $0.000000$	0.000000 $0.000000$	0.000000 $0.000000$	0.000000 $0.000000$	0.963925 1.000000	0.963797 1.000000
0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	1.000000	1.000000
0.947432	0.947421	0.947011	0.990320	0.990573	0.990122
0.985534	0.984832	0.983648	0.978570	0.975300	0.971078
1.000000	1.000000	1.000000	1.000000	1.000000	1.000000
5.999856	6.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000
6.000000	6.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000
6.000000	6.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000
0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000
0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000
0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000
2.374271	2.374485	2.347982	2.453346	2.456810	1.456786
2.479198	2.479031	2.478931	2.478524	2.478029	1.477714
2.500000	2.500000	2.500000	2.500000	2.500000	1.500000
1.450000	1.450000	1.450000	1.450000	1.450000	1.450000
1.450000	1.450000	1.450000	1.450000	1.450000	1.450000
1.450000	1.450000	1.450000	1.450000	1.450000	1.450000
2,000292	2,000,000	2.002046	2.002761	2.004967	2.016742
2.000283 2.023182	2.000000 2.000000	2.003946 2.029622	2.002761 2.025363	2.004867 2.014174	2.016742 2.000000
2.800000	2.800000	2.800000	2.800000	2.800000	2.800000
			*******		
20.000019	20.011083	20.000015	20.000007	20.000007	20.000003
21.671231	21.499829	21.496593	21.588482	21.357241	21.359813
27.500000	27.500000	27.500000	27.500000	27.500000	27.500000
					(Continued)

Jefferson County, Ohio
Property Tax Rates of Overlapping Governments (Continued)
(per \$1,000 of assessed value)
Last Ten Years

	2022	2021	2020	2019
Edison Local	<u> </u>			
Residential/Agricultural Real	23.965740	25.405355	25.412385	25.438313
Commercial/Industrial and Public Utility Real	29.008605	29.611731	28.877718	27.625383
General Business and Public Utility Personal	35.400000	35.400000	35.400000	35.400000
Harrison Hills City				
Residential/Agricultural Real	22.542131	22.431033	23.702227	23.692478
Commercial/Industrial and Public Utility Real	32.952372	32.932558	36.057028	35.564367
General Business and Public Utility Personal	37.250000	37.250000	40.250000	40.250000
Indian Creek Local				
Residential/Agricultural Real	30.182482	30.321994	30.320944	30.293644
Commercial/Industrial and Public Utility Real	40.716949	41.232341	40.358505	39.222348
General Business and Public Utility Personal	49.150000	49.150000	49.150000	49.150000
Southern Local				
Residential/Agricultural Real	24.555160	24.559380	23.980873	25.059366
Commercial/Industrial and Public Utility Real	34.318402	34.874526	34.119424	34.170939
General Business and Public Utility Personal	38.590000	38.590000	38.010000	39.040000
Steubenville City				
Residential/Agricultural Real	24.426230	26.591678	26.607553	26.603194
Commercial/Industrial and Public Utility Real	26.044044	26.055960	26.002574	25.797557
General Business and Public Utility Personal	33.950000	33.950000	33.950000	33.950000
Toronto City				
Residential/Agricultural Real	27.974485	28.046718	28.042563	28.030585
Commercial/Industrial and Public Utility Real	35.680819	35.634723	35.634723	35.618702
General Business and Public Utility Personal	45.750000	45.750000	45.750000	45.750000

The rates presented in this Table represent the effective rates.

2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
26.859803	26.559480	26.797187	27.980725	22.100017	22.100015
29.330753	29.040023	29.265894	28.338668	22.280849	22.100013
35.700000	35.400000	35.600000	35.600000	29.700000	29.700000
24.189774	26.361087	26.341905	21.282528	21.445944	21.443560
35.919498	38.267179	37.869001	32.888877	27.056424	27.056424
40.750000	42.730000	42.730000	37.750000	37.750000	37.750000
24.200260	24.200022	24.206204	25.100276	25 110514	25 100202
24.308268	24.308023	24.286204	25.108376	25.110514	25.109292
30.631652	30.593601	30.584556	30.587401	30.500745	30.493763
42.650000	42.650000	42.650000	42.650000	42.650000	42.650000
25.457455	25.437452	25.455712	25.466132	25.455918	23.486119
34.389050	32.893430	32.826012	32.683167	32.189247	31.442469
39.440000	39.440000	39.440000	39.440000	39.440000	39.440000
27.509914	28.909718	28.903387	28.628195	28.634081	28.563270
27.189564	28.572198	28.467515	28.734923	28.731665	28.585115
33.950000	35.350000	35.350000	35.350000	35.350000	35.350000
28.655938	28.656635	28.658269	29.939813	30.441486	30.443535
36.987014	36.987014	37.001655	38.423812	38.998492	39.204356
45.750000	45.750000	45.750000	45.750000	46.250000	46.250000
.2.,2000	.2.,2000	.2.,20000	.2.,2000	.0.220000	

Property Tax Levies and Collections (1) Real and Public Utilities Taxes Last Ten Years

Collection Year	Current Tax Levy (2)	Current Tax Collections (3)	Percent of Current Tax Collections to Current Tax Levy	Delinquent Tax Collections (4)	Total Tax Collections	Percent of Total Tax Collections to Current Tax Levy
2022	\$98,618,482	\$86,620,386	87.83%	\$5,986,156	\$92,606,542	93.90%
2021	94,192,229	83,114,235	88.24%	5,872,607	88,986,842	94.47%
2020	85,062,526	75,814,943	89.13%	4,041,704	79,856,647	93.88%
2019	80,364,532	74,459,885	92.65%	1,748,630	76,208,515	94.83%
2018	68,056,320	66,369,983	97.52%	2,378,023	68,748,006	101.02%
2017	72,308,469	72,822,196	100.71%	2,458,361	75,280,557	104.11%
2016	63,904,454	62,065,172	97.12%	1,986,150	64,051,322	100.23%
2015	60,381,714	58,671,709	97.17%	2,475,134	61,146,843	101.27%
2014	57,152,517	55,377,855	96.89%	2,434,719	57,812,574	101.15%
2013	54,138,366	52,430,061	96.84%	2,472,598	54,902,659	101.41%

- (1) Includes Homestead/Rollback credits assessed locally, but distributed through the State and reported as Intergovernmental revenue.
- (2) Includes all property taxes levied by the County.
- (3) The County's current reporting system does not track prepayment tax collections by tax year. Prepayments are tracked only in total, reflected in current collection year, and applied to subsequent tax year.
- (4) The County's current reporting system does not track delinquency tax collections by tax year. Outstanding delinquencies are tracked only in total. Penalties and interest are applied to the total outstanding delinquent balance. The presentation will be updated as new information becomes available.

Property Tax Levies and Collections Tangible Personal Property Taxes Last Ten Years

Collection Year	Current Tax Levy	Current Tax Collections	Percent of Current Tax Collections to Current Tax Levy	Delinquent Tax Collections (1)	Total Tax Collections	Percent of Total Tax Collections to Current Tax Levy
2022	\$0	\$0	N/A	\$0	\$0	N/A
2021	0	0	N/A	0	0	N/A
2020	0	0	N/A	0	0	N/A
2019	0	0	N/A	0	0	N/A
2018	0	0	N/A	0	0	N/A
2017	0	0	N/A	0	0	N/A
2016	0	0	N/A	0	0	N/A
2015	0	0	N/A	0	0	N/A
2014	0	0	N/A	0	0	N/A
2013	0	0	N/A	104,996	104,996	N/A

(1) The County's current reporting system does not track delinquency tax collections by tax year. Outstanding delinquencies are tracked only in total. Penalties and interest are applied to the total outstanding delinquent balance. The presentation will be updated as new information becomes available.

Source: Jefferson County Auditor

Note: The general business tangible personal property tax including inventory was phased out beginning in 2006. The assessment percentage is 18.75 percent for 2006, 12.5 percent for 2007, 6.25 percent for 2008 and zero for 2009. Beginning in 2007, House Bill 66 switched telephone companies from being public utilities to general business taxpayers and began a four year phase out of the tangible personal property tax on local and inter-exchange telephone companies. No tangible personal property taxes were levied or collected in 2009 from general business taxpayers (except telephone companies whose last year to pay tangible personal property tax was 2010).

Jefferson County, Ohio Principal Taxpayers Real Estate Tax 2022 and 2013

	20	)22
Name of Taxpayer	Assessed Value	Percent of Real Property Assessed Value
Ascent Resources Utica LLC	\$134,998,470	10.56%
AEP Ohio LLP	59,872,360	4.68%
Ohio Edison Company	24,359,740	1.90%
WalMart Stores East LP	6,955,420	0.54%
Buckeye Power	5,606,180	0.44%
Gulfport Appalachia LLC	4,631,280	0.36%
Hollywood Center Inc	3,216,370	0.25%
WSD Properties LLC	2,985,300	0.23%
Fort Steuben Mall Holdings	2,948,660	0.23%
Margaret Wang Trustee	2,694,540	0.21%
Totals	\$248,268,320	19.40%
Total Assessed Valuation	\$1,278,878,940	

	201	3
		Percent of
	Assessed	Real Property
Name of Taxpayer	Value	Assessed Value
Ol: El: G	\$22.205.641	2.420/
Ohio Edison Company	\$22,205,641	2.42%
Fort Steuben Improvements	13,472,375	1.47%
Ohio Power Company	5,393,351	0.59%
Wal-Mart Stores East LLP	4,761,225	0.52%
LTAH Real Estate Holdings	3,468,605	0.38%
Hollywood Center Inc.	3,407,320	0.37%
Derek Ferguson	2,930,060	0.32%
Mary Schiappa Trust	2,335,235	0.25%
OCRC Realty LLC	2,193,940	0.24%
Carriage Inn Stuebenville	2,138,325	0.23%
Totals	\$62,306,077	6.79%
Total Assessed Valuation	\$918,911,465	

Jefferson County, Ohio
Principal Taxpayers
Public Utilities Tangible Personal Property Tax
2022 and 2013

	2	2022
		Percent of
	Assessed	Public Utility
Name of Taxpayer	Value	Assessed Value
Ohio Power Company	\$115,622,840	25.21%
Texas Eastern Transmission LP	99,172,070	21.62%
Buckeye Power Inc.	45,042,600	9.82%
AEP Ohio Transmission Company, Inc.	40,786,460	8.89%
American Transmission Systems Inc.	38,245,580	8.34%
Energy Harbor Generation LLC	35,848,220	7.82%
Rover Pipeline LLC	35,778,540	7.80%
Columbia Gas of Ohio Inc.	20,717,590	4.52%
AEP Generation Resources, Inc.	1,307,052	0.28%
Columbia Gas Transmission Corp	6,157,840	1.34%
Total	\$438,678,792	95.64%
Total Assessed Valuation	\$458,650,200	
	2	2013
		Percent of
	Assessed	Public Utility
Name of Taxpayer	Value	Assessed Value
Ohio Power Company	\$99,025,180	37.12%
First Energy Generation Corp.	80,134,240	30.04%
Buckeye Power Inc.	68,544,560	25.70%
American Transmission Systems Inc.	6,426,670	2.41%
Columbia Gas of Ohio, Inc.	4,962,000	1.86%
Ohio Edison Company	3,925,850	1.47%
Columbia Gas Transmission Corp.	1,645,110	0.62%
Carroll Electric Cooperative Inc.	1,479,850	0.55%
Dominion Transmission Inc.	349,190	0.13%
South Central Power Company	152,700	0.06%
Total	\$266,645,350	99.96%
Total Assessed Valuation	\$266,734,740	

## **Jefferson County, Ohio** Taxable Sales By Industry (Category) Last Ten Years

	December 31, 2022		December	31, 2021	December 31, 2020	
	Percent	Collections	Percent	Collections	Percent	Collections
	Share of	by	Share of	by	Share of	by
	Collections	Industry	Collections	Industry	Collections	Industry
Industry (Category)						
Agriculture, Forestry, and Fishing	0.01%	\$1,982	0.02%	\$3,270	0.02%	\$2,599
Mining	2.80%	421,751	3.30%	585,260	3.30%	434,010
Utilities (excluding	2.0070	121,731	3.3070	303,200	3.3070	13 1,010
telecommunications)	1.12%	168,706	0.48%	145,332	0.48%	62,594
Construction	0.61%	91,740	0.72%	84,527	0.72%	94,946
Manufacturing	3.41%	513,325	2.50%	423,171	2.50%	328,401
Wholesale Trade	2.59%	389,746	1.89%	357,661	1.89%	248,215
Motor Vehicle and Parts Dealers	20.84%	3,138,403	20.04%	3,004,739	20.04%	2,632,774
Furniture and Home						
Furnishings Stores	0.92%	138,962	0.77%	130,341	0.77%	101,536
Electronic and Appliance Stores Building Material and Garden	0.77%	115,440	0.68%	102,092	0.68%	90,040
Equipment & Supplies	8.94%	1,346,871	10.17%	1,409,150	10.17%	1,337,225
Food and Beverage Stores	3.46%	521,510	3.70%	581,655	3.70%	487,020
Health and Personal Care Stores	2.04%	306,587	1.22%	286,076	1.22%	161,014
Gasoline Stations	2.55%	383,603	0.00%	0	0.00%	0
Clothing and Clothing		,				
Accessories Stores	2.42%	364,708	1.63%	374,641	1.63%	213,684
Sporting Goods, Hobby,		,		,		,
Book, and Music Stores	1.34%	201,888	1.40%	220,705	1.40%	184,477
General Merchandise Stores	9.41%	1,416,613	10.70%	1,392,395	10.70%	1,406,426
Miscellaneous Store Retailers	5.36%	806,901	6.33%	742,259	6.33%	831,953
Nonstore Retailers	10.89%	1,639,398	10.99%	1,565,608	10.99%	1,444,115
Transportation and Warehousing	0.18%	26,558	0.17%	26,730	0.17%	22,969
Information (including		,		,,		,-
telecommunications)	6.57%	988,762	6.17%	871,919	6.17%	811,596
Finance and Insurance	0.27%	40,257	0.30%	50,517	0.30%	38,803
Real Estate, and Rental &		,		2 4,2 2 1		,
Leasing of Property	4.78%	720,217	5.49%	653,719	5.49%	721,264
Professional, Scientific and		,,,		******		, ,
Technical Services	0.75%	113,261	0.80%	111,533	0.80%	105,372
Management of Companies		,		,		
(Holding Companies)	0.00%	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	0
Administrative & Support						
Services, and Waste						
Management & Remediation						
Services	0.92%	138,997	1.23%	149,534	1.23%	161,625
Education, Health Care		/		- /		- ,
and Social Assistance	0.16%	23,395	0.12%	16,960	0.12%	15,514
Arts, Entertainment, and		- ,		- ,		- ,-
Recreation	0.18%	26,717	0.10%	24,481	0.10%	13,673
Accommodation and		- /		, -		-,
Food Services	3.66%	551,610	3.17%	503,766	3.17%	417,223
Other Services	2.03%	306,333	1.95%	283,698	1.95%	256,132
Unclassified	1.03%	155,759	3.96%	533,133	3.96%	520,527
Total	100.00%	\$15,060,000	100.00%	\$14,634,872	100.00%	\$13,145,727
Sales Tax Rate	1.50%		1.50%		1.50%	

The rate may be imposed by the Commissioners subject to referendum or approved by a majority of the voters within the County.

Source: State Department of Taxation

December	31, 2019	December	31, 2018	December	31, 2017	December 31, 2016	
Percent Share of Collections	Collections by Industry						
_						·	
0.02%	\$2,126	0.01%	\$1,863	0.01%	\$1,500	0.01%	\$1,06
7.08%	941,926	5.66%	712,107	5.13%	672,593	2.32%	290,48
0.64%	85,381	0.87%	109,583	1.20%	158,063	0.89%	111,26
0.70%	93,649	0.67%	84,189	0.63%	82,642	0.46%	57,99
2.88%	383,570	2.58%	324,106	3.20%	419,562	3.21%	401,41
2.52%	334,523	3.11%	390,949	2.78%	364,073	1.76%	220,37
19.82%	2,634,286	20.72%	2,605,225	18.22%	2,386,470	17.58%	2,201,48
0.73%	96,669	0.74%	93,632	0.72%	94,599	0.70%	87,21
1.25%	165,857	1.40%	176,636	1.30%	170,617	1.27%	158,56
8.95%	1,189,314	9.35%	1,175,367	9.21%	1,205,979	8.88%	1,112,22
3.64%	483,781	3.69%	463,491	3.54%	464,104	3.71%	465,01
1.19%	158,431	1.27%	159,462	1.45%	189,379	1.56%	195,85
2.58%	342,578	2.22%	279,490	2.49%	326,445	2.21%	276,71
1.66%	220,320	1.72%	216,437	1.58%	206,567	1.45%	181,78
1.10%	145,742	1.27%	159,473	1.09%	142,842	1.25%	156,78
10.25%	1,363,343	10.65%	1,338,789	9.74%	1,275,852	10.17%	1,273,82
7.67%	1,020,240	8.90%	1,118,318	9.85%	1,289,851	9.28%	1,162,20
5.52%	734,145	3.98%	500,604	3.16%	414,136	3.15%	394,54
0.20%	25,995	0.28%	34,614	0.17%	22,917	0.26%	32,49
5.17%	687,826	5.94%	747,034	5.77%	755,430	6.26%	784,10
0.30%	39,936	0.85%	106,282	6.13%	803,416	10.47%	1,311,1
5.33%	708,395	4.00%	503,233	3.32%	435,416	2.50%	313,19
0.80%	107,003	0.62%	77,515	0.57%	74,209	0.70%	88,14
0.00%	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	0	0.06%	7,08
1.61%	214,575	1.81%	227,515	1.31%	172,075	1.36%	170,46
0.11%	14,662	0.15%	18,753	0.14%	18,154	0.15%	19,3
0.09%	12,233	0.12%	14,594	0.12%	15,714	0.08%	10,1
4.56%	605,787	4.37%	549,844	4.33%	566,703	4.26%	533,82
2.11%	280,424	2.08%	261,396	2.00%	261,421	2.17%	271,3
1.52%	202,674	0.97%	121,490	0.84%	110,220	1.87%	234,2
100.00%	\$13,295,391	100.00%	\$12,571,991	100.00%	\$13,100,949	100.00%	\$12,524,4
1.50%		1.50%		1.50%		1.50%	
							(Continue

(Continued)

## Jefferson County, Ohio Taxable Sales By Industry (Category) (Continued) Last Ten Years

	December	31, 2015	December	31, 2014	December 31, 2013		
	Percent	Collections	Percent	Collections	Percent	Collections	
	Share of	by	Share of	by	Share of	by	
	Collections	Industry	Collections	Industry	Collections	Industry	
Industry (Category)							
Agriculture, Forestry, and Fishing	0.01%	\$1,303	0.01%	\$1,221	0.01%	\$1,050	
Mining	1.26%	174,613	1.09%	130,177	0.51%	57,715	
Utilities (excluding							
telecommunications)	1.18%	163,580	1.09%	130,257	0.79%	89,709	
Construction	0.35%	48,595	0.73%	87,318	2.29%	261,054	
Manufacturing	4.87%	677,400	1.88%	223,809	2.09%	238,010	
Wholesale Trade	1.46%	202,957	1.81%	215,433	2.18%	248,982	
Motor Vehicle and Parts Dealers	16.79%	2,335,216	25.90%	3,090,335	18.72%	2,135,133	
Furniture and Home							
Furnishings Stores	0.59%	82,292	0.57%	68,293	0.57%	65,164	
Electronic and Appliance Stores	0.88%	123,022	1.26%	150,303	1.27%	145,206	
Building Material and Garden							
Equipment & Supplies	8.18%	1,137,030	7.71%	919,636	9.41%	1,073,328	
Food and Beverage Stores	1.52%	211,360	2.40%	286,025	4.09%	466,427	
Health and Personal Care Stores	1.09%	151,913	1.23%	146,885	1.70%	193,365	
Gasoline Stations	3.02%	419,538	2.44%	290,820	2.13%	242,823	
Clothing and Clothing				,			
Accessories Stores	0.59%	81,700	1.15%	137,047	1.39%	158,342	
Sporting Goods, Hobby,		,		, in the second		,	
Book, and Music Stores	0.46%	64,329	0.91%	108,938	1.67%	189,937	
General Merchandise Stores	8.74%	1,215,205	11.08%	1,322,698	15.21%	1,735,056	
Miscellaneous Store Retailers	13.48%	1,874,967	10.40%	1,240,605	6.71%	765,369	
Nonstore Retailers	2.71%	376,888	2.35%	280,438	2.61%	297,935	
Transportation and Warehousing	6.50%	904,522	0.20%	23,283	1.62%	184,428	
Information (including		,-		-,		, ,	
telecommunications)	5.38%	747,850	6.31%	753,078	6.20%	706,797	
Finance and Insurance	9.51%	1,321,919	8.55%	1,019,704	7.34%	836,876	
Real Estate, and Rental &		-,,		-,,			
Leasing of Property	2.31%	321,324	2.20%	261,977	2.40%	273,245	
Professional, Scientific and	2.5170	521,521	2.2070	201,577	2	2,0,2.0	
Technical Services	0.59%	82,684	0.46%	54,612	0.57%	65,448	
Management of Companies	0.057.0	02,00.	0070	5 .,012	0.5770	05,1.0	
(Holding Companies)	0.00%	0	0.08%	9,707	0.08%	9,226	
Administrative & Support	*****	•		-,	*****	-,	
Services, and Waste							
Management & Remediation							
Services	1.34%	186,941	1.40%	167,635	1.30%	148,025	
Education, Health Care	1.5 1.70	100,511	111070	107,055	1.5070	1.0,020	
and Social Assistance	0.15%	21,126	0.14%	17,018	0.24%	27,432	
Arts, Entertainment, and	0.1270	21,120	011 170	17,010	0.2.7	27,132	
Recreation	0.09%	12,567	0.19%	23,068	0.12%	13,631	
Accommodation and	0.0570	12,007	0.1770	25,000	0.1270	15,051	
Food Services	4.18%	580,672	4.27%	509,703	4.37%	498,193	
Other Services	2.09%	290,425	1.94%	231,368	1.99%	226,789	
Unclassified	0.68%	94,124	0.26%	31,395	0.45%	51,354	
- IIIIIIIIII	0.0070	77,127	0.2070	31,373	0.4570	31,334	
Total	100.00%	\$13,906,062	100.00%	\$11,932,786	100.00%	\$11,406,049	

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## Jefferson County, Ohio Ratios of Outstanding Debt Last Ten Years

		Governmenta	l Activities	Business Type Activities			
Year	General Obligation Bonds	Long-Term Notes Payable	OAQDA Loans	Leases (1)	General Obligation Bonds	Revenue Bonds	OWDA Loans Payable
2022	\$7,082,298	\$0	\$491,596	\$110,469	\$2,471,000	\$11,302,000	\$0
2021	8,576,465	0	586,106	61,429	2,710,500	8,097,000	0
2020	10,104,355	0	679,145	2,082	2,826,622	8,203,000	0
2019	11,652,898	0	769,941	4,164	3,021,505	5,411,000	0
2018	14,292,441	0	858,549	7,677	3,216,388	5,511,000	0
2017	16,852,984	154,850	945,021	25,904	3,411,271	5,609,000	0
2016	17,069,700	417,874	1,029,409	46,156	3,601,154	5,703,000	0
2015	16,087,836	670,745	1,111,763	101,364	3,781,037	5,795,000	0
2014	18,882,222	1,089,189	1,192,131	118,804	3,965,920	5,884,000	0
2013	18,696,358	1,492,555	1,270,562	71,764	4,140,803	5,884,000	179,886

Source:

Jefferson County Auditor's Office Bureau of Economic Analysis US Census Bureau

County implemented GASB 87 for 2022
 Assessed Valuation can be located on S14
 Personal Income and Population can be located on S45

Business Typ  OPWC  Loans  Payable	Ohio EPA Loans Payable	Total Primary Government	Ratio of Net Debt to Estimated Actual Value (2)	Percentage of Personal Income (3)	Per Capita (3)
\$369,815	\$9,435,452	\$31,262,630	0.63%	1.02%	\$486
379,943	9,520,073	29,931,516	0.63%	1.04%	46:
354,777	7,936,357	30,106,338	0.67%	1.13%	464
126,196	6,366,340	27,352,044	0.61%	1.03%	419
153,391	7,008,354	31,047,800	0.79%	1.20%	472
180,587	7,633,418	34,813,035	0.86%	1.42%	52:
207,783	8,240,079	36,315,155	0.98%	1.54%	544
234,978	8,747,749	36,530,472	1.04%	1.53%	542
262,173	8,832,967	40,227,406	1.16%	1.72%	594
315,801	8,351,197	40,402,926	1.19%	1.72%	594

Ratio of General Bonded Debt (1)(2) to Assessed Value and Debt per Capita Last Ten Years

			General Bonded Debt				
Year	Population	Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property	General Bonded Debt Outstanding	Ratio of Bonded Debt to Estimated Actual Value	Bonded Debt per Capita		
2022	64,330	\$4,964,368,972	\$9,553,298	0.19%	\$149		
2021	64,427	4,735,134,886	11,286,965	0.24%	175		
2020	64,939	4,464,909,257	12,930,977	0.29%	199		
2019	65,325	4,513,485,857	14,674,403	0.33%	225		
2018	65,767	3,922,588,000	17,508,829	0.45%	266		
2017	66,359	4,041,862,800	20,264,255	0.50%	305		
2016	66,704	3,696,179,943	20,670,854	0.56%	310		
2015	67,347	3,508,328,943	19,868,873	0.57%	295		
2014	67,694	3,453,319,171	22,848,142	0.66%	338		
2013	67,964	3,387,560,586	22,837,161	0.67%	336		

<sup>(1)</sup> General Obligation Bonds only.

**Sources:** Jefferson County Auditor's Office US Census Bureau

<sup>(2)</sup> Although the County reports restrictions for debt service, the amounts are not specifically restricted to the payment of principal. Therefore, these resources are not shown as a deduction from general obligation bonded debt.

Computation of Direct and Overlapping Debt Attributable to Governmental Activities December 31, 2022

Political Subdivision	Debt Outstanding	Percentage Applicable to County (1)	Amount of Direct and Overlapping Debt
Jefferson County	\$7,684,363	100.00%	\$7,684,363
Overlapping:			
Municipalities Wholly Within County	9,236,400	100.00%	9,236,400
School Districts Wholly Within County	58,490,000	100.00%	58,490,000
Jefferson County Joint Vocational School District	235,109	97.25%	228,644
Buckeye Local School District	355,000	92.34%	327,807
Harrison Hills City School District	25,985,000	0.02%	5,197
Belmont-Harrison Joint Vocational School District	315,000	0.01%	32
Total Overlapping Debt	94,616,509		68,288,080
Total Applicable to Jefferson County	\$102,300,872		\$75,972,443

<sup>(1)</sup> Percentages were determined by dividing the assessed valuation of the political subdivision located within the boundaries of the County by the total assessed valuation of the subdivision. The valuations used were for the 2021 collection year.

Source: Jefferson County Auditors Office

**Jefferson County, Ohio**Computation of Legal Debt Margin Last Ten Years

	2022	2021	2020	2019
Tax Valuation	\$1,737,529,140	\$1,657,297,210	\$1,562,718,240	\$1,579,720,050
Debt Limit (1)	41,938,229	39,932,430	37,567,956	37,993,001
Title of the Diff				
Total Outstanding Debt: General Obligation Bonds	9,553,298	11,286,965	12,950,082	14,694,749
Revenue Bond	11,302,000	8,097,000	8,203,000	5,411,000
OWDA Loans	0	0,077,000	0,203,000	0,111,000
OPWC Loans	369,815	379,947	354,777	126,196
OEPA Loans	9,435,452	9,520,074	7,936,357	6,366,340
OAQDA Loans	491,596	586,106	679,145	769,941
Notes and SIB Loan	0	0	0	0
Total	31,152,161	29,870,092	30,123,361	27,368,226
Exemptions:				
General Obligation Bonds	7,543,298	8,247,965	8,783,332	9,414,999
Revenue Bond	11,302,000	8,097,000	8,203,000	5,411,000
OWDA Loans	0	0	0	0
OPWC Loans	369,815	379,947	354,777	126,196
OEPA Loans	9,435,452	9,520,073	7,936,357	6,366,340
Notes	0	0	0	0
Amount Available in Debt Service Fund	2,481,025	2,046,294	1,685,147	1,534,704
Total	31,131,590	28,291,279	26,962,613	22,853,239
Amount of Debt Subject to Limit	20,571	1,578,813	3,160,748	4,514,987
Legal Debt Margin	\$41,917,658	\$38,353,617	\$34,407,208	\$33,478,014
Legal Debt Margin as a Percentage of the Debt Limit	99.95%	96.05%	91.59%	88.12%
Unvoted Debt Limit (2)	\$17,375,291	\$16,572,972	\$15,627,182	\$15,797,201
Less: Amount of Debt Subject to Limit	20,571	1,578,813	3,160,748	4,514,987
Unvoted Legal Debt Margin	\$17,354,720	\$14,994,159	\$12,466,434	\$11,282,214
Unvoted Legal Debt Margin as a Percentage of the Unvoted Debt Limit	99.88%	90.47%	79.77%	71.42%

<sup>(1)</sup> Ohio Bond Law sets a limit calculated as follows: \$6,000,000 plus two and one-half percent of the amount of the tax valuation in excess of \$300,000,000

<sup>(2)</sup> Ohio Bond Law sets a limit of one percent of the tax valuation

2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
\$1,372,905,800	\$1,414,651,980	\$1,293,662,980	\$1,227,915,130	\$1,208,661,710	\$1,185,646,205
32,822,645	33,866,300	30,841,575	29,197,878	28,716,543	28,141,155
17,530,416 5,511,000 0 153,391 7,008,354 858,549	20,287,083 5,609,000 0 180,587 7,633,418 945,021	20,690,750 5,703,000 0 207,783 8,240,079 1,029,409	19,883,750 5,795,000 0 234,978 8,747,749 1,111,763	22,858,000 5,884,000 0 262,173 8,832,967 1,192,131	22,842,000 5,884,000 179,886 315,801 8,351,197 1,270,562
31,061,710	154,850 34,809,959	36,288,895	36,443,985	1,089,189	1,492,555 40,336,001
11,156,666 5,511,000 0 153,391 7,008,354 0 2,473,419	12,838,333 5,609,000 0 180,587 7,633,418 15,480 3,690,316	15,435,000 5,703,000 0 207,783 8,240,079 303,738 3,253,298	13,830,000 5,795,000 0 234,978 8,747,749 446,644 3,287,039	16,010,000 5,884,000 0 262,173 8,832,967 759,849 3,286,381	18,290,000 5,884,000 179,886 315,801 8,351,197 1,062,511 3,413,142
26,302,830	29,967,134	33,142,898	32,341,410	35,035,370	37,496,537
4,758,880	4,842,825	3,145,997	4,102,575	5,083,090	2,839,464
\$28,063,765	\$29,023,475	\$27,695,578	\$25,095,303	\$23,633,453	\$25,301,691
85.50%	85.70%	89.80%	85.95%	82.30%	89.91%
\$13,729,058	\$14,146,520	\$12,936,630	\$12,279,151	\$12,086,617	\$11,856,462
4,758,880	4,842,825	3,145,997	4,102,575	5,083,090	2,839,464
\$8,970,178	\$9,303,695	\$9,790,633	\$8,176,576	\$7,003,527	\$9,016,998
65.34%	65.77%	75.68%	66.59%	57.94%	76.05%

Pledged Revenue Coverage - Sewer Fund Last Ten Years

## Revenue Bonds Sewer

	Sewer	Less:		Debt Serv	ice (3)	
Year	Service Charges (1)	Operating Expenses (2)	Net Available Revenue	Principal	Interest	Coverage
2022	\$1,960,783	\$1,377,163	\$583,620	\$162,000	\$190,110	1.66
2021	1,860,529	1,177,123	683,406	106,000	170,488	2.47
2020	1,880,533	1,489,982	390,551	102,000	148,802	1.56
2019	1,828,040	1,276,949	551,091	100,000	151,552	2.19
2018	1,867,360	1,372,622	494,738	98,000	154,247	1.96
2017	1,870,242	997,605	872,637	94,000	156,832	3.48
2016	1,598,837	984,556	614,281	92,000	159,362	2.44
2015	1,688,427	964,714	723,713	89,000	161,810	2.89
2014	1,710,529	825,983	884,546	0	161,810	5.47
2013	1,447,140	706,834	740,306	0	79,581	9.30

<sup>(1)</sup> Total Revenue (including interest) exclusive of other revenues, tap fees, capital grants, transfers, and permissive taxes

<sup>(2)</sup> Total operating expenses exclusive of depreciation

<sup>(3)</sup> Includes principal and interest of revenue bonds only

# Demographic and Economic Statistics Last Ten Years

loyment e (3)
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0%

Sources: (1) U.S. Census Bureau

- (2) Bureau of Economic Analysis
- (3) Ohio Job and Family Services website
- (4) Personal Income not available for 2022. Used 2021 income.

Principal Employers 2022 and 2013

		20	22
Employer	Nature of Business	Number of Employees	Percentage of Total Employment
Trinity Health System	Acute Care Hospital	2,000	7.81%
Wal-Mart Distribution Center	Retail Food Sales Distribution	1,004	3.92%
Jefferson County	Government	652	2.55%
Titanium Metals Corporation	Titanium Mill Production	643	2.51%
Fransican University	Higher Education	524	2.05%
Indian Creek Local School District	Education	365	1.43%
JSW Steel	Steel Manufacturing	335	1.31%
Steubenville City School District	Education	335	1.31%
Eastern Gateway Community College	Higher Education	328	1.28%
Wal-Mart	Retail Sales	322	1.26%
Total		6,508	25.43%
Total Employment within the County		25,600	
		20	12
			Percentage
Employer	Nature of Business	Number of Employees	of Total Employment
Trinity Health System	Acute Care Hospital	1,748	6.08%
Arcelor Mittal Steel	Steel	1,005	3.50%
Wal-Mart Distribution Center	Retail Product Distribution	750	2.61%
Jefferson County	Government	662	2.30%
Titanium Metals Corporation	Titanium Mill Production	530	1.84%
Franciscan University of Steubenville	Higher Education	486	1.69%
First Energy	Utility	425	1.48%
Buckeye Local School District	Education	417	1.45%
Steubenville City School District	Education	396	1.38%
Eastern Gateway Community College	Higher Education	372	1.29%
Total		6,791	23.62%

**Sources:** Jefferson County Auditor

Total Employment within the County

28,731

# **Jefferson County, Ohio**County Government Employees by Function/Activity Last Ten Years

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
General Government										
Legislative and Executive										
Commissioners	5	5	4	5	5	4	4	4	4	4
Auditor	9	9	11	10	11	9	10	11	11	10
Treasurer	3	3	2	3	3	2	2	2	2	2
Prosecuting Attorney	13	12	9	15	15	15	15	15	14	15
Board of Elections	10	9	12	11	10	9	9	9	9	8
Recorder	5	5	4	5	5	5	5	5	5	4
Buildings and Grounds	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	5	6	6
Data Processing	3	2	3	2	3	4	4	5	5	5
Certificate Auto Title	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
Real Estate Assessment	4	6	6	6	6	7	7	5	5	3
DRETAC	5	6	5	6	6	5	6	4	3	3
Judicial										
Common Pleas Court	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7
Adult Probate Court	56	53	51	54	58	55	55	53	51	49
Probate Court	5	5	3	4	4	4	4	6	6	5
County Court #1	5	5	7	8	6	6	5	5	6	6
County Court #2	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
County Court #3	4	4	4	4	4	4	5	7	7	7
County Court Baliffs	4	4	2	2	2	1	2	0	0	0
Juvenile Court	13	15	16	14	16	19	22	13	8	7
Municipal Court	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	5	6	5
Clerk of Courts	6	6	7	8	8	8	9	8	8	8
Court Magistrate	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	3	3
Law Library	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Public Safety										
Jail Oprating Levy	52	57	60	68	69	64	59	56	54	54
911 Emergency	17	19	15	15	16	15	15	18	15	17
Permissive Sheriff	47	45	47	44	47	44	45	41	42	37
Drug Task Force	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0
Court Corrections	10	10	9	11	10	10	10	12	13	15
Coroner	4	4	3	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Public Works										
MVGT	40	36	37	39	39	40	40	41	42	40
Beautification	4	4	4	4	3	4	4	4	5	5
Health										
Dog and Kennel	3	3	3	4	4	3	3	3	2	4
Board of Health	23	21	30	19	23	23	16	16	15	18
Mental Health	5	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Department of Developmental Disabilities	132	135	126	143	146	149	157	157	166	175
Human Services										
Family and Child	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1
Public Assistance	77	71	78	74	72	70	70	69	71	69
Children's Services	5	7	7	5	7	6	8	8	9	7
Child Support Enforcement Agency	10	10	8	8	8	8	9	9	9	7
Veteran Services	8	8	8	13	13	13	12	13	11	11
Conservation and Recreation										
Soil and Water	7	6	6	5	4	5	5	6	5	4
Community and Economic Development										
Airport	5	5	4	5	3	3	4	3	3	3
Sewer District	7	7	5	6	6	6	5	5	4	4
Water District	16	14	17	15	17	15	16	14	15	15
Total	652	645	647	673	687	673	680	667	667	662

# **Jefferson County, Ohio**Capital Asset Statistics by Function/Activity Ten Years

	2022	2021	2020	2019
General Government				
Legislative and Executive				
Commissioners	2	2	2	2
Number of vehicles	2	2	3	3
Auditor Number of vehicles	1	1	1	1
Number of vehicles	1	1	1	1
Judicial				
Adult Probation				
Number of vehicles	3	3	4	3
Juvenile Court				
Number of vehicles	4	5	5	5
Total number of courtrooms	7	7	7	7
Public Safety				
Sheriff				
Number of Adult Cells - single	80	80	80	80
Number of Juvenile Cells - double	20	20	20	20
Cruisers	26	22	25	25
Number of vehicles	3	3	3	3
Juvenile Court - Detention				
Number of vehicles	1	1	1	1
911 Emergency				
Number of vehicles	3	3	3	3
Public Works				
Engineer				
Number of vehicles	18	17	27	25
Pieces of heavy equipment	56	54	61	59
Number of bridges and culverts	281	313	313	313
Lane miles of roads	526	526	526	526
Lineal feet of guardrail	444,043	444,043	444,043	444,043
Health				
Department of Developmental Disabilities				
Number of vehicles	9	9	10	10
Number of venicles Number of buses	5	5	15	17
Mental Health	3	3	13	1 /
Number of vehicles	1	1	1	1
Trained of venicles	•	•	•	-
Human Services				
Job and Family Services				
Number of vehicles	12	12	10	10
Children Services				
Number of vehicles	2	2	2	2
Number of rooms - childrens home	9	9	9	9

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526 444,043
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9 (Continued)

# **Jefferson County, Ohio**Capital Asset Statistics by Function/Activity (Continued) Ten Years

	2022	2021	2020	2019
Conservation and Recreation				
Parks				
Number of vehicles	3	3	3	3
Community and Economic Development Airpark				
Length of runway in feet	5,000	5,000	5,000	5,000
Number of hangers	8	8	7	7
Number of airplane rental spaces	57	57	57	57
Industrial Park				
Undeveloped acreage	48	48	48	48
Sewer District				
Number of tanks, lifts, and booster stations	41	38	38	38
Water District				
Number of vehicles	14	14	15	15
Number of tanks, lifts, and booster stations	50	50	49	49

Source: Jefferson County Auditor's Office

2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
3	2	2	2	2	2
5,000	5,000	5,000	5,000	5,000	4,400
6	6	6	6	6	6
57	57	57	57	57	57
48	48	48	48	48	48
38	38	29	29	29	23
15 49	14 49	13 48	13 48	12 48	12 48

# **Jefferson County, Ohio**Operating Indicators by Function/Activity Last Ten Years

	2022	2021	2020	2019
General Government				
Legislative and Executive				
Auditor				
Number of Non-Exempt Conveyances	1,496	1,677	1,381	1,521
Number of Exempt Conveyances	1,827	1,667	1,832	1,638
Homestead and Rollback:				
Number of Exemptions Granted	5,733	5,672	5,938	6,205
Total Reduction in Taxes	\$5,561,662	\$5,437,199	\$5,471,790	\$5,513,654
Number of Individual Dog Tags Sold	3,555	3,552	4,463	4,352
Total Number of Dog Tags Sold	3,590	3,609	4,478	4,393
Board of Elections				
Number of Registered Voters	46,675	46,573	48,167	46,126
Number of Ballots Cast	23,214	11,075	33,694	14,257
Judicial				
Common Pleas Court				
Number of New Cases Filed	3,432	3,767	3,604	2,789
Probate Court				
Number of New Cases Filed	1,035	1,015	838	944
Juvenile Court				
Number of New Cases Filed	911	941	727	920
County Court #1				
Number of New Cases Filed	2,128	2,756	2,431	3,675
County Court #2				
Number of New Cases Filed	1,666	2,072	1,743	2,469
County Court #3				
Number of New Cases Filed	1,003	1,585	1,318	1,690
Clerk of Courts	•	,		ŕ
Titles	20,849	23.011	22,776	25,388
Duplicates	1,419	1,467	1,421	1,449
Replacements	3,026	3,109	2,754	3,088
Salvage	130	130	184	183
Public Safety				
Sheriff				
Calls Received	85,281	93,053	90,906	91,131
Investigated Complaints	2,828	2,597	2,111	2,054
Arrests	213	234	147	196
Warrants Served	526	587	480	581
Mileage Traveled	410,550	386,954	364,441	366,900
Sheriff Sales	21	22	19	44
Jail Operation				
Prisoners Booked	1,762	2,095	1,764	1,898
Meals Served	184,736	204,356	171,307	205,273
Medis Served	101,730	201,330	171,507	203,273
Juvenile Detention			100	22.5
Number of Admissions	267	287	193	335
Average Daily Population	16.13	15.97	9.69	19.03
Revenue (Juveniles outside County)	\$588,381	\$379,745	\$367,684	\$497,845
911 service	26214	20.520	25.260	25.005
Logged calls per year	36,314	38,738	35,269	37,807

2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
1.10	1.200	1.165	1.241	1.754	1.500
1,12	1,200	1,165	1,341	1,754	1,788
1,49	1,922	1,629	1,433	1,827	1,861
7,16	7,221	7,116	6,896	6,434	6,430
\$5,723,76	\$5,809,924	\$5,839,546	\$5,791,220	\$5,676,734	\$5,452,522
5,13	4,567	4,612	4,706	4,609	4,470
5,33	4,637	4,652	4,861	4,644	4,505
48,22	48,303	45,787	47,687	47,833	48,463
13,60	18,952	21,659	32,904	17,737	25,146
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3,04	3,434	3,119	2,888	3,228	2,967
1,00	1,014	1,063	972	937	952
2,17	1,206	1,237	1,288	1,122	833
3,27	4,020	3,390	3,309	3,842	3,922
1,44	1,605	1,543	1,596	2,639	2,445
1,86	1,408	1,834	1,936	1,217	1,377
31,32	31,014	31,823	30,809	29,744	25,912
1,63	1,588	1,499	1,611	1,597	1,498
3,99	4,403	4,275	4,195	4,267	3,906
18	241	198	212	331	203
71,45	72,484	57,136	59,486	93,489	68,439
2,72	2,135	1,957	2,016	2,133	2,101
36	376	347	357	197	197
65	608	515	542	384	384
417,97	407,524	386,953	389,426	464,965	411,683
21	151	122	113	145	90
2,63	2,362	2,696	2,597	2,599	2,402
178,86	172,578	184,288	180,626	190,497	176,947
54	502	493	482	493	425
24.5	24.99	19.92	20.42	19.60	19.36
\$538,10	\$553,050	\$528,149	\$659,807	\$578,772	\$465,030
68,12 (Continue	41,807	34,538	38,729	41,998	43,297

**Jefferson County, Ohio**Operating Indicators by Function/Activity (Continued)
Last Ten Years

	2022	2021	2020	2019
Public Works				
Engineer				
Miles of roads resurfaced (hot / cold mix)	7.59	8.65	8.42	3.85
Miles of roads resurfaced (chip / sealed)	22	14.70	14.26	18.01
Number of culverts built / replaced / improved	932	277	383	280
Number of Bridges repaired / replaced	1	1	5	5
Number of slips repaired	17	22	30	20
Health				
Department of Developmental Disabilities				
Number of Adults Served	194	198	200	202
Number of Children Served	245	237	239	169
Prevention and Recovery Board				
Total Number Served	2,411	2,266	2,345	2,660
Health Department				
Number of Births	331	229	10	12
Number of Deaths	970	1,101	933	867
Number of Participants in WIC Program	942	772	3,170	3,138
Number of Immunuzations	2,095	10,539	1,327	1,672
Human Services				
Jobs and Family Services				
Child Support Collections	\$6,970,943	\$8,589,420	\$9,121,172	\$9,243,934
Average Client Count - Food Stamps	6,322	6,273	6,684	11,594
Average Ohio Works First Recipients	316	312	290	640
Average Disability Recipients	0	0	0	0
Average Medicaid Recipients	14,091	13,881	20,521	19,923

2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
16.22	23.33	24.31	2.09	10.58	10.62
29.16	30.88	27.89	29.45	21.11	41.29
180	1,200	812	949	949	782
12 7	12 5	9 4	6 3	5 2	2 3
,	J	7	J	2	3
211	258	178	184	180	177
125	138	130	129	130	129
2,660	3,000	3,066	3,133	3,112	3,175
9	7	5	9	2	2
902	960	333	297	342	334
10,956	19,713	19,867	19,887	19,811	19,986
1,456	2,036	2,028	2,016	2,046	2,025
9,490,117	\$9,477,962	\$9,794,578	\$10,271,892	\$10,684,406	\$11,138,612
12,451	13,769	14,412	14,612	13,698	14,141
726	742	855	752	846	953
0	115	116	90	102	95
20,302	21,339	21,644	21,414	16,200	17,043

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## **JEFFERSON COUNTY**

## **AUDITOR OF STATE OF OHIO CERTIFICATION**

This is a true and correct copy of the report, which is required to be filed pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in the Office of the Ohio Auditor of State in Columbus, Ohio.



Certified for Release 8/8/2023