



LIBERTY COMMUNITY AUTHORITY BUTLER COUNTY DECEMBER 31, 2022

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Liberty Community Authority Butler County 7100 Foundry Row, Suite 204 Liberty Township, Ohio 45069

To the Board of Trustees:

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of the Liberty Community Authority, Butler County, Ohio (the Authority), a component unit of Butler County, as of and for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Authority's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Liberty Community Authority, Butler County, Ohio as of December 31, 2022 and 2021, and the changes in financial position and its cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards,* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Authority, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Authority's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

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Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we

- exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Authority's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance.

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Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated June 6, 2023, on our consideration of the Authority's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Authority's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Keith Faber Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio June 6, 2023

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Management's Discussion and Analysis

Years Ended December 31, 2022 and 2021 Unaudited

The management's discussion and analysis of the Liberty Community Authority's (Authority) financial performance provides an overall review of the Authority's financial activities for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021. While the intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the Authority's financial performance, readers should also review the basic financial statements and notes to the basic financial statements to enhance their understanding of the Authority's fiscal performance.

Financial Highlights

Key highlights for 2022:

- The Authority's community development charges experienced a decrease of \$313,896 during 2022. While the retail facility charges increased by \$28,816, the Core Retail Charge assessed in 2022 was \$286,361 less than the 2021 assessment.
- □ The Authority's total net position increased \$3,580,993 in 2022 due in large part to the bond refinancing and related forgiveness of prior year operating expenses and debt payments made on behalf of the Authority by Butler County (the County) and the developer.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. These statements are organized so the reader can understand the Authority's financial activities and financial position. The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position provide information about the activities of the Authority, including all short-term and long-term financial resources and obligations. Enterprise accounting uses a flow of economic resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, all assets and all liabilities are included in the Statement of Net Position. The Statement of Net Position represents the financial position of the Authority. The Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position presents increases (e.g., revenues) and decreases (e.g., expenses) in net position. The Statement of Cash Flows reflects how the Authority finances and meets its cash flow needs. Finally, the notes to the basic financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the information provided on the basic financial statements.

These financial statements look at all financial transactions and ask the question, "How did we do financially?" These statements provide answers to that question. The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position include all assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses of the Authority using the accrual basis of accounting similar to the accounting used by private sector companies. This basis of accounting considers all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when the cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the Authority's net position and the changes in net position. The change in net position is important because it tells the reader whether the financial position of the Authority has improved or diminished. However, in evaluating this position, non-financial information such as the condition of capital assets will also need to be evaluated. The Notes to the Financial Statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided.

Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of financial position. In the case of the Authority assets exceeded liabilities by \$6,152,880 and \$2,571,887 as of December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Years Ended December 31, 2022 and 2021 Unaudited

The following table provides a summary of the Authority's net position for the years ended December 31, 2022, 2021 and 2020:

Tabla 4

	Table 1 Net Position		
	2022	2021	2020
Assets			
Current and other assets	\$ 900,752	\$ 2,321,730	\$ 1,800,963
Capital assets	37,299,977	38,117,902	38,935,827
Total Assets	38,200,729	40,439,632	40,736,790
Deferred outflows	1,165,711		
Liabilities			
Current liabilities	551,305	811,715	1,177,100
Noncurrent liabilities	32,662,255	37,056,030	36,066,495
Total Liabilities	33,213,560	37,867,745	37,243,595
Net Position			
Net investment in capital assets	8,912,468	9,677,424	9,740,924
Unrestricted	(2,759,588)		(6,247,729)
Total Net Postion	\$ 6,152,880	\$ 2,571,887	\$ 3,493,195

In 2022, the decrease in current and other assets was due to decreases in cash equivalents primarily related to timing of debt payments. Capital assets decreased due to depreciation on the parking garages and public infrastructure. Noncurrent liabilities decreased due to decreases in amounts due to the developer and County as part of the Authority's bond refinancing in the current year. Prior to 2022, under funding agreements, County tax increment financing (TIF) revenues were utilized in the event operating revenues are insufficient to pay debt service. In addition, the funding agreements allowed for the developer to be reimbursed for certain operating expenses. Both liabilities to the developer and the County were subordinate to debt service requirements, and thus, were classified as noncurrent.

In 2022, the Authority refinanced its bond debt and modified the agreement with the developer and County. Operating and maintenance expenses incurred by the developer are eligible for reimbursement but only if adequate resources exist after debt is paid. If the expenses are not reimbursed in the year of occurrence, they are no longer eligible for reimbursement. Resources for reimbursement of developer expenses were unavailable in 2022 and thus, no reimbursement was made. County TIF revenues can still be utilized to pay debt service as needed but rather than reimbursement, the County is eligible to receive a financing enhancement payment annually. If resources are not adequate in a given year to pay the enhancement, the liability carries forward to the subsequent period.

In 2021, the increase in current and other assets was due to increases in cash equivalents primarily related to the increased community development charges. In 2020, many of the stores had closures and operating restrictions due to the global pandemic so facility charges increased significantly in 2021. Capital assets decreased due to depreciation on the parking garages and public infrastructure. Noncurrent liabilities continue to increase due to increases in amounts due to the developer and County. As noted above, County TIF revenues are utilized in the event operating revenues are insufficient to pay debt service, which occurred during 2021.

Management's Discussion and Analysis Years Ended December 31, 2022 and 2021

Unaudited

The majority of the Authority's assets lie within the parking garages and infrastructure which are for the benefit and use of tenants and customers and thus, are not readily available for future spending. The Authority's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt and it should be noted that the resources needed to repay these debts must be provided from other sources, primarily the revenues of the Authority, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate the liabilities.

The following table provides a summary of the changes in the Authority's net position for the years ended December 31, 2022, 2021, and 2020.

		2022		2021		2020
Operating revenues:						
Assessed valuation charges	\$	739,340	\$	1,082,052		827,601
Facility charges		726,787		697,971		426,569
Total operating revenues		1,466,127		1,780,023		1,254,170
Operating expenses:						
Professional services		63,456		97,221		132,586
Depreciation		817,925		817,925		817,925
Other operating expenses		26,166		304,337		289,120
Total operating expenses		907,547		1,219,483		1,239,631
Operating income (loss)		558,580		560,540		14,539
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):						
Interest income		9,009		5		7,312
Bond issuance costs		(692,839)		-		-
Intergovernmental revenue		258,848		-		-
Forgivess of expenses and debt payments		4,587,293		-		-
County enhancement		(195,000)		-		-
Interest and fiscal charges		(944,898)		(1,481,853)		(1,433,405)
Total nonoperating expenses		3,022,413		(1,481,848)		(1,426,093)
Change in net position		3,580,993		(921,308)		(1,411,554)
Net position, beginning of year		2,571,887		3,493,195		4,904,749
	¢		\$		¢	
Net position, end of year	\$	6,152,880	φ	2,571,887	\$	3,493,195

Table 2 Changes in Net Position

The Authority began collecting its community development charges in the form of Assessed Valuation Charges and Facility Charges in October of 2015. These revenues decreased 18% during 2022 and increased by 42% in 2021. As noted, this was due to the impacts of the global pandemic in 2020 and revenues returned to and exceed historical levels. However, these increases were offset by a reduction in the Core Retail Charge in 2022 which is calculated annually based on shortfalls of revenue to cover bond debt service. Operating expenses decreased from prior years due to the change in eligibility of developer expenses for reimbursement as noted above.

Management's Discussion and Analysis Years Ended December 31, 2022 and 2021 Unaudited

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets: As of December 31, 2022, the Authority had \$43 million in capital assets which consist of parking garages and infrastructure for water, sewer and storm water improvements. The construction of these items and transfer to the Authority occurred in 2015. The Authority financed the majority of the construction costs but both Butler County and Liberty Township also financed a portion of the construction. Note 6 provides capital asset activity during 2022 and 2021.

Debt Administration: At the end of 2022, the Authority had three outstanding long-term obligations consisting of the 2022 Public Infrastructure Refunding Revenue Bonds in the amount of \$18,805,000, an OWDA loan of \$9,949,825 and a Development Subordinate Bond of \$3,664,874 (including accrued interest). Repayment of the OWDA loan began on January 1, 2018. The Development Subordinate Bond was issued in November 2016 in accordance with the Authority's construction services agreement with the Developer. See Note 7 for a discussion of long-term obligations.

Economic Factors and Future Trends

As noted above, Liberty Center is open for business and additional tenants continue to locate their retail businesses and offices within the jurisdiction of the Authority. In addition, occupancy of residential units began in 2016 as well as the opening of a hotel.

The Authority is collecting community development charges as expected and monitoring its ability to pay future debt service as well as ongoing operational costs.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, customers, taxpayers, creditors, investors and elected officials with an overview of the Authority's finances and to show accountability for the money it receives. If you have any questions about this report or need additional information, contact the Authority's Treasurer, 7100 Foundry Row, Suite 204, Liberty Township, Ohio 45069.

LIBERTY COMMUNITY AUTHORITY STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021

		<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>
ASSETS			
Current assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	67,220	684,646
Assessed valuation charges receivable		138,529	16,780
Facility charges receivable	-	99,045	99,192
Total current assets	-	304,794	800,618
Restricted assets:			
Cash with fiscal agents		595,958	1,521,112
Capital assets:			
Land		2,333,662	2,333,662
Parking garages and infrastructure		40,896,271	40,896,271
Accumulated depreciation	-	(5,929,956)	(5,112,031)
Total capital assets	-	37,299,977	38,117,902
Total assets	-	38,200,729	40,439,632
DEFERRED OUTFLOW OF RESOURCES			
Deferred charge on debt refunding		1,165,711	_
Deletted charge of debt relationing	-	1,100,711	
LIABILITIES			
Current liabilities:			
Accounts payable		19,472	29,980
Accrued interest payable		72,085	88,597
OWDA loan payable - current		164,748	263,138
Bonds payable - current	-	295,000	430,000
Total current liabilities	-	551,305	811,715
Noncurrent liabilities:			
Due to developer		-	2,080,323
Due to County		1,170,000	3,970,416
OWDA loan payable		9,785,077	10,012,513
Bonds payable, net of discount		18,042,304	17,445,548
Development subordinate bond payable	_	3,664,874	3,547,230
Total noncurrent liabilities	-	32,662,255	37,056,030
Total liabilities	-	33,213,560	37,867,745
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets		8,912,468	9,677,424
Unrestricted		(2,759,588)	(7,105,537)
Total net position	\$	6,152,880	2,571,887
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See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

LIBERTY COMMUNITY AUTHORITY STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021

		<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>
Operating revenues:	^	700.040	4 000 050
Assessed valuation charges	\$	739,340	1,082,052
Facility charges		726,787	697,971
Total operating revenues		1,466,127	1,780,023
Operating expenses:			
Professional services		63,456	97,221
Utilities		-	22,790
Bank charges		8,147	12,989
Insurance		-	245
Maintenance		-	22,021
Share of developer funded expenses:			
Janitorial		-	99,996
Facility operations		-	42,096
Security		-	74,731
Depreciation		817,925	817,925
Other operating expenses		18,019	29,469
Total operating expenses		907,547	1,219,483
Operating income		558,580	560,540
Non-operating revenues (expenses):			
Investment earnings		9,009	5
Intergovernmental revenue		258,848	-
Forgiveness of expenses and debt payments		4,587,293	-
Bond issuance costs		(692,839)	-
County enhancement		(195,000)	-
Interest and fiscal charges		(944,898)	(1,481,853)
Total non-operating revenues (expenses)		3,022,413	(1,481,848)
Change in net position		3,580,993	(921,308)
Net position - beginning of year		2,571,887	3,493,195
Net position - end of year	\$	6,152,880	2,571,887

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

LIBERTY COMMUNITY AUTHORITY STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021

		<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>
Cash flows from operating activities: Cash received from tenants and land owners	\$	1,344,525	1,796,539
Cash paid for goods and services	Ψ	(72,185)	(12,535)
Net cash provided by operating activities		1,272,340	1,784,004
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:		258,848	
Intergovernmental revenue		230,040	
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:			
Proceeds from issuance of bonds		18,867,217	-
Payments to bond escrow agent		(19,096,769)	-
Bond and loan principal paid Bond issuance costs		(870,826) (692,839)	(666,681)
Paid to County as refinancing		(516,391)	-
Debt interest payments		(773,169)	(624,693)
Net cash used by capital and related financing activities		(3,082,777)	(1,291,374)
Cash flows from investing activities: Interest income		9,009	5
		3,003	
Net change in cash		(1,542,580)	492,635
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year		2,205,758	1,713,123
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$	663,178	2,205,758
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:			
Operating income	\$	558,580	560,540
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:			
Depreciation		817,925	817,925
Changes in Assets and Liabilities:		017,020	011,020
Receivables		(121,602)	(28,132)
Payables		17,437	29,980
Due to developer		-	403,691
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	1,272,340	1,784,004
Schedule of noncash activities:			
Principal and interest on OWDA loan	\$	-	836,699
Interest on subordinate bond	\$	117,644	117,644
Interest on revenue bonds	\$		540,341
Forgiveness of operating expenses	Ψ \$	4,587,293	-
County enhancement	Ψ \$	195,000	
obarry officiation	Ψ	100,000	

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

Notes to Financial Statements Years Ended December 31, 2022 and 2021

1. **REPORTING ENTITY**

The Liberty Community Authority, Butler County, Ohio (the "Authority") is a community authority created pursuant to Chapter 349 of the Ohio Revised Code (ORC) and is a component unit of Butler County. Liberty Center Holdings, LLC (the Developer) filed a petition (the Petition) for creation of the Authority with the Board of County Commissioners of Butler County, Ohio, and the Petition was accepted by Resolution No. 13-08-03783 of the Board of County Commissioners of Butler County on August 22, 2013. The Petition, which may be subject to amendment or change, defines the boundaries of the Authority and allows the Authority to finance the costs of publicly owned and operated improvements and community facilities with Community Development Charges.

By its Resolution, the Board of County Commissioners of Butler County determined the Authority would be conducive to the public health, safety, convenience and welfare, and that it was intended to result in the development of a new community as described in ORC. The Authority thereby was organized as a body corporate and politic in the State. While the Authority was formed in 2013, no financial activity occurred until the issuance of bonds in November 2014.

By law, the Authority is governed by a seven-member board of trustees. At inception, the Board of County Commissioners of Butler County appointed four of the trustees and the remaining three trustees were appointed by the Developer.

The Authority includes approximately 65 acres of land located in Liberty Township, Butler County, Ohio with a mixed-use commercial project known as Liberty Center including retail space, office space, hospitality components and residential units. Liberty Center's grand opening was in October 2015.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Basis of Presentation – The financial statements are prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of cash flows.

Operating revenues are those revenues that are generated from the primary activity of the Authority and consist of both assessed valuation charges and facility charges. Operating expenses consist of administrative expenses and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting these definitions are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

Cash and Cash Equivalents – The Authority considers all highly liquid investments with an original maturity of three months or less at the time they are purchased to be cash and cash equivalents.

Capital Assets and Depreciation – Capital assets, including parking garages and infrastructure, are recorded at historical cost for assets acquired or constructed and acquisition value for contributed infrastructure. Expenses that increase values or extend the useful life of the respective assets are capitalized while the costs of maintenance and repairs are charged to operating expenses. Interest costs related to the construction are capitalized. Depreciation is calculated on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful life of the various classes of assets. The useful life for computing depreciation is 50 years for parking garages and infrastructure.

Notes to Financial Statements Years Ended December 31, 2022 and 2021

Bonds Payable and Discounts – Bonds payable are reported net of the unamortized bond discount which is deferred and amortized over the term of the bonds. Issuance costs are expensed as incurred.

Due to Developer – The amounts reported as Due to Developer as of December 31, 2021 represented administrative and operating costs funded by the Developer in accordance with the master agreement to be reimbursed by the Authority. In 2022, the terms of this agreement were modified.

Net Position – Net position represents the difference between assets and liabilities. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the Authority or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments. The Authority applies restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available.

Use of Estimates – The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

3. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Deposits – Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Authority's deposits may not be returned to it. The Authority does not have a custodial risk policy. Ohio law requires that deposits be placed in eligible banks or savings and loan associations located in Ohio. Any public depository in which the Authority places deposits must pledge as collateral eligible securities of aggregate market value equal to the excess of deposits not insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC). Financial institutions participating in the Ohio Pooled Collateral System (OPCS), a centralized collateral system monitored by the Ohio Treasurer of State, must pledge eligible securities equal to at least 102% of the carrying value of all public deposits held by each institution. Financial institutions choosing not to participate in the OPCS must pledge eligible securities equal to at least 105% of the carrying value of the all public deposits held by each institution. Obligations that may be pledged as collateral are limited to obligations of the United States and its agencies and obligations of any state, county, municipal corporation or other authority of any other state, or any instrumentality of such county, municipal corporation or other authority. Collateral is held by trustees including the Federal Reserve Bank and designated third party trustees of the financial institutions.

As of December 31, 2022 and 2021, the carrying amount and bank balance of the Authority's deposits was \$7,663 and \$21,117, respectively. These balances were covered by the FDIC.

Cash Equivalents - As of December 31, 2022 and 2021, the Authority also had \$59,557 and \$663,529, respectively in a US Treasury Money Market account. In addition, the Authority had cash on deposit with US Bank (Trustee) in accordance with the Authority's Master Trust Agreement with the Trustee. The amount on deposit with the Trustee at December 31, 2022 and 2021 was \$595,958 and \$1,521,112, respectively and consists of a US Treasury money market fund. This account is reported as restricted cash with fiscal agent on the Statement of Net Position.

Notes to Financial Statements Years Ended December 31, 2022 and 2021

4. COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT CHARGES

The Authority can levy community development charges, as defined, for the benefit and use of the Authority to cover all or part of land acquisitions, development, construction, operation and maintenance of land, land development and community facilities, the debt service therefor and any other cost incurred by the Authority. The Authority levies both an Assessed Valuation Charge and Facilities Charge.

Assessed Valuation Charge

The Assessed Valuation Charge is an annual charge on each chargeable parcel of land within the Authority based on the Assessed Valuation of each parcel which may be expressed as a number of mills. In 2022 and 2021, the Assessed Valuation Charge was the full 10 mills on the total Assessed Valuation. In 2022 and 2021, the Authority also assessed a Core Retail Valuation Charge of 2.75 mills and 7.89, respectively.

Facility Charge

The Authority levies a Facility Charge upon all retail sales conducted within the Authority of onehalf one percent (0.5%) of the price paid by each consumer in connection with such retail sales. The Facility Charge is collected by tenants from consumers and remitted on a monthly basis.

5. RESTRICTED ASSETS

Restricted assets consist of cash with fiscal agent whose use has been restricted by bond indenture for a debt service reserve. Restricted assets at December 31, 2022 and 2021 were \$595,958 and \$1,521,112, respectively.

6. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2022 was as follows:

		Balance			Balance
		1/1/22	Increases	Decreases	12/31/22
Capital assets not being depreciate	d:				
Land	\$	2,333,662			2,333,662
Capital assets being depreciated:					
Parking garages	\$	27,025,015	-	-	27,025,015
Infrastructure		13,871,256		-	13,871,256
		40,896,271			40,896,271
Less accumulated depreciation:					
Parking garages		(3,378,125)	(540,500)	-	(3,918,625)
Infrastructure		(1,733,906)	(277,425)	-	(2,011,331)
Total accumulated depreciation		(5,112,031)	(817,925)		(5,929,956)
Capital assets, net	\$	38,117,902	(817,925)		37,299,977

Notes to Financial Statements Years Ended December 31, 2022 and 2021

		Balance 1/1/21	Increases	Decreases	Balance 12/31/21
Capital assets not being depreciate	ed:				
Land	\$	2,333,662			2,333,662
Capital assets being depreciated:					
Parking garages		27,025,015	-	-	27,025,015
Infrastructure		13,871,256			13,871,256
		40,896,271			40,896,271
Less accumulated depreciation:					
Parking garages		(2,837,625)	(540,500)	-	(3,378,125)
Infrastructure		(1,456,481)	(277,425)		(1,733,906)
Total accumulated depreciation		(4,294,106)	(817,925)		(5,112,031)
Capital assets, net	\$	38,935,827	(817,925)		38,117,902

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2021 was as follows:

7. LONG-TERM DEBT

In November 2014, the Authority entered into a funding agreement with the Butler County Port Authority for the issuance of public infrastructure revenue bonds in the amount of \$20,180,000 for the primary purpose of financing the cost of construction of parking garages and water, sewer and storm water system improvements. The proceeds were also used to fund capitalized interest on the bonds through the June 1, 2016 payment date, fund a debt service reserve and pay costs of issuance. The bonds were issued at discount and pay interest at rates ranging from 5% to 6% and fully mature on December 1, 2043.

The bond issuance was a portion of a partnership with Butler County and Liberty Township for the construction of public parking garages and infrastructure for the Liberty Center project. The constructed assets belong to the Authority. The parties entered into a funding agreement and issued in bonds for capital financing though the Butler County Port Authority. The bonds will be paid solely from the pledged amounts identified in the funding agreement and the Port Authority shall never be required to use its own funds to make such payments.

In April 2022, the Authority entered into a new funding agreement with the Butler County Port Authority for the issuance of public infrastructure refunding revenue bonds in the amount of \$19,350,000 for the primary purpose of refunding the 2014 bonds. The bonds were issued at discount and pay interest at 5.5% and fully mature on December 1, 2053.

The new funding agreement also included an obligation for an accumulated County enhancement due to the County from the Authority equal to \$975,000, representing an amount due to the County from the 2014 bonds. Further, it also includes an annual amount of \$195,000 due to the County for the enhancement gained by the County's participation in the financing of the bonds. These obligations accumulate until paid. As of December 31, 2022, the Authority owes the County \$1,170,000 for these obligations.

The Authority has pledged its community development charges, including both Assessed Valuation Charges and Facility Charges, for the payment of principal and interest on the bonds.

Notes to Financial Statements Years Ended December 31, 2022 and 2021

Also in November 2014, the Authority entered into a loan with the Ohio Water Development Authority (OWDA) in the amount of \$12,000,000 to finance the construction of a storm water collection system throughout the Liberty Center site. The loan was modified in 2022 to reduce the interest rate to 1.5% and extend the final due an additional ten years to January 1, 2048. This reduced the Authority's annual payments from \$783,168 to \$478,743.

Debt activity for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021 was as follows:

						Due
		Balance			Balance	Within
		1/1/22	Additions	Reductions	12/31/22	One Year
2022 Refunding Bonds 2014 Revenue Bonds	\$ \$	-	19,350,000	(545,000)	18,805,000	295,000
Less deferred amount	Ф	18,220,000	-	(18,220,000)	-	-
for issuance discounts		(344,452)	(482,783)	359,539	(467,696)	
		17,875,548	18,867,217	(18,405,461)	18,337,304	295,000
OWDA Loan Development		10,275,651	-	(325,826)	9,949,825	164,748
Subordinate Bond		3,547,230	117,644		3,664,874	
	\$	31,698,429	18,984,861	(18,731,287)	31,952,003	459,748
						Due
		Balance			Balance	Within
		1/1/21	Additions	Reductions	12/31/21	One Year
2014 Revenue Bonds Less deferred amount	\$	18,630,000	-	(410,000)	18,220,000	430,000
for issuance discounts		(360,109)	-	15,657	(344,452)	-
		18,269,891		(394,343)	17,875,548	430,000
OWDA Loan Development		11,045,733	-	(770,082)	10,275,651	510,193
Subordinate Bond		3,429,586	117,644		3,547,230	
	\$	32,745,210	117,644	(1,164,425)	31,698,429	940,193

In accordance with the Construction Services Agreement between the Authority and the Developer for the construction of community facilities by the Developer, the Authority agreed to issue notes or bonds to the Developer to evidence the Authority's obligation to reimburse the Developer for public infrastructure costs funded by the Developer. The Developer incurred additional development costs that were included in the Public Infrastructure Scope that exceeded the amounts paid for by the Bond Issuance and the OWDA loan that could be reimbursable to the Developer after all other obligations are fulfilled per the Funding and Trust Agreements. In 2016, the Developer submitted cost certificates to the Authority which were approved by the Board for reimbursement of costs. Thus, in November 2016, the Authority issued a Development Subordinate Bond payable to the Developer in the principal amount of \$2,941,091. In 2022 and 2021, there was \$117,644 in capitalized interest on the bond.

Notes to Financial Statements Years Ended December 31, 2022 and 2021

The bond matures 40 years from the date of issuance in 2056 and bears interest at a rate of 4% per year. Principal and interest payments shall be payable on each February 1 and August 1 until the principal has been paid provided that interest and principal shall be payable only to the extent of available pledges revenues after the payment of revenue bonds, OWDA loan and operating costs. Thus, no specific repayment schedule is provided.

Under funding agreements, Butler County has pledged tax increment financing (TIF) revenues in the event the assessed valuation and facility charges are insufficient to pay debt service on the revenue bonds or OWDA loan. During 2022 and 2021, Butler County provided \$239,480 and \$836,699, respectively, in TIF revenues to use toward OWDA loan debt service and \$19,368 and \$568,871, respectively, in TIF revenues to pay towards the revenue bonds debt service and fees. A liability for these amounts was recorded on the statements of net position as Due to the County prior to 2022. In 2022, these amounts have been reported as intergovernmental revenue due to the new funding agreement.

Annual debt service requirements for the bonds payable as of December 31, 2022 follows:

	Principal	Interest	Total
2023	\$ 295,000	861,695	1,156,695
2024	305,000	848,010	1,153,010
2025	320,000	833,750	1,153,750
2026	340,000	818,800	1,158,800
2027	355,000	803,045	1,158,045
2028-2032	2,035,000	3,751,875	5,786,875
2033-2037	2,375,000	3,438,382	5,813,382
2038-2042	3,020,000	2,812,845	5,832,845
2043-2047	3,755,000	2,095,762	5,850,762
2048-2052	4,870,000	1,014,244	5,884,244
2053	1,135,000	44,160	1,179,160
Total	\$ 18,805,000	17,322,568	36,127,568

Annual debt service requirements for the OWDA Loan as of December 31, 2022 follows:

	Principal	Interest	Total
2023 \$	6 164,748	74,624	239,372
2024	333,211	145,531	478,742
2025	338,229	140,514	478,743
2026	343,221	135,422	478,643
2027	348,490	130,253	478,743
2028-2032	1,822,753	570,962	2,393,715
2033-2037	1,964,167	429,548	2,393,715
2038-2042	2,116,552	277,162	2,393,714
2043-2047	2,280,465	112,955	2,393,420
2048	237,989	1,782	239,771
Total \$	9,949,825	2,018,753	11,968,578

Notes to Financial Statements Years Ended December 31, 2022 and 2021

8. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Under an agreement with the Authority, the Developer was responsible for overseeing the construction and development of the public infrastructure projects. In addition, the Developer will fulfill certain administrative and operational functions for the Authority on an ongoing basis. The Developer has paid operating costs on behalf of the Authority for which it is eligible for reimbursement. However, the agreement also allowed for additional reimbursements to the Developer after debt obligations were paid if surplus revenues exist. Prior to 2022, the Authority reported amounts due to the Developer for operating costs incurred on its behalf by the Developer.

However, the new funding agreement in 2022 changed the reimbursement of operating and maintenance costs to the Developer. The agreement outlines an amount each year which is eligible for reimbursement if adequate resources are available after the payment of debt service. For 2022, eligible reimbursements were approximately \$239,000 but no payments were made due to a lack of available resources. These obligations do not accumulate under the new agreement so operating and maintenance expenses unreimbursed each year are no longer payable. All accumulated amounts for years prior to 2022 are no longer obligations of the Authority and were recorded as forgiveness at the time of the new agreement.

During 2022 and 2021, the Authority made no payments to the Developer in accordance with these agreements.

By law, the Authority is governed by a seven-member board of trustees. At inception, the Board of County Commissioners of Butler County appointed four of the trustees and the remaining three trustees were appointed by the Developer. During 2019, these trustees were replaced by three trustees from the current property manager.

9. RISK MANAGEMENT

The Authority is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts and liability, damage to and theft of or destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters. The Authority maintains comprehensive insurance coverage with private carriers for property and general liability insurance. Claim payments have not exceeded coverage in the past three years. There was no decline in the level of coverage from the prior year.

10. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

There are no claims and lawsuits pending against the Authority.



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Liberty Community Authority Butler County 7100 Foundry Row, Suite 204 Liberty Township, Ohio 45069

To the Board of Trustees:

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*), the financial statements of the Liberty Community Authority, Butler County, (the Authority), a component unit of Butler County, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Authority's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated June 6, 2023.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Authority's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the Authority's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Authority's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Liberty Community Authority Butler County Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Required by Government Auditing Standards Page 2

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Authority's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Keith Faber Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio June 6, 2023



BUTLER COUNTY

AUDITOR OF STATE OF OHIO CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report, which is required to be filed pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in the Office of the Ohio Auditor of State in Columbus, Ohio.



Certified for Release 7/6/2023

88 East Broad Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215 Phone: 614-466-4514 or 800-282-0370