LOGAN-HOCKING LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

HOCKING COUNTY

SINGLE AUDIT

JULY 1, 2021 – JUNE 30, 2022





88 East Broad Street Columbus, Ohio 43215 IPAReport@ohioauditor.gov (800) 282-0370

Board of Education Logan-Hocking Local School District 2019 East Front Street Logan, Ohio 43138

We have reviewed the *Independent Auditor's Report* of the Logan-Hocking Local School District, Hocking County, prepared by Wilson, Shannon & Snow, Inc., for the audit period July 1, 2021 through June 30, 2022. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them.

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. The Logan-Hocking Local School District is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.

Keith Faber Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

February 21, 2023

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LOGAN-HOCKING LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT HOCKING COUNTY

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Logan-Hocking Local School District Hocking County Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Federal Grantor/Pass Through Grantor Program Title	Federal ALN	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	Federal Disbursements
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE			
Passed through Ohio Department of Education:			
Child Nutrition Cluster:			
National School Lunch Program (Non-Cash Assistance)	10.555	N/A	\$ 191,211
School Breakfast Program	10.553	N/A	582,857
National School Lunch Program	10.555	N/A	1,354,048
COVID-19 School Breakfast Program	10.553	N/A	17,698
COVID-19 National School Lunch Program	10.555	N/A	43,612
Total Child Nutrition Cluster			2,189,426
Child & Adult Care Food Program	10.558	N/A	75,475
COVID-19 Child & Adult Food Care Program	10.558	N/A	8,386
Total Child & Adult Food Care Program			83,861
COVID-19 State Pandemic Electronic Benefits Transfer (P-EBT) Administravie Costs Grant	10.649	N/A	3,063
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE			2,276,350
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION			
Passed through Ohio Department of Education:			
Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief (ESSER) Fund:			
COVID-19 ESSER 1	84.425D	N/A	28,778
COVID-19 ESSER 2	84.425D	N/A	1,492,745
COVID-19 ARP - ESSER	84.425U	N/A	4,624,354
COVID-19 ARP - ESSER - Homeless Children and Youth	84.425W	N/A	9,405
Total Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund			6,155,282
Special Education Cluster:			
Special Education Grants to States	84.027	N/A	967,593
Special Education - Preschool Grants	84.173	N/A	26,510
Special Education - Preschool Grants - Restoration Funds Total Special Education Cluster	84.173	N/A	22,403
			1,010,500
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies:			
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	N/A	1,092,079
School Quality Improvement Grant	84.010A	N/A	178,508
Expanding Opportunities	84.010A	N/A	32,918
Total Title I			1,303,505
Twenty-First Century Community Learning Centers	84.287	N/A	825,405
Improving Teacher Quality State Grants	84.367	N/A N/A	102,535
Student Support & Academic Enrichment Program	84.424A	N/A	63,931
Comprehensive Literacy Development	84.371C	N/A	150,894
Total Passed through Ohio Department of Education			9,618,058
Direct Funding:			
School Safety National Activites - School Climate Transformation Grant	84.184G	S184G190153-20/ S184G190153-21	426,935
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION			10,044,993
TOTAL EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS			<u>\$ 12,321,343</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this Schedule.

LOGAN-HOCKING LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT HOCKING COUNTY

NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS 2 CFR 200.510(b)(6) FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE A – BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (the Schedule) includes the federal award activity of the Logan-Hocking Local School District, Hocking County (the District) under programs of the federal government for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. The information on this Schedule is prepared in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the District.

NOTE B – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the cash basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards,* wherein certain types of expenditures may or may not be allowable or may be limited as to reimbursement.

NOTE C – INDIRECT COST RATE

The District has elected not to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

NOTE D – CHILD NUTRITION CLUSTER

The District commingles cash receipts from the U.S. Department of Agriculture with similar State grants. When reporting expenditures on this Schedule, the District assumes it expends federal monies first.

NOTE E – FOOD DONATION PROGRAM

The District reports commodities consumed on the Schedule at the entitlement value. The District allocated donated food commodities to the respective program that benefited from the use of those donated food commodities.



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY *GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS*

Logan-Hocking Local School District Hocking County 2019 E. Front Street Logan, Ohio 43138

To the Board of Education:

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Logan-Hocking Local School District, Hocking County, (the District) as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated December 20, 2022.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purposes of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the District's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Logan-Hocking Local School District Hocking County Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Required By *Government Auditing Standards*

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Wilson Shuma ESure, Su.

Newark, Ohio December 20, 2022



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE AND THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS REQUIRED BY UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Logan-Hocking Local School District Hocking County 2019 E. Front Street Logan, Ohio 43138

To the Board of Education:

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Logan-Hocking Local School District's, Hocking County, (the District) compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the District's major federal programs for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. The District's major federal programs are identified in the *Summary of Auditor's Results* section of the accompanying schedule of findings.

In our opinion, Logan-Hocking Local School District complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS); the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*); and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

The District's Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the District's federal programs.

Logan-Hocking Local School District Hocking County Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance With Requirements Applicable to Each Major Federal Program and On Internal Control Over Compliance And the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Required by Uniform Guidance Page 2

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material, if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the District's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- obtain an understanding of the District's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

A *deficiency in internal control over compliance* exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance is internal control over compliance is a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Logan-Hocking Local School District Hocking County Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance With Requirements Applicable to Each Major Federal Program and On Internal Control Over Compliance And the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Required by Uniform Guidance Page 3

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance* section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of this testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Report on Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Required by the Uniform Guidance

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Logan-Hocking Local School District, Hocking County, (the District) as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. We issued our unmodified report thereon dated December 20, 2022. Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the Uniform Guidance and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records management used to prepare the basic financial statements. We subjected this schedule to the auditing procedures we applied to the basic financial statements. We also applied certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling this schedule directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of expenditures of federal awards is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Wilson, Shuman ESure, Sur.

Newark, Ohio December 20, 2022

LOGAN-HOCKING LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT HOCKING COUNTY

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS 2 CFR § 200.515

JUNE 30, 2022

1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

(d)(1)(i)	Type of Financial Statement Opinion	Unmodified
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any material weaknesses in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iii)	Was there any reported material noncompliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any material weaknesses in internal control reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(v)	Type of Major Programs' Compliance Opinion	Unmodified
(d)(1)(vi)	Are there any reportable findings under 2 CFR § 200.516(a)?	No
(d)(1)(vii)	Major Programs (list):	Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund/ALN 84.425D, 84.425U, 84.425W
		Twenty-First Century Community Learning Centers/ALN 84.287
(d)(1)(viii)	Dollar Threshold: Type A\B Programs	Type A: > \$750,000 Type B: all others
(d)(1)(ix)	Low Risk Auditee under 2 CFR §200.520?	No

2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

None.

3. FINDINGS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

None.



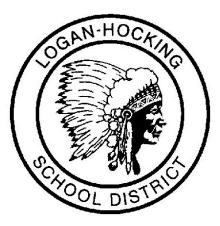
LOGAN-HOCKING SCHOOLS + 2019 EAST FRONT STREET + LOGAN, OH 43138 + 740 385-8517 + FAX: 740 385-3683

SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS 2 CFR 200.511(b) JUNE 30, 2022

Finding Number	Finding Summary	Status	Additional Information
2021-001	Indirect Costs related to School Safety National Activities - School Climate Transformation Grant		lssue was corrected with approval from the US Department of Education.
2021-002	Approval and Prevailing Wage Rate Requirements - Education Stabilization Fund	Corrective Action Taken, Finding Fully Corrected.	Issue was corrected. Vendor invoiced us for prevailing wage costs associated with Turf Installation; payment made during fiscal year 2022.

LOGAN-HOCKING LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

Logan, Ohio



ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022



Annual Comprehensive Financial Report

of the

Logan-Hocking Local School District Logan, Ohio

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Board of Education Lance Bell, President

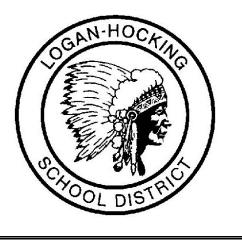
Amy Black, Vice-President

Dr Scott Anzalone, Member

Betty Amnah, Member

Catherine Holloway, Member

Issued by the Office of the Treasurer Paul F. Shaw CPA CGMA RSBFO – Treasurer and Chief Fiscal Officer





Betty Amnah
MemberLance Bell
PresidentCatherine Holloway
MemberAmy Black
Vice PresidentDr. Scott Anzalone
Member

LOGAN-HOCKING LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, OHIO

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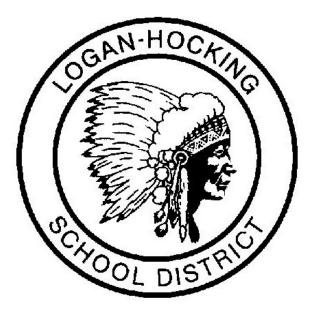
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III STATISTICAL SECTION

INTRODUCTORY SECTION





LOGAN-HOCKING LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT



2019 E. Front Street • Logan, Ohio 43138

Treasurer's Office: phone (740) 385-8517

fax (740) 385-3683

December 20, 2022

To the Citizens and Board of Education of the Logan-Hocking Local School District:

The Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) of the Logan-Hocking Local School District (District) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022 is hereby submitted. This report was prepared by the Office of the Treasurer and includes the unmodified opinion of our independent auditors, Wilson, Shannon & Snow Inc.

This ACFR is prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) and in conformance with standards of financial reporting established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) using guidelines recommended by the Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA).

Responsibility for both the accuracy of the data, and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the District. To the best of our knowledge and belief, the enclosed data is accurate in all material respects and is reported in a manner designed to present fairly the financial position and results of operations of the District. All disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain an understanding of the District's financial activities have been included.

GAAP require that management provide a narrative introduction, overview and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The Logan-Hocking Local School District's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent accountants.

The District provides a full range of education programs and services. These include elementary and secondary curriculum offerings at the general, college preparatory, and vocational levels, a broad range of co-curricular and extracurricular activities, and special education services. In addition, the District provides state-financial assistance to non-public schools located within its boundaries. This assistance is accounted for in a special revenue fund. The non-public school operations have not met the established criteria for inclusion in the reporting entity and, accordingly, are excluded from this report.

THE DISTRICT AND ITS FACILITIES

The District is located in Hocking County, about one-hour drive from Columbus, 16 miles southeast of Lancaster and 30 miles northeast of Chillicothe. The District covers approximately 321 square miles, which is the vast majority of the county. It also covers a very small portion of Vinton and Perry Counties. District offices are in the City of Logan, which is the county seat for Hocking County and the economic hub of the region. The District serves approximately 3,629 students, within a total population of approximately 28,050 (US Census Bureau, 2020 estimate).

The District currently operates seven schools: one high school, one middle school, and five PK-4 schools. The District's facilities also include a bus garage, an administrative building/warehouse, a newly constructed field house/academic complex and several athletic fields. As will be discussed under "Recent



Accomplishments", the District has completed a three-phase construction program which reduced the number of schools in the system from eleven to seven.

The Board of Education of the Logan-Hocking Local School District (the Board) is a five-member body politic and corporate, as defined by Section 3313.02, Ohio Revised Code. The Board serves as the taxing authority, contracting body, policy maker, and ensures that all other general laws of the State of Ohio are followed in the expenditure of the District's tax dollars and approves the annual appropriation resolution and tax budget.

Good schools are important to the quality of life in Logan and Hocking County and also to maintaining property values. But beyond these considerations, the educational program itself is of primary importance. Believing that "all students can achieve", the Logan-Hocking School District continuously strives toward providing students with a quality education. It is, therefore, appropriate to review the foundation on which the District's programs are built.

CURRICULUM DEVELOPMENT

The Logan-Hocking School District curriculum supports and implements Ohio's learning standards.. Grade Level expectations and benchmarks clearly state what our students should know and be able to do. The District curriculum is a comprehensive K-12 program, which incorporates intervention, assessments, special needs and enrichment programming. All district teachers use teacher-made pacing charts.

INSTRUCTIONAL MATERIALS

Keeping current with today's educational methodology and utilizing updated student textbooks and materials has been identified by administration, staff, board members, and community as critical to providing students with a quality education. Therefore, the District has made a commitment by allocating funds for textbook and material upgrades. A five year replacement plan has been used to keep current materials in the hands of the students. Materials include print, manipulatives, online textbooks and computer software that provide learning activities for students. Each student in the District has been given a Chrome device making Logan-Hocking a 1-1 district, K-12. Students in grades 9-12 take computers home each night while students in grades K-8 take them home only in the event of an extended stay at home period. In addition, the District provides families with financial support by making it an accepted practice not to charge student fees.

STAFF DEVELOPMENT

Locally provided staff development is an extremely important part of professional growth. The District Leadership Team assesses staff needs and plans after school sessions, in-service days, and summer sessions for certified staff. The emphasis on these professional development activities is to provide professional staff with the knowledge base required for curriculum implementation and use of effective teaching strategies. In addition to locally provided staff development, the Logan-Hocking Local School District encourages out of district professional development by partially reimbursing staff for graduate credit hours.

TECHNOLOGY

The Logan Hocking Local School District is committed to enhancing all aspects of the education process through the productive use of technology. At the request of the District, the Hocking County Budget Commission earmarked 1.0 mill (effective with calendar 2020 tax collection - previously .5 mill) of inside tax millage toward purchasing and updating computer hardware and technology throughout the District. These funds along with Federal ESSER dollars have allowed the District to develop a comprehensive 1:1 device plan for students in grades K-12. The District also strives to provide the staff of the Logan-Hocking Local School District with access to the latest technology. Continuing to send staff members from all areas/departments to local, state, & regional conferences ensures that we have staff members monitoring emerging technologies and ideas. This promotes better use of our current technologies. To support our students that have enrolled in our digital academy, the district has purchased hot-spots so that students without internet access can continue their education while at home.

INTERVENTION AND SPECIAL PROGRAMS

The Logan-Hocking Local School District recognizes its responsibility to serve students who are at-risk of not achieving in school. Intervention for these students includes teams of professionals who meet with the individual student to provide support through established programs.

Special programs provided to students who need additional support include:

Alternative High School programming/Opportunity Center Accelerated Reading Program Secondary Summer School for credit and End of Course Exam intervention Elementary Activities for Growth and Encouragement of Responsibilities (E.A.G.E.R) Elementary Before/After School Achievement Tutoring Sessions **Business Advisory Council** College Credit Plus Check and Connect The STARS Program Community Involvement After School Programs – Logan Middle School and Logan High School After School Tutoring – Kindergarten through Third Grade Wilson Fundations reading program for k-3rd grade student reading below level Summer School – Literacy and Math K-12 Lexia Learning **Direct Reading Instruction Program** Chieftain Academy Blended Learning/Credit Recovery P.A.T.H.S. - Positive Behavioral Interventions and Supports Title I Program High School Math Support Class High School Graduation Pathway Support Class

Several of these programs are in cooperation with other community agencies.

TALENTED AND GIFTED, ADVANCED PLACEMENT AND COLLEGE CREDIT PLUS PROGRAMS

The Logan-Hocking Local School District recognizes its responsibility to provide appropriate programming for its most capable students. The District provides services for gifted and talented learners through its Academic Enrichment Program, which serves students in grades 4-12. In addition, various Honors courses are offered in both academic areas and the arts from grades 7-12. Advanced Placement Courses are offered at the High School level in the following areas:

Environmental Science	American Government & Politics
Biology	United States History
Calculus AB	Human Geography
Physics	Computer Science Principles
English Language and Composition	Computer Science A
English Literature and Composition	Studio Art 2D

Additionally, College Credit Plus programming is offered that allows high school students who are college ready to enroll in college courses for credit prior to high school graduation. At Logan High School, students can go off campus and take classes at nearby Hocking College, Ohio University-Athens or Ohio University-Lancaster campuses. Many College Credit Plus courses are also offered at the Logan High School campus with college-credentialed instructors in the following areas:

English Composition ENGL 1510	Public Speaking COMM 1130
College Algebra MATH 1113	Statistics MATH 2250
Pre-Calculus MATH 1130	Geology GEOL 1110
Biology BIOS 1121	Physics PHYS 1201
Human Body BIOS 1112	Biomed Innovation MICR 1201
Microsoft Office MICS 1121	Electronic Communications OAT 1114
Financial Accounting ACC 1101	Small Business Management BUS 1100
Advanced Health HLTH 1101	Psychology PSYC 1101

The District also strives to offer Enrichment opportunities to all students through site-based activities arranged by Enrichment/Career Building Coordinators. This includes placements inside the school system as well as external placements with community business partners.

SPECIAL EDUCATION

In 2021-2022 there were 771 students on Individual Educational Programs, representing approximately 22.1% of the student population. Students were served under the following categories:

Multiple Disabilities	Preschool Developmental Disabilities
Intellectual Disability	Hearing Impaired
Emotional Disturbance	Traumatic Brain Injury
Specific Learning Disabilities	Orthopedic Impairment
Other Health Impairment	Blind and Visually Impaired
Speech and Language Impairments	Autism

Special Education is structured to provide a continuum of services and to allow special education teachers to serve as a resource to the regular education staff. This permits more collaboration among staff and more opportunities for special needs students to be included in regular education.

ECONOMIC CONDITIONS AND OUTLOOK

The District's local tax base is diverse, and recent developments characterize a relatively stable local economy. Residential and commercial property sectors have shown sustained growth over the past ten years, including new construction growth as opposed to inflationary growth. The top five assessed tax valuations in the District now belong to public utilities. Valuations for the ten largest taxpayers, excluding utilities, account for a mere 2.0% of the District's taxable value, and the largest taxpayer (Kevin and Teresa Weaver) accounts for less than .25%. No single employer accounts for a significant portion of total jobs.

Governmental service providers are some of the largest employers in Hocking County. Logan-Hocking Local School District employs the most followed by Hocking County government. Hocking Valley

Community Hospital is the fourth largest employer. Wal-Mart is the third largest employer and Smead Manufacturing is the fifth. Manufacturing and processing remains a large employer in Hocking County.

The workforce is a stable, dedicated one. Most local companies are non-union and in companies where organized labor represents employees, there is a strong sense of cooperation and commitment. In fact, Hocking County has had nearly forty years of labor peace.

The County's industrial base is a varied one, with long-time employers in the brick and refractory industries joined by automotive component suppliers, timber and hardwood processors, high-tech powder metallurgy, and others.

That success has led the County to develop a second major industrial park, just west of the City of Logan. Designed for mixed-use development, it offers full water, sewer, natural gas and electric service. The 52-acre park features quick access to State Route 33.

Hocking College has completed construction of the Hocking College Energy Institute campus across the street from the industrial park and has expanded therein as well. It is hoped that the College will attract high tech firms specializing in advanced energy to the industrial park. Space has also been set aside for a business incubator within the Energy Institute. Administrators of the Hocking College Institute envision a day when students can walk across the street for their internships.

The School District's wealth levels are low when measured against state averages but appear to be increasing relative to the State's other 610 public school districts. This positive trend is expected to continue as the region's tourism industry expands and as a result of the State Route 33 bypass of Lancaster. The bypass was completed and opened to traffic in October 2005. Additionally, the Nelsonville bypass to the southeast was recently completed and opened to traffic in 2013. Both bypasses provide improved four-lane access to the nation's interstate highway system to the north and south of Hocking County and are expected to bring additional growth as well.

The District's most recent five-year financial forecast indicates that its financial condition is stable. The November 2022 five-year financial forecast reflects a surplus in FY 2023 and deficits in years FY 2024 - 2027, based on current assumptions. An improved revenue stream is anticipated during this period - an increase in General Property taxes as real estate values increase and in public utility personal property taxes related to a new pipeline in the District. This forecast is based on current provisions in the law, which are always subject to change. Current challenges facing state funding of public education in Ohio are an area of concern. However, current pressures on the State of Ohio to re-allocate its funding priorities pose a possible threat and/or opportunity to the District's long term financial stability. District enrollment, which drives state funding, is expected to stabilize in FY 2022 and forward. In October 2017 the District adopted a Cash Balance Reserve policy of two months' general fund operating expenditures. The current five year financial forecast reflects solid cash balance reserves that meet this established policy.

RECENT ACCOMPLISHMENTS

BLUE RIBBON SCHOOL OF THE YEAR - Fourth District School Honored

In 2021 the District was recognized with a 2021 Blue Ribbon School designation. Hocking Hills Elementary School was honored accordingly in Washington D.C. As part of the United States Department of Education, The National Blue Ribbon Schools Program is a prestigious honor that celebrates excellence and achievement in performance targets in reading, math, and other key academic indicators. Just 16 Ohio schools and 325 in the entire United States were named a 2021 Blue Ribbon School.

Also note that Central Elementary School was selected by the State of Ohio as one of only sixteen school buildings in 2020 in the State of Ohio as a Blue Ribbon School of the Year. With the 2021 award, the Logan-Hocking district has received the Blue Ribbon award four times since 2004 with the award going to the former South Bloomingville and Central Primary Schools along with the aforementioned Central and Hocking Hills Elementary Schools.

NATIONAL TITLE ONE AWARD

Since 2006, Central, Hocking Hills and Chieftain Elementary have been recognized as a National Title One/ESEA award winning building. Each year, the state chooses just TWO buildings in the state to represent Ohio at the National conference. This is an extremely high achievement.

DISTRICT AWARDED FEDERAL SCHOOL CLIMATE TRANSFORMATION GRANT

In October 2019, the School District was awarded a five year, federally funded School Climate Transformation Grant. Only two Districts in Ohio, sixty-nine nationally, were awarded. This five year, \$3,330,547 competitive grant is intended to develop, enhance, or expand systems of support and technical assistance to schools implementing an evidence-based multi-tiered behavioral framework for improving behavioral outcomes and learning conditions for all students. The overall Logan-Hocking project goal is to utilize an accredited model for implementing Trauma-Skilled Schools framework to redesign educational systems, create a comprehensive and integrated Multi-tiered System of Supports, including K-12 opioid prevention/mitigation, ensuring equitable access to positive learning environments that improve academic success, all intending to enable each student to reach his or her fullest potential. These climate efforts have led to ODE recognition of the Positive Behavioral Intervention and Supports (PBIS) programs at Chieftain Elementary, Logan-Hocking Middle School, and Logan High School.

SCHOOLS SELECTED AS "HIGH PROGRESS SCHOOL OF HONOR AWARD" WINNERS AND "MOMENTUM AWARD" RECIPIENT BY THE OHIO DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION

Central Elementary School and Hocking Hills Elementary School were recognized by the Ohio Department of Education as High Progress Schools of Honor for 2018. They were recognized for the first time among the group of 66 schools statewide. In past years, Hocking Hills has been named a High Performing School for four years in a row and Central has also been recognized for high performing. The difference in qualifying for a high progress and high performing school is the amount of time or continued success. This program recognizes schools that have obtained high achievement and substantial progress while serving a significant number of economically disadvantaged students.

Green Elementary School was awarded the "Momentum Award" by the Ohio Department of Education in fiscal year 2015. The Department recognizes such schools for exceeding expectations in student growth for the year. Schools must earn straight A's on all Value-Added measures on the state report card. The school or district must have at least two Value-Added subgroups of students, which include gifted, lowest 20% in achievement, and students with disabilities.

In the previous year, Chieftain and Central were recognized in the top 30% of performing schools in the United States.

SCHOOL SELECTED FOR OAESA HALL OF FAME RECOGNITION

Chieftain Elementary School was recognized as one of only nine schools in Ohio to be inducted in 2017 into the Ohio Association of Elementary School Administrators' Hall of Fame. Through this program, exemplary educational programs that go beyond meeting the needs of students in elementary and middle level schools across the state are recognized annually.

SPECIAL EDUCATION PROGRAM RECEIVES TOP RATING

The special education program in a school district is the basis for success for students with disabilities. Every year, districts receive a review of the performance of their special education program, known as the Special Education Rating. The Ohio Department of Education uses final data that districts submit through the Education Management Information System. This data results in four ratings. Once again, the Logan-Hocking Special Education Department has received the highest rating from ODE. This rating is reserved for districts who provide an exceptional level of performance.

EVOLUTION OF SCHOOL FACILITIES

The decade of the 1990's was one of great productivity for the Logan-Hocking School District. After years of planning and hard work a strategic plan was developed to address curriculum and facility needs. Within this time period a new middle school was opened. This changed the building configurations to allow for K-5 elementary buildings, a 6-8 middle school and a 9-12 high school. Additions were added to four elementary buildings to allow children to attend their home schools.

In the late 1990's a comprehensive facilities plan was submitted and approved by the Ohio School's Facilities Commission. The estimated total cost of the project was \$68.58 million, which includes a sizable amount to be paid for by the State of Ohio through the Ohio School Facilities Commission (OSFC). The District participated in the OSFC's Expedited Local Partnership Program (ELPP) as a "pilot" district. Under the terms of the agreement with the OSFC, the District completed a designated portion of "Master Plan" projects with the proceeds of a bond issue and thereby qualified to receive Statematching dollars in the future to complete the Master Plan. The District's percentage share of the original Master Plan was 29% (\$18.68 million) and the State share was 71% (\$44.90 million). The District used \$5 million of bond proceeds to complete the "local initiative" portion of the project which does not qualify for State matching dollars.

The "local initiatives" provided for land acquisitions, a 1,000-seat auditorium at the new high school, athletic facilities and additional classroom space. Local voters indicated their approval for the above plan by passing a combined bond issue and continuing permanent improvement levy for 5.6 tax mills by a margin of 62% in May 2001. The following table summarized the plan:

LOGAN-HOCKING LSD – CAPITAL PROGRAM ORIGINAL MASTER PLAN COMPONENTS & FUNDING SOURCES UNDER THE ELPP PROGRAM						
Build Three New Elementary Schools	\$18,194,234	\$18,194,234	\$0	Yes		
Renovate Middle School	1,136,622	485,766	650,856	Yes		
Build One New Elementary and Renovate One Elementary	9,669,163	0	9,669,163	Yes		
Build New High School	31,170,216	0	31,170,216	Yes		
Demolitions	3,410,375	0	3,410,375	Yes		
TOTAL MASTER PLAN SPENDING	\$63,580,610	\$18,680,000	\$44,900,610			
Plus Local Initiative Projects For Land Purchase; Auditorium, Athletic Facilities &						
Classrooms Total Local Spending		<u>5,000,000</u> <u>\$23,680,000</u>	0	No		

Since the adoption of the above original Master Plan agreement with the OSFC, several revised Master Plan agreements were approved by the OSFC. One was approved in June of 2004 under the Exceptional Needs Program. In August 2006 a revised Master Plan was approved by the Board of Education as it entered into an agreement with the OSFC under the Classroom Facilities Assistance Program (CFAP). The 2006 Master Plan called for an additional local contribution of \$3,293,898, of which \$144,981 relates to a mandated locally funded initiative.

The additional local funds were provided by prior year's transfers from the General Fund, Permanent Improvement Funds, and related investment earnings. All related construction has been completed and a cash reconciliation of the programs with the OSFC was completed in June 2016.

LOGAN-HOCKING LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT - CAPITAL PROGRAM CURRENT FACILITIES UPON COMPLETION OF THE MASTER PLAN

	Group or		Year
Name of Building	Grade Housed	Capacity	Constructed
Central Elementary	Pre K-4	500	2010
Chieftain Elementary	Pre K-4	449	2004
Green Elementary	Pre K-4	350	2009
Hocking Hills Elementary	Pre K-4	350	2004
Union Furnace Elementary	Pre K-4	362	2004
Logan Middle School	5-8	1,250	1991,2009
Logan High School	9-12	1,258	2008

Phase I of the overall project, under the OSFC Expedited Local Partnership Program, included the construction of three new elementary schools at the Chieftain, Hocking Hills and Union Furnace sites. These three new elementary schools were opened in April and May 2004. Dedication ceremonies were held in August 2004. Logan Middle School was also partially upgraded/renovated in Phase I.

Phase II of the project, under the OSFC Exceptional Needs Program, included construction of a new Logan High School, related auditorium and athletic fields (locally funded initiatives). Ribbon cutting was held on November 16, 2008 and students began attending class at the new school on December 2, 2008.

Phase III of the project, under the OSFC Classroom Facilities Assistance Program, included the replacement, relocation and construction of a new Green Elementary, a major addition/renovation to the Middle School, the demolition of the former Central Elementary, former West Logan Elementary, a portion of the former Enterprise Elementary, and Logan High School and the construction of the new Central Elementary School. Students began attending class at the new Green Elementary and Middle School addition/renovation when classes began in the fall of 2009. Central Elementary opened its doors to students on March 15, 2010.

CHIEFTAIN CENTER

Following several years of consideration, study, and development, the District took formal steps in FY 2018 to move forward with the construction of the Chieftain Center on the Shaw-Davidson Campus at Logan High School. The 86,000 square foot multi-use state of the art athletic and academic complex will provide for increasing opportunities for the District's students, community members, and regional economic development.

The Center includes the following:

<u>Programming</u> Curriculum Based Programs Broadcasting/Technology JROTC

Main Features 4 courts - basketball, volleyball, indoor tennis, pickleball 6 lane NCAA, OHSAA certified indoor track and field facility Turf area/field Weight room Mezzanine viewing area Locker rooms Classroom/meeting room Broadcast room- TV 2 Golf simulation room Collapsible batting cages Concession Restrooms

Community Use Times

The District has established dedicated hours for community use and access. The facility continues to fill up with a wide variety of scheduled events and has been well received by the community and others visiting the facility.

Construction of the facility was financed by Certificates of Participation (COPs) which were issued in FY 2018 in the amount of \$8,500,000. The Logan Athletic Boosters reached their commitment/goal in raising \$2 million for the Chieftain Center construction and financing. Those funds were transferred to the district. The COPS will be repaid over the next 30 years, maturing in fiscal year 2048. They are being funded with Permanent Improvement Funds of the District (designated inside tax millage). Ribbon cutting for the new facility was in November 2019.

UPGRADED CREDIT RATING

In anticipation of its July 2015 and March 2016 advanced refunding of bonds issued in 2005 and 2006 (see below), the District sought a credit rating from Moody's Investors Service, New York. Moody's maintained its Aa2 credit rating for the District. According to the reports issued July 24, 2015 and affirmed on January 21, 2016, the rating reflects the District's strengths as being moderately-sized, stable tax base, healthy general fund cash reserves and a low debt burden while mentioning its weaknesses as smaller than average tax base for the Aa2 category school, below average resident income characteristics and elevated exposure to unfunded pension liabilities.

Mike Burns, Director of Robert W. Baird & Co., Incl. (Columbus), remarked that "maintaining this rating is key to helping preserve the financial health of Logan-Hocking Local School District. An Aa2 credit rating is very strong in today's market and places the District amongst some of the highest rated schools in Ohio. With this rating, the District was able to obtain an extremely low cost of financing, which will provide significant savings back to the hardworking taxpayers." There are over 600 school districts in Ohio. Approximately 357 school districts in Ohio are rated by Moody's. Out of these schools, only 31 schools had a higher rating than Logan-Hocking.

PERMANENT IMPROVEMENT FUNDS FOR TECHNOLOGY

The School District has designated 1.0 mills for Permanent Improvement funds - Technology effective with the calendar year 2020 tax collection.

In fiscal year 2002 the District worked with the Hocking County Budget Commission to initially designate .5 inside tax mills for Permanent Improvement Funds – Technology. The School District demonstrated additional need, and with Budget Commission approval, this was recently increased to 1.0 mills. The related tax collection can only be used for this stated purpose and provides the District with a reliable source of funds to maintain and replace the District's investment in technology. These funds, first collected in calendar year 2002, have enabled the District to put technology hardware where needed to serve students and staff, as well as replace outdated equipment on a regular cycle.

These funds have allowed the District to purchase technology devices for student and staff use, at a rate that provides for the replacement of aging devices that can no longer support or enhance our educational goals. While computers are the largest expense, it takes many other technology related purchases to make a computer in a school an educationally enhancing tool. Technology Permanent Improvement Funds are also used for replacing/updating the wired and wireless network infrastructure, printers, presentation devices, and the internal phone system to name just a few.

With reliable funding in place, the District has been able to replace aging equipment before it becomes non-productive and a maintenance burden. Currently all classroom teachers have a desktop computer on or near their desk, traveling teachers have a laptop computer to carry with them. Elementary and Middle school students have access to computers in classrooms, as well as stationary labs and mobile carts. A 1:1 Chromebook initiative has been instituted district wide (K-12) along with having content specific labs for Engineering, Computer Science, Biomedical Sciences and Business classes. The Technology Permanent Improvement Funds are a key factor in providing not only the devices but supporting hardware and network upgrades necessary for the one-to-one initiative and content specific labs.

EMPLOYEE RELATIONS

The District currently has approximately **520.35** (FTE) full-time and part-time employees. There are three organizations representing District employees. The Logan Education Association (LEA) represents certificated employees, including teachers and educational specialists, for collective bargaining purposes. Classified employees, including bus drivers, cooks, administrative assistants, custodians, boiler operators, mechanics, aides and maintenance personnel, are represented for collective bargaining purposes by the Ohio Association of Public School Employees, Local 4/AFL-CIO and its Local #218 (OAPSE). Classified employees who are attendants recently organized and are represented for collective bargaining purposes by the newly formed Ohio Association of Public School Employees, Local 4/AFL-CIO and its Local 4/AFL-CIO and its Local #126 (OAPSE Jr.).

In June 2021, the Board successfully concluded negotiations with LEA on a multi-year agreement for wages and fringe benefits. The agreement provides for base salary increases of 5% in the 2021-2022 year, 4.0% in the 2022-2023 year and 3.5% in the 2023-2024 year. The Master Contract will be in effect until August 31, 2024.

In July of 2021, the Board concluded negotiations with OAPSE Local #126. Under the agreement, wages have been adjusted and certain fringe benefits provided. The agreement calls for a \$3.77 hourly increase in 2021, with steps being the only salary increase in 2022, and 2023, respectively. This increase in salary matches the salary schedule for the aide classification in OAPSE #218. The Master Contract will be in effect until June 30, 2024.

In 2022, the Board concluded negotiations with OAPSE Local #218 on a multi-year agreement for the period July 1, 2022 to June 30, 2025. The agreement called for base salary increases each year in the amount of \$1.00 from 2022-2025. The Master Contract will be in effect until June 30, 2025.

PROPRIETARY FUNDS – FOOD SERVICE OPERATION

Logan Food Service is the food service department of Logan-Hocking Local School District. The department operated in all District buildings, serving nearly 3,700 students and nearly 500 staff members each day school was in session. During the course of the year 367,126 reimbursable lunches, 275,571 reimbursable breakfasts and 20,594 reimbursable dinners were served. A total of 685,143 combined meals were served. Additionally, there were 21,852 reimbursable snacks.

The Food Service Department is considered a 'business' within the Logan-Hocking School District. As such, it is managed as a business with the objective to 'break even' financially.

Attributes of another successful year include:

- Continued summer feeding program at Central Elementary and Logan High School
- Compliance with healthy guidelines at all schools
- Focus on wellness and healthier choices
- Expanded free breakfast and lunch to ALL school locations
- Serving fresh fruit and vegetables at all locations
- Continued positive performance by exemplary staff, in school and community events
- Focused on increasing breakfast participation at the middle and high school by implementing grab and go breakfast carts
- Continued running special promotions at lunch to increase participation

Logan Food Service employs fourteen full-time cooks, thirteen part-time cooks, one supervisor and one administrative assistant. Prior to July 1, 2020, it had been under the management of ARAMARK Education Services since 1979. The contract with ARAMARK Education Services was terminated on June 30, 2020. The School District operated its own food service operation beginning July 1, 2020.

PRESCHOOL

During the 2021-22 school year the District provided preschool services to over 190 students. The District continued offering the tuition-based program that was initiated during the 2004-05 school year in response to a need for more quality preschool opportunities in the area. The District implemented a sliding scale for those paying tuition based on income up to 300% poverty level. The program consists of three Early Childhood Education (ECE) classrooms and eight integrated units. The District receives funding from the Ohio Department of Job and Family Services for families who either work or attend school. The District receives tuition reimbursement from the Ohio Department of Education for ninety-five (95) students which is an increase from seventy-six (76) in previous years. This grant is for those families that qualify at a 200% poverty level or less. Each integrated unit has the capacity to serve eight children that have been identified as having a disability. In addition to funding from ODE and ODJFS, the district applied for and received three phases of the Stabilization Grant which totaled \$191,514.

The adopted preschool curriculum is the Creative Curriculum. Each preschool teacher uses the Ohio Early Learning Development Standards to plan and implement this curriculum. The standards describe essential concepts for young children to acquire in five primary domains: Approaches Toward Learning, Cognition and General Knowledge, Language and Literacy, Physical Well-Being and Motor Development, and Social and Emotional Development. Students also are monitored for progress with the Early Learning Assessment. High-quality preschool has been proven to reduce the need for future special education and increase the achievement of children who participate. In addition, we also provided before and after care for preschool students at 3 of our elementary buildings for a minimal cost of \$10/week.

PURPLE STAR AWARD

In fiscal year 2019 all Logan-Hocking Local School District schools were awarded the Ohio Department of Education's Purple Star Award for military-friendly schools recognizing schools that show a major commitment to students and families connected to our nation's military. Each school fulfilled the requirements of the program. The Purple Star Advisory Board, formed by the Ohio Department of Education, Higher Education, Veterans Services and the Adjutant General help decide a school's eligibility for the award.

MAJOR INITIATIVES FOR THE FUTURE

LOGAN-HOCKING LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT 2017 - 2022 SUCCESS PLAN

The Logan-Hocking School District (LHSD) Success Plan 2017-2022 represents our continuous improvement plan (CIP) for the future. This road map is the result of hundreds of conversations with students, parents, educators, principals, and community partners who gave us their insights during the early stages of this plan. Those conversations created a challenging, shared vision for our students and staff that provides direction, responsibility, and accountability to accomplish the vision with one overriding goal in mind – to engage students through education that empowers them to succeed.

The Success Plan is the result of a shared vision to create a focused system that better meets the needs of our students. The plan will be an ongoing effort to improve services, processes, and communication for students, parents, and staff of LHSD.

In December 2016, the LHSD Superintendent and School Board met with the Muskingum Valley Educational Service Center (MVESC) to discuss District needs, a vision, and timeline for the continuous improvement planning process. As a result of this meeting, a comprehensive team of approximately 50 members, including board members, teachers, support staff, students, and community representatives, were invited to participate in developing the LHSD Success Plan. A steering committee of 20 members was formed to plan and lead the comprehensive team throughout the planning process.

Both groups met from January 2017 through June 2017 to work through the following steps and processes in creating the LHSD Success Plan by:

- Reviewing LHSD's previous mission statement, vision, focus areas, and objectives of the district.
- Reviewing district data presented by administrators on the current state of the district.
- Developing core belief statements, revising LHSD's mission (why we exist) and vision (what is our purpose) that defines what we do.
- Conducting a SWOT Analysis (Strengths, Weaknesses, Opportunities, and Threats) that identified focus areas (big rocks).
- Developing objectives, measures of progress, and initiatives through the planning process and analysis of current data.

MVESC prepared the final draft of the Success Plan and presented the document to the full LHSD Planning Committee for approval on June 12, 2017. The LHSD Superintendent then presented the final document to the Board of Education for approval on June 26, 2017. The Success Plan was unanimously approved on this date.

The LHSD Success Plan provides the direction we need for improvement. It is an ever-evolving document that will be reviewed and revised as new data is available. This guiding document will assist in creating supportive networks that surround our students and staff, leading to successes in learning and life.

District Mission Statement

The Mission of the Logan-Hocking School District is to engage students through education that empowers them to succeed.

Engage Educate Empower Succeed

District Vision Statement

Our vision captures the future we strive to create for our students. The Logan-Hocking School District exists to:

- Provide a safe, nurturing educational environment for all;
- Provide each child with an engaging and rigorous education;
- Provide diverse opportunities that empower all students to learn and succeed;
- Create honorable, thoughtful citizens capable of leading communities.

ACCOUNTING INFORMATION

ACCOUNTING SYSTEM -- The District's accounting system is organized on a fund basis. Each fund is a separate self-balancing accounting entity. Records for all District funds, except Proprietary Funds, are maintained on the modified accrual basis whereby revenues are recognized when measurable and available, and expenditures are recognized when goods and services are received. Proprietary Funds are accounted for on the full accrual basis of accounting. Both bases of accounting are in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units and consistent with GASB Cod. Sec. 1600; "Basis of Accounting."

INTERNAL CONTROLS -- The Treasurer of the District is responsible for establishing an internal control structure designed to ensure that the assets of the District are protected from loss, theft, or misuse, and to ensure that adequate accounting data is compiled to allow for the preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The Management Team is responsible for assisting with implementation of the established internal controls. The internal control structure is designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that these objectives are met. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that: (1) the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived; and (2) the valuation of cost and benefit requires estimates and judgments by management. Management believes the internal controls adequately meet the above objective.

SINGLE AUDIT -- As a recipient of federal and state financial assistance, the District also is responsible for ensuring that an adequate internal control structure is in place to ensure compliance with applicable laws and regulations related to these programs. This internal control structure is subject to periodic evaluation and audit by the Treasurer, Management Team and staff of the District.

As a part of the District's single audit, tests are made to determine the adequacy of the internal control structure, including that portion relating to federal financial assistance programs, as well as to verify that the District has complied with applicable laws and regulations.

BUDGETARY CONTROLS -- All funds, except custodial funds, are subject to annual expenditure budgets. The procedures below outline the District's budgetary procedures:

- 1. A tax budget of estimated cash receipts and disbursements is submitted to the county auditor as secretary of the county budget commission by January 20 of each year for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The District's Board of Education (the Board) adopts the tax budget at its January Organizational Meeting.
- 2. The county budget commission certifies its actions to the District by March 1. As part of this certification, the District receives the official certificate of estimated resources which states the projected receipts of each fund. On or about July 1, this certificate is amended to include any unencumbered balances from the preceding year.
- 3. An annual appropriations measure is passed upon receipt of the county's auditor's final tax revenue estimates, October or November of each year for the period July 1 to June 30. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at year-end and encumbered appropriations are reported as expenditures in the current year. The Board adopts temporary appropriations at its June Board meeting to cover expenditures until the adoption of the permanent appropriations. The appropriations measure may be amended or supplemented during the year as new information becomes available. Individual buildings and/or departments are given building budgeting funds for instructional supplies, meeting & mileage expenses, and equipment. Buildings and/or departments may move funds within their budgets with approval of the Superintendent and Treasurer. Appropriations may not exceed estimated resources and expenditures may not exceed appropriations in any fund at the fund level.

Additionally, the District maintains an encumbrance accounting system as a useful technique of accomplishing budgetary control. Under encumbrance accounting, purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for expenditures of funds are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation.

OTHER INFORMATION

AWARDS

GFOA Certificate of Achievement

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the Logan-Hocking Local School District for its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. This was the twentieth consecutive year that the District has applied for and achieved this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a governmental unit must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized annual financial report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current Annual Comprehensive Financial Report continues to meet the program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

ASBO Certificate of Excellence

The District also received the Association of School Business Officials International (ASBO) Certificate of Excellence in Financial Accounting award for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. This was the twentieth consecutive year that the District has achieved this prestigious award. This award certifies that the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report conforms to the principles and standards of financial reporting as recommended and adopted by the Association of School Business Officials. This award is granted only after an intensive review of the financial report by an expert panel of certified public accountants and practicing school business officials.

Logan-Hocking Local School District staff members are proud of the fact that the GFOA and ASBO have awarded these certificates for the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report prepared by the District. It is the District's belief that the current report continues to conform to the standards set by GFOA & ASBO and it will be submitted for review to determine its eligibility for certificates.

Special Recognition from the General Assembly of the State of Ohio

Under the sponsorship of Representative Ron Hood, House District 78, the members of the House of Representatives of the 132nd General Assembly of Ohio extended special recognition to the Logan-Hocking Local School District on being presented with an Award of Excellence in Financial Reporting by the Government Finance Officers Association for the sixteenth consecutive year.

The resolution stated that the District is "...indeed deserving of acknowledgement, for its ACFR which has met the high standards of GFOA, and we are certain that this fine entity will continue to advance its standard of quality long into the future. Without a doubt, it will serve as a model for other districts and communities throughout the State of Ohio."

Furthermore, the resolution stated "The Logan-Hocking Local School District has become known for its superior fiscal accountability, and all those responsible for this award, including its treasurer Paul Shaw and his staff, can reflect with pride on the strong tradition upon which the District can build an even more productive and rewarding future. Their efforts have certainly had a beneficial impact on this quality scholastic community."

Auditor of State – Award with Distinction

The fiscal year 2018 financial audit of the Logan-Hocking Local School District once again has returned a clean audit report. The Logan-Hocking Local School District's excellent record keeping has thus earned it the *Auditor of State Award with Distinction*.

"While a school district's primary concern is its students, it must also remain accountable to its taxpayers," State Auditor Faber said. "Accurate record-keeping is clearly a priority for the Logan-Hocking Local Schools, and I am proud to present this award to the district."

The *Auditor of State Award with Distinction* is presented to local governments and school districts upon the completion of a financial audit. Entities that receive the award meet the following criteria of a "clean" audit report:

- The entity must file timely financial reports with the Auditor of State's office in the form of an ACFR (Annual Comprehensive Financial Report);
- The audit report does not contain any findings for recovery, material citations, material weaknesses, significant deficiencies, Single Audit findings or questioned costs;
- The entity's management letter contains no comments related to:
 - Ethics referrals
 - Questioned costs less than \$10,000
 - Lack of timely report submission
 - Reconciliation
 - Failure to obtain a timely Single Audit
 - Findings for recovery less than \$100
 - Public meetings or public records

Of the 5,600 audits completed by the Auditor of State each year, very few are given this award. Only one hundred and four (1.9% of audits) of these awards were given in 2011 and twenty in 2010 (.3% of audits). Only two were given in all southeast Ohio in 2011, with Logan-Hocking Local School District receiving one of them.

Auditor of State – "Making Your Tax Dollars Count"

Former Ohio Auditor of State Mary Taylor's office presented Logan-Hocking Local School District officials with the "Making Your Tax Dollars Count" award for their fiscal year 2006 audit. Fewer than five percent of all Ohio governmental agencies are eligible for this award. This is the highest award bestowed by the Auditor of State.

"I commend the Logan-Hocking School District officials for their commitment to fiscal accountability. Congratulations on your hard work and for being trustworthy stewards of taxpayer dollars," said Taylor. "You are truly a model for government entities throughout the State of Ohio," she concluded.

INDEPENDENT AUDIT -- State statutes require an annual audit by independent accountants. Wilson, Shannon & Snow Inc. conducted the audit for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. The independent auditor's unmodified opinion on the basic financial statements and combining and individual fund statements and schedules is included in the financial section of this report.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS -- The notes to the basic financial statements which follow the basic financial statements contain additional information and are an integral part of such statements.

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS – The publication of this report is a major step toward the commitment of professionalizing the financial reporting of the Logan-Hocking Local School District and significantly increases the accountability of the District to the taxpayers. The preparation of the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report would not have been possible without the assistance, support and efforts of the Treasurer's Office staff, Superintendent's Office, and various administrators and employees of the School District. We truly appreciate the contribution made by each staff member in the preparation of this report. We are also grateful for the services of Donald J. Schonhardt & Associates, Inc. and to the Ohio Auditor of State for their assistance in preparing this report.

Finally, this report would not have been possible without the continued support of the Board of Education who values quality financial information which helps make quality decisions. Without their leadership and commitment to excellence this report would not be possible.

Respectfully submitted,

Paul F. Shaw CPA CGMA RSBFO Treasurer

Mont Dy Bat M

Monte D. Bainter II Superintendent

Members of the Board of Education, Treasurer and Superintendent For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Members of the Board of Education

The Board of Education is a body politic and corporate with the responsibility of managing and controlling affairs of the District and is, together with the District, governed by laws of the State of Ohio. The Board is comprised of five members who are elected for overlapping four-year terms. The current members of the Board of Education of the Logan-Hocking Local School District are:

	Began Service as a Board Member	Present Term Expires
Betty Amnah	January 2018	December 31, 2025
Lance Bell, President	January 2014	December 31, 2025
Catherine Holloway	January 2022	December 31, 2025
Dr. Scott Anzalone	January 2008	December 31, 2023
Amy Black, Vice President	January 2020	December 31, 2023

Treasurer

The Treasurer serves as the chief fiscal officer of the District, responsible directly to the Board of Education for maintaining all financial records, issuing payments, maintaining custody of all District funds and assets, and investing idle funds as specified by Ohio Law. The Treasurer also serves as secretary to the board of education and as such records and has custody of board meeting minutes, files and certifies certain documents. The Treasurer, Mr. Paul F. Shaw is a Certified Public Accountant, Chartered Global Management Accountant, and a Registered School Business Fiscal Officer. He has held the position since September 1992. In March 2022, the Board of Education accepted the resignation of Mr. Shaw for the purpose of initiating earned retirement benefits and re-employed Mr. Shaw as Treasurer with a new contract effective April 1, 2022. As a result, his term of office expires on July 31, 2024.

Superintendent of Schools

The Superintendent is the chief executive officer of the District and is responsible for administering policies adopted by the Board of Education. The Superintendent is expected to provide leadership in all phases of policy formulation and is the chief advisor to the Board on all aspects of the educational program and total operation of the District. The Superintendent is Mr. Monte D. Bainter II. He has held the position since June 2016. In February 2018, the Board of Education approved a new five year contract for the Superintendent, effective August 2019. In December 2022, the Board of Education accepted the resignation of Mr. Bainter for the purpose of initiating earned retirement benefits and re-employed Mr. Bainter with a new contract effective January 4, 2023. As a result, his term of office expires July 31, 2025.

Management Team Members and Treasurer's Office Staff For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Treasurer and Central Office Administration

Paul ShawTreasurerMonte Bainter IISuperintendentChristy BoschAssistant SuperintendentCarrie Cook-PorterDirector of Pupil Personnel ServicesTrina BarrellDirector of Curriculum and InstructionBrice FrasureDirector of Student Programs

Logan High School Administration

Courtney Snipes	Principal
Shari Boggs	Assistant Principal
Eli Hacker	Assistant Principal
Rob Ramage	Assistant Principal

Logan Middle School Administration

Chad Grow Debbie Heath Michelle Bolin Adam Twiss Co-Principal Co-Principal Assistant Principal Assistant Principal

Elementary Principals

Ken Dille
Yancey Roberts-Schein
Lisa Van Horn
Andrew Rice
Rebecca Hubert

Hocking Hills Elementary Union Furnace Elementary Central Elementary Chieftain Elementary Green Elementary

Other Administration – Non-Principals

E.J. Harris	Buildings and Grounds Supervisor
Joshua Straus	Instructional Technology Coordinator
Theresa Schultheiss	District Director of Operations
Keith Myers	Opportunity Center/Chieftain Center Director
Lisa Morelli	Athletic Director
LeighAnn Leach	EMIS Coordinator
Keri Kunkler	District Registrar
Bruce Crum	School Psychologist
Lindsay Osborne	School Psychologist
Liz Crum	School Psychologist
Rachel Perkins	Physical Therapist
Kristy Walter	Preschool Supervisor
Dennis Morgan	Transportation Supervisor
Carolyn Lehman	Transportation Safety Coordinator
Christine Woodgeard	Program Director - School Climate Transformation Grant

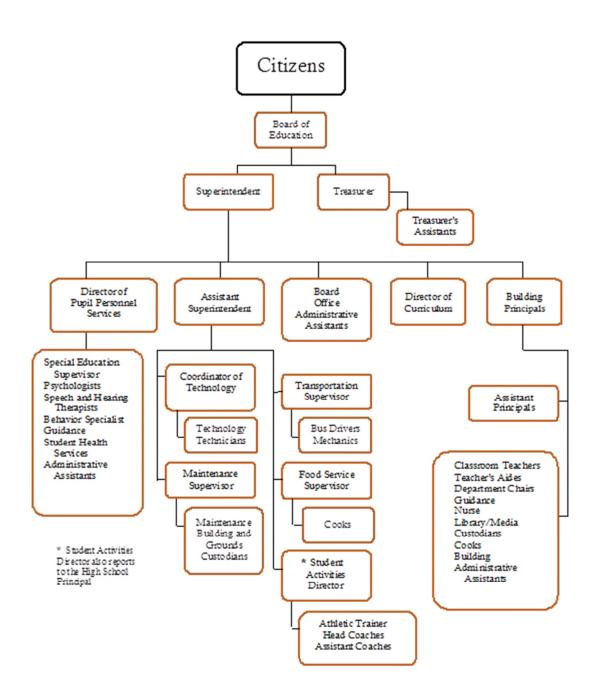
(Continued)

Management Team Members and Treasurer's Office Staff For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Treasurer's Office Staff

Cindy CookFringe Benefits & Special Projects AccountingJessica JamesBudgetary AccountingAmy ReichlingAccounts Payable SpecialistKaren WaltonAccounts Receivable & Special Projects AccountingMarlene WinegardnerPayroll SpecialistTara ClarkeAssistant Payroll Specialist

School District Organizational Chart For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022



Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

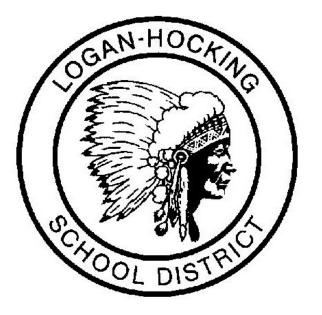
Government Finance Officers Association Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting Presented to Logan-Hocking Local School District Ohio For its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021 Christopher P. Morrill Executive Director/CEO

Association of School Business Officials Certificate of Excellence in Financial Reporting

ASSOCIATION OF SCHOOL BUSINESS OFFICIALS INTERNATIONAL The Certificate of Excellence in Financial Reporting is presented to Logan-Hocking Local School District for its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021. The district report meets the criteria established for ASBO International's Certificate of Excellence in Financial Reporting. TIFICATE Will ast William A. Sutter David J. Lewis **Executive Director** President



FINANCIAL SECTION







INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Logan-Hocking Local School District Hocking County 2019 E. Front Street Logan, Ohio 43138

To the Board of Education:

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Logan-Hocking Local School District, Hocking County, Ohio (District), as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Logan-Hocking Local School District, Hocking County, Ohio as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the respective budgetary comparisons for the General Fund and Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund for the fiscal year then ended in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we

- exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the *management's discussion and analysis*, and schedules of net pension and other post-employment benefit liabilities/assets and pension and other post-employment benefit contributions be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Logan-Hocking Local School District Hocking County Independent Auditor's Report

Supplementary information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules and are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual financial report. The other information comprises the introductory and statistical sections but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 20, 2022, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Wilson Shuma ESaw, Sur.

Newark, Ohio December 20, 2022



Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Unaudited

The discussion and analysis of Logan-Hocking Local School District's financial performance provides an overall review of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the District's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the transmittal letter, financial statements and notes to the basic financial statements to enhance their understanding of the District's financial performance.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Key financial highlights for fiscal year 2022 are as follows:

- □ In total, net position increased \$7,978,359. Net position of governmental activities increased \$7,387,015, or 22% from fiscal year 2021. Net position of business-type activities increased \$591,344 from fiscal year 2021.
- □ General revenues accounted for \$43,892,589 in revenue or 70% of all revenues. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and grants and contributions accounted for \$19,249,445, or 30% of total revenues of \$63,142,034.
- □ The District had \$52,882,074 in expenses related to governmental activities; only \$16,376,500 of these expenses were offset by program specific charges for services, grants or contributions. General revenues of \$43,892,589 were adequate to provide for these programs.
- □ Among major funds, the General Fund had \$44,482,002 in revenues and \$42,623,422 in expenditures. The General Fund's fund balance increased from \$9,864,295 to \$11,752,993, an increase of \$1,888,698.
- □ Net position for the enterprise fund increased \$591,344.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This annual report consists of four parts – management's discussion and analysis and the basic financial statements, required supplementary information and an optional section that presents combining statements for nonmajor governmental funds. The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the District:

These statements are as follows:

- 1. <u>*The Government-Wide Financial Statements*</u> These statements provide both long-term and short-term information about the District's overall financial status.
- 2. <u>*The Fund Financial Statements*</u> These statements focus on individual parts of the District, reporting the District's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements.

The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the financial statements and provide more detailed data.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Unaudited

Government-wide Statements

The government-wide statements report information about the District as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statement of net position includes all of the District's assets, liabilities, and deferred outflows/inflows of resources. All of the current fiscal year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two government-wide statements report the District's net position and how it has changed. Net position is one way to measure the District's financial health.

- Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position is an indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating, respectively.
- To assess the overall health of the District you need to consider additional nonfinancial factors such as the property tax base, current property tax laws, student enrollment growth and facility conditions.

The government-wide financial statements of the District are divided into two categories:

- <u>Governmental Activities</u> Most of the District's programs and services are reported here including instruction, support services, operation and maintenance of plant, pupil transportation and extracurricular activities.
- <u>Business-Type Activities</u> These services are provided on a charge for goods or services basis to recover all of the expenses of the goods or services provided. The District food service operations are reported as business-type activities.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the District's most significant funds, not the District as a whole. Funds are accounting devices that the District uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending for particular purposes.

Governmental Funds – Most of the District's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at fiscal year-end available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the District's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance educational programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds is reconciled in the financial statements.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022 Unaudited

Proprietary Funds – Proprietary funds use the same basis of accounting as business-type activities; therefore, these statements will essentially match.

Fiduciary Funds – The District is the trustee, or fiduciary, for various scholarship programs and other items listed as custodial. It is also responsible for other assets that, due to a trust arrangement can only be used for the trust beneficiaries. All of the District's fiduciary activities are reported in separate Statements of Fiduciary Net Position and Changes in Fiduciary Net Position. We exclude these activities from the District's other financial statements because the assets cannot be utilized by the District to finance its operations.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

The following table provides a summary of the District's net position for fiscal year 2022 compared to fiscal year 2021:

	Governmental		Busines	ss-type		
	Activ	ities	Activ	ities	To	tal
		Restated				Restated
	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021
Current and Other Assets	\$43,229,630	\$45,176,615	\$756,060	\$162,616	\$43,985,690	\$45,339,231
Capital Assets, Net	94,251,260	91,573,308	31,168	36,043	94,282,428	91,609,351
Total Assets	137,480,890	136,749,923	787,228	198,659	138,268,118	136,948,582
Deferred Outflows of Resources	16,090,681	12,245,790	595,350	825,169	16,686,031	13,070,959
Net Pension Liability	29,121,519	51,447,087	767,946	1,450,476	29,889,465	52,897,563
Net OPEB Liability	4,226,048	4,484,866	407,524	497,403	4,633,572	4,982,269
Other Long-term Liabilities	27,960,499	29,532,790	50,229	62,993	28,010,728	29,595,783
Other Liabilities	6,790,123	6,868,304	170,497	170,657	6,960,620	7,038,961
Total Liabilities	68,098,189	92,333,047	1,396,196	2,181,529	69,494,385	94,514,576
Deferred Inflows of Resources	44,853,307	23,429,606	882,125	329,386	45,735,432	23,758,992
Net Position:						
Net Investment in Capital Assets	71,853,149	70,769,661	31,168	36,043	71,884,317	70,805,704
Restricted	7,664,338	7,268,282	0	0	7,664,338	7,268,282
Unrestricted	(38,897,412)	(44,804,883)	(926,911)	(1,523,130)	(39,824,323)	(46,328,013)
Total Net Position	\$40,620,075	\$33,233,060	(\$895,743)	(\$1,487,087)	\$39,724,332	\$31,745,973

Total assets of the District remained stable, increasing approximately 1%. A 3% decrease in current assets can mostly be attributed to a decrease in cash, which was the result of an HVAC improvement project. This project resulted in a corresponding increase in capital assets. The decrease in cash was partially offset by an increase in grant receivables. A decrease in the net pension and OPEB liabilities contributed to an overall decrease in liabilities of 26%. Fluctuations in deferred outflows and inflows of resources can be attributed to the net pension and net OPEB liabilities, resulting in an overall increase in net position.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Unaudited

The net pension liability is reported by the District pursuant to GASB Statement 68, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions—an Amendment of GASB Statement 27." The net OPEB liability/asset is reported by the District pursuant to GASB Statement 75, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions." For reasons discussed below, many end users of this financial statement will gain a clearer understanding of the District's actual financial condition by adding deferred inflows related to pension and OPEB, the net pension liability and the net OPEB liability to the reported net position and subtracting deferred outflows related to pension and OPEB and the net OPEB asset.

Governmental Accounting Standards Board standards are national and apply to all government financial reports prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Prior accounting for pensions (GASB 27) and postemployment benefits (GASB 45) focused on a funding approach. This approach limited pension and OPEB costs to contributions annually required by law, which may or may not be sufficient to fully fund each plan's *net pension liability* or *net OPEB liability*. GASB 68 and GASB 75 take an earnings approach to pension and OPEB accounting; however, the nature of Ohio's statewide pension/OPEB plans and state law governing those systems requires additional explanation in order to properly understand the information presented in these statements.

GASB 68 and GASB 75 require the net pension liability and the net OPEB liability/asset to equal the District's proportionate share of each plan's collective:

- 1. Present value of estimated future pension/OPEB benefits attributable to active and inactive employees' past service
- 2. Minus plan assets available to pay these benefits

GASB notes that pension and OPEB obligations, whether funded or unfunded, are part of the "employment exchange" – that is, the employee is trading his or her labor in exchange for wages, benefits, and the promise of a future pension and other postemployment benefits. GASB noted that the unfunded portion of this promise is a present obligation of the government, part of a bargained-for benefit to the employee, and should accordingly be reported by the government as a liability since they received the benefit of the exchange. However, the District is not responsible for certain key factors affecting the balance of these liabilities. In Ohio, the employee shares the obligation of funding pension benefits with the employer. Both employer and employee contribution rates are capped by State statute. A change in these caps requires action of both Houses of the General Assembly and approval of the Governor. Benefit provisions are also determined by State statute. The Ohio revised Code permits, but does not require the retirement systems to provide healthcare to eligible benefit recipients. The retirement systems may allocate a portion of the employer contributions to provide for these OPEB benefits.

The employee enters the employment exchange with the knowledge that the employer's promise is limited not by contract but by law. The employer enters the exchange also knowing that there is a specific, legal limit to its contribution to the retirement system. In Ohio, there is no legal means to enforce the unfunded liability of the pension/OPEB plan *as against the public employer*. State law operates to mitigate/lessen the moral obligation of the public employer to the employee, because all parties enter the employment exchange with notice as to the law. The retirement system is responsible for the administration of the pension and OPEB plans.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Unaudited

Most long-term liabilities have set repayment schedules or, in the case of compensated absences (i.e. sick and vacation leave), are satisfied through paid time-off or termination payments. There is no repayment schedule for the net pension liability or the net OPEB liability. As explained above, changes in benefits, contribution rates, and return on investments affect the balance of these liabilities, but are outside the control of the local government. In the event that contributions, investment returns, and other changes are insufficient to keep up with required payments, State statute does not assign/identify the responsible party for the unfunded portion. Due to the unique nature of how the net pension liability and the net OPEB liability are satisfied, these liabilities are separately identified within the long-term liability section of the statement of net position.

In accordance with GASB 68 and GASB 75, the District's statements prepared on an accrual basis of accounting include an annual pension expense and an annual OPEB expense for their proportionate share of each plan's *change* in net pension liability and net OPEB liability/asset, respectively, not accounted for as deferred inflows/outflows.

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Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Unaudited

Changes in Net Position – The following table shows the changes in net position for the fiscal years 2022 and 2021:

	Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities		Total	
	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021
Revenues						
Program Revenues:						
Charges for Services and Sales	\$1,638,106	\$1,805,990	\$72,574	\$27,687	\$1,710,680	\$1,833,677
Operating Grants and Contributions	14,653,394	13,842,845	2,800,371	1,946,791	17,453,765	15,789,636
Capital Grants and Contributions	85,000	195,000	0	0	85,000	195,000
Total Program Revenues	16,376,500	15,843,835	2,872,945	1,974,478	19,249,445	17,818,313
General Revenues:						
Property Taxes	23,346,235	21,083,820	0	0	23,346,235	21,083,820
Intergovernmental, Unrestricted	20,362,860	20,295,568	0	0	20,362,860	20,295,568
Other	183,494	997,251	0	0	183,494	997,251
Total General Revenues	43,892,589	42,376,639	0	0	43,892,589	42,376,639
Total Revenues	60,269,089	58,220,474	2,872,945	1,974,478	63,142,034	60,194,952
Program Expenses						
Instructional Services:						
Regular	21,056,962	25,497,126	0	0	21,056,962	25,497,126
Special	8,929,011	10,704,531	0	0	8,929,011	10,704,531
Vocational	387,815	412,964	0	0	387,815	412,964
Other	208,029	123,301	0	0	208,029	123,301
Support Services:						
Pupils	2,988,932	3,302,480	0	0	2,988,932	3,302,480
Instructional Staff	1,954,962	2,074,572	0	0	1,954,962	2,074,572
Board of Education	155,730	133,585	0	0	155,730	133,585
Administration	3,735,156	4,229,543	0	0	3,735,156	4,229,543
Fiscal Services	1,454,216	1,360,123	0	0	1,454,216	1,360,123
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	4,480,602	4,783,363	0	0	4,480,602	4,783,363
Pupil Transportation	3,371,389	3,551,400	0	0	3,371,389	3,551,400
Central	126,745	109,162	0	0	126,745	109,162
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	966,737	1,798,550	0	0	966,737	1,798,550
Extracurricular Activities	2,324,288	1,656,105	0	0	2,324,288	1,656,105
Interest and Fiscal Charges	741,500	715,481	0	0	741,500	715,481
Food Service	0	0	2,281,601	2,053,602	2,281,601	2,053,602
Total Program Expenses	52,882,074	60,452,286	2,281,601	2,053,602	55,163,675	62,505,888
Total Change in Net Position	7,387,015	(2,231,812)	591,344	(79,124)	7,978,359	(2,310,936)
Beginning Net Position	33,233,060	35,464,872	(1,487,087)	(1,407,963)	31,745,973	34,056,909
Ending Net Position	\$40,620,075	\$33,233,060	(\$895,743)	(\$1,487,087)	\$39,724,332	\$31,745,973

Governmental Activities

Net position of the District's governmental activities increased \$7,387,015. A decrease in charges for services can be attributed to a decrease in open enrollment tuition. This was due to the fact that open enrollment dollars are now direct funded to the educating school district. An increase in property tax revenue can be attributed to public utility property taxes, which was the result of a new natural gas pipeline installation in the District, as well as an increase in the amount of taxes available for advance.

Changes in the net pension and net OPEB liabilities resulted in an overall decrease in expenses.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Unaudited

The unique nature of property taxes in Ohio creates the need to routinely seek voter approval for operating funds. In general, the overall revenue generated by the levy will not increase solely as a result of inflation. As an example, a homeowner with a home valued at \$100,000 and taxed at 1.0 mill would pay \$35.00 annually in taxes. If three years later the home were reappraised and increased to \$200,000 (and this inflationary increase in value is comparable to other property owners) the effective tax rate would become .5 mills and the owner would still pay \$35.00. However, the assessed millage cannot be reduced below 20 mills, according to state statutes.

Unrestricted grants made up 34% of revenues for governmental activities in fiscal year 2022. The District's reliance upon grant revenues is demonstrated by the following graph:

		Percent	33.79%
Revenue Sources	2022	of Total	33.1770
Intergovernmental, Unrestricted	\$20,362,860	33.79%	27.17%
Program Revenues	16,376,500	27.17%	
General Tax Revenues	23,346,235	38.74%	
General Other	183,494	0.30%	0.30%
Total Revenue	\$60,269,089	100.00%	38.74%

Business-Type Activities

Net position of the business-type activities increased \$591,344 in fiscal year 2022. These programs had revenues of \$2,872,945 and expenses of \$2,281,601 for fiscal year 2022. An increase in operating grants can be attributed to Pandemic Electronic Benefit Transfer (P-EBT) and Supply Chain Assistance funding received from the USDA.

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Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Unaudited

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT'S FUNDS

The District's governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$15,926,428, which is a decrease from last fiscal year's balance of \$17,428,139. The schedule below indicates the fund balance and the total change in fund balance as of June 30, 2022 and 2021.

	Fund Balance June 30, 2022	Fund Balance June 30, 2021	Increase (Decrease)
General	\$11,752,993	\$9,864,295	\$1,888,698
ESSER	(1,164,058)	(1,707,162)	543,104
Permanent Improvement	1,779,278	1,511,137	268,141
Nonmajor Governmental	3,558,215	7,759,869	(4,201,654)
Total	\$15,926,428	\$17,428,139	(\$1,501,711)

General Fund – The District's General Fund balance change is due to many factors. The tables that follow assist in illustrating the financial activities and balance of the General Fund:

	2022	2021	Increase
	Revenues	Revenues	(Decrease)
Taxes	\$18,606,809	\$16,792,329	\$1,814,480
Tuition	853,135	1,403,424	(550,289)
Investment Earnings	(373,067)	66,483	(439,550)
Extracurricular Activities	39,398	54,341	(14,943)
Intergovernmental - State	24,389,266	23,544,329	844,937
Intergovernmental - Federal	549,114	312,613	236,501
All Other Revenue	417,347	860,855	(443,508)
Total	\$44,482,002	\$43,034,374	\$1,447,628

General Fund revenues increased 3% from the prior fiscal year. An increase in taxes can be attributed to public utility property taxes, which was the result of a new natural gas pipeline installation in the District, as well as an increase in the amount of taxes available for advance.

A decrease in investment earnings was the result of changes in the fair value of investments. A decrease in tuition can be attributed to the fact that open enrollment dollars are now direct funded to the educating school district. An increase in intergovernmental state revenues can be attributed to Student Wellness and Success funding. A decrease in all other revenue can be attributed to reimbursements received from the Ohio Bureau of Workers' Compensation in the prior fiscal year.

or the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022			Unaudited
	2022	2021	Increase
	Expenditures	Expenditures	(Decrease)
Instructional Services:			
Regular	\$17,350,291	\$17,663,629	(\$313,338)
Special	7,027,415	7,234,809	(207,394)
Vocational	432,824	380,874	51,950
Other	250,542	114,356	136,186
Support Services:			
Pupils	3,199,890	2,259,042	940,848
Instructional Staff	1,027,722	948,582	79,140
Board of Education	149,314	132,482	16,832
Administration	3,856,142	3,561,890	294,252
Fiscal Services	1,413,088	1,181,029	232,059
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	3,740,578	3,365,786	374,792
Pupil Transportation	2,960,412	2,820,456	139,956
Central	126,745	109,162	17,583
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	79,523	34,242	45,281
Extracurricular Activities	777,336	589,120	188,216
Capital Outlay	0	5,613	(5,613)
Debt Service			
Principal Retirement	212,081	15,017	197,064
Interest and Fiscal Charges	19,519	12,781	6,738
Total	\$42,623,422	\$40,428,870	\$2,194,552

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

General Fund expenditures increased \$2,194,552, or approximately 5%. This overall increase can mostly be attributed to increases in salaries and benefits.

<u>Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief (ESSER) Fund</u> – The ESSER fund reported \$5.2 million in federal grants received for Covid-19 relief and support. An interfund loan payable to the General Fund resulted in a negative fund balance at fiscal year end.

<u>Permanent Improvement Fund</u> – The fund balance of the Permanent Improvement Fund increased 18% during the fiscal year. An increase in property tax revenue can be attributed to public utility property taxes, which was the result of a new natural gas pipeline installation in the District, as well as an increase in the amount of taxes available for advance.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Unaudited

The District's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the General Fund.

During the course of fiscal year 2022 the District amended its General Fund budget several times.

For the General Fund, original budgeted, final budgeted, and actual budget basis revenues and expenditures were not materially different. The General Fund had an adequate fund balance to cover expenditures.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

At the end of fiscal year 2022 the District had \$94,282,428, net of accumulated depreciation, invested in land, improvements, buildings, equipment, and vehicles. Of this total, \$94,251,260 was related to governmental activities and \$31,168 to the business-type activities. The following tables show fiscal year 2022 and 2021 balances:

	Governm Activit	Increase (Decrease)	
	2022	Restated 2021	
Land	\$1,883,322	\$1,883,322	\$0
Construction In Progress	115,500	1,062,500	(947,000)
Land Improvements	13,642,740	11,453,978	2,188,762
Buildings and Improvements	123,716,381	119,413,990	4,302,391
Leased Buildings	211,886	211,886	0
Machinery and Equipment	4,557,400	3,632,058	925,342
Leased Equipment	476,560	476,560	0
Vehicles	4,462,150	4,434,580	27,570
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	(54,814,679)	(50,995,566)	(3,819,113)
Totals	\$94,251,260	\$91,573,308	\$2,677,952
		ess-Type tivities	Increase (Decrease)
	2022	2021	
Machinery and Equipment	\$331,626	\$331,626	\$0
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	(300,458)	(295,583)	(4,875)
Totals	\$31,168	\$36,043	(\$4,875)

Land improvement additions consisted of a track and turf replacement project at the high school athletic fields. Additions to buildings and improvements included an HVAC upgrade project. Additions to machinery, equipment, and vehicles included the acquisition of busses, instructional equipment, lawn mowers, and other school maintenance equipment.

Additional information on the District's capital assets can be found in Note 10.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Unaudited

Debt and Other Long Term Liabilities

The following table summarizes the District's long term liabilities outstanding as of June 30, 2022 and 2021:

		Restated
	2022	2021
Governmental Activities:		
General Obligation Bonds	\$10,182,412	\$11,284,365
Certificates of Participation	8,183,764	8,366,216
Installment Loans	5,584,460	6,009,665
Compensated Absences	3,752,153	3,417,753
Leases Payable	257,710	454,791
Total Governmental Activities	27,960,499	29,532,790
Business-Type Activities:		
Compensated Absences	50,229	62,993
Total Business-Type Activities	50,229	62,993
Totals	\$28,010,728	\$29,595,783

Under current state statutes, the District's general obligation bonded debt issues are subject to a legal limitation based on 9% of the total assessed value of real and personal property. At June 30, 2022, the District's outstanding debt was below the legal limit. Additional information on the District's long-term debt can be found in Notes 13 and 14.

In anticipation of its July 2015 advanced refunding of bonds issued in 2005, the District sought a credit rating from Moody's Investors Service, New York. Moody's maintained its Aa2 credit rating for the District.

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Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Unaudited

ECONOMIC FACTORS

The Logan-Hocking Local School District relies upon local property taxes and the State of Ohio to fund the majority of its operations. In fiscal year 2022 the District received approximately 43% of its revenues from local sources and 57% from the State and Federal Sources. In contrast, in 2001 the District received 34% of its funding from local property taxes and 66% from the State. The shift in funding over the last twenty-one years is mainly the result of two factors: 1) limited increases in financial effort toward public schools by the State of Ohio while new funding formulas have been developed / implemented, and 2) increases in assessed tax valuation of real estate and public utility personal property in the District. Note that local taxpayers have not been asked to approve any new operating tax levies since 1981; yet local revenues have grown because the District is at the "20 mill floor" and with the major additions and improvements in public utility personal property.

Despite less than hoped for state funding in the short term, the School District's most recent five-year financial forecast indicates that its financial condition is improving. A recently placed in service natural gas pipeline across the School District has provided a desperately needed increase in public utility personal property tax revenues. Additionally, a state mandated reappraisal update in real estate valuations will result in increased real estate taxes beginning with the calendar year 2023 collection (approximately 15% increase). The District's long-term financial stability is also dependent on its State funding. The recently enacted Fair School Funding Plan at the State level provides minimal increases in funding in the short term. However, if phased in as proposed (but not legislatively approved yet), it does provide for financial relief to the District. The District assumes level student enrollment in the future. The District will watch things closely in the Ohio Statehouse as the legislature continues to implement / phase in its new funding model in the future.

Additionally note that the United States and the State of Ohio declared a state of emergency in March 2020 due to the COVID-19 pandemic. The financial impact of COVID-19 and ensuing emergency measures will impact subsequent reporting periods for the School District. This impact on the School District's future operating costs, revenues, and any recovery from emergency funding, either federal or state, cannot be fully estimated at this time.

In conclusion, the District's financial condition is improving. The May 2022 five year financial forecast reflected an actual surplus of \$2.07 million for FY 2022. Three improved revenue streams are anticipated during the forecasted period – an increase in public utility personal property taxes related to a new pipeline in the District, an increase in real estate tax revenues resulting from increased assessed property values and a new state funding formula. The forecast reflects the School District carryover cash balance being stable, recovering from past operating deficits in years prior to FY 2020. Note that this forecast is based on current provisions in the law which as always is subject to change. Current challenges facing state funding of public education in Ohio is an area of concern but there in new optimism for positive changes to take place.

Through the use of current, consistent and credible financial forecasts, the District will continue to manage the resources entrusted to it and to make decisions that are in the best interests of children, staff, communities and taxpayers. The Logan-Hocking Local School District's Board of Education, administration, and employees have committed themselves to financial prudence today and in the years to come.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Unaudited

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information contact Paul Shaw CPA CGMA RSBFO, Treasurer of the Logan-Hocking Local School District, 2019 East Front Street, Logan, Ohio, or email at <u>pshaw@lhsd.k12.oh.us</u>.

Statement of Net Position June 30, 2022

	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
Assets:	ф <u>10 (21 122</u>	ф <u>дод 151</u>	• 11 2 (0 202
Pooled Cash and Investments	\$ 10,631,132	\$ 737,151	\$ 11,368,283
Cash with Fiscal Agent	1,757,881	0	1,757,881
Receivables:	22 222 785	0	22 222 785
Taxes	22,222,785	0	22,222,785
Accounts	77,740	325	78,065
Intergovernmental	4,689,752	0	4,689,752
Interest	59	0	59
Inventory of Supplies at Cost	299,036	18,584	317,620
Prepaid Items	62,263	0	62,263
Net OPEB Asset	3,488,982	0	3,488,982
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated	1,998,822	0	1,998,822
Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net	92,252,438	31,168	92,283,606
Total Assets	137,480,890	787,228	138,268,118
Deferred Outflows of Resources:			
Deferred Loss on Bond Refunding	159,559	0	159,559
Pension	13,860,181	277,151	14,137,332
OPEB	2,070,941	318,199	2,389,140
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	16,090,681	595,350	16,686,031
Liabilities:			
Accounts Payable	454,942	1,041	455,983
Accrued Wages and Benefits	4,428,496	137,261	4,565,757
Intergovernmental Payable	921,497	32,195	953,692
Claims Payable	920,500	0	920,500
Accrued Interest Payable	64,688	0	64,688
Long Term Liabilities:			
Due Within One Year	2,004,979	124	2,005,103
Due in More Than One Year:			
Net Pension Liability	29,121,519	767,946	29,889,465
Net OPEB Liability	4,226,048	407,524	4,633,572
Other Amounts Due in More Than One Year	25,955,520	50,105	26,005,625
Total Liabilities	68,098,189	1,396,196	69,494,385
Deferred Inflows of Resources:			
Property Tax Levy for Next Fiscal Year	14,870,502	0	14,870,502
Pension	23,353,702	514,491	23,868,193
OPEB	6,629,103	367,634	6,996,737
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	44,853,307	882,125	45,735,432
i otai Deterreu mnows of Resources	44,033,307	002,123	45,755,452

(Continued)

	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
Net Position:			
Net Investment in Capital Assets	71,853,149	31,168	71,884,317
Restricted For:			
Capital Projects	1,908,840	0	1,908,840
Debt Service	2,351,912	0	2,351,912
Federal and State Programs	3,403,586	0	3,403,586
Unrestricted (Deficit)	(38,897,412)	(926,911)	(39,824,323)
Total Net Position	\$ 40,620,075	\$ (895,743)	\$ 39,724,332

Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

				Pro	gram Revenues			
			harges for	Op	erating Grants	Capi	tal Grants	
		S	ervices and		and	and		
	Expenses		Sales	C	ontributions	Con	tributions	
Governmental Activities:								
Instructional Services:								
Regular	\$ 21,056,962	\$	855,641	\$	8,920,729	\$	0	
Special	8,929,011		0		3,543,702		0	
Vocational	387,815		0		0		0	
Other	208,029		0		0		0	
Support Services:								
Pupils	2,988,932		0		346,527		0	
Instructional Staff	1,954,962		0		697,094		0	
Board of Education	155,730		0		0		0	
Administration	3,735,156		0		118,523		0	
Fiscal Services	1,454,216		0		14,151		0	
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	4,480,602		0		266,267		0	
Pupil Transportation	3,371,389		0		42,202		0	
Central	126,745		0		0		0	
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	966,737		0		506,866		0	
Extracurricular Activities	2,324,288		782,465		197,333		85,000	
Interest and Fiscal Charges	741,500		0		0		0	
Total Governmental Activities	 52,882,074		1,638,106		14,653,394		85,000	
Business-Type Activities:								
Food Service	2,281,601		72,574		2,800,371		0	
Total Business-Type Activities	 2,281,601		72,574	_	2,800,371		0	
Totals	\$ 55,163,675	\$	1,710,680	\$	17,453,765	\$	85,000	

General Revenues

Property Taxes Levied for: General Purposes Debt Service Capital Outlay Special Purposes Intergovernmental, Unrestricted Investment Earnings Miscellaneous Total General Revenues

Change in Net Position

Net Position Beginning of Year Net Position End of Year

			Expense) Revenu nges in Net Posit		
	anu	Cilai	iges in Net Fosit	1011	
G	overnmental Activities	Вι	isiness-Type Activities		Total
\$	(11,280,592)	\$	0	\$	(11,280,592)
	(5,385,309)		0		(5,385,309)
	(387,815)		0		(387,815)
	(208,029)		0		(208,029)
	(2,642,405)		0		(2,642,405)
	(1,257,868)		0		(1,257,868)
	(155,730)		0		(155,730)
	(3,616,633)		0		(3,616,633)
	(1,440,065)		0		(1,440,065)
	(4,214,335)		0		(4,214,335)
	(3,329,187)		0		(3,329,187)
	(126,745)		0		(126,745)
	(459,871)		0		(459,871)
	(1,259,490)		0		(1,259,490)
	(741,500)		0		(741,500)
	(36,505,574)		0		(36,505,574)
	0		591,344		591,344
	0		591,344		591,344
\$	(36,505,574)	\$	591,344	\$	(35,914,230)
	18,675,426		0		18,675,426
	1,154,676		0		1,154,676
	3,210,655		0		3,210,655
	305,478		0		305,478
	20,362,860		0		20,362,860
	(367,937)		0		(367,937)
	551,431		0		551,431
	43,892,589		0		43,892,589
	7,387,015		591,344		7,978,359
	33,233,060		(1,487,087)		31,745,973
\$	40,620,075	\$	(895,743)	\$	39,724,332

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2022

Assets: Pooled Cash and Investments Cash with Fiscal Agent	\$	5,616,212	¢		_	nprovement	 Funds	 Funds
	\$							
Cash with Fiscal Agent			\$	0	\$	928,564	\$ 4,086,356	\$ 10,631,132
		1,257,881		0		0	500,000	1,757,881
Receivables:								
Taxes		17,531,759		0		3,396,036	1,294,990	22,222,785
Accounts		69,670		0		0	8,070	77,740
Intergovernmental		11,745		3,275,133		0	1,402,874	4,689,752
Interest		59		0		0	0	59
Interfund Loans Receivable		4,775,765		0		0	0	4,775,765
Inventory of Supplies at Cost		299,036		0		0	0	299,036
Prepaid Items		62,263		0		0	 0	 62,263
Total Assets	\$	29,624,390	\$	3,275,133	\$	4,324,600	\$ 7,292,290	\$ 44,516,413
Liabilities:								
Accounts Payable	\$	150,565	\$	38,348	\$	48,371	\$ 217,658	\$ 454,942
Accrued Wages and Benefits		3,958,647		64,256		14,883	390,710	4,428,496
Intergovernmental Payable		836,808		8,537		23,621	52,531	921,497
Claims Payable		920,500		0		0	0	920,500
Interfund Loans Payable		0		3,275,133		0	1,500,632	4,775,765
Compensated Absences Payable		18,536		7,932		0	0	26,468
Total Liabilities		5,885,056		3,394,206		86,875	2,161,531	 11,527,668
Deferred Inflows of Resources:								
Unavailable Amounts		341,609		1,044,985		67,657	737,564	2,191,815
Property Tax Levy for Next Fiscal Year		11,644,732		0		2,390,790	834,980	14,870,502
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	_	11,986,341	_	1,044,985		2,458,447	 1,572,544	 17,062,317
Fund Balances:								
Nonspendable		384,142		0		0	0	384,142
Restricted		39,806		0		1,779,278	4,833,767	6,652,851
Assigned		1,191,575		0		0	0	1,191,575
Unassigned		10,137,470		(1,164,058)		0	(1,275,552)	7,697,860
Total Fund Balances		11,752,993		(1,164,058)		1,779,278	 3,558,215	 15,926,428
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of							 	
Resources and Fund Balances	\$	29,624,390	\$	3,275,133	\$	4,324,600	\$ 7,292,290	\$ 44,516,413

Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balances to Net Position of Governmental Activities June 30, 2022

Total Governmental Fund Balances		\$ 15,926,428
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because		
Capital Assets used in governmental activities are not		
resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.		94,251,260
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-		
period expenditures and therefore are deferred in the funds.		2,191,815
The net pension and OPEB liabilities/asset are not due and payable, nor availabl	e	
in the current period; therefore, the liabilities/asset and related deferred		
inflows/outflows are not reported in governmental funds:		
Deferred Outflows - Pension	13,860,181	
Deferred Inflows - Pension	(23,353,702)	
Net Pension Liability	(29,121,519)	
Deferred Outflows - OPEB	2,070,941	
Deferred Inflows - OPEB	(6,629,103)	
Net OPEB Asset	3,488,982	
Net OPEB Liability	(4,226,048)	(43,910,268)
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due		
and payable in the current period and therefore are not		
reported in the funds.		
General Obligation Bonds Payable	(10,182,412)	
Deferred Loss on Refunding	159,559	
Certificates of Participation	(8,183,764)	
Bank Loan	(5,584,460)	
Compensated Absences Payable	(3,725,685)	
Leases Payable	(257,710)	
Accrued Interest Payable	(64,688)	(27,839,160)
Net Position of Governmental Activities		\$ 40,620,075

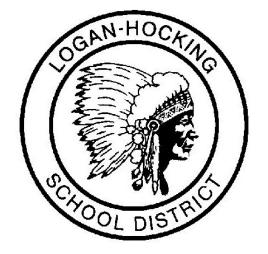
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

		General		ESSER		Permanent nprovement		Nonmajor overnmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues: Local Sources:									
Taxes	\$	18,606,809	\$	0	\$	3,238,218	\$	1,472,950	\$ 23,317,977
Tuition	φ	853,135	φ	0	φ	J,238,218 0	φ	1,472,950	\$ 23,317,977
Investment Earnings		(373,067)		0		0		5,130	(367,937)
Extracurricular Activities		39,398		0		0		497,527	536,925
Class Materials and Fees		0		0		2,506		219,661	222,167
Intermediate Sources		0		0		2,500		26,085	26,085
Intergovernmental - State		24,389,266		0		274,940		417,173	25,081,379
Intergovernmental - Federal		549,114		5,184,676		274,940		3,533,286	9,267,076
Gifts and Donations		0		0,104,070 0		0		85,000	85,000
All Other Revenue		417,347		0		5,001		128,877	551,225
Total Revenues		44,482,002		5,184,676		3,520,665		6,385,689	59,573,032
Expenditures:						<u> </u>			
Current:									
Instructional Services:									
Regular		17,350,291		3,272,871		117,478		1,079,912	21,820,552
Special		7,027,415		709,774		4.060		2,279,543	10,020,792
Vocational		432,824		0		0		_,_,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	432,824
Other		250,542		0		0		0	250,542
Support Services:									
Pupils		3,199,890		0		0		88,309	3,288,199
Instructional Staff		1,027,722		113,002		330,085		559,429	2,030,238
Board of Education		149,314		0		6,249		0	155,563
Administration		3,856,142		0		295		133,793	3,990,230
Fiscal Services		1,413,088		12,439		85,701		32,361	1,543,589
Operation and Maintenance of Plant		3,740,578		0		356,280		178,384	4,275,242
Pupil Transportation		2,960,412		33,656		508,753		4,320	3,507,141
Central		126,745		0		0		0	126,745
Operation of Non-Instructional Services		79,523		143,020		9,924		605,536	838,003
Extracurricular Activities		777,336		173,463		5,061		606,786	1,562,646
Capital Outlay		0		183,347		1,114,804		3,348,345	4,646,496
Debt Service:									
Principal Retirement		212,081		0		425,205		1,155,000	1,792,286
Interest and Fiscal Charges		19,519		0		289,331		515,625	824,475
Total Expenditures	_	42,623,422	_	4,641,572		3,253,226		10,587,343	61,105,563
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues									
Over (Under) Expenditures		1,858,580		543,104		267,439		(4,201,654)	(1,532,531)

(Continued)

	General	ESSER	Permanent Improvement	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Sale of Capital Assets	0	0	702	0	702
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	0	0	702	0	702
Net Change in Fund Balance	1,858,580	543,104	268,141	(4,201,654)	(1,531,829)
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	9,864,295	(1,707,162)	1,511,137	7,759,869	17,428,139
Increase in Inventory	30,118	0	0	0	30,118
Fund Balances End of Year	\$ 11,752,993	\$ (1,164,058)	\$ 1,779,278	\$ 3,558,215	\$ 15,926,428

r the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022		
Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds		\$ (1,531,829
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlay exceeded depreciation in the current period.		2,784,111
The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (i.e. disposals and donations) is to increase net position. The statement of activities reports losses arising from the disposal of appital assets. Conversely, the governmental funds		
disposal of capital assets. Conversely, the governmental funds do not report any loss on the disposal of capital assets.		(106,16
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.		696,05
Contractually required contributions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds; however, the statement of net position reports these amounts as deferred outflows: Pension OPEB	4,392,360 150,229	4,542,58
Except for amounts reported as deferred inflows/outflows, changes in the net pension and OPEB liabilities/asset are reported as pension/OPEB expense in the statement of activities:	130,229	1,0 12,00
Pension OPEB	(595,152) 148,841	(446,31
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, but has no effect on net position. In addition, repayment of bond and lease principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the		
governmental activities. In the statement of activities, interest is accrued on outstanding bonds,		1,872,94
whereas in governmental funds, an interest expenditure is reported when due.		2,32
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities, such as compensated absences do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds.		
Compensated Absences Change in Inventory	(456,822) 30,118	(426,70
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities		\$ 7,387,01



Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) General Fund – For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

				Variance with Final Budget Positive		
D	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	(Negative)		
Revenues:						
Local Sources:						
Taxes	\$ 17,121,000	\$ 17,421,000	\$ 17,528,664	\$ 107,664		
Tuition	1,240,000	1,240,000	846,076	(393,924)		
Investment Earnings	82,000	82,000	26,330	(55,670)		
Intergovernmental - State	24,236,000	24,832,580	24,377,521	(455,059)		
Intergovernmental - Federal	231,000	231,000	549,114	318,114		
All Other Revenues	1,023,000	1,023,000	252,056	(770,944)		
Total Revenues	43,933,000	44,829,580	43,579,761	(1,249,819)		
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Instructional Services:						
Regular	16,120,653	16,870,654	17,508,767	(638,113)		
Special	6,739,036	7,039,037	6,957,291	81,746		
Vocational	412,677	412,677	412,671	6		
Other	250,093	250,093	248,707	1,386		
Support Services:						
Pupils	2,706,185	3,206,185	3,206,194	(9)		
Instructional Staff	803,903	1,053,904	1,010,921	42,983		
Board of Education	152,843	152,843	142,802	10,041		
Administration	3,438,857	3,938,857	3,910,972	27,885		
Fiscal Services	1,411,462	1,411,462	1,411,462	0		
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	3,446,635	3,946,635	3,946,637	(2)		
Pupil Transportation	2,881,736	3,381,738	3,381,711	27		
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	87,111	87,111	70,307	16,804		
Extracurricular Activities	764,657	764,657	757,709	6,948		
Capital Outlay	15,382	15,382	15,382	0		
Total Expenditures	39,231,230	42,531,235	42,981,533	(450,298)		
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
Over (Under) Expenditures	4,701,770	2,298,345	598,228	(1,700,117)		

(Continued)

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Transfers Out	(46,835)	(46,835)	(46,835)	0
Advances In	1,110,000	1,110,000	1,109,763	(237)
Advances Out	(1,358,343)	(1,772,193)	(1,772,193)	0
Refund of Prior Year's Expenditures	0	0	439,505	439,505
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(295,178)	(709,028)	(269,760)	439,268
Net Change in Fund Balance	4,406,592	1,589,317	328,468	(1,260,849)
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	7,448,568	7,448,568	7,448,568	0
Prior Year Encumbrances	151,834	151,834	151,834	0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$ 12,006,994	\$ 9,189,719	\$ 7,928,870	\$ (1,260,849)

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) Special Revenue Fund – Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund (ESSER) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
Revenues:		<u> </u>			 			
Local Sources:								
Intergovernmental - Federal	\$	6,400,000	\$	10,766,595	\$ 3,144,018	\$	(7,622,577)	
Total Revenues	-	6,400,000	<u> </u>	10,766,595	 3,144,018		(7,622,577)	
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Instructional Services:								
Regular		4,682,196		5,164,068	4,059,619		1,104,449	
Special		1,117,792		1,232,831	706,986		525,845	
Support Services:								
Instructional Staff		196,341		216,548	126,511		90,037	
Fiscal Services		11,278		12,439	12,439		0	
Pupil Transportation		136,348		150,380	33,656		116,724	
Operation of Non-Instructional Services		149,106		164,451	112,005		52,446	
Extracurricular Activities		157,277		173,463	173,463		0	
Capital Outlay		959,590		1,058,347	1,058,347		0	
Total Expenditures		7,409,928		8,172,527	6,283,026		1,889,501	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
Over (Under) Expenditures		(1,009,928)		2,594,068	(3,139,008)		(5,733,076)	
Other Financing Sources (Uses):								
Advances In		0		0	1,045,929		1,045,929	
Advances Out		0		(949,378)	(949,378)		0	
Refund of Prior Year's Expenditures		0		1,750,000	 875,000		(875,000)	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		0		800,622	 971,551		170,929	
Net Change in Fund Balance		(1,009,928)		3,394,690	(2,167,457)		(5,562,147)	
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		(1,226,591)		(1,226,591)	(1,226,591)		0	
Prior Year Encumbrances		1,037,103		1,037,103	 1,037,103		0	
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$	(1,199,416)	\$	3,205,202	\$ (2,356,945)	\$	(5,562,147)	

Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds June 30, 2022

		Type Activities prise Fund
	Foo	d Service
Assets:		
Current Assets:		
Pooled Cash and Investments	\$	737,151
Receivables:		
Accounts		325
Inventory of Supplies at Cost Total Current Assets		18,584
1 otal Current Assets		756,060
Non Current Assets:		
Capital Assets, Net		31,168
Total Assets		787,228
Deferred Outflows of Resources:		
Pension		277,151
OPEB		318,199
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		595,350
Liabilities:		
Current Liabilities:		
Accounts Payable		1,041
Accrued Wages and Benefits		137,261
Intergovernmental Payable		32,195
Compensated Absences - Current		124
Total Current Liabilities		170,621
Long Term Liabilities:		
Compensated Absences Payable		50,105
Net Pension Liability		767,946
Net OPEB Liability		407,524
Total Long Term Liabilities		1,225,575
Total Liabilities		1,396,196
Deferred Inflows of Resources:		
Pension		514,491
OPEB		367,634
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		882,125
Net Position:		
Investment in Capital Assets		31,168
Unrestricted		(926,911)
Total Net Position	\$	(895,743)

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position Proprietary Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Business-Type Activities Enterprise Fund		
	Food Service		
Operating Revenues:			
Sales	\$	51,998	
Other Operating Revenue		17,635	
Total Operating Revenues		69,633	
Operating Expenses:			
Salaries and Wages		809,744	
Fringe Benefits		479,189	
Contractual Services		926	
Supplies and Materials		986,259	
Depreciation		4,875	
Other Operating Expenses		608	
Total Operating Expenses		2,281,601	
Operating Loss		(2,211,968)	
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses):			
Operating Grants		2,800,371	
Investment Earnings		2,941	
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)		2,803,312	
Change in Net Position		591,344	
Net Position Beginning of Year		(1,487,087)	
Net Position End of Year	\$	(895,743)	

Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

		s-Type Activities
		terprise Fund
	F	ood Service
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:	¢	(0.000
Cash Received from Customers	\$	69,308
Cash Payments for Goods and Services		(792,836)
Cash Payments to Employees for Services and Benefits		(1,292,301)
Net Cash Used for Operating Activities		(2,015,829)
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities:		
Federal Grants Received		2,599,600
Net Cash Provided by Noncapital Financing Activities		2,599,600
Receipts of Interest		2,941
Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities		2,941
Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents		586,712
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year		150,439
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	\$	737,151
Reconciliation of Operating Loss to Net Cash		
Used for Operating Activities:		
Operating Loss	\$	(2,211,968)
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Loss to		
Net Cash Used for Operating Activities:		
Depreciation Expense		4,875
Donated Commodities Used During the Year		200,771
Changes in Assets, Liabilities, and Deferred Outflows/Inflows:		
Increase in Accounts Receivable		(325)
Increase in Inventory		(6,407)
Decrease in Deferred Outflows		229,819
Increase in Accounts Payable		593
Decrease in Accrued Wages and Benefits		(7,583)
Increase in Intergovernmental Payables		6,830
Decrease in Compensated Absences		(12,764)
Decrease in Net Pension Liability		(682,530)
Decrease in Net OPEB Liability		(89,879)
Increase in Deferred Inflows		552,739
Total Adjustments		196,139
Net Cash Used for Operating Activities	\$	(2,015,829)

Statement of Net Position Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2022

		Custodial Funds	
Assets:			
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	194,645	
Beneficial Interest in Assets Held by Foundation		1,162,133	
Total Assets	1,356,778		
Liabilities:			
Intergovernmental Payable		37	
Due to Others		41,651	
Total Liabilities		41,688	
Net Position:			
Restricted For:			
Scholarships		1,315,090	
Total Net Position	\$	1,315,090	

Statement of Changes in Net Position Fiduciary Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Custodial Funds	
Additions:		
Contributions:		
Miscellaneous Collections for Others	\$	12,789
Donations		94,796
Total Contributions		107,585
Investment Earnings:		
Interest		3,358
Net Change in the Fair Value of Investments		(185,783)
Total Investment Earnings		(182,425)
Total Additions		(74,840)
Deductions:		
Distribution of Miscellaneous Collections for Others		13,280
Community Gifts, Awards and Scholarships		68,686
Total Deductions		81,966
Change in Net Position		(156,806)
Net Position at Beginning of Year		1,471,896
Net Position End of Year	\$	1,315,090

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. <u>Reporting Entity</u>

Logan-Hocking Local School District, Ohio (the District) is a body politic and corporate established for the purpose of exercising the rights and privileges conveyed to it by the constitution and laws of the State of Ohio.

The District is governed by a locally elected five member Board of Education (the Board) which provides educational services. The Board controls the District's instructional support facilities staffed by approximately 191 noncertified and approximately 329 certified teaching personnel and administrative employees providing education to 3,629 students.

The accompanying basic financial statements comply with the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 14, "*The Financial Reporting Entity*," and Statement No. 39, "*Determining Whether Certain Organizations are Component Units*," in that the financial statements include all organizations, activities, functions and component units for which the District (the reporting entity) is financially accountable. Financial accountability is defined as the appointment of a voting majority of a legally separate organization's governing board and either the District's ability to impose its will over the organization or the possibility that the organization will provide a financial benefit to, or impose a financial burden on the District. Additionally, the primary government is required to consider other organizations for which the primary government is not financially accountable to determine whether the relationship is such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

The District is a member of the Metropolitan Educational Technology Association (META), the Tri-County Career Center, and the Coalition of Rural and Appalachian Schools. All of the aforementioned entities are jointly governed organizations that provide various services to member school districts, see Note 17 "Jointly Governed Organizations." The District is also a participant in the Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan and the South Central Ohio Insurance Consortium, which are insurance purchasing pools, see Note 18.

Based on the foregoing, the reporting entity of the District includes the following services: instructional (regular, special education, vocational), student guidance, extracurricular activities, food service, pupil transportation and care and upkeep of grounds and buildings.

The accounting policies and financial reporting practices of the District conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applicable to governmental units. The following is a summary of its significant accounting policies.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

B. Basis of Presentation - Fund Accounting

The accounting system is organized and operated on the basis of funds, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, fund equity, revenues and expenditures/expenses. The various funds are summarized by type in the basic financial statements.

The following fund types are used by the District:

Governmental Funds - These are funds through which most governmental functions typically are financed. The acquisition, use and balances of the District's expendable financial resources and the related current liabilities (except those accounted for in the proprietary funds) are accounted for through governmental funds. The measurement focus is upon determination of "financial flow" (sources, uses and balances of financial resources). The following are the District's major governmental funds:

<u>General Fund</u> - This fund is the general operating fund of the District and is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The general fund balance is available to the District for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

<u>Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief (ESSER) Fund</u> – To account for emergency grants received for Covid-19 relief. Funds may be used for providing for coordination of preparedness and response efforts, training and professional development of staff, planning and coordination during long-term closure, and purchasing technology for students.

<u>Permanent</u> <u>Improvement</u> <u>Fund</u> – This fund accounts for the acquisition, construction and improvement of capital facilities other than those financed by proprietary and trust funds.

The other governmental funds of the District account for grants and other resources whose use is restricted to a particular purpose.

Proprietary Funds - The proprietary funds are accounted for on an "economic resources" measurement focus. This measurement focus provides that all assets, liabilities, and deferred outflows/inflows of resources associated with the operation of the proprietary funds are included on the balance sheet. The proprietary fund operating statements present increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in net position.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

B. <u>Basis of Presentation</u> - <u>Fund</u> <u>Accounting</u> (Continued)

<u>Enterprise Funds</u> - These funds are used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises in which the intent of the governing body is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges. The District's major enterprise fund is:

<u>Food</u> <u>Service</u> <u>Fund</u> – This fund accounts for the financial transactions related to the food service operations of the District.

Fiduciary Funds – Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net position and changes in net position. The fiduciary category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private-purpose trust funds, and custodial funds. Trust funds are used to account for assets held by the District under a trust agreement for individuals, private organizations or other governments and therefore not available to support the District's own programs. The District's custodial funds are used to account for monies held and distributed for scholarships, athletic tournaments, and athletic booster activities.

C. <u>Basis of Presentation</u> – <u>Financial Statements</u>

<u>Government-wide</u> <u>Financial</u> <u>Statements</u> – The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds. The statements distinguish between those activities of the District that are governmental and those that are considered business-type activities.

The government-wide statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. This is the same approach used in the preparation of the proprietary fund financial statements but differs from the manner in which governmental fund financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

C. Basis of Presentation - Financial Statements (Continued)

The government-wide statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each segment of the business-type activities of the District and for each function or program of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues which are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the District, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each business segment or governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the District.

Fund Financial Statements – Fund financial statements report detailed information about the District. The focus of governmental and enterprise fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. Fiduciary funds are reported by fund type.

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. All governmental fund types are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. The financial statements for governmental funds are a balance sheet, which generally includes only current assets, current liabilities, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, and a statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances, which reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources.

All proprietary fund types are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, all assets, liabilities, and deferred outflows/inflows of resources associated with the operation of these funds are included on the statement of net position. The statement of changes in fund net position presents increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in net position. The statement of cash flows provides information about how the District finances and meets the cash flow needs of its proprietary activities.

Fiduciary funds are reported using the economic resources measurement focus.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

D. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting represents the methodology utilized in the recognition of revenues and expenditures or expenses reported in the financial statements. The accounting and reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus.

The modified accrual basis of accounting is followed by the governmental funds. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recorded when susceptible to accrual, i.e., both measurable and available. The term "available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period, which for the District is considered to be 60 days after fiscal year end. Expenditures are recognized in the accounting period in which the fund liability is incurred, if measurable, except for unmatured interest on general long-term debt which is recognized when due.

Revenue considered susceptible to accrual at year end includes property taxes, tuition, grants and entitlements, student fees, and interest on investments.

Current property taxes measurable at June 30, 2022, which are not intended to finance fiscal 2022 operations, have been recorded as receivables and deferred inflows of resources. Delinquent property taxes measurable and available (received within 60 days) and amounts available as an advance on future tax settlements are recognized as revenue at fiscal year end.

The accrual basis of accounting is utilized for reporting purposes by the government-wide financial statements, proprietary funds, and custodial funds. Revenues are recognized when they are earned and expenses are recognized when incurred.

Revenues – **Exchange and Non-exchange Transactions** – Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place.

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NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

D. <u>Basis of Accounting</u> (Continued)

Nonexchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Grants and entitlements received before eligibility requirements are met are recorded as deferred inflows of resources.

Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the District on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from nonexchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

E. <u>Budgetary Process</u>

The budgetary process is prescribed by provisions of the Ohio Revised Code and entails the preparation of budgetary documents within an established timetable. The major documents prepared are the tax budget, the certificate of estimated resources and the appropriation resolution, all of which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The certificate of estimated resources and the appropriation resolution are subject to amendment throughout the fiscal year.

All funds other than custodial funds are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated; however, only the general and major special revenues funds are required to be reported for budgetary purposes. The primary level of budgetary control is at the fund level. Budgetary modifications may only be made by resolution of the Board of Education at the fund level.

1. Tax Budget

By January 15, the Superintendent and Treasurer submit an annual operating budget for the following fiscal year to the Board of Education for consideration and passage. The adopted budget is submitted to the County Auditor, as Secretary of the County Budget Commission, by January 20 of each year for the period July 1 to June 30 of the following fiscal year.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

E. Budgetary Process (Continued)

2. Estimated Resources

Prior to March 15, the Board accepts by formal resolution, the tax rates as determined by the County Budget Commission and receives the Commission's Certificate of Estimated Resources which states the projected revenue of each fund. Prior to June 30, the District must revise its budget so that the total contemplated expenditures from any fund during the ensuing fiscal year will not exceed the amount available as stated in the certificate of estimated resources. The revised budget then serves as the basis for the annual appropriations measure. On or about July 1, the certificate of estimated resources is amended to include any unencumbered fund balances from the preceding fiscal year. The certificate may be further amended during the fiscal year if a new source of revenue is identified or actual receipts exceed current estimates. The final budget amounts reported on the budgetary statement reflect the amounts in the final amended official certificate of estimated resources issued during fiscal year 2022.

3. Appropriations

A temporary appropriation measure to control expenditures may be passed on or about July 1 of each year for the period July 1 through September 30. An annual appropriation resolution must be passed by October 1 of each year for the period July 1 through June 30. The appropriation resolution establishes spending controls at the fund level. The appropriation resolution may be amended during the year as additional information becomes available, provided that total fund appropriations do not exceed the current estimated resources as certified. Appropriations may be amended at the fund level by Board approval. The allocation of appropriations among departments and objects within a fund may be modified during the year by the District Treasurer. During the fiscal year, several supplemental appropriations were necessary to budget the use of contingency funds. Administrative control is maintained through the establishment of more detailed line-item budgets. The budgetary figures which appear in the "Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances-Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis)" are provided on the budgetary basis to provide a comparison of actual results to the final budget, including all amendments and modifications.

4. Lapsing of Appropriations

At the close of each fiscal year, the unencumbered balance of each appropriation reverts to the respective fund from which it was appropriated and becomes subject to future appropriations. The encumbered appropriation balance is carried forward to the subsequent fiscal year and need not be reappropriated.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

E. Budgetary Process (Continued)

5. Budgetary Basis of Accounting

The District's budgetary process accounts for certain transactions on a basis other than GAAP. The major differences between the budgetary basis and the GAAP basis lie in the manner in which revenues and expenditures are recorded. Under the budgetary basis, revenues and expenditures are recorded on a cash basis. Utilizing the cash basis, revenues are recorded when received in cash and expenditures when paid. Under the GAAP basis, revenues and expenditures are recorded on the modified accrual basis of accounting.

The following table summarizes the adjustments necessary to reconcile the GAAP basis statement to the budgetary basis statement for the General Fund and Major Special Revenue Fund:

Net Change in Fund Balance			
	General Fund	ESSER Fund	
GAAP Basis (as reported)	\$1,858,580	\$543,104	
Increase (Decrease):			
Accrued Revenues at June 30, 2022, received during FY 2023	(8,322,361)	(2,230,148)	
Accrued Revenues at June 30, 2021, received during FY 2022	7,035,139	189,490	
Accrued Expenditures at June 30, 2022, paid during FY 2023	5,885,056	1,165,002	
Accrued Expenditures at June 30, 2021,	(5.220.560)	(1 717 242)	
paid during FY 2022	(5,330,569)	(1,717,243)	
FY 2021 Prepaids for FY 2022	90,412	10,079	
FY 2022 Prepaids for FY 2023 Encumbrances Outstanding	(62,263) (837,312)	0 (127,741)	
Perspective Difference:	(657,512)	(127,741)	
Activity of Funds Reclassified			
for GAAP Reporting Purposes	11,786	0	
Budget Basis	\$328,468	(\$2,167,457)	

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

F. Cash and Cash Equivalents

During fiscal year 2022, cash and cash equivalents included amounts in demand deposits, the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio), and investments with original maturities of less than three months. The District pools its cash for investment and resource management purposes. Each fund's equity in pooled cash and investments represents the balance on hand as if each fund maintained its own cash and investment account. See Note 6, "Cash and Investments."

G. Investments

Investment procedures and interest allocations are restricted by provisions of the Ohio Constitution and the Ohio Revised Code. The District allocates interest among certain funds based upon the fund's cash balance at the date of investment. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 31, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and for External Investment Pools" and GASB Statement No. 72, "Fair Value Measurement and Application," the District records all its investments at fair value except for nonparticipating investment contracts which are reported at cost, which approximates fair value. All investment income, including changes in the fair value of investments, is recognized as revenue in the operating statements. Under existing Ohio statutes all investment earnings are assigned to the General Fund unless statutorily required to be credited to a specific fund. Interest revenue credited to the General Fund during fiscal year 2022 included \$5,270 assigned from other funds.

The District categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. See Note 6, "Cash and Investments."

The District's investment in the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio) is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company and is recognized as an external investment pool by the District. The District measures the investment in STAR Ohio at the net asset value (NAV) per share provided by STAR Ohio. The NAV per share is calculated on an amortized cost basis that provides a NAV per share that approximates fair value. For fiscal year 2022, there were no limitations or restrictions on any participant withdrawals due to redemption notice periods, liquidity fees, or redemption gates. However, notice must be given 24 hours in advance of all deposits and withdrawals exceeding \$100 million. STAR Ohio reserves the right to limit the transaction to \$250 million, requiring the excess amount to be transacted the following business day(s), but only to the \$250 million limit. All accounts of the participant will be combined for these purposes.

H. Inventory

On government-wide financial statements, inventories are presented at the lower of cost or market on a first-in, first-out basis and are expensed when used. On fund financial statements, inventories of governmental funds are stated at cost while inventories of proprietary funds are stated at the lower of cost or market. For all funds, cost is determined on a first-in, first-out basis. Inventory in governmental funds consists of expendable supplies held for consumption. The cost of inventory items is recorded as expenditures in the governmental fund types when purchased and in the proprietary funds when used.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

I. <u>Prepaid Items</u>

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond June 30, 2022, are recorded as prepaid items using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amount is recorded at the time of the purchase and an expenditure/expense is reported in the year in which services are consumed.

J. Capital Assets and Depreciation

1. Property, Plant and Equipment - Governmental Activities and Governmental Funds

Governmental activities capital assets are those not directly related to the business-type funds. These generally are acquired or constructed for governmental activities and are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost for assets not purchased in recent years) in the Governmental Activities column of the Government-wide Statement of Net Position. These costs are reported as expenditures when incurred in the Fund Financial Statements. The District follows the policy of not capitalizing assets with a cost of less than \$5,000.

Contributed capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date received. The District does not possess any infrastructure. Estimated historical costs for governmental activities capital asset values were initially determined by identifying historical costs where such information was available. In cases where information supporting original cost was not obtainable, estimated historical costs were developed. For certain capital assets, the estimates were arrived at by indexing estimated current costs back to the estimated fiscal year of acquisition.

2. Property, Plant and Equipment - Business-Type Activities

Property, plant and equipment acquired by the proprietary funds are stated at cost (or estimated historical cost). Contributed capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date received. These assets are reported in both the Business-Type Activities column of the Government-wide Statement of Net Position and in the respective funds.

3. Depreciation

All capital assets are depreciated, excluding land and construction in progress. Depreciation has been provided using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Description	Estimated Lives (in years)	
Land Improvements	20	
Buildings and Improvements	20-50	
Machinery and Equipment	5-20	
Vehicles	10	

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

K. Long-Term Obligations

Long-term liabilities are being repaid from the following funds:

Obligation	Fund
General Obligation Bonds	General Fund, Bond Retirement Fund
Certificates of Participation	Building Fund
Installment Loans	Permanent Improvement Fund
Leases	General Fund
Compensated Absences/ Net Pension/OPEB Liability	General Fund, ESSER Fund, Permanent Improvement Fund, Food Service Fund, Auxiliary Services Fund, Early Childhood Education Fund, Field House Fund, Title VI-B Fund, SSAE Fund, Title I Fund, 21 st Century Learning Centers Fund, EHA Preschool Grant Fund, Miscellaneous Federal Grants Fund

L. Compensated Absences

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 16, "Accounting for Compensated Absences," vacation benefits are accrued as a liability when an employee's right to receive compensation is attributable to services already rendered, and it is probable that the employee will be compensated through paid time off or some other means, such as cash payments at termination or retirement. Administrators and classified staff who work twelve-month contracts are granted vacation leave based on length of service and position. Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the vesting method. Employees may earn 15 days of sick leave per year up to a maximum of 240 days. Upon retirement, employees will receive one-fourth of the accumulated sick leave up to a maximum of 60 days. For governmental funds, that portion of unpaid compensated absences that is due at year-end is reported as an expenditure in the fund from which the individual earning the leave is paid, and a corresponding liability is reflected in the account "Compensated Absences Payable." For governmental funds, compensated absences are recognized as liabilities and expenditures to the extent payments come due each period upon the occurrence of employee resignations and retirements. In the government wide statement of net position, "Compensated Absences Payable" is recorded within the "Due within one year" account and the long-term portion of the liability is recorded within the "Due in more than one year" account. Compensated absences are expensed in the proprietary funds when earned and the related liability is reported within the fund.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

M. Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets, liabilities, and deferred outflows/inflows of resources. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments.

Net position restricted for other purposes represents balances in special revenue funds which are restricted in use per federal and state grant agreements. The District applies restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available. Of the District's \$7,664,338 restricted net position, none is restricted by enabling legislation.

N. Pension/OPEB

For purposes of measuring the net pension and OPEB liability/asset, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension and OPEB, and pension and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the pension and OPEB plans and additions to/deductions from their fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the pension and OPEB plans. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. The pension and OPEB plans report investments at fair value.

O. Interfund Activity

The District has no exchange transactions between funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds and after nonoperating revenues/expenses in proprietary funds. Short-term interfund loans between governmental and business-type activities have not been eliminated on the government-wide statement of net position and are presented as internal balances.

As a general rule the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements, except in situations where elimination would cause distortion to the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

P. <u>Fund</u> Balance

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The classifications are as follows:

Nonspendable - The nonspendable fund balance category includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form, or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash. For the District this includes prepaid items and supplies inventory.

Restricted – The fund balance is reported as restricted when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or is imposed by law through constitutional provisions.

Committed - The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes imposed by a formal action (resolution) of the District Board of Education. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the District Board of Education removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (resolution) it employed to previously commit those amounts. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

Assigned - Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the District for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. Assigned amounts represent intended uses established by policies of the School District Board of Education, including giving the Treasurer the authority to constrain monies for intended purposes. The School District Board of Education may assign fund balance as it does when appropriating fund balance to cover a gap between estimated revenues and appropriations in the subsequent year's appropriated budget. Through the District's purchasing policy the Board of Education has given the Treasurer the authority to constrain monies for intended purposes, which are also reported as assigned fund balance.

Unassigned - Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed, or assigned. The District applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Q. Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

R. Operating Revenues and Expenses

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues are those revenues that are generated directly from the primary activity of the proprietary funds. For the District, these revenues are sales for food service. Operating expenses are necessary costs incurred to provide the good or service that is the primary activity of the fund. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

S. <u>Deferred</u> <u>Outflows/Inflows of Resources</u>

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/ expenditure) until then. For the District, deferred outflows of resources are reported on the government-wide statement of net position for deferred loss on debt refunding, pension, and OPEB. A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. The deferred outflows of resources related to pension and OPEB are explained in Notes 11 and 12.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. For the District, deferred inflows of resources include property taxes, pension, OPEB, and unavailable revenue. On the government-wide statement of net position and governmental funds balance sheet, property taxes that are intended to finance future fiscal periods are reported as deferred inflows. In addition, the governmental funds balance sheet reports deferred inflows which arise only under a modified accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, the item, unavailable amounts, is reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet. The governmental funds report unavailable amounts for property taxes and grants. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available. Deferred inflows of resources related to pension and OPEB are reported on the government-wide statement of net position as explained in Notes 11 and 12.

NOTE 2 - COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Fund Deficits - The fund deficits at June 30, 2022 of \$1,164,058 in the Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief (ESSER) Fund (major governmental fund), \$895,743 in the Food Service Fund (enterprise fund), \$49,147 in the Early Childhood Education Fund, \$94,836 in the Field House Fund, \$278,968 in the Title VI-B Fund, \$28,790 in the Student Support and Academic Enrichment (SSAE) Fund, \$339,140 in the Title I Fund, \$124,596 in the 21st Century Learning Centers Fund, \$8,440 in the EHA Preschool Grant Fund, \$9,736 in the Improving Teacher Quality Fund, and \$341,899 in the Miscellaneous Federal Grants Fund (special revenue funds) arose from the recognition of expenses/expenditures on the accrual/modified accrual basis of accounting which are greater than expenses/expenditures recognized on the budgetary basis.

NOTE 3 – CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES

For fiscal year 2022, the District implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 87, "Leases," Statement No. 89, "Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred before the End of a Construction Period," Statement No. 92, "Omnibus 2020," and Statement No. 93, "Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates."

GASB Statement No. 87 establishes standards of accounting and financial reporting for leases.

GASB Statement No. 89 establishes accounting requirements for interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period.

GASB Statement No. 92 establishes accounting and financial reporting requirements for specific issues related to leases, intra-entity transfers of assets, postemployment benefits, government acquisitions, risk financing and insurance-related activities of public entity risk pools, fair value measurements, and derivative instruments.

GASB Statement No. 93 establishes accounting and financial reporting requirements related to the replacement of interbank offered rates in hedging derivative instruments and leases.

The implementation of these Statements had no effect on beginning net position/fund balance, or note disclosures.

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NOTE 4 – RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

A. <u>Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund balance sheet and the government-wide statement of net position</u>

The governmental fund balance sheet includes a reconciliation between fund balance – total governmental funds and net position of governmental activities as reported in the government-wide statement of net position. The following is a detailed listing of those reconciling items that are net adjustments or a combination of several transactions:

Other long-term assets not available in the current period

Taxes Receivable	\$438,323
Intergovernmental Revenues Receivable	1,753,492
	\$2,191,815

B. <u>Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund statement of revenues</u>, expenditures, and changes in fund balances and the government-wide statement of activities

The governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances includes a reconciliation between net changes in fund balances – total governmental funds and changes in net position of governmental activities as reported in the government – wide statement of activities. The following is a detailed listing of those reconciling items that are net adjustments or a combination of several transactions:

Amount by which capital outlay exceeded depreciation in the current period:

Capital Outlay Depreciation Expense	\$7,020,276 (4,236,164) \$2,784,112
Governmental revenues not reported in the funds:	
Increase in Tax Revenue	\$28,258
Increase in Intergovernmental Revenue	667,799
	\$696,057
Net amount of long-term debt issuance and bond and	lease principal payments:

Bond Principal Retirement	\$995,000
Certificates of Participation Principal Retirement	175,000
Amortize Deferred Loss on Bond Refunding	(33,750)
Installment Loan Principal Retirement	425,205
Lease Principal Retirement	197,081
Bond Premium Amortization	114,405
	\$1,872,941

NOTE 5 – FUND BALANCES

Fund balance is classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned and/or unassigned based primarily on the extent to which the District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of resources in the government funds. The constraints placed on fund balance for the major and nonmajor governmental funds are presented below:

				Nonmajor	Total
			Permanent	Governmental	Governmental
Fund Balances	General	ESSER	Improvement	Funds	Funds
Nonspendable:					
Prepaid Items	\$62,263	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$62,263
Supplies Inventory	299,036	0	0	0	299,036
Unclaimed Funds	22,843	0	0	0	22,843
Total Nonspendable	384,142	0	0	0	384,142
Restricted:					
Debt Service Payments	0	0	0	2,392,313	2,392,313
Employee 125 Plan Administration	39,806	0	0	0	39,806
Miscellaneous Student Support	0	0	0	173,947	173,947
Classroom Facilities Maintenance	0	0	0	1,380,222	1,380,222
Extracurricular Activities	0	0	0	420,538	420,538
Non-Public School Support	0	0	0	20,342	20,342
Capital Acquisition and Improvement	0	0	1,779,278	446,405	2,225,683
Total Restricted	39,806	0	1,779,278	4,833,767	6,652,851
Assigned:					
Self Insurance Program	337,381	0	0	0	337,381
Public School Support	122,079	0	0	0	122,079
Services and Supplies	732,115	0	0	0	732,115
Total Assigned	1,191,575	0	0	0	1,191,575
Unassigned (Deficit)	10,137,470	(1,164,058)	0	(1,275,552)	7,697,860
Total Fund Balances	\$11,752,993	(\$1,164,058)	\$1,779,278	\$3,558,215	\$15,926,428

NOTE 6 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Cash resources of several individual funds are combined to form a pool of cash, cash equivalents and investments.

Statutes require the classification of funds held by the District into three categories. Category 1 consists of "active" funds - those funds required to be kept in a "cash" or "near cash" status for immediate use by the District. Such funds must be maintained either as cash in the District Treasury or in depository accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts.

Category 2 consists of "inactive" funds - those funds not required for use within the current five year period of designation of depositories. Inactive funds may be deposited or invested only as certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories.

Category 3 consists of "interim" funds - those funds which are not needed for immediate use but, which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim funds may be invested or deposited in the following securities:

- United States Treasury bills, bonds, notes, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury, or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States;
- Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligation or security issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality including, but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, and Government National Mortgage Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least two percent and be marked to market daily, and the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;
- Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio, and with certain limitations including a requirement for maturity within ten years from the date of settlement, bonds and other obligations of political subdivisions of the State of Ohio, if training requirements have been met;
- Time certificates of deposit or savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts;
- No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in division (1) or (2) and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;
- The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAR Ohio).
- Certain bankers' acceptances (for a period not to exceed one hundred eighty days) and commercial paper notes (for a period not to exceed two hundred seventy days) in an amount not to exceed 40 percent of the interim monies available for investment at any one time if training requirements have been met.

NOTE 6 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

A. Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. The District has no deposit policy for custodial risk beyond the requirements of State statute.

Ohio law requires that deposits be either insured or be protected by eligible securities pledged to the District and deposited with a qualified trustee by the financial institution as security for repayment whose market value at all times shall be at least 105 percent of the deposits being secured, or participation in the Ohio Pooled Collateral System (OPCS), a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to the Treasurer of State to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution. OPCS requires the total market value of the securities pledged to be 102 percent of the deposits being secured or a rate set by the Treasurer of State. The District's policy is to deposit funds with banking institutions which collateralize public monies in accordance with the Ohio Revised Code.

At fiscal year end the carrying amount of the District's deposits was \$4,303,234 and the bank balance was \$5,104,433. Federal depository insurance covered \$1,846,552 of the bank balance and \$3,257,881 was exposed to custodial risk and was collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institutions trust department or agent but not in the District's name and securities held in the Ohio Pooled Collateral System.

B. Investments

The District's investments at June 30, 2022 were as follows:

				mvestner	it Mutulices (in	Tears
	Fair Value	Credit Rating	Fair Value Hierarchy	less than 1	1-3	3-5
STAR Ohio ⁴	\$438,790	AAAm ¹	NA	\$438,790	\$0	\$0
Money Market Fund ⁴	7,892	AAAm/Aaa	NA	7,892	0	0
Marketable CD's	2,577,378	AAA ³	Level 2	990,711	0	1,586,667
FFCB	4,086,948	$AA + /aa3^{1,2}$	Level 2	0	3,855,873	231,075
FHLB	1,906,567	$AA+/aa3^{1,2}$	Level 2	0	975,557	931,010
Total Investments	\$9,017,575			\$1,437,393	\$4,831,430	\$2,748,752

Investment Maturities (in Years)

¹ Standard & Poor's

² Moody's Investor Service

³ All are fully FDIC insured and therefore have an implied AAA credit rating

⁴ Reported at amortized cost

The District categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets. Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs. Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. All of the District's debt security investments are classified in Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy and are valued using a matrix pricing technique. Matrix pricing is used to value securities based on the securities' relationship to benchmark quoted prices.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

NOTE 6 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

B. <u>Investments</u> (Continued)

Investment Credit Risk – The District has no investment policy that limits its investment choices other than the limitation of State statute for "interim" funds described previously.

Interest Rate Risk – The Ohio Revised Code generally limits security purchases to those that mature within five years of settlement date. The District has no investment policy to limit investments beyond the requirements of the Ohio Revised Code.

Concentration of Credit Risk – The District's policy places no limit on the amount the District may invest in one issuer. Of the District's total investments, 5% is invested in STAR Ohio, 29% is invested in marketable certificates of deposit, and 66% is invested in Federal agency securities.

Custodial Credit Risk – For an investment, this is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counter party, the District will not be able to recover the value of investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The District's policy does not address this risk. However, all of the Districts investments are insured and/or registered in the name of the District.

C. Beneficial Interest in Assets Held by Foundation

The District's Scholarship Fund reports an asset for a beneficial interest in assets held by the Foundation for Appalachian Ohio (the "Foundation"). Amounts previously held by the District were transferred to the Foundation. The asset balance was \$1,162,133 at June 30, 2022.

Amounts available for distribution are based upon the current spending policy of the Foundation, and shall be paid and distributed at least annually, or more frequently, as parties may from time to time agree.

The variance power granted to the Foundation shall apply if the purpose of the Fund becomes unnecessary, undesirable, impractical or impossible to fulfill. If the Foundation ceases to be a qualified charitable organization or proposes to dissolve, the assets of the Fund shall, after payment or making provision for payment of any liabilities properly chargeable to the Fund, be distributed to the District, or to a qualified organization designated by the District.

D. Cash with Fiscal Agent

The District is a member of the South Central Ohio Insurance Consortium for purposes of carrying out a cooperative health, dental, vision and prescription program. Cash with fiscal agent of \$1,757,881 reported at June 30, 2022 represents the District's proportionate share of cash and investments held by the fiscal agent at the fiscal agent's carrying amount.

NOTE 7 - TAXES

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis while the District fiscal year runs from July through June. First half tax collections are received by the District in the second half of the fiscal year. Second half tax distributions occur in the first half of the following fiscal year.

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real and public utility property located in the District. Real property tax revenue received in calendar year 2022 represents collections of calendar year 2021 taxes. Real property taxes received in calendar year 2022 were levied after April 1, 2021, on the assessed value listed as of January 1, 2021, the lien date. Assessed values for real property taxes are established by State law at 35 percent of appraised market value. Real property taxes are payable annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due December 31 with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits alternate payment dates to be established.

Public utility property tax revenue received in calendar year 2022 represents collections of calendar year 2021 taxes. Public utility real and tangible personal property taxes received in calendar year 2022 became a lien December 31, 2020, were levied after April 1, 2021 and are collected with real property taxes. Public utility real property is assessed at 35 percent of true value; public utility tangible personal property currently is assessed at varying percentages of true value.

The County Treasurer collects property taxes on behalf of all taxing districts in the County including the District. The County Auditor periodically remits to the District its portion of the taxes collected. The assessed values for collection in 2022, upon which the 2021 levies were based, were as follows:

	2021 Second Half	2022 First Half
	Collections	Collections
Agricultural/Residential and Other Real Estate	\$540,505,970	\$544,174,590
Public Utility Personal	281,806,080	288,143,930
Total Assessed Value	\$822,312,050	\$832,318,520
Tax rate per \$1,000 of assessed valuation	\$32.50	\$32.50

NOTE 8 - RECEIVABLES

Receivables at June 30, 2022 consisted of taxes, accounts, interest, and intergovernmental receivables.

NOTE 9 – INTERFUND LOANS

Individual interfund loans receivable and loans payable balances at June 30, 2022, are as follows:

Fund	Interfund Loans Receivable	Interfund Loans Payable
General Fund	\$4,775,765	\$0
ESSER Fund	0	3,275,133
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	0	1,500,632
Totals	\$4,775,765	\$4,775,765

The Interfund Loans are short-term loans to cover temporary cash deficits.

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NOTE 10 - CAPITAL ASSETS

A. Governmental Activities Capital Assets

Summary by category of changes in governmental activities capital assets at June 30, 2022:

Historical Cost:	Restated			
Class	June 30, 2021	Additions	Deletions	June 30, 2022
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$1,883,322	\$0	\$0	\$1,883,322
Construction In Progress	1,062,500	3,303,000	(4,250,000)	115,500
Sub-total	2,945,822	3,303,000	(4,250,000)	1,998,822
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Land Improvements	11,453,978	2,290,836	(102,074)	13,642,740
Buildings and Improvements	119,413,990	4,302,391	0	123,716,381
Leased Buildings	211,886	0	0	211,886
Machinery and Equipment	3,632,058	1,120,579	(195,237)	4,557,400
Leased Equipment	476,560	0	0	476,560
Vehicles	4,434,580	253,470	(225,900)	4,462,150
Total Cost	\$142,568,874	\$11,270,276	(\$4,773,211)	\$149,065,939
Accumulated Depreciation:				
Class	June 30, 2021	Additions	Deletions	June 30, 2022
Land Improvements	(\$7,506,127)	(\$577,923)	\$91,867	(\$7,992,183)
Buildings and Improvements	(38,800,614)	(2,787,374)	0	(41,587,988)
Leased Buildings	(3,200)	(7,532)	0	(10,732)
Machinery and Equipment	(1,713,412)	(424,246)	99,284	(2,038,374)
Leased Equipment	(230,455)	(96,697)	0	(327,152)
Vehicles	(2,741,758)	(342,392)	225,900	(2,858,250)
Total Depreciation	(\$50,995,566)	(\$4,236,164) *	\$417,051	(\$54,814,679)
Net Value:	\$91,573,308			\$94,251,260

* Depreciation was charged to governmental functions as follows:

Instructional Services:	
Regular	\$2,309,923
Special	1,557
Vocational	2,251
Support Services:	
Pupils	2,739
Instructional Staff	39,731
Administration	30,411
Fiscal Services	6,280
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	410,991
Pupil Transportation	391,675
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	205,200
Extracurricular Activities	835,406
Total Depreciation Expense	\$4,236,164

NOTE 10 - CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

B. Business-Type Activities Capital Assets

Summary by category of changes in business-type activities capital assets at June 30, 2022:

Historical Cost:

Class	June 30, 2021	Additions	Deletions	June 30, 2022
Machinery and Equipment	\$331,626	\$0	\$0	\$331,626
Total Cost	\$331,626	\$0	\$0	\$331,626
Accumulated Depreciation:				
Class	June 30, 2021	Additions	Deletions	June 30, 2022
Class Machinery and Equipment	June 30, 2021 (\$295 583)	Additions (\$4 875)	Deletions \$0	June 30, 2022 (\$300 458)
Class Machinery and Equipment Total Depreciation	June 30, 2021 (\$295,583) (\$295,583)	Additions (\$4,875) (\$4,875)	Deletions \$0 \$0	June 30, 2022 (\$300,458) (\$300,458)

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NOTE 11 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

All of the District's full-time employees participate in one of two separate retirement systems which are cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans.

A. <u>Net Pension Liability</u>

The net pension liability reported on the statement of net position represents a liability to employees for pensions. Pensions are a component of exchange transactions—between an employer and its employees—of salaries and benefits for employee services. Pensions are provided to an employee—on a deferred-payment basis—as part of the total compensation package offered by an employer for employee services each financial period. The obligation to sacrifice resources for pensions is a present obligation because it was created as a result of employment exchanges that already have occurred.

The net pension liability represents the District's proportionate share of each pension plan's collective actuarial present value of projected benefit payments attributable to past periods of service, net of each pension plan's fiduciary net position. The net pension liability calculation is dependent on critical long-term variables, including estimated average life expectancies, earnings on investments, cost of living adjustments and others. While these estimates use the best information available, unknowable future events require adjusting this estimate annually.

Ohio Revised Code limits the District's obligation for this liability to annually required payments. The District cannot control benefit terms or the manner in which pensions are financed; however, the District does receive the benefit of employees' services in exchange for compensation including pension.

GASB 68 assumes the liability is solely the obligation of the employer, because (1) they benefit from employee services; and (2) State statute requires all funding to come from these employers. All contributions to date have come solely from these employers (which also includes costs paid in the form of withholdings from employees). State statute requires the pension plans to amortize unfunded liabilities within 30 years. If the amortization period exceeds 30 years, each pension plan's board must propose corrective action to the State legislature. Any resulting legislative change to benefits or funding could significantly affect the net pension liability. Resulting adjustments to the net pension liability would be effective when the changes are legally enforceable.

The proportionate share of each plan's unfunded benefits is presented as a long-term net pension liability on the accrual basis of accounting. Any liability for the contractually-required pension contribution outstanding at the end of the year is included in intergovernmental payable on both the accrual and modified accrual bases of accounting.

NOTE 11 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

B. Plan Description

School Employees Retirement System (SERS)

Plan Description –District non-teaching employees participate in SERS, a cost-sharing multipleemployer defined benefit pension plan administered by SERS. SERS provides retirement, disability and survivor benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3309. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about SERS' fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by visiting the SERS website at www.ohsers.org under Employers/Audit Resources.

Age and service requirements for retirement are as follows:

	Eligible to Retire on or before August 1, 2017 *	Eligible to Retire on or after August 1, 2017
Full Benefits	Any age with 30 years of service credit	Age 67 with 10 years of service credit; or Age 57 with 30 years of service credit
Actuarially Reduced Benefits	Age 60 with 5 years of service credit Age 55 with 25 years of service credit	Age 62 with 10 years of service credit; or Age 60 with 25 years of service credit

* Members with 25 years of service credit as of August 1, 2017, will be included in this plan.

Annual retirement benefits are calculated based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on year of service; 2.2 percent for the first thirty years of service and 2.5 percent for years of service credit over 30. Final average salary is the average of the highest three years of salary.

An individual whose benefit effective date is before April 1, 2018, is eligible for a cost of living adjustment (COLA) on the first anniversary date of the benefit. Beginning April 1, 2018, new benefit recipients must wait until the fourth anniversary of their benefit for COLA eligibility. The COLA is added each year to the base benefit amount on the anniversary date of the benefit. A three-year COLA suspension is in effect for all benefit recipients for the years 2018, 2019, and 2020. Upon resumption of the COLA, it will be indexed to the percentage increase in the CPI-W, not to exceed 2.5 percent and with a floor of 0 percent. In 2020, the Board of Trustees approved a 0.5 percent cost-of-living adjustment (COLA) for eligible retirees and beneficiaries in 2021.

Funding Policy – Plan members are required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salary and the School District is required to contribute 14 percent of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended by the SERS' Retirement Board up to statutory maximum amounts of 10 percent for plan members and 14 percent for employers. The Retirement Board, acting with the advice of the actuary, allocates the employer contribution rate among four of the System's funds (Pension Trust Fund, Death Benefit Fund, Medicare B Fund, and Health Care Fund). For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, the allocation to pension, death benefits, and Medicare B was 14 percent. No amount was allocated to the Health Care Fund.

NOTE 11 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

B. Plan Description (Continued)

The District's contractually required contribution to SERS was \$1,259,533 for fiscal year 2022. No portion of the contribution amount was reported as a payable.

State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)

Plan Description –District licensed teachers and other faculty members participate in STRS Ohio, a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system administered by STRS. STRS provides retirement and disability benefits to members and death and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. STRS issues a stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about STRS' fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by writing to STRS, 275 E. Broad St., Columbus, OH 43215-3771, by calling (888) 227-7877, or by visiting the STRS Web site at <u>www.strsoh.org</u>.

New members have a choice of three retirement plans; a Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan and a Combined Plan. Benefits are established by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307. The DB plan offers an annual retirement allowance based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on years of service. Effective August 1, 2015, the calculation is 2.2 percent of final average salary for the five highest years of earnings multiplied by all years of service. In April 2017, the Retirement Board made the decision to reduce COLA granted on or after July 1, 2017, to 0 percent to preserve the fiscal integrity of the retirement system. Benefit recipients' base benefit and past cost-of living increases are not affected by this change. Members are eligible to retire at age 60 with five years of age. Eligibility changes will be phased in until August 1, 2026, when retirement eligibility for unreduced benefits will be five years of service credit and age 65, or 35 years of service credit and at least age 60.

The DC Plan allows members to place all their member contributions and 9.53 percent of the 14 percent employer contributions into an investment account. Investment allocation decisions are determined by the member. The remaining 4.47 percent of the 14 percent employer rate is allocated to the defined benefit unfunded liability. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The member may elect to receive a lifetime monthly annuity or a lump sum withdrawal.

The Combined Plan offers features of both the DB Plan and the DC Plan. In the Combined Plan, 12 percent of the 14 percent member rate goes to the DC Plan and the remaining 2 percent is applied to the DB Plan. Member contributions to the DC Plan are allocated among investment choices by the member, and contributions to the DB Plan from the employer and the member are used to fund the defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. The defined benefit portion of the Combined Plan payment is payable to a member on or after age 60 with five years of service. The defined contribution portion of the account may be taken as a lump sum payment or converted to a lifetime monthly annuity at age fifty and after termination of employment.

NOTE 11 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

B. Plan Description (Continued)

New members who choose the DC plan or Combined Plan will have another opportunity to reselect a permanent plan during their fifth year of membership. Members may remain in the same plan or transfer to another STRS plan. The optional annuitization of a member's defined contribution account or the defined contribution portion of a member's Combined Plan account to a lifetime benefit results in STRS bearing the risk of investment gain or loss on the account. STRS has therefore included all three plan options as one defined benefit plan for GASB 68 reporting purposes.

A DB or Combined Plan member with five or more years of credited service who is determined to be disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. New members must have at least ten years of qualifying service credit that apply for disability benefits. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. Eligible survivors of members who die before service retirement may qualify for monthly benefits. If a member of the DC Plan dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

Funding Policy – Employer and member contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board and limited by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, the employer rate was 14% and the member rate was 14% of covered payroll. The fiscal year 2022 contribution rates were equal to the statutory maximum rates, and the full employer contribution was allocated to the pension fund.

The District's contractually required contribution to STRS was \$3,243,603 for fiscal year 2022. Of this amount \$558,123 is reported as an intergovernmental payable.

C. <u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred</u> <u>Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions</u>

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the District's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating entities.

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NOTE 11 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

C. <u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred</u> <u>Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions</u> (Continued)

Following is information related to the proportionate share and pension expense:

	SERS	STRS	Total
Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$8,731,546	\$21,157,919	\$29,889,465
Proportion of the Net Pension Liability -2022	0.2366456%	0.1654785%	
Proportion of the Net Pension Liability -2021	0.2196597%	0.1585721%	
Percentage Change	0.0169859%	0.00690640%	
Pension Expense	\$342,414	\$355,876	\$698,290

At June 30, 2022, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	SERS	STRS	Total
Deferred Outflows of Resources			
Differences between expected and			
actual experience	\$843	\$653,678	\$654,521
Change of assumptions	183,862	5,869,589	6,053,451
District contributions subsequent to the			
measurement date	1,259,533	3,243,603	4,503,136
Changes in proportionate share and differences			
between District contributions and proportionate			
share of contributions	926,630	1,999,594	2,926,224
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$2,370,868	\$11,766,464	\$14,137,332
Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Differences between expected and			
actual experience	\$226,444	\$132,616	\$359,060
Net difference between projected and			
actual earnings on pension plan investments	4,496,992	18,234,080	22,731,072
Changes in proportionate share and differences			
between District contributions and proportionate			
share of contributions	182,572	595,489	778,061
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$4,906,008	\$18,962,185	\$23,868,193

\$4,503,136 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pension resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	SERS	STRS	Total
Fiscal Year Ending June 30:			
2023	(\$602,385)	(\$2,475,315)	(\$3,077,700)
2024	(742,765)	(2,049,440)	(2,792,205)
2025	(1,069,225)	(2,576,175)	(3,645,400)
2026	(1,380,298)	(3,338,394)	(4,718,692)
Total	(\$3,794,673)	(\$10,439,324)	(\$14,233,997)

NOTE 11 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

D. <u>Actuarial Assumptions</u>

School Employees Retirement System (SERS)

SERS' total pension liability was determined by their actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 67, as part of their annual actuarial valuation for each defined benefit retirement plan. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts (e.g., salaries, credited service) and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future (e.g., mortality, disabilities, retirements, employment termination). Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. For a newly hired employee, actuarial calculations will take into account the employee's entire career with the employer and also take into consideration the benefits, if any, paid to the employee after termination of employment until the death of the employee and any applicable contingent annuitant. In many cases actuarial calculations reflect several decades of service with the employer and the payment of benefits after termination.

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total pension liability in the latest actuarial valuation, prepared as of June 30, 2021, are presented below:

Wage Inflation	2.40 percent
Future Salary Increases, including inflation	3.25 percent to 13.58 percent
COLA or Ad Hoc COLA	2.00 percent
Investment Rate of Return	7.00 percent net of investment expense, including inflation
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal

Mortality rates were based on the PUB-2010 General Employee Amount Weight Below Median Healthy Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 1 year and adjusted 94.20% for males and set forward 2 years and adjusted 81.35% for females. Mortality among disable members were based upon the PUB-2010 General Disabled Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 5 years and adjusted 103.3% for males and set forward 3 years and adjusted 106.8% for females. Future improvement in mortality rates is reflected by applying the MP-2020 projection scale generationally.

The most recent experience study was completed June 30, 2020.

NOTE 11 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

D. Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

The long-term return expectation for the Pension Plan Investments has been determined by using a building-block approach and assumes a time horizon, as defined in SERS' *Statement of Investment Policy*. A forecasted rate of inflation serves as the baseline for the return expectation. Various real return premiums over the baseline inflation rate have been established for each asset class. The long-term expected nominal rate of return has been determined by calculating an arithmetic weighted average of the expected real return premiums for each asset class, adding the projected inflation rate, and adding the expected return from rebalanced uncorrelated asset classes. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major assets class are summarized in the following table:

	Target	Long Term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return
Cash	2.00%	(0.33%)
US Equity	24.75%	5.72%
Non-US Equity Developed	13.50%	6.55%
Non-US Equity Emerging	6.75%	8.54%
Fixed Income/Global Bonds	19.00%	1.14%
Private Equity	11.00%	10.03%
Real Estate/Real Assets	16.00%	5.41%
Multi-Asset Strategy	4.00%	3.47%
Private Debt/Private Credit	3.00%	5.28%
Total	100.00%	

Discount Rate - The total pension liability was calculated using the discount rate of 7.00 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the contributions from employers and from the members would be computed based on contribution requirements as stipulated by State statute. Projected inflows from investment earning were calculated using the long-term assumed investment rate of return (7.00 percent). Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefits to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate - Net pension liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate, and to illustrate the potential impact the following table presents the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.00 percent, as well as what each plan's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00 percent), or one percentage point higher (8.00 percent) than the current rate.

NOTE 11 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

D. Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

		Current	
	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
	(6.00%)	(7.00%)	(8.00%)
District's proportionate share			
of the net pension liability	\$14,527,132	\$8,731,546	\$3,843,857

State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)

Key methods and assumptions used in the latest actuarial valuation, reflecting experience study results used in the July 1, 2021 actuarial valuation are presented below:

Inflation	2.50 percent
Projected salary increases	12.50 percent at age 20 to
	2.50 percent at age 65
Investment Rate of Return	7.00 percent, net of investment
	expenses, including inflation
Discount Rate	7.00 percent
Payroll Increases	3.00 percent
Cost-of-Living Adjustments	0.0 percent, effective July 1, 2017
(COLA)	

Post-retirement mortality rates for healthy retirees are based on the RP-2014 Annuitant Mortality Table with 50 percent of rates through age 69, 70 percent of rates between ages 70 and 79, 90 percent of rates between ages 80 and 84, and 100 percent of rates thereafter, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. Post-retirement disabled mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Table with 90 percent of rates for males and 100 percent of rates for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2014. Pre-retirement mortality rates are based on RP-2014. Pre-retirement mortality rates are based on RP-2014. Pre-retirement mortality rates are based on RP-2014.

Actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2021 valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2011 through June 30, 2016.

The 10 year expected real rate of return on pension plan investments was determined by STRS' investment consultant by developing best estimates of expected future real rates of return for each major asset class. The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized as follows:

NOTE 11 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

D. <u>Actuarial Assumptions</u> (Continued)

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long Term Expected Rate of Return*
Domestic Equity	28.00 %	7.35 %
International Equity	23.00	7.55
Alternatives	17.00	7.09
Fixed Income	21.00	3.00
Real Estate	10.00	6.00
Liquidity Reserves	1.00	2.25
Total	100.00 %	

*10-Year geometric nominal returns, which include the real rate of return and inflation of 2.25% and does not include investment expenses. Over a 30-year period, STRS' investment consultant indicates that the above target allocations should generate a return above the actuarial rate of return, without net value added by management.

Discount Rate - The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00 percent as of June 30, 2021. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes member and employer contributions will be made at the statutory contribution rates in accordance with rate increases described above. For this purpose, only employer contributions that are intended to fund benefits of current plan members and their beneficiaries are included. Projected employer contributions that are intended to fund the service costs of future plan members and their beneficiaries, as well as projected contributions from future plan members, are not included. Based on those assumptions, STRS' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members as of June 30, 2021. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.00 percent was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability as of June 30, 2021.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate - The following table presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 7.00 percent, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one-percentage-point lower (6.00 percent) or one-percentage-point higher (8.00 percent) than the current rate:

	Current		
	1% Decrease (6.00%)	Discount Rate (7.00%)	1% Increase (8.00%)
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$39,620,854	\$21,157,919	\$5,556,769

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

NOTE 11 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

D. Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

Changes Between the Measurement Date and the Reporting date - In February 2022, the Board approved changes to demographic measures that will impact the June 30, 2022, actuarial valuation. These demographic measures include retirement, salary increase, disability/termination and mortality assumptions. In March 2022, the STRS Board approved benefit plan changes to take effect on July 1, 2022. These changes include a one-time three percent cost-of-living increase (COLA) to be paid to eligible benefit recipients and the elimination of the age 60 requirement for retirement age and service eligibility that was set to take effect in 2026. The effect on the net pension liability is unknown.

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NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS

A. <u>Net OPEB Liability (Asset)</u>

The net OPEB liability (asset) reported on the statement of net position represents a liability (asset) for OPEB. OPEB is a component of exchange transactions—between an employer and its employees—of salaries and benefits for employee services. OPEB are provided to an employee— on a deferred-payment basis—as part of the total compensation package offered by an employer for employee services each financial period. The obligation to sacrifice resources for OPEB is a present obligation because it was created as a result of employment exchanges that already have occurred.

The net OPEB liability (asset) represents the District's proportionate share of each OPEB plan's collective actuarial present value of projected benefit payments attributable to past periods of service, net of each OPEB plan's fiduciary net position. The net OPEB liability (asset) calculation is dependent on critical long-term variables, including estimated average life expectancies, earnings on investments, cost of living adjustments and others. While these estimates use the best information available, unknowable future events require adjusting these estimates annually.

Ohio Revised Code limits the District's obligation to annually required payments. The District cannot control benefit terms or the manner in which OPEB are financed; however, the District does receive the benefit of employees' services in exchange for compensation including OPEB.

GASB 75 assumes the liability is solely the obligation of the employer, because they benefit from employee services. OPEB contributions come from these employers and health care plan enrollees which pay a portion of the health care costs in the form of a monthly premium. State statute requires the retirement systems to amortize unfunded OPEB liabilities within 30 years. If the OPEB amortization period exceeds 30 years, each retirement system's board must propose corrective action to the State legislature. Any resulting legislative change to benefits or funding could significantly affect the net OPEB liability (asset). Resulting adjustments to the net OPEB liability (asset) would be effective when the changes are legally enforceable. The Ohio revised Code permits, but does not require the retirement systems to provide healthcare to eligible benefit recipients.

The proportionate share of each plan's unfunded benefits is presented as a long-term *net OPEB liability* on the accrual basis of accounting. Any liability for the contractually-required OPEB contribution outstanding at the end of the year is included in *intergovernmental payable* on both the accrual and modified accrual bases of accounting.

B. <u>Plan Description</u>

School Employees Retirement System (SERS)

Health Care Plan Description - The District contributes to the SERS Health Care Fund, administered by SERS for non-certificated retirees and their beneficiaries. For GASB 75 purposes, this plan is considered a cost-sharing other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plan. SERS' Health Care Plan provides healthcare benefits to eligible individuals receiving retirement, disability, and survivor benefits, and to their eligible dependents. Members who retire after June 1, 1986, need 10 years of service credit, exclusive of most types of purchased credit, to qualify to participate in SERS' health care coverage.

NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS (Continued)

B. Plan Description (Continued)

In addition to age and service retirees, disability benefit recipients and beneficiaries who are receiving monthly benefits due to the death of a member or retiree, are eligible for SERS' health care coverage. Most retirees and dependents choosing SERS' health care coverage are over the age of 65 and therefore enrolled in a fully insured Medicare Advantage plan; however, SERS maintains a traditional, self-insured preferred provider organization for its non-Medicare retiree population. For both groups, SERS offers a self-insured prescription drug program. Health care is a benefit that is permitted, not mandated, by statute. The financial report of the Plan is included in the SERS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report which can be obtained on SERS' website at www.ohsers.org under Employers/Audit Resources.

Access to health care for retirees and beneficiaries is permitted in accordance with Section 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Health Care Fund was established and is administered in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 105(e). SERS' Retirement Board reserves the right to change or discontinue any health plan or program. Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. The SERS Retirement Board established the rules for the premiums paid by the retirees for health care coverage for themselves and their dependents or for their surviving beneficiaries. Premiums vary depending on the plan selected, qualified years of service, Medicare eligibility, and retirement status.

Funding Policy – State statute permits SERS to fund the health care benefits through employer contributions. Each year, after the allocation for statutorily required pensions and benefits, the Retirement Board may allocate the remainder of the employer contribution of 14 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Fund in accordance with the funding policy. For fiscal year 2022, 0.0 percent of covered payroll was contributed to health care. An additional health care surcharge on employers is collected for employees earning less than an actuarially determined minimum compensation amount, pro-rated if less than a full year of service credit was earned. For fiscal year 2022, this amount was \$25,000. Statutes provide that no employer shall pay a health care surcharge greater than 2 percent of the total statewide SERS-covered payroll; nor may SERS collect in aggregate more than 1.5 percent of the total statewide SERS-covered payroll for the health care surcharge. For fiscal year 2022, the District's surcharge obligation was \$166,028.

The surcharge, added to the allocated portion of the 14 percent employer contribution rate is the total amount assigned to the Health Care Fund. The District's contractually required contribution to SERS was \$166,028 for fiscal year 2022, which is reported as an intergovernmental payable.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS (Continued)

B. Plan Description (Continued)

State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)

Plan Description – The District contributes to the cost sharing multiple employer defined benefit Health Plan administered by the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS Ohio) for eligible retirees who participated in the defined benefit or combined pension plans offered by STRS Ohio. Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. The Plan is included in the report of STRS Ohio which may be obtained by visiting <u>www.strsoh.org</u> or by calling (888) 227-7877.

Funding Policy – Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307 authorizes STRS Ohio to offer the Plan and gives the Retirement Board authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS Ohio. Active employee members do not contribute to the Plan. All benefit recipients pay a monthly premium. Under Ohio law, funding for post-employment health care may be deducted from employer contributions. For 2022, STRS Ohio allocated employer contributions equal to zero percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Stabilization Fund.

C. <u>OPEB Liability (Asset)</u>, <u>OPEB Expense</u>, and <u>Deferred Outflows of Resources and</u> <u>Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB</u>

The net OPEB liability (asset) was measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability (asset) was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net OPEB liability (asset) was based on the District's share of contributions to the pension and OPEB plans relative to the projected contributions of all participating entities. Following is information related to the proportionate share:

	SERS	STRS	Total
Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$4,633,572	(\$3,488,982)	\$1,144,590
Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) -2022	0.2448280%	0.1654785%	
Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) -2021	0.2292462%	0.1585721%	
Percentage Change	0.0155818%	0.0069064%	
OPEB Expense	\$110,224	(\$225,479)	(\$115,255)

NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS (Continued)

C. <u>OPEB</u> Liability (Asset), <u>OPEB</u> Expense, and <u>Deferred</u> <u>Outflows of Resources and</u> <u>Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB</u> (Continued)

At June 30, 2022, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	SERS	STRS	Total
Deferred Outflows of Resources			
Differences between expected and			
actual experience	\$49,390	\$124,233	\$173,623
Changes of assumptions	726,897	222,861	949,758
Changes in proportionate share	1,043,536	56,195	1,099,731
District contributions subsequent to the			
measurement date	166,028	0	166,028
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$1,985,851	\$403,289	\$2,389,140
Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Differences between expected and			
actual experience	\$2,307,726	\$639,247	\$2,946,973
Changes of assumptions	634,530	2,081,433	2,715,963
Net difference between projected and			
actual earnings on OPEB plan investments	100,665	967,080	1,067,745
Changes in Proportionate Share and			
Difference between School District contributions			
and proportionate share of contributions	266,056	0	266,056
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$3,308,977	\$3,687,760	\$6,996,737

\$166,028 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ending June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

	SERS	STRS	Total
Fiscal Year Ending June 30:			
2023	(\$345,007)	(\$938,818)	(\$1,283,825)
2024	(345,710)	(914,619)	(1,260,329)
2025	(348,594)	(899,666)	(1,248,260)
2026	(294,849)	(397,197)	(692,046)
2027	(126,230)	(137,357)	(263,587)
Thereafter	(28,764)	3,186	(25,578)
Total	(\$1,489,154)	(\$3,284,471)	(\$4,773,625)

NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS (Continued)

D. Actuarial Assumptions

School Employees Retirement System (SERS)

The total OPEB liability is determined by SERS' actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 74, as part of their annual actuarial valuation for each retirement plan. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts (e.g., salaries, credited service) and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future (e.g., mortality, disabilities, retirements, employment terminations). Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. For a newly hired employee, actuarial calculations will take into account the employee's entire career with the employer and also take into consideration the benefits, if any, paid to the employee after termination of employment until the death of the employee and any applicable contingent annuitant. In many cases, actuarial calculations reflect several decades of service with the employer and the payment of benefits after termination.

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total OPEB liability in the latest actuarial valuation, prepared as of June 30, 2021, are presented below:

Wage Inflation	2.40 percent
Future Salary Increases, including inflation	3.25 percent to 13.58 percent
Investment Rate of Return	7.00 percent net of investment expense, including inflation
Municipal Bond Index Rate:	
Measurement Date	1.92 percent
Prior Measurement Date	2.45 percent
Single Equivalent Interest Rate, net of plan investment expense,	
including price inflation	
Measurement Date	2.27 percent
Prior Measurement Date	2.63 percent
Medical Trend Assumption	
Medicare - Measurement Date	5.125 to 4.40 percent
Pre-Medicare - Measurement Date	6.75 to 4.40 percent
Medicare - Prior Measurement Date	5.25 to 4.75 percent
Pre-Medicare - Prior Measurement Date	7.00 to 4.75 percent

NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS (Continued)

D. Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

Mortality rates were based on the PUB-2010 General Employee Amount Weight Below Median Healthy Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 1 year and adjusted 94.20% for males and set forward 2 years and adjusted 81.35% for females. Mortality among disable members were based upon the PUB-2010 General Disabled Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 5 years and adjusted 103.3% for males and set forward 3 years and adjusted 106.8% for females. Future improvement in mortality rates is reflected by applying the MP-2020 projection scale generationally.

The most recent experience study was completed for the five year period ended June 30, 2020.

The long-term expected rate of return on plan assets is reviewed as part of the actuarial five-year experience study. The most recent study covers fiscal years 2015 through 2020, and was adopted by the Board in 2021. Several factors are considered in evaluating the long-term rate of return assumption including long-term historical data, estimates inherent in current market data, and a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return were developed by the investment consultant for each major asset class. These ranges were combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return, 7.00%, by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and then adding expected inflation. The capital market assumptions developed by the investment consultant are intended for use over a 10-year horizon and may not be useful in setting the long-term rate of return for funding pension plans which covers a longer timeframe. The assumption is intended to be a long-term assumption and is not expected to change absent a significant change in the asset allocation, a change in the inflation assumption, or a fundamental change in the market that alters expected returns in future years.

The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, as used in the June 30, 2020 five-year experience study, are summarized as follows:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Cash	2.00%	(0.33%)
US Equity	24.75%	5.72%
Non-US Equity Developed	13.50%	6.55%
Non-US Equity Emerging	6.75%	8.54%
Fixed Income/Global Bonds	19.00%	1.14%
Private Equity	11.00%	10.03%
Real Estate/Real Assets	16.00%	5.41%
Multi-Asset Strategy	4.00%	3.47%
Private Debt/Private Credit	3.00%	5.28%
Total	100.00%	

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS (Continued)

D. Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

Discount Rate - The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability at June 30, 2021, was 2.27%. The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability prior to June 30, 2021, was 2.63%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions will be made from members and the System at the contribution rate of 1.50% of projected covered payroll each year, which includes a 1.50% payroll surcharge and no contributions from the basic benefits plan. Based on these assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to become insufficient to make all projected future benefit payments of current System members by SERS actuaries. The Municipal Bond Index Rate is used in the determination of the SEIR for both the June 30, 2020 and the June 30, 2021 total OPEB liability. The Municipal Bond Index rate is the single rate that will generate a present value of benefit payments equal to the sum of the present value determined by the long-term expected rate of return, and the present value determined by discounting those benefits after the date of depletion. The Municipal Bond Index Rate is 1.92% at June 30, 2021 and 2.45% at June 30, 2020.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount and Health Care Cost Trend Rates – The net OPEB liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate and the health care cost trend rate. The following table presents the net OPEB liability of SERS, what SERS' net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (1.27%) and higher (3.27%) than the current discount rate (2.27%). Also shown is what SERS' net OPEB liability would be based on health care cost trend rates that are 1 percentage point lower (5.75% decreasing to 3.40%) and higher (7.75% decreasing to 5.40%) than the current rate.

	1% Decrease (1.27%)	Current Discount Rate (2.27%)	1% Increase (3.27%)
School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$5,741,555	\$4,633,572	\$3,748,434
	1% Decrease (5.75% Decreasing to 3.40%)	Current Trend Rate (6.75% Decreasing to 4.40%)	1% Increase (7.75% Decreasing to 5.40%)
School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$3,567,470	\$4,633,572	\$6,057,554

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS (Continued)

D. Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)

The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2021 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.50%
Projected salary increases	12.50% at age 20 to
	2.50% at age 65
Investment Rate of Return	7.00%, net of investment
	expenses, including inflation
Payroll Increases	3.00%
Discount Rate of Return	7.00%
Health Care Cost Trends	
Medical	
Pre-Medicare	5.00% initial, 4% ultimate
Medicare	(16.18%) initial, 4% ultimate
Prescription Drug	
Pre-Medicare	6.50% initial, 4% ultimate
Medicare	29.98% initial, 4% ultimate

Projections of benefits include the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and retired plan members.

For healthy retirees the mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Annuitant Mortality Table with 50 percent of rates through age 69, 70 percent of rates between ages 70 and 79, 90 percent of rates between ages 80 and 84, and 100 percent of rates thereafter, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. For disabled retirees, mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Table with 90 percent of rates for males and 100 percent of rates for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016.

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2021 valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2011 through June 30, 2016.

NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS (Continued)

D. Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

STRS' investment consultant develops an estimate range for the investment return assumption based on the target allocation adopted by the Retirement Board. The target allocation and long-term expected rate of return for each major asset class are summarized as follows:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Rate of Return *
	29.00	7.25 0/
Domestic Equity	28.00 %	7.35 %
International Equity	23.00	7.55
Alternatives	17.00	7.09
Fixed Income	21.00	3.00
Real Estate	10.00	6.00
Liquidity Reserves	1.00	2.25
Total	100.00 %	
10181	100.00 %	

* 10 year annualized geometric nominal returns, which include the real rate of return and inflation of 2.25 percent and does not include investment expenses. Over a 30-year period, STRS' investment consultant indicates that the above target allocations should generate a return above the actual rate of return, without net value added by management.

Discount Rate - The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 7.00 percent as of June 30, 2021. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes STRS Ohio continues to allocate no employer contributions to the health care fund. Based on these assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan assets of 7.00% was used to measure the total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2021.

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Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS (Continued)

D. Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) to Changes in the Discount and Health Care Cost Trend Rates – The net OPEB liability (asset) is sensitive to changes in the discount and health care cost trend rates. To illustrate the potential impact the following table presents the net OPEB liability (asset) calculated using the discount rate of 7.00 percent, as well as what the net OPEB liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00 percent), or one percentage point higher (8.00 percent) than the current rate. Also shown is the net OPEB liability (asset) calculated using a health care cost trend rate this is one percentage point lower and one percentage point higher.

	1% Decrease (6.00%)	Current Discount Rate (7.00%)	1% Increase (8.00%)
School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset)	(\$2,944,159)	(\$3,488,982)	(\$3,944,094)
	1% Decrease in Trend Rate	Current Trend Rate	1% Increase in Trend Rate
School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset)	(\$3,925,653)	(\$3,488,982)	(\$2,948,991)

Changes Between the Measurement Date and the Reporting date - In February 2022, the Board approved changes to demographic measures that will impact the June 30, 2022, actuarial valuation. The effect on the net OPEB liability is unknown.

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NOTE 13 - DEBT AND OTHER LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

Detail of the changes in the long term debt and other long term obligations of the District for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022 is as follows:

		Restated				
		Balance			Balance	Due Within
		June 30, 2021	Additions	Deductions	June 30, 2022	One Year
Governmental Activities Debt:						
General Obligation Bonds:						
School Construction - 2015	2.0-4.00%	\$5,205,000	\$0	(\$980,000)	\$4,225,000	\$1,005,000
School Construction - 2016	2.0-4.00%	4,885,000	0	0	4,885,000	0
Downtown Theater - 2020	2.60%	485,000	0	(15,000)	470,000	15,000
Bond Premium		709,365	0	(106,953)	602,412	0
Total General Obligation Bond	s	11,284,365	0	(1,101,953)	10,182,412	1,020,000
Certificates of Participation:						
Chieftain Center Complex	3.0-5.00%	8,165,000	0	(175,000)	7,990,000	180,000
Premium		201,216	0	(7,452)	193,764	0
Total Certificates of Participation	on	8,366,216	0	(182,452)	8,183,764	180,000
Installment Loans:						
HVAC Improvements	2.04%	4,785,000	0	(319,000)	4,466,000	279,000
Building Improvements	2.84%	1,224,665	0	(106,205)	1,118,460	106,205
Total Installment Loans		6,009,665	0	(425,205)	5,584,460	385,205
Governmental Activities Other I	Long-Term Ob	ligations:				
Compensated Absences		3,417,753	779,654	(445,254)	3,752,153	320,136
Leases		454,791	0	(197,081)	257,710	99,638
Total Governmental Activities		29,532,790	779,654	(2,351,945)	27,960,499	2,004,979
Business-Type Activities:						
Compensated Absences		62,993	8,099	(20,863)	50,229	124
Total Business-Type Activities	5	62,993	8,099	(20,863)	50,229	124
Total Long Term Liabilities		\$29,595,783	\$787,753	(\$2,372,808)	\$28,010,728	\$2,005,103

The District's overall debt margin was \$62,096,119 with an unvoted debt margin of \$832,319 at June 30, 2022.

The 2020 Downtown Theater general obligation bonds are direct placement debt. The HVAC bank loan is a direct borrowing.

In 2001 the District issued \$23,680,000 of general obligation bonds with an interest rate that fluctuates between 3.000% and 12.507%. The bond proceeds financed the acquisition of land, the construction of three elementary school buildings, the renovation of the middle school building, improvements to athletic facilities and classrooms, and the construction of an auditorium at the high school. These bonds were refinanced in fiscal years 2006 and 2016.

NOTE 13 - DEBT AND OTHER LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (Continued)

In fiscal year 2018 the District issued \$8,500,000 of certificates of participation for construction of Chieftain Center, a multi-use, state of the art athletic and academic complex. The debt carries an interest rate of 3.0-5.00% and matures in fiscal year 2048.

In fiscal year 2020 the District issued \$500,000 of general obligation bonds for improvements to the Logan Theater. The debt carries an interest rate of 2.6% and matures in fiscal year 2045.

In fiscal year 2008 the District received a \$3,900,000 installment loan for school building improvements. The debt carries an interest rate of 2.84% and matures in fiscal year 2033.

In fiscal year 2021 the District received a \$4,785,000 installment loan for HVAC improvements. The debt carries an interest rate of 2.04% and matures in fiscal year 2036.

A. Principal and Interest Requirements

The General Obligation Refunding Bonds-2015 and 2016 Series consist of 2.000%-4.000% current interest bonds. In the case of the capital appreciation bonds, unearned accreted interest is included in the maturity amount outstanding.

A summary of the District's future long-term debt funding requirements, including principal and interest payments as of June 30, 2022, follows:

			Certific	ates of		
Fiscal	General Oblig	ation Bonds	Partici	pation	Installmen	t Loans
Years	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest
2023	\$1,020,000	\$336,500	\$180,000	\$313,900	\$385,205	\$119,692
2024	1,055,000	304,610	185,000	306,600	391,205	110,957
2025	1,085,000	266,395	195,000	299,000	396,205	101,960
2026	1,125,000	225,430	200,000	291,100	402,205	92,926
2027	1,165,000	182,865	210,000	282,900	408,205	83,768
2028-2032	3,830,000	273,735	1,180,000	1,279,100	2,138,025	276,970
2033-2037	100,000	32,500	1,430,000	1,015,912	1,463,410	59,012
2038-2042	125,000	17,875	1,780,000	664,027	0	0
2043-2047	75,000	2,925	2,150,000	296,158	0	0
2048	0	0	480,000	9,000	0	0
Totals	\$9,580,000	\$1,642,835	\$7,990,000	\$4,757,697	\$5,584,460	\$845,285

NOTE 13 - DEBT AND OTHER LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (Continued)

B. Defeased Debt

In October 2005 and March 2006, the District refunded \$18,225,000 of the General Obligation Bonds for School Improvement Series 2001A, dated May 8, 2001, through the issuance of \$9,064,987 and \$9,159,991 of General Obligation Bonds. The net proceeds of the 2005 and 2006 Bonds have been invested in obligations guaranteed as to both principal and interest by the United States Government and placed in irrevocable escrow accounts which, including interest earned, will be used to pay the principal and interest on the refunded bonds. The refunded bonds, which have an outstanding balance of \$10,030,000 at June 30, 2022, are not included in the District's outstanding debt since the District has in-substance satisfied its obligations through the advance refunding.

NOTE 14 - LEASE COMMITMENTS

The District leases several copiers. In addition, the District leases theater space. The cost of the leased assets is \$688,446, the accumulated depreciation is \$337,884 and the net book value is \$350,562, which is included in the Governmental Activities Capital Assets and the related liability is included in the Governmental Activities.

A summary of the District's future lease requirements including principal and interest payments as of June 30, 2022, follows:

Fiscal	Governmental Activities				
Years	Principal	Interest	Total		
2023	\$99,638	\$3,119	\$102,757		
2024	29,412	1,000	30,412		
2025	17,974	330	18,304		
2026	2,383	9	2,392		
2027	0	0	0		
2028-2032	0	0	0		
2033-2037	30,261	3,340	33,601		
2038-2042	45,104	2,896	48,000		
2043-2046	32,938	662	33,600		
Totals	\$257,710	\$11,356	\$269,066		

NOTE 15 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; natural disasters; and injuries to employees. During fiscal year 2022 the District contracted with insurance providers for various insurance coverages, as follows:

Insurance Provider	Coverage	Deductible
Liberty Mutual Insurance Company	General Liability	\$5,000
Liberty Mutual Insurance Company	Automobile	\$1,000/\$1,000

There has been no significant reduction in insurance coverages from coverages in the prior year. In addition, settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverages in any of the past three fiscal years.

Workers' compensation claims are covered through the District's participation in the State of Ohio's program. The District pays the State Workers' Compensation System a premium based upon a rate per \$100 of payroll. The rate is determined based on accident history and administrative costs.

The District provides medical insurance coverage for its employees through the South Central Ohio Insurance Consortium (SCOIC). The District is considered self-insured due to the District retaining the risk. Claims are paid by the District to the SCOIC. On June 1, 2013, SCOIC contracted directly with Employee Benefits Management Corporation for claims servicing and reporting. The District had shared risk pool coverage with the Jefferson Health Plan which covered individual claims in excess of \$100,000 up to \$500,000 per employee per year for medical and prescription claims. The District also had a stop loss coverage insurance policy through Sun Life which covered individual claims in excess of the internal pool limit per employee per year for medical and prescription claims. The District pays monthly medical premiums of up to \$2,074 for certified and classified employees for family coverage and up to \$754 for certified and classified employees for single coverage of which the employees are responsible for up to 15 percent of the medical premium.

The claims liability of \$920,500 reported in the General Fund at June 30, 2022 is based on the requirements of GASB Statement No. 30 which requires that a liability for unpaid claims costs, including estimates of costs relating to incurred but not reported claims, be reported. The estimate was not affected by incremental claims adjustment expenses and does not include other allocated or unallocated claims adjustment expenses. Changes in the claims liability amount in fiscal year 2022 was as follows:

		Current Year		
	Beginning of	Claims and		Balance at
	Fiscal Year	Changes in	Claims	Fiscal
Fiscal Year	Liability	Estimates	Payments	Year End
2021 2022	\$654,900 640,800	\$8,515,568 9,318,786	(\$8,529,668) (9,039,086)	\$640,800 920,500
2022	040,800	9,518,780	(9,039,080)	920,300

NOTE 16 - STATUTORY RESERVES

The District is required by state law to set aside certain general fund revenue amounts, as defined, into a capital acquisition reserve. During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, the reserve activity (cash-basis) was as follows:

	Capital
	Acquisition
	Reserve
Set-aside Balance as of June 30, 2021	\$0
Current Year Set-Aside Requirement	627,068
Current Year Offset Credits	(372,897)
Qualifying Disbursements	(254,171)
Set-aside Balance as of June 30, 2022	\$0

The amount presented for current year offset credits is limited to an amount needed to reduce the reserve for capital improvements to zero. The District is responsible for tracking the amount that may be used as an offset in future periods, which was \$42,056,051 at June 30, 2022.

NOTE 17 - JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS

Metropolitan Educational Technology Association - The Metropolitan Educational Technology Association (META) is a computer consortium and educational solutions partner providing services across Ohio. META provides cost-effective fiscal, network, technology and student services, a purchasing cooperative, and other individual services based on each client's needs. The governing board of META consists of a president, vice president and six board members who represent the members of META. The Board works with META's Chief Executive Officer, Chief Operating Officer, and Chief Financial Officer to manage operations and ensure the continued progress of the organization's mission, vision, and values. The Board exercises total control over the operations of the Association including budgeting, appropriating, contracting and designating management. Each School District's degree of control is limited to its representation on the Board. The District paid META \$234,630 for services provided during the fiscal year. Financial information can be obtained from Ashley Widby, who serves as Chief Financial Officer, at 100 Executive Drive, Marion, Ohio 43302.

Tri-County Career Center - The Tri-County Career Center is a distinct political subdivision of the State of Ohio operated under the direction of a Board consisting of eleven appointed representatives from the eight participating school districts. The Board possesses its own budgeting and taxing authority. The District paid \$2,153 to the Tri-County Career Center in fiscal year 2022. To obtain financial information, contact: Tri-County Career Center, Rodney Schilling, Treasurer, at 15676 State Route 691, Nelsonville, Ohio 45764.

Coalition of Rural and Appalachian Schools – The Coalition of Rural and Appalachian Schools is a jointly governed organization including over 100 school districts in southeastern Ohio. The Coalition is operated by a Board which is composed of fourteen members. The Board members are composed of one superintendent from each County elected by the school districts within that County. The Coalition provides various services for school district administrative personnel; gathers data regarding conditions of education in the region; cooperates with other professional groups to assess and develop programs designed to meet the needs of member districts; and provides staff development programs for school district personnel. The Coalition is not dependent upon the continued participation of the School District and the School District does not maintain an equity interest in or a financial responsibility for the Coalition. The District made no significant payments for membership in fiscal year 2022.

NOTE 18 – INSURANCE PURCHASING POOLS

The District participates in the Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan (the "Plan"). This is a group rating plan as established under Section 4123.29 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Plan was established through the Ohio School Boards Association (OSBA) as a group purchasing pool. The Plan's business and affairs are conducted by a three member Board of Directors consisting of the President, the President Elect and the Immediate Past President of the OSBA. The Executive Director of the OSBA, or his designee, serves as the coordinator of the program. Each year, the participating school districts pay an enrollment fee to the Plan to cover the costs of administering the program.

South Central Ohio Insurance Consortium – The District is a member of the South-Central Ohio Insurance Consortium (SCOIC), an insurance purchasing pool. The SCOIC's primary purpose and objective is establishing and carrying out a cost-effective cooperative health program for its member organizations. The governing board consists of the treasurer or other designee appointed by each of the members of the SCOIC. Members include 24 public entities with approximately 3,500 employee lives covered for medical and prescription benefits with many different plan designs in place, as well as dental, vision, life, and accidental death and dismemberment insurances. The Bloom-Carroll Local School District serves as the fiscal agent for the SCOIC.

SCOIC contracts with the Jefferson Health Plan (formerly, the Ohio Mid-Eastern Regional Educational Service Agency (OME-RESA)), for internal pool and stop loss coverage. The SCOIC members are considered self-insured and pay a monthly premium to SCOIC that is actuarially calculated based on the participants' actual claims experience which are utilized for the payments of claims within the claims servicing pool up to the self-insurance deductible limit; and for this portion of the plan, all plan participants retain their own risk. An additional fee is paid for participation in the internal pool that is based on the claims of the internal pool in aggregate and is not based on individual claims experience. In the event of a deficiency in the internal pool, participants would be charged a higher rate for participation, and in the event of a surplus, the internal pool pays dividends to the participants. The entity participates in a shared-risk pool through SCOIC for individual claims from \$125,000-\$500,000. SCOIC members also participate in a JHP shared risk pool for individual claims from \$500,000-\$1,500,000. Sun Life provides stop loss coverage for individual claims over \$1,500,000. In the event the entity would withdraw from SCOIC, the entity would be required to give a 180-day notice prior to the end of their three-year contract, be responsible for all run-out claims, and would have no rights to share in any surplus funds of SCOIC. To obtain financial information for the SCOIC, write to the fiscal agent, Bloom-Carroll Local School District, 5240 Plum Road NW, Carroll, Ohio 43112.

NOTE 19 - CONTINGENCIES

A. <u>Grants</u>

The District receives financial assistance from federal and state agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreement and is subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the general fund or other applicable funds. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the District at June 30, 2022.

NOTE 19 – CONTINGENCIES (Continued)

B. Litigation

The District is a party to various legal proceedings which seek damages or injunctive relief generally incidental to its operations and pending projects. The District's management is of the opinion that the ultimate disposition of various claims and legal proceedings will not have a material effect, if any, on the financial condition of the District.

C. Foundation Funding

School District Foundation funding is based on the annualized full-time equivalent (FTE) enrollment of each student. Traditional school districts must comply with minimum hours of instruction, instead of a minimum number of school days each year. The funding formula the Ohio Department of Education (ODE) is legislatively required to follow will continue to adjust as enrollment information is updated by the school district, which can extend past the fiscal year end. As of the date of this report, ODE has not finalized the impact of enrollment adjustments to the June 30, 2022 Foundation funding for the school district; therefore, the financial statement impact is not determinable at this time. ODE and management believe this will result in either a receivable to or liability of the District.

NOTE 20 – SIGNIFICANT COMMITMENTS

At June 30, 2022 the District had encumbrance commitments in the Governmental Funds as follows:

Fund	Encumbrances
General Fund	\$837,312
ESSER Fund	127,741
Permanent Improvement Fund	511,458
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	399,428
Total Governmental Funds	\$1,875,939

At June 30, 2022 the District had the following contractual commitments:

	Remaining
	Contractual
Project	Commitment
Logan Middle School flooring improvements	\$62,500
Football field turf/track replacement	
and baseball field upgrades	20,000
	\$82,500

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Last Eight Fiscal Years

State Teachers Retirement System

	2015	2016	2017
District's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	0.1555853%	0.1503735%	0.1503756%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$37,843,738	\$41,558,830	\$50,335,260
District's covered payroll	\$16,116,092	\$16,452,686	\$15,550,014
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll	234.82%	252.60%	323.70%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	74.70%	72.10%	66.80%

Source: District Treasurer's Office and State Teachers Retirement System

School Employees Retirement System

	2015	2016	2017
District's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	0.1875740%	0.1894783%	0.1964703%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$9,493,013	\$10,811,817	\$14,379,816
District's covered payroll	\$5,481,457	\$5,625,197	\$6,024,721
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll	173.18%	192.20%	238.68%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	71.70%	69.16%	62.98%

Source: District Treasurer's Office and School Employees Retirement System

Notes: The District implemented GASB Statements 68 in 2015.

The schedule is intended to show ten years of information. Additional years will be displayed as they become available. Information prior to 2015 is not available. The schedule is reported as of the measurement date of the Net Pension Liability.

See accompanying notes to the required supplementary information.

2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	
0.1520015%	0.1532411%	0.1621210%	0.1585721%	0.1654785%	
\$36,108,286	\$33,694,278	\$35,852,090	\$38,368,803	\$21,157,919	
\$16,543,364	\$18,357,979	\$18,686,671	\$20,621,343	\$19,514,300	
218.26%	183.54%	191.86%	186.06%	108.42%	
75.30%	77.30%	77.40%	75.48%	87.78%	

2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
0.2029887%	0.2062893%	0.2122688%	0.2196597%	0.2366456%
\$12,128,120	\$11,814,572	\$12,700,419	\$14,528,760	\$8,731,546
\$6,555,436	\$6,728,659	\$7,465,222	\$7,636,971	\$8,164,929
185.01%	175.59%	170.13%	190.24%	106.94%
69.50%	71.36%	70.85%	68.55%	82.86%

Schedule of District Pension Contributions Last Ten Fiscal Years

State Teachers Retirement System

	2013	2014	2015
Contractually required contribution	\$2,157,837	\$2,095,092	\$2,303,376
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	2,157,837	2,095,092	2,303,376
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$0	\$0	\$0
District's covered payroll	\$16,598,746	\$16,116,092	\$16,452,686
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	13.00%	13.00%	14.00%

Source: District Treasurer's Office and State Teachers Retirement System

School Employees Retirement System

	2013	2014	2015
Contractually required contribution	\$800,352	\$759,730	\$741,401
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	800,352	759,730	741,401
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$0	\$0	\$0
District's covered payroll	\$5,782,890	\$5,481,457	\$5,625,197
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	13.84%	13.86%	13.18%

Source: District Treasurer's Office and School Employees Retirement System Notes: The District implemented GASB Statement 68 in 2015.

See accompanying notes to the required supplementary information.

2016	2017	2018	<u>2019</u>	2020	2021	2022
\$2,177,002	\$2,316,071	\$2,570,117	\$2,616,134	\$2,886,988	\$2,732,002	\$3,243,603
2,177,002	2,316,071	2,570,117	2,616,134	2,886,988	2,732,002	3,243,603
\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
\$15,550,014	\$16,543,364	\$18,357,979	\$18,686,671	\$20,621,343	\$19,514,300	\$23,168,593
14.00%	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%
<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	2018	2019	2020	<u>2021</u>	<u>2022</u>
\$843,461	\$917,761	\$908,369	\$1,007,805	\$1,069,176	\$1,143,090	\$1,259,533
843,461	917,761	908,369	1,007,805	1,069,176	1,143,090	1,259,533
\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
\$6,024,721	\$6,555,436	\$6,728,659	\$7,465,222	\$7,636,971	\$8,164,929	\$8,996,664
14.00%	14.00%	13.50%	13.50%	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%

Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) Liability (Asset) Last Six Fiscal Years

State Teachers Retirement Sy	ystem		
Fiscal Year	2017	2018	2019
District's proportion of the net OPEB liability (asset)	0.1520015%	0.1520015%	0.1532411%
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset)	\$8,129,080	\$5,930,538	(\$2,462,428)
District's covered payroll	\$15,550,014	\$16,543,364	\$18,357,979
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll	52.28%	35.85%	(13.41%)
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	37.30%	47.10%	176.00%

Source: District Treasurer's Office and State Teachers Retirement System

School Employees Retirement System

Fiscal Year	2017	2018	2019
District's proportion of the net OPEB liability (asset)	0.2066580%	0.2066580%	0.2098466%
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset)	\$5,890,517	\$5,546,158	\$5,821,711
District's covered payroll	\$6,024,721	\$6,555,436	\$6,728,659
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll	97.77%	84.60%	86.52%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	11.49%	12.46%	13.57%

Source: District Treasurer's Office and School Employees Retirement System

Notes: The District implemented GASB Statement 75 in 2018.

The schedule is intended to show ten years of information. Additional years

will be displayed as they become available. Information prior to 2017 is not available.

The schedule is reported as of the measurement date of the Net OPEB Liability,

which is the prior year end.

See accompanying notes to the required supplementary information.

2020	2021	2022
0.1621210%	0.1585721%	0.1654785%
(\$2,685,114) \$18,686,671	(\$2,786,902) \$20,621,343	(\$3,488,982) \$19,514,300
(14.37%)	(13.51%)	(17.88%)
174.74%	182.13%	174.73%

2020	2021	2022
0.2190037%	0.2292462%	0.2448280%
\$5,507,483	\$4,982,269	\$4,633,572
\$7,465,222	\$7,636,971	\$8,164,929
73.78%	65.24%	56.75%
15.57%	18.17%	24.08%

Schedule of District Other Postemployment Benefit (OPEB) Contributions Last Ten Fiscal Years

State Teachers Retirement System

Fiscal Year	2013	2014	2015	2016
Contractually required contribution	\$165,987	\$161,161	\$0	\$0
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	165,987	161,161	0	0
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
District's covered payroll	\$16,598,746	\$16,116,092	\$16,452,686	\$15,550,014
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	1.00%	1.00%	0.00%	0.00%

Source: District Treasurer's Office and State Teachers Retirement System

School Employees Retirement System

Fiscal Year	2013	2014	2015	2016
Contractually required contribution	\$107,791	\$103,894	\$154,815	\$101,294
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	107,791	103,894	154,815	101,294
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
District's covered payroll	\$5,782,890	\$5,481,457	\$5,625,197	\$6,024,721
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	1.86%	1.90%	2.75%	1.68%

Source: District Treasurer's Office and School Employees Retirement System Notes: The District implemented GASB Statement 75 in 2018.

See accompanying notes to the required supplementary information.

2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
0	0	0	0	0	0
\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
\$16,543,364	\$18,357,979	\$18,686,671	\$20,621,343	\$19,514,300	\$23,168,593
0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
\$98,516	\$149,401	\$177,887	\$153,305	\$161,035	\$166,028
98,516	149,401	177,887	153,305	161,035	166,028
\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
\$6,555,436	\$6,728,659	\$7,465,222	\$7,636,971	\$8,164,929	\$8,996,664
1.50%	2.22%	2.38%	2.01%	1.97%	1.85%

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

NET PENSION LIABILITY

<u>SERS</u>

Changes in benefit terms – For fiscal years 2022 through 2019, there were no changes to benefit terms. For fiscal year 2018, the following were the most significant changes in benefits that affected the total pension liability since the prior measurement date:

• The cost-of-living adjustment was changed from a fixed 3.00 percent to a cost-of-living adjustment that is indexed to CPI-W not greater than 2.5 percent with a floor of 0 percent beginning January 1, 2018. In addition, with the authority granted the Board under HB 49, the Board has enacted a three-year COLA suspension for benefit recipients in calendars 2018, 2019, and 2020.

There were no changes to benefit terms for fiscal years 2015 through 2017.

Changes in assumptions

For fiscal year 2022, the following changes were made to the actuarial assumptions as identified. These new assumptions compared with those used in fiscal year 2021 and prior are presented below:

- Assumed rate of inflation was reduced from 3.00% to 2.40%
- Payroll growth assumption was reduced from 3.50% to 1.75%
- Assumed real wage growth was increased from 0.50% to 0.85%
- Cost-of-Living-Adjustments was reduced from 2.50% to 2.00%
- The discount rate was reduced from 7.50% to 7.00%
- Rates of withdrawal, compensation, participation, spouse coverage assumption, retirement and disability were updated to reflect recent experience.
- Mortality among active members was updated to the following:
- PUB-2010 General Amount Weighted Below Median Employee mortality table. Future

improvement in mortality rates is reflected by applying the MP-2020 projection scale generationally.

• Mortality among service retired members was updated to the following:

• PUB-2010 General Employee Weighted Below Median Healthy Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 1 year and adjusted 94.20% for males and set forward 2 years and adjusted 81.35% for females. Future improvement in mortality rates is reflected by applying the MP-2020 projection scale generationally.

• Mortality among contingent survivors was updated to the following:

• PUB-2010 General Amount Weighted Below Median Contingent Survivor mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 1 year and adjusted 105.5% for males and adjusted 122.5% for females. Future improvement in mortality rates is reflected by applying the MP-2020 projection scale generationally.

• Mortality among disabled members was updated to the following:

• PUB-2010 General Disabled Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 5 years and adjusted 103.3% for males and set forward 3 years and adjusted 106.8% for females. Future improvement in mortality rates is reflected by applying the MP-2020 projection scale generationally.

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

<u>NET PENSION LIABILITY</u> (Continued)

SERS (Continued)

For fiscal years 2021, 2020, and 2019 there were no changes in assumptions.

For fiscal year 2018, the following changes were made to the actuarial assumptions as identified. These new assumptions compared with those used in fiscal year 2017 and prior are presented below:

- Assumed rate of inflation was reduced from 3.25% to 3.00%
- Payroll Growth Assumption was reduced from 4.00% to 3.50%
- Assumed real wage growth was reduced from 0.75% to 0.50%
- Rates of withdrawal, retirement and disability were updated to reflect recent experience.
- Mortality among active members was updated to the following:
 - RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and a five year age set-back for both males and females. The above rates represent the base rates used.
- Mortality among service retired members, and beneficiaries was updated to the following:
 - RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection with Scale BB, 120% of male rates, and 110% of female rates.
- Mortality among disable member was updated to the following:
 - RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, 90% for male rates and 100% for female rates, set back five years is used for the period after disability retirement.

There were no changes in assumptions for fiscal years 2015 through 2017.

<u>STRS</u>

Changes in benefit terms – For fiscal years 2022 through 2019, there were no changes to benefit terms. For fiscal year 2018, the cost of living adjustment (COLA) was reduced to 0 percent effective July 1, 2017. There were no changes to benefit terms for fiscal years 2015 through 2017.

Changes in assumptions – In fiscal year 2022 the investment return was lowered from 7.45 percent to 7.00 percent. For fiscal year 2021, 2020, and 2019, there were no changes in assumptions. For fiscal year 2018, the following were the most significant changes of assumptions that affected the total pension liability since the prior measurement date:

- Inflation assumptions were lowered from 2.75 percent to 2.50 percent.
- Investment return assumptions were lowered from 7.75 percent to 7.45 percent.
- Total salary increases rates were lowered by decreasing merit component of the individual salary increases, as well as by 0.25 percent due to lower inflation.
- Payroll growth assumptions were lowered to 3.00 percent.
- Updated the health and disability mortality assumption to the RP-2014 mortality tables with generational improvement scale MP-2016.
- Rates of retirement, termination and disability were modified to better reflect anticipated future experience.

There were no changes in assumptions for fiscal years 2015 through 2017.

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

NET OPEB LIABILITY (ASSET)

<u>SERS</u>

Changes in benefit terms – There were no changes to benefit terms for fiscal years 2022 - 2018.

Changes in assumptions – For fiscal year 2022, the following were the most significant changes of assumptions that affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date:

- The discount rate was changed from 2.63% to 2.27%
- The investment rate of return was reduced from 7.50% to 7.00%
- Assumed rate of inflation was reduced from 3.00% to 2.40%
- Payroll Growth Assumption was reduced from 3.50% to 1.75%
- Assumed real wage growth was increased from 0.50% to 0.85%
- Rates of withdrawal, retirement and disability were updated to reflect recent experience
- Rate of health care participation for future retirees and spouses was updated to reflect recent experience
- Mortality among active members was updated to the following:

• PUB-2010 General Amount Weighted Below Median Employee mortality table.

- Mortality among service retired members was updated to the following:
 - PUB-2010 General Employee Amount Weighted Below Median Healthy Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 1 year and adjusted 94.20% for males and set forward 2 years and adjusted 81.35% for females.
- Mortality among beneficiaries was updated to the following:
 - PUB-2010 General Amount Weighted Below Median Contingent Survivor mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 1 year and adjusted 105.5% for males and adjusted 122.5% for females.
- Mortality among disabled member was updated to the following:
 - PUB-2010 General Disabled Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 5 years and adjusted 103.3% for males and set forward 3 years and adjusted 106.8% for females.
- Mortality rates are projected using a fully generational projection with Scale MP-2020.

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

NET OPEB LIABILITY (ASSET) (Continued)

<u>SERS</u>(Continued)

For fiscal year 2021, the following were the most significant changes of assumptions that affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date:

- The municipal bond index rate decreased from 3.13 percent to 2.45 percent.
- The single equivalent interest rate, net of plan investment expense, including price inflation decreased from 3.22 percent to 2.63 percent.

For fiscal year 2020, the following were the most significant changes of assumptions that affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date:

- The municipal bond index rate decreased from 3.62 percent to 3.13 percent.
- The single equivalent interest rate, net of plan investment expense, including price inflation decreased from 3.70 percent to 3.22 percent.
- The medical trend assumption rate changed as follows:
 - Medicare 2019 5.375 to 4.75 percent, 2020 5.25 to 4.75 percent
 - Pre-Medicare 2019 7.25 to 4.75 percent, 2020 7.00 to 4.75

For fiscal year 2019, the following were the most significant changes of assumptions that affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date:

- The discount rate was changed from 3.63 percent to 3.70 percent.
- The municipal bond index rate increased from 3.56 percent to 3.62 percent.
- The single equivalent interest rate, net of plan investment expense, including price inflation increased from 3.63 percent to 3.70 percent.
- The medical trend assumption rate changed as follows:
 - Medicare 2018 5.50 to 5.00 percent, 2019 5.375 to 4.75 percent
 - Pre-Medicare 2018 7.50 to 5.00 percent, 2019 7.25 to 4.75

For fiscal year 2018, the following was the most significant change of assumptions that affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date:

• The discount rate was increased from 2.98 percent to 3.63.

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

NET OPEB LIABILITY (ASSET) (Continued)

<u>SERS</u> (Continued)

For fiscal year 2017, the following was the most significant change of assumptions that affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date:

- Assumed rate of inflation was reduced from 3.25% to 3.00%
- Payroll Growth Assumption was reduced from 4.00% to 3.50%
- Assumed real wage growth was reduced from 0.75% to 0.50%
- Rates of withdrawal, retirement and disability were updated to reflect recent experience.
- Mortality among active members was updated to the following:
 - RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and a five year age set-back for both males and females.
- Mortality among service retired members, and beneficiaries was updated to the following:
 - RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection with Scale BB, 120% of male rates, and 110% of female rates.
- Mortality among disabled members was updated to the following:
 - RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, 90% for male rates and 100% for female rates, set back five years is used for the period after disability retirement.

STRS

Changes in benefit terms – For fiscal year 2022 the following was the most significant change in benefit terms that affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date:

• The non-Medicare subsidy percentage was increased effective January 1, 2022 from 2.055% to 2.100%. The non-Medicare frozen subsidy base premium was increased effective January 1, 2022. The Medicare Part D subsidy was updated to reflect it is expected to be negative in CY2022. The Part B monthly reimbursement elimination date was postponed indefinitely.

For fiscal year 2021 the following was the most significant change in benefit terms that affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date:

• The non-Medicare subsidy percentage was increased effective January 1, 2021 from 1.984% to 2.055% per year of service. The non-Medicare frozen subsidy base premium was increased effective January 1, 2021. The Medicare subsidy percentages were adjusted effective January 1, 2021 to 2.1% for the AMA Medicare plan. The Medicare Part B monthly reimbursement elimination date was postponed indefinitely.

For fiscal year 2020, the following was the most significant change in benefit terms that affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date:

• The non-Medicare subsidy percentage was increased effective January 1, 2020 from 1.944% to 1.984% per year of service. The non-Medicare frozen subsidy base premium was increased effective January 1, 2020. The Medicare subsidy percentages were adjusted effective January 1, 2021 to 2.1% for the Medicare plan. The Medicare Part B monthly reimbursement elimination date was postponed to January 1, 2021.

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

NET OPEB LIABILITY (ASSET) (Continued)

STRS (Continued)

For fiscal year 2019, the following was the most significant change in benefit terms that affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date:

• The subsidy multiplier for non-Medicare benefit recipients increased from 1.9 percent to 1.944 percent per year of service effective January 1, 2019. The non-Medicare frozen subsidy base premium increased effective January 1, 2019 and all remaining Medicare Part B premium reimbursements were scheduled to be discontinued beginning January 1, 2020, though the STRS Board voted in June 2019 to extent the current Medicare Part B partial reimbursement for one year.

For fiscal year 2018, STRS has the following changes in benefit terms since the previous measurement date:

- The HealthSpan HMO plans were eliminated.
- The subsidy multiplier for non-Medicare benefit recipients was reduced to 1.9 percent per year of service from 2.1 percent.
- Medicare Part B premium reimbursements were discontinued for survivors and beneficiaries who were age 65 by 2008 and either receiving a benefit or named as a beneficiary as of January 1, 2008.
- The remaining Medicare Part B premium reimbursements will be phased out over a three-year period.

There were no changes to benefit terms for fiscal year 2017.

Changes in assumptions – In fiscal year 2022 the investment return was lowered from 7.45 percent to 7.00 percent.

For fiscal year 2021 the following were the most significant changes of assumptions that affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date:

- The health care trend assumption rate changed as follows:
 - Medical Medicare from 4.93 percent to (6.69) percent initial, 4 percent ultimate
 - Medical Pre-Medicare from 5.87 percent to 5.00 percent initial, 4 percent ultimate
 - Prescription Drug Medicare from 9.62 percent to 11.87 percent initial, 4 percent ultimate
 - Prescription Drug Pre-Medicare from 7.73 percent to 6.50 initial, 4 percent ultimate

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

NET OPEB LIABILITY (ASSET) (Continued)

STRS (Continued)

For fiscal year 2020, the following were the most significant changes of assumptions that affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date:

- The health care trend assumption rate changed as follows:
 - Medical Medicare from 6 percent to 4.93 percent initial, 4 percent ultimate
 - Medical Pre-Medicare from 5 percent to 5.87 percent initial, 4 percent ultimate
 - Prescription Drug Medicare from 8 percent to 9.62 percent initial, 4 percent ultimate
 - Prescription Drug Pre-Medicare from -5.23 percent to 7.73 initial, 4 percent ultimate

For fiscal year 2019, the following were the most significant changes of assumptions that affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date:

- The discount rate increased from a 4.13 percent blended discount rate to 7.45 percent.
- The health care trend assumption rate changed from 6 to 11 percent initial, 4.5 percent ultimate to:
 - Medical Medicare 6 percent initial, 4 percent ultimate
 - Medical Pre-Medicare 5 percent initial, 4 percent ultimate
 - Prescription Drug Medicare 8 percent initial, 4 percent ultimate
 - Prescription Drug Pre-Medicare -5.23 percent initial, 4 percent ultimate

For fiscal year 2018, the following were the most significant changes of assumptions that affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date:

- The discount rate was increased from 3.26 percent to 4.13 percent based on the methodology defined under GASB 74.
- The long-term rate of return was reduced to 7.45 percent.
- Valuation-year per capita health costs were updated.
- The percentage of future retirees electing each option was updated based on current data.
- The assumed future trend rates were modified.
- Decrement rates including mortality, disability, retirement, and withdrawal were modified.
- The assumed percentage of future disabled retirees assumed to elect health coverage was decreased from 84 percent to 65 percent, and the assumed percentage of terminated vested participants assumed to elect health coverage at retirement was decreased from 47 percent to 30 percent.
- The assumed salary scale was modified.

There were no changes in assumptions for fiscal year 2017.

Combining and Individual Fund Statements and Schedules

The following combining statements and schedules include the Major and Nonmajor Governmental Funds and Fiduciary Funds.

Nonmajor Governmental Funds

Special Revenue Funds

Special Revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than amounts relating to trusts or major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

Uniform School Supplies Fund

This fund accounts for the purchase and sale of school supplies for use in the District. Profits derived from such sales are used for school purposes or activities connected with the school. (The Balance Sheet and Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances are not presented because this fund is reported as part of the General Fund on a GAAP basis.)

Public School Support Fund

To account for school site sales revenues, and expenditures for field trips, assemblies, and other activity costs. (The Balance Sheet and Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances are not presented because this fund is reported as part of the General Fund on a GAAP basis.)

Other Local Grants Fund

To account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources, except for state and federal grants that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

Classroom Facilities Maintenance Fund

To account for the proceeds of a levy for the maintenance of District facilities.

District Managed Student Activity Fund

To account for gate receipts and other revenues from athletic events and all costs (except supplemental coaching contracts) of the District's athletic program.

Auxiliary Services Fund

To account for monies which provide services and materials to pupils attending non-public schools within the District.

Early Childhood Education Fund

To account for State monies provided for costs associated with preschool students.

One Net Public Communications Subsidy Fund

To account for monies appropriated for Ohio Educational Computer Network Connections. (The Balance Sheet is not presented because there are no assets or liabilities at year end.)

Field House Fund

To account for operations of Chieftain Center. Revenues include admissions, concessions, and merchandise sales. Expenditures are for facility management, and other contracted services.

(Continued)

Nonmajor Governmental Funds

Special Revenue Funds (Continued)

Student Success and Wellness Fund

To account for monies received through grants to assist the District to plan and launch health and wellness services to meet the needs of student wellness initiatives. (The Balance Sheet is not presented because there are no assets or liabilities at year end.) (This fund is not part of the District's appropriated budget, therefore no budgetary schedule is presented.)

Miscellaneous State Grants Fund

To account for various monies received from state agencies which are not classified elsewhere. A separate special cost center must be used for each grant and be approved by the Auditor of State.

Title VI-B Fund

To account for monies received through grants to assist in the identification of handicapped children, development of procedural safeguards, implementation of least restrictive alternative service patterns, and provision of full educational opportunities to handicapped children at the preschool, elementary and secondary levels.

Student Support Academic Enrichment (SSAE) Fund

To account for federal grant revenue to be used to provide all students with access to a wellrounded education, improve school conditions for student learning and improve the use of technology in order to improve academic achievement and digital literacy of all students.

Title I Fund

To account for federal monies used to assist the District in meeting the special needs of educationally deprived children.

Governor's Emergency Education Relief (GEER) Fund

To account for funding used to support activities related to the COVID-19 pandemic. (The Balance Sheet is not presented because there are no assets or liabilities at year end. The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances is not presented because there were no revenues or expenditures.)

21st Century Learning Centers Fund

To account for funding which supports the creation of community learning centers that provide academic enrichment opportunities during non-school hours for children, particularly students who attend high-poverty and low performing schools.

EHA (Education for the Handicapped Act) Preschool Grant Fund

To account for programs and services established under Section 619 of Public Law 99-457 for handicapped children ages three through five.

Improving Teacher Quality Fund

To account for monies used to hire additional classroom teachers in grades 1 through 3, so that the number of students per teacher will be reduced.

Miscellaneous Federal Grants Fund

To account for various monies received through state agencies from the federal government or directly from the federal government which are not classified elsewhere.

Nonmajor Governmental Funds

Debt Service Funds

The Debt Service Funds are used to account for retirement of the District's general long-term debt.

Bond Retirement Fund

This fund accounts for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal and interest.

Nonmajor Governmental Funds

Capital Projects Funds

The Capital Projects Funds are used to account for the financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities, other than those financed by proprietary or trust funds.

Building Fund

This fund accounts for the receipts and expenditures related to all special bond funds in the District. All proceeds from the sale of bonds, notes, or certificates of indebtedness, except premiums and accrued interest, must be paid into this fund. Expenditures represent the costs of acquiring and building capital facilities, including real property.

Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2022

		Nonmajor ccial Revenue Funds		nmajor Debt ervice Fund		Nonmajor ital Projects Fund		tal Nonmajor overnmental Funds
Assets:	¢	1 0 (0 700	¢	0.055.740	¢	(1.005	¢	4 00 (25 (
Pooled Cash and Investments	\$	1,968,708	\$	2,055,743	\$	61,905	\$	4,086,356
Cash with Fiscal Agent		0		0		500,000		500,000
Receivables:		290.001		1 005 000		0		1 204 000
Taxes		289,001		1,005,989		0		1,294,990
Accounts		8,070		0		0		8,070
Intergovernmental		1,402,874		0		0		1,402,874
Total Assets	\$	3,668,653	\$	3,061,732	\$	561,905	\$	7,292,290
Liabilities:								
Accounts Payable	\$	102,158	\$	0	\$	115,500	\$	217,658
Accrued Wages and Benefits		390,710		0		0		390,710
Intergovernmental Payable		52,531		0		0		52,531
Interfund Loans Payable		1,500,632		0		0		1,500,632
Total Liabilities		2,046,031		0		115,500		2,161,531
Deferred Inflows of Resources:								
Unavailable Amounts		713,277		24,287		0		737,564
Property Tax Levy for Next Fiscal Year		189,848		645,132		0		834,980
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		903,125		669,419		0		1,572,544
Fund Balances:								
Restricted		1,995,049		2,392,313		446,405		4,833,767
Unassigned		(1,275,552)		0		0		(1,275,552)
Total Fund Balances		719,497		2,392,313		446,405		3,558,215
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of								
Resources and Fund Balances	\$	3,668,653	\$	3,061,732	\$	561,905	\$	7,292,290

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds		nmajor Debt rrvice Fund	lonmajor ital Projects Fund	tal Nonmajor overnmental Funds
Revenues:				 	
Local Sources:					
Taxes	\$ 308,304	\$	1,164,646	\$ 0	\$ 1,472,950
Investment Earnings	400		0	4,730	5,130
Extracurricular Activities	497,527		0	0	497,527
Class Materials and Fees	219,661		0	0	219,661
Intermediate Sources	26,085		0	0	26,085
Intergovernmental - State	308,085		109,088	0	417,173
Intergovernmental - Federal	3,533,286		0	0	3,533,286
Gifts and Donations	0		0	85,000	85,000
All Other Revenue	128,877		0	0	128,877
Total Revenues	5,022,225		1,273,734	89,730	 6,385,689
Expenditures:					
Current:					
Instructional Services:					
Regular	1,079,912		0	0	1,079,912
Special	2,279,543		0	0	2,279,543
Support Services:					
Pupils	88,309		0	0	88,309
Instructional Staff	559,429		0	0	559,429
Administration	133,793		0	0	133,793
Fiscal Services	6,639		25,722	0	32,361
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	178,384		0	0	178,384
Pupil Transportation	4,320		0	0	4,320
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	605,536		0	0	605,536
Extracurricular Activities	606,786		0	0	606,786
Capital Outlay	265		0	3,348,080	3,348,345
Debt Service:					
Principal Retirement	0		980,000	175,000	1,155,000
Interest and Fiscal Charges	 0		354,250	 161,375	 515,625
Total Expenditures	 5,542,916		1,359,972	 3,684,455	 10,587,343
Net Change in Fund Balance	(520,691)		(86,238)	(3,594,725)	(4,201,654)
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	 1,240,188		2,478,551	 4,041,130	 7,759,869
Fund Balances End of Year	\$ 719,497	\$	2,392,313	\$ 446,405	\$ 3,558,215

Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds June 30, 2022

	Other Local Grants		Classroom Facilities Laintenance	rict Managed lent Activity	Auxiliary Services	
Assets:						
Pooled Cash and Investments	\$	151,126	\$ 1,337,659	\$ 430,091	\$	24,182
Receivables:						
Taxes		0	289,001	0		0
Accounts		8,000	0	70		0
Intergovernmental		0	 0	 0		0
Total Assets	\$	159,126	\$ 1,626,660	\$ 430,161	\$	24,182
Liabilities:						
Accounts Payable	\$	1,999	\$ 51,820	\$ 9,294	\$	124
Accrued Wages and Benefits		0	0	0		3,716
Intergovernmental Payable		205	0	329		0
Interfund Loans Payable		0	 0	 0		0
Total Liabilities		2,204	 51,820	 9,623		3,840
Deferred Inflows of Resources:						
Unavailable Amounts		0	4,770	0		0
Property Tax Levy for Next Fiscal Year		0	189,848	0		0
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		0	 194,618	 0		0
Fund Balances:						
Restricted		156,922	1,380,222	420,538		20,342
Unassigned		0	 0	 0		0
Total Fund Balances (Deficit)		156,922	1,380,222	 420,538		20,342
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of						
Resources and Fund Balances	\$	159,126	\$ 1,626,660	\$ 430,161	\$	24,182

(Continued)

Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds June 30, 2022

	Early Childhood Education		Fie	eld House	 cellaneous te Grants	Т	itle VI-B
Assets:							
Pooled Cash and Investments	\$	36	\$	8,589	\$ 17,025	\$	0
Receivables:							
Taxes		0		0	0		0
Accounts		0		0	0		0
Intergovernmental		0		0	 0		104,389
Total Assets	\$	36	\$	8,589	\$ 17,025	\$	104,389
Liabilities:							
Accounts Payable	\$	0	\$	4,844	\$ 0	\$	8,132
Accrued Wages and Benefits		31,426		13,993	0		161,037
Intergovernmental Payable		0		4,588	0		5,410
Interfund Loans Payable		17,757		80,000	0		104,389
Total Liabilities		49,183		103,425	0		278,968
Deferred Inflows of Resources:							
Unavailable Amounts		0		0	0		104,389
Property Tax Levy for Next Fiscal Year		0		0	0		0
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		0		0	0		104,389
Fund Balances:							
Restricted		0		0	17,025		0
Unassigned		(49,147)		(94,836)	 0		(278,968)
Total Fund Balances (Deficit)		(49,147)		(94,836)	 17,025		(278,968)
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of							
Resources and Fund Balances	\$	36	\$	8,589	\$ 17,025	\$	104,389

	SSAE		Title I		st Century ning Centers	EHA Preschool Grant		Improving Teacher Quality		M iscellaneous Federal Grants		Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	
\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$	1,968,708
	0		0		0		0		0		0		289,001
	0		0		0		0		0		0		8,070
	18,751		540,951		431,268		6,397		9,736		291,382		1,402,874
\$	18,751	\$	540,951	\$	431,268	\$	6,397	\$	9,736	\$	291,382	\$	3,668,653
\$	0	\$	3,690	\$	12,800	\$	0	\$	0	\$	9,455	\$	102,158
Ψ	8,916	Ψ	131,102	Ψ	20.369	Ψ	1,768	Ψ	0	Ψ	18,383	Ψ	390,710
	1,123		15,690		2,233		275		0		22,678		52,531
	18,751		540,951		431,268		6,397		9,736		291,383		1,500,632
_	28,790		691,433		466,670		8,440		9,736		341,899		2,046,031
	18,751		188,658		89,194		6,397		9,736		291,382		713,277
	0		0		0		0		0		0		189,848
	18,751		188,658		89,194		6,397		9,736		291,382		903,125
	0		0		0		0		0		0		1,995,049
	(28,790)		(339,140)		(124,596)		(8,440)		(9,736)		(341,899)		(1,275,552)
_	(28,790)		(339,140)		(124,596)		(8,440)		(9,736)		(341,899)		719,497
\$	18,751	\$	540,951	\$	431,268	\$	6,397	\$	9,736	\$	291,382	\$	3,668,653

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Other Local Grants			Classroom Facilities Maintenance		District Managed Student Activity		uxiliary Services
Revenues:								
Local Sources:								
Taxes	\$	0	\$	308,304	\$	0	\$	0
Investment Earnings		0		0		0		400
Extracurricular Activities		0		0		234,529		0
Class Materials and Fees		0		0		219,661		0
Intermediate Sources		26,085		0		0		0
Intergovernmental - State		0		20,194		0		107,746
Intergovernmental - Federal		94,829		0		0		0
All Other Revenue		11,952		0		76,438		0
Total Revenues		132,866	_	328,498		530,628		108,146
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Instructional Services:								
Regular		22,479		0		0		0
Special		198		0		0		0
Support Services:								
Pupils		2,789		0		0		0
Instructional Staff		1,218		0		0		0
Administration		0		0		0		0
Fiscal Services		0		6,639		0		0
Operation and Maintenance of Plant		0		166,134		0		0
Pupil Transportation		0		0		0		0
Operation of Non-Instructional Services		7,068		0		0		166,891
Extracurricular Activities		0		0		525,954		0
Capital Outlay		265		0		0		0
Total Expenditures		34,017	_	172,773		525,954		166,891
Net Change in Fund Balance		98,849		155,725		4,674		(58,745)
Fund Balances (Deficits) at Beginning of Year		58,073		1,224,497		415,864		79,087
Fund Balances (Deficits) End of Year	\$	156,922	\$	1,380,222	\$	420,538	\$	20,342

Title VI-B		M iscellaneous State Grants			Field House Student Suc		Fi	Net Public munications Subsidy	Comr	y Childhood ducation	
0	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$
0		0		0		0		0		0	
0		0		0		262,998		0		0	
0		0		0		0		0		0	
0		0		0		0		0		0	
0		19,182		0		0		12,600		148,363	
831,755		0		0		0		0		169,950	
0		0		12,998		27,489		0		0	
831,755		19,182		12,998		290,487		12,600		318,313	
0		73,311		0		0		0		0	
836,316		0		0		0		0		357,676	
17,087		0		0		0		0		0	
121,915		0		0		0		12,600		0	
1		0		0		0		0		0	
0		0		0		0		0		0	
0		12,250		0		0		0		0	
2,300		0		0		0		0		0	
14,441		0		0		220,205		0		0	
0		0		0		80,832		0		0	
0		0		0		0		0		0	
992,060		85,561		0		301,037		12,600		357,676	
(160,305)		(66,379)		12,998		(10,550)		0		(39,363)	
(118,663)		83,404		(12,998)		(84,286)		0		(9,784)	
(278,968)	\$	17,025	\$	0	\$	(94,836)	\$	0	\$	(49,147)	\$

(Continued)

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

	SSAE	 Title I	st Century ning Centers	EHA	Preschool Grant
Revenues:					
Local Sources:					
Taxes	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$	0
Investment Earnings	0	0	0		0
Extracurricular Activities	0	0	0		0
Class Materials and Fees	0	0	0		0
Intermediate Sources	0	0	0		0
Intergovernmental - State	0	0	0		0
Intergovernmental - Federal	44,871	1,122,255	818,654		20,243
All Other Revenue	 0	 0	 0		0
Total Revenues	 44,871	 1,122,255	 818,654		20,243
Expenditures:					
Current:					
Instructional Services:					
Regular	2,382	153,606	305,977		0
Special	0	1,077,702	0		7,651
Support Services:					
Pupils	68,433	0	0		0
Instructional Staff	0	49,664	286,498		2,362
Administration	0	0	39,324		39,079
Fiscal Services	0	0	0		0
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	0	0	0		0
Pupil Transportation	2,020	0	0		0
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	826	25,870	167,680		0
Extracurricular Activities	0	0	0		0
Capital Outlay	0	0	0		0
Total Expenditures	 73,661	 1,306,842	 799,479		49,092
Net Change in Fund Balance	(28,790)	(184,587)	19,175		(28,849)
Fund Balances (Deficits) at Beginning of Year	 0	 (154,553)	 (143,771)		20,409
Fund Balances (Deficits) End of Year	\$ (28,790)	\$ (339,140)	\$ (124,596)	\$	(8,440)

Improving Teacher Quality	M iscellaneous Federal Grants	Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds
\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 308,304
3 0 0	\$ 0 0	\$
0	0	497,527
0	0	219,661
0	0	26,085
0	0	308,085
93,189	337,540	3,533,286
0	0	128,877
93,189	337,540	5,022,225
8,726	513,431	1,079,912
0	0	2,279,543
0	0	88,309
85,046	126	559,429
0	55,389	133,793
0	0	6,639
0	0	178,384
0	0	4,320
2,300	255	605,536
0	0	606,786
0	0	265
96,072	569,201	5,542,916
(2,883)	(231,661)	(520,691)
(6,853)	(110,238)	1,240,188
\$ (9,736)	\$ (341,899)	\$ 719,497

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) Major Funds – Capital Projects Fund – Permanent Improvement Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Total Revenues and			
Other Financing Sources	\$ 3,505,326	\$ 3,316,599	\$ (188,727)
Total Expenditures and			
Other Financing Uses	4,900,591	4,033,319	867,272
Net Change in Fund Balance	(1,395,265)	(716,720)	678,545
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	(244,904)	(244,904)	0
Prior Year Encumbrances	1,378,730	1,378,730	0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$ (261,439)	\$ 417,106	\$ 678,545

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Fin	al Budget	 Actual	Fina P	ance with al Budget ositive egative)
Total Revenues and					
Other Financing Sources	\$	45,000	\$ 46,385	\$	1,385
Total Expenditures and					
Other Financing Uses		45,114	46,501		(1,387)
Net Change in Fund Balance		(114)	(116)		(2)
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		2	2		0
Prior Year Encumbrances		114	114		0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$	2	\$ 0	\$	(2)

UNIFORM SCHOOL SUPPLIES FUND

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Fi	nal Budget	 Actual	Fin I	iance with al Budget Positive Vegative)
Total Revenues and			 		
Other Financing Sources	\$	51,300	\$ 110,107	\$	58,807
Total Expenditures and					
Other Financing Uses		122,678	 93,754		28,924
Net Change in Fund Balance		(71,378)	16,353		87,731
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		101,044	101,044		0
Prior Year Encumbrances		2,082	2,082		0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$	31,748	\$ 119,479	\$	87,731

PUBLIC SCHOOL SUPPORT FUND

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Fin	al Budget	 Actual	Fin I	iance with al Budget Positive Jegative)
Total Revenues and					
Other Financing Sources	\$	72,600	\$ 124,866	\$	52,266
Total Expenditures and Other Financing Uses		78,797	 63,647		15,150
Net Change in Fund Balance		(6,197)	61,219		67,416
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		74,769	74,769		0
Prior Year Encumbrances		5,018	5,018		0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$	73,590	\$ 141,006	\$	67,416

OTHER LOCAL GRANTS FUND

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Final Budget		Actual		Fin F	ance with al Budget ositive egative)
Total Revenues and						
Other Financing Sources	\$	304,000	\$	312,513	\$	8,513
Total Expenditures and Other Financing Uses		229,346		169,670		59,676
Net Change in Fund Balance		74,654		142,843		68,189
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		1,098,307		1,098,307		0
Prior Year Encumbrances		48,148		48,148		0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$	1,221,109	\$	1,289,298	\$	68,189

CLASSROOM FACILITIES MAINTENANCE FUND

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

		100						
	Final Budget Actual					Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
Total Revenues and								
Other Financing Sources	\$	310,000	\$	251,294	\$	(58,706)		
Total Expenditures and								
Other Financing Uses		299,521		282,087		17,434		
Net Change in Fund Balance		10,479		(30,793)		(41,272)		
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		243,400		243,400		0		
Prior Year Encumbrances		37,989		37,989		0		
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$	291,868	\$	250,596	\$	(41,272)		

DISTRICT MANAGED STUDENT ACTIVITY FUND

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

		JERTICES I	01.10			
	Final Budget Actual			Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
Total Revenues and						
Other Financing Sources	\$	120,200	\$	108,146	\$	(12,054)
Total Expenditures and						
Other Financing Uses		193,761		173,625		20,136
Net Change in Fund Balance		(73,561)		(65,479)		8,082
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		9,927		9,927		0
Prior Year Encumbrances		77,556		77,556		0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$	13,922	\$	22,004	\$	8,082

AUXILIARY SERVICES FUND

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Final Budget		Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
Total Revenues and						
Other Financing Sources	\$	480,363	\$ 336,070	\$	(144,293)	
Total Expenditures and Other Financing Uses		481,405	 349,071		132,334	
Net Change in Fund Balance		(1,042)	(13,001)		(11,959)	
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		11,996	11,996		0	
Prior Year Encumbrances		1,041	1,041		0	
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$	11,995	\$ 36	\$	(11,959)	

EARLY CHILDHOOD EDUCATION FUND

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

ONE NET PUBLIC CC	эмми	UNICATION	18 8 01	BSIDY FUN	D		
	Final Budget			Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
Total Revenues and							
Other Financing Sources	\$	12,600	\$	12,600	\$	0	
Total Expenditures and							
Other Financing Uses		12,600		12,600		0	
Net Change in Fund Balance		0		0		0	
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		0		0		0	
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	

ONE NET PUBLIC COMMUNICATIONS SUBSIDY FUND

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

FIE	LD HC	JUSEFUND			
	Final Budget		Actual	Fi	riance with nal Budget Positive Negative)
Total Revenues and					
Other Financing Sources	\$	450,200	\$ 290,487	\$	(159,713)
Total Expenditures and					
Other Financing Uses		300,987	 296,193		4,794
Net Change in Fund Balance		149,213	(5,706)		(154,919)
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		4,719	4,719		0
Prior Year Encumbrances		987	987		0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$	154,919	\$ 0	\$	(154,919)

FIELD HOUSE FUND

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

		nal Budget		Actual	Fi	riance with nal Budget Positive Negative)
Total Revenues and	¢	125.022	¢	10.100	¢	(116 751)
Other Financing Sources	\$	135,933	\$	19,182	\$	(116,751)
Total Expenditures and						
Other Financing Uses		86,491		86,491		0
Net Change in Fund Balance		49,442		(67,309)		(116,751)
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		44,856		44,856		0
Prior Year Encumbrances		39,478		39,478		0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$	133,776	\$	17,025	\$	(116,751)

MISCELLANEOUS STATE GRANTS FUND

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

11		VI-D FUND			
	Final Budg		Actual	Fir	iance with aal Budget Positive Vegative)
Total Revenues and					
Other Financing Sources	\$	1,001,165	\$ 936,144	\$	(65,021)
Total Expenditures and					
Other Financing Uses		1,032,616	 972,233		60,383
Net Change in Fund Balance		(31,451)	(36,089)		(4,638)
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		30,265	30,265		0
Prior Year Encumbrances		1,187	1,187		0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$	1	\$ (4,637)	\$	(4,638)

TITLE VI-B FUND

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

STUDENT SUPPORT AND A	ACAD	EMIC ENRI	CHME	ENT (SSAE)	FUNI)
					Var	iance with
					Fir	nal Budget
]	Positive
	Fii	nal Budget		Actual	()	Vegative)
Total Revenues and						<u> </u>
Other Financing Sources	\$	102,528	\$	63,622	\$	(38,906)
Total Expenditures and						
Other Financing Uses		77,407		63,622		13,785
Net Change in Fund Balance		25,121		0		(25,121)
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year Fund Balance at End of Year	\$	0 25,121	\$	0	\$	0 (25,121)

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

	TITLETFUND		
	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Total Revenues and			
Other Financing Sources	\$ 1,206,465	\$ 1,038,035	\$ (168,430)
Total Expenditures and			
Other Financing Uses	1,474,776	1,331,343	143,433
Net Change in Fund Balance	(268,311)	(293,308)	(24,997)
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	(90,670)	(90,670)	0
Prior Year Encumbrances	14,146	14,146	0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$ (344,835)	\$ (369,832)	\$ (24,997)

TITLE I FUND

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

GOVERNOR'S EMERGEN	ICY E	DUCATION	RELIEF	(GEER) F	UND	
					Va	riance with
					Fi	nal Budget
						Positive
	Fii	nal Budget	Ac	tual	(1	Negative)
Total Revenues and						
Other Financing Sources	\$	450,000	\$	0	\$	(450,000)
Total Expenditures and						
Other Financing Uses		450,000		0		450,000
Net Change in Fund Balance		0		0		0
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		0		0		0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

					Fi	riance with nal Budget
Total Revenues and	F	Final Budget		Actual		Positive Negative)
Other Financing Sources	\$	1,136,185	\$	655,012	\$	(481,173)
Total Expenditures and						
Other Financing Uses		1,046,944		1,074,677		(27,733)
Net Change in Fund Balance		89,241		(419,665)		(508,906)
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		(158,378)		(158,378)		0
Prior Year Encumbrances		69,140		69,140		0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$	3	\$	(508,903)	\$	(508,906)

21st CENTURY LEARNING CENTERS FUND

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Final Budget		Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)			
Total Revenues and							
Other Financing Sources	\$	31,169	\$ 28,384	\$	(2,785)		
Total Expenditures and Other Financing Uses		50,442	 49,318		1,124		
Net Change in Fund Balance		(19,273)	(20,934)		(1,661)		
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		20,217	20,217		0		
Prior Year Encumbrances		443	443		0		
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$	1,387	\$ (274)	\$	(1,661)		

EHA PRES CHOOL GRANT FUND

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Final Budget		Actual	Variance with Final Budger Positive (Negative)		
Total Revenues and			 			
Other Financing Sources	\$	196,338	\$ 107,007	\$	(89,331)	
Total Expenditures and						
Other Financing Uses		110,000	 102,927		7,073	
Net Change in Fund Balance		86,338	4,080		(82,258)	
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		(4,080)	(4,080)		0	
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$	82,258	\$ 0	\$	(82,258)	

IMPROVING TEACHER QUALITY FUND

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Fii	nal Budget	Actual		Fi	riance with nal Budget Positive Negative)
Total Revenues and Other Financing Sources	\$	1,089,836	\$	649,318	\$	(440,518)
Total Expenditures and						
Other Financing Uses		710,158		660,892		49,266
Net Change in Fund Balance		379,678		(11,574)		(391,252)
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		(74,197)		(74,197)		0
Prior Year Encumbrances		60,158		60,158		0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$	365,639	\$	(25,613)	\$	(391,252)

MISCELLANEOUS FEDERAL GRANTS FUND

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) Nonmajor Debt Service Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

BOND RETIREMENT FUND

			Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Final Budget	Actual	(Negative)
Total Revenues and			
Other Financing Sources	\$ 1,168,000	\$ 1,200,228	\$ 32,228
Total Expenditures and Other Financing Uses	1,384,272	1,359,972	24,300
Net Change in Fund Balance	(216,272)	(159,744)	56,528
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year Fund Balance at End of Year	2,215,487 \$ 1,999,215	2,215,487 \$ 2,055,743	0 \$ 56,528

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

В	UILDING FUND		
	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Total Revenues and			
Other Financing Sources	\$ 31,000	\$ 89,730	\$ 58,730
Total Expenditures and			
Other Financing Uses	406,859	406,859	0
Net Change in Fund Balance	(375,859)	(317,129)	58,730
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	328,226	328,226	0
Prior Year Encumbrances	25,404	25,404	0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$ (22,229)	\$ 36,501	\$ 58,730

BUILDING FUND

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary fund types are used to account for assets held by the District in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governmental units and/or other funds.

Custodial Funds

Miscellaneous Collections Fund

To account for monies held and distributed for athletic tournaments and athletic booster activities.

Scholarship Fund

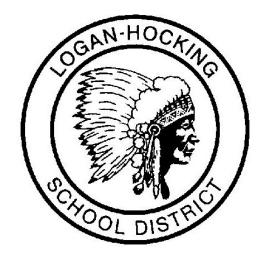
To account for donations collected and distributed in the form of scholarships to individual students.

Statement of Net Position Custodial Funds June 30, 2022

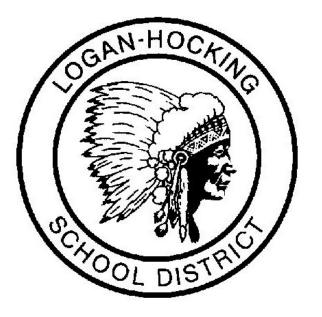
	1.1.10	cellaneous	S	cholarship	То	tal Custodial Funds
Assets:						
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	41,688	\$	152,957	\$	194,645
Beneficial Interest in Assets Held by Foundation		0		1,162,133		1,162,133
Total Assets		41,688		1,315,090		1,356,778
Liabilities:						
Intergovernmental Payable		37		0		37
Due to Others		41,651		0		41,651
Total Liabilities		41,688		0		41,688
Net Position:						
Restricted For:						
Scholarships		0		1,315,090		1,315,090
Total Net Position	\$	0	\$	1,315,090	\$	1,315,090

Statement of Changes in Net Position Custodial Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

	M iscellaneou Collections		Scholarship		Total Custodial Funds	
Additions:						
Contributions:						
Miscellaneous Collections for Others	\$	12,789	\$	0	\$	12,789
Donations		0		94,796		94,796
Total Contributions		12,789		94,796		107,585
Investment Earnings:						
Interest		491		2,867		3,358
Net Change in the Fair Value of Investments		0		(185,783)		(185,783)
Total Investment Earnings		491		(182,916)		(182,425)
Total Additions		13,280		(88,120)		(74,840)
Deductions:						
Distribution of Miscellaneous Collections for Others		13,280		0		13,280
Community Gifts, Awards and Scholarships				68,686		68,686
Total Deductions		13,280		68,686		81,966
Change in Net Position		0		(156,806)		(156,806)
Net Position at Beginning of Year		0		1,471,896		1,471,896
Net Position End of Year	\$	0	\$	1,315,090	\$	1,315,090



STATISTICAL SECTION





Statistical Tables

This part of the District's annual comprehensive financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the District's overall financial health.

Contents

Financial Trends These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the District's financial position has changed over time.	S 2 – S 13
Revenue Capacity These schedules contain information to help the reader understand and assess the factors affecting the District's ability to generate its most significant local revenue source, the property tax.	S 14 – S 21
Debt Capacity These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the District's current levels of outstanding debt and the District's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	S 22 – S 29
Economic and Demographic Information These schedules offer economic and demographic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the District's financial activities take place and to provide information that facilitates comparisons of financial information over time and among governments.	S 30 – S 33
Operating Information These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the District's financial report relates to the services the District provides and the activities it performs.	S 34 – S 53

Sources Note:

Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the annual comprehensive financial report for the relevant year.

Net Position by Component Last Ten Years (accrual basis of accounting)

	*	**		
	2013	2014	2015	2016
Governmental Activities:				
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$83,003,444	\$81,257,145	\$79,639,189	\$77,794,085
Restricted for:				
Capital Projects	4,087,392	4,343,214	4,508,306	2,590,576
Debt Service	2,333,791	2,550,046	2,705,592	2,847,773
Federal and State Programs	1,459,245	754,501	758,153	825,746
Unrestricted (Deficit)	2,723,037	(48,297,590)	(47,769,300)	(46,016,631)
Total Governmental Activities Net Position	\$93,606,909	\$40,607,316	\$39,841,940	\$38,041,549
Business-type Activities:				
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$91,443	\$77,660	\$69,061	\$60,462
Unrestricted (Deficit)	(111,687)	(901,613)	(834,073)	(784,491)
Total Business-type Activities Net Position	(\$20,244)	(\$823,953)	(\$765,012)	(\$724,029)
Primary Government:				
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$83,094,887	\$81,334,805	\$79,708,250	\$77,854,547
Restricted	7,880,428	7,647,761	7,972,051	6,264,095
Unrestricted (Deficit)	2,611,350	(49,199,203)	(48,603,373)	(46,801,122)
Total Primary Government Net Position	\$93,586,665	\$39,783,363	\$39,076,928	\$37,317,520

Source: District Treasurer's Office

* Restated to properly reflect self insurance consortium participation

** Restated due to GASB Statement 68 Implementation

*** Restated due to GASB Statement 75 Implementation

**** Restated due to GASB Statement 84 Implementation

***			****		
2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
\$76,404,050	\$74,236,062	\$72,461,206	\$71,997,950	\$70,769,661	\$71,853,149
1,646,789	2,127,712	1,900,481	1,292,196	1,928,375	1,908,840
3,158,689	2,913,207	2,797,185	2,648,362	2,434,377	2,351,912
1,058,369	1,147,812	1,535,899	2,183,616	2,905,530	3,403,586
(57,972,599)	(42,837,895)	(40,504,079)	(42,657,252)	(44,804,883)	(38,897,412)
\$24,295,298	\$37,586,898	\$38,190,692	\$35,464,872	\$33,233,060	\$40,620,075
\$51,863	\$43,264	\$36,800	\$32,470	\$36,043	\$31,168
(1,292,897)	(1,151,883)	(1,220,112)	(1,440,433)	(1,523,130)	(926,911)
(\$1,241,034)	(\$1,108,619)	(\$1,183,312)	(\$1,407,963)	(\$1,487,087)	(\$895,743)
\$76,455,913	\$74,279,326	\$72,498,006	\$72,030,420	\$70,805,704	\$71,884,317
5,863,847	6,188,731	6,233,565	6,124,174	7,268,282	7,664,338
(59,265,496)	(43,989,778)	(41,724,191)	(44,097,685)	(46,328,013)	(39,824,323)
\$23,054,264	\$36,478,279	\$37,007,380	\$34,056,909	\$31,745,973	\$39,724,332

Changes in Net Position Last Ten Years (accrual basis of accounting)

	2013	2014	2015
Expenses			
Governmental Activities:			
Instructional Services:			
Regular	\$16,217,272	\$15,538,092	\$16,731,042
Special	5,985,287	7,056,761	7,455,312
Vocational	562,839	555,015	481,292
Other	20,506	302,563	251,943
Support Services:			
Pupils	2,338,390	2,330,773	2,391,674
Instructional Staff	3,389,091	1,642,358	1,660,396
Board of Education	76,496	136,312	102,349
Administration	3,176,081	3,019,107	2,907,995
Fiscal Services	879,943	1,027,223	1,019,346
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	3,666,042	4,567,147	3,676,780
Pupil Transportation	3,181,397	3,033,518	3,027,084
Central	58,090	11,072	(
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	471,182	659,293	608,195
Extracurricular Activities	1,375,436	1,222,365	1,179,086
Interest and Fiscal Charges	1,153,325	964,342	931,070
Total Governmental Activities Expenses	42,551,377	42,065,941	42,423,564
Business-type Activities:			
Food Service	2,008,158	2,038,715	1,836,643
Total Business-type Activities Expenses	2,008,158	2,038,715	1,836,643
Total Primary Government Expenses	\$44,559,535	\$44,104,656	\$44,260,207
Program Revenues			
Governmental Activities:			
Charges for Services			
Instruction	\$1,179,625	\$1,270,682	\$1,312,298
Extracurricular Activities	307,158	320,389	384,147
Operating Grants and Contributions	3,851,490	4,699,949	4,556,261
Capital Grants and Contributions	0	0	(
Total Governmental Activities Program Revenues	5,338,273	6,291,020	6,252,706

2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
\$16,056,136	\$16,974,249	\$7,104,730	\$15,877,494	\$21,653,611	\$25,497,126	\$21,056,962
8,314,288	8,999,375	5,057,433	8,352,825	10,539,072	10,704,531	8,929,011
428,999	472,316	73,686	374,361	387,780	412,964	387,815
95,076	47,275	0	15,473	132,142	123,301	208,029
2,474,987	2,763,268	1,667,568	2,529,901	3,437,644	3,302,480	2,988,932
1,814,088	1,994,227	1,442,202	1,911,019	2,466,902	2,074,572	1,954,962
158,742	207,628	92,536	115,450	100,968	133,585	155,730
3,087,758	3,101,980	1,641,734	3,118,327	4,384,771	4,229,543	3,735,156
1,060,354	1,154,372	1,119,646	846,538	1,396,756	1,360,123	1,454,216
3,787,976	3,767,655	3,868,864	4,429,329	4,682,178	4,783,363	4,480,602
3,009,752	3,021,225	2,902,136	3,147,622	3,362,036	3,551,400	3,371,389
0	3,411	83,657	98,332	23,085	109,162	126,745
716,443	933,305	860,528	862,982	501,550	1,798,550	966,737
1,302,873	1,309,672	1,230,956	1,314,292	1,586,782	1,656,105	2,324,288
848,839	585,119	751,240	815,189	732,939	715,481	741,500
43,156,311	45,335,077	27,896,916	43,809,134	55,388,216	60,452,286	52,882,074
1,906,402	2,129,232	1,992,629	2,416,009	2,699,154	2,053,602	2,281,601
1,906,402	2,129,232	1,992,629	2,416,009	2,699,154	2,053,602	2,281,601
\$45,062,713	\$47,464,309	\$29,889,545	\$46,225,143	\$58,087,370	\$62,505,888	\$55,163,675
\$1,541,570	\$1,615,922	\$1,858,509	\$1,732,079	\$1,823,599	\$1,405,937	\$855,641
439,323	386,426	359,405	417,713	321,075	400,053	782,465
5,129,203	4,861,601	5,506,830	7,350,004	9,359,424	13,842,845	14,653,394
0	0	930,000	290,000	192,000	195,000	85,000
7,110,096	6,863,949	8,654,744	9,789,796	11,696,098	15,843,835	16,376,500

(Continued)

Changes in Net Position Last Ten Years (accrual basis of accounting)

	2013	2014	2015
Business-type Activities:			
Charges for Services			
Food Service	642,360	611,213	527,514
Operating Grants and Contributions	1,348,904	1,345,604	1,368,070
Total Business-type Activities Program Revenues	1,991,264	1,956,817	1,895,584
Total Primary Government Program Revenues	7,329,537	8,247,837	8,148,290
Net (Expense)/Revenue			
Governmental Activities	(37,213,104)	(35,774,921)	(36,170,858)
Business-type Activities	(16,894)	(81,898)	58,941
Total Primary Government Net (Expense)/Revenue	(\$37,229,998)	(\$35,856,819)	(\$36,111,917)
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position			
Governmental Activities:			
Property Taxes Levied for:			
General Purposes	\$9,278,940	\$9,428,135	\$9,615,338
Debt Service	1,608,736	1,435,475	1,406,470
Capital Outlay	927,474	1,032,453	1,035,347
Special Purposes	157,280	158,403	161,649
Intergovernmental, Unrestricted	22,225,993	22,488,528	22,494,779
Investment Earnings	3,760	254,336	214,975
Miscellaneous	127,368	635,001	476,924
Transfers	0	0	0
Total Governmental Activities	34,329,551	35,432,331	35,405,482
Business-type Activities:			
Miscellaneous	0	0	0
Transfers	0	0	0
Total Business-type Activities	0	0	0
Total Primary Government	\$34,329,551	\$35,432,331	\$35,405,482
Change in Net Position			
Governmental Activities	(2,883,553)	(342,590)	(765,376)
Business-type Activities	(16,894)	(81,898)	58,941
Total Primary Government Change in Net Position	(\$2,900,447)	(\$424,488)	(\$706,435)

Source: District Treasurer's Office

2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
537,703	587,567	480,365	208,302	166,481	27,687	72,574
1,409,682	1,404,398	1,576,727	1,722,142	2,057,365	1,946,791	2,800,371
1,947,385	1,991,965	2,057,092	1,930,444	2,223,846	1,974,478	2,872,945
9,057,481	8,855,914	10,711,836	11,720,240	13,919,944	17,818,313	19,249,445
		,		,	,	
(36,046,215)	(38,471,128)	(19,242,172)	(24 010 229)	(43,692,118)	(44,608,451)	(26 505 574)
40,983	(137,267)	(19,242,172) 64,463	(34,019,338) (485,565)	(43,092,118) (475,308)	(44,008,431) (79,124)	(36,505,574) 591,344
(\$36,005,232)	(\$38,608,395)	(\$19,177,709)	(\$34,504,903)	(\$44,167,426)	(\$44,687,575)	(\$35,914,230)
(\$30,003,232)	(\$38,008,393)	(\$19,177,709)	(\$34,304,903)	(\$44,107,420)	(\$44,087,373)	(\$33,914,230)
\$8,945,939	\$12,450,620	\$8,269,832	\$11,469,647	\$16,606,516	\$16,907,609	\$18,675,426
1,329,345	1,560,633	930,092	1,127,564	1,101,866	1,033,872	1,154,676
1,029,117	1,358,642	915,357	1,233,512	2,687,455	2,862,706	3,210,655
141,817	208,540	135,743	191,736	274,519	279,633	305,478
22,340,655	22,368,659	21,959,658	20,329,904	20,000,339	20,295,568	20,362,860
247,124	79,878	100,129	482,719	194,201	70,300	(367,937)
211,827	239,248	290,913	198,922	98,771	926,951	551,431
0	0	(67,952)	(410,872)	(243,057)	0	0
34,245,824	38,266,220	32,533,772	34,623,132	40,720,610	42,376,639	43,892,589
0	0	0	0	7,600	0	0
0	0	67,952	410,872	243,057	0	0
0	0	67,952	410,872	250,657	0	0
\$34,245,824	\$38,266,220	\$32,601,724	\$35,034,004	\$40,971,267	\$42,376,639	\$43,892,589
(1,800,391)	(204,908)	13,291,600	603,794	(2,971,508)	(2,231,812)	7,387,015
40,983	(137,267)	13,291,000	(74,693)	(2,971,508) (224,651)	(2,231,812) (79,124)	591,344
(\$1,759,408)	(\$342,175)	\$13,424,015	\$529,101	(\$3,196,159)	(\$2,310,936)	\$7,978,359
(\$1,739,408)	(\$342,173)	\$13,424,013	φ <i>32</i> 9,101	(\$3,190,139)	(\$2,310,930)	\$1,718,339

Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Last Ten Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

	*				
	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
General Fund					
Nonspendable	\$121,892	\$182,320	\$213,123	\$227,377	\$290,267
Restricted	0	0	0	0	0
Assigned	1,353,754	2,870,702	1,850,956	3,899,607	4,962,842
Unassigned	3,942,009	4,383,770	5,473,573	4,264,120	6,203,580
Total General Fund	5,417,655	7,436,792	7,537,652	8,391,104	11,456,689
All Other Governmental Funds					
Nonspendable	0	0	0	0	6,753
Restricted	8,093,088	7,768,544	8,263,380	6,586,508	6,152,431
Unassigned	(153,361)	(111,926)	(265,025)	(231,433)	(218,156)
Total All Other Governmental Funds	7,939,727	7,656,618	7,998,355	6,355,075	5,941,028
Total Governmental Funds	\$13,357,382	\$15,093,410	\$15,536,007	\$14,746,179	\$17,397,717

Source: District Treasurer's Office

* Restated to properly reflect self insurance consortium participation

** Restated due to GASB Statement 84 Implementation

		**		
2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
\$302,886	\$300,396	\$324,430	\$382,173	\$384,142
0	0	85,182	73,908	39,806
2,989,345	2,383,393	4,810,359	919,872	1,191,575
4,089,520	3,086,682	1,956,319	8,488,342	10,137,470
7,381,751	5,770,471	7,176,290	9,864,295	11,752,993
5,991	4,971	5,259	10,079	0
14,468,262	6,849,264	5,565,554	9,912,152	6,613,045
(102,665)	(445,967)	(856,248)	(2,358,387)	(2,439,610)
14,371,588	6,408,268	4,714,565	7,563,844	4,173,435
\$21,753,339	\$12,178,739	\$11,890,855	\$17,428,139	\$15,926,428

Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Last Ten Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

	2013	2014	2015	2016
Revenues:				
Local Sources:				
Taxes	\$12,046,803	\$12,145,547	\$12,324,583	\$11,574,314
Tuition	1,184,539	1,270,484	1,298,799	1,502,587
Investment Earnings	3,760	254,336	214,975	247,124
Extracurricular Activities	306,580	309,085	354,889	436,260
Class Materials and Fees	1,062	198	14,464	40,433
Intermediate Sources	14,097	43,520	31,444	7,037
Intergovernmental - State	22,834,390	23,751,788	23,604,839	23,529,757
Intergovernmental - Federal	3,609,958	3,404,473	3,443,050	3,934,857
Gifts and Donations	0	0	0	0
All Other Revenue	121,392	635,001	476,924	211,647
Total Revenues	40,122,581	41,814,432	41,763,967	41,484,016
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Instructional Services:				
Regular	15,230,132	14,558,737	15,772,386	14,888,942
Special	5,554,883	6,666,017	7,298,961	7,947,497
Vocational	562,839	544,660	498,881	400,539
Other	20,506	302,563	254,759	104,905
Support Services:				
Pupils	2,324,384	2,326,968	2,423,254	2,403,294
Instructional Staff	3,222,604	1,533,437	1,615,706	1,676,903
Board of Education	76,496	136,312	103,518	146,827
Administration	3,051,158	2,890,330	2,878,956	2,924,962
Fiscal Services	887,995	1,008,555	1,025,463	1,029,668
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	3,358,636	4,412,984	3,410,720	3,425,335
Pupil Transportation	2,957,483	3,192,650	3,333,524	3,060,968
Central	56,901	10,478	5,695	0
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	162,405	349,563	239,680	324,671
Extracurricular Activities	785,949	624,220	713,411	822,662
Capital Outlay	290,262	157,203	28,369	1,609,191
Debt Service:				
Principal Retirement	1,414,327	1,001,436	1,047,130	14,325,749
Interest and Fiscal Charges	1,904,430	713,907	666,300	931,411
Total Expenditures	41,861,390	40,430,020	41,316,713	56,023,524
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over Expenditures	(1,738,809)	1,384,412	447,254	(14,539,508)

2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
\$15,601,583	\$10,240,687	\$14,032,013	\$20,623,664	\$21,002,033	\$23,317,977
1,610,236	1,848,605	1,714,470	1,818,108	1,403,424	853,135
79,878	100,129	482,719	194,201	70,300	(367,937)
376,302	357,914	412,294	346,539	378,448	536,925
6,306	9,904	17,609	5,491	73,301	222,167
20,663	27,448	5,419	23,234	0	26,085
23,497,280	23,777,094	24,207,675	24,836,313	25,535,210	25,081,379
3,721,821	3,663,437	3,279,414	3,872,493	8,263,883	9,267,076
0	930,000	290,000	192,000	195,000	85,000
239,248	290,913	198,922	98,771	926,473	551,225
45,153,317	41,246,131	44,640,535	52,010,814	57,848,072	59,573,032
15,026,983	16,963,992	17,399,748	19,409,633	23,447,353	21,820,552
8,381,623	8,787,516	8,985,341	9,569,513	9,649,707	10,020,792
479,650	393,192	414,719	364,110	380,874	432,824
32,103	30,211	32,158	128,604	114,356	250,542
2,620,400	2,837,984	2,831,705	3,222,091	3,077,899	3,288,199
1,767,009	1,881,417	1,878,402	2,052,693	1,805,423	2,030,238
208,757	93,193	115,509	99,944	132,482	155,563
2,793,927	3,031,719	3,337,806	3,929,089	3,791,677	3,990,230
1,131,613	1,187,163	833,166	1,300,363	1,297,201	1,543,589
3,311,157	3,815,418	4,048,580	4,085,095	4,405,116	4,275,242
2,896,230	2,976,889	3,091,481	2,967,812	3,312,124	3,507,141
3,411	83,657	98,332	23,085	109,162	126,745
562,986	532,107	496,903	475,090	1,584,277	838,003
784,285	882,261	1,089,033	998,377	916,950	1,562,646
60,770	722,297	7,422,206	2,157,494	1,112,940	4,646,496
1,468,794	1,052,878	1,098,425	1,259,000	1,251,205	1,792,286
1,026,450	610,491	794,062	767,879	789,878	824,475
42,556,148	45,882,385	53,967,576	52,809,872	57,178,624	61,105,563
2,597,169	(4,636,254)	(9,327,041)	(799,058)	669,448	(1,532,531
					(Continued)

(Continued)

Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Last Ten Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

	2013	2014	2015	2016
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Sale of Capital Assets	2,812	293,331	1,685	71,495
Certificates of Participation Issued	0	0	0	0
Loan Issuance	0	0	0	0
Debt Issuance Premium	0	0	0	1,351,083
Bond Issuance	0	0	0	0
Refunding Bonds Issued	0	0	0	12,255,000
Other Financing Sources - Capital Leases	0	0	0	58,489
Transfers In	11,250	845,500	4,574	3,956
Transfers Out	(11,250)	(845,500)	(4,574)	(3,956)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	2,812	293,331	1,685	13,736,067
Net Change in Fund Balance	(1,735,997)	1,677,743	448,939	(803,441)
Debt Service as a Percentage of Noncapital Expenditures	8.03%	4.31%	4.22%	27.76%

Source: District Treasurer's Office

2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
28,378	342,181	180,215	148	335	702
0	8,500,000	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	4,785,000	0
0	223,572	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	500,000	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0
848,185	184	0	0	0	0
(848,185)	(68,136)	(410,872)	(243,057)	0	0
28,378	8,997,801	(230,657)	257,091	4,785,335	702
2,625,547	4,361,547	(9,557,698)	(541,967)	5,454,783	(1,531,829)
5.94%	3.72%	4.12%	4.05%	3.73%	4.84%

Assessed Valuations and Estimated True Values of Taxable Property (per \$1,000 of assessed value)

Last Ten Calendar Years

Tax year	2012	2013	2014	2015
		**		
Real Property				
Assessed	\$431,979,460	\$433,662,420	\$438,775,070	\$431,528,690
Actual	1,234,227,029	1,239,035,486	1,253,643,057	1,232,939,114
Public Utility				
Assessed	44,496,460	46,575,080	47,602,120	53,805,560
Actual	44,496,460	46,575,080	47,602,120	53,805,560
Total				
Assessed	476,475,920	480,237,500	486,377,190	485,334,250
Actual	1,278,723,489	1,285,610,566	1,301,245,177	1,286,744,674
Assessed Value as a				
Percentage of Actual Value	37.26%	37.35%	37.38%	37.72%
Total Direct Tax Rate	34.40	34.40	34.30	34.30

Source: Ohio Department of Taxation

* Reappraisal

** Update

Presented on a calendar year basis because that is the manner

in which the information is maintained by the County.

Assessed value of Real Property is at 35%. Assessed value of Public Utility is at 100%.

2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
*			**		
\$459,508,680	\$460,925,160	\$465,324,930	\$532,211,540	\$540,505,970	\$544,174,590
1,312,881,943	1,316,929,029	1,329,499,800	1,520,604,400	1,544,302,771	1,554,784,543
65,253,370	72,934,090	89,939,060	257,774,940	281,806,080	288,143,930
65,253,370	72,934,090	89,939,060	257,774,940	281,806,080	288,143,930
					, ,
524,762,050	533,859,250	555,263,990	789,986,480	822,312,050	832,318,520
1,378,135,313	1,389,863,119	1,419,438,860	1,778,379,340	1,826,108,851	1,842,928,473
38.08%	38.41%	39.12%	44.42%	45.03%	45.16%
33.70	33.50	33.20	32.50	32.50	32.50

Property Tax Rates of Direct and Overlapping Governments (per \$1,000 of assessed value)

Last Ten Calendar Years

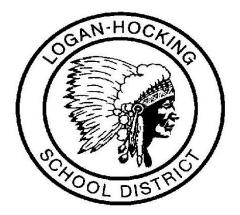
	2012	2013	2014	2015
Direct District Rates				
General Fund	28.23	28.23	28.23	28.23
Bond Retirement Fund	3.30	3.30	3.20	3.20
Permanent Improvement Fund	2.87	2.87	2.87	2.87
Total	34.40	34.40	34.30	34.30
Overlapping Rates				
City of Logan	4.90	4.90	4.90	4.90
Tri-County Joint Vocational School	3.30	3.30	3.30	3.30
Hocking County	3.50	3.50	3.50	3.50
Special Taxing District	11.15	11.15	11.15	11.15

Ohio Revised Code Sections 5705.02 and 5705.07 require a vote of the people for any millage exceeding the "unvoted" or "inside" millage.

Source:

Hocking County Auditor's Office Hocking County Treasurer's Office

2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
28.23	28.23	28.23	26.70	26.70	26.70
2.60	2.40	2.10	1.40	1.40	1.40
2.87	2.87	2.87	4.40	4.40	4.40
33.70	33.50	33.20	32.50	32.50	32.50
4.90	4.90	6.60	6.60	6.60	6.60
3.30	3.30	3.30	3.30	3.30	3.30
3.50	3.50	3.50	3.50	3.50	3.50
11.15	11.65	12.65	14.15	14.15	14.15



Principal Taxpayers Real Estate and Public Utilities Tax Current Year and Nine Years Ago

		Calendar Year 2021		
Name of Taxpayer	Nature of Business	Assessed Value	Rank	Percent of Total Assessed Value
Columbia Gas Transmission	Public Utility	\$234,342,040	1	28.17%
AEP Ohio Transmission Co, Inc.	Public Utility	37,983,600	2	4.56%
Ohio Power Co.	Public Utility	31,067,200	3	3.73%
South Central Power	Public Utility	6,809,960	4	0.82%
Columbia Gas of Ohio, Inc.	Public Utility	3,758,370	5	0.45%
Kevin and Teresa Weaver	Construction	2,039,040	6	0.24%
Wal-Mart Real Estate Business	Retail	2,001,120	7	0.24%
Bolton Properties LLC	Real Estate	1,998,850	8	0.24%
Crane Hollow Inc.	Land Preservation	1,935,680	9	0.23%
Rocky Brands Retail, LLC	Warehouse Distribution Center	1,804,570	10	0.22%
Subtotal		323,740,430		38.90%
All Others		508,578,090		61.10%
Total		\$832,318,520		100.00%

		Calendar Year 2012		
Name of Taxpayer	Nature of Business	Assessed Value	Rank	Percent of Total Assessed Value
Columbia Gas Transmission	Public Utility - Natural Gas	\$26,024,530	1	5.46%
Ohio Power Co.	Public Utility - Electricity	8,071,870	2	1.69%
Columbus Southern Power	Public Utility - Electricity	3,639,930	3	0.76%
Wal-Mart Real Estate Business	Real Estate - Business	2,415,640	4	0.51%
South Central Power	Public Utility - Electricity	2,330,930	5	0.49%
Columbia Gas of Ohio	Public Utility - Natural Gas	1,588,310	6	0.33%
Smead Manufacturing Co.	Paper Products Manufacturing	1,507,590	7	0.32%
Rocky Brands Retail, LLC	Warehouse Distribution Center	1,332,170	8	0.28%
Rokeith Enterprises, Inc.	Real Estate Developer	1,326,320	9	0.28%
Amanda Bent Bolt Co.	Automotive Parts	1,110,990	10	0.23%
Subtotal		49,348,280		10.35%
All Others		427,127,640		89.65%
Total		\$476,475,920		100.00%

Source: Hocking County Auditor Based on valuation of property in 20

Based on valuation of property in 2021 and 2012

Presented on a calendar year basis because that is the manner in which the information is maintained by the County.

Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Ten Calendar Years

Collection Year	2012	2013	2014
Total Tax Levy	\$13,124,393	\$12,780,578	\$12,825,643
Collections within the Fiscal Year of the Levy			
Current Tax Collections	11,043,219	10,483,704	10,863,946
Percent of Levy Collected	84.14%	82.03%	84.70%
Delinquent Tax Collections (1)	885,523	699,835	1,110,729
Total Tax Collections	11,928,742	11,183,539	11,974,675
Percent of Total Tax Collections To Tax Levy	90.89%	87.50%	93.37%
Accumulated Outstanding Delinquent Taxes	891,986	684,215	510,821
Percentage of Accumulated Delinquent Taxes to Total Tax Levy	6.80%	5.35%	3.98%

(1) The County does not identify delinquent tax collections by tax year.

Source: Hocking County Auditor's Office

Presented on a calendar year basis because that is the manner in which the information is maintained by the County.

2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
\$12,928,900	\$13,220,092	\$13,831,380	\$14,077,059	\$14,597,605	\$22,002,323	\$23,005,014
10,999,279	11,331,483	11,455,957	12,532,338	13,122,635	20,242,605	20,880,831
85.08%	85.71%	82.83%	89.03%	89.90%	92.00%	90.77%
697,590	626,442	531,035	428,448	448,786	482,324	557,996
11,696,869	11,957,925	11,986,992	12,960,786	13,571,421	20,724,929	21,438,827
90.47%	90.45%	86.67%	92.07%	92.97%	94.19%	93.19%
426,344	343,555	369,222	342,553	397,184	531,091	1,166,077
3.30%	2.60%	2.67%	2.43%	2.72%	2.41%	5.07%

Ratios	s of Outstanding Debt Last Ten Years	By Type		
	2013	2014	2015	2016
Governmental Activities (1)				
General Obligation Bonds	\$17,254,638	\$16,665,745	\$16,056,729	\$15,671,465
Certificates of Participation	0	0	0	0
Installment Loans Payable	0	0	0	0
Leases	3,175,664	3,004,228	2,832,098	2,699,838
Total Primary Government	\$20,430,302	\$19,669,973	\$18,888,827	\$18,371,303
Population (2)				
City of Logan	7,157	7,146	7,154	7,117
Outstanding Debt Per Capita	2,855	2,753	2,640	2,581
Income (3) (a)				
Personal (in thousands)	251,819	237,204	258,517	250,405
Percentage of Personal Income	8.11%	8.29%	7.31%	7.34%

* Restated due to GASB Statement 87 Implementation

Sources:

(1) District Treasurer's Office

(2) US Bureau of Census of Population - previous calendar year

(3) US Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis

(a) Per Capita Income is only available by County, Total Personal Income is a calculation

				*	
2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
\$14,742,189	\$13,860,968	\$12,903,227	\$12,366,318	\$11,284,365	\$10,182,412
0	8,723,572	8,716,120	8,543,668	8,366,216	8,183,764
0	0	0	0	6,009,665	5,584,460
1,686,173	1,568,295	1,449,870	1,330,870	454,791	257,710
\$16,428,362	\$24,152,835	\$23,069,217	\$22,240,856	\$26,115,037	\$24,208,346
7,085	7,069	7,050	7,020	7,296	7,296
2,319	3,417	3,272	3,168	3,579	3,318
,	,	,	,		
222,356	219,818	258,058	264,036	278,758	301,857
7.39%	10.99%	8.94%	8.42%	9.37%	8.02%

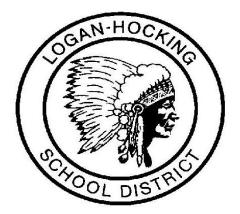
Ratios of General Bonded Debt Outstanding Last Ten Years

Year	2013	2014	2015	2016
Population (1)	7,157	7,146	7,154	7,117
Estimated Actual Value (2)	\$1,278,723,489	\$1,285,610,566	\$1,301,245,177	\$1,286,744,674
General Bonded Debt (3) General Obligation Bonds	17,254,638	16,665,745	16,056,729	15,671,465
Resources Available to Pay Principal (4)	2,294,179	2,550,046	2,705,592	2,847,773
Net General Bonded Debt	14,960,459	14,115,699	13,351,137	12,823,692
Ratio of Net Bonded Debt to Estimated Actual Value	1.17%	1.10%	1.03%	1.00%
Net Bonded Debt per Capita	\$2,090	\$1,975	\$1,866	\$1,802

Source:

- (1) U.S. Bureau of Census of Population
- (2) Hocking County Auditor
- (3) Includes all general obligation bonded debt supported by property taxes
- (4) Includes only Debt Service funds available for general obligation bonded debt supported by property taxes

2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
7,085	7,069	7,050	7,020	7,296	7,296
\$1,378,135,313	\$1,389,863,119	\$1,419,438,860	\$1,778,379,340	\$1,826,108,851	\$1,842,928,473
14,742,189	13,860,968	12,903,227	12,366,318	11,284,365	10,182,412
3,158,689	2,913,207	2,797,185	2,648,362	2,434,377	2,351,912
11,583,500	10,947,761	10,106,042	9,717,956	8,849,988	7,830,500
0.84%	0.79%	0.71%	0.55%	0.48%	0.42%
\$1,635	\$1,549	\$1,433	\$1,384	\$1,213	\$1,073



Computation of Direct and Overlapping Debt Attributable to Governmental Activities June 30, 2022

Jurisdiction	Gross Debt Outstanding	Percentage Applicable to Logan-Hocking Local School District (1)	Amount Applicable to Logan-Hocking Local School District (1)
Direct:			
Logan-Hocking Local School District	\$24,208,346	100.00%	\$24,208,346
Overlapping:			
City of Logan	3,163,700	100.00%	3,163,700
Hocking County	244,627	86.64%	211,945
Perry County	2,805,000	1.38%	38,709
Vinton County	265,621	0.19%	505
		Subtotal	3,414,859
		Total	\$27,623,205

Source: Ohio Municipal Advisory Council

(1) Overlapping percentage was calculated by dividing each overlapping subdivision's assessed valuation within the District by the subdivision's total assessed valuation.

Debt Limitations Last Ten Years				
Collection year	2013	2014	2015	
Net Assessed Valuation	\$476,475,920	\$480,237,500	\$486,377,190	
Legal Debt Limitation (%) (1)	9.00%	9.00%	9.00%	
Legal Debt Limitation (\$) (1)	42,882,833	43,221,375	43,773,947	
Applicable District Debt Outstanding	16,049,978	15,219,978	14,344,978	
Less: Applicable Debt Service Fund Amounts (2)	(2,294,179)	(2,520,928)	(2,705,592)	
Net Indebtedness Subject to Limitation	13,755,799	12,699,050	11,639,386	
Overall Legal Debt Margin	\$29,127,034	\$30,522,325	\$32,134,561	
Debt Margin as a Percentage of Debt Limit	67.92%	70.62%	73.41%	
Legal Debt Limitation (%) (1)	0.10%	0.10%	0.10%	
Legal Debt Limitation (\$) (1)	476,476	480,238	486,377	
Applicable District Debt Outstanding	0	0	0	
Unvoted Legal Debt Margin	\$476,476	\$480,238	\$486,377	
Legal Debt Limitation (%) (1)	0.90%	0.90%	0.90%	
Legal Debt Limitation (\$) (1)	4,288,283	4,322,138	4,377,395	
Applicable District Debt Outstanding	0	0	0	
Unvoted Energy Conservation				
Loans Legal Debt Margin	\$4,288,283	\$4,322,138	\$4,377,395	

(1) Ohio Bond Law sets a limit of 9% for overall debt, 1/10 of 1% for unvoted debt, and 9/10 of 1% for energy conservation debt.

(2) Includes only Debt Service funds available for general obligation bonded debt supported by property taxes.

Source: District Treasurer's Office

Logan-Hocking Local School District

2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
\$485,334,250	\$524,762,050	\$533,859,250	\$555,263,990	\$789,986,480	\$822,312,050	\$832,318,520
9.00%	9.00%	9.00%	9.00%	9.00%	9.00%	9.00%
43,680,083	47,228,585	48,047,333	49,973,759	71,098,783	74,008,085	74,908,667
14,224,246	13,662,164	12,620,211	12,229,813	12,366,318	15,360,000	15,164,460
(2,847,773)	(3,158,689)	(2,913,207)	(2,797,185)	(2,648,362)	(2,434,377)	(2,351,912)
11,376,473	10,503,475	9,707,004	9,432,628	9,717,956	12,925,623	12,812,548
\$32,303,610	\$36,725,110	\$38,340,329	\$40,541,131	\$61,380,827	\$61,082,462	\$62,096,119
73.96%	77.76%	79.80%	81.12%	86.33%	82.53%	82.90%
0.10%	0.10%	0.10%	0.10%	0.10%	0.10%	0.10%
485,334	524,762	533,859	555,264	789,986	822,312	832,319
0	0	0	0	0	0	0
\$485,334	\$524,762	\$533,859	\$555,264	\$789,986	\$822,312	\$832,319
0.90%	0.90%	0.90%	0.90%	0.90%	0.90%	0.90%
4,368,008	4,722,858	4,804,733	4,997,376	7,109,878	7,400,808	7,490,867
0	0	0	0	0	0	0
\$4,368,008	\$4,722,858	\$4,804,733	\$4,997,376	\$7,109,878	\$7,400,808	\$7,490,867

	• ·	est Ten Years			
Calendar Year	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
Population (1)					
City of Logan	7,157	7,146	7,154	7,117	7,085
Hocking County	29,273	28,665	28,725	28,491	28,340
Income (2) (a)					
Total Personal (in thousands)	251,819	237,204	258,517	250,405	222,356
Per Capita	35,185	33,194	36,136	35,184	31,384
Unemployment Rate (3)					
Federal	7.4%	7.2%	5.7%	5.1%	4.9%
State	7.3%	7.5%	4.3%	4.7%	4.7%
Hocking County	7.3%	6.2%	4.3%	4.5%	4.4%
Fiscal Year	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
School Enrollment (4)					
Grades Pre-K - 4	1,583	1,568	1,564	1,490	1,475
Grades 5 - 8	1,306	1,287	1,241	1,182	1,140
Grades 9 - 13	1,258	1,235	1,264	1,315	1,312
Total	4,147	4,090	4,069	3,987	3,927

Demographic and Economic Statistics

Sources:

(1) US Bureau of Census of Population

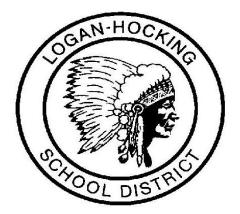
(2) US Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis

(a) Per Capita Income is only available by County, Total Personal Income is a calculation

(3) Ohio Department of Job and Family Services

(4) District Treasurer's Office

2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
7,069	7,050	7,020	7,296	7,296
28,474	28,385	28,264	28,050	28,050
_0,	20,000	20,201	20,000	20,000
210.010	258 058	264.026	279 759	201.057
219,818	258,058	264,036	278,758	301,857
31,096	36,604	37,612	38,207	41,373
4.4%	3.8%	7.9%	4.8%	3.7%
4.5%	3.9%	8.4%	5.4%	4.2%
4.3%	4.2%	6.6%	4.5%	4.0%
2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
1,485	1,483	1,472	1,381	1,433
-				
1,154	1,167	1,187	1,120	1,102
1,286	1,243	1,167	1,098	1,094
3,925	3,893	3,826	3,599	3,629



Principal Employers Current Year and Nine Years Ago

		2022	
Employer	Nature of Business	Number of Employees	Rank
Logan-Hocking Local School District	Education	520	1
Hocking County Government	Government Services	318	2
Wal-Mart	Retail	273	3
Hocking Valley Community Hospital	Healthcare	265	4
Smead Manufacturing	Filing Systems	255	5
Amanda Manufacturing	Automotive Parts	161	6
Krogers	Grocery	152	7
Rocky Brands Retail, LLC	Retail	102	8
Logan Care, LLC	Long-Term Healthcare	88	9
City of Logan	Local Government	86	10
Total		2,220	
Total Employment within the District (1)		N/A	
		2013	
Employer	Nature of Business	Number of	Rank
Employer	Nature of Business	Number of Employees	Rank
Logan-Hocking Local School District	Education	Number of Employees 441	1
Logan-Hocking Local School District Hocking County Government	Education Government Services	Number of Employees 441 323	1 2
Logan-Hocking Local School District Hocking County Government Hocking Valley Community Hospital	Education Government Services Healthcare	Number of Employees 441 323 293	1 2 3
Logan-Hocking Local School District Hocking County Government Hocking Valley Community Hospital Wal-Mart	Education Government Services Healthcare Retail	Number of Employees 441 323 293 245	1 2 3 4
Logan-Hocking Local School District Hocking County Government Hocking Valley Community Hospital Wal-Mart Amanda Bent Bolt	Education Government Services Healthcare Retail Automotive Parts	Number of Employees 441 323 293 245 189	1 2 3 4 5
Logan-Hocking Local School District Hocking County Government Hocking Valley Community Hospital Wal-Mart Amanda Bent Bolt Smead Manufacturing	Education Government Services Healthcare Retail Automotive Parts Filing Systems	Number of Employees 441 323 293 245 189 182	1 2 3 4
Logan-Hocking Local School District Hocking County Government Hocking Valley Community Hospital Wal-Mart Amanda Bent Bolt Smead Manufacturing Kindred Transit. Care and Rehab - Logan	Education Government Services Healthcare Retail Automotive Parts Filing Systems Long-Term Health Care	Number of Employees 441 323 293 245 189 182 111	1 2 3 4 5 6 7
Logan-Hocking Local School District Hocking County Government Hocking Valley Community Hospital Wal-Mart Amanda Bent Bolt Smead Manufacturing Kindred Transit. Care and Rehab - Logan Kilbarger	Education Government Services Healthcare Retail Automotive Parts Filing Systems Long-Term Health Care Construction	Number of Employees 441 323 293 245 189 182 111 110	1 2 3 4 5 6
Logan-Hocking Local School District Hocking County Government Hocking Valley Community Hospital Wal-Mart Amanda Bent Bolt Smead Manufacturing Kindred Transit. Care and Rehab - Logan	Education Government Services Healthcare Retail Automotive Parts Filing Systems Long-Term Health Care	Number of Employees 441 323 293 245 189 182 111	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8
Logan-Hocking Local School District Hocking County Government Hocking Valley Community Hospital Wal-Mart Amanda Bent Bolt Smead Manufacturing Kindred Transit. Care and Rehab - Logan Kilbarger General Electric	Education Government Services Healthcare Retail Automotive Parts Filing Systems Long-Term Health Care Construction Fluorescent Lamps	Number of Employees 441 323 293 245 189 182 111 110 108	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9
Logan-Hocking Local School District Hocking County Government Hocking Valley Community Hospital Wal-Mart Amanda Bent Bolt Smead Manufacturing Kindred Transit. Care and Rehab - Logan Kilbarger General Electric Kroger	Education Government Services Healthcare Retail Automotive Parts Filing Systems Long-Term Health Care Construction Fluorescent Lamps	Number of Employees 441 323 293 245 189 182 111 110 108 101	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9

Sources: District Treasurer's Office (1) Not Available

School District Employees by Type Last Ten Years

	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Official/Administration					
Assistant Superintendent	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Assistant Principal	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	3.00
Principal	6.80	6.80	6.80	6.80	8.00
Superintendent	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Supervisor/Manager/Director	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00
Treasurer	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Coordinator	3.20	3.20	3.20	3.00	3.00
Director	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Professional Education					
Counseling	6.00	6.00	7.00	6.00	6.00
Librarian/Media	1.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	1.00
Remedial Specialist	8.70	10.20	10.00	11.50	15.00
Regular Teaching	145.91	149.96	143.74	154.36	154.86
Special Education Teaching	46.00	45.00	54.00	54.20	54.20
Career-Tech Teaching	8.02	8.02	8.02	7.00	7.00
Educ. Service Personnel Teacher	15.03	16.02	16.02	17.34	17.34
Other Professional	3.00	3.00	5.50	4.50	3.50
Professional - Other					
Interpreter	1.00	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Psychologists	3.00	4.00	4.00	3.00	4.00
Registered Nursing	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Registrar	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Physical Therapist	1.00	2.00	3.00	1.00	1.00
Speech and Language Therapist	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00
Occupational Therapist	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00
Other Professionals	4.75	4.75	4.00	4.00	4.00
Fechnical					
Library Aide	3.00	5.00	5.00	4.00	4.00
Practical Nursing	3.55	2.71	3.71	3.08	3.08
Instructional Paraprofessional	9.26	0.50	0.00	0.00	0.00
Office Clerical					
Clerical	21.00	19.00	20.00	21.00	19.53
Teaching Aide	21.45	33.28	33.50	36.71	39.84
Records Managing	0.00	0.00	1.13	1.14	1.14
Treasurer's Assistants	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	5.00
Other Office/Clerical	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
3.00	3.00	5.00	5.00	5.00
8.00	8.00	7.00	7.00	8.00
1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
3.00	3.00	4.00	4.00	4.00
1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
3.00	3.50	3.50	3.00	3.00
0.00	2.00	2.00	3.00	1.00
6.00	7.00	6.50	5.50	5.50
1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
14.00	14.00	15.00	13.00	14.00
155.26	161.72	160.21	164.71	180.81
53.00	53.50	58.00	62.00	59.50
6.00	7.00	7.00	7.00	7.00
17.05	12.50	12.50	12.50	12.64
6.50	6.00	7.00	7.00	8.00
0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
4.00	5.00	4.00	4.00	4.00
1.00	1.00	1.00	2.00	2.00
1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
2.00	2.00	2.00	1.00	1.00
4.00	4.00	4.80	5.00	5.00
2.00	2.00	2.00	0.00	0.00
5.00	5.00	5.67	5.67	5.67
5.00	3.50	3.50	3.50	3.00
2.50	3.75	3.50	2.00	2.33
0.00	0.00	9.88	9.67	4.83
21.53	20.06	20.53	22.56	25.00
34.71	34.46	33.19	35.15	43.26
1.14	1.14	0.64	0.00	1.00
5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	6.00
2.25	0.25	0.25	0.00	0.00
				(Continued

Last Ten Years					
	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Crafts and Trades					
General Maintenance	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00
Mechanic	2.00	1.00	2.00	1.00	2.00
Vehicle Operator (buses)	41.60	42.19	39.18	39.10	41.90
Other Crafts and Trades	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00
Service Work/Laborer					
Attendance Officer	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Custodian	26.22	26.00	25.22	25.75	26.22
Food Service	22.40	20.84	21.32	20.68	21.63
Guard/Watchman	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Monitoring	7.17	4.54	3.96	3.96	3.96
Total Employees	441.06	448.01	453.30	462.12	470.20

School District Employees by Type

Method: Used Full-time Equivalency

Source: District Treasurer's Office Ohio Department of Education - EMIS

2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
3.00	4.00	4.00	5.00	5.00
2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00
38.82	32.36	38.46	39.35	40.56
2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	1.00
1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
25.94	24.69	25.22	26.22	24.22
23.50	21.79	21.84	20.66	24.24
0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
6.34	4.92	5.46	5.29	5.79
472.54	466.14	488.65	495.78	520.35

Operating Indicators - Cost p	oer Pupil
Last Ten Years	

Fiscal Year	2013	2014	2015	2016
Enrollment	4,147	4,090	4,069	3,987
Modified Accrual Basis				
Operating Expenditures	41,861,390	40,430,020	41,316,713	56,023,524
Cost per Pupil	10,094	9,885	10,154	14,052
Percentage of Change	(4.1%)	(2.1%)	2.7%	38.4%
Accrual Basis (1)				
Expenses	41,398,052	41,101,599	41,492,494	42,307,472
Cost per Pupil	9,983	10,049	10,197	10,611
Percentage of Change	(3.7%)	0.7%	1.5%	4.1%
Teaching Staff	247	252	253	253

Source: District Treasurer's Office and Ohio Department of Education (1) Expenses exclude interest and fiscal charges

2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
3,927	3,925	3,893	3,826	3,599	3,629
42,556,148	45,882,385	53,967,576	52,809,872	57,178,624	61,105,563
10,837 (22.9%)	11,690 7.9%	13,863 18.6%	13,803 (0.4%)	15,887 15.1%	16,838 6.0%
44,749,958	27,145,676	42,993,945	54,655,277	59,736,805	52,140,574
11,395 7.4%	6,916 (39.3%)	11,044 59.7%	14,285 29.3%	16,598 16.2%	14,368 (13.4%)
259	262	267	268	273	270

Operating Indicators by Function Last Ten Years

	2013	2014	2015	2016
Sovernmental Activities				
Instruction - Teachers				
Regular	145.91	149.96	143.74	148.85
Special	49.00	48.00	54.00	47.20
Pupils				
Enrollment	4,147	4,090	4,069	3,987
Graduates	291	307	275	308
Percent of Students with Disabilities	17.9%	17.9%	16.8%	18.0%
Board of Education				
Number of Regular Meetings	13	12	12	16
Number of Special Meetings	5	4	3	6
Administration				
School Attendance Rate	94.50	95.00	95.00	94.70
Fiscal Services				
Purchase Orders Processed	3,196	3,463	3,463	3,388
Checks Issued (non payroll)	3,691	4,016	3,927	3,911
Investment Income (all funds)	201,733	161,900	193,478	218,824
Operation and Maintenance of Plant				
District Square Footage Maintained	743,327	743,327	743,327	743,327
District Square Acreage Maintained	296	296	296	296
Pupil Transportation				
Average Daily Students Transported	2,522	2,622	2,361	2,188
Average Daily Bus Fleet Miles	4,968	4,760	5,015	4,473
Number of Buses	41	40	41	42
Food Service Operations				
Student Meals Served Daily	3,483	3,381	3,042	3,364
Free/Reduced Price Meals Daily	2,595	2,570	2,334	2,673
Extracurricular Activities				
High School Varsity Teams	19	20	19	20

Source: District Treasurer's Office

2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
154.86	155.26	161.72	160.21	164.71	180.81
54.20	53.00	53.50	58.00	62.00	59.50
3,927	3,925	3,893	3,826	3,599	3,629
288	324	313	298	267	255
19.7%	20.8%	21.7%	21.5%	22.3%	22.08%
15	14	12	14	13	14
10	1	2	1	2	2
93.70	93.20	92.90	94.9%	91.5%	91.1%
3,582	3,442	3,436	3,153	3,225	3,389
4,084	4,033	3,929	3,827	3,200	3,348
189,707	231,738	310,054	187,077	91,695	37,754
743,327	743,327	743,327	829,407	829,407	829,407
296	296	296	296	296	296
2,163	2,025	2,024	1,934	1,319	1,702
5,129	5,195	5,133	5,183	4,419	4,817
42	42	42	42	42	42
2,814	3,579	4,324	4,410	3,477	3,335
2,210	3,175	4,324	4,410	3,477	3,335
21	21	21	22	22	21

Operating Indicators - Teacher Base Salaries Last Ten Years						
Fiscal Year	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	
Minimum Salary	33,100	33,100	33,597	34,437	35,126	
Maximum Salary	67,028	67,028	68,034	71,629	73,062	
District Average Salary	53,701	52,685	52,542	54,235	56,273	
County Average Salary	53,701	52,685	52,542	54,235	56,273	
State Average Salary	56,307	55,916	55,242	57,154	58,849	

Source: District Treasurer's Office and Ohio Department of Education

Operating Indicators - Teachers by Education Last Ten Years

Fiscal Year	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Bachelor's Degree	20	23	24	32	25
Bachelor + 15	53	63	62	59	60
Master's Degree	100	93	94	99	112
Master's Degree + 15	33	33	33	28	25
Master's Degree + 30	41	40	40	35	37
Total	247	252	253	253	259

Source: District Treasurer's Office

N/A = not available

2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
35,829	36,635	37,734	39,243	41,205
74,524	76,201	78,487	81,625	87,973
57,794	59,974	61,447	63,772	68,528
57,794	59,974	61,447	63,772	68,528
62,353	63,916	65,754	N/A	N/A

2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
26	29	28	25	24
59	59	60	61	60
111	112	111	114	109
27	28	30	32	34
39	39	39	41	43
262	267	268	273	270

	2013	2014	2015	2016
Secondary				
Logan High School / JVS				
Square Footage	232,000	232,000	232,000	232,000
Capacity (students)	1,400	1,400	1,400	1,400
Enrollment	1,258	1,235	1,264	1,316
Middle				
Logan Middle School				
Square Footage	159,231	159,231	159,231	159,231
Capacity (students)	1,400	1,400	1,400	1,400
Enrollment	1,306	1,287	1,249	1,182
Elementary				
Central Primary Elementary School				
Square Footage	34,220	34,220	34,220	34,220
Capacity (students)	500	500	500	500
Enrollment	556	449	444	417
Chieftain Elementary School				
Square Footage	55,542	55,542	55,542	55,542
Capacity (students)	449	449	449	449
Enrollment	307	386	402	387
Green Elementary School				
Square Footage	19,750	19,750	19,750	19,750
Capacity (students)	350	350	350	350
Enrollment	310	302	295	277
Hocking Hills Elementary School				
Square Footage	43,942	43,942	43,942	43,942
Capacity (students)	350	350	350	350
Enrollment	192	178	180	180
Union Furnace Elementary School				
Square Footage	45,250	45,250	45,250	45,250
Capacity (students)	350	350	350	350
Enrollment	218	253	235	228

Capital Asset Statistics by Building

017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
232,000	232,000	232,000	232,000	232,000	232,000
1,400	1,400	1,400	1,400	1,400	1,400
1,312	1,286	1,243	1,167	1,098	1,094
59,231	159,231	159,231	159,231	159,231	159,231
1,400	1,400	1,400	1,400	1,400	1,400
1,140	1,169	1,167	1,187	1,120	1,102
34,220	34,220	34,220	34,220	34,220	34,220
500	500	500	500	500	500
433	427	441	445	406	407
55,542	55,542	55,542	55,542	55,542	55,542
449	449	449	449	449	449
367	375	386	380	385	393
19,750	19,750	19,750	19,750	19,750	19,750
350	350	350	350	350	350
282	292	289	295	274	298
43,942	43,942	43,942	43,942	43,942	43,942
350	350	350	350	350	350
172	154	151	140	139	141
45,250	42,250	42,250	42,250	42,250	42,250
350	350	350	350	350	350
221	222	216	212	177	194
					(Continued

	2013	2014	2015	2016
Alternative School				
Square Footage	1,200	1,200	1,200	1,200
All Other				
Central Administration Building				
Square Footage	7,750	7,750	7,750	7,750
Transportation/Maintenance Building				
Square Footage	7,442	7,442	7,442	7,442
Chieftain Fieldhouse				
Square Footage	0	0	0	0

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2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
1,200	1,200	1,200	1,200	1,200	1,200
7,750	7,750	7,750	7,750	7,750	7,750
7,442	7,442	7,442	7,442	7,442	7,442
0	0	0	86,080	86,080	86,080

Capital Asset Statistics by Function Last Ten Years

	2013	2014	2015	2016
Sovernmental Activities				
Instruction				
Regular				
Land and Land Improvements	4,508,951	4,435,383	4,435,383	4,435,383
Buildings and Improvements	36,163,576	36,163,575	36,170,139	36,170,13
Furniture, Fixtures and Equipment	653,457	653,457	686,257	1,161,77
Support Services				
Instructional Staff				
Buildings and Improvements	0	0	0	30,80
Furniture, Fixtures and Equipment	284,498	284,498	313,356	313,35
Administration				
Buildings and Improvements	909,156	909,156	909,156	909,15
Furniture, Fixtures and Equipment	83,964	83,964	83,964	83,96
Furniture, Fixtures and Equipment (Leased)	0	0	0	
Operation and Maintenance of Plant				
Land and Land Improvements	265,921	265,921	265,921	265,92
Buildings and Improvements	71,033	71,033	71,033	112,28
Furniture, Fixtures and Equipment	124,287	130,812	139,421	171,57
Vehicles	92,785	92,785	92,785	92,78
Pupil Transportation				
Land and Land Improvements	20,067	32,342	32,342	32,34
Buildings and Improvements	47,557	53,304	53,304	53,304
Furniture, Fixtures and Equipment	28,077	36,985	36,985	36,98
Buses	3,249,199	3,462,750	3,672,485	3,853,694
Central				
Furniture, Fixtures and Equipment	11,287	11,287	11,287	11,28
Non-Instructional Services				
Community Service				
Land and Land Improvements	34,552	34,552	34,552	34,552
Buildings and Improvements (Leased Building)	0	0	0	

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2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017
6 201 12	4 242 785	4 242 785	4 220 260	4 220 260	1 125 292
6,201,13 36,223,488	4,242,785 36,213,039	4,242,785 36,213,039	4,220,269 36,192,539	4,220,269	4,435,383 36,170,139
3,026,982	2,319,737	1,403,657	785,323	36,192,539 934,743	1,234,949
5,020,982	2,519,757	1,403,037	183,323	934,743	1,234,949
30,800	30,800	30,800	30,800	30,800	30,800
594,777	488,796	488,796	338,602	338,602	338,602
000 15	000 150	000 150	000 150	000 150	000 150
909,150	909,156	909,156	909,156	909,156	909,156
139,55	128,851	92,676	83,964	83,964	83,964
476,560	0	0	0	0	0
172,333	274,407	274,407	274,407	274,407	265,921
4,362,283	112,283	112,283	112,283	112,283	112,283
350,21	321,810	279,540	271,029	233,737	201,297
85,842	103,842	130,442	130,442	92,785	92,785
40,73	40,731	40,731	40,731	32,342	32,342
95,240	53,304	53,304	53,304	53,304	53,304
66,042	59,743	42,835	36,985	36,985	36,985
4,376,308	4,330,737	4,204,044	4,137,022	4,085,700	3,937,089
5,344	5,344	5,344	5,344	5,344	5,344
133,498	133,498	123,198	59,075	34,552	34,552
211,880	0	0	0	0	0
(Continued					

Capital Asset Statistics by Function Last Ten Years							
	2013	2014	2015	2016			
Extracurricular Activities							
Land and Land Improvements	4,548,687	4,869,582	4,789,895	4,828,734			
Buildings and Improvements	105,976	115,936	115,936	121,336			
Furniture, Fixtures and Equipment	111,709	124,340	124,340	129,430			
Facility Acquisition and Improvement							
Land and Land Improvements	3,502,278	3,502,278	3,502,278	3,502,278			
Buildings and Improvements	72,499,443	72,499,443	72,499,443	72,499,443			
Furniture, Fixtures and Equipment	0	0	0	C			
Construction in Progress	305,481	0	0	C			

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Source: District Treasurer's Office

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2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
4,833,809	4,853,192	5,100,058	5,100,058	5,100,058	5,100,058
138,186	148,986	81,348	9,620,673	9,620,673	9,620,673
129,430	152,621	178,330	285,789	294,707	361,422
3,545,821	3,545,821	3,545,821	3,545,821	3,545,821	3,878,311
72,499,443	72,499,443	72,474,735	72,474,735	72,474,735	72,474,735
0	0	0	0	13,071	13,071
0	669,979	8,019,994	0	1,062,500	115,500

Educational and Operating Statistics Last Ten Years						
	2013	2014	2015	2016		
ACT Scores (Average)						
Logan Hocking	21.6	21.6	21.0	21.1		
Ohio	21.8	22.0	22.0	22.0		
National	20.9	21.0	21.0	20.8		
National Merit Scholars						
Commended Scholars	0	0	0	0		
Cost per Student (ODE)						
Logan Hocking	9,595	10,036	9,733	10,180		
Ohio (Average)	10,446	10,913	10,985	11,164		
Cost to Educate a Graduate						
Logan Hocking	105,831	103,267	113,000	116,548		
Ohio (Average)	123,690	118,418	129,403	132,126		
Attendance Rate						
Logan Hocking	94.50%	95.00%	95.00%	94.70%		
Ohio (Average)	94.20%	94.30%	94.10%	94.10%		
Graduation Rate						
Logan Hocking	94.80%	95.30%	94.10%	95.00%		
Ohio (Average)	82.20%	82.30%	83.00%	83.50%		

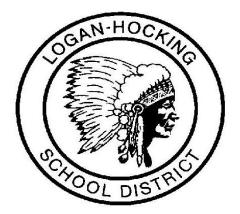
Educational and Operating Statistics

Source:

District's Student Records and Ohio Department of Education

N/A = not available

2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
21.1	19.4	17.6	17.3	18.7	18.4
22.0	20.3	20.0	19.2	19.6	19.4
21.0	20.8	20.7	20.7	20.3	19.8
1	0	0	2	0	2
10,493	10,821	11,718	12,522	14,513	N/A
11,603	11,953	12,472	12,692	13,387	N/A
119,773	122,943	126,637	130,805	136,985	N/A
134,975	137,900	140,836	143,942	134,003	N/A
93.70%	93.20%	92.90%	94.80%	91.50%	91.10%
93.90%	93.50%	93.50%	94.90%	91.50%	90.40%
95.90%	95.10%	93.90%	94.80%	94.60%	93.70%
83.40%	85.30%	85.90%	87.20%	87.20%	87.00%



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LOGAN-HOCKING LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

HOCKING COUNTY

AUDITOR OF STATE OF OHIO CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report, which is required to be filed pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in the Office of the Ohio Auditor of State in Columbus, Ohio.



Certified for Release 3/7/2023

88 East Broad Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215 Phone: 614-466-4514 or 800-282-0370