

#### **MERCER COUNTY, OHIO**

SINGLE AUDIT FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022





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Board of County Commissioners Mercer County 101 North Main Street Celina, Ohio 45822

We have reviewed the *Independent Auditors' Report* of Mercer County, prepared by Clark, Schaefer, Hackett & Co., for the audit period January 1, 2022 through December 31, 2022. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them.

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. Mercer County is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.

Keith Faber Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

September 25, 2023



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#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Mercer County, Ohio Board of County Commissioners 101 North Main Street Celina, OH 45822

#### Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

#### **Opinions**

We have audited the cash basis financial statements of the governmental activities, business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Mercer County, Ohio (the County), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective cash basis financial position of the governmental activities, business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County, as of December 31, 2022, and the respective changes in cash basis financial position and where applicable cash flows thereof and the respective budgetary comparisons for the General, Motor Vehicle, Developmental Disabilities, Adult Detention Facility, Local Fiscal Recovery Funds for the year then ended in accordance with the cash basis of accounting described in Note 2.

#### **Basis for Opinions**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are required to be independent of the County, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### Emphasis of Matter - Accounting Basis

Ohio Administrative Code § 117-2-03(B) requires the County to prepare its annual financial report in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We draw attention to Note 2 of the financial statements, which describes the basis of accounting. The financial statements are prepared on the cash basis of accounting, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

#### Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with the cash basis of accounting described in Note 2, and for determining that the cash basis of accounting is an acceptable basis for preparation of the financial statements in the circumstances. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.



In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the County's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

#### Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we

- exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
  fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures
  include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial
  statements.
- obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the County's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

#### Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted to opine on the financial statements as a whole that collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements. The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied to the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, this schedule is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated July 19, 2023, on our consideration of the County's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the County's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Clark, Schaefer, Hackett & Co.

Springfield, Ohio July 19, 2023

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#### Mercer County Statement of Net Position - Cash Basis December 31, 2022

	Governmental Activities	Business- Type Activities	Total
Assets			
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$39,227,898	\$5,183,649	\$44,411,547
Cash and Cash Equivalents in Segregated Accounts	30,982	0	30,982
Cash and Cash Equivalents with Fiscal Agent	3,637,118	0	3,637,118
Total Assets	\$42,895,998	\$5,183,649	\$48,079,647
Net Position			
Restricted for			
Debt Service	\$80,736	\$0	\$80,736
Capital Projects	494,063	0	494,063
American Rescue Plan	7,574,155	0	7,574,155
Public Safety	1,059,665	0	1,059,665
Public Works	3,604,624	0	3,604,624
Health	706,445	0	706,445
Human Services	13,591,920	0	13,591,920
Conservation and Recreation	166,444	0	166,444
Economic Development and Assistance	755,692	0	755,692
Other Purposes	2,469,133	0	2,469,133
Unrestricted	12,393,121	5,183,649	17,576,770
Total Net Position	\$42,895,998	\$5,183,649	\$48,079,647

#### Mercer County Statement of Activities - Cash Basis For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

		Program Receipts			
	Disbursements	Charges for Services	Operating Grants, Contributions, and Interest	Capital Grants and Contributions	
Governmental Activities		_			
General Government					
Legislative and Executive	\$7,683,813	\$2,225,483	\$3,873,858	\$0	
Judicial	2,765,713	913,510	343,750	0	
Public Safety	7,576,370	421,745	721,705	0	
Public Works	10,774,242	3,849,278	7,346,455	150,000	
Health	683,986	71,681	0	0	
Human Services	12,371,466	91,897	6,385,667	0	
Conservation and Recreation	587,731	22,196	1,700,956	0	
Economic Development and Assistance	2,565,497	29,552	1,520,129	0	
Capital Outlay	378,020	0	0	0	
Debt Service					
Principal Retirement	1,586,578	0	0	0	
Interest and Fiscal Charges	99,951	0	0	0	
Total Governmental Activities	47,073,367	7,625,342	21,892,520	150,000	
Business-Type Activities					
Sanitary Sewer	1,837,970	1,851,066	0	0	
Other Enterprise					
Water	64,522	136,892	0	0	
Solid Waste	49,104	0	0	0	
Ambulance	912,384	1,066,598	18,523	0	
Total Business-Type Activities	2,863,980	3,054,556	18,523	0	
Total	\$49,937,347	\$10,679,898	\$21,911,043	\$150,000	

General Receipts

Property Taxes Levied for

General Operating
Developmental Disabilities

Children's Services

Sales Taxes

General Operating

Adult Detention Facility

Grants and Entitlements not Restricted to Other Programs

Interest

Other

OPWC Loans Issued

Total General Receipts

Advances

Total General Receipts and Advances

Change in Net Position

Net Position at Beginning of Year

Net Position at End of Year

Net (Disbursements) Receipts and Change in Net Position

Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
(\$1,584,472)	\$0	(\$1,584,472)
(1,508,453)	0	(1,508,453)
(6,432,920)	0	(6,432,920)
571,491	0	571,491
(612,305)	0	(612,305)
(5,893,902)	0	(5,893,902)
1,135,421	0	1,135,421
(1,015,816)	0	(1,015,816)
(378,020)	0	(378,020)
(1,586,578)	0	(1,586,578)
(99,951)	0	(99,951)
(17,405,505)	0	(17,405,505)
0	13,096	13,096
v	15,050	
0	72,370	72,370
0	(49,104)	(49,104)
0	172,737	172,737
0	209,099	209,099
(17,405,505)	209,099	(17,196,406)
2,647,983	0	2,647,983
4,438,663	0	4,438,663
456,373	0	456,373
430,373	Ü	430,373
7,487,681	0	7,487,681
3,743,836	0	3,743,836
1,592,868	0	1,592,868
595,558	0	595,558
4,249,468	65,207	4,314,675
458,016	0	458,016
25,670,446	65,207	25,735,653
16,163	(16,163)	0
25,686,609	49,044	25,735,653
8,281,104	258,143	8,539,247
34,614,894	4,925,506	39,540,400
\$42,895,998	\$5,183,649	\$48,079,647

#### Mercer County Statement of Cash Basis Assets and Fund Balances Governmental Funds December 31, 2022

	General	Motor Vehicle	Developmental Disabilities	Adult Detention Facility
Assets				
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$6,644,826	\$2,936,544	\$7,131,150	\$4,450,688
Cash and Cash Equivalents in Segregated Accounts	0	0	0	0
Cash and Cash Equivalents with Fiscal Agent	0	0	3,637,118	0
Restricted Assets				
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	214,440	0	0	0
Total Assets	\$6,859,266	\$2,936,544	\$10,768,268	\$4,450,688
Fund Balances				
Nonspendable	\$214,440	\$0	\$0	\$0
Restricted	4,372	2,936,544	10,768,268	0
Committed	0	0	0	4,450,688
Assigned	4,721,896	0	0	0
Unassigned	1,918,558	0	0	0
Total Fund Balances	\$6,859,266	\$2,936,544	\$10,768,268	\$4,450,688

Local		
Fiscal	Other	
Recovery	Governmental	Total
\$7,574,155	\$10,276,095	\$39,013,458
0	30,982	30,982
0	0	3,637,118
0	0	214,440
\$7,574,155	\$10,307,077	\$42,895,998
\$0	\$0	\$214,440
7,574,155	9,005,098	30,288,437
0	181,878	4,632,566
0	1,120,101	5,841,997
0	0	1,918,558
\$7,574,155	\$10,307,077	\$42,895,998

## Mercer County Statement of Cash Receipts, Cash Disbursements, and Changes in Cash Basis Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	General	Motor Vehicle	Developmental Disabilities	Adult Detention Facility
Receipts				
Property Taxes	\$2,647,983	\$0	\$4,438,663	\$0
Sales Taxes	7,487,681	0	0	3,743,836
Special Assessments	0	0	0	0
Charges for Services	2,324,137	2,723,030	0	0
Licenses and Permits	3,505	0	0	0
Fines and Forfeitures	42,499	35,653	0	0
Intergovernmental	1,883,120	7,448,040	1,183,971	23,030
Interest	548,292	48,239	43,387	0
Leases	119,008	0	0	0
Donations	800	0	114,991	0
Other	826,891	85,301	357,732	17,225
Total Receipts	15,883,916	10,340,263	6,138,744	3,784,091
Disbursements				
Current				
General Government				
Legislative and Executive	6,812,770	0	0	0
Judicial	2,135,333	0	0	0
Public Safety	3,770,686	0	0	2,826,571
Public Works	12,494	10,454,419	0	0
Health	372,453	0	0	0
Human Services	385,690	0	5,365,413	0
Conservation and Recreation	350,432	0	0	0
Economic Development and Assistance	418,219	0	0	0
Other	0	0	0	0
Capital Outlay	0	0	0	0
Debt Service				
Principal Retirement	32,264	0	0	22,340
Interest and Fiscal Charges	6,182	0	0	4,406
Total Disbursements	14,296,523	10,454,419	5,365,413	2,853,317
Excess of Receipts Over				
(Under) Disbursements	1,587,393	(114,156)	773,331	930,774
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
OPWC Loan Issued	0	459.016	0	0
Advances In	0 3,326,297	458,016	0	0
Advances III Advances Out	<i>' '</i>	1,000	0	0
Transfers In	(1,392,580)	(1,000)	0	765,000
Transfers Out	(1,236,436)	(510,573)	0	
Transfers Out	(1,230,430)	(310,373)	0	(1,160,450)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	697,281	(52,557)	0	(395,450)
Changes in Fund Balances	2,284,674	(166,713)	773,331	535,324
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	4,574,592	3,103,257	9,994,937	3,915,364
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$6,859,266	\$2,936,544	\$10,768,268	\$4,450,688

Local	Od	
Fiscal Recovery	Other Governmental	Total
11000,019	331911111911111	1000
\$0	\$456,373	\$7,543,019
0	0	11,231,517
0	845,869	845,869
0	1,227,609	6,274,776
0	198,936	202,441
0	82,900	161,052
3,998,589	8,819,714	23,356,464
0	108,129	748,047
0	22,196	141,204
0	10,644	126,435
0	2,962,319	4,249,468
3,998,589	14,734,689	54,880,292
298,750	868,063	7,979,583
0	331,630	2,466,963
0	979,113	7,576,370
176	307,153	10,774,242
0	311,533	683,986
0	6,620,363	12,371,466
46,967	190,332	587,731
0	2,147,278	2,565,497
0	2,980	2,980
0	378,020	378,020
0	1 521 074	1 506 570
0	1,531,974 89,363	1,586,578 99,951
	69,303	99,931
345,893	13,757,802	47,073,367
3,652,696	976,887	7,806,925
0	0	458,016
0	1,393,580	4,720,877
0	(3,311,134)	(4,704,714)
0	2,156,734	2,921,734
0	(14,275)	(2,921,734)
0	224,905	474,179
3,652,696	1,201,792	8,281,104
3,921,459	9,105,285	34,614,894
\$7,574,155	\$10,307,077	\$42,895,998

#### Mercer County Statement of Receipts, Disbursements, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual General Fund

For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Budgeted Amounts			Variance with
	Original	Final	Actual	Final Budget Over (Under)
Receipts		# <b>2 5</b> 0 5 000		
Property Taxes	\$2,506,000	\$2,506,000	\$2,650,231	\$144,231
Sales Taxes	6,500,000	6,500,000	7,487,681	987,681
Charges for Services	2,002,778	2,007,778	2,315,449	307,671
Licenses and Permits Fines and Forfeitures	2,750 46,500	2,750 46,500	3,505 42,683	755
		,		(3,817)
Intergovernmental Interest	1,628,000 263,250	1,628,000	1,883,120 550,432	255,120
Lease	119,008	263,250	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	287,182 0
Donations	10,850	119,008 10,850	119,008 800	(10,050)
Other	657,687	657,687	826,891	169,204
Other	037,087	037,087	820,891	109,204
Total Receipts	13,736,823	13,741,823	15,879,800	2,137,977
Disbursements				
Current				
General Government				
Legislative and Executive	7,862,932	7,469,732	7,065,506	404,226
Judicial	2,435,950	2,495,049	2,258,387	236,662
Public Safety	5,024,600	4,208,910	3,924,370	284,540
Public Works	154,755	14,755	12,494	2,261
Health	373,697	373,697	372,696	1,001
Human Services	518,056	497,006	394,039	102,967
Conservation and Recreation	351,100	354,140	352,432	1,708
Economic Development and Assistance	588,160	574,259	479,136	95,123
Debt Service				
Principal Retirement	32,264	32,264	32,264	0
Interest and Fiscal Charges	6,182	6,182	6,182	0
Total Disbursements	17,347,696	16,025,994	14,897,506	1,128,488
Excess of Receipts Over				
(Under) Disbursements	(3,610,873)	(2,284,171)	982,294	3,266,465
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Advances In	1,772,396	1,772,396	3,326,297	1,553,901
Advances Out	(34,500)	(381,081)	(1,392,580)	(1,011,499)
Transfers Out	(224,000)	(1,236,436)	(1,236,436)	0
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	1,513,896	154,879	697,281	542,402
Changes in Fund Balance	(2,096,977)	(2,129,292)	1,679,575	3,808,867
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	3,808,244	3,808,244	3,808,244	0
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	551,785	551,785	551,785	0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$2,263,052	\$2,230,737	\$6,039,604	\$3,808,867

# Mercer County Statement of Receipts, Disbursements, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual Motor Vehicle Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Budgeted Amounts			Variance with
	Original	Final	Actual	Final Budget Over (Under)
Receipts	#2 000 000	#2.255.500	#2.522.020	D 4 4 5 2 2 0
Charges for Services Fines and Forfeitures	\$2,088,900 36,000	\$2,277,700 36,000	\$2,723,030 35,809	\$445,330
Intergovernmental	10,286,096	10,351,283	7,448,040	(191) (2,903,243)
Interest	24,000	24,000	48,239	24,239
Other	92,250	92,250	85,301	(6,949)
Total Receipts	12,527,246	12,781,233	10,340,419	(2,440,814)
Disbursements				
Current				
Public Works	14,834,624	15,797,810	15,036,275	761,535
Excess of Receipts				
Under Disbursements	(2,307,378)	(3,016,577)	(4,695,856)	(1,679,279)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
OPWC Loans Issued	500,000	500,000	458,016	(41,984)
Advances In Advances Out	3,000 (3,000)	3,000 (1,000)	1,000 (1,000)	(2,000)
Transfers Out	(510,573)	(510,573)	(510,573)	0
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(10,573)	(8,573)	(52,557)	(43,984)
Changes in Fund Balance	(2,317,951)	(3,025,150)	(4,748,413)	(1,723,263)
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	1,813,796	1,813,796	1,813,796	0
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	1,280,777	1,280,777	1,280,777	0
Fund Balance (Deficit) at End of Year	\$776,622	\$69,423	(\$1,653,840)	(\$1,723,263)

# Mercer County Statement of Receipts, Disbursements, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual Developmental Disabilities Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Budgeted Amounts			Variance with
	Original	Final	Actual	Final Budget Over (Under)
Receipts				
Property Taxes	\$4,347,000	\$4,347,000	\$4,442,611	\$95,611
Intergovernmental	1,066,500	1,066,500	1,183,971	117,471
Donations	1,500	1,500	114,991	113,491
Other	355,000	355,000	232,732	(122,268)
Total Receipts	5,770,000	5,770,000	5,974,305	204,305
Disbursements				
Current				
Human Services	5,871,872	5,871,872	5,533,463	338,409
Changes in Fund Balance	(101,872)	(101,872)	440,842	542,714
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	6,444,573	6,444,573	6,444,573	0
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	38,402	38,402	38,402	0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$6,381,103	\$6,381,103	\$6,923,817	\$542,714

# Mercer County Statement of Receipts, Disbursements, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual Adult Detention Facility Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Budgeted Amounts			Variance with
	Original	Final	Actual	Final Budget Over (Under)
Receipts	·			
Sales Taxes	\$3,450,000	\$3,450,000	\$3,743,836	\$293,836
Intergovernmental	5,000	5,000	23,030	18,030
Other	15,000	15,000	17,225	2,225
Total Receipts	3,470,000	3,470,000	3,784,091	314,091
<u>Disbursements</u>				
Current				
Public Safety	3,313,299	3,367,374	3,077,084	290,290
Debt Service	22.240	22.240	22 240	0
Princpal Retirement	22,340	22,340	22,340	0
Interest and Fiscal Charges	4,406	4,406	4,406	0
Total Disbursements	3,340,045	3,394,120	3,103,830	290,290
Excess of Receipts Over				
Disbursements	129,955	75,880	680,261	604,381
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Transfers In	765,000	765,000	765,000	0
Transfers Out	(1,160,450)	(1,160,450)	(1,160,450)	0
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(395,450)	(395,450)	(395,450)	0
Changes in Fund Balance	(265,495)	(319,570)	284,811	604,381
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	3,756,672	3,756,672	3,756,672	0
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	158,692	158,692	158,692	0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$3,649,869	\$3,595,794	\$4,200,175	\$604,381

# Mercer County Statement of Receipts, Disbursements, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual Local Fiscal Recovery Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Budgeted Amounts			Variance with
_	Original	Final	Actual	Final Budget Over (Under)
Receipts				
Intergovernmental	\$3,998,589	\$3,998,589	\$3,998,589	\$0
Disbursements				
Current				
General Government				
Legislative and Executive	2,905,607	2,993,680	1,094,123	1,899,557
Public Works	176	176	176	0
Conservation and Recreation	46,967	46,967	46,967	0
Total Disbursements	2,952,750	3,040,823	1,141,266	1,899,557
Changes in Fund Balance	1,045,839	957,766	2,857,323	1,899,557
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	3,622,709	3,622,709	3,622,709	0
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	298,750	298,750	298,750	0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$4,967,298	\$4,879,225	\$6,778,782	\$1,899,557

#### Mercer County Statement of Fund Net Position - Cash Basis Enterprise Funds December 31, 2022

	Sanitary Sewer	Other Enterprise	Total
Assets Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$2,607,618	\$2,576,031	\$5,183,649
Net Position Unrestricted	\$2,607,618	\$2,576,031	\$5,183,649

## Mercer County Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position - Cash Basis Enterprise Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Sanitary Sewer	Other Enterprise	Total
Operating Revenues			
Charges for Services	\$1,844,247	\$1,203,490	\$3,047,737
Lease	6,819	0	6,819
Other	53,318	11,889	65,207
Total Operating Revenues	1,904,384	1,215,379	3,119,763
Operating Expenses			
Personal Services	593,418	192,681	786,099
Contractual Services	675,712	581,961	1,257,673
Materials and Supplies	182,464	136,637	319,101
Debt Service	- , -	,	, -
Principal Retirement	365,053	100,957	466,010
•			
Total Operating Expenses	1,816,647	1,012,236	2,828,883
Operating Income	87,737	203,143	290,880
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)			
Grants	0	18,523	18,523
Interest Expense	(21,323)	(13,774)	(35,097)
Total Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)	(21,323)	4,749	(16,574)
	77		( - ) - )
Income Before Advances	66,414	207,892	274,306
Advances In	0	2,212	2,212
Advances Out	(18,375)	0	(18,375)
Changes in Net Position	48,039	210,104	258,143
Net Position at Beginning of Year (Restated - See Note 3)	2,559,579	2,365,927	4,925,506
Net Position at End of Year	\$2,607,618	\$2,576,031	\$5,183,649

## Mercer County Statement of Cash Flows Enterprise Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Sanitary Sewer	Other Enterprise	Total
Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents			
Cash Flows from Operating Activities Cash Received from Customers Cash Received from Leases Cash Received from Other Revenues	\$1,844,247 6,819 53,318	\$1,203,490 0 11,889	\$3,047,737 6,819 65,207
Cash Payments for Personal Services Cash Payments for Contractual Services Cash Payments for Supplies	(593,418) (675,712) (182,464)	(192,681) (581,961) (136,637)	(786,099) (1,257,673) (319,101)
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	452,790	304,100	756,890
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities Cash Received from Grants Cash Received from Advances In Cash Payments for Advances Out	0 0 (18,375)	18,523 2,212 0	18,523 2,212 (18,375)
Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Noncapital Financing Activities	(18,375)	20,735	2,360
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities Principal Paid on OPWC Loans Principal Paid on OWDA Loans Interest Paid on OWDA Loans Principal Paid on Leases Interest Paid on Leases Principal Paid on Financed Purchase Interest Paid on Financed Purchase	(47,500) (317,553) (21,323) 0 0 0	0 (51,706) (11,315) (6,275) (925) (42,976) (1,534)	(47,500) (369,259) (32,638) (6,275) (925) (42,976) (1,534)
Net Cash Used for Capital and Related Financing Activities	(386,376)	(114,731)	(501,107)
Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents	48,039	210,104	258,143
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year (Restated)	2,559,579	2,365,927	4,925,506
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	\$2,607,618	\$2,576,031	\$5,183,649

#### Mercer County Statement of Cash Basis Fiduciary Net Position Custodial Funds December 31, 2022

Assets	Α	S	s	e	ts
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Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and Cash Equivalents in Segregated Accounts

Total Assets

\$11,302,355

441,368

\$11,743,723

Net Position

Restricted for Individuals, Organizations, and Other Governments \$11,743,723

#### Mercer County, Ohio Statement of Change in Fiduciary Net Position - Cash Basis Custodial Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

Additions	
Intergovernmental Amounts for Other Governments	\$5,511,355
Amounts Received as Fiscal Agent	10,197,743
Licenses, Permits, and Fees for Other Governments	9,075,621
Fines and Forfeitures for Other Governments	325,545
Property Tax Collections for Other Governments	44,627,858
Sheriff Sales Collections for Others	275,443
Other	180,402
Total Additions	70,193,967
<u>Deductions</u>	
Distributions to the State of Ohio	308,827
Distributions of State Funds to Other Governments	2,613,037
Distributions to Other Governments	72,663
Distributions as Fiscal Agent	9,476,091
Licenses, Permits, and Fees Distributions to Other Governments	8,839,426
Fines and Forfeitures Distributions to Other Governments	257,621
Property Tax Distributions to Other Governments	47,391,568
Sheriff Sales Distributions to Others	265,643
Total Deductions	69,224,876
Total Decaderions	07,22 1,070
Net Increase in Fiduciary Net Position	969,091
Net Desiries Desires of Very	10.774.622
Net Position Beginning of Year	10,774,632
Net Position End of Year	\$11,743,723

#### **Note 1 - Reporting Entity**

Mercer County (the County) is a body politic and corporate established in 1824 to exercise the rights and privileges conveyed to it by the constitution and laws of the State of Ohio. The County is governed by a board of three commissioners elected by the voters of the County. Other officials elected by the voters of the County that manage various segments of the County's operations are the Auditor, Treasurer, Recorder, Clerk of Courts, Coroner, Engineer, Prosecuting Attorney, Sheriff, a Common Pleas Court Judge, and a Probate/Juvenile Court Judge.

Although the elected officials manage the internal operations of their respective departments, the County Commissioners authorize cash disbursements as well as serve as the budget and taxing authority, contracting body, and the chief administrators of public services for the entire County.

The reporting entity is composed of the primary government, component units, and other organizations that are included to ensure the financial statements of the County are not misleading.

#### A. Primary Government

The primary government consists of all funds, departments, boards, and agencies that are not legally separate from the County. For Mercer County, this includes the Mercer County Board of Developmental Disabilities (DD), Children Services Board, and departments and activities that are directly operated by the elected County officials.

#### B. Component Units

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the County is financially accountable. The County is financially accountable for an organization if the County appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and (1) the County is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the County is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; the County is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or the County is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the County in that the County approves the budget, the issuance of debt, or the levying of taxes, and there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to or impose specific financial burdens on the County. There were no component units of Mercer County in 2022.

As custodian of public funds, the County Treasurer invests all public monies held on deposit in the County treasury. In the case of the separate organizations listed below, the County serves as fiscal agent but the organizations are not considered part of Mercer County. Accordingly, the activity of the following organizations is reported as custodial funds within the financial statements:

Mercer County Soil and Water Conservation District Mercer County District Board of Health

#### Note 1 - Reporting Entity (continued)

The County participates in four jointly governed organizations, three insurance pools, and two related organizations. These organizations are presented in Notes 18, 19, and 20 to the basic financial statements. These organizations are:

Mercer County Regional Planning Commission
Tri-County Mental Health Board
West Central Ohio Network
Grand Lake Saint Marys Lake Facilities Authority
County Commissioners Association of Ohio Service Corporation
Midwest Pool Risk Management Agency, Inc.
Midwest Employee Benefit Consortium
Mercer County District Library
Lakefield Airport Authority

#### Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

These financial statements are presented on a cash basis of accounting. This basis of accounting differs from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). Generally accepted accounting principles include all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements, which have been applied to the extent they are applicable to the cash basis of accounting. Following are the more significant of the County's accounting policies.

#### A. Basis of Presentation

The County's basic financial statements consist of government-wide financial statements, including a statement of net position and a statement of activities, and fund financial statements which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

#### Government-Wide Financial Statements

The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the County as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds. The statements distinguish between those activities of the County that are governmental in nature and those that are considered business-type activities.

The statement of net position presents the cash balance of the governmental and business-type activities of the County at year end. The statement of activities compares disbursements and program receipts for each program or function of the County's governmental activities and business-type activities. Disbursements are reported by function. A function is a group of related activities designed to accomplish a major service or regulatory program for which the County is responsible. Program receipts include charges paid by the recipient of the program's goods or services and grants, contributions, and interest restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. General receipts are all receipts not classified as program receipts, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct disbursements with program receipts identifies the extent to which each governmental function is self-financing on a cash basis or draws from the general receipts of the County.

#### Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

During the year, the County segregates transactions related to certain County functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the County at this more detailed level. The focus of governmental and enterprise fund financial statements is on major funds. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. Fiduciary funds are reported by type.

#### B. Fund Accounting

The County uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. The funds of the County are presented in three categories; governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary.

#### Governmental Funds

The County classifies funds financed primarily from taxes, intergovernmental receipts (e.g. grants), and other nonexchange transactions as governmental funds. The County's major governmental funds are the General Fund, and the Motor Vehicle, Developmental Disabilities, Adult Detention Facility, and the Local Fiscal Recovery special revenue funds.

<u>General Fund</u> - The General Fund accounts for all financial resources, except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The General Fund balance is available to the County for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

<u>Motor Vehicle Fund</u> - This fund accounts for monies derived from gasoline taxes and the sale of motor vehicle licenses. Expenditures are restricted by State law to county road and bridge repair/improvement programs.

<u>Developmental Disabilities Fund</u> - This fund accounts for a county-wide property tax levy and federal and state grants restricted for the operation of a school for the developmentally disabled.

<u>Adult Detention Facility Fund</u> - This fund accounts for a voted sales tax levy, charges to other governments for prisoner housing, and transfers from the General Fund restricted for operating the adult detention facility.

<u>Local Fiscal Recovery Fund</u> - This fund accounts for the County's portion of American Rescue Plan funding to respond to the COVID-19 public health emergency.

The other governmental funds of the County account for grants and other resources whose use is restricted, committed, or assigned to a particular purpose.

#### **Proprietary Funds**

Proprietary fund reporting focuses on the determination of operating income, changes in net position, financial position, and cash flows.

#### Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

<u>Enterprise Funds</u> - Enterprise funds may be used to account for any activity for which a fee is charged to external users for goods or services. The County's only major enterprise fund is the Sanitary Sewer Fund.

<u>Sanitary Sewer Fund</u> - This fund accounts for sanitary sewer services provided to individuals and commercial users throughout the County.

The other enterprise funds of the County account for charges for services and grants for water treatment, solid waste management, and ambulance services.

#### Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net position and changes in net position. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension (and other employee benefit) trust funds, investment trust funds, private purpose trust funds, and custodial funds. Trust funds are distinguished from custodial funds by the existence of a trust agreement or equivalent arrangements that have certain characteristics. Custodial funds are used to report fiduciary activities that are not required to be reported in a trust fund.

The County's fiduciary funds are custodial funds. Custodial funds are primarily used to account for assets held by the County as fiscal agent for the Board of Health and other districts and entities; for various taxes, assessments, fines and fees collected for the benefit of and distributed to other governments; and for State shared resources received from the State and distributed to other local governments.

#### C. Basis of Accounting

The County's financial statements are prepared using the cash basis of accounting. Except for modifications having substantial support, receipts are recorded in the County's financial records and reported in the financial statements when cash is received rather than when earned and disbursements are recorded when cash is paid rather than when a liability is incurred.

As a result of the use of the cash basis of accounting, certain assets and their related revenues (such as accounts receivable and revenue for billed or provided services not yet collected) and certain liabilities and their related expenses (such as accounts payable and expenses for goods or services received but not yet paid, and accrued expenses and liabilities) are not recorded in the financial statements.

#### D. Budgetary Process

All funds, except custodial funds, are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The major documents prepared are the certificate of estimated resources and the appropriations resolution, both of which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The certificate of estimated resources establishes a limit on the amount the County Commissioners may appropriate. The appropriations resolution is the County Commissioners' authorization to spend resources and sets annual limits on expenditures plus encumbrances at the level of control selected by the County Commissioners. The legal level of control has been established by the County Commissioners at the fund/department/object level for all funds.

#### Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

The certificate of estimated resources may be amended during the year if projected increases or decreases in receipts are identified by the County Auditor. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts on the budgetary statements reflect the amounts on the certificate of estimated resources when the original appropriations were adopted. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts on the budgetary statements reflect the amounts on the final amended certificate of estimated resources requested by the County prior to year end.

The appropriations resolution is subject to amendment throughout the year with the restriction that appropriations cannot exceed estimated resources. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts reflect the first appropriations resolution for that fund that covered the entire year, including amounts automatically carried forward from prior years. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts represent the final appropriation amounts passed by the County Commissioners during the year.

#### E. Cash and Investments

To improve cash management, cash received by the County is pooled and invested. Individual fund integrity is maintained through County records. Interest in the pool is presented as "Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents".

Cash and cash equivalents that are held separately within departments of the County and not held by the County Treasurer are recorded as "Cash and Cash Equivalents in Segregated Accounts".

Cash and cash equivalents that are held separately for the County by fiscal agents are recorded as "Cash and Cash Equivalents with Fiscal Agent".

During 2022, the County invested in negotiable and nonnegotiable certificates of deposit, federal agency securities, U.S. Treasury securities, municipal securities, corporate securities, mutual funds, commercial paper, and STAR Ohio. Investments are reported at cost or at fair value for mutual funds and net value per share for STAR Ohio. The County's commercial paper is measured at amortized cost as it is a highly liquid debt instrument with a remaining maturity at the time of purchase of less than one year.

STAR Ohio is an investment pool, managed by the State Treasurer's Office, which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company but has adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 79, "Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants". The County measures the investment in STAR Ohio at the net asset value (NAV) per share provided by STAR Ohio. The NAV per share is calculated on an amortized cost basis that provides a NAV per share that approximates fair value.

For 2022, there were no limitations or restrictions on any participant withdrawals due to redemption notice periods, liquidity fees, or redemption gates. However, twenty-four hours advance notice for deposits and withdrawals exceeding \$100 million are encouraged. STAR Ohio reserves the right to limit the transaction to \$250 million requiring the excess amount to be transacted the following business day(s) but only to the \$250 million limit. All accounts of the participant will be combined for this purpose.

#### Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Interest earnings are allocated to County funds according to State statutes, grant requirements, or debt related restrictions. Interest receipts credited to the General Fund during 2022 were \$548,292 which includes \$473,110 assigned from other County funds.

Investments of the cash management pool and investments with an original maturity of three months or less at the time of purchase are presented on the financial statements as cash equivalents. Investments with an initial maturity of more than three months that were not purchased from the pool are reported as investments.

Investments are reported as assets. Accordingly, purchases of investments are not recorded as disbursements and sales of investments are not recorded as receipts. Gains or losses at the time of sale are recorded as receipts or negative receipts (contra revenue), respectively.

#### F. Restricted Assets

Assets are reported as restricted when limitations on their use change the nature or normal understanding of the availability of the asset. Such constraints are either externally imposed by creditors, contributors, grantors, laws of other governments, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Unclaimed monies that have a legal restriction on their use are reported as restricted.

#### G. Capital Assets

Acquisitions of property, plant, and equipment are recorded as disbursements when paid. The financial statements do not report these assets.

#### H. Compensated Absences

Employees are entitled to cash payments for unused vacation and sick leave in certain circumstances, such as upon leaving employment. Unpaid vacation and sick leave are not reflected as liabilities under the cash basis of accounting used by the County.

#### I. Long-Term Obligations

Cash basis financial statements do not report liabilities for bonds and other long-term obligations. Proceeds of debt are reported when cash is received and principal and interest payments are reported when disbursements are made. Since recording a capital asset (including the intangible right to use) when entering into a lease or financed purchase transaction is not the result of a cash transaction, neither an other financing source nor a capital outlay expenditure is reported at inception. Lease payments and financed purchase payments are reported when paid.

#### J. Leases

For 2022, GASB Statement No. 87, Leases was effective. This GASB pronouncement had no effect on beginning net position/fund balance.

#### Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

The County is the lessor/lessee (as defined by GASB 87) in various leases related to buildings, office space, and equipment under noncancelable leases. Lease receivables/payables are not reflected under the County's cash basis of accounting. Lease revenue/disbursements are recognized when they are received/paid.

#### K. Net Position

Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on its use either through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation adopted by the County or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments. Net position restricted for other purposes primarily includes resources restricted for the upkeep of the County's roads and bridges, child support and welfare services, services for the handicapped and mentally disabled, operation of the adult detention facility, and activities of the County's courts. The County's policy is to first apply restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted resources are available.

#### L. Fund Balance

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the County is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in governmental funds. The classifications are as follows:

<u>Nonspendable</u> - The nonspendable classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash.

<u>Restricted</u> - The restricted classification includes amounts restricted when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or is imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation (County resolutions).

Enabling legislation authorizes the County to assess, levy, charge, or otherwise mandate payment of resources (from external resource providers) and includes a legally enforceable requirement that those resources be used only for the specific purposes stipulated in the legislation. Legal enforceability means that the County can be compelled by an external party such as citizens, public interest groups, or the judiciary to use resources created by enabling legislation only for purposes specified by the legislation.

<u>Committed</u> - The committed classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action (resolution) of the County Commissioners. The committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the County Commissioners remove or change the specified use by taking the same type of action (resolution) it employed to previously commit those amounts. In contrast to fund balance that is restricted by enabling legislation, committed fund balance may be redeployed for other purposes with appropriate due process. Constraints imposed on the use of committed amounts are imposed by the County Commissioners, separate from the authorization to raise the underlying revenue; therefore, compliance with these constraints is not considered to be legally enforceable. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

#### Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Assigned - Amounts in the assigned classification are intended to be used by the County for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. In governmental funds, other than the General Fund, assigned fund balance represents the remaining amount that is not restricted or committed. Assigned amounts represent intended uses established by the County Commissioners. Fund balance policy of the County Commissioners authorizes department managers to assign fund balance for purchases on order provided such amounts have been lawfully appropriated. The County Commissioners have also assigned fund balance to cover a gap between estimated resources and appropriations in the 2023 budget along with amounts for auto title administration, economic development, capital improvements, building maintenance, flood damage, document recording, and other miscellaneous purposes.

<u>Unassigned</u> - Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the General Fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance.

The County first applies restricted resources when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications can be used.

#### M. Operating Receipts and Disbursements

Operating receipts are those receipts that are generated directly from the primary activity of the enterprise funds. For the County, these receipts are charges for services for sanitary sewer services, water treatment, solid waste management, and ambulance services. Operating disbursements are the necessary costs incurred to provide the service that is the primary activity of the fund. All receipts and disbursements not meeting these definitions are reported as nonoperating.

#### N. Internal Activity

Transfers between governmental and business-type activities on the government-wide financial statements are reported in the same manner as general receipts.

Internal allocations of overhead disbursements from one function to another or within the same function are eliminated on the statement of activities. Payments for interfund services provided and used are not eliminated.

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as receipts in the seller funds and as disbursements in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds and after nonoperating receipts/disbursements in enterprise funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular disbursements to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented in the financial statements.

#### Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

#### O. Pension/Other Postemployment Benefits

For purposes of measuring the net pension/OPEB liability (asset), information about the fiduciary net position of the pension/OPEB plans, and additions to/deductions from their fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the pension/OPEB systems. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. The pension/OPEB systems report investments at fair value.

#### **Note 3 - Restatement of Net Position**

In prior years, the activity of the East Jefferson Phase II Waterline Replacement fund was reported in the Sanitary Sewer enterprise fund and should be part of the Water enterprise fund. The restatement had the following effect on net position of the major and nonmajor enterprise funds of the County as they were previously reported.

	Sanitary Sewer	Other Enterprise	Total
Net Position at December 31, 2021	\$2,582,767	\$2,342,739	\$4,925,506
Change in Fund Structure	(23,188)	23,188	0
Adjusted Net Position at December 31 2021	\$2,559,579	\$2,365,927	\$4,925,506

#### **Note 4 - Compliance**

For the year ended December 31, 2022, the Coldwater Creek Nature Corridor special revenue fund had final appropriations in excess of estimated resources plus available balances, in the amount of \$1,575. The County will review appropriations to ensure they are within amounts available.

For the year ended December 31, 2022, the Treasurer Department within the General Government - Legislative and Executive program of the General Fund had expenditures plus encumbrances in excess of appropriations at the legal level of budgetary control, in the amount of \$42,908. The County will review budgetary activity to ensure that expenditures are within amounts appropriated.

Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03(B) requires the County to file annual financial reports which are prepared using generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). For 2022, the County prepared financial statements that, although formatted similar to financial statements prescribed by Governmental Accounting Standard Board Statement No. 34, report on the basis of cash receipts and cash disbursements rather than GAAP. The accompanying financial statements and notes omit assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, fund equities, and disclosures that, while material, cannot be determined at this time. Pursuant to Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38, the County may be fined and subject to various other administrative remedies for its failure to file the required financial report.

## Note 5 - Budgetary Basis of Accounting

The budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on the basis of cash, receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The Statement of Receipts, Disbursements, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual presented for the General Fund, and the Motor Vehicle, Developmental Disabilities, Adult Detention Facility, and Local Fiscal Recovery special revenues funds is prepared on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The major difference between the budgetary basis and the cash basis is outstanding year end encumbrances which are treated as cash disbursements (budgetary basis) rather than as committed or assigned fund balance (cash basis). The encumbrances outstanding at year end (budgetary basis) for the General Fund, Motor Vehicle Fund, Developmental Disabilities Fund, Adult Detention Facility Fund, and Local Fiscal Recovery Fund were \$582,750, \$4,578,814, \$21,774, \$250,513, and \$795,373, respectively.

#### **Note 6 - Deposits and Investments**

Monies held by the County are classified by State statute into two categories. Active monies are public monies determined to be necessary to meet current demands upon the County treasury. Active monies must be maintained either as cash in the County treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Monies held by the County, which are not considered active, are classified as inactive. Inactive monies may be deposited or invested in the following securities provided a written investment policy has been filed with the Ohio Auditor of State:

- 1. United States Treasury bills, bonds, notes, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury, or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States, or any book entry zero-coupon United States treasury security that is a direct obligation of the United States:
- 2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligation or security issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality including, but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, and Government National Mortgage Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- 3. Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least 2 percent and be marked to market daily, and the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;
- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio or its political subdivisions provided the bonds or other obligations of political subdivisions mature within ten years from the date of settlement;
- 5. Time certificates of deposit or savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts in eligible institutions pursuant to Ohio Revised Code Section 135.32;

### Note 6 - Deposits and Investments (continued)

- 6. No-load money market mutual funds rated in the highest category at the time of purchase by at least one nationally recognized standard rating service or consisting exclusively of obligations described in division (1) or (2) above; commercial paper as described in Ohio Revised Code Section 135.143(A)(6); and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations provided these investments are made only through eligible institutions;
- 7. The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAR Ohio);
- 8. Securities lending agreements in which the County lends securities and the eligible institution agrees to simultaneously exchange either securities or cash, equal value for equal value, within certain limitations;
- 9. Up to forty percent of the County's average portfolio in either of the following if training requirements have been met:
  - a. commercial paper notes in entities incorporated under the laws of Ohio or any other State that have assets exceeding five hundred million dollars, which are rated in the highest classification established by two nationally recognized standard rating services, which do not exceed 10 percent of the value of the outstanding commercial paper of the issuing corporation, which mature within two hundred seventy days after purchase, and the investment in commercial paper notes of a single issuer shall not exceed the aggregate of 5 percent of interim monies available for investment at the time of purchase;
  - b. bankers acceptances that are insured by the federal deposit insurance corporation and which mature not later than one hundred eighty days after purchase;
- 10. Up to 15 percent of the County's average portfolio in notes issued by United States corporations or by depository institutions that are doing business under authority granted by the United States provided the notes are rated in the three highest categories by at least two nationally recognized standard rating services at the time of purchase and the notes mature not later than three years after purchase;
- 11. A current unpaid or delinquent tax line of credit provided certain conditions are met related to a County land reutilization corporation organized under Ohio Revised Code Chapter 1724; and,
- 12. Up to 2 percent of the County's average portfolio in debt interests rated at the time of purchase in the three highest categories by two nationally recognized standard rating services and issued by foreign nations diplomatically recognized by the United States government subject to certain limitations. All interest and principal shall be denominated and payable in United States funds.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations that are not issued or guaranteed by the United States, reverse repurchase agreements, and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage, and short selling are also prohibited. Except as noted above, all investments must mature within five years from the date of settlement, unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the County, and must be purchased with the expectation that they will be held to maturity.

Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the Treasurer or if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

## Note 6 - Deposits and Investments (continued)

Protection of the County's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, or by the financial institutions participation in the Ohio Pooled Collateral System, a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to the Treasurer of State to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution.

<u>Investments</u>
As of December 31, 2022, the County had the following investments:

Measurement/Investment	Measurement Amount	Up to Six Months	Six Months to One Year	One Year to Two Years	More Than Two Years
Cost	Amount	SIX WORKIS	<u> </u>	1 cars	1 wo 1 cars
Negotiable Certificates					
of Deposit	\$4,940,929	\$1,241,182	\$740,400	\$2,488,288	\$471,059
Federal Agricultural	Ψ 1,5 10,525	Ψ1,211,102	Ψ710,100	ψ2, 100,200	Ψ171,055
Mortgage Corporation Notes	734,450	0	491,790	0	242,660
Federal Farm Credit Bank	, , , , ,		,,,,,,		,
Notes	3,278,547	0	0	1,246,872	2,031,675
Federal Home Loan					
Bank Notes	3,809,966	0	1,189,455	712,150	1,908,361
Federal Home Loan					
Mortgage Corporation Notes	1,544,286	0	1,294,286	0	250,000
Federal National Mortgage					
Association Notes	1,757,745	0	0	1,063,298	694,447
U.S. Treasury Notes/Bonds	9,463,118	1,482,481	1,489,072	2,064,727	4,426,838
Municipal Securities	1,249,454	44,614	0	0	1,204,840
Corporate Securities	341,877	0	341,877	0	0
Fair Value					
Mutual Fund	1,400	1,400	0	0	0
Amortized Cost	ŕ	ŕ			
Commercial Paper	5,643,273	5,643,273	0	0	0
Net Value Per Share					
STAR Ohio	9,444,284	9,444,284	0	0	0
Total Investments	\$42,209,329	\$17,857,234	\$5,546,880	\$7,575,335	\$11,229,880

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The investment policy restricts the County Treasurer from investing in any securities other than those identified in the Ohio Revised Code and that all investments must mature within five years from the date of investment unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the County.

## Note 6 - Deposits and Investments (continued)

The negotiable certificates of deposit are generally covered by FDIC insurance. The Federal Agricultural Mortgage Corporation Notes are not rated. The Federal Farm Credit Bank Notes, Federal Home Loan Bank Notes, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation Notes, Federal National Mortgage Association Notes, U.S. Treasury Notes/Bonds, and mutual fund carry a rating of Aaa by Moodys. For municipal securities, \$500,000 is rated Aa1, \$60,000 is rated Aa2, \$600,000 is rated Aa3 by Moodys, and the remainder is not rated. The corporate securities are rated A1 by Moodys. The commercial paper carries a rating of P-1 by Moody's, with the exception of \$734,042 that is not rated. STAR Ohio carries a rating of AAAm by Standards and Poor's. The County has no policy regarding interest rate or credit risk beyond the requirements of State statue. Ohio law requires mutual funds be rated in the highest category at the time of purchase by at least one nationally recognized standard rating service. Commercial paper must be rated in the highest category at the time of purchase by two nationally recognized standard rating services. STAR Ohio must maintain the highest rating provided by at least one nationally recognized standard rating service.

The County places no limit on the amount of its interim monies it may invest in a particular security. The following table indicates the percentage of each applicable investment to the County's total portfolio.

	Cost Value	Percentage of Portfolio
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	\$4,940,929	11.71%
Federal Agricultural Mortgage Corporation Notes	734,450	1.74
Federal Farm Credit Bank Notes	3,278,547	7.77
Federal Home Loan Bank Notes	3,809,966	9.03
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation Notes	1,544,286	3.66
Federal National Mortgage Association Notes	1,757,745	4.16
U.S. Treasury Notes/Bonds	9,463,118	22.42
Municipal Securities	1,249,454	2.96
Corporate Securities	341,877	0.81
Commercial Paper	5,643,273	13.37

#### **Note 7 - Property Taxes**

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real and public utility property located in the County. Real property tax revenues received in 2022 represent the collection of 2021 taxes. Real property taxes received in 2022 were levied after October 1, 2021, on the assessed values as of January 1, 2021, the lien date. Assessed values for real property taxes are established by State statute at 35 percent of appraised market value. Real property taxes are payable annually or semiannually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semiannually, the first payment is due December 31, with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits alternate payment dates to be established.

#### Note 7 - Property Taxes (continued)

Public utility property tax revenues received in 2022 represent the collection of 2021 taxes. Public utility real and tangible personal property taxes received in 2022 became a lien on December 31, 2020, were levied after October 1, 2021, and are collected with real property taxes. Public utility real property is assessed at 35 percent of true value; public utility tangible personal property is currently assessed at varying percentages of true value.

The County Treasurer collects property taxes on behalf of all taxing districts within the County. The County Auditor periodically remits to the taxing districts their portion of the taxes collected. The collection and distribution of taxes for all subdivisions within the County, excluding the County itself, is accounted for through custodial funds. The amount of the County's tax collections is accounted for within the applicable funds.

The full tax rate for all County operations for the year ended December 31, 2022, was \$10.96 per \$1,000 of assessed value. The assessed values of real and public utility property upon which 2022 property tax receipts were based are as follows:

Real Property	
Residential/Agriculture	\$1,046,963,810
Commercial/Industrial/Mineral	106,644,510
Public Utility Property	
Real	220,660
Personal	33,169,000
Total Assessed Value	\$1,186,997,980

#### **Note 8 - Permissive Sales and Use Tax**

The County Commissioners, by resolution, imposed a 1 percent tax on all retail sales made in the County, except sales of motor vehicles, and on the storage, use, or consumption of tangible personal property in the County, including motor vehicles not subject to the sales tax. On November 6, 2007, the voters approved a .5 percent fifteen year sales tax to construct a new adult detention facility. The last year of collection was 2022. On November 8, 2022, the voters approved the continuation of a .5 percent sales tax for adult detention services for ten years. Vendor collections of the tax are paid to the State Treasurer by the twenty-third day of the month following collection. The State Tax Commissioner certifies the amount of the tax to be returned to the County. The Tax Commissioner's certification must be made within forty-five days after the end of each month. A warrant payable to the County is to be made within five days of the certification.

#### **Note 9 - Interfund Activity**

During 2022, the County made a number of cash advances to various funds. As of December 31, 2022, \$3,001,899 of the advances had not been repaid. Cash advances are generally made to provide working capital for operations or projects or to provide cash flow resources. Advances expected to be repaid within one year to the General Fund from the other governmental funds and the Sanitary Sewer enterprise fund are \$1,572,037 and \$18,375, respectively.

#### Note 10 - Risk Management

## A. Property and Liability

The County is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. During 2022, the County contracted with the Midwest Pool Risk Management Agency, Inc. for insurance coverage.

Coverage provided was as follows:

General Liability	\$2,000,000
Automobile Liability	2,000,000
Ohio Stop Gap (Additional Workers'	
Compensation Coverage)	2,000,000
Excess Liability	5,000,000
Building and Contents	106,434,000
Earthquake	36,000,000
Flood	36,000,000
Comprehensive Boiler and Machinery	100,000,000

There has been no significant reduction in insurance coverage from 2021 and settled claims have not exceeded insurance coverages in the past three years.

For 2022, the County participated in the Midwest Pool Risk Management Agency, Inc. (Pool), a risk sharing insurance program, with five counties participating in the Pool. Each participant pays annual premiums to the Pool based on the types of coverage selected.

#### B. Workers' Compensation

For 2022, the County participated in the County Commissioners Association of Ohio Service Corporation, a workers' compensation group rating plan (Plan). The Plan is intended to achieve lower workers' compensation rates while establishing safer working conditions and environments for the participants. The workers' compensation experience of the participating counties is calculated as one experience and a common premium rate is applied to all counties in the Plan. Each county pays its workers' compensation premium to the State based on the rate for the Plan rather than the county's individual rate.

In order to allocate the savings derived by the formation of the Plan, and to maximize the number of participants in the Plan, the Plan's executive committee annually calculates the total savings which accrued to the Plan through its formation. This savings is then compared to the overall savings percentage of the Plan. The Plan's executive committee then collects rate contributions from or pays rate equalization rebates to the various participants. Participation in the Plan is limited to counties that can meet the Plan's selection criteria. The firm of Comp Management, Inc. provides administrative, cost control, and actuarial services to the Plan. Each year, the County pays an enrollment fee to the Plan to cover the costs of administering the program.

#### Note 10 - Risk Management (continued)

The County may withdraw from the Plan if written notice is provided sixty days prior to the prescribed application deadline of the Ohio Bureau of Workers' Compensation. However, the County is not relieved of the obligation to pay any amounts owed to the Plan prior to withdrawal, and any county leaving the Plan allows the representative of the Plan to access loss experience for three years following the last year of participation.

#### C. Medical and Life Insurance

The County participates in the Midwest Employee Benefit Consortium (MEBC), a public entity shared risk pool consisting of five counties. Each member pays premiums to MEBC for employee medical and life insurance premiums. MEBC is responsible for the management and operation of the program. Upon withdrawal, the County is responsible for the payment of all MEBC liabilities to its employees, dependents, and designated beneficiaries accruing as a result of the withdrawal. Upon termination of MEBC, all member claims will be paid without regard to the member's account balance. The MEBC Board of Trustees has the right to return monies to an existing member subsequent to the settlement of all expenses and claims.

#### **Note 11 - Significant Contractual Commitments**

The County had the following contractual commitments outstanding as of December 31, 2022:

Contractor	Purpose	Commitment
Access Engineering Solutions	West Side Storm Improvements	\$39,000
Access Engineering Solutions	Chickasaw/North Side Improvements	25,000
Bebout & Houg Roofing and Siding	Rehabilitation/Tharp	17,517
Bender Electric	West Ohio Tool	21,170
Braun Excavating	Philothea Road Construction	78,034
Braun Excavating	Chickasaw Road Construction	127,955
Braun Excavating	Neptune Menton Road Construction	264,839
Braun Excavating	Nowick Farms Two-Stage Channel Project	92,388
Cy Schwierteman, Inc.	Rolfes Minster East & North Tile Improvement	45,503
Cy Schwieterman, Inc.	Rolfes Minster West Tile Improvement	26,394
Fenson Contracting, Inc	Butler-Now Project	140,107
Garmann Miller & Associates	Agricultural Service Center	31,506
Jutte Excavating	Mer C10-7.26 Watkins Road	1,327,165
Jutte Excavating	Mer CR21B-04.77 Wabash Road Bridge	904,789
Kalida Truck Equipment	Stainless Steel Dump Body	34,900
Kalida Truck Equipment	Hydraulic System, spreader control, and plow hitch	25,900
Koester Electric, Inc.	County Home Generator	38,000
Mack Industries, Inc	St. Johns Road	31,080
O R Colan Associates LLC	Consult ROW Services-Miller Services	38,449
Post Excavating	Demolition	23,680
Rush Truck Center	2023 HV 507 6x4 Cab and Chassis	101,705
Shinn Brothers, Inc.	Mer TR-910.000 Helwarth Road	446,000
Shinn Brothers, Inc.	Chickasaw/Wayne Street	109,984
The James Watson House, LLC	Revolving Loan	170,000

## Note 11 - Significant Contractual Commitments (continued)

Contractor	Purpose	Commitment
The Shelly Company	Count Paving	\$637,818
Tom's Construction	CR176A Reconstruction	411,372
US Imaging, Inc.	Scan, Index and Redaction Project	57,924
VTF Excavation, LLC	West Side Storm Sewer Project	724,970

At year end, the significant encumbrances expected to be honored upon performance by the vendor in 2023 are as follows:

General Fund	\$582,750
Motor Vehicle	4,578,814
Developmental Disabilities	21,774
Adult Detention Facility	250,513
Local Fiscal Recovery	795,373
Other Governmental Funds	678,962

#### **Note 12 - Defined Benefit Pension Plan**

The Statewide retirement systems provide both pension benefits and other postemployment benefits (OPEB).

#### Net Pension Liability (Asset) / Net OPEB Asset

Pensions and OPEB are a component of exchange transactions, between an employer and its employees, of salaries and benefits for employee services. Pensions are provided to an employee on a deferred-payment basis as part of the total compensation package offered by an employer for employee services each financial period.

The net pension/OPEB liability (asset) represents the County's proportionate share of each pension/OPEB plan's collective actuarial present value of projected benefit payments attributable to past periods of service, net of each pension/OPEB plan's fiduciary net position. The net pension/OPEB liability calculation is dependent on critical long-term variables, including estimated average life expectancies, earnings on investments, cost of living adjustments and others. While these estimates use the best information available, unknowable future events require adjusting this estimate annually.

Ohio Revised Code limits the County's obligation for this liability to annually required payments. The County cannot control benefit terms or the manner in which pensions/OPEB are financed; however, the County does receive the benefit of employees' services in exchange for compensation including pension and OPEB.

### Note 12 - Defined Benefit Pension Plan (continued)

GASB 68/75 assumes the liability is solely the obligation of the employer, because (1) they benefit from employee services; and (2) State statute requires funding to come from these employers. All pension contributions to date have come solely from these employers (which also includes pension costs paid in the form of withholdings from employees). The retirement systems may allocate a portion of the employer contributions to provide for these OPEB benefits. In addition, health care plan enrollees pay a portion of the health care costs in the form of a monthly premium. State statute requires the retirement systems to amortize unfunded pension liabilities within 30 years. If the pension amortization period exceeds 30 years, each retirement system's board must propose corrective action to the State legislature. Any resulting legislative change to benefits or funding could significantly affect the net pension/OPEB liability (asset). Resulting adjustments to the net pension/OPEB liability (asset) would be effective when the changes are legally enforceable. The Ohio Revised Code permits, but does not require the retirement systems to provide healthcare to eligible benefit recipients.

The net pension/net OPEB liability (asset) are not reported on the face of the financial statements, but rather are disclosed in the notes because of the use of the cash basis framework.

The remainder of this note includes the pension disclosures. See Note 13 for the OPEB disclosures.

#### **Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS)**

Plan Description – County employees participate in the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS). OPERS is a cost-sharing, multiple employer public employee retirement system which administers three separate pension plans. The traditional pension plan is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. The member-directed plan is a defined contribution plan and the combined plan is a combination cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit/defined contribution pension plan. Participating employers are divided into state, local, law enforcement and public safety divisions. While members in the state and local divisions may participate in all three plans, law enforcement and public safety divisions exist only within the traditional plan.

OPERS provides retirement, disability, survivor and death benefits, and annual cost of living adjustments to members of the traditional and combined plans. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Chapter 145 of the Ohio Revised Code. OPERS issues a stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about OPERS' fiduciary net position that may be obtained by visiting <a href="https://www.opers.org/financial/reports.shtml">https://www.opers.org/financial/reports.shtml</a>, by writing to the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System, 277 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-4642, or by calling 800-222-7377.

#### Note 12 - Defined Benefit Pension Plan (continued)

Senate Bill (SB) 343 was enacted into law with an effective date of January 7, 2013. In the legislation, members in the traditional and combined plans were categorized into three groups with varying provisions of the law applicable to each group. The following table provides age and service requirements for retirement and the retirement formula applied to final average salary (FAS) for the three member groups under the traditional and combined plans as per the reduced benefits adopted by SB 343 (see OPERS Annual Comprehensive Financial Report referenced above for additional information, including requirements for reduced and unreduced benefits):

Cr	nτ	ın	Δ

Eligible to retire prior to January 7, 2013 or five years after January 7, 2013

State and Local

Age 60 with 60 months of service credit

or Age 55 with 25 years of service credit

2.2% of FAS multiplied by years of

service for the first 30 years and 2.5%

for service years in excess of 30

1% of FAS multiplied by years of

service for the first 30 years and 1.25%

for service years in excess of 30

**Public Safety** 

Age 48 with 25 years of service credit

or Age 52 with 15 years of service credit

Age and Service Requirements:

Traditional Plan Formula:

Combined Plan Formula:

## ten years after January 7, 2013

Group B

20 years of service credit prior to

January 7, 2013 or eligible to retire

## State and Local Age and Service Requirements:

Age 60 with 60 months of service credit or Age 55 with 25 years of service credit

#### **Traditional Plan Formula:**

2.2% of FAS multiplied by years of service for the first 30 years and 2.5% for service years in excess of 30

#### Combined Plan Formula:

1% of FAS multiplied by years of service for the first 30 years and 1.25% for service years in excess of 30

**Public Safety** 

#### Age and Service Requirements:

Age 48 with 25 years of service credit or Age 52 with 15 years of service credit

#### Law Enforcement

#### Age and Service Requirements:

Age and Service Requirements:

Age 52 with 15 years of service credit

## Public Safety and Law Enforcement

#### Traditional Plan Formula:

2.5% of FAS multiplied by years of service for the first 25 years and 2.1% for service years in excess of 25

#### Law Enforcement

#### Age and Service Requirements:

Age 48 with 25 years of service credit or Age 52 with 15 years of service credit

#### Public Safety and Law Enforcement

#### **Traditional Plan Formula:**

2.5% of FAS multiplied by years of service for the first 25 years and 2.1% for service years in excess of 25

#### Group C

Members not in other Groups and members hired on or after January 7, 2013

#### State and Local

#### Age and Service Requirements:

Age 57 with 25 years of service credit or Age 62 with 5 years of service credit

#### **Traditional Plan Formula:**

2.2% of FAS multiplied by years of service for the first 35 years and 2.5% for service years in excess of 35

#### Combined Plan Formula:

1% of FAS multiplied by years of service for the first 35 years and 1.25% for service years in excess of 35

#### **Public Safety**

#### Age and Service Requirements:

Age 52 with 25 years of service credit or Age 56 with 15 years of service credit

#### Law Enforcement

#### Age and Service Requirements:

Age 48 with 25 years of service credit or Age 56 with 15 years of service credit

#### Public Safety and Law Enforcement

#### **Traditional Plan Formula:**

2.5% of FAS multiplied by years of service for the first 25 years and 2.1% for service years in excess of 25

Final average Salary (FAS) represents the average of the three highest years of earnings over a member's career for Groups A and B. Group C is based on the average of the five highest years of earnings over a member's career.

Members who retire before meeting the age and years of service credit requirement for unreduced benefits receive a percentage reduction in the benefit amount. The amount of a member's pension benefit vests upon receipt of the initial benefit payment. The options for Public Safety and Law Enforcement permit early retirement under qualifying circumstances as early as age 48 with a reduced benefit.

#### Note 12 - Defined Benefit Pension Plan (continued)

When a traditional plan benefit recipient has received benefits for 12 months, the member is eligible for an annual cost of living adjustment (COLA). This COLA is calculated on the base retirement benefit at the date of retirement and is not compounded. Members retiring under the combined plan receive a cost—of—living adjustment on the defined benefit portion of their pension benefit. For those who retired prior to January 7, 2013, the cost of living adjustment is 3 percent. For those retiring on or after January 7, 2013, beginning in calendar year 2019, the adjustment is based on the average percentage increase in the Consumer Price Index, capped at 3 percent.

Defined contribution plan benefits are established in the plan documents, which may be amended by the Board. Member-directed plan and combined plan members who have met the retirement eligibility requirements may apply for retirement benefits. The amount available for defined contribution benefits in the combined plan consists of the member's contributions plus or minus the investment gains or losses resulting from the member's investment selections. Combined plan members wishing to receive benefits must meet the requirements for both the defined benefit and defined contribution plans. Member-directed participants must have attained the age of 55, have money on deposit in the defined contribution plan and have terminated public service to apply for retirement benefits. The amount available for defined contribution benefits in the member-directed plan consists of the members' contributions, vested employer contributions and investment gains or losses resulting from the members' investment selections. Employer contributions and associated investment earnings vest over a five-year period, at a rate of 20 percent each year. At retirement, members may select one of several distribution options for payment of the vested balance in their individual OPERS accounts. Options include the annuitization of the benefit (which includes joint and survivor options and will continue to be administered by OPERS), partial lumpsum payments (subject to limitations), a rollover of the vested account balance to another financial institution, receipt of entire account balance, net of taxes withheld, or a combination of these options. When members choose to annuitize their defined contribution benefit, the annuitized portion of the benefit is reclassified to a defined benefit.

Effective January 1, 2022, the Combined Plan is no longer available for member selection.

### Note 12 - Defined Benefit Pension Plan (continued)

Funding Policy - The Ohio Revised Code (ORC) provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions as follows:

	State and Local	Public Safety	Law Enforcement
2022 Statutory Maximum Contribution Rates Employer Employee *	14.0 % 10.0 %	18.1 %	18.1 % ***
2022 Actual Contribution Rates Employer: Pension **** Post-employment Health Care Benefits ****	14.0 %	18.1 %	18.1 %
Total Employer	14.0 %	18.1 %	18.1 %
Employee	10.0 %	12.0 %	13.0 %

- \* Member contributions within the combined plan are not used to fund the defined benefit retirement allowance.
- \*\* This rate is determined by OPERS' Board and has no maximum rate established by ORC.
- \*\*\* This rate is also determined by OPERS' Board, but is limited by ORC to not more than 2 percent greater than the Public Safety rate.
- \*\*\*\* These pension and employer health care rates are for the traditional and combined plans. The employer contributions rate for the member-directed plan is allocated 4 percent for health care with the remainder going to pension.

Employer contribution rates are actuarially determined and are expressed as a percentage of covered payroll.

For 2022, The County's contractually required contribution was \$2,123,953 for the traditional plan, \$73,236 for the combined plan and \$44,697 for the member-directed plan.

### Note 12 - Defined Benefit Pension Plan (continued)

#### **Net Pension Liability (Asset)**

The net pension liability (asset) for OPERS was measured as of December 31, 2021, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability (asset) was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The County's proportion of the net pension liability (asset) was based on the County's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating entities. Following is information related to the proportionate share of the County's defined benefit pension plans:

	OPERS	OPERS	
	Traditional Plan	Combined Plan	Total
Proportion of the Net Pension			
Liability/Asset:			
Current Measurement Date	0.09875250%	0.11225436%	
Prior Measurement Date	0.09774930%	0.14451184%	
Change in Proportionate Share	0.00100320%	(0.03225748%)	
Proportionate Share of the:			
Net Pension Liability	\$8,591,867	\$0	\$8,591,867
Net Pension Asset	0	442,288	442,288

#### **Actuarial Assumptions**

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and cost trends. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review or modification as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

### Note 12 - Defined Benefit Pension Plan (continued)

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation. The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2021, using the following key actuarial assumptions and methods applied to all periods included in the measurement in accordance with the requirements of GASB 67. In 2021, the Board's actuarial consultants conducted an experience study for the period 2016 through 2020, comparing assumptions to actual results. The experience study incorporates both a historical review and forward looking projections to determine the appropriate set of assumptions to keep the plan on a path toward full funding. Information from this study led to changes in both demographic and economic assumptions, with the most notable being a reduction in the actuarially assumed rate of return from 7.2 percent down to 6.9 percent, for the defined benefit investments. Key actuarial assumptions and methods used in the latest actuarial valuation, prepared as of December 31, 2021, reflecting experience study results, are presented below:

OPERS Traditional Plan	OPERS Combined Plan
2.75 percent	2.75 percent
2.75 to 10.75 percent	2.75 to 8.25 percent
including wage inflation	including wage inflation
3.0 percent, simple	3.0 percent, simple
3.0 percent, simple through 2022,	3.0 percent, simple through 2022,
then 2.05 percent, simple	then 2.05 percent, simple
6.9 percent	6.9 percent
Individual Entry Age	Individual Entry Age
	2.75 percent 2.75 to 10.75 percent including wage inflation  3.0 percent, simple 3.0 percent, simple through 2022, then 2.05 percent, simple 6.9 percent

Key actuarial assumptions and methods used in the prior actuarial valuation, prepared as of December 31, 2020, are presented below:

	OPERS Traditional Plan	OPERS Combined Plan
Wage Inflation	3.25 percent	3.25 percent
Future Salary Increases,	3.25 to 10.75 percent	3.25 to 8.25 percent
including inflation	including wage inflation	including wage inflation
COLA or Ad Hoc COLA:		
Pre-January 7, 2013 Retirees	3.0 percent, simple	3.0 percent, simple
Post-January 7, 2013 Retirees	0.5 percent, simple through 2021,	0.5 percent, simple through 2021,
	then 2.15 percent, simple	then 2.15 percent, simple
Investment Rate of Return	7.2 percent	7.2 percent
Actuarial Cost Method	Individual Entry Age	Individual Entry Age

#### Note 12 - Defined Benefit Pension Plan (continued)

For 2021, pre-retirement mortality rates are based on 130 percent of the Pub-2010 General Employee Mortality tables (males and females) for State and Local Government divisions and 170 percent of the Pub-2010 Safety Employee Mortality tables (males and females) for the Public Safety and Law Enforcement divisions. Post-retirement mortality rates are based on 115 percent of the PubG-2010 Retiree Mortality Tables (males and females) for all divisions. Post-retirement mortality rates for disabled retirees are based on the PubNS-2010 Disabled Retiree Mortality Tables (males and females) for all divisions. For all the previously described tables, the base year is 2010 and mortality rates for a particular calendar year are determined by applying the MP-2020 mortality improvement scales (males and females) to all these tables.

For 2020, pre-retirement mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Employees mortality table for males and females, adjusted for mortality improvement back to the observation period base year of 2006. The base year for males and females was then established to be 2015 and 2010, respectively. Post-retirement mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant mortality table for males and females, adjusted for mortality improvement back to the observation period base year of 2006. The base year for males and females was then established to be 2015 and 2010, respectively. Post-retirement mortality rates for disabled retirees are based on the RP-2014 Disabled mortality table for males and females, adjusted for mortality improvement back to the observation period base year of 2006. The base year for males and females was then established to be 2015 and 2010, respectively. Mortality rates for a particular calendar year are determined by applying the MP-2015 mortality improvement scale to all the above described tables.

The most recent experience study was completed for the five year period ended December 31, 2020.

During 2021, OPERS managed investments in three investment portfolios: the Defined Benefit portfolio, the Health Care portfolio, and the Defined Contribution portfolio. The Defined Benefit portfolio contains the investment assets for the Traditional Pension Plan, the defined benefit component of the Combined Plan and the annuitized accounts of the Member-Directed Plan. Within the Defined Benefit portfolio contributions into the plans are all recorded at the same time, and benefit payments all occur on the first of the month. Accordingly, the money-weighted rate of return is considered to be the same for all plans within the portfolio. The annual money-weighted rate of return expressing investment performance, net of investment expenses and adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested, for the Defined Benefit portfolio was 15.3 percent for 2021.

### Note 12 - Defined Benefit Pension Plan (continued)

The allocation of investment assets with the Defined Benefit portfolio is approved by the Board of Trustees as outlined in the annual investment plan. Plan assets are managed on a total return basis with a long-term objective of achieving and maintaining a fully funded status for the benefits provided through the defined benefit pension plans. The long-term expected rate of return on defined benefit investment assets was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected real rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage, adjusted for inflation. Best estimates of geometric rates of return were provided by the Board's investment consultant. For each major class that is included in the Defined Benefit portfolio's target asset allocation as of December 31, 2021, these best estimates are summarized below:

		Weighted Average
		Long-Term Expected
	Target	Real Rate of Return
Asset Class	Allocation	(Geometric)
Fixed Income	24.00%	1.03%
Domestic Equities	21.00	3.78
Real Estate	11.00	3.66
Private Equity	12.00	7.43
International Equities	23.00	4.88
Risk Parity	5.00	2.92
Other investments	4.00	2.85
Total	100.00%	4.21%

Discount Rate - The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability for the current year was 6.9 percent for the traditional plan and the combined plan. The discount rate for the prior year was 7.2 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members and those of the contributing employers are made at the contractually required rates, as actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefits payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments for the traditional pension plan, combined plan and member-directed plan was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

## Note 12 - Defined Benefit Pension Plan (continued)

Sensitivity of the County's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) to Changes in the Discount Rate - The following table presents the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 6.9 percent, as well as what the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one-percentage-point lower (5.9 percent) or one-percentage-point higher (7.9 percent) than the current rate:

	Current			
	1% Decrease (5.90%)	Discount Rate (6.90%)	1% Increase (7.90%)	
County's proportionate share			_	
of the net pension liability (asset)				
OPERS Traditional Plan	\$22,652,836	\$8,591,867	(\$3,108,729)	
OPERS Combined Plan	(330,028)	(442,288)	(529,841)	

#### **Note 13 - Defined Benefit OPEB Plan**

See Note 12 for a description of the net OPEB asset.

#### **Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS)**

Plan Description – The Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS) administers three separate pension plans: the traditional pension plan, a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan; the member-directed plan, a defined contribution plan; and the combined plan, a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that has elements of both a defined benefit and defined contribution plan.

OPERS maintains a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit post-employment health care trust, which funds multiple health care plans including medical coverage, prescription drug coverage and deposits to a Health Reimbursement Arrangement (HRA) to qualifying benefit recipients of both the traditional pension and the combined plans. Currently, Medicare-eligible retirees are able to select medical and prescription drug plans from a range of options and may elect optional vision and dental plans. Retirees and eligible dependents enrolled in Medicare Parts A and B have the option to enroll in a Medicare supplemental plan with the assistance of the OPERS Medicare Connector. The OPERS Medicare Connector is a relationship with a vendor selected by OPERS to assist retirees, spouses and dependents with selecting a medical and pharmacy plan. Monthly allowances, based on years of service and the age at which the retiree first enrolled in OPERS coverage, are deposited into an HRA. For non-Medicare retirees and eligible dependents, OPERS sponsors medical and prescription coverage through a professionally managed self-insured plan. An allowance to offset a portion of the monthly premium is offered to retirees and eligible dependents. The allowance is based on the retiree's years of service and age when they first enrolled in OPERS coverage.

OPERS provides a monthly allowance for health care coverage for eligible retirees and their eligible dependents. The base allowance is determined by OPERS. For those retiring on or after January 1, 2015, the allowance has been determined by applying a percentage to the base allowance. The percentage applied is based on years of qualifying service credit and age when the retiree first enrolled in OPERS health care. Monthly allowances range between 51 percent and 90 percent of the base allowance. Those who retired prior to January 1, 2015, will have an allowance of at least 75 percent of the base allowance.

#### Note 13 - Defined Benefit OPEB Plan (continued)

The heath care trust is also used to fund health care for member-directed plan participants, in the form of a Retiree Medical Account (RMA). At retirement or separation, member directed plan participants may be eligible for reimbursement of qualified medical expenses from their vested RMA balance.

Effective January 1, 2022, OPERS discontinued the group plans currently offered to non-Medicare retirees and re-employed retirees. Instead, eligible non-Medicare retirees will select an individual medical plan. OPERS will provide a subsidy or allowance via an HRA allowance to those retirees who meet health care eligibility requirements. Retirees will be able to seek reimbursement for plan premiums and other qualified medical expenses.

In order to qualify for postemployment health care coverage, age and service retirees under the traditional pension and combined plans must have twenty or more years of qualifying Ohio service credit with a minimum age of 60. Members in Group A are eligible for coverage at any age with 30 or more years of qualifying service. Members in Group B are eligible at any age with 32 years of qualifying service, or at age 52 with 31 years of qualifying service. Members in Group C are eligible for coverage with 32 years of qualifying service and a minimum age of 55. Current retirees eligible (or who became eligible prior to January 1, 2022) to participate in the OPERS health care program will continue to be eligible after January 1, 2022. Eligibility requirements change for those retiring after January 1, 2022, with differing eligibility requirements for Medicare retirees and non-Medicare retirees. The health care coverage provided by OPERS meets. the definition of an Other Post Employment Benefit (OPEB) as described in GASB Statement 75. See OPERS' Annual Comprehensive Financial Report referenced below for additional information.

The Ohio Revised Code permits, but does not require, OPERS to provide health care to its eligible benefit recipients. Authority to establish and amend health care coverage is provided to the Board in Chapter 145 of the Ohio Revised Code.

Disclosures for the health care plan are presented separately in the OPERS financial report. Interested parties may obtain a copy by visiting <a href="https://www.opers.org/financial/reports.shtml">https://www.opers.org/financial/reports.shtml</a>, by writing to OPERS, 277 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-4642, or by calling (614) 222-5601 or 800-222-7377.

Funding Policy - The Ohio Revised Code provides the statutory authority allowing public employers to fund postemployment health care through their contributions to OPERS. When funding is approved by OPERS Board of Trustees, a portion of each employer's contribution to OPERS is set aside to fund OPERS health care plans. Beginning in 2018, OPERS no longer allocated a portion of its employer contributions to health care for the traditional plan and the combined plan.

Employer contribution rates are expressed as a percentage of the earnable salary of active members. In 2022, state and local employers contributed at a rate of 14.0 percent of earnable salary and public safety and law enforcement employers contributed at 18.1 percent. These are the maximum employer contribution rates permitted by the Ohio Revised Code. Active member contributions do not fund health care.

#### Note 13 - Defined Benefit OPEB Plan (continued)

Each year, the OPERS Board determines the portion of the employer contribution rate that will be set aside to fund health care plans. For 2022, OPERS did not allocate any employer contribution to health care for members in the Traditional Pension Plan and Combined Plan. The OPERS Board is also authorized to establish rules for the retiree or their surviving beneficiaries to pay a portion of the health care provided. Payment amounts vary depending on the number of covered dependents and the coverage selected. The employer contribution as a percentage of covered payroll deposited into the RMA for participants in the member-directed plan for 2022 was 4.0 percent.

Employer contribution rates are actuarially determined and are expressed as a percentage of covered payroll. The County's contractually required contribution was \$17,879 for 2022.

#### **OPEB** Asset

The net OPEB asset and total OPEB liability for OPERS were determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2020, rolled forward to the measurement date of December 31, 2021, by incorporating the expected value of health care cost accruals, the actual health care payment, and interest accruals during the year. The County's proportion of the net OPEB asset was based on the County's share of contributions to the retirement plan relative to the contributions of all participating entities. Following is information related to the proportionate share:

	OPERS
Proportion of the Net OPEB Asset:	
Current Measurement Date	0.09777780%
Prior Measurement Date	0.09029855%
Change in Proportionate Share	0.00747925%
Proportionate Share of the Net	
OPEB Asset	\$3,062,550

#### **Actuarial Assumptions**

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the values of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and cost trends. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review or modification as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

## Note 13 - Defined Benefit OPEB Plan (continued)

Projections of health care costs for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of coverage provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of costs between OPERS and plan members. In 2021, the Board's actuarial consultants conducted an experience study for the period 2016 through 2020, comparing historical assumptions to actual results. The experience study incorporates both a historical review and forward-looking projections to determine the appropriate set of assumptions to keep the plan on a path toward full funding. Information from this study led to changes in both demographic and economic assumptions. The actuarial valuation used for 2021 compared to those used for 2020 are as follows:

	December 31, 2021	December 31, 2020
Wage Inflation	2.75 percent	3.25 percent
Projected Salary Increases,	2.75 to 10.75 percent	3.25 to 10.75 percent
	including wage inflation	including wage inflation
Single Discount Rate	6.00 percent	6.00 percent
Investment Rate of Return	6.00 percent	6.00 percent
Municipal Bond Rate	1.84 percent	2.00 percent
Health Care Cost Trend Rate	5.5 percent, initial	8.5 percent, initial
	3.50 percent, ultimate in 2034	3.50 percent, ultimate in 2035
Actuarial Cost Method	Individual Entry Age	Individual Entry Age

For 2021, pre-retirement mortality rates are based on 130 percent of the Pub-2010 General Employee Mortality tables (males and females) for State and Local Government divisions and 170 percent of the Pub-2010 Safety Employee Mortality tables (males and females) for the Public Safety and Law Enforcement divisions. Post-retirement mortality rates are based on 115 percent of the PubG-2010 Retiree Mortality Tables (males and females) for all divisions. Post-retirement mortality rates for disabled retirees are based on the PubNS-2010 Disabled Retiree Mortality Tables (males and females) for all divisions. For all the previously described tables, the base year is 2010 and mortality rates for a particular calendar year are determined by applying the MP-2020 mortality improvement scales (males and females) to all these tables.

For 2020, pre-retirement mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Employees mortality table for males and females, adjusted for mortality improvement back to the observation period base year of 2006. The base year for males and females was then established to be 2015 and 2010, respectively. Post-retirement mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant mortality table for males and females, adjusted for mortality improvement back to the observation period base year of 2006. The base year for males and females was then established to be 2015 and 2010, respectively. Post-retirement mortality rates for disabled retirees are based on the RP-2014 Disabled mortality table for males and females, adjusted for mortality improvement back to the observation period base year of 2006. The base year for males and females was then established to be 2015 and 2010, respectively. Mortality rates for a particular calendar year are determined by applying the MP-2015 mortality improvement scale to all the above-described tables.

The most recent experience study was completed for the five-year period ended December 31, 2020.

### Note 13 - Defined Benefit OPEB Plan (continued)

During 2021, OPERS managed investments in three investment portfolios: the Defined Benefit portfolio, the Health Care portfolio and the Defined Contribution portfolio. The Health Care portfolio includes the assets for health care expenses for the Traditional Pension Plan, Combined Plan and Member-Directed Plan eligible members. Within the Health Care portfolio, if any contributions are made into the plans, the contributions are assumed to be received continuously throughout the year based on the actual payroll payable at the time contributions are made. Health care-related payments are assumed to occur mid-year. Accordingly, the money-weighted rate of return is considered to be the same for all plans within the portfolio. The annual money-weighted rate of return expressing investment performance, net of investment expenses and adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested, for the Health Care portfolio was 14.3 percent for 2021.

The allocation of investment assets within the Health Care portfolio is approved by the Board of Trustees as outlined in the annual investment plan. Assets are managed on a total return basis with a long-term objective of continuing to offer a sustainable health care program for current and future retirees. OPERS' primary goal is to achieve and maintain a fully funded status for the benefits provided through the defined pension plans. Health care is a discretionary benefit. The long-term expected rate of return on health care investment assets was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future rates of return are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage, adjusted for inflation. Best estimates of geometric rates of return were provided by the Board's investment consultant. For each major asset class that is included in the Health Care's portfolio's target asset allocation as of December 31, 2021, these best estimates are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Weighted Average Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return (Geometric)
Fixed Income	34.00%	0.91%
Domestic Equities	25.00	3.78
Real Estate Investment Trust	7.00	3.71
International Equities	25.00	4.88
Risk Parity	2.00	2.92
Other investments	7.00	1.93
Total	100.00%	3.45%

## Note 13 - Defined Benefit OPEB Plan (continued)

Discount Rate - A single discount rate of 6.0 percent was used to measure the OPEB asset on the measurement date of December 31, 2021. Projected benefit payments are required to be discounted to their actuarial present value using a single discount rate that reflects (1) a long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments (to the extent that the health care fiduciary net position is projected to be sufficient to pay benefits), and (2) tax-exempt municipal bond rate based on an index of 20-year general obligation bonds with an average AA credit rating as of the measurement date (to the extent that the contributions for use with the long-term expected rate are not met). This single discount rate was based on an expected rate of return on the health care investment portfolio of 6.00 percent and a municipal bond rate of 1.84 percent (Fidelity Index's "20-Year Municipal GO AA Index"). The projection of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate assumed that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rate. Based on these assumptions, the health care fiduciary net position and future contributions were sufficient to finance health care costs through 2121. As a result, the actuarial assumed long-term expected rate of return on health care investments was applied to projected costs through the year 2121, the duration of the projection period through which projected health care payments are fully funded.

Sensitivity of the County's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Asset to Changes in the Discount Rate - The following table presents the County's proportionate share of the net OPEB asset calculated using the single discount rate of 6.00 percent, as well as what the County's proportionate share of the net OPEB asset would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one-percentage-point lower (5.00 percent) or one-percentage-point higher (7.00 percent) than the current rate:

	Current			
	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase	
	(5.00%)	(6.00%)	(7.00%)	
County's proportionate share				
of the net OPEB asset	\$1,801,067	\$3,062,550	\$4,109,601	

Sensitivity of the County's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Asset to Changes in the Health Care Cost Trend Rate - Changes in the health care cost trend rate may also have a significant impact on the net OPEB asset. The following table presents the net OPEB asset calculated using the assumed trend rates, and the expected net OPEB asset if it were calculated using a health care cost trend rate that is 1.0 percent lower or 1.0 percent higher than the current rate.

Retiree health care valuations use a health care cost-trend assumption that changes over several years built into the assumption. The near-term rates reflect increases in the current cost of health care; the trend starting in 2022 is 5.50 percent. If this trend continues for future years, the projection indicates that years from now virtually all expenditures will be for health care. A more reasonable alternative is the health plan cost trend will decrease to a level at, or near, wage inflation. On this basis, the actuaries project premium rate increases will continue to exceed wage inflation for approximately the next decade, but by less each year, until leveling off at an ultimate rate, assumed to be 3.50 percent in the most recent valuation.

## Note 13 - Defined Benefit OPEB Plan (continued)

		Current Health Care Cost Trend Rate	
	1% Decrease	Assumption	1% Increase
County's proportionate share			
of the net OPEB asset	\$3,095,645	\$3,062,550	\$3,023,290

#### **Note 14 - Compensated Absences**

County employees earn vacation and sick leave at varying rates depending on length of service. Currently, employees are not permitted to accrue or carry over more than the equivalent of three year's vacation leave. All accumulated unused vacation time is paid upon separation from the County. County employees, depending on hire date, are paid for 25 or 50 percent of accumulated unused sick leave upon retirement at the rate of pay in effect at the time of retirement.

### Note 15 - Long-Term Obligations

The County's long-term debt activity for the year ended December 31, 2022, was as follows:

	Interest Rate	Restated Balance December 31, 2021	Additions	Reductions	Balance December 31, 2022	Due Within One Year
Governmental Activities						
Bond Anticipation Notes from Direct Pl	acement					
2021 Ditch Improvement	1.15%	\$767,700	0	\$50,000	\$717,700	\$50,000
General Obligation Bonds						
Adult Detention Facility Refunding	1-4	905,000	0	905,000	0	0
(Original Amount \$4,475,000)						
Revenue Bonds from Direct Placement						
2020 Industrial Park Revenue Bonds						
(Original Amount \$1,659,380)	2.5	1,282,000	0	10,000	1,272,000	0
2021 Industrial Park Revenue Bonds						
(Original Amount \$360,000)	0.0	360,000	0	36,000	324,000	36,000
Total Bonds		2,547,000	0	951,000	1,596,000	36,000
OPWC Loans from Direct Borrowings						
2002 Home Waterline Improvement	0.00	10,000	0	4,000	6,000	4,000
(Original Amount \$80,000)						
2002 Five Bridge Replacement	0.00	7,500	0	3,000	4,500	1,500
(Original Amount \$60,000)						
2005 Six Bridge Repair	0.00	12,045	0	3,011	9,034	1,506
(Original Amount \$60,225)						
						(continued)

Note 15 - Long-Term Obligations (continued)

	Interest Rate	Restated Balance December 31, 2021	Additions	Reductions	Balance December 31, 2022	Due Within One Year
Governmental Activities (continued)						
OPWC Loans from Direct Borrowings (	(continued)					
2007 Bridge Replacement	0.00%	\$48,231	\$0	\$6,890	\$41,341	\$3,445
(Original Amount \$137,801)						
2009 Carthagena Road	0.00	127,500	0	15,000	112,500	7,500
(Original Amount \$300,000)						
2009 Bridge Replacement	0.00	62,999	0	7,875	55,124	3,938
(Original Amount \$157,500)						
2010 Bridge Replacement	0.00	64,125	0	7,125	57,000	3,563
(Original Amount \$142,500)						
2011 County Road 30B Improvement	0.00	37,125	0	3,713	33,412	1,856
(Original Amount \$74,250)						
2011 County Road 23 Improvement	0.00	39,364	0	3,579	35,785	1,789
(Original Amount \$71,572)						
2013 Bridge Replacement	0.00	158,340	0	11,729	146,611	5,864
(Original Amount \$234,578)						
2015 County Road 81 and 170 Road Improvements	0.00	152,012	0	10,484	141,528	5,242
(Original Amount \$209,674)						
Widening and Resurfacing	0.00	265,000	0	10,000	255,000	5,000
(Original Amount \$300,000)						
County Road 21b/Wabash Road	0.00	285,000	0	10,000	275,000	5,000
(Original Amount \$300,000)						
Depweg Road, St. Anthony, and Oregon Street Improvements	0.00	545,000	0	18,167	526,833	9,083
(Original Amount \$545,000)						
Mer 31A/C72/C151B	0.00	0	458,016	0	458,016	7,634
(Original Amount \$458,016)						
Total OPWC Loans from Direct Borrowings		1,814,241	458,016	114,573	2,157,684	66,920
LGIF Loans Payable from Direct Borrowings	0.00	1,700,000	0	400,000	1,300,000	400,000
Midwest Electric Loan from Direct Borrowings	0.00	131,208	0	16,401	114,807	16,401
Financed Purchases Payable from Direct Borrowings	3.67	240,403	0	44,679	195,724	46,318
Total Governmental Activities		\$7,200,552	\$458,016	\$1,576,653	\$6,081,915	\$615,639

Note 15 - Long-Term Obligations (continued)

District		Interest Rate	Balance December 31, 2021	Additions	Reductions	Balance December 31, 2022	Due Within One Year
OPWC Loans from Direct Borrowings   2003 Philothea Area Wastewater   0.00%   \$15,000   \$0   \$15,000   \$0   \$0   \$0   \$0   \$0   \$0   \$0	Business-Type Activities						
2003 Philothea Area Wastewater   0.00%   \$15,000   \$0   \$15,000   \$0   \$00							
COriginal Amount \$300,000   Support		0.00%	\$15,000	\$0	\$15,000	\$0	\$0
System   0.00   926,250   0   32,500   893,750   16,250	(Original Amount \$300,000)		ŕ		,		
COriginal Amount \$975,000   Total OPWC Leans from Direct Borrowings   941,250   0 47,500 893,750 16,250							
Total OPWC Loans from   Direct Borrowings   941,250   0   47,500   893,750   16,250	- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	0.00	926,250	0	32,500	893,750	16,250
Direct Borrowings	(Original Amount \$975,000)						
Note			0.44.0.50		4= =00	000	46070
2005 Lake Acres   2.75   54,430   0   17,650   36,780   18,138			941,250		47,500	893,750	16,250
Coriginal Amount \$248,037   East Jefferson Phase 3 Sewers   0.00   518,496   0   54,579   463,917   54,579   (Original Amount \$1,091,575   West Jefferson Township Sewer   0.00   425,240   0   60,748   364,492   60,748   (Original Amount \$1,214,964   Marion Township Sewer   1.00   1,127,001   0   113,665   1,013,336   114,805   (Original Amount \$2,254,469   Urginal Amount \$2,254,469   Urginal Amount \$448,014   MCI Lagoon   1.00   616,554   0   55,977   560,577   56,538   (Original Amount \$1,121,386   East Jefferson Water Line   0.91   926,080   0   33,905   892,175   34,214   (Original Amount \$1,107,150   Harbor Point Waterline Replacement   0.76   345,297   0   17,801   327,496   17,956   (Original Amount \$380,438   Urginal Amount \$40,822   Urginal Amount \$40,823   Urginal Amount	<del>-</del>	2.75	54.420		15.650	26.700	10.120
East Jefferson Phase 3 Sewers   0.00   518,496   0   54,579   463,917   54,579		2.75	54,430	0	17,650	36,/80	18,138
Coriginal Amount \$1,091,575     West Jefferson Township Sewer   0.00   425,240   0   60,748   364,492   60,748     Coriginal Amount \$1,214,964     Marion Township Sewer   1.00   1,127,001   0   113,665   1,013,336   114,805     Coriginal Amount \$2,254,469     Carthagena Sanitary Sewer System   0.91   418,146   0   14,934   403,212   14,934     Coriginal Amount \$448,014     MCI Lagoon   1.00   616,554   0   55,977   560,577   56,538     Coriginal Amount \$1,121,386     East Jefferson Water Line   0.91   926,080   0   33,905   892,175   34,214     Coriginal Amount \$1,107,150     Harbor Point Waterline Replacement   0.76   345,297   0   17,801   327,496   17,956     Coriginal Amount \$380,438     Total OWDA Loans from Direct Borrowings   4,431,244   0   369,259   4,061,985   371,912     Ohio Water and Sewer Loans from Direct Borrowings   4,431,244   0   369,259   4,061,985   371,912     Ohio Water and Sewer Loans from Direct Borrowings   42,822   0   0   42,822   0     Original Amount \$42,822     1992 Southwest Sewer   0.00   269,223   0   0   269,223   0     Coriginal Amount \$26,223     2001 Rotary SR 269 Sewer   0.00   88,673   0   0   88,673   0     Coriginal Amount \$110,167     Total Ohio Water and Sewer Loans from Direct Borrowings   400,718   0   40,718   0     Financed Purchases Payable from   3.57     Direct Borrowings   42,976   0   42,976   0   0   0		0.00	510.406	0	54.570	462.017	54.570
West Jefferson Township Sewer         0.00         425,240         0         60,748         364,492         60,748           (Original Amount \$1,214,964)         Marion Township Sewer         1.00         1,127,001         0         113,665         1,013,336         114,805           (Original Amount \$2,254,469)         0         148,146         0         14,934         403,212         14,934           (Original Amount \$448,014)         MCI Lagoon         0.91         418,146         0         55,977         560,577         56,538           (Original Amount \$1,121,386)         East Jefferson Water Line         0.91         926,080         0         33,905         892,175         34,214           (Original Amount \$1,107,150)         Harbor Point Waterline Replacement         0.76         345,297         0         17,801         327,496         17,956           (Original Amount \$380,438)         Onice theoreowings         4,431,244         0         369,259         4,061,985         371,912           Ohio Water and Sewer Loans from Direct Borrowings         4,431,244         0         369,259         4,061,985         371,912           Ohio Water and Sewer Loans from Direct Borrowings         4,2822         0         0         42,822         0           1992 Southwes		0.00	518,496	0	54,579	463,917	54,579
Marion Township Sewer   1.00   1,127,001   0   113,665   1,013,336   114,805		0.00	425 240	0	(0.749	264 402	(0.749
Marion Township Sewer         1.00         1,127,001         0         113,665         1,013,336         114,805           (Original Amount \$2,254,469)         Carthagena Sanitary Sewer System         0.91         418,146         0         14,934         403,212         14,934           (Original Amount \$448,014)         MCI Lagoon         1.00         616,554         0         55,977         560,577         56,538           (Original Amount \$1,121,386)         East Jefferson Water Line         0.91         926,080         0         33,905         892,175         34,214           (Original Amount \$1,107,150)         Harbor Point Waterline Replacement         0.76         345,297         0         17,801         327,496         17,956           (Original Amount \$380,438)         Total OWDA Loans from Direct Borrowings         4,431,244         0         369,259         4,061,985         371,912           Ohio Water and Sewer Loans from Direct Borrowings         4,431,244         0         369,259         4,061,985         371,912           1991 Sandy Beach Area         Sewer District         0.00         42,822         0         0         42,822         0           1992 Southwest Sewer         0.00         269,223         0         0         42,822         0	_	0.00	423,240	0	00,748	304,492	00,748
Carthagena Sanitary Sewer System   0.91   418,146   0   14,934   403,212   14,934   (Original Amount \$448,014)		1.00	1 127 001	0	112 665	1 012 226	114 905
Carthagena Sanitary Sewer System 0.91 418,146 0 14,934 403,212 14,934 (Original Amount \$448,014)  MCI Lagoon 1.00 616,554 0 55,977 560,577 56,538 (Original Amount \$1,121,386)  East Jefferson Water Line 0.91 926,080 0 33,905 892,175 34,214 (Original Amount \$1,107,150)  Harbor Point Waterline Replacement 0.76 345,297 0 17,801 327,496 17,956 (Original Amount \$380,438)  Total OWDA Loans from Direct Borrowings  1991 Sandy Beach Area Sewer Loans from Direct Borrowings  1992 Southwest Sewer 0.00 42,822 0 0 0 42,822 0 0 0 42,822 0 (Original Amount \$42,822)  1992 Southwest Sewer 0.00 269,223 0 0 0 269,223 0 (Original Amount \$269,223)  2001 Rotary SR 269 Sewer 0.00 88,673 0 0 88,673 0 (Original Amount \$110,167)  Total Ohio Water and Sewer Loans from Direct Borrowings 400,718 0 0 400,718 0 Financed Purchases Payable from 3.57 Direct Borrowings 42,976 0 42,976 0 0 0 0	_	1.00	1,127,001	Ü	113,003	1,013,330	114,603
MCI Lagoon   1.00   616,554   0   55,977   560,577   56,538	· · ·	0.01	410.146	0	14.024	402.212	14.024
MCI Lagoon         1.00         616,554         0         55,977         560,577         56,538           (Original Amount \$1,121,386)         East Jefferson Water Line         0.91         926,080         0         33,905         892,175         34,214           (Original Amount \$1,107,150)         Harbor Point Waterline Replacement         0.76         345,297         0         17,801         327,496         17,956           (Original Amount \$380,438)         Total OWDA Loans from           Direct Borrowings         4,431,244         0         369,259         4,061,985         371,912           Ohio Water and Sewer Loans from Direct Borrowings           1991 Sandy Beach Area           Sewer District         0.00         42,822         0         0         42,822         0           (Original Amount \$42,822)           1992 Southwest Sewer         0.00         269,223         0         0         269,223         0           (Original Amount \$269,223)         2         0         0         88,673         0           (Original Amount \$110,167)         Total Ohio Water and Sewer Loans from Direct Borrowings         400,718         0         0         400,718         0		0.91	418,146	0	14,934	403,212	14,934
Coriginal Amount \$1,121,386     East Jefferson Water Line   0.91   926,080   0   33,905   892,175   34,214     Coriginal Amount \$1,107,150     Harbor Point Waterline Replacement   0.76   345,297   0   17,801   327,496   17,956     Coriginal Amount \$380,438     Total OWDA Loans from     Direct Borrowings   4,431,244   0   369,259   4,061,985   371,912     Ohio Water and Sewer Loans from Direct Borrowings   4,431,244   0   369,259   4,061,985   371,912     Ohio Water and Sewer Loans from Direct Borrowings   4,481,244   0   0   0   42,822   0     Original Amount \$42,822   0   0   0   42,822   0     (Original Amount \$42,822   0   0   0   269,223   0     (Original Amount \$269,223   0   0   0   269,223   0     (Original Amount \$269,223   0   0   0   88,673   0     (Original Amount \$110,167   0   0   0   400,718   0     Financed Purchases Payable from   3.57     Direct Borrowings   42,976   0   42,976   0   0   0     Original Amount \$10,000   0   0   0     Original Amount \$10,000   0	· · ·	1.00	(16.554	0	55.077	560 577	57,520
East Jefferson Water Line 0.91 926,080 0 33,905 892,175 34,214 (Original Amount \$1,107,150)   Harbor Point Waterline Replacement 0.76 345,297 0 17,801 327,496 17,956 (Original Amount \$380,438)    Total OWDA Loans from Direct Borrowings 4,431,244 0 369,259 4,061,985 371,912 Ohio Water and Sewer Loans from Direct Borrowings   Sewer District 0.00 42,822 0 0 0 42,822 0 (Original Amount \$42,822) 1992 Southwest Sewer 0.00 269,223 0 0 269,223 0 (Original Amount \$269,223) 2001 Rotary SR 269 Sewer 0.00 88,673 0 0 88,673 0 (Original Amount \$110,167)    Total Ohio Water and Sewer Loans from Direct Borrowings   Financed Purchases Payable from Direct Borrowings   1,991 Sandy Beach Area   1,992 Southwest Sewer   1,000 269,223 0 0 0 269,223 0 0 0 269,223 0 0 0 0 0 269,223 0 0 0 0 0 269,223 0 0 0 0 0 269,223 0 0 0 0 0 269,223 0 0 0 0 0 269,223 0 0 0 0 0 269,223 0 0 0 0 0 269,223 0 0 0 0 0 269,223 0 0 0 0 0 269,223 0 0 0 0 0 269,223 0 0 0 0 0 269,223 0 0 0 0 0 269,223 0 0 0 0 0 269,223 0 0 0 0 0 269,223 0 0 0 0 0 0 269,223 0 0 0 0 0 269,223 0 0 0 0 0 0 269,223 0 0 0 0 0 269,223 0 0 0 0	_	1.00	616,554	0	55,977	560,5//	36,338
(Original Amount \$1,107,150)         Harbor Point Waterline Replacement (Original Amount \$380,438)       0.76       345,297       0       17,801       327,496       17,956         Total OWDA Loans from Direct Borrowings         Qhio Water and Sewer Loans from Direct Borrowings         1991 Sandy Beach Area         Sewer District       0.00       42,822       0       0       42,822       0         (Original Amount \$42,822)         1992 Southwest Sewer       0.00       269,223       0       0       269,223       0         (Original Amount \$269,223)       2001 Rotary SR 269 Sewer       0.00       88,673       0       0       88,673       0         (Original Amount \$110,167)       Total Ohio Water and Sewer Loans from Direct Borrowings       400,718       0       0       400,718       0         Financed Purchases Payable from Direct Borrowings       3.57         Direct Borrowings       42,976       0       42,976       0       0       0       0       0	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	0.01	026.000	0	22.005	902 175	24.214
Harbor Point Waterline Replacement   0.76   345,297   0   17,801   327,496   17,956		0.91	920,080	Ü	33,903	892,173	34,214
Coriginal Amount \$380,438   Total OWDA Loans from Direct Borrowings		0.76	245 207	0	17 901	227.406	17.056
Total OWDA Loans from Direct Borrowings         4,431,244         0         369,259         4,061,985         371,912           Ohio Water and Sewer Loans from Direct Borrowings         1991 Sandy Beach Area         8         8         8         9         10         42,822         0         0         42,822         0         0         42,822         0         0         0         42,822         0         0         0         269,223         0         0         0         269,223         0         0         0         269,223         0         0         0         88,673         0         0         88,673         0         0         88,673         0         0         0         88,673         0         0         0         40,718         0         0         40,718         0         0         40,718         0         0         40,718         0         0         5         0 <td>-</td> <td>0.70</td> <td>343,297</td> <td>Ü</td> <td>17,001</td> <td>327,490</td> <td>17,930</td>	-	0.70	343,297	Ü	17,001	327,490	17,930
Direct Borrowings         4,431,244         0         369,259         4,061,985         371,912           Ohio Water and Sewer Loans from Direct Borrowings         1991 Sandy Beach Area           Sewer District         0.00         42,822         0         0         42,822         0           (Original Amount \$42,822)         1992 Southwest Sewer         0.00         269,223         0         0         269,223         0           (Original Amount \$269,223)         2001 Rotary SR 269 Sewer         0.00         88,673         0         0         88,673         0           (Original Amount \$110,167)         Total Ohio Water and Sewer Loans from Direct Borrowings         400,718         0         0         400,718         0           Financed Purchases Payable from Direct Borrowings         3.57         Direct Borrowings         42,976         0         42,976         0         0         0         0							<u> </u>
Ohio Water and Sewer Loans from Direct Borrowings  1991 Sandy Beach Area Sewer District 0.00 42,822 0 0 42,822 0  (Original Amount \$42,822)  1992 Southwest Sewer 0.00 269,223 0 0 269,223 0  (Original Amount \$269,223)  2001 Rotary SR 269 Sewer 0.00 88,673 0 0 88,673 0  (Original Amount \$110,167)  Total Ohio Water and Sewer Loans from Direct Borrowings 400,718 0 0 400,718 0  Financed Purchases Payable from 3.57  Direct Borrowings 42,976 0 42,976 0 0			4,431,244	0	369,259	4,061,985	371,912
1991 Sandy Beach Area       0.00       42,822       0       0       42,822       0         (Original Amount \$42,822)       0       0       269,223       0       0       269,223       0         (Original Amount \$269,223)       0       0       0       88,673       0       0       88,673       0         (Original Amount \$110,167)       0       0       400,718       0       0       400,718       0         Total Ohio Water and Sewer Loans from Direct Borrowings       400,718       0       0       400,718       0         Financed Purchases Payable from Direct Borrowings       3.57       42,976       0       42,976       0 </td <td>•</td> <td>ect Borrowii</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	•	ect Borrowii					
(Original Amount \$42,822)         1992 Southwest Sewer       0.00       269,223       0       0       269,223       0         (Original Amount \$269,223)       0       0       0       88,673       0         2001 Rotary SR 269 Sewer       0.00       88,673       0       0       88,673       0         (Original Amount \$110,167)       Total Ohio Water and Sewer Loans from Direct Borrowings       400,718       0       0       400,718       0         Financed Purchases Payable from Direct Borrowings       3.57       0       42,976       0       42,976       0							
1992 Southwest Sewer 0.00 269,223 0 0 269,223 0 (Original Amount \$269,223) 2001 Rotary SR 269 Sewer 0.00 88,673 0 0 88,673 0 (Original Amount \$110,167)  Total Ohio Water and Sewer Loans from Direct Borrowings 400,718 0 0 400,718 0 Financed Purchases Payable from 3.57 Direct Borrowings 42,976 0 42,976 0 0	Sewer District	0.00	42,822	0	0	42,822	0
(Original Amount \$269,223)         2001 Rotary SR 269 Sewer       0.00       88,673       0       0       88,673       0         (Original Amount \$110,167)       Total Ohio Water and Sewer Loans from Direct Borrowings       400,718       0       0       400,718       0         Financed Purchases Payable from Direct Borrowings       3.57       0       42,976       0       42,976       0 <td< td=""><td>(Original Amount \$42,822)</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<>	(Original Amount \$42,822)						
2001 Rotary SR 269 Sewer       0.00       88,673       0       0       88,673       0         (Original Amount \$110,167)       Total Ohio Water and Sewer Loans from Direct Borrowings       400,718       0       0       400,718       0         Financed Purchases Payable from Direct Borrowings       3.57         Direct Borrowings       42,976       0       42,976       0		0.00	269,223	0	0	269,223	0
(Original Amount \$110,167)       Total Ohio Water and Sewer Loans from Direct Borrowings       400,718       0       0       400,718       0         Financed Purchases Payable from Direct Borrowings       3.57       0       42,976       0       42,976       0							
Total Ohio Water and Sewer Loans from Direct Borrowings 400,718 0 0 400,718 0  Financed Purchases Payable from 3.57 Direct Borrowings 42,976 0 42,976 0 0	-	0.00	88,673	0	0	88,673	0
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	(Original Amount \$110,167)						
Direct Borrowings 42,976 0 42,976 0 0	from Direct Borrowings		400,718	0	0	400,718	0
		3.57	42,976	0	42,976	0	0
						\$5,356,453	\$388,162

#### Note 15 - Long-Term Obligations (continued)

#### **Bond Anticipation Notes**

The 2021 ditch improvement notes were issued to retire short-term bond anticipation notes previously issued for ditch improvements to the Faller Hecht Tile, Gansert Weitz Tile, Camedawn Smallery Tile, and Utgard Kohnen 127 Tile and for additional improvements to the Ganser Weitz Tile, Camedawn Smallery Tile, and Utgard Kohnene 127 Tile. The bond anticipation notes were issued on August 5, 2021, and mature on August 2, 2024.

#### General Obligation Bonds

All general obligation bonds are supported by the full faith and credit of Mercer County and are payable from unvoted property tax receipts to the extent that other resources are not available to meet annual principal and interest payments.

Adult Detention Facility Refunding - On April 28, 2016, the County issued bonds, in the amount of \$4,475,000, to partially refund bonds previously issued in 2008 for the construction of an adult detention center. The refunding bond issue consists of serial bonds. The bonds were issued for a six year period, with final maturity in 2022. The bonds are being retired through the General Obligation Bond debt service fund. The refunded bonds are fully retired.

#### Revenue Bonds

Revenue bonds are supported by a pledge of a specific revenue source for the repayment of principal and interest.

2020 Industrial Park Revenue Bonds - On April 3, 2020, the County issued \$1,659,380 in industrial park revenue bonds to construct road, water, sewer, storm sewer and related infrastructure improvements for the Marion Township Industrial Park. Marion Township has entered into an agreement with the County to assign the service payments from the development (annual service payments in lieu of taxes) to pay the principal and interest on the debt. Principal payments will be based on the annual revenue received by the County (based on the service payments); therefore, there is no established amortization schedule for the debt retirement. The bonds are not considered general obligation debt of the County. The bonds were issued for the twenty year period with final maturity in 2041. The bonds are being retired through the GO Bond Anticipation Note debt service fund.

2021 Industrial Park Revenue Bonds - On August 19, 2021, the County issued \$360,000 in industrial revenue bonds to construct road, water, sewer, storm sewer and related infrastructure improvements for the Marion Township Industrial Park. The bonds are not considered general obligation bonds of the County. The bonds were issued for a ten year period with final maturity in 2031. The bonds are being retired through the GO Bond Anticipation Note debt service fund

#### **OPWC** Loans

OPWC loans consist of monies owed to the Ohio Public Works Commission for the improvement and replacement of the County's infrastructure. OPWC loans are payable from the governmental debt service funds and from the gross revenues of the enterprise funds. The revenues of the Motor Vehicle special revenue fund are pledged to repay the governmental OPWC loans. The gross revenues of the Sanitary Sewer enterprise fund are pledged to repay the enterprise portion of the OPWC loans. Total principal remaining on the enterprise related loans is \$893,750, payable through July 2050. For the current year, principal paid was \$47,500. For 2022, the Sanitary Sewer enterprise fund had an operating income of \$87,737.

## Note 15 - Long-Term Obligations (continued)

#### **OWDA** Loans

OWDA loans consist of monies owed to the Ohio Water Development Authority for various sewer projects. OWDA loans are payable solely from special assessments and from the gross revenues of the enterprise funds. Total principal and interest remaining on the completed OWDA loan projects is \$4,061,985 and \$202,271, respectively, payable through January 2050. For the current year, principal and interest paid from the Sanitary Sewer enterprise fund was \$317,553 and \$21,323, respectively and from the Water enterprise fund was \$51,706 and \$11,315, respectively. For 2022, the Sanitary Sewer enterprise fund had an operating income of \$87,737 and the Water enterprise fund had an operating income of \$83,685.

#### LGIF Loans

The County obtained eight interest free loans from the Local Government Innovative Fund program for a new engineer facility. The loans will be paid the LGIF-8 Eng Facility Bond debt service fund with gross revenues of the Motor Vehicle special revenue fund. Total principal remaining on the loans is \$1,300,000, payable through January 31, 2026.

#### Midwest Electric Loan

The County entered into a loan with Midwest Electric Inc. to promote economic development within the County. The interest free loan was issued for a ten year period with final maturity in 2029. The loan is being retired through the Midwest Electric Inc. debt service fund.

#### Ohio Water and Sewer Loans

The Ohio water and sewer loans were provided to the County for the deferral of special assessment collections on agricultural land. The loan principal is being deferred as long as the land is used for agricultural purposes. If the land is ever used for other than agricultural purposes, the loan is due and payable, the special assessments are then due and collectible by the County, and the monies collected are to be remitted to the Ohio Water and Sewer Rotary Commission (OWSRC) within one year of collection.

The loans are non-interest bearing as long as the land is used for agricultural purposes. If the land is ever used for other than agricultural purposes and the required special assessments are not remitted to OWSRC, the loans become interest bearing at an interest rate to be determined by OWSRC.

#### Financed Purchases

The County entered into financed purchases for equipment where ownership of the underlying asset transfers to the County by the end of the contract.

At December 31, 2022, the County's overall debt margin was \$28,174,950 with an unvoted debt margin of \$11,869,980.

## Note 15 - Long-Term Obligations (continued)

The following is a summary of the County's future annual debt service requirements for governmental activities:

	From Direct		
	Borrowings		
	Bond		
	Anticipation Note		
Year	Principal		
2023	\$50,000		
2024	667,700		
2025	0		
2026	0		
2027	0		
2028-2029	0		
	\$717,700		

	D: .	D	
From	Direct	Borro	wings

	_					
				Midwest		
	Revenue	OPWC	LGIF	Electric	Finaı	nced
	Bonds	Loans	Loans	Loan	Purch	nases
Year	Principal	Principal	Principal	Principal	Principal	Interest
2023	\$36,000	\$66,920	\$400,000	\$16,401	\$46,318	7,183
2024	36,000	127,839	400,000	16,401	48,018	5,483
2025	36,000	122,838	400,000	16,401	49,780	3,721
2026	36,000	121,334	100,000	16,401	51,608	1,893
2027	36,000	119,826	0	16,401	0	0
2028-2032	144,000	512,791	0	32,802	0	0
2033-2037	0	346,077	0	0	0	0
2038-2042	0	267,169	0	0	0	0
2043-2047	0	267,169	0	0	0	0
2048-2052	0	198,087	0	0	0	0
2053	0	7,634	0	0	0	0
	\$324,000	\$2,157,684	\$1,300,000	\$114,807	\$195,724	\$18,280

#### Note 15 - Long-Term Obligations (continued)

The following is a summary of the County's future annual debt service requirements for business-type activities:

	From Direct Borrowings			
	OPWC	OWDA		
Year	Principal	Principal	Interest	
2023	\$16,250	\$371,912	\$27,051	
2024	32,500	374,602	24,364	
2025	32,500	358,167	21,770	
2026	32,500	360,398	19,538	
2027	32,500	362,646	17,289	
2028-2032	162,500	1,304,009	52,831	
2033-2037	162,500	365,086	24,686	
2038-2042	162,500	315,391	12,086	
2043-2047	162,500	219,906	2,656	
2048-2050	97,500	29,868	0	
	\$893,750	\$4,061,985	\$202,271	

For 2022, GASB Statement No. 91, Conduit Debt Obligations was effective. This GASB pronouncement had no effect on beginning net position/fund balance.

To further economic development in the County, the County has issued bonds that provide capital financing to private-sector entities for the acquisition and construction of industrial and commercial facilities. The properties financed are pledged as collateral, and the bonds are payable solely from payments received from the private-sector entities on the underlying mortgage or promissory notes. In addition, no commitments beyond the collateral, the payments from the private-sector entities, and maintenance of the tax-exempt status of the conduit debt obligation were extended by the County for any of those bonds. At December 31, 2022, the bonds have an aggregate outstanding principal of \$5,414,166.

### Note 16 - Fund Balance

Fund balance is classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, and/or unassigned based primarily on the extent to which the County is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in governmental funds. The constraints placed on fund balance for the major governmental funds and all other governmental funds are presented below.

Fund Balance	General	Motor Vehicle	Developmental Disabilities	Adult Detention Facility
Nonspendable for:				
Unclaimed Monies	\$214,440	\$0	\$0	\$0
Restricted for:				
Board of Developmental Disabilities Operations	0	0	10,768,268	0
Road and Bridge Repair/ Improvement	0	2,936,544	0	0
Sheriff Operations	4,372	0	0	0
Total Restricted	4,372	2,936,544	10,768,268	0
Committed to:				
Adult Detention Facility Operations	0	0	0	4,450,688
Assigned for:				
4-H Camp Improvements	29,258	0	0	0
Building Maintenance	113,652	0	0	0
Document Recording	127,225	0	0	0
Economic Development/ Rehabilitation	855,343	0	0	0
Flood Damage	8,859	0	0	0
Parent Education	890	0	0	0
Projected Budget Shortage	2,702,387	0	0	0
Sheriff Operations	14,312	0	0	0
Title Administration	424,154	0	0	0
Unpaid Obligations	445,816	0	0	0
Total Assigned	4,721,896	0	0	0
Unassigned	1,918,558	0	0	0
Total Fund Balance	\$6,859,266	\$2,936,544	\$10,768,268	\$4,450,688
				(continued)

(continued)

## Note 16 - Fund Balance (continued)

Fund Balance	Local Fiscal Recovery	Other Governmental	Total
Nonspendable for:			
Unclaimed Monies	\$0	\$0	\$214,440
Restricted for:			
Airport Improvements	0	230,703	230,703
American Rescue Plan	7,574,155	0	7,574,155
Board of Developmental Disabilities Operations	0	0	10,768,268
Child Support Enforcement	0	444,297	444,297
County Home	0	700,323	700,323
Court Operations	0	743,773	743,773
Crime Victim Assistance	0	15,410	15,410
Debt Retirement	0	80,736	80,736
Delinquent Tax Collections	0	90,523	90,523
Ditch Maintenance	0	1,023,639	1,023,639
Dog and Kennel Operations	0	6,122	6,122
Economic Development/ Rehabilitation	0	755,692	755,692
Elections Grant	0	10,037	10,037
Environmental Restoration	0	154,964	154,964
Emergency Management Agency	0	29,247	29,247
Industrial Park Improvements	0	1,182	1,182
Job and Family Services Operations	0	2,438,760	2,438,760
Juvenile Corrections	0	217,759	217,759
Law Library	0	121,693	121,693
Mental Illness Training	0	5,929	5,929
Park Maintenance	0	156,372	156,372
Real Estate Assessment	0	924,141	924,141
Road and Bridge Repair/ Improvement	0	0	2,936,544
Sheriff Operations	0	853,796	858,168
Total Restricted	7,574,155	9,005,098	30,288,437
Committed to:			
Adult Detention Facility			
Operations	0	0	4,450,688
Sheriff Operations	0	181,878	181,878
Total Committed	0	181,878	4,632,566
			(continued)

Note 16 - Fund Balance (continued)

Fund Balance	Local Fiscal Recovery	Other Governmental	Total	
Assigned for:				
4-H Camp Improvements	\$0	\$0	\$29,258	
Building Maintenance	0	0	113,652	
Capital Improvements	0	1,120,000	1,120,000	
Debt Service	0	101	101	
Document Recording	0	0	127,225	
Economic Development/ Rehabilitation	0	0	855,343	
Flood Damage	0	0	8,859	
Parent Education	0	0	890	
Projected Budget Shortage	0	0	2,702,387	
Sheriff Operations	0	0	14,312	
Title Administration	0	0	424,154	
Unpaid Obligations	0	0	445,816	
Total Assigned	0	1,120,101	5,841,997	
Unassigned (Deficit)	0	0	1,918,558	
Total Fund Balance	\$7,574,155	\$10,307,077	\$42,895,998	

#### **Note 17 - Interfund Transfers**

During 2022, transfers were made from the General Fund to the Adult Detention Facility special revenue fund, in the amount of \$765,000, and to other governmental funds, in the amount of \$471,436, to subsidize operations in those funds and to make debt payments as they came due. The Motor Vehicle and Adult Detention Facility special revenue funds made transfers to other governmental funds, in the amount of \$510,573 and \$1,160,450, to make debt payments as they came due. Other governmental funds made transfers to other governmental funds in the amount of \$14,275 to make debt payments when they came due.

#### **Note 18 - Jointly Governed Organizations**

#### A. Mercer County Regional Planning Commission

The Mercer County Regional Planning Commission (Commission) is a jointly governed organization among the County, the City of Celina, and townships and villages within the County. The Board is comprised of the Mercer County Engineer, Mercer County Health Commissioner, seven county members appointed by the County Commissioners (one for every two townships in the county), a representative from each municipal corporation wishing to participate, except that municipalities of city status are entitled to two representatives, and two citizens of Mercer County designated by the County Commissioners. The degree of control exercised by any participating government is limited to its representation on the Board.

#### Note 18 - Jointly Governed Organizations (continued)

The Commission makes plans and maps of the region showing the Commission's recommendations for systems of transportation, highways, park and recreational facilities, water supply, sewerage and sewage disposal, garbage disposal, civic centers, and other public improvements which affect the development of the region as a whole, or more than one political subdivision within the region and which do not begin and terminate within the boundaries of any single subdivision. During 2022, the County did not contribute to the operations of the Commission. Financial information can be obtained from the Commission, 220 West Livingston Street, Room A201, Celina, Ohio 45822.

## B. Tri-County Mental Health Board (Alcohol, Drug Addiction, and Mental Health Services Board of Mercer, Paulding, and Van Wert Counties)

The Tri-County Mental Health Board is a jointly governed organization among Mercer, Paulding, and Van Wert Counties. The Tri-County Mental Health Board provides leadership in planning for and supporting community-based alcohol, drug addiction, and mental health services in cooperation with public and private resources with emphasis on the development of prevention and early intervention programming while respecting, protecting, and advocating for the rights of persons as consumers of alcohol, drug addiction, and mental health services. The Board of Trustees consists of eighteen members; four members appointed by the Director of the Ohio Department of Mental Health, four members appointed by the Director of the Ohio Department of Alcohol and Drug Addiction Services, and ten members appointed by the County Commissioners of Mercer, Paulding, and Van Wert counties in the same proportion as the County's population. During 2022, a tax levy provided \$756,921 for the operations of the organization. Financial information can be obtained from the Mercer County Auditor, 101 North Main Street, Room 105, Celina, Ohio 45822-1794.

### C. West Central Ohio Network

The West Central Ohio Network (West CON) is a regional council of governments comprised of the boards of Developmental Disabilities (DD) of Auglaize, Champaign, Darke, Logan, Mercer, Miami, Preble, Sandusky, Shelby, Union, Wyandot, and Hardin Counties. The Board of Directors is made up of the superintendents from each of these DD Boards. West CON is the administrator of supported living programs for each of these Boards of DD. The degree of control exercised by any participating government is limited to its representation on the Board. Financial information can be obtained from the West Central Ohio Network, 1200 Childrens Home Road, Sidney, Ohio 45365.

### D. Grand Lake Saint Marys Lake Facilities Authority

The Grand Lake Saint Marys Lake Facilities Authority is a jointly governed organization between Mercer and Auglaize Counties. The Authority was created to enhance, promote, improve, remediate, foster, aid, and rehabilitate Grand Lake St. Marys. The County Commissioners of Auglaize and Mercer Counties jointly make up the Board of Directors. The Mercer County Auditor serves as the fiscal officer and the Mercer County prosecutor serves as the legal advisor. Financial information can be obtained from the Mercer County Auditor, 101 North Main Street, Room 105, Celina, Ohio 45822-1794.

#### **Note 19 - Insurance Pools**

### A. County Commissioners Association of Ohio Service Corporation

The County participates in a group rating plan for workers' compensation as established under Section 4123.29 of the Ohio Revised Code. The County Commissioners Association of Ohio Service Corporation (CCAOSC) was established through the County Commissioners' Association of Ohio (CCAO) as an insurance purchasing pool.

A group executive committee is responsible for calculating annual rate contributions and rebates, approving the selection of a third party administrator, reviewing and approving proposed third party fees, fees for risk management services and general management fees, determining ongoing eligibility of each participant, and performing any other acts and functions which may be delegated to it by the participants. The group executive committee consists of nine members. Two members are the president and the treasurer of the CCAOSC; the remaining seven members are representatives of the participants. These seven members are elected for the ensuing year by the participants at a meeting held in December of each year. No participant can have more than one member on the group executive committee in any year and each elected member shall be a county commissioner.

### B. Midwest Pool Risk Management Agency, Inc.

The Midwest Pool Risk Management Agency, Inc. (Pool) was created under Section 2744.081 of the Ohio Revised Code to establish a risk sharing insurance program for Auglaize, Hancock, Mercer, Shelby, and Van Wert Counties. Member counties agree to jointly participate in coverage of losses and pay all contributions necessary for the specified insurance coverages provided by the Pool. These coverages include comprehensive general liability, automobile liability, certain property insurance, and public officials' errors and omissions liability insurance.

Each member county has one vote on all matters requiring a vote, to be cast by a designated representative. The affairs of the Pool are managed by an elected board of not more than five trustees. Only county commissioners of member counties are eligible to serve on the board. No county may have more than one representative on the board at any time. Each member county's control over budgeting and financing of the Pool is limited to its voting authority and any representation it may have on the board of trustees.

#### C. Midwest Employee Benefit Consortium

The County participates in the Midwest Employee Benefit Consortium (MEBC), a public entity shared risk pool for medical and life insurance. MEBC is made up of Auglaize, Hancock, Mercer, Shelby, and Van Wert Counties. The County pays premiums to MEBC for employee medical and life insurance benefits. MEBC is responsible for the administration of the program.

MEBC is governed by a Board of Trustees consisting of one county commissioner from each participating member. Each participant decides which plans offered by the Board of Trustees will be extended to its employees. Participation in MEBC is by written application subject to acceptance by the Board of Trustees and payment of the monthly premiums.

#### **Note 20 - Related Organizations**

### A. Mercer County District Library

The Mercer County District Library is a district political subdivision of the State of Ohio created under Chapter 3311.05 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Library is governed by a Board of Trustees appointed by the Mercer County Commissioners and the Common Pleas Court Judge. The Board of Trustees possesses its own contracting and budgeting authority, hires and fires personnel, and does not depend on Mercer County for operational subsidies. Although the Mercer County Commissioners serve as the taxing authority and may issue tax related debt on behalf of the Library, its role is limited to a ministerial function. The determination to request approval of a tax, the rate, and the purpose are discretionary decisions made solely by the Board of Trustees.

#### B. Lakefield Airport Authority

The Lakefield Airport Authority was created by resolution of the County Commissioners under the authority of Chapter 308 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Airport Authority is governed by a seven to ten member board of trustees appointed by the County Commissioners. The Board of Trustees has the authority to exercise all of the powers and privileges provided under the law. These powers include the ability to sue or be sued in its corporate name; the power to establish and collect rates, rentals, and other charges; the authority to acquire, construct, operate, manage, and maintain airport facilities; the authority to buy and sell real and personal property; and the authority to issue debt for acquiring or constructing any facility or permanent improvement. The Airport Authority serves as custodian of its own funds and maintains all records and accounts independent of Mercer County.

Although the County has no obligation to provide financial resources to the airport, the County Commissioners have in prior years allocated certain funds to the Airport Authority. In 2022, this allocation was \$30,000.

#### **Note 21 - Contingent Liabilities**

The County has received federal and state grants for specific purposes that are subject to review and audit by the grantor agencies or their designee. These audits could lead to a request for reimbursement to the grantor agency for expenditures disallowed under the terms of the grant. Based on prior experience, the County Commissioners believe such disallowances, if any, will be immaterial.

Several other claims and lawsuits are pending against the County. In the opinion of the County Prosecuting Attorney, any potential liability would not have a material adverse effect on the financial statements.

#### **Note 22 - COVID-19**

The United States and the State of Ohio declared a state of emergency in March of 2020 due to the COVID-19 pandemic. Ohio's state of emergency ended in June 2021 while the national state of emergency ended in April 2023. During 2022, the County received COVID-19 funding. The financial impact of COVID-19 and the continuing emergency measures will impact subsequent periods of the County. The impact on the County's future operating costs, revenues, and additional recovery from funding, either federal or state, cannot be estimated.

#### MERCER COUNTY

## SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

Federal Grantor/ Pass Through Grantor Program Title	Pass Through Entity Number	Federal Assistance Listing Number	Expenditures
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE, FOOD AND NUTRITION SERVICE			
(Passed through Ohio Department of Job and Family Services) SNAP Cluster:			
State Administrative Matching Grants for the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program Total SNAP Cluster	G-1213-11-0082	10.561	\$ 131,567 131,567
(Passed through the Great Lakes Commission) Soil and Water Conservation	GLSNRP 12-03	10.902	17,650
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture, Food and Nutrition Service			149,217
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT			
(Passed through Ohio Department of Development)			
Community Development Block Grants/State's Program and Non-Entitlement Grants in Hawaii	B-F-21-1BX-1 B-X-20-1BX-1	14.228 14.228	767,432 383,746
	B-C-20-1BX-1	14.228	18,079
	B-D-21-1BX-1	14.228	4,005
Total Community Development Block Grants/State's Program and Non-Entitlement Grants in Hawaii			1,173,262
Home Investment Partnership Program	B-C-20-1BX-2	14.239	172,740
Total U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development			1,346,002
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE			
(Passed through Ohio Attorney General's Office) Crime Victim Assistance	2022)/ACENEOGO	16.575	10 122
Crime vicum Assistance	2022VAGENE068 2023VAGENE068	16.575	10,133 5,004
Total Crime Victim Assistance	202077102712000	10.070	15,137
Total U.S. Department of Justice			15,137
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF LABOR (Passed through Ohio Department of Job & Family Services)			
Employment Service Cluster:			
Employment Service/Wagner-Peyser Funded Activities Total Employment Service Cluster	N/A	17.207	16,629 16,629
Trade Adjustment Assistance	N/A	17.245	2,606
WIOA Cluster:			
WIOA Cluster: WIOA Adult Program	N/A	17.258	74,851
WIOA Youth Activities	N/A	17.259	77,681
WIOA Dislocated Worker Formula Grants	N/A	17.278	18,705
Total WIOA Cluster			171,237
WIOA National Dislocated Worker Grants / WIA National Emergency Grants	N/A	17.277	22,882
Total U.S. Department of Labor			213,354
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION			
(Passed through Ohio Department of Transportation) Highway Planning and Construction Cluster:			
Highway Planning and Construction	PID #105603	20.205	150,000
TABLE BLOOM OF BLOOM	PID #115294	20.205	77,130
Total Highway Planning and Construction Cluster			227,130
(Passed through Ohio Department of Public Safety)			
Highway Safety Cluster:	STED 2021 54 00 00512 00	20.600	7 574
State and Community Highway Safety Total Highway Safety Cluster	STEP-2021-54-00-00513-00	20.000	7,574 7,574
Minimum Penalties for Repeat Offenders for Driving While Intoxicated	IDEP-2022-54-00-00-00366-00	20.608	30,731
Total U.S. Department of Transportation			265,435
U.O. DEDARTMENT OF THE TREADURY			
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF THE TREASURY COVID-19 Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds	N/A	21.027	345,893
Total U.S. Department of the Treasury			345,893
U.S. ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY			
(Passed through the Ohio Environmental Agency)			
Nonpoint Source Implementation Grants	16(h) EPA-45	66.460	81,376
Geographic Programs - Great Lakes Restoration Initiative	MERCRCOM-FDMAUM21	66.469	360
(Passed through the Objectate Frie Commission)	GLRI-569-2020	66.469	62,100
(Passed through the Ohio Lake Erie Commission) Geographic Programs - Great Lakes Restoration Initiative	GLRI 569-2020	66.469	117,503
Total Geographic Programs - Great Lakes Restoration Initiative			179,963
Total ITS Environmental Protection Agency			\$ 261,339
Total U.S. Environmental Protection Agency			(continued)

#### MERCER COUNTY

#### SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022 (Continued)

Federal Grantor/ Pass Through Grantor Program Title	Pass Through Entity Number	Federal Assistance Listing Number	Expenditures
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION			
(Passed through Ohio Department of Developmental Disabilities) Special Education - Grants for Infants and Families	H181A210024	84.181	\$ 30,896
COVID-19 Special Education - Grants for Infants and Families Total Special Education - Grants for Infants and Families	H181A200024 H181X210024	84.181 84.181X	26,892 32,933 90,721
Total U.S Department of Education			90,721
·			00,721
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES (Passed through Ohio Department of Job & Family Services) MaryLee Allen Promoting Safe and Stable Families Program	G-2021-11-5964	93.556	59,531
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families	FFY21 FFY22	93.558 93.558	78,066 564,464
Total Temporary Assistance for Needy Families	FFY23	93.558	29,037 671,567
Child Support Enforcement	JFSFC557 JFSFCS22I JFSCCS22	93.563 93.563 93.563	50,000 300 247,102
Total Child Support Enforcement	JFSCCS23	93.563	107,622 405,024
CCDF Cluster:			
Child Care and Development Block Grant Total CCDF Cluster	G-1617-11-5551	93.575	23,070
Grants to States for Access and Visitation Programs	JFSFC604	93.597	59,446
Stephanie Tubbs Jones Child Welfare Services Program	G-1617-11-5551	93.645	47,402
Foster Care Title IV-E	G-1617-11-5551	93.658	343,961
Adoption Assistance	G-1617-11-5551	93.659	199,049
(Passed through Ohio Department of Developmental Disabilities)			
Social Services Block Grant (Passed through Ohio Department of Job & Family Services)	2101OHSOSR	93.667	24,387
Social Services Block Grant Total Social Services Block Grant	G-1617-11-5551	93.667	318,141 342,528
John H. Chafee Foster Care Program for Successful Transition to Adulthood	G-1617-11-5551	93.674	47,331
Elder Abuse Prevention Interventions Program	G-1617-11-5551	93.747	7,653
Children's Health Insurance Program	G-1617-11-5551	93.767	75,079
Medicaid Cluster: Medical Assistance Program Total Medicaid Cluster	G-1617-11-5551	93.778	269,728 269,728
Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services			2,551,369
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY			
(Passed Through Ohio Department of Public Safety) Hazard Mittgation Grant	FEMA-DR-4447-OH	97.039	8,750
(Passed through Ohio Emergency Management Agency) Emergency Management Performance Grants	EMC-2021-EP-00002	97.042	70,517
Total U.S. Department of Homeland Security			79,267
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			\$ 5,317,734

The accompanying notes to this schedule are an integral part of this schedule.

#### MERCER COUNTY

## NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS 2 CFR 200.510(b)(6) FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

#### **NOTE A - BASIS OF PRESENTATION**

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (the Schedule) includes the federal award activity of Mercer County (the County) under programs of the federal government for the year ended December 31, 2022. The information on this Schedule is prepared in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the County, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the County.

#### NOTE B - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the cash basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures may or may not be allowable or may be limited as to reimbursement.

#### **NOTE C - INDIRECT COST RATE**

The County has elected not to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

### NOTE D - COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT BLOCK GRANT (CDBG) REVOLVING LOAN PROGRAMS WITHOUT CONTINUING COMPLIANCE REQUIRMENTS

The County has a revolving loan fund (RLF) program to provide low-interest loans to businesses to create jobs for low to moderate income persons and also to lend money to eligible persons to rehabilitate homes. The Federal Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) grants money for these loans to the County, passed through the Ohio Development Services Agency. The Schedule reports loans made and administrative costs as disbursements on the Schedule. Subsequent loans are subject to the same compliance requirements imposed by HUD as the initial loans. These loans are collateralized by mortgages on the property and by UCC's on machinery and equipment. The current balance as of December 31, 2022 was \$465,562.

#### **NOTE E - MATCHING REQUIRMENTS**

Certain Federal programs require the County to contribute non-Federal funds (matching funds) to support the Federally-funded programs. The County has met its matching requirements. The Schedule does not include the expenditure of non-Federal matching funds.

#### NOTE F - TRANSFERS BETWEEN FEDERAL PROGRAMS

During 2022, the County made allowable transfers of \$33,596 from the Social Services Block Grant (SSBG) (ALN 93.667) program to the Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF) (ALN 93.558) program. The Schedule shows the County spent \$342,528 on the SSBG program. The amount reported for the SSBG program excludes the amount transferred to the TANF program. The amount transferred to the TANF program is included as TANF expenditures when disbursed. The following table shows the gross amount for the SSBG program for the year 2022 and the amount transferred to the TANF program.

Social Service Block Grant \$ 376,124
Transfer to Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (33,596)
Total Social Service Block Grant \$ 342,528



# INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Mercer County, Ohio Board of County Commissioners 101 North Main Street Celina. OH 45822

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*), the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Mercer County, Ohio (the County), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated July 19, 2023, wherein we noted the County reported on the cash basis of accounting.

#### Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the County's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

#### **Report on Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the County's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed an instance of noncompliance or other matters that is required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* and is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 2022-001.



#### The County's Response to Finding

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on the County's response to the finding identified in our audit and described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. The County's response was not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

#### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the County's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Clark, Schaefer, Hackett & Co.

Springfield, Ohio July 19, 2023



## INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Mercer County, Ohio Board of County Commissioners 101 North Main Street Celina. OH 45822

#### Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

#### Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Mercer County, Ohio's (the County) compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the OMB *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the County's major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2022. The County's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, the County complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2022.

#### Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS); the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*); and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the County and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the County's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

#### Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the County's federal programs.



#### Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the County's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material, if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the County's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we

- exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design
  and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on
  a test basis, evidence regarding the County's compliance with the compliance requirements
  referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the
  circumstances.
- obtain an understanding of the County's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in
  order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report
  on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the
  purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over
  compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

#### **Report on Internal Control Over Compliance**

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Clark, Schaefer, Hackett & Co.

Springfield, Ohio July 19, 2023

#### Section I - Summary of Auditors' Results

#### **Financial Statements**

Type of auditors' report issued:

Unmodified

Internal control over financial reporting:

Material weakness(es) identified?

Significant deficiency(ies) identified not

considered to be material weakness(es)?

None reported

Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?

Federal Awards

Internal control over major programs:

• Material weakness(es) identified?

Significant deficiency(ies) identified not
 considered to be material weakness(es)?

considered to be material weakness(es)?

None reported

Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for major programs: Unmodified

Any audit findings that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)?

No

Identification of major programs:

SNAP Cluster:

ALN 10.561 – State Administrative Matching Grants for the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program

ALN 14.228 – Community Development Block Grants/State's Program and Non-Entitlement Grants in Hawaii

ALN 93.558 – Temporary Assistance for Needy Families

Medicaid Cluster:

ALN 93.778 - Medical Assistance Program

Dollar threshold to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs: \$750,000

Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?

Mercer County, Ohio Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs Year Ended December 31, 2022 (Continued)

#### Section II - Financial Statement Findings

#### Finding Number 2022-001: Not Reporting in Accordance with GAAP

Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-3(B) requires the County to prepare its annual financial report in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). Mercer County has elected to prepare and submit its annual financial report on the cash basis of accounting. The accompanying financial statements and notes omit material assets, liabilities, fund equities and disclosures required by GAAP.

<u>Management Response</u>: Mercer County believes that reporting on a GAAP basis is cost prohibitive. Therefore, the County does not anticipate changing to GAAP basis as the current OCBOA basis of reporting meets managements requirements without substantial additional

#### Section III – Federal Awards Findings and Questioned Costs

**None Noted** 

#### Schedule of Prior Audit Findings December 31, 2022

Finding <u>Number</u>	Finding <u>Summary</u>	<u>Status</u>	Additional Information
2021-001	ORC § 117.38 and OAC § 117-2-03(B) – not filing financial report on a GAAP basis – First Reported in 2003-001.	Not Corrected	Repeated as Finding Number 2022-001

Corrective Action Plan December 31, 2022

Finding Number: 2022-001

Planned Corrective Action: Mercer County believes that reporting on a GAAP basis is cost

prohibitive. Therefore, the County does not anticipate changing to GAAP basis as the current OCBOA basis of reporting meets managements requirements without substantial additional costs.

Anticipated Completion Date: N/A

Responsible Contact Person: Randy Grapner, County Auditor







#### **MERCER COUNTY**

#### **AUDITOR OF STATE OF OHIO CERTIFICATION**

This is a true and correct copy of the report, which is required to be filed pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in the Office of the Ohio Auditor of State in Columbus, Ohio.



Certified for Release 10/5/2023

88 East Broad Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215 Phone: 614-466-4514 or 800-282-0370