

Annual Comprehensive Financial Report

New Albany-Plain Local Schools New Albany, Ohio

Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2022



88 East Broad Street Columbus, Ohio 43215 IPAReport@ohioauditor.gov (800) 282-0370

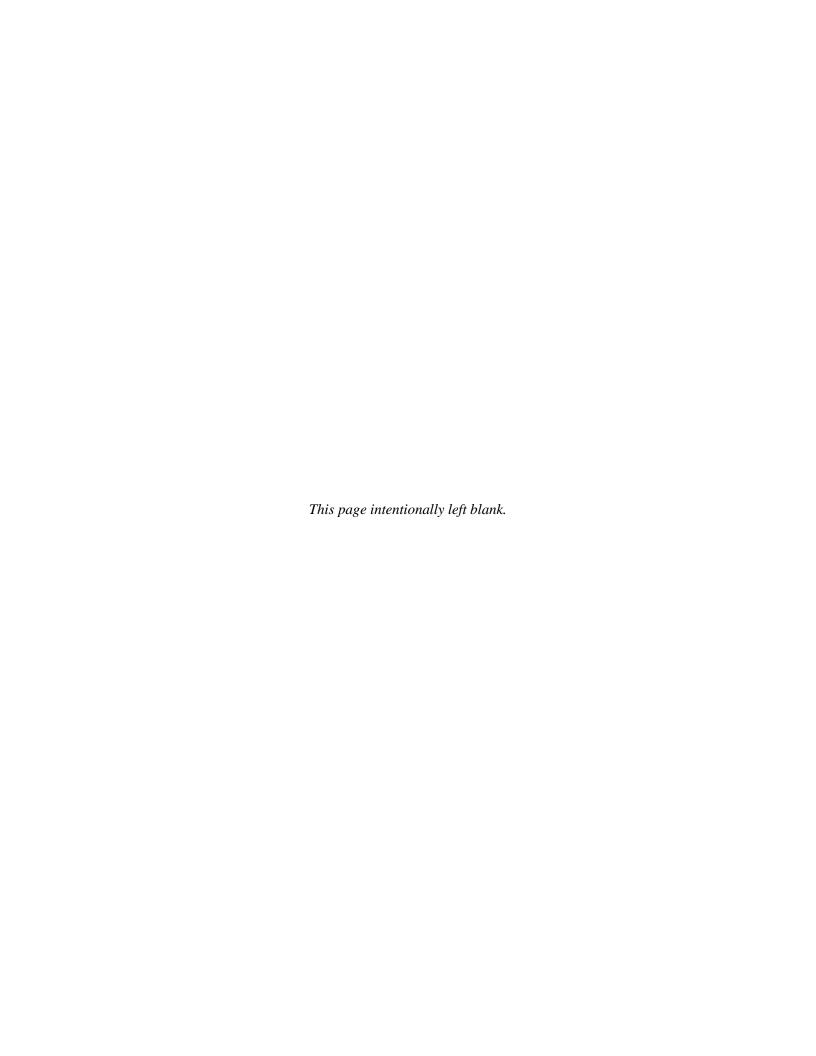
Board of Education New Albany-Plain Local School District 55 N. High Street New Albany, Ohio 43054

We have reviewed the *Independent Auditor's Report* of the New Albany-Plain Local School District, Franklin County, prepared by Julian & Grube, Inc., for the audit period July 1, 2021 through June 30, 2022. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them.

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. The New Albany-Plain Local School District is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.

Keith Faber Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

February 15, 2023



Annual Comprehensive Financial Report

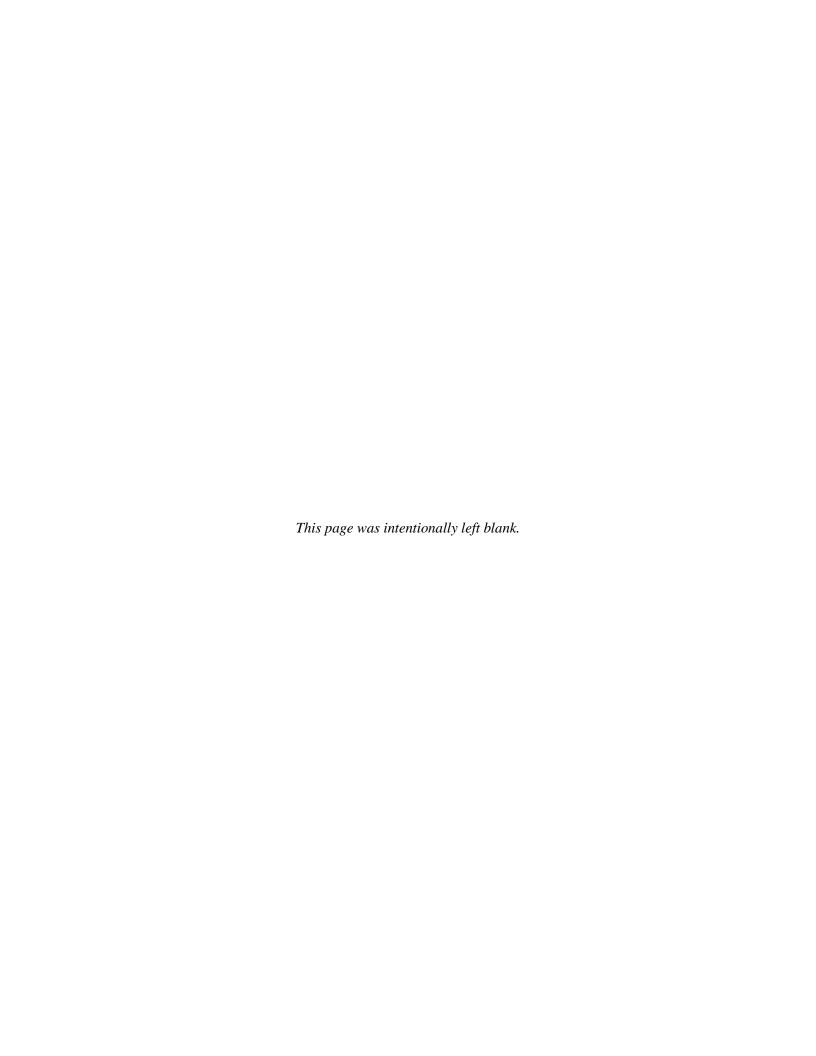
of the

New Albany-Plain Local School District New Albany, Ohio

For Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Issued by:
Office of the Treasurer

Rebecca Jenkins Treasurer/CFO



New Albany-Plain Local School Distict Franklin County, Ohio Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

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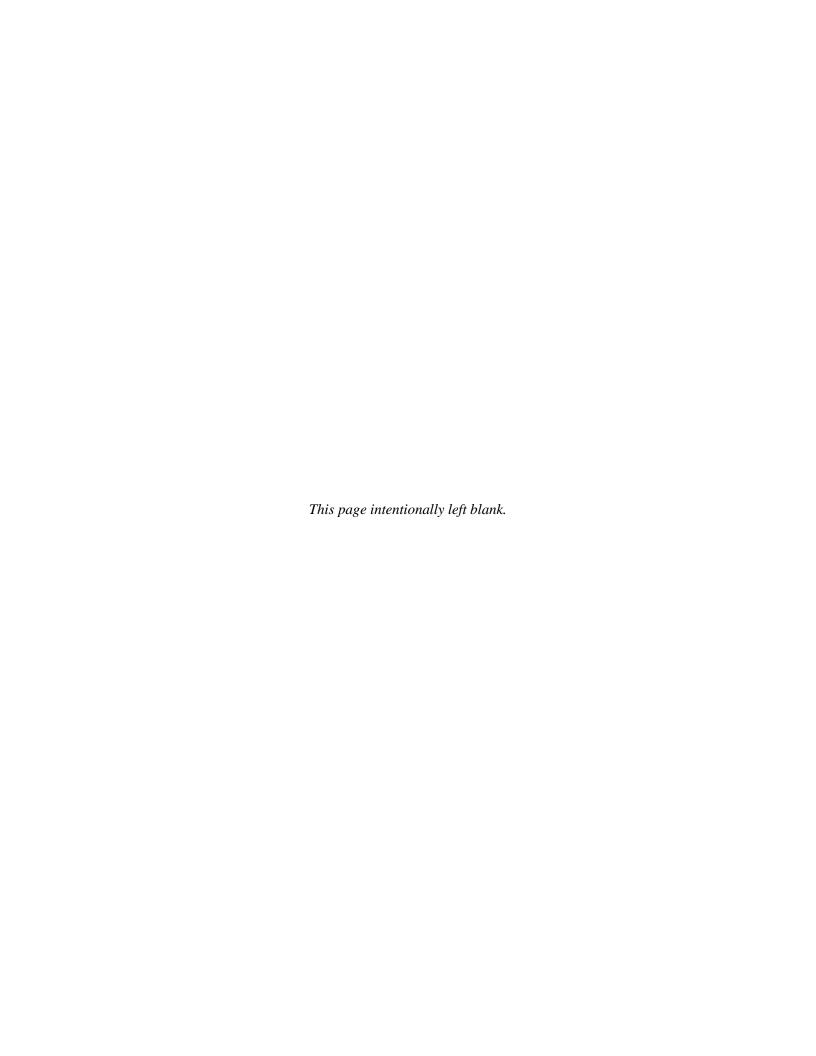
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INTRODUCTORY SECTION



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Elected Officials and Administrative Staff

Board of Education Members

President Mr. Debbie Kalinoksy
Vice President Mrs. Paul Naumoff
Member Mr. Mike Busch
Member Mrs. Phil Derrow
Member Mr. John McClelland

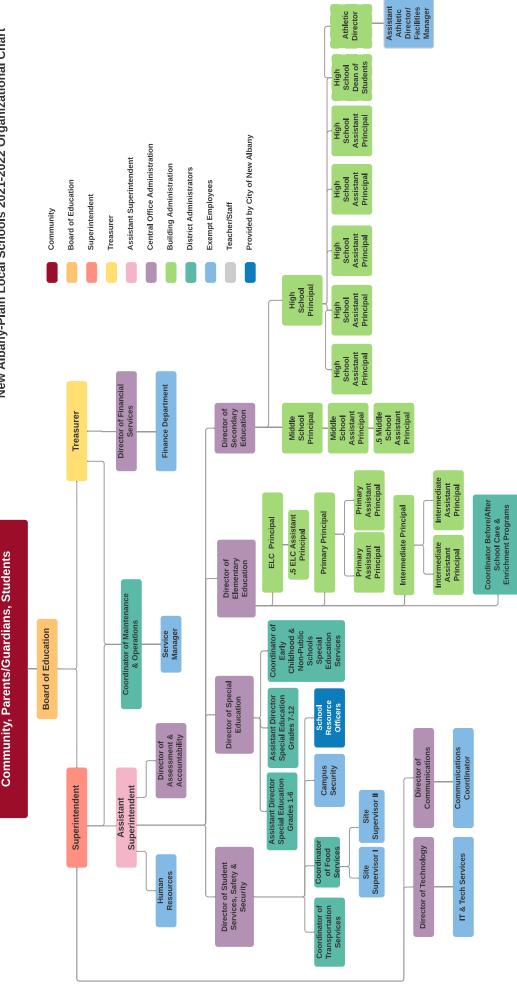
Appointed Officials

Superintendent Mr. Michael Sawyers

Treasurer Ms. Rebecca Jenkins

Administrative Staff

Assistant Superintendent Mrs. Lori Lofton **Director of Communications** Mr. Patrick Gallaway Director of Technology Mr. Michael Voss High School Principal Mr. Kenneth Kraemer Middle School Principal Mrs. Donna LeBeau Intermediate School Principal Mrs. Katherine Nowak Primary School Principal Mrs. Teresa Smith Early Learning Center Principal Ms. Michelle Levero



Teaching and Non-Teaching Staff



NEW ALBANY-PLAIN LOCAL SCHOOLS

December 18, 2022

To the Citizens and Board of Education of the New Albany-Plain Local School District:

We are pleased to submit to you the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report of the New Albany-Plain Local School District (the "District"). This Annual Comprehensive Financial Report, which includes an unmodified opinion from - Julian and Grube, Inc., conforms to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applicable to governmental entities. Responsibility for the accuracy of the data presented and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with District's management. To the best of our knowledge and belief, this Annual Comprehensive Financial Report and the enclosed data are accurate in all material respects and are reported in a manner designed to present fairly the financial position and results of operations of the District. All disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain an understanding of the District's financial activities have been included.

GAAP requires that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The District's MD&A can be found immediately following the Independent Auditors' Report.

This report includes all funds of the District. The District provides a full range of traditional educational programs, services and facilities. These include elementary and secondary curriculum at the general, college preparatory and vocational levels, a broad range of co-curricular and extracurricular activities, special education programs and facilities.

In addition to providing these general activities the District has administrative responsibility for state funds distributed to Columbus Jewish Day School, a private school located within the District boundaries. In accordance with GASB Statement 24, this responsibility is included in the reporting entity as a special revenue fund. While this organization shares operational and service similarity with the District, all are separate and distinct entities. Because of their independent nature, this organization's financial statements are not included in this report.

The Board of Education (the "Board") of the District is composed of five members elected at large by the citizens of the District. The Board serves as the taxing authority, contracting body, and policy initiator for the operation of the District. The Board is responsible for the adoption of the tax budget, the annual operating budget and the approval of all expenditures of the District. The Board is a body politic and corporate, as defined by Section 3313.02 of the Ohio Revised Code, and has only those powers and authority conferred upon it by the Code.

Profile of the School District

The New Albany-Plain Local Schools (NAPLS) is located 20 miles northeast of downtown Columbus, in the beautiful City of New Albany. The school district serves 5,114 students, preschool through twelfth grade, and covers an area of 23 square miles, including the City of New Albany, Plain Township, and neighborhoods within a small portion of the City of Columbus. NAPLS features a unique learning environment for its students, with all of its schools and support facilities located on an 80-acre college-style campus. The schools are designed in a Georgian architectural style, connected by tree-lined walkways and surrounded by a 120-acre nature preserve. From the "Jeffersonian-style" Library-Information Center to the Environmental Land Lab and high-tech classrooms, the learning environment is as unique as it is functional, creating outstanding educational opportunities for its students.

The District has developed a purpose statement to continue to guide the work moving forward from the 2021-22 school year. The components of the District Continuous Improvement Plan (CIP) are below along with seven benchmarks:

District Purpose

The New Albany-Plain Local School District is committed to creating a culture of accountability that achieves the best academic and developmental outcomes for each student.

Commitment to Excellence

The District aspires, by September 2023, to be ranked in the top 10 or higher of all public school districts for student achievement in the State of Ohio as reported by the Ohio Department of Education (ODE) Performance Index Ranking. As our long-term commitment, we aspire to become and remain the best rated school district in the State of Ohio.

Focus

All employees will be accountable for implementing research-based practices including a rigorous and aligned curriculum, common assessments, focused instruction and data-driven decisions to achieve the best academic and developmental outcomes for every student within a fiscally sustainable budget.

Benchmarks and Indicators

Benchmark 1: Increase achievement

Increase the district performance index rank as compared to all Ohio school districts on the Local Report Card from #17 to #16 or better. **MET**

Benchmark 2: Facilitate a year or more of growth for every year of instruction

Earn a Progress Component Grade of Four Stars or better on the Local Report Card. MET

Benchmark 3: Meet or exceed State's gap closing standards for identified subgroups

Earn a Gap Closing Component Grade of Four Stars or better on the Local Report Card. MET

Benchmark 4: Graduate students who are college and career ready

Earn a Graduation Component Rating for Four Stars on the Local Report Card. MET

Students in the Class of 2022 taking the SAT will earn a mean score that is at least 20% higher than the state average as reported by the SAT Cohort Annual Report. **NOT MET**

Administer the PSAT to all eighth graders and the SAT to all juniors during the 2021-22 school year. MET

Benchmark 5: Enhance school culture and social-emotional well-being

Administer age-appropriate student climate surveys to measure the percentage of students who feel safe at school, supported, and have at least one staff member to approach with problems, and the effectiveness of specific programs offered in grade-levels. **MET**

Implement age-appropriate student programs, including the R-Factor and building inclusive campus culture initiatives (building and district committees, continuation of diversity, equity and inclusion work, staff professional development, partnerships with external experts, etc.) to enhance school and district climate, culture, and well-being. **MET**

Benchmark 6: Demonstrate sustainable fiscal management

If possible due to general fund expenditures required to fulfill COVID-19 health and safety protocols, reduce FY22 Five Year Forecast Line Item 4.500 (Total Expenditures) by at least \$692,000 resulting in 1% or greater reduction in total expenditures, to positively increase the District's Five Year Forecast. **MET**

Benchmark 7: Ensure community engagement and stakeholder satisfaction

Administer parent and staff surveys to measure the level of satisfaction with educational quality, school culture, communications, student services, climate and/or fiscal management. **MET**

Implement at least three strategies during the 2021-22 school year to increase school district awareness and engagement of senior citizens, adults without children enrolled, and Plain Township residents. **MET**

In addition to providing challenging academic offerings for all students, NAPLS prides itself on the wide array of opportunities for students to benefit from team and personal success, including athletics, performing arts, and club activities. Nearly all of the District's high school students belong to a club or organization, and 70% of the students also participate in athletics or the performing arts. One of the primary measures of a school district's success is how well students are prepared for life after graduating high school. In 2022, eighty-five percent of the District's graduates attended college, with eighty-two percent of those attending four-year colleges or universities, including many of the nation's most prestigious institutions; Colgate, Emory, Northwestern, Notre Dame, The Ohio State University, Washington University (St. Louis) and more.

The successes that have been realized by NAPLS are a result of the unique partnership that has been formed on the part of the school district and the entire learning community. This partnership has yielded benefits for not only today's students, but for generations to come.

Enrollment

The District's enrollment for FY22 was 5,114 as compared with 5,040 for FY21. The district can accommodate student growth through build-out with a maximum space accommodation of 5,700.

The District's enrollment is based on actual enrollment during the first full week of October and does not include students living within the District's attendance area who attend charter or private schools. The enrollment for the previous two school years, along with the design capacity, are shown on page viii.

	20-21 Enrollment	21-22 Enrollment	Design Capacity	Exceeds Building Capacity
Early Learning Center	417	482	600	N/A
Primary School	1,128	1,091	1,200	N/A
Intermediate School	1,088	1,121	1,200	N/A
Middle School	793	764	1,200	N/A
High School	1,614	1,656	1,500	156

Economic Condition and Outlook

The District, along with many other public schools in the state, relies heavily on local property tax as a primary source of funds. Ohio law limits the growth in real estate revenues by reducing millage as assessed values increase following re-appraisals. Consequently, revenues generated from each levy remain relatively constant. As a result, the District must periodically seek additional funding from its taxpaying constituents.

The Ohio legislature approved a completely new funding formula beginning with the FY22 funding year. The new funding formula, also known as the Fair School Funding Plan (FSFP), uses specific funding inputs to calculate each district's average base cost. This new formula is not beneficial to the New Albany-Plain Local School District as it is significantly less calculated funding than the previous formula. Another challenge that should be noted is that the phase in of this new formula is not guaranteed beyond FY23.

Because the District's State funding has never been fully funded and is nominal when compared to our main funding source, property tax collections, it does not have a material impact on the district.

The District projections indicate continued enrollment growth through 2024.

Long-term Financial Planning

The financial forecast of General Fund operations for the next five years assumes that the District's fiscal year 2023 and 2024 ending General Fund cash balance will be approximately \$39.4 million and \$35.0 million, respectively, with continued declining balances thereafter.

Community Economic Outlook

New Albany is poised for continued growth. Strategically located along the recently improved and expanded State Route 161, New Albany is within 10 minutes of the I-270 outer belt in the northeast quadrant of the greater Columbus metropolitan area.

New Albany is a robust community that balances residential, commercial and green space uses to create an exceptional quality of life for residential and corporate citizens. New Albany officially obtained classification as a city in April 2011. There are a number of factors behind New Albany's success, but one of the most significant reasons is that New Albany is a 'master-planned' community. This process requires the City to create and manage long-term plans for land use, infrastructure and economic growth and development.

New Albany's primary source of revenue for operations and capital investments has historically been income tax revenue through employee withholding by businesses operating and located within the City and taxes related to net profits for those businesses. The current shift to remotely working from somewhere other than your place of business, as a result of the global pandemic of the coronavirus (COVID-19), has brought new challenges the City continues to face moving forward. The shift to remote work threatens a portion of employee withholding historically received from businesses located within the City. In addition to less withholding received from those businesses initially, a taxpayer has the ability to apply for a refund if the employer continued withholding for New Albany while they worked in another location. In regard to net profits from these businesses, the City has experienced significant increases in quarterly estimates. While, in the short term, this appears to positively affect the City's revenues, net profits are at risk of refund to the taxpayer as business returns are filed should the tax liability be less. In addition, legislation allows businesses that experience a net loss to carry forward that loss for five years, ultimately decreasing the City's net profit tax revenue in future years.

Overall, the economic outlook for the City of New Albany remains positive. New Albany's primary driver of a positive economic outlook is the success of the New Albany International Business Park and its continued growth and diversification which is predicted to mitigate the potential impact the shift to remote work may have on local withholding and potential net profit refunds. Even amidst the pandemic, the City continued to attract new businesses in early 2021 such as Amgen, a worldwide pioneer in biotechnology and an Amazon distribution center and in 2022, Pharmavite LLC, makers of Nature Made® and AmplifyBio, a biotechnology contract research organization. In addition, expansions of existing businesses within the park, including Facebook, Google, Amazon and additional VanTrust multi-tenant buildings continue to show the success of the park. Perhaps the most significant indicator that New Albany has a positive outlook is Intel's, a global high-tech chip manufacturing company, selection of New Albany for a \$20 billion+ chip manufacturing project. The company plans to build two state-of-the-art factories by 2025. As mentioned previously, the primary income for the City is withholding of taxes on workplace wages, therefore, the City has focused on attracting businesses in which employees have to report to the business located within the City, ultimately securing the employee withholding to New Albany. New businesses adding to the business park, in addition to the expansion of existing businesses, has led to a robust growth in income tax collections for the City. New Albany continues to have strong prospects in the pipeline and is supported by a growing Columbus metropolitan economy and an improved US economy.

Income Tax Sharing

As a result of a partnership between the City of New Albany and the District, income tax is shared to offset property tax abatement incentives to companies. These abatements are provided for up to fifteen (15) years of up to 100% real property tax abatements.

MAJOR INITIATIVES AND ACCOMPLISHMENTS

Accomplishments for Fiscal Year 2022

The District has continued to aggressively identify areas to reduce expenses without sacrificing direct services to students. The District's goal has been to keep reductions away from the classroom. The purpose is to maintain the outstanding quality of the District's educational program.

Financial

The District will apply to receive the Certificate of Excellence in Financial Reporting for its fiscal year 2022 Annual Comprehensive Financial Report.

2021-2022 District Accomplishments & Highlights

Academic Achievement

BY THE NUMBERS:

- NAHS celebrated National Merit Scholars, including 8 Finalists and 10 commended Scholars.
- 99% of NAHS seniors took the SAT college entrance exams.
- Average score on SAT 1151.
- NAHS students participated in 20 different Advanced Placement (AP) assessments in the 2021-22 school year.
- 520 NAHS students were enrolled in Advanced Placement courses in 2021-22.
- 52.5% of our seniors met the criteria for an Honors Diploma 205 students.
- The class of 2022 received over \$2.5 million in usable, first year scholarship dollars.
- 231 different colleges accepted our students.
- NAHS in top 1% in the state with students graduating with an Honors Diploma in 2021-22.
- Increased participation in Advanced Placement
 - o The District has seen a steady increase in the numbers of students enrolled in AP coursework.
 - o Total AP Students
 - § 2018-2019 507
 - § 2019-2020 520
 - **§** 2020-2021 564
 - **§** 2021-2022 609

Highlights of the 2021-2022 School Year

- Across our District, we saw tremendous learning growth, and have much to celebrate as we fulfill our District purpose, "to create a culture of accountability that achieves the best academic and developmental outcomes for each student." The District's 369 teachers, 263 support staff, 33 administrators, 5 Board of Education Members, over 10,000 parents, and our communities have partnered to increase student achievement, student growth, and student well-being for over 5,100 students this past school year.
- We graduated a senior class of 403 students, with 8 National Merit finalists, 10 Commended Scholars, 39 student athletes who committed to playing interscholastic athletics at the next level and over \$2.5 million dollars in scholarships to support higher education. Five of our graduates also committed to serve our country in a military branch. The Class of 2022 is now the highest achieving class to graduate from New Albany High School to date.
- We proudly celebrate the accomplishments of our students and staff this school year. For a fourth year, we will achieve a 100% passage rate on the state's Third Grade Reading Guarantee.

- The New Albany Early Learning Center welcomed nearly 500 preschool and kindergarten students for the 2021-22 school year. With hard work and dedication, the preschool staff and administration again earned a 5-Star Quality Rating, the highest rating possible with the Ohio Department of Education for the ELC Preschool Program. This program continues to align curriculum and assessment work with a full implementation of the Bridges Math program next school year to align with the K-5 initiative. The Kindergarten program continues to prepare students for the transition to the primary building with an emphasis on the Bridges Math Program, Fundations and a pilot for writing.
- We celebrated amazing achievements in academics, fine and performing arts, and athletics as our talented students excelled in band, choir, orchestra, theatre, visual arts, and twenty-eight interscholastic and club sport teams. We celebrated our middle and high school theater students shining on the stage in productions of Xanadu Jr. and Mary Poppins Jr. (middle school) and the stage play Letters to Sala and Musical The Little Mermaid (high school). Student participation in activities beyond the classroom enrich lives, enhance school culture, and build community while also increasing academic achievements.
- We expanded our well-being initiative to empower a caring community with resources that help maximize the mental and physical well-being of each student. We partnered with local, state, and national experts to implement age-appropriate programs to measure improved developmental outcomes for students. The Board of Education also adopted a District Values Statement; "NAPLS is committed to fostering an environment of kindness, dignity and respect."
- Senior Seminar and Internships
 Senior Seminar is a graduation requirement for all NAHS students. It is a performance-based course
 that challenges students to extend their learning beyond the traditional school setting to workplace
 internships, university and hospital research, and a variety of experiences. Students demonstrate
 their final project through presentation to an audience of their peers and a panel of adjudicators.
- Visual Arts NAHS & MS students were recognized with State honors from the Scholastic Arts Awards and Governor's Award of Excellence.
- The Easton E3 Lab: Energy, Engineering & Environment Learning Lab & Solar House was widely used by the district and community instruction and exploration There are 80 acres of woodlands, wetlands, ponds, streams, and meadows on and adjacent to the Preschool-12 Learning Campus.
- Author-In-Residence Once again the District hosted the Author-in-Residence series for students in the 2021-22 school year. Through the generosity of the New Albany Community Foundation, New Albany Women's Network and our Parent Teacher Organizations with support of over \$12,000. Featured authors who visited in 2021-22 included: Laurie Halse Anderson at New Albany High School, at New Albany Middle School. Both the MS and the HS also awarded \$1000 to one student who was selected as the winner of the Author Scholarship Contest at each school. Stuart Gibbs at New Albany Intermediate and Miranda Paul at New Albany Primary School. All visits were virtual due to COVID-19 restrictions.

Focus on Student and School Culture

We implemented The R Factor for students and families to build upon our culture by instilling common language and behavior expectations necessary to promote student achievement, student growth and student well-being. We challenged students to understand the power of their "R" (Response) when navigating "E's" (Events) to create desired "O's" (Outcomes). Our efforts to infuse E+R=O into our daily school culture and lives continues in 2021-22. The six disciplines are: Press Pause, Get Your Mind Right, Step Up, Adjust & Adapt, Make a Difference and Build Skill.

Other student well-being supports and programs for students include Sources of Strength (SOS) both at the middle and high school, our school counselors and mental health specialists, programming through the Well-Being Initiative including: Operation Street Smart, Drug and Alcohol Awareness and more.

Develop the character of each student to be ethical, informed, and engaged citizens. We will educate our students in an inspirational, safe, and supportive environment in facilities that meet the changing needs of our students. We will make available the diverse experiences of our community to all students.

BY THE NUMBERS:

- Students participated in 29 athletic teams and 52 clubs and activities at New Albany High School
- Students participated in 17 middle school sports and eight clubs and activities at New Albany Middle School.
- 38% of NAPLS students identified as an ethnicity other than Caucasian.
- 32 different languages/dialects represented and spoken by students.

HIGHLIGHTS:

- All students at NAHS have a daily period called NEST. NEST is a smaller supportive space within our large high school that provide opportunities to students in leadership, service, academics (peer tutoring) and relationship building.
- ROX program for girls in grade 5 and in middle school to help develop positive self-esteem, self-confidence, awareness and support.
- Continued mental health supports working with Children's Hospital and a \$120,000 ADAMH grant with Concord Counseling that provides for two full-time mental health specialists.

Access and Opportunity

NAPLS Students have access to a wide variety of events and opportunities throughout the school year.

The New Albany Lecture Series featuring national and international figures in politics, world affairs, media and more. In 2021-2022 our students had the opportunity to hear from Isabel Wilkerson with a focus on social justice; H.R. McMaster with a focus on leadership; Paul Begala and Karl Rove with a focus on debate and civil discourse and Abby Wambach with a focus on mental health.

McCoy Center grants provide opportunities to enhance exposure to the arts for students. Grants in the past have included working with classical crossover string trio Simply Three, African Drummer in Residence, Sogbety Diamonde, Carnival of the Animals (grade 1), The Journey of Orpheus and Eurydice (grade 2), composer Greg Gilpin, Glass Axis art studio, support and production of the annual Black History Month celebration, National Geographic Live and more.

Planning for the Future

- The District developed a comprehensive Capital Improvement Plan to identify the permanent improvement needs of the District over the next five years.
 - o Several buildings on the school campus are 25+ years in age.
 - o The District needs to repair and replace safety/security equipment, roofs, heating and cooling, buses and technology infrastructure during the next five years.
 - o \$6.8 million is projected to be spent from the General Fund over the next five years. The district requested a five-year, 1.25 mil permanent improvement levy which was approved by voters on November 7, 2017 and generates \$1.1 million per year.

FINANCIAL POLICIES AND INFORMATION

The District's courses of study will continue to be revised and periodically updated to provide students with instruction that is closely correlated with the State's academic content standards. To support the effective implementation of the new courses of study, additional financial resources will be needed to train teachers and to provide students with current learning materials and equipment.

Internal Controls

The management of the District is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal controls designed to ensure that the assets of the District are protected from loss, theft or misuse and to ensure that adequate accounting data are compiled to allow for the preparation of financial statements in conformity with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles. The internal controls are designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that these objectives are met. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that: (1) the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived from its implementation; and (2) the valuation of cost and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management.

Budgetary Controls

The budgetary process is prescribed by provisions of the Ohio Revised Code and entails the preparation of budgetary documents within an established timetable. The major documents prepared are the certificate of estimated resources, and the appropriations resolution, both of which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The certificate of estimated resources and the appropriations resolution are subject to Board approved amendment throughout the year with the legal restriction that appropriations cannot exceed estimated resources, as certified. All funds, other than custodial funds, are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The primary level of budgetary control required by Ohio Revised Code is at the fund level. The level of budgetary control imposed by the District (the level at which expenditures cannot legally exceed the appropriated amount) is established at the fund level for all funds. Any budgetary modifications at these levels may only be made by resolution of the Board of Education. The District also maintains an encumbrance accounting system as one technique of accomplishing budgetary control. Encumbered amounts at year-end are carried forward to succeeding years and are not re-appropriated.

Independent Audit

Office of Management and Budget Uniform Guidance requires an annual audit by independent accountants. Julian & Grube, Inc. conducted the District's fiscal year 2022 audit. In addition to meeting the requirements set forth in state statutes, the audit also was designed to meet the requirements of the Federal Single Audit Act Amendments of 1996 and related OMB Uniform Guidance. The Independent Auditors' Report on the basic financial statements is included in the financial section of this report.

Acknowledgements

This report has been compiled and prepared by the Treasurer's office. Special acknowledgement is given to the Superintendent of Schools and the New Albany-Plain Board of Education for their leadership and commitment to the students, staff and community of the New Albany-Plain Local School District.

Respectfully submitted,

Rebecca Jenkins, Treasurer/CFO



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

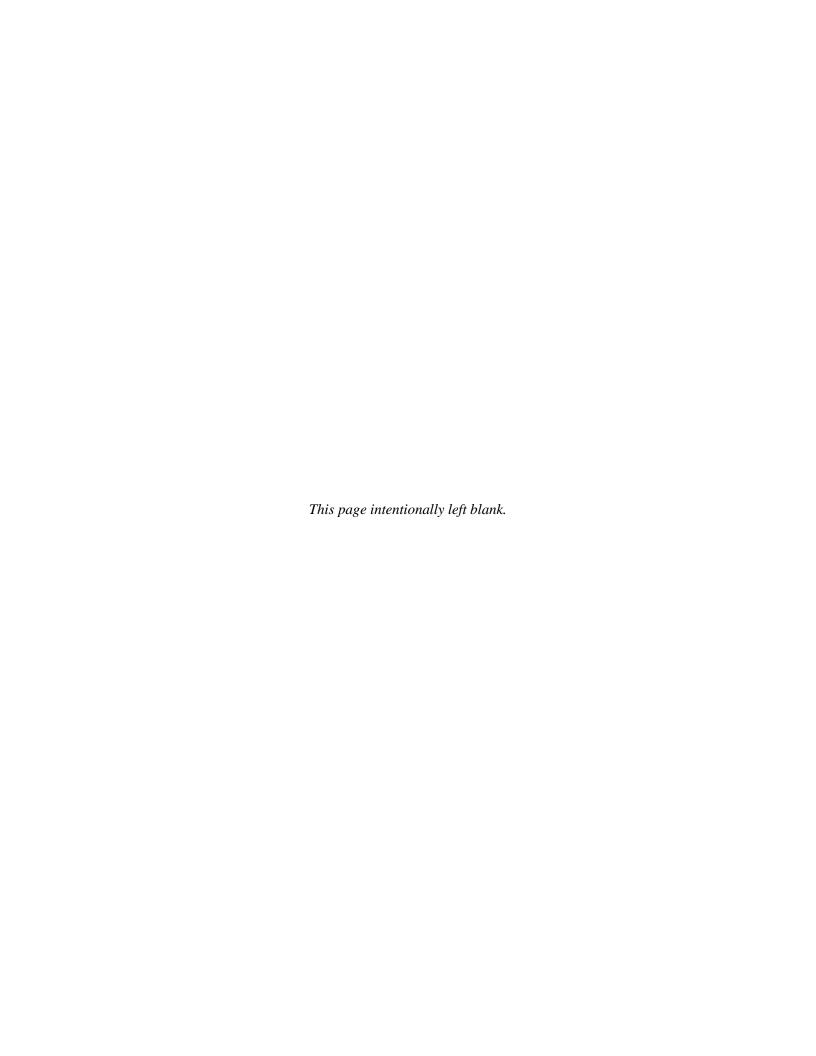
New Albany-Plain Local School District Ohio

For its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2021

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO





FINANCIAL SECTION







jginc.biz

Independent Auditor's Report

New Albany-Plain Local School District Franklin County 55 N. High Street New Albany, Ohio 43054

To the Board of Education:

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the New Albany-Plain Local School District, Franklin County, Ohio, as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the New Albany-Plain Local School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the New Albany-Plain Local School District, as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the fiscal year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the "Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements" section of our report. We are required to be independent of the New Albany-Plain Local School District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Emphasis of Matter

As described in Note 20 to the financial statements, the financial impact of COVID-19 and the continuing emergency measures may impact subsequent periods of the New Albany-Plain Local School District. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

New Albany-Plain Local School District Franklin County Independent Auditor's Report Page 2

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the New Albany-Plain Local School District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the New Albany-Plain Local School District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the New Albany-Plain Local School District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

New Albany-Plain Local School District Franklin County Independent Auditor's Report Page 3

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, and schedules of net pension and other post-employment benefit assets and liabilities and pension and other post-employment benefit contribution, and budgetary comparison information listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the New Albany-Plain Local School District's basic financial statements. The accompanying combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the introductory and statistical sections but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 18, 2022, on our consideration of the New Albany-Plain Local School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the New Albany-Plain Local School District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the New Albany-Plain Local School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Julian & Grube, Inc. December 18, 2022

Julian & Trube, thre.

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Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

As management of the New Albany-Plain Local School District (the District), we offer readers of the District's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the District's basic financial statements, which follow this section.

Financial Highlights

Key financial highlights for 2022 are as follows:

- Total net position increased by \$17.1 million from fiscal year 2021.
- Capital assets decreased \$798,437 during fiscal year 2022.
- During the fiscal year, outstanding debt decreased from principal payments and premium amortization.

Overview of the Financial Statements

The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities:

One of the most important questions asked about the District's finances is, "Is the District better off or worse off as a result of the year's activities?" The *Statement of Net Position* and the *Statement of Activities* report information about the District as a whole and about its activities in a manner that helps answer this question. These statements include all assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources using the accrual basis of accounting similar to the accounting used by private sector corporations. All of the current year revenues and expenses are taken into consideration regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the District's net position and changes in them. The change in net position provides the reader a tool to assist in determining whether the District's financial health is improving or deteriorating. The reader will need to consider other non-financial factors such as property tax base, current property tax laws, student enrollment growth, and facility conditions in arriving at their conclusion regarding the overall health of the District.

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Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Reporting the District's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

Our analysis of the District's major funds appears on the fund financial statements beginning with the Balance Sheet-Governmental Funds and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances. These statements provide detailed information about the most significant funds—not the District as a whole. Some funds are required to be established by State statute, while many other funds are established by the District to help manage money for particular purposes and compliance with various grant provisions. The District's two types of funds, governmental and proprietary, use different accounting approaches as further described in the notes to the financial statements.

Governmental Funds Most of the District's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the District's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are financial resources available to spend in the near future to finance the District's programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds is reconciled in the basic financial statements.

Proprietary Fund The District uses an internal service fund to account for health claims and premiums. This fund uses the accrual basis of accounting; the same as on the entity-wide statements. Internal service funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the District's various funds. Because these services predominately benefit governmental rather than business-type functions, they have been included within governmental activities in the governmental-wide financial statements.

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Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. A comparative analysis of fiscal year 2022 to 2021 follows from the Statements of Net Position:

Table 1 Net Position

	Governmental Activities					
	2022	2021	Change			
Assets						
Current & Other Assets	\$ 136,531,598	\$ 129,878,302	\$ 6,653,296			
Net OPEB Asset	5,708,057	4,686,087	1,021,970			
Capital Assets	85,227,888	86,026,325	(798,437)			
Total Assets	227,467,543	220,590,714	6,876,829			
Deferred Outflows of Resources						
Deferred Charges	4,616,348	5,085,635	(469,287)			
Pension & OPEB	22,729,446	19,342,772	3,386,674			
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	27,345,794	24,428,407	2,917,387			
Liabilities						
Current & Other Liabilities	11,328,229	9,911,633	1,416,596			
Long-Term Liabilities:						
Due Within One Year	5,926,868	6,608,508	(681,640)			
Due In More Than One Year:						
Pension & OPEB	49,277,919	86,777,364	(37,499,445)			
Other Amounts	77,004,070	82,770,780	(5,766,710)			
Total Liabilities	143,537,086	186,068,285	(42,531,199)			
Deferred Inflows of Resources						
Property Taxes	32,642,251	31,880,831	761,420			
Payments in Lieu of Taxes	11,675,249	11,833,701	(158,452)			
Other	1,475,291	1,612,919	(137,628)			
Pension & OPEB	45,058,529	10,369,903	34,688,626			
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	90,851,320	55,697,354	35,153,966			
Net Position						
Net Investment in Capital Assets	14,745,477	11,143,538	3,601,939			
Restricted	21,356,759	20,533,558	823,201			
Unrestricted	(15,677,305)	(28,423,614)	12,746,309			
Total Net Position	\$ 20,424,931	\$ 3,253,482	\$ 17,171,449			

The net pension and net OPEB liabilities, net OPEB asset and related deferred outflows and inflows of resources all fluctuated significantly in comparison with the prior fiscal year-end. These fluctuations are primarily the result of changes in benefit terms, changes in actuarial assumptions, and greater than expected returns on pension plan investments.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Current and other liabilities increased primarily as a result of increases in contracts payable and claims payable. Contracts payable increase is due to the timing of payments made for current construction projects. Claims payable increased as a result of an increase in the actuarial valuation report.

The table below shows the change in net position for fiscal year 2022 and 2021:

Change in Net Position

	Governmental Activities					
		2022		2021		Change
Revenues						
Program Revenues						
Charges for Services	\$	5,155,362	\$	3,967,794	\$	1,187,568
Operating Grants		6,744,865		4,322,982		2,421,883
Total Program Revenues		11,900,227		8,290,776		3,609,451
General Revenues						
Property Taxes		56,606,893		71,407,241		(14,800,348)
Payments in Lieu of Taxes		15,113,102		14,766,898		346,204
Grants & Entitlements		10,240,280		10,198,205		42,075
Other		274,047		1,354,371		(1,080,324)
Total General Revenues		82,234,322		97,726,715		(15,492,393)
Total Revenues		94,134,549		106,017,491		(11,882,942)
Program Expenses						
Instruction:						
Regular		31,788,128		36,071,228		(4,283,100)
Special		9,356,279		10,608,802		(1,252,523)
Student Intervention Services		57,034		-		57,034
Other Instruction		1,196,245		455,652		740,593
Support Services:						
Pupils		6,403,594		7,368,735		(965,141)
Instructional Staff		2,573,088		2,497,201		75,887
General Administration		277,581		270,970		6,611
School Administration		4,519,546		5,163,937		(644,391)
Business Operations		1,822,334		1,900,700		(78,366)
Operation and Maintenance of Plant		7,385,028		7,735,825		(350,797)
Student Transportation		2,568,717		2,618,980		(50,263)
Central		415,570		434,981		(19,411)
Operation of Non-Instructional/Shared Services	:					
Non-Instructional Services		1,223,043		1,174,827		48,216
Food Services		2,455,962		1,723,684		732,278
Community Services		175,557		104,504		71,053
Co-curricular Activities		2,310,536		2,203,025		107,511
Debt Service:						
Interest and Fiscal Charges		2,434,858		2,562,146		(127,288)
Total Expenses		76,963,100		82,895,197		(5,932,097)
Change in Net Position		17,171,449		23,122,294		(5,950,845)
Net Position Beginning of Year		3,253,482		(19,868,812)		23,122,294
Net Position End of Year	\$	20,424,931	\$	3,253,482	\$	17,171,449

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Operating grants increased as a result of increased ESSER and American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA) funding. Other revenues decreased primarily due to decreased investment earnings as result of a decrease in current interest rates in comparison with the interest rates in the previous fiscal year. Property Taxes decreased significantly in comparison with the prior fiscal year. This decrease is primarily the result of a significant increase in property tax revenue available to the District which occurred the prior fiscal year.

Overall, program expenses decreased. The changes in program expenses are primarily associated to changes in the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability, net OPEB liability/asset and related accruals. As previously indicated, these items are explained in detail within their respective notes.

The District's Funds

The schedule below shows the fund balance and the total change in fund balance from June 30, 2022 to 2021.

	Fund Balance		Fι	Fund Balance		Increase	
	6/30/2022			6/30/2021		(Decrease)	
General Fund	\$	53,805,467	\$	51,273,660	\$	2,531,807	
Bond Retirement Fund		8,710,889		8,830,098		(119,209)	
Other Governemtnal Funds		14,143,030		12,603,921		1,539,109	
Total	\$	76,659,386	\$	72,707,679	\$	3,951,707	

The general fund is the chief operating fund of the District. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. The fund balance of the District's general fund increased during the current fiscal year primarily as a result of revenues continuing to outpace expenditures.

The Bond Retirement Fund balance decreased due to the timing of property tax revenue and debt service payments during the year.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The District's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the general fund. Budgetary information is presented for the general fund in the required supplementary information.

Original Budget Compared to Final Budget During the year the District had no need to amend its original estimated revenues. However, the District amended its original budgeted appropriations primarily to adjust for decreases in regular and special instruction appropriations offset by increases to various appropriations.

Final Budget Compared to Actual Results Actual revenues were higher than final estimated resources. The most significant variances was for property and other local taxes and payments in lieu of taxes which were offset by a decrease in intergovernmental revenues. Actual expenditures were significantly lower than final budgeted appropriations with the most significant variances in regular and special instruction, pupils, business operations, and operation and maintenance of plant.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

The District adjusted their budget when a need was recognized for additional funds in the permanent improvement fund for future projects. There were no significant variances to discuss with other financing sources.

Capital Assets

At fiscal year-end, the District invested in land, land improvements, buildings and improvements, equipment and fixtures, and vehicles. These capital assets decreased in comparison with the prior fiscal year primarily due to current year depreciation and net disposals exceeding current year additions. During the fiscal year, the District completed the high school athletic roof and began construction for roofing for several buildings, a football field lighting and turf replacement project.

See Note 8 to the basic financial statements for additional information on Capital Assets.

Debt Administration

At fiscal year-end, the District's debt decreased in comparison with the prior fiscal year. This decrease is primarily the result of current year principal payments offset by accretion for capital appreciation bonds (CABs).

See Note 9 to the basic financial statements for additional information on long-term obligations.

Request for Information

This financial report is designed to provide our citizen's, taxpayers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information contact Rebecca Jenkins, Treasurer, New Albany-Plain Local School District, 55 North High Street, New Albany, Ohio 43054.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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Statement of Net Position June 30, 2022

	Governmental Activities
Assets	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 66,183,774
Property Taxes Receivable	56,405,428
Payments in Lieu of Taxes Receivable	11,675,249
Accounts Receivable	122,701
Accrued Interest Receivable	57,525
Due from Other Governments	461,003
Leases Receivable	1,503,618
Prepaid Assets	81,726
Materials and Supplies Inventory	40,574
Non-Depreciable Capital Assets	5,884,434
Depreciable Capital Assets, net	79,343,454
Net OPEB Asset	5,708,057
Total Assets	227,467,543
Deferred Outflows of Resources	
Unamortized Amount on Refunding	4,616,348
Pension	20,329,775
OPEB	2,399,671
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	27,345,794
	27,313,771
Liabilities Accounts Payable	793,349
Accrued Wages and Benefits Payable	6,427,711
Due to Other Governments	1,602,418
Accrued Interest Payable	205,863
Contracts Payable	471,950
Claims Payable	1,290,559
Matured Leave Benefits Payable	39,421
Unearned Revenue	496,958
Long-Term Liabilities:	470,730
Due Within One Year	5,926,868
Due in More Than One Year:	3,720,000
Net Pension Liability	44,311,735
Net OPEB Liability	4,966,184
Other Amounts Due in More Than One Year	77,004,070
Total Liabilities	
Total Liabilities	143,537,086
Deferred Inflows of Resources	22 (42 251
Property Taxes	32,642,251
Payment in Lieu of Taxes	11,675,249
Leases	1,475,291
Pension OPEB	35,293,993
	9,764,536
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	90,851,320
Net Position	14 745 477
Net Investment in Capital Assets Restricted for:	14,745,477
Debt Service	9,056,136
Capital Outlays	8,254,271
Student Activities	
Food Services	809,210 2,608,922
State Funded Programs Federally Funded Programs	217,409
Federally Funded Programs Local Sources	13,582
Unrestricted	397,229
	(15,677,305)
Total Net Position	\$ 20,424,931

Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

		Program	n Revenues	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position
	Expenses	Charges for Services and Sales	Operating Grants, Contributions and Interest	Governmental Activities
Governmental Activities				
Instruction:				
Regular	\$ 31,788,128	\$ 1,666,753	\$ 363,495	\$ (29,757,880)
Special	9,356,279	594,236	1,328,500	(7,433,543)
Student Intervention Services	57,034	24,413	31,241	(1,380)
Other Instruction	1,196,245	422	1,221,867	26,044
Support Services:				
Pupils	6,403,594	71,289	366,810	(5,965,495)
Instructional Staff	2,573,088	3,882	339,290	(2,229,916)
General Administration	277,581	-	-	(277,581)
School Administration	4,519,546	105,002	29,943	(4,384,601)
Business Operations	1,822,334	-	-	(1,822,334)
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	7,385,028	17,253	18,790	(7,348,985)
Student Transportation	2,568,717	-	51,380	(2,517,337)
Central	415,570	-	20,311	(395,259)
Operation of Non-Instructional/Shared Services:				
Non-Instructional Services	1,223,043	665,065	-	(557,978)
Food Services	2,455,962	839,169	2,845,869	1,229,076
Community Services	175,557	-	89,424	(86,133)
Co-curricular Activities	2,310,536	1,167,878	37,945	(1,104,713)
Debt Service:				
Interest and Fiscal Charges	2,434,858	-	<u> </u>	(2,434,858)
Total	\$ 76,963,100	\$ 5,155,362	\$ 6,744,865	(65,062,873)
	General Revenues Property Taxes Levi	ed for:		
	General Purposes			47,266,591
	Debt Service			8,061,358
	Permanent Improv			1,278,944
	Payments in Lieu of			15,113,102
	Unrestricted Grants			10,240,280
	Investment Earnings	3		(557,831)
	Miscellaneous			831,878
	Total General Rever	nues		82,234,322
	Change in Net Posit	tion		17,171,449
	Net Position Beginn	ing of Year		3,253,482
	Net Position End of	Year		\$ 20,424,931

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2022

	General	Bond Retirement Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Assets Cash and Cash Equivalents Property Taxes Receivable Payments in Lieu of Taxes Receivable	\$ 43,286,858 47,203,480 11,675,249	\$ 5,620,884 7,926,918	\$ 14,386,572 1,275,030	\$ 63,294,314 56,405,428 11,675,249
Accrued Interest Receivable Accounts Receivable Due from Other Governments Due from Other Funds Leases Receivable	57,525 83,273 98,743 6,708 1,503,618	- - - -	39,428 362,260	57,525 122,701 461,003 6,708 1,503,618
Prepaid Assets Materials and Supplies Inventory Total Assets	\$1,726 17,489 \$ 104,014,669	\$ 13,547,802	23,085 \$ 16,086,375	\$1,726 40,574 \$ 133,648,846
Liabilities Accounts Payable Accrued Wages and Benefits Payable Due to Other Governments Contracts Payable Due to Other Funds Matured Leave Benefits Payable Total Liabilities	\$ 614,954 6,016,432 1,515,994 - 39,421 8,186,801	\$ 212 - - - - 212	\$ 178,183 411,279 86,424 471,950 6,708	\$ 793,349 6,427,711 1,602,418 471,950 6,708 39,421 9,341,557
Deferred Inflows of Resources Property Taxes Payments in Lieu of Taxes Unavailable Revenue Leases	27,317,014 11,675,249 1,516,134 1,475,291	4,587,368	737,869	32,642,251 11,675,249 1,816,399 1,475,291
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	41,983,688	4,836,701	788,801	47,609,190
Fund Balances Nonspendable Restricted Committed Assigned Unassigned	99,215 870,306 6,179,102 46,695,557	8,710,889 - -	23,085 12,842,398 1,322,075 (44,528)	122,300 21,553,287 2,192,381 6,179,102 46,651,029
Total Fund Balance	53,844,180	8,710,889	14,143,030	76,698,099
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances	\$ 104,014,669	\$ 13,547,802	\$ 16,086,375	\$ 133,648,846

New Albany-Plain Local School District Franklin County, Ohio Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balances to

Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balances to Net Position of Governmental Activities June 30, 2022

Total Governmental Fund Balances		\$ 76,698,099
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.		85,227,888
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and therefore are deferred in the funds:		
Delinquent Property Taxes Receivable	\$ 1,774,175	
Due from Other Governments Accounts Receivable	10,827 31,397	1,816,399
Accounts Receivable	31,397	1,010,399
An internal service fund is used by management to charge the costs of insurance to individual funds.		
The assets and liabilities of the internal service fund are included in governmental activities in the statement of net position.		1,101,943
in governmental detivities in the statement of het position.		1,101,713
Accrued interest payable is not due and payable in the current period and therefore not reported in the funds.		(205,863)
Unamortized loss on refunding represents deferred outflows, which do not use current financial resources		
and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		4,616,348
The net pension liability and net OPEB liability(asset) are not due and payable in the current period, therefore,		
the asset/liabilities and related deferred inflows/outflows are not reported in governmental funds.		
Net OPEB Asset	5,708,057	
Deferred Outflows - Pension	20,329,775	
Deferred Outflows - OPEB	2,399,671	
Net Pension Liability Net OPEB Liability	(44,311,735) (4,966,184)	
Deferred Inflows - Pension	(35,293,993)	
Deferred Inflows - OPEB	(9,764,536)	(65,898,945)
Deterred minows - Of ED	(2,704,330)	(03,070,743)
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds:		
General Obligation Bonds	(65,715,000)	
Unamortized Bond Premium	(4,842,992)	
Capital Appreciation Bonds	(4,068,818)	
Accretion of Interest - Capital Appreciation Bonds	(2,911,479)	
Compensated Absences	(5,392,649)	 (82,930,938)
Net Position of Governmental Activities		\$ 20,424,931

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

		eneral und	R	Bond Letirement Fund	Go	Other overnmental Funds	G	Total overnmental Funds
Revenues Property Taxes Payments in Lieu of Taxes Tuition and Fees Co-curricular Activities Charges for Services Intergovernmental Investment Income Other Local Revenues	15 2	5,020,145 5,113,102 2,834,689 365,555 231 2,287,610 (528,361) 842,002	\$	7,850,051 - - - - 844,373	\$	1,244,847 40,728 894,062 838,464 6,665,433 17,512 325,597	\$	55,115,043 15,113,102 2,875,417 1,259,617 838,695 16,797,416 (510,849) 1,167,599
Total Revenues	73	,934,973		8,694,424		10,026,643		92,656,040
Expenditures Current: Instruction: Regular Special Student Intervention Services Other Instruction Support Services: Pupils Instructional Staff General Administration School Administration Business Operations Operation and Maintenance of Plant Student Transportation Central Operation of Non-Instructional/Shared Services: Non-Instructional Services Food Services Community Services Co-curricular Activities Debt Service	8 6 6 2 5 5 1 5 5 2 2	2,266,502 2,789,083 60,422 5,392,386 5,587,949 277,581 5,301,145 7,796,844 4,702,952 2,464,134 410,702 555,906 666,756 102,403 483,912		110,404 212		393,170 1,398,608 57,034 1,241,568 620,282 341,821 31,796 15,524 5,038,711 184,898 21,553 2,446,449 73,154 922,966		30,659,672 10,187,691 57,034 1,301,990 7,012,668 2,929,770 277,581 5,332,941 1,922,772 10,741,875 2,649,032 432,255 555,906 3,113,205 175,557 2,406,878
Principal Retirement Interest and Fiscal Charges		191,283 14,493		3,945,136 4,757,881		-		4,136,419 4,772,374
Total Expenditures	67	7,064,453		8,813,633		12,787,534		88,665,620
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	6	5,870,520		(119,209)		(2,760,891)		3,990,420
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers In Transfers Out Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		- 4,300,000) 4,300,000)		- - -		4,300,000		4,300,000 (4,300,000)
Net Change in Fund Balances	2	2,570,520		(119,209)		1,539,109		3,990,420
Fund Balances Beginning of Year	51	,273,660		8,830,098		12,603,921		72,707,679
Fund Balances End of Year	\$ 53	,844,180	\$	8,710,889	\$	14,143,030	\$	76,698,099

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. Capital Asset Additions Current Year Depreciation Serv	Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds			\$ 3,990,420
the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. Capital Asset Additions Current Year Depreciation Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. Property Taxes Integrovernmental Interest Octavers of principal and accreted interest is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. General Obligation Bonds Lenge Capital Appreciation Bonds Lenge 1920,135 Capital Appreciation Bonds Lenge 1920,135 Capital Appreciation Bonds Lenge 1920,135 Capital Appreciation Bonds 2,025,000 Lenge 1920,135 Capital Appreciation Bonds 2,025,000 Lenge 1920,135 Capital Appreciation Bonds 4,602,755 In the statement of activities, interest is accrued on outstanding bonds, and bond premium and the gain/loss on refindingly are amortized over the term of the bonds, whereas in governmental funds, an interest expendifure is reported when bonds are issued. Accrued Interest Payable Accrued Interest Payable Amortization of Premium on Bonds Amortization of Premium on Bonds Amortization of Premium and Bonds are issued. Contractually required pension/OPEB contributions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds; however, the statement of net position reports these amounts as deferred outflows. Pension OPEB Except for amount reported as deferred inflows/outflows, changes in the net pension/OPEB liability are reported as pension/OPEB expense in the statement of activities. Pension OPEB The internal service fund used by management to charge the costs of insurance to individual funds is not reported in the statement of activities, do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Compensated Absences (763,292) Some expenses reported in the statement of activities, do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as	Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:			
Capital Asset Additions (4,715,882) (798,437) Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. Property Taxes (1,52,68) (1,52,88) (1				
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. Property Taxes Integovernmental (15,268) Interest (29,470) Interest (29,470) Charges for Services (29,470) Charges for Services (29,470) Repayment of principal and accreted interest is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. General Obligation Bonds (2,025,000) Lease (1912,283) Capital Appreciation Bonds (1920,136) Accreted Interest and accreted interest is accrued on outstanding bonds, and bond premium and the gain/loss on refunding are amortized over the term of the bonds, whereas in governmental funds, an interest expenditure is reported when bonds are issued. Accrued Interest Payable (15,489)		ф	2.017.445	
as revenues in the funds. Property Taxes Intergovernmental Interest Interpovernmental Interest (29,4470) Interpovernmental and accreted interest is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. General Obligation Bonds I.ease Interest (2,025,000) I.eapital Appreciation Bonds I.ease I.eapital Appreciation Bonds I.eapital Appreciation of Refunding are amortized one utstanding bonds, and bond premium and the gainloss on refunding are amortized over the term of the bonds, whereas in governmental funds, an interest expenditure is reported when bonds are issued. Accrued Interest Payable Accrued Interest Payable Accrued Interest Payable Accrued Interest Payable Amortization of Refunding Loss Interest expenditure is reported as expenditures in governmental funds; however, the statement of net position reports these amounts as deferred outflows. Pension OPEB Except for amount reported as deferred inflows/outflows, changes in the net pension/OPEB liability are reported as pension/OPEB expense in the statement of activities. Pension OPEB Except for amount reported as deferred inflows/outflows, changes in the net pension/OPEB liability are reported as pension/OPEB expense in the statement of activities. Pension OPEB Except for amount reported as deferred inflows/outflows, changes in the net pension/OPEB liability are reported in the statement of activities, of the internal service fund revenues are eliminated. The net revenue (expense) of the internal service fund revenues are eliminated. The net	•	\$		(798,437)
Property Taxes Intergovermental (15.268) Intergovermental Interest (20.470) (15.268)				
Intergo/commental interest (15,268) Interest (29,470) (20				
Interest Charges for Services Repayment of principal and accreted interest is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. General Obligation Bonds Lease 191,283 Capital Appreciation Bonds Accreted Interest is accrued on outstanding bonds, and bond premium and the gainloss on refunding are amortized over the term of the bonds, whereas in governmental funds, an interest expenditure is reported when bonds are issued. Accrued Interest Payable Amortization of Premium on Bonds Anortization of Premium on Bonds Anortization of Refunding Loss Contractually required pension/OPEB contributions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds; however, the statement of net position reports these amounts as deferred outflows. Pension OPEB Except for amount reported as deferred inflows/outflows, changes in the net pension/OPEB liability are reported as pension/OPEB expense in the statement of activities. Pension OPEB The internal service fund used by management to charge the costs of insurance to individual funds is not reported in the statement of activities. Governmental expenditures and related internal service fund revenues are eliminated. The net revenue (expense) of the internal service fund is allocated among the governmental activities. Compensated Absences Accretion on capital appreciation bonds is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but is allocated as an expense over the life of the bonds in the statement of activities. 959,264				
Repayment of principal and accreted interest is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. General Obligation Bonds 2,025,000 1912,83 1920,136 2,2013 1920,1	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. General Obligation Bonds Lease Capital Appreciation Bonds Accreted Interest Accreted Interest Accreted Interest In the statement of activities, interest is accrued on outstanding bonds, and bond premium and the gain/loss on refunding are amortized over the term of the bonds, whereas in governmental funds, an interest expenditure is reported when bonds are issued. Accrued Interest Payable Amortization of Premium on Bonds Amortization of Refunding Loss Amortization of Refunding Loss Amortization of net position reports these amounts as deferred outflows. Pension OPEB Except for amount reported as deferred inflows/outflows, changes in the net pension/OPEB liability are reported as pension/OPEB expense in the statement of activities. Pension OPEB The internal service fund used by management to charge the costs of insurance to individual funds is not reported in the statement of activities. Governmental expenditures and related internal service fund revenues are eliminated. The net revenue (expense) of the internal service fund revenues are eliminated. The net revenue (expense) of the internal service fund revenues are eliminated. The net revenue (expense) of the internal service fund is allocated among the governmental activities. Compensated Absences Accretion on capital appreciation bonds is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but is allocated as an expense over the life of the bonds in the statement of activities. 959,264				1,478,509
General Obligation Bonds Lease Capital Appreciation Bonds Accreted Interest Capital Appreciation Bonds Accreted Interest Accreted Interest Accretion on capital appreciation Bonds Accreted Interest Capital Appreciation Bonds Accreted Interest Accrease Accrease Accrease In the statement of activities, interest is accrued on outstanding bonds, and bond premium and the gain/loss on refunding are amortized over the term of the bonds, whereas in governmental funds, an interest expenditure is reported when bonds are issued. Accrued Interest Payable Amortization of Premium on Bonds Amortization of Premium on Bonds Amortization of Refunding Loss (469,287) 911,916 Contractually required pension/OPEB contributions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds; however, the statement of net position reports these amounts as deferred outflows. Pension OPEB Accretion on apoint reported as deferred inflows/outflows, changes in the net pension/OPEB liability are reported as pension/OPEB expense in the statement of activities. Pension OPEB Accretion on capital appreciation bonds is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but is allocated as an expense over the life of the bonds in the statement of activities. Ome expense over the life of the bonds in the statement of activities. Accretion on capital appreciation bonds is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but is allocated as an expense over the life of the bonds in the statement of activities. 959,264				
Lease Capital Appreciation Bonds Accreted Interest Accreted Interest Accreted Interest is accrued on outstanding bonds, and bond premium and the gain/loss on refunding are amortized over the term of the bonds, whereas in governmental funds, an interest expenditure is reported when bonds are issued. Accrued Interest Payable Amortization of Premium on Bonds Accrued Interest Payable Amortization of Refunding Loss Amortization of Refunding Loss Amortization of Refunding Loss Amortization of Refunding Loss Contractually required pension/OPEB contributions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds; however, the statement of net position reports these amounts as deferred outflows. Pension OPEB Except for amount reported as deferred inflows/outflows, changes in the net pension/OPEB liability are reported as pension/OPEB expense in the statement of activities. Pension OPEB The internal service fund used by management to charge the costs of insurance to individual funds is not reported in the statement of activities. Governmental expenditures and related internal service fund revenues are eliminated. The net revenue (expense) of the internal service fund revenues are eliminated. The net revenue (expense) of the internal service fund revenues are eliminated. The net revenue (expense) of the internal service fund revenues are eliminated. The net revenue (expense) of the internal service fund revenues are eliminated. The net revenue (expense) of the internal service fund revenues are eliminated. The net revenue (expense) of the internal service fund sellocated among the governmental activities. Governmental funds. Compensated Absences Accretion on capital appreciation bonds is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but is allocated as an expense over the life of the bonds in the statement of activities.			2,025,000	
Accreted interest 466,336 4,602,755 In the statement of activities, interest is accrued on outstanding bonds, and bond premium and the gain/loss on refunding are amortized over the term of the bonds, whereas in governmental funds, an interest expenditure is reported when bonds are issued. Accrued Interest Payable 154,899 Amortization of Premium on Bonds 1,226,304 Amortization of Refunding Loss (469,287) 911,916 Contractually required pension/OPEB contributions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds; however, the statement of net position reports these amounts as deferred outflows. Pension 6,632,049 OPEB 6,768,718 Except for amount reported as deferred inflows/outflows, changes in the net pension/OPEB liability are reported as pension/OPEB expense in the statement of activities. Pension 24,817 OPEB 24,817 OPEB 425,928 450,745 The internal service fund used by management to charge the costs of insurance to individual funds is not reported in the statement of activities. Governmental expenditures and related internal service fund revenues are eliminated. The net revenue (expense) of the internal service fund is allocated among the governmental activities. Compensated Absences (429,149) Accretion on capital appreciation bonds is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but is allocated as an expense over the life of the bonds in the statement of activities.	Č		191,283	
In the statement of activities, interest is accrued on outstanding bonds, and bond premium and the gain/loss on refunding are amortized over the term of the bonds, whereas in governmental funds, an interest expenditure is reported when bonds are issued. Accrued Interest Payable Amortization of Premium on Bonds Amortization of Refunding Loss (469,287) Amortization of Refunding Loss (469,287) Polysion OPEB contributions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds; however, the statement of net position reports these amounts as deferred outflows. Pension OPEB Except for amount reported as deferred inflows/outflows, changes in the net pension/OPEB liability are reported as pension/OPEB expense in the statement of activities. Pension OPEB Except for amount reported as deferred inflows/outflows, changes in the net pension/OPEB liability are reported as pension/OPEB expense in the statement of activities. Pension OPEB The internal service fund used by management to charge the costs of insurance to individual funds is not reported in the statement of activities. Governmental expenditures and related internal service fund revenues are climinated. The net revenue (expense) of the internal service fund revenues are climinated. The net revenue (expense) of the internal service fund is allocated among the governmental activities. Compenses reported in the statement of activities, do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Compensated Absences (429,149) Accretion on capital appreciation bonds is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but is allocated as an expense over the life of the bonds in the statement of activities.	Capital Appreciation Bonds		1,920,136	
gain/loss on refunding are amortized over the term of the bonds, whereas in governmental funds, an interest expenditure is reported when bonds are issued. Accrued Interest Payable Amortization of Premium on Bonds Amortization of Refunding Loss Amortization of Refunding Loss Contractually required pension/OPEB contributions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds; however, the statement of net position reports these amounts as deferred outflows. Pension OPEB Except for amount reported as deferred inflows/outflows, changes in the net pension/OPEB liability are reported as pension/OPEB expense in the statement of activities. Pension OPEB The internal service fund used by management to charge the costs of insurance to individual funds is not reported in the statement of activities. Governmental expenditures and related internal service fund revenues are eliminated. The net revenue (expense) of the internal service fund is allocated among the governmental activities. Compensated Absences Accretion on capital appreciation bonds is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but is allocated as an expense over the life of the bonds in the statement of activities. 959,264	Accreted Interest		466,336	4,602,755
Accrued Interest Payable Amortization of Premium on Bonds Amortization of Premium on Bonds Amortization of Refunding Loss Contractually required pension/OPEB contributions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds; however, the statement of net position reports these amounts as deferred outflows. Pension OPEB Except for amount reported as deferred inflows/outflows, changes in the net pension/OPEB liability are reported as pension/OPEB expense in the statement of activities. Pension OPEB The internal service fund used by management to charge the costs of insurance to individual funds is not reported in the statement of activities. Governmental expenditures and related internal service fund revenues are eliminated. The net revenue (expense) of the internal service fund is allocated among the governmental activities. Compensated Absences Compensated Absences Accretion on capital appreciation bonds is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but is allocated as an expense over the life of the bonds in the statement of activities. 959,264	gain/loss on refunding are amortized over the term of the bonds, whereas in governmental funds,			
Amortization of Premium on Bonds Amortization of Refunding Loss Contractually required pension/OPEB contributions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds; however, the statement of net position reports these amounts as deferred outflows. Pension OPEB OPEB Except for amount reported as deferred inflows/outflows, changes in the net pension/OPEB liability are reported as pension/OPEB expense in the statement of activities. Pension OPEB Except for amount reported as pension/OPEB expense in the statement of activities. Pension OPEB The internal service fund used by management to charge the costs of insurance to individual funds is not reported in the statement of activities. Governmental expenditures and related internal service fund revenues are climinated. The net revenue (expense) of the internal service fund is allocated among the governmental activities. Compensated Absences Accretion on capital appreciation bonds is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but is allocated as an expense over the life of the bonds in the statement of activities. 959,264			154 899	
Amortization of Refunding Loss (469,287) 911,916 Contractually required pension/OPEB contributions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds; however, the statement of net position reports these amounts as deferred outflows. Pension 6,632,049 136,669 6,768,718 Except for amount reported as deferred inflows/outflows, changes in the net pension/OPEB liability are reported as pension/OPEB expense in the statement of activities. Pension 24,817 OPEB 24,817 OPEB 425,928 450,745 The internal service fund used by management to charge the costs of insurance to individual funds is not reported in the statement of activities. Governmental expenditures and related internal service fund revenues are eliminated. The net revenue (expense) of the internal service fund is allocated among the governmental activities. Some expenses reported in the statement of activities, do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Compensated Absences (429,149) Accretion on capital appreciation bonds is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but is allocated as an expense over the life of the bonds in the statement of activities.				
however, the statement of net position reports these amounts as deferred outflows. Pension OPEB OPEB Except for amount reported as deferred inflows/outflows, changes in the net pension/OPEB liability are reported as pension/OPEB expense in the statement of activities. Pension OPEB 24,817 OPEB The internal service fund used by management to charge the costs of insurance to individual funds is not reported in the statement of activities. Governmental expenditures and related internal service fund revenues are eliminated. The net revenue (expense) of the internal service fund is allocated among the governmental activities. Some expenses reported in the statement of activities, do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Compensated Absences Accretion on capital appreciation bonds is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but is allocated as an expense over the life of the bonds in the statement of activities. 959,264				911,916
OPEB Except for amount reported as deferred inflows/outflows, changes in the net pension/OPEB liability are reported as pension/OPEB expense in the statement of activities. Pension OPEB The internal service fund used by management to charge the costs of insurance to individual funds is not reported in the statement of activities. Governmental expenditures and related internal service fund revenues are eliminated. The net revenue (expense) of the internal service fund is allocated among the governmental activities. Some expenses reported in the statement of activities, do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Compensated Absences Accretion on capital appreciation bonds is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but is allocated as an expense over the life of the bonds in the statement of activities. 959,264	however, the statement of net position reports these amounts as deferred outflows.			
Except for amount reported as deferred inflows/outflows, changes in the net pension/OPEB liability are reported as pension/OPEB expense in the statement of activities. Pension OPEB 425,928 450,745 The internal service fund used by management to charge the costs of insurance to individual funds is not reported in the statement of activities. Governmental expenditures and related internal service fund revenues are eliminated. The net revenue (expense) of the internal service fund is allocated among the governmental activities. Some expenses reported in the statement of activities, do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Compensated Absences Accretion on capital appreciation bonds is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but is allocated as an expense over the life of the bonds in the statement of activities.				
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OPEB 425,928 450,745 The internal service fund used by management to charge the costs of insurance to individual funds is not reported in the statement of activities. Governmental expenditures and related internal service fund revenues are eliminated. The net revenue (expense) of the internal service fund is allocated among the governmental activities. (763,292) Some expenses reported in the statement of activities, do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Compensated Absences (429,149) Accretion on capital appreciation bonds is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but is allocated as an expense over the life of the bonds in the statement of activities. 959,264	reported as pension/OPEB expense in the statement of activities.			
The internal service fund used by management to charge the costs of insurance to individual funds is not reported in the statement of activities. Governmental expenditures and related internal service fund revenues are eliminated. The net revenue (expense) of the internal service fund is allocated among the governmental activities. (763,292) Some expenses reported in the statement of activities, do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Compensated Absences (429,149) Accretion on capital appreciation bonds is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but is allocated as an expense over the life of the bonds in the statement of activities.			,	450 545
reported in the statement of activities. Governmental expenditures and related internal service fund revenues are eliminated. The net revenue (expense) of the internal service fund is allocated among the governmental activities. (763,292) Some expenses reported in the statement of activities, do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Compensated Absences (429,149) Accretion on capital appreciation bonds is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but is allocated as an expense over the life of the bonds in the statement of activities.	OPEB		425,928	450,745
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities, do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Compensated Absences Accretion on capital appreciation bonds is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but is allocated as an expense over the life of the bonds in the statement of activities. (429,149)	reported in the statement of activities. Governmental expenditures and related internal service fund revenues are eliminated. The net revenue (expense) of the internal service fund is allocated among			(7.52.202)
and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Compensated Absences Accretion on capital appreciation bonds is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but is allocated as an expense over the life of the bonds in the statement of activities. (429,149)	the governmental activities.			(763,292)
Accretion on capital appreciation bonds is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but is allocated as an expense over the life of the bonds in the statement of activities. 959,264	and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.			(400 145)
expense over the life of the bonds in the statement of activities. 959,264	Compensated Absences			(429,149)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities \$ 17,171,449	Accretion on capital appreciation bonds is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but is allocated as an expense over the life of the bonds in the statement of activities.			 959,264
	Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities			\$ 17,171,449

Statement of Fund Net Position Proprietary Fund June 30, 2022

	Governmental Activities		
	Internal Service Fund		
		Tunu	
Assets Current Assets: Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	2,889,460	
Total Current Assets	Ψ	2,889,460	
Current Liabilities:			
Unearned Revenue		496,958	
Claims Payable		1,290,559	
Total Current Liabilities		1,787,517	
Net Position			
Unrestricted		1,101,943	
Total Net Position	\$	1,101,943	

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position Proprietary Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Governmental Activities
	Internal Service Fund
Operating Revenues	
Charges for Services Other	\$ 6,127,356 84,035
Total Operating Revenues	6,211,391
Operating Expenses Purchased Services Claims	1,003,750 5,970,933
Total Operating Expenses	6,974,683
Operating Income (Loss)	(763,292)
Net Position Beginning of Year	1,865,235
Net Position End of Year	\$ 1,101,943

Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

	G	overnmental Activities
	Int	ternal Service Fund
Coll Eller of the Orange And Maria		
Cash Flows from Operating Activities	¢.	(110 252
Cash Received from Charges for Services	\$	6,110,253
Cash Received from Other Operating Receipts		180,040
Cash Payments for Contract Services		(1,003,750)
Cash Payments for Claims		(5,574,337)
Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Operating Activities		(287,794)
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents		(287,794)
Cash and Cash Equivalents Beginning of Year		3,177,254
Cash and Cash Equivalents End of Year	\$	2,889,460
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Operating Activities		
Operating Income (Loss)	\$	(763,292)
Adjustments:		
(Increase) Decrease in Assets and Deferred Outflows:		
Accounts Receivable		96,005
Increase (Decrease) in Liabilities and Deferred Inflows:		90,003
Claims Payable		396,596
Unearned Revenue		
Onearned Revenue		(17,103)
Net Cash Provided by (Used For) Operating Activities	\$	(287,794)

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

NOTE 1 – DESCRIPTION OF THE DISTRICT

The New Albany-Plain Local School District, (the District), is a body politic and corporate established, for the purpose of exercising the rights and privileges conveyed to it by the constitution and laws of the State of Ohio. The District is a local district as defined by Section 3311.02 of the Ohio Revised Code. The District operates under an elected Board of Education (5 members) and is responsible for the provision for public education to residents of the District.

The District co-operates with the Educational Service Center of Central Ohio, a separate entity, for curricular services.

The District provides regular and special instruction. The District also provides support services for the pupils, instructional staff, general and school administration, business and fiscal services, facilities acquisitions and construction services, operation and maintenance of plant, student transportation, food services, extracurricular activities, and non-programmed services.

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Reporting Entity

The reporting entity has been defined in accordance with GASB Statement No.14, "The Financial Reporting Entity" as amended by GASB Statement No. 39, "Determining Whether Certain Organizations Are Component Units" and GASB Statement No. 61, "The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus". The reporting entity is composed of the primary government, component units and other organizations that are included to ensure that the basic financial statements of the District are not misleading. The primary government consists of all funds, departments, boards and agencies that are not legally separate from the District. For the District, this includes general operations, food service and student related activities of the District.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the District is financially accountable. The District is financially accountable for an organization if the District appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and (1) the District is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the District is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; or (3) the District is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or (4) the District is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the District in that the District approves the budget, the issuance of debt or the levying of taxes. The District had no component units for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022.

The District is also associated with jointly governed organizations, an insurance purchasing pool, and a joint operation. These organizations include:

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Jointly Governed Organizations

Metropolitan Educational Technology Association The District participates in the Metropolitan Educational Technology Association (META). META is composed of over 200 members which includes school districts, joint vocational schools, educational service centers, and libraries covering 37 counties in Central Ohio. The META helps its members purchase services, insurances, supplies, and other items at a discounted rate. The governing board of META is composed of either the superintendent, a designated representative or a member of the board of education for each participating school district in Franklin County and one representative from each county outside of Franklin County. Each year, the participating school districts pay a membership fee to META to cover the costs of administering the program. Financial information may be obtained from the Metropolitan Educational Technology Association, 2100 Citygate Dr., Columbus, OH 43219.

Eastland-Fairfield Career & Technical Schools Eastland-Fairfield Career & Technical Schools is a distinct political subdivision of the State of Ohio operated under the direction of a Board consisting of nine members who are appointed by various associate school boards, which possesses its own budgeting and taxing authority. To obtain financial information write to the Eastland-Fairfield Career & Technical Schools, Dawn Lemley, who serves as Treasurer, at 4300 Amalgamated Place, P.O. Box 419, Groveport, Ohio 43125-0419.

New Albany-Plain Local Joint Park District The New Albany-Plain Local Joint Park District (the "Park District") is a distinct political subdivision of the State of Ohio operated under the direction of the Board consisting of one representative from each of the participating entities as follows: 1) The City of New Albany; 2) Plain Township and 3) The New Albany-Plain Local Board of Education. The Park District possesses its own budgeting and taxing authority.

Insurance Purchasing Pool

Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan – The District participates in the Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Program (GRP), an insurance purchasing pool. The GRP's business and affairs are conducted by a three-member Board of directors consisting of the President, the President-Elect, and the Immediate Past President of the OSBA. The Executive Director of the OSBA, or his designee, serves as coordinator of the program. Each year, the participating school districts pay an enrollment fee to the GRP to cover the costs of administering the program.

The intent of the GRP is to achieve the benefit of a reduced premium for the District by virtue of its grouping and representation with other participants in the GRP. The workers compensation experience of the participating school districts is calculated as one experience and a common premium rate is applied to all school districts in the GRP. Each participant pays its workers' compensation premium to the State based on the rate for the GRP rather than its individual rate. Total savings are then calculated and each participant's individual performance is compared to the overall savings percentage of the GRP. A participant will then either receive money from or be required to contribute to the "Equity Pooling Fund". This "equity pooling" arrangement insures that each participant shares equally in the overall performance of the GRP. Participation in the GRP is limited to school districts that can meet the GRP's selection criteria. The firm of Comp Management Health Systems provides administrative, cost control and actuarial services to the GRP.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Joint Operation

New Albany Performing Arts Center – During 2004, the District entered into a joint operating agreement with City of New Albany (the "City"), Plain Township (the "Township") and the New Albany Community Foundation (the "Foundation") for the operations of the New Albany Performing Arts Center (the "Center"). The Center was constructed through a joint collaboration between the City, District and Township. Each of these entities owns a portion of the Center, as tenants in common, equal to their financial contribution of the construction. The City, District and Township have committed amounts not to exceed \$5 million, \$5 million, and \$3 million, respectively, to supplement the construction of the Center. The Foundation has committed to use its best efforts to raise approximately \$2.3 million to be applied to an endowment for the purpose of subsidizing the operation of the Center.

The Center will serve both school and community needs, including music, theater, dance and ballet. The Center is run by a six-member Board of Trustees (the "Board") consisting of two members appointed by the District, two members appointed by the City, one member appointed by the Township and one member appointed by the Foundation. The District does not appoint a voting majority of the Board.

The District had no ongoing financial interest or responsibility in the operation of the Center until final construction and the Performing Arts Center became fully operational, at this time the relationship between the Performing Arts Center and the District was re-evaluated.

The Center became fully operational in June 2008 with an amended operating agreement being finalized in February 2008. The new agreement now provides the District, as well as the City and Township, with ongoing equity interests. As a result, in fiscal year 2008, the District recorded the Performing Arts Center as a capital asset in an amount equal to its original contribution as a percentage of total contributions compared to the value of the construction cost of the Performing Arts Center, which was \$15,125,158.

Financial information for the Center may be obtained from the Treasurer of the New Albany-Plain Local School District at 55 North High Street, New Albany, OH 43054.

B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The District's basic financial statements consist of government-wide statements, including a statement of net position and a statement of activities, and fund financial statements, which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds. The statements usually distinguish between those activities of the District that are governmental (primarily supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues) and those that are considered business-type activities (primarily supported by fees and charges). The District, however, has no business-type activities. The internal service fund operating activities are eliminated to avoid overstatement of revenues and operations.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

The statement of net position presents the financial condition of the governmental activities of the District at fiscal year-end. The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each program or function of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program, or department, and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program, grants, and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program and interest earned on grants that is required to be used to support a particular program. Revenues which are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the District. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the District.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements.

Fund Financial Statements

During the fiscal year, the District segregates transactions related to certain District functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the District at this more detailed level. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. The proprietary fund is reported by type.

Fund Accounting

The District uses funds to maintain its financial records during the fiscal year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. There are three categories of funds: governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary.

Governmental Funds – Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The following are descriptions of the District's major governmental funds:

General Fund – The general fund is the operating fund of the District and is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Bond Retirement Fund – The bond retirement fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, bond principal, interest, and related costs.

The other governmental funds of the District account for grants and other resources whose use is restricted or committed to a particular purpose.

Proprietary Fund Types – Proprietary fund reporting focuses on the determination of operating income, changes in net position, financial position, and cash flows. Proprietary funds are classified as enterprise or internal service. The District's proprietary fund is an internal service fund used to account for money received from other funds as payment for providing health insurance. Payments are made to a third party administrator for claims payments.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Fiduciary Fund Type – Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net position and changes in net position. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension (and other employee benefit) trust funds, investment trust funds, private-purpose trust funds and custodial funds. Trust funds are distinguished from custodial funds by the existence of a trust agreement or equivalent arrangements that have certain characteristics. Custodial funds are used to report fiduciary activities that are not required to be reported in a trust fund. The District does not have any trust funds. The District's fiduciary fund is a custodial fund. Custodial funds are used to account for assets held by the District as fiscal agent for the Ohio High School Athletic Association with monies collected and distributed by the District on their behalf. This fund did not have any activity during the current fiscal year.

C. Measurement Focus, basis of accounting and financial statement presentation

The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the current resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Differences in accrual and modified accrual basis of accounting arise in the recognition of revenue, recording of unavailable revenues, and presentation of expenditures and expenses.

Revenues – Exchange and Non-exchange Transactions

Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the District, available means expected to be received within sixty days of fiscal year-end.

Nonexchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied (see Note 5). Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the District on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from nonexchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at fiscal year-end: property taxes available as an advance, interest, tuition, grants, and fees.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statements of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net assets that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. For the District, deferred outflows of resources are reported on the government-wide statement of net position for deferred charges on refunding, for pension and OPEB. The deferred outflows of resources related to pension and OPEB plans are explained in Notes 11 and 12.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

In addition to liabilities, the statements of financial position report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net assets that applies to a future period and will not be recognized until that time. For the District, deferred inflows of resources include property taxes, payment in lieu of taxes (PILOT), pension, OPEB and unavailable revenue. Property taxes represent amounts for which there is an enforceable legal claim as of June 30, 2022, but which were levied to finance fiscal year 2023 operations. These amounts have been recorded as a deferred inflow on both the government-wide statement of net position and governmental fund financial statements. Unavailable revenue is reported only on the governmental funds balance sheet, and represents receivables which will not be collected within the available period. For the District, unavailable revenue primarily includes delinquent property taxes, payments in lieu of taxes, and intergovernmental revenues. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period the amounts become available. The details of these unavailable revenues are identified on the Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balances to Net Position of Governmental Activities. Deferred inflows of resources related to pension and OPEB plans are reported on the government-wide statement of net position. (See Notes 11 and 12)

Expenditures/Expenses

On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation, are not recognized in governmental funds.

D. Cash and Investments

To improve cash management, all cash received by the District is pooled. Monies for all funds are maintained in this account or temporarily used to purchase short-term investments. Individual fund integrity is maintained through District records. Each fund's interest in the pool is presented as "Cash and Cash Equivalents" on the balance sheet.

Except for nonparticipating investment contracts, investments are reported at fair value. Nonparticipating investment contracts such as repurchase agreements and nonnegotiable certificates of deposits are reported at cost.

During the fiscal year, the District has invested funds in the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAROhio). STAR Ohio is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office, which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAROhio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but has adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), Statement No. 79, "Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants." The District measures their investment in STAR Ohio at the net asset value (NAV) per share provided by STAR Ohio. The NAV per share is calculated on an amortized cost basis that provides a NAV per share that approximates fair value.

For fiscal year 2022, there were no limitations or restrictions on any participant withdrawals due to redemption notice periods, liquidity fees, or redemption gates. However, notice must be given 24 hours in advance of all deposits and withdrawals exceeding \$100 million. STAR Ohio reserves the right to limit the transition to \$250 million, requiring the excess amount to be transacted the following business day(s), but only to the \$250 million limit. All accounts of the participant will be combined for these purposes.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Following Ohio statutes, the Board of Education has, by resolution, specified the funds to receive an allocation of interest earnings. Interest revenue credited to the general fund during fiscal year 2022 amounted to \$(578,970) which includes \$(216,080) assigned from other District funds

For presentation on the financial statements, investments of the cash management pool and investments with an original maturity of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the District are considered to be cash equivalents. Investments with an initial maturity of more than three months that are not purchased from the pool are reported as investments.

E. Prepaid Items

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and fund financial statements. A current asset for the prepaid amount is recorded at the time of purchase and an expenditure/expense is reported in the year which services are consumed.

F. Inventory

All inventories are valued at cost using the first in, first out (FIFO) method. Inventories of governmental funds are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased. At fiscal year-end, inventory consists of donated food and purchased food, supplies held for resale, and tires, fuel and oil held for use by transportation. Donated commodities are presented at their entitlement value.

G. Capital Assets and Depreciation

General capital assets are those related to government activities. These assets generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net position but are not reported in the fund financial statements.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value as of the date received. The District's capitalization threshold is \$10,000. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an assets life are not. All reported capital assets except land and construction in progress are depreciated. The District currently does not possess any infrastructure. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

<u>Description</u>	Estimated Lives
Land improvements	20 years
Buildings and improvements	10-50 years
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	5-20 years
Vehicles	8 years

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

H. Interfund Balances

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditure/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds. These transfers are eliminated from the statement of activities.

On fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as "due to/from other funds", and receivables and payables resulting from long-term interfund loans are classified as "advances to/from other funds". These amounts are eliminated in the statement of net position.

I. Compensated Absences

GASB Statement No. 16, "Accounting for Compensated Absences", specifies the method used to accrue liabilities for leave benefits. Vacation benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned if the employees' rights to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered and it is probable that the District will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means. Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the vesting method. The liability includes the employees who are currently eligible to receive termination benefits and those the District has identified as probable of receiving payment in the future. The amount is based on accumulated sick leave and employees' wage rates at fiscal year-end, taking into consideration any limits specified in the District's termination policy.

For governmental funds, the District records a liability for accumulated unused vacation time when earned for all employees with more than one year of service. The District records a liability for accumulated unused sick leave for all employees after 10 years of current service with the District. The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the entity-wide financial statements. For governmental fund financial statements, compensated absences are recognized as liabilities and expenditures as payments come due each period upon the occurrence of employee resignations and retirements.

On the governmental fund financial statements, compensated absences are recognized as liabilities and expenditures to the extent payments come due each period upon the occurrence of employee resignations and retirements. These amounts are recorded in the account "matured leave benefits payable" in the funds from which these payments will be made.

J. Unearned Revenue

Under both the accrual and modified accrual basis of accounting, revenue may be recognized only when it is earned. If assets are recognized in connection with a transaction before the earnings process is complete, those assets must be offset by a corresponding liability for unearned revenue.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

K. Accrued Liabilities and Long-term Obligations

All accrued liabilities and long-term debt is reported in the government-wide financial statements. For governmental fund financial statements, these accrued liabilities are generally reported as a governmental fund liability if due for payment as of the balance sheet date regardless of whether they will be liquidated with current financial resources. However, claims for judgments and compensated absences paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only for the portion expected to be financed from expendable available financial resources. Long-term liabilities paid from governmental funds are not recognized as a liability in the fund financial statements until due. Net pension/OPEB liability should be recognized in the governmental funds to the extent that benefit payments are due and payable and the pension/OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is not sufficient for payment of those benefits.

L. Pensions/Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, net OPEB liability(asset), deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions/OPEB, and pension/OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the pension/OPEB plans and additions to/deductions from their fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the pension/OPEB plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. The pension/OPEB plans report investments at fair value.

M. Fund Balance

In accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statements No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting, the District classifies its fund balance based on the purpose for which the resources were received and the level of constraint placed on the resources. The categories are as follows:

Nonspendable – The nonspendable fund balance classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash.

Restricted – Fund balance is reported as restricted when constraints are placed on the use of resources that are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed – The committed classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes imposed by a formal action (resolution) of the Board of Education. The committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Board of Education removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (resolution) it employed to previously commit those amounts. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Assigned – Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the District for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria as restricted or committed. Although no specific resolution has been made, the District Board of Education authorizes the Treasurer to assign fund balance. The Board may also assign fund balance when appropriating fund balance to cover a gap between estimated revenue and appropriations in the subsequent year's appropriated budget.

Unassigned – Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the General Fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is only used to report a deficit fund balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed, or assigned.

The District first applies restricted resources when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications can be used.

N. Net Position

Net position represent the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net investment in capital assets consist of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balance of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments. The District applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available.

None of the District's reported net position at June 30, 2022 was restricted by enabling legislation.

O. Bond Issuance Costs, Bond Premiums/Discounts, and Gain/Loss on Refundings

In the government-wide financial statements, bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the term of the bonds using the straight-line method, which approximates the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium and discount. Bond issuance costs are expensed as incurred. On the governmental fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize issuance costs, bond premiums, and bond discounts in the current period. The face amount of the debt issue is reported as other financing sources. Premiums and discounts received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources and uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Any gain or loss on refunding is allocated over the life of the debt or the new debt whichever is shorter.

P. Extraordinary and Special Items

Extraordinary items are transactions or events that are both unusual in nature and infrequent in occurrence. Special items are transactions or events that are within the control of District management and that are either unusual in nature or infrequent in occurrence. During the fiscal year, the District did not incur any transactions that would be classified as an extraordinary item or special item.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Q. Estimates

The preparation of the basic financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the basic financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

R. Operating Revenues and Expenses

Operating revenues are those revenues that are generated directly from the primary activity of the Internal Service Fund. For the District, these revenues are primarily charges for services. Operating expenses are necessary costs incurred to provide the good or service that is the primary activity of the Internal Service Fund. All revenues and expenses not meeting these definitions are classified as non-operating.

NOTE 3 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

State statutes classify monies held by the District into three categories.

Active deposits are public deposits necessary to meet current demands on the treasury. Such monies must be maintained either as cash in the District treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the Board of Education has identified as not required for use within the current five-year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim moneys are those monies which are not needed for immediate use but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts including passbook accounts.

Protection of the District's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, or by the financial institutions participation in the Ohio Pooled Collateral System (OPCS), a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to the Treasurer of State to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution.

Interim monies to be deposited or invested in the following securities:

- 1. United States Treasury Notes, Bills, Bonds, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States;
- 2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligations or securities issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality, including but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, and Government National Mortgage Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

- 3. Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided that the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least two percent and be marked to market daily, and that the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;
- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio, and with certain limitations including a requirement for maturity within ten years from date of settlement, bonds and other obligations of political subdivisions of the State of Ohio, if training requirements have been met;
- 5. Time certificates of deposit or savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts;
- 6. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in items (1) and (2) above and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;
- 7. The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAR Ohio);
- 8. Certain banker's acceptance and commercial paper notes for a period not to exceed one hundred eighty days and two hundred seventy days respectively, from the purchase date in an amount not to exceed 40 percent of the interim monies available for investment at any one time if training requirements have been met; and,

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations reverse repurchase agreements and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage and short selling are also prohibited. Except as noted above, an investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the District, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity. Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the Treasurer or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

Deposits - At year-end, the District's bank balance of \$6,600,180 was either covered by FDIC or through the Ohio Pooled Collateral System.

Custodial Credit Risk Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in possession of an outside party.

The District has no deposit policy for custodial risk beyond the requirement of State statute. Ohio law requires that deposits either be insured or be protected by:

• Eligible securities pledged to the District and deposited with a qualified trustee by the financial institution as security for repayment whose market value at all times shall be at least 105 percent of the deposits being secured; or

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

• Participation in the Ohio Pooled Collateral System (OPCS), a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to the Treasurer of State to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution. OPCS requires the total market value of the securities pledged to be 102 percent of the deposits being secured or a rate set by the Treasurer of State.

For fiscal year 2022, the District's financial institutions were approved for a collateral rate of 102 percent through OPCS but were negotiated with the District to carry 105 percent.

Investments

At fiscal year-end, the District reported the following investments:

					Investment Maturities		
	S&P		Measurement	Percent	Within	1 to 3	Greater than
Level	Rating	Investment Type	Value	of Total	1 Year	Years	3 Years
		Net Asset Value (NAV):					
	AAAm	STAR Ohio	\$23,528,003	39.38%	\$23,528,003	\$ -	\$ -
	NR	Money Market	22,857	0.04%	22,857	-	-
		Fair Value:					
2	AA+	FFCB	1,440,502	2.41%	-	1,095,783	344,719
2	AAA	FHLB	5,612,285	9.39%	-	5,088,909	523,376
2	AA+	FHLM	2,416,786	4.04%	-	962,956	1,453,830
2	NR	Negotiable CD's	6,389,623	10.69%	3,715,432	2,674,191	-
2	A-1	Commercial Paper	15,789,630	26.43%	15,789,630	-	-
2	AA+	US T-Note	3,597,232	6.02%	-	3,097,486	499,746
2	AA-	Municipal Bonds	956,288	1.60%	500,870	261,006	194,412
		Total	\$ 59,753,206	100.00%	\$ 43,556,792	\$ 13,180,331	\$ 3,016,083

The District categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. The above table identifies the District's recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2022. The District's investments measured at fair value are valued using methodologies that incorporate market inputs such as benchmark yields, reported trades, broker/dealer quotes, issuer spreads, two-sided markets, benchmark securities, bids, offers, and reference data including market research publications. Market indicators and industry and economic events are also monitored which could require the need to acquire further market data (Level 2 inputs).

Interest Rate Risk: As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates and according to state law, the District's investment policy limits investment portfolio maturities to five years or less, unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the District.

Credit Risk: STAR Ohio is an investment pool operated by the Ohio State Treasurer. It is unclassified since it is not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form. Ohio law requires STAR Ohio maintain the highest rating provided by at least one nationally recognized standard rating service. The weighted average of maturity of the portfolio held by STAR Ohio as of June 30, 2022, is 35 days.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Concentration Risk: The District places no limit on the amount that may be invested in any one issuer.

NOTE 4 – TAX ABATEMENTS

Under Community Reinvestment Area (CRA) and other property tax abatements entered into by the City of New Albany, the District's property tax revenues were reduced by \$4,915,984 during the fiscal year. Compensation payments received from the City during the fiscal year totaled \$3,536,649.

NOTE 5 – PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis while the District fiscal year runs from July through June. First half tax collections are received by the District in the second half of the fiscal year. Second half tax distributions occur in the first half of the following fiscal year.

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real and public utility property located in the District. Real property tax revenue received in calendar year 2022 represents collections of calendar year 2021 taxes. Real property taxes received in calendar year 2022 were levied after April 1, 2021, on the assessed value listed as of January 1, 2021, the lien date. Assessed values for real property taxes are established by State law at 35 percent of appraised market value. Real property taxes are payable annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semiannually, the first payment is due December 31 with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits alternate payment dates to be established.

Public utility property tax revenue received in calendar year 2022 represents collections of calendar year 2021 taxes. Public utility real and tangible personal property taxes received in calendar year 2022 became a lien December 31, 2020, were levied after April 1, 2021 and are collected in 2022 with real property taxes. Public utility real property is assessed at 35 percent of true value; public utility tangible personal property currently is assessed at varying percentages of true value.

The District receives property taxes from Franklin and Licking Counties. The County Auditors periodically advance to the District its portion of the taxes collected. Second-half real property tax payments collected by the County by June 30, 2022, are available to finance fiscal year 2023 operations. The amount of second-half real property taxes available for advance at fiscal year-end can vary based on the date the tax bills are sent.

Accrued property taxes receivable includes real property, public utility property and delinquent tangible personal property taxes which are measurable as of June 30, 2022, and for which there is an enforceable legal claim. Although total property tax collections for the next fiscal year are measurable, only the amount of real property taxes available as an advance at June 30 was levied to finance current fiscal year operations and is reported as revenue at fiscal year-end. The portion of the receivable not levied to finance current fiscal year operations is offset by a credit to deferred inflows of resources.

On the accrual basis of accounting, collectible delinquent property taxes have been recorded as a receivable and revenue, while on a modified accrual basis of accounting the revenue has been reported as a deferred inflow of resources.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

The assessed values upon which the fiscal year 2022 taxes were collected are:

	2021 Secon Collectio		2022 First Half Collections		
	Amount	Percent	Amount	Percent	
Agricultural/Residential and Other Real Estate	\$ 1,082,390,290	93.91%	\$ 1,092,927,390	93.62%	
Public Utility Personal Total	70,253,120 \$ 1,152,643,410	6.09%	74,494,470 \$ 1,167,421,860	6.38%	
Tax rate per \$1,000 of assessed valuation	\$ 72.09		\$ 72.09		

NOTE 6 – INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

Interfund balances at fiscal year-end, as reported on the fund financial statements, consist of the following individual interfund receivables and payables:

Fund	Re	ceivable	Payable		
General Fund	\$	6,708	\$	-	
Other Governmental Funds				6,708	
Total	\$	6,708	\$	6,708	

The primary purpose of the due to/from other funds is to cover negative cash in various nonmajor governmental funds. These interfund balances will be repaid once the anticipated revenues are received. All interfund balances are expected to be repaid within one year.

Interfund transfers at fiscal year-end, as reported on the fund financial statements, consist of the following:

	Tr	ansfer Out	Transfer In		
General Fund	\$	4,300,000	\$	-	
Other Governmental Funds				4,300,000	
Total	\$	4,300,000	\$	4,300,000	

The General Fund transferred \$4,300,000 to the Permanent Improvement Fund during the fiscal year. The primary purpose of the interfund transfers were to set aside funds for future capital outlays.

Interfund transfers and amounts due between governmental funds are eliminated for reporting in the statement of activities.

All transfers were made in compliance with Ohio Revised Code sections 5705.14, 5705.15, and 5705.16.

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Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

NOTE 7 – LEASE RECEIVABLE

The District is reporting leases receivable of \$1,503,618 in the governmental funds. This amount represents the discounted future lease payments. This discount is being amortized using the interest method. The Mount Carmel Building lease commenced in fiscal year 2017 with an initial term of 5 years, and was renewed through November 30, 2025. The Sprint Cell Tower lease commenced in fiscal year 1998 with an initial term of 10 years, and was renewed automatically for up to 5 additional terms of five years each. The Cingular AT&T Cell Tower lease commenced in fiscal year 2000 with an initial term through June 30, 2036. Payments are made monthly.

Revenue for the leases during the fiscal year is as follows:

	Fis	cal Year
]	Ending
	6/	30/2022
Lease Revenue	\$	130,123
Interest Revenue		50,609
Total	\$	180,732

A summary of future payments to be received is as follows:

	Governmental Activities				
Fiscal Year		Principal		nterest	
2023	\$	101,535	\$	47,989	
2024		111,211		44,639	
2025		114,880		40,970	
2026		106,548		37,279	
2027		101,263		33,976	
2028-2032		589,254		116,039	
2033-2036		378,927		23,798	
Total	\$	1,503,618	\$	344,690	

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Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

NOTE 8 – CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year was as follows:

Governmental Activities	Beginning Balance	Additions	Deductions	Transfers	Ending Balance
Nondepreciable Captial Assets					
Land	\$ 4,451,592	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 4,451,592
Construction in Progress	330,877	2,550,401	(29,061)	(1,419,375)	1,432,842
Total Nondepreciable Assets	4,782,469	2,550,401	(29,061)	(1,419,375)	5,884,434
Depreciable Capital Assets					
Land Improvements	12,194,896	118,406	-	-	12,313,302
Buildings and Improvements	153,297,921	804,486	-	1,419,375	155,521,782
Equipment and Fixtures	2,465,418	288,315	(18,900)	-	2,734,833
Vehicles	4,306,493	184,898	(126,120)		4,365,271
Total Depreciable Assets	172,264,728	1,396,105	(145,020)	1,419,375	174,935,188
Less accumulated depreciation					
Land Improvements	(8,427,916)	(369,923)	-	-	(8,797,839)
Buildings and Improvements	(78,062,958)	(3,937,919)	-	-	(82,000,877)
Equipment and Fixtures	(1,482,828)	(127,634)	18,900	-	(1,591,562)
Vehicles	(3,047,170)	(280,406)	126,120		(3,201,456)
Total accumulated depreciation	(91,020,872)	(4,715,882)	145,020		(95,591,734)
Depreciable Capital Assets, Net	04.040.076	(2.210.333)			
of accumulated depreciation	81,243,856	(3,319,777)		1,419,375	79,343,454
Capital Assets, Net	\$ 86,026,325	\$ (769,376)	\$ (29,061)	\$ -	\$ 85,227,888

Depreciation was charged to governmental functions as follows:

	Amount
Instruction:	
Regular	\$ 3,766,611
Special	29,531
Other	2,882
Support Services:	
Pupil	17,258
Instructional Staff	525
General Administration	800
Business	4,421
Operations and Maintenance	349,946
Pupil Transportation	274,072
Food Service	26,236
Extracurricluar Activities	243,600
Total Depreciable Expense	\$ 4,715,882

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

NOTE 9 – LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

During the fiscal year, the following changes occurred in long-term obligations:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
Governmental Activities					
General Obligation Bonds					
Various Purpose Bonds – Series 2000					
CABs - 14.64%	\$ 631,005	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 631,005	\$ -
Accretion on CABS	2,284,499	108,786	-	2,393,285	-
Series 2012 Refunding Bonds					
Serial Bonds 2% - 5%	2,455,000	_	_	2,455,000	2,455,000
CABS 26%	232,996	_	(232,996)	_,,	-,,
Accretion on CABS	2,047,833	199,171	(2,247,004)	_	-
Unamortized Premium - CABS	162,270	,	(162,270)	_	-
Unamortized Premium - Serial Bonds	148,629	_	(74,314)	74,315	-
C ' 2012 D C 1' /L	-,		(- /- /	, ,-	
Series 2013 Refunding/Improvement Bonds Serial and Term Bonds 1.5% - 4%	625,000		(95,000)	530,000	210,000
Bond Premium	5,477	-	(1,826)	3,651	210,000
Bond Fremium	3,477	-	(1,820)	3,031	-
Series 2015 Refunding					
Serial and Term Bonds 2% - 4%	4,815,000	-	-	4,815,000	-
Bond Premium	520,529	-	(61,239)	459,290	-
Series 2016 Refunding Bonds					
Serial and Term Bonds	9,730,000	-	(1,870,000)	7,860,000	1,900,000
Bond Premium	1,194,621	-	(159,283)	1,035,338	-
Series 2021A Refunding Bonds					
Serial Bonds 1% - 4%	10,435,000	_	(60,000)	10,375,000	-
Bond Premium	1,133,740	-	(133,381)	1,000,359	-
Series 2021B Refunding Bonds (April 2021)			, ,		
Serial and Term Bonds 2.14% - 4%	39,680,000	_	_	39,680,000	_
CABS 13.726%	5,124,953	_	(1,687,140)	3,437,813	939,055
Accretion on CABS	4,747	651,307	(137,860)	518,194	111,728
Unamortized Premium - CABS	1,983,405	-	(601,685)	1,381,720	-
Unamortized Premium - Serial and Term Bonds	920,625	_	(32,306)	888,319	-
Total General Obligation Bonds	84,135,329	959,264	(7,556,304)	77,538,289	5,615,783
Net Pension Liability	81,353,754		(37,042,019)	44,311,735	
Net OPEB Liability	5,423,610	_	(457,426)	4,966,184	_
Leases	191,283	_	(191,283)	-	_
Compensated Absences	5,052,676	568,219	(228,246)	5,392,649	311,085
Total Long-Term Liabilities	\$ 176,156,652	\$ 1,527,483	\$ (45,475,278)	\$ 132,208,857	\$ 5,926,868

All current obligation bonds outstanding, which were issued to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of equipment and facilities, are general obligations of the District for which the full faith and credit of the District is pledged for repayment. Long-Term obligations of the District are included in the Statement of Net Position. Payments of principal and interest relating to these liabilities are recorded as expenditures in the Bond Retirement Fund.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

<u>Various Purpose General Obligation Bonds – Series 2000</u>

On June 6, 2000, the District issued \$36,539,029 in voted general obligation bonds for the purpose of an addition and improvements. The bonds were issued for a twenty-seven year period with final maturity at December 1, 2027. The bonds will be retired from the Bond Retirement Fund.

General Obligation Current Refunding Bonds – Series 2012

On March 28, 2012, the District issued \$32,014,040 in general obligation refunding bonds with a true interest cost of 2.79% for the purpose of currently refunding all or a portion of the outstanding principal amount of the Building Construction General Obligation Bonds – Series 2002; terminating an interest rate hedge agreement with Dexia Credit Local; and refunding the General Obligation Current Refunding Notes – Series 2011. The District received \$38,089,388 in bond proceeds, which included a \$6,075,348 premium. The \$32,014,040 bond issue consisted of \$31,395,000 in serial bonds and \$619,040 in capital appreciation bonds. The bonds were issued for a seventeen-year period with final maturity at December 1, 2029. The bonds will be retired from the Bond Retirement Fund. The total debt service payments were reduced by \$142,181 and the present value of this reduction resulted in an economic gain of \$143,752. The refunding did not increase the overall debt of the District; however, since funds were needed to terminate the interest rate hedge agreement, the District lost the opportunity to capitalize on lower interest rates. On April 28, 2021, the District issued \$10,435,000 in general obligation refunding bonds to refund \$11,555,000 in outstanding principal.

General Obligation Current Refunding Bonds – Series 2013

On May 30, 2013, the District issued \$48,830,000 in general obligation refunding and school improvement bonds. \$45,120,000 was for the purpose of a new building project. The remaining \$3,710,000 was for the purpose of currently refunding all of the outstanding principal amount of the School Facilities Construction and Improvement Bonds – Series 2003 which were issued for the purpose of constructing and furnishing a new elementary school as well as additional improvements to the High School Campus. The District received \$49,490,539 in bond proceeds, which included a \$660,539 premium. The bonds were issued for a 37-year period with final maturity at December 1, 2049. The bonds will be retired from the Bond Retirement Fund. The total debt service payments were reduced by \$665,795 and the present value of this reduction resulted in an economic gain of \$441,223. On April 28, 2021, the District issued \$44,804,953 in general obligation refunding bonds to refund \$44,805,000 in outstanding principal.

General Obligation Current Refunding Bonds – Series 2015

On December 3, 2015, the District issued \$8,225,000 in general obligation refunding bonds for the purpose of currently refunding \$1,335,000 of the General Obligation Advance Refunding Bonds – Series 2005 which were issued for the purpose of advance refunding a portion of the 1998 bonds and \$7,560,000 of the General Obligation Advance Refunding Bonds – Series 2006A which were issued for the purpose of advance refunding a portion of the 2000 bonds. The District received \$9,082,343 in bond proceeds, which included a \$857,343 premium. The bonds were issued for a 14-year period with final maturity at December 1, 2029. The bonds will be retired from the Bond Retirement Fund. The total debt service payments were reduced by \$1,239,405 and the present value of this reduction resulted in an economic gain of \$1,047,916.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

General Obligation Current Refunding Bonds - Series 2016

On September 8, 2016, the District issued \$14,605,000 in general obligation refunding bonds for the purpose of currently refunding \$15,990,000 of the General Obligation Advance Refunding Bonds – Series 2006B which were issued for the purpose of advance refunding a portion of the 2002 and 2003 bonds. The District received \$16,516,394 in bond proceeds, which included a \$1,911,394 premium. The bonds were issued for a 12-year period with final maturity at December 1, 2028. The bonds will be retired from the Bond Retirement Fund. The total debt service payments were reduced by \$2,576,325 and the present value of this reduction resulted in an economic gain of \$2,337,034.

General Obligation Current Refunding Bonds – Series 2021A

On April 28, 2021, the District issued \$10,435,000 in general obligation refunding bonds for the purpose of currently refunding \$11,555,000 of the General Obligation Current Refunding Bonds – Series 2012. The District received \$11,635,431 in bond proceeds, which included a \$1,200,431 premium. The bonds were issued for a 10-year period with final maturity at December 1, 2029. The bonds will be retired from the Bond Retirement Fund. The total debt service payments were reduced by \$2,089,889 and the present value of this reduction resulted in an economic gain of \$2,014,591.

General Obligation Current Refunding Bonds – Series 2021B

On April 28, 2021, the District issued \$44,804,953 in general obligation refunding bonds for the purpose of advance refunding a portion of the outstanding principal amount of the General Obligation Current Refunding Bonds – Series 2013. The District received \$47,725,134 in bond proceeds, which included a \$2,920,181 premium. The \$44,804,953 bond issue consisted of \$39,680,000 in serial and term bonds and \$5,124,953 in capital appreciation bonds. The bonds were issued for a thirty-year period with final maturity at December 1, 2049. The bonds will be retired from the Bond Retirement Fund. The total debt service payments were reduced by \$9,702,310 and the present value of this reduction resulted in an economic gain of \$5,287,970.

The following is a summary of future annual debt service requirements for maturity for the general obligation bonds and notes:

	Serial/Ter	m Bonds	Capital Appreciation Bonds		Total	
						Accretion/
Fiscal Year	Principal	Interest	Principal	Accretion	Principal	Interest
2023	\$ 4,565,000	\$ 2,333,578	\$ 939,055	\$ 220,945	\$ 5,504,055	\$ 2,554,523
2024	4,760,000	2,143,040	563,567	231,433	5,323,567	2,374,473
2025	4,590,000	2,161,006	726,289	443,711	5,316,289	2,604,717
2026	4,750,000	2,071,743	649,590	545,410	5,399,590	2,617,153
2027	1,980,000	2,021,796	887,647	2,470,688	2,867,647	4,492,484
2028-2032	12,600,000	5,592,760	302,670	1,710,000	12,902,670	7,302,760
2033-2037	7,480,000	4,282,552	-	-	7,480,000	4,282,552
2038-2042	8,490,000	3,227,290	_	-	8,490,000	3,227,290
2043-2047	9,830,000	1,862,846	_	-	9,830,000	1,862,846
2048-2050	6,670,000	327,072			6,670,000	327,072
Totals	\$ 65,715,000	\$26,023,683	\$ 4,068,818	\$ 5,622,187	\$69,783,818	\$31,645,870

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

<u>Accretion</u> - Capital accretion bonds were issued with the Various Purpose Bonds – Series 2000 bonds, the General Obligation Current Refunding Bonds – Series 2012, and the General Obligation Advance Refunding Bonds – Series 2021B. These bonds were purchased at a discount at the time of issuance and at maturity all compound interest is paid to the bond holder along with the face value. However, since interest is technically earned and compounded semi-annually, the value of the bond increases. Therefore, as the value increases the accretion is booked as principal.

<u>Leases</u> - The District has outstanding an agreement to lease copiers. Due to the implementation of GASB Statement 87, the lease has met the criteria of a lease thus required to be recorded by the District. The future lease payments were discounted based on the interest rate implicit in the lease or using the District's incremental borrowing rate. This discount was amortized over the life of the lease. The lease was paid in full during fiscal year 2022.

<u>Compensated Absences</u> - Compensated absences represent accumulated vacation and an estimated severance liability for employees both eligible to retire and those expected to become eligible in the future. The entire compensated absences balance is reported on the entity-wide financial statements. For governmental fund financial statements, the compensated absences are reported only to the extent they have matured and will be paid with current financial resources. The noncurrent portion of the liability is not reported. Compensated absences will be paid from the termination benefits fund.

There is no repayment schedule for the net pension liability and net OPEB liability; however, employer pension and OPEB contributions are made from the General Fund. For additional information related to the net pension liability and net OPEB liability see Notes 11 and 12.

NOTE 10 – RISK MANAGEMENT

A. Comprehensive

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. During the fiscal year, the District purchased insurance coverage from Ohio School Plan.

Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three fiscal years. There has been no significant reduction in insurance coverage from the prior fiscal year.

For fiscal year 2022, the District participated in the Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Program (GRP), an insurance purchasing pool (Note 2). The intent of the GRP is to achieve the benefit of a reduced premium for the District by virtue of its grouping and representation with other participants in the GRP. The workers' compensation experience of the participating school districts is calculated as one experience and a common premium rate is applied to all school districts in the GRP. Each participant pays its workers' compensation premium to the State based on the rate for the GRP rather than its individual rate. Total savings are then calculated and each participant's individual performance is compared to the overall savings percentage of the GRP. A participant will then either receive money from or be required to contribute to the "Equity Pooling Fund". This "equity pooling" arrangement insures that each participant shares equally in the overall performance of the GRP. Participation in the GRP is limited to school districts that can meet the GRP's selection criteria. The firm of Comp Management Health Systems provides administrative, cost control and actuarial services to the GRP.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

B. Employee Group Medical Insurance

The District maintains an internal service "self-insurance" health insurance fund in connection with formalized risk management programs in an effort to minimize risk exposure and control claims and premium costs. The District contracted with Medical Mutual to be the third party administrator for the District's health insurance program. The District pays 80% of the monthly premiums for family and single plans.

A claims liability at fiscal year-end in the self-insurance internal service fund reflects an estimate of incurred but unpaid claims liability. This liability was estimated by a third party based on claims experience. The District has purchased stop loss coverage through Medical Mutual for individual employee claim amounts exceeding \$125,000. Unpaid claims at year-end are recorded as current claims payable because they would be due within 60 days from the end of the fiscal year.

A summary of the changes in the self-insurance claims liability for the years ended June 30 as follows:

	E	Balance						
	В	eginning		Current		Claims	E	Balance
		of Year	Year Claims		Payments		End of Year	
2021	\$	800,965	\$	4,704,798	\$	4,611,800	\$	893,963
2022	\$	893,963	\$	5,970,933	\$	5,574,337	\$	1,290,559

NOTE 11 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

The Statewide retirement systems provide both pension benefits and other postemployment benefits (OPEB).

Net Pension Liability/Net OPEB Liability (Asset)

Pensions and OPEB are a component of exchange transactions—between an employer and its employees—of salaries and benefits for employee services. Pensions/OPEB are provided to an employee—on a deferred-payment basis—as part of the total compensation package offered by an employer for employee services each financial period.

The net pension/OPEB liability (asset) represents the District's proportionate share of each pension plan's collective actuarial present value of projected benefit payments attributable to past periods of service, net of each pension plan's fiduciary net position. The net pension/OPEB liability (asset) calculation is dependent on critical long-term variables, including estimated average life expectancies, earnings on investments, cost of living adjustments and others. While these estimates use the best information available, unknowable future events require adjusting this estimate annually. Ohio Revised Code limits the District's obligation for this liability to annually required payments. The District cannot control benefit terms or the manner in which pensions/OPEB are financed; however, the District does receive the benefit of employees' services in exchange for compensation including pension and OPEB.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

GASB 68/75 assumes the liability is solely the obligation of the employer, because (1) they benefit from employee services; and (2) State statute requires all funding to come from these employers. All contributions to date have come solely from these employers (which also includes costs paid in the form of withholdings from employees). State statute requires the pension plans to amortize unfunded liabilities (assets) within 30 years. If the amortization period exceeds 30 years, each pension plan's board must propose corrective action to the State legislature. Any resulting legislative change to benefits or funding could significantly affect the net pension/OPEB liability (asset). Resulting adjustments to the net pension/OPEB liability (asset) would be effective when the changes are legally enforceable. The Ohio revised Code permits, but does not require the retirement systems to provide healthcare to eligible benefit recipients.

The proportionate share of each plan's unfunded benefits is presented as a long-term *net pension/OPEB liability (asset)* on the accrual basis of accounting. Any liability for the contractually-required pension contribution outstanding at the end of the year is included in *due to other governments* on both the accrual and modified accrual bases of accounting.

The remainder of this note includes the required pension disclosures. See Note 12 for the required OPEB disclosures.

Plan Description - School Employees Retirement System (SERS)

Plan Description – The District non-teaching employees participate in SERS, a statewide, cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by SERS. SERS provides retirement, disability and survivor benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3309. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about SERS' fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by visiting the SERS website at www.ohsers.org under Employers/Audit Resources.

Age and service requirements for retirement are as follows:

	Eligible to	Eligible to
	Retire before	Retire on or after
	August 1, 2017 *	August 1, 2017
Full Benefits	Any age with 30 years of service credit	Age 67 with 10 years of service credit; or
		Age 57 with 30 years of service credit
Actuarially Reduced	Age 60 with 5 years of service credit	Age 62 with 10 years of service credit; or
Benefits	Age 55 with 25 years of service credit	Age 60 with 25 years of service credit

^{*} Members with 25 years of service credit as of August 1, 2017, may be included in this plan.

Annual retirement benefits are calculated based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on year of service; 2.2 percent for the first 30 years of service and 2.5 percent for years of service credit over 30. Final average salary is the average of the highest three years of salary.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

An individual whose benefit effective date is before April 1, 2018, is eligible for a cost of living adjustment (COLA) on the first anniversary date of the benefit. New benefit recipients must wait until the fourth anniversary of their benefit for COLA eligibility. The COLA is added each year to the base benefit amount on the anniversary date of the benefit. The COLA is indexed to the percentage increase in the CPIW, not to exceed 2.5 percent and with a floor of 0 percent. A three-year COLA suspension was in effect for all benefit recipients for calendar years 2018, 2019, and 2020. SERS approved a 2.5 percent COLA for calendar year 2021.

Funding Policy – Plan members are required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salary and the District is required to contribute 14 percent of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended by the SERS' Retirement Board up to statutory maximum amounts of 10 percent for plan members and 14 percent for employers. The Retirement Board, acting with the advice of the actuary, allocates the employer contribution rate among four of the System's funds (Pension Trust Fund, Death Benefit Fund, Medicare B Fund, and Health Care Fund). For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, the allocation to pension, death benefits, and Medicare B was 14.0 percent. SERS did not allocate employer contributions to the Health Care Fund for fiscal year 2022.

The District's contractually required contribution to SERS was \$1,368,784 for fiscal year 2022. Of this amount, \$122,736 is reported as due to other governments.

Plan Description - State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)

Plan Description – The District licensed teachers and other faculty members participate in STRS Ohio, a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system administered by STRS. STRS provides retirement and disability benefits to members and death and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. STRS issues a stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about STRS' fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by writing to STRS, 275 E. Broad St., Columbus, OH 43215-3771, by calling (888) 227-7877, or by visiting the STRS Web site at www.strsoh.org.

New members have a choice of three retirement plans; a Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan, and a Combined Plan. Benefits are established by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307.

The DB Plan offers an annual retirement allowance based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on years of service. Effective August 1, 2015, the calculation is 2.2 percent of final average salary for the five highest years of earnings multiplied by all years of service. Effective August 1, 2017 – July 1, 2019, any member could retire with reduced benefits who had (1) five years of service credit and age 60; (2) 27 years of service credit and age 55; or (3) 30 years of service credit regardless of age. Effective August 1, 2019 – July 1, 2021, any member may retire with reduced benefits who has (1) five years of service credit and age 60; (2) 28 years of service credit and age 55; or (3) 30 years of service credit regardless of age. Eligibility changes will continue to be phased in until August 1, 2026, when retirement eligibility for unreduced benefits will be five years of service credit and age 65, or 35 years of service credit and at least age 60. Eligibility changes for actuarially reduced benefits will be phased in until August 1, 2026, when retirement eligibility will be five years of qualifying service credit and age 60, or 30 years of service credit at any age.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

The DC Plan allows members to place all their member contributions and 9.53 percent of the 14 percent employer contributions into an investment account. Investment allocation decisions are determined by the member. The remaining 4.47 percent of the 14 percent employer rate is allocated to the defined benefit plan unfunded liability. A member is eligible to receive a monthly retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The member may elect to receive a lifetime monthly annuity or a lump sum withdrawal.

The Combined plan offers features of both the DB Plan and the DC Plan. In the Combined plan, 12 percent of the 14 percent member rate is deposited into the member's DC account and the remaining 2 percent is applied to the DB Plan. Member contributions to the DC Plan are allocated among investment choices by the member, and contributions to the DB Plan from the employer and the member are used to fund the defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. The defined benefit portion of the Combined plan payment is payable to a member on or after age 60 with five years of service. The defined contribution portion of the account may be taken as a lump sum payment or converted to a lifetime monthly annuity at age 50 and after termination of employment.

New members who choose the DC Plan or Combined Plan will have another opportunity to reselect a permanent plan during their fifth year of membership. Members may remain in the same plan or transfer to another STRS plan. The optional annuitization of a member's defined contribution account or the defined contribution portion of a member's Combined Plan account to a lifetime benefit results in STRS bearing the risk of investment gain or loss on the account. STRS has therefore included all three plan options as one defined benefit plan for GASB 68 reporting purposes.

A DB or Combined Plan member with five or more years of credited service who is determined to be disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. New members must have at least ten years of qualifying service credit to apply for disability benefits. Members in the DC plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. Eligible survivors of members who die before service retirement may qualify for monthly benefits. If a member of the DC plan dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

Funding Policy – Employer and member contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board and limited by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code. The statutory employer rate is 14 percent and the statutory member rate is 14 percent of covered payroll. The District was required to contribute 14 percent; the entire 14 percent was the portion used to fund pension obligations. The 2022 contribution rates were equal to the statutory maximum rates.

The District's contractually required contribution to STRS was \$5,263,265 for fiscal year 2022. Of this amount, \$863,733 is reported as due to other governments.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an independent actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the employer's share of employer contributions in the pension plan relative to the total employer contributions of all participating employers.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Following is information related to the proportionate share and pension expense:

	SERS		 STRS		Total
Proportion of the Net Pension Liability:		_			
Current Measurement Date		0.26280920%	0.27072667%		
Prior Measurement Date	0.25457020%		0.26663402%		
Change in Proportionate Share	0.00823900%		0.00409265%		
Proportionate Share of the Net					
Pension Liability	\$	9,696,897	\$ 34,614,838	\$	44,311,735
Pension Expense	\$	89,486	\$ (114,303)	\$	(24,817)

Other than contributions made subsequent to the measurement date and differences between projected and actual earnings on investments; deferred inflows/outflows of resources are recognized in pension expense beginning in the current period, using a straight line method over a closed period equal to the average of the expected remaining services lives of all employees that are provided with pensions, determined as of the beginning of the measurement period. Net deferred inflows/outflows of resources pertaining to the differences between projected and actual investment earnings are similarly recognized over a closed five year period.

At June 30, 2022, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	SERS		STRS		Total	
Deferred Outflows of Resources		_	· ·		·	
Differences between Expected and						
Actual Experience	\$	936	\$	1,069,433	\$	1,070,369
Net Difference between Projected and						
Actual Earnings on Pension Plan Investments		-		-		-
Changes of Assumptions		204,188		9,602,777		9,806,965
Changes in Proportion and Differences between						
District Contributions and Proportionate						
Share of Contributions		377,880		2,442,512		2,820,392
District Contributions Subsequent to the						
Measurement Date		1,368,784		5,263,265		6,632,049
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$	1,951,788	\$	18,377,987	\$	20,329,775
Deferred Inflows of Resources						
Differences between Expected and						
Actual Experience	\$	251,480	\$	216,965	\$	468,445
Net Difference between Projected and						
Actual Earnings on Pension Plan Investments		4,994,183		29,831,365		34,825,548
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$	5,245,663	\$	30,048,330	\$	35,293,993

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

\$6,632,049 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pension resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	 SERS		STRS	Total		
Fiscal Year Ending June 30:						
2023	\$ (966,917)	\$	(3,609,412)	\$	(4,576,329)	
2024	(975,394)		(3,453,427)		(4,428,821)	
2025	(1,187,438)		(4,131,780)		(5,319,218)	
2026	 (1,532,910)		(5,738,989)		(7,271,899)	
Total	\$ (4,662,659)	\$	(16,933,608)	\$	(21,596,267)	

Actuarial Assumptions - SERS

SERS' total pension liability was determined by their actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 67, as part of their annual actuarial valuation for each defined benefit retirement plan. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts (e.g., salaries, credited service) and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future (e.g., mortality, disabilities, retirements, employment terminations). Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations. Future benefits for all current plan members were projected through 2132.

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. For a newly hired employee, actuarial calculations will take into account the employee's entire career with the employer and also take into consideration the benefits, if any, paid to the employee after termination of employment until the death of the employee and any applicable contingent annuitant. In many cases, actuarial calculations reflect several decades of service with the employer and the payment of benefits after termination.

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total pension liability in the latest actuarial valuation, prepared as of June 30, 2021, are presented below:

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal (Level Percentage of Payroll, Closed)

Inflation 2.40 percent

Future Salary Increases, including inflation 3.25 percent to 13.58 percent

Investment Rate of Return 7.00 percent, net of investment expense, including inflation

COLA or Ad Hoc COLA 2.00 percent, on and after April 1, 2018, COLA's for future retirees will be delayed for three years following commencement

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Mortality rates were based on the PUB-2010 General Employee Amount Weight Below Median Healthy Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 1 year and adjusted 94.20 percent for males and set forward two years and adjusted 81.35 percent for females. Mortality among disabled members were based upon the PUB-2010 General Disabled Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward five years and adjusted 103.3 percent for males and set forward three years and adjusted 106.8 percent for females. Future improvement in mortality rates is reflected by applying the MP-2020 projection scale generationally.

The most recent experience study was completed for the five year period ended June 30, 2020.

The long-term return expectation for the investments has been determined by using a building-block approach and assumes a time horizon, as defined in SERS' *Statement of Investment Policy*. A forecasted rate of inflation serves as the baseline for the return expectation. Various real return premiums over the baseline inflation rate have been established for each asset class. The long-term expected nominal rate of return has been determined by calculating an arithmetic weighted average of the expected real return premiums for each asset class, adding the projected inflation rate, and adding the expected return from rebalancing uncorrelated asset classes.

The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Cash	2.00 %	(0.33) %
US Equity	24.75	5.72
Non-US Equity Developed	13.50	6.55
Non-US Equity Emerging	6.75	8.54
Fixed Income/Global Bonds	19.00	1.14
Private Equity	11.00	10.03
Real Estate/Real Assets	16.00	5.41
Multi-Asset Strategies	4.00	3.47
Private Debt/Private Credit	3.00	5.28
Total	100.00 %	

Discount Rate Total pension liability was calculated using the discount rate of 7.00 percent. The discount rate determination does not use a municipal bond rate. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employers would contribute the actuarially determined contribution rate of projected compensation over the remaining 23-year amortization period of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability. Projected inflows from investment earnings were calculated using the long-term assumed investment rate of return (7.00 percent). Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on investments was applied to all periods of projected benefits to determine the total pension liability. The annual money-weighted rate of return, calculated as the internal rate of return on pension plan investments was 28.18 percent.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate Net pension liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate, and to illustrate the potential impact the following table presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.00 percent, as well as what the District's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00 percent), or one percentage point higher (8.00 percent) than the current rate.

	Current							
	19	1% Decrease		Discount Rate		6 Increase		
District's Proportionate Share								
of the Net Pension Liability	\$	16,133,256	\$	9,696,897	\$	4,268,835		

Actuarial Assumptions - STRS

Key methods and assumptions used in the latest actuarial valuation, reflecting experience study results used in the June 30, 2021, actuarial valuation, are presented below:

Inflation	2.50 percent
Acturial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal (Level Percent of Payroll)
Projected Salary Increases	12.50 percent at age 20 to 2.50 percent at age 65
Investment Rate of Return	7.00 percent, net of investment expenses, including inflation
Payroll Increases	3.00 percent
Cost-of-Living Adjustments	0.00 percent

Post-retirement mortality rates for healthy retirees are based on the RP-2014 Annuitant Mortality Table with 50 percent of rates through age 69, 70 percent of rates between ages 70 and 79, 90 percent of rates between ages 80 and 84, and 100 percent of rates thereafter, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. Pre-retirement mortality rates are based on RP-2014 Employee Mortality Tables, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. Post-retirement disabled mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Table with 90 percent of rates for males and 100 percent of rates for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2021 valuation, were based on the results of the latest available actuarial experience study, which is for the period July 1, 2011, through June 30, 2016. An actuarial experience study is done on a quinquennial basis.

STRS' investment consultant develops an estimate range for the investment return assumption based on the target allocation adopted by the Retirement Board. The target allocation and long-term expected rate of return for each major asset class are summarized as follows:

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Rate of Return*
Asset Class	Anocation	Rate of Return
Domestic Equity	28.00 %	7.35 %
International Equity	23.00	7.55
Alternatives	17.00	7.09
Fixed Income	21.00	3.00
Real Estate	10.00	6.00
Liquidity Reserves	1.00	2.25
Total	100.00 %	

^{*}Ten year annualized geometric nominal returns, which include the real rate of return and inflation of 2.25 percent and does not include investment expenses. Over a 30-year period, STRS' investment consultant indicates that the above target allocations should generate a return above the actuarial rate of return, without net value added by management.

Discount Rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00 percent as of June 30, 2021. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that employer and member contributions will be made at statutory contribution rates of 14 percent each. For this purpose, only employer contributions that are intended to fund benefits of current plan members and their beneficiaries are included. Based on those assumptions, STRS' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members as of June 30, 2021. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on investments of 7.00 percent was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability as of June 30, 2021.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate The following table represents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability measured as of June 30, 2021, calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 7.00 percent, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00 percent) or one percentage point higher (8.00 percent) than the current assumption:

	Current							
	19	6 Decrease	rease Discount Rate		19	6 Increase		
District's Proportionate Share								
of the Net Pension Liability	\$	64,820,637	\$	34,614,838	\$	9,091,003		

Assumption and Benefit Changes since the Prior Measurement Date The discount rate was adjusted to 7.00 percent from 7.45 percent for the June 30, 2021 valuation.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS

See Note 11 for a description of the net OPEB liability (asset).

Plan Description - School Employees Retirement System (SERS)

Health Care Plan Description - The District contributes to the SERS Health Care Fund, administered by SERS for non-certificated retirees and their beneficiaries. For GASB 75 purposes, this plan is considered a cost-sharing other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plan. SERS' Health Care Plan provides healthcare benefits to eligible individuals receiving retirement, disability, and survivor benefits, and to their eligible dependents. Members who retire after June 1, 1986, need 10 years of service credit, exclusive of most types of purchased credit, to qualify to participate in SERS' health care coverage. In addition to age and service retirees, disability benefit recipients and beneficiaries who are receiving monthly benefits due to the death of a member or retiree, are eligible for SERS' health care coverage. Most retirees and dependents choosing SERS' health care coverage are over the age of 65 and therefore enrolled in a fully insured Medicare Advantage plan; however, SERS maintains a traditional, self-insured preferred provider organization for its non-Medicare retiree population. For both groups, SERS offers a self-insured prescription drug program. Health care is a benefit that is permitted, not mandated, by statute. The financial report of the Plan is included in the SERS Annual Comprehensive Financial Report which can be obtained on SERS' website at www.ohsers.org under Employers/Audit Resources.

Access to health care for retirees and beneficiaries is permitted in accordance with Section 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Health Care Fund was established and is administered in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 105(e). SERS' Retirement Board reserves the right to change or discontinue any health plan or program. Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. The SERS Retirement Board established the rules for the premiums paid by the retirees for health care coverage for themselves and their dependents or for their surviving beneficiaries. Premiums vary depending on the plan selected, qualified years of service, Medicare eligibility, and retirement status.

Funding Policy - State statute permits SERS to fund the health care benefits through employer contributions. Each year, after the allocation for statutorily required pensions and benefits, the Retirement Board may allocate the remainder of the employer contribution of 14 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Fund in accordance with the funding policy. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, SERS did not allocate any employer contributions to health care. An additional health care surcharge on employers is collected for employees earning less than an actuarially determined minimum compensation amount, pro-rated if less than a full year of service credit was earned. For fiscal year 2022, this amount was \$25,000. Statutes provide that no employer shall pay a health care surcharge greater than 2.0 percent of that employer's SERS-covered payroll; nor may SERS collect in aggregate more than 1.5 percent of the total statewide SERS-covered payroll for the health care surcharge. For fiscal year 2022, the District's surcharge obligation was \$136,669, which is reported as due to other governments.

Plan Description - State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)

Plan Description – The State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS) administers a cost-sharing Health Plan administered for eligible retirees who participated in the defined benefit or combined pension plans offered by STRS. Ohio law authorizes STRS to offer this plan. Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and partial reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. Medicare Part B partial premium reimbursements will be continued indefinitely. The Plan is included in the report of STRS which can be obtained by visiting www.strsoh.org or by calling (888) 227-7877.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Funding Policy – Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307 authorizes STRS to offer the Plan and gives the Retirement Board discretionary authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS. Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. Nearly all health care plan enrollees, for the most recent year, pay a portion of the health care costs in the form of a monthly premium. Under Ohio law, funding for post-employment health care may be deducted from employer contributions, currently 14 percent of covered payroll. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, STRS did not allocate any employer contributions to post-employment health care.

OPEB Liability (Asset), OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

The net OPEB liability (asset) was measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability (asset) was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net OPEB liability (asset) was based on the District's share of contributions to the respective retirement systems relative to the contributions of all participating entities. Following is information related to the proportionate share and OPEB expense:

		SERS		STRS	Total
Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset):					_
Current Measurement Date		0.26240300%		0.27072700%	
Prior Measurement Date	0.24955300%		0.26663400%		
Change in Proportionate Share	0.01285000%		0.00409300%		
Proportionate Share of the Net					
OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$	4,966,184	\$	(5,708,057)	
OPEB Expense	\$	32,691	\$	(458,619)	\$ (425,928)

At June 30, 2022, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	SERS		STRS		Total
Deferred Outflows of Resources				_	
Differences between Expected and					
Actual Experience	\$	52,936	\$	203,248	\$ 256,184
Changes of Assumptions		779,079		364,606	1,143,685
Changes in Proportion and Differences between					
District Contributions and Proportionate					
Share of Contributions		561,141		301,992	863,133
District Contributions Subsequent to the					
Measurement Date		136,669			 136,669
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$	1,529,825	\$	869,846	\$ 2,399,671

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

		SERS		STRS		Total	
Deferred Inflows of Resources							
Differences between Expected and							
Actual Experience	\$	2,473,387	\$	1,045,822	\$	3,519,209	
Net Difference between Projected and							
Actual Earnings on OPEB Plan Investments		107,891		1,582,173		1,690,064	
Changes of Assumptions		680,078		3,405,280		4,085,358	
Changes in Proportion and Differences between							
District Contributions and Proportionate							
Share of Contributions		109,174		360,731		469,905	
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$	3,370,530	\$	6,394,006	\$	9,764,536	

\$136,669 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from the District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

	 SERS	 STRS	 Total
Fiscal Year Ending June 30:			
2023	\$ (423,078)	\$ (1,619,040)	\$ (2,042,118)
2024	(423,835)	(1,579,448)	(2,003,283)
2025	(479,885)	(1,421,825)	(1,901,710)
2026	(425,525)	(686,022)	(1,111,547)
2027	(184,008)	(223,370)	(407,378)
Thereafter	 (41,043)	 5,545	 (35,498)
Total	\$ (1,977,374)	\$ (5,524,160)	\$ (7,501,534)

Actuarial Assumptions - SERS

The total OPEB liability is determined by SERS' actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 74, as part of their annual actuarial valuation for each retirement plan. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts (e.g., salaries, credited service) and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future (e.g., mortality, disabilities, retirements, employment terminations). Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. For a newly hired employee, actuarial calculations will take into account the employee's entire career with the employer and also take into consideration the benefits, if any, paid to the employee after termination of employment until the death of the employee and any applicable contingent annuitant. In many cases, actuarial calculations reflect several decades of service with the employer and the payment of benefits after termination.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total OPEB liability in the latest actuarial valuation date of June 30, 2021, are presented below:

Inflation 2.40 percent

Salary Increases, including inflation 3.25 percent to 13.58 percent

Investment Rate of Return 7.00 percent net of investment expense, including inflation

Municipal Bond Index Rate

Measurement Date 1.92 percent Prior Measurement Date 2.45 percent

Single Equivalent Interest Rate

Measurement Date 2.27 percent, net of plan investment expense, including price inflation Prior Measurement Date 2.63 percent, net of plan investment expense, including price inflation

Health Care Cost Trend Rate

Pre-Medicare 6.750 percent - 4.40 percent Medicare 5.125 percent - 4.40 percent

Mortality rates were based on the PUB-2010 General Employee Amount Weight Below Median Healthy Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 1 year and adjusted 94.20 percent for males and set forward two years and adjusted 81.35 percent for females. Mortality among disabled members were based upon the PUB-2010 General Disabled Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward five years and adjusted 103.3 percent for males and set forward three years and adjusted 106.8 percent for females. Future improvement in mortality rates is reflected by applying the MP-2020 projection scale generationally.

The most recent experience study was completed for the five year period ended June 30, 2020.

The long-term expected rate of return on plan assets is reviewed as part of the actuarial five-year experience study. The most recent study covers fiscal years 2016 through 2020, and was adopted by the Board on April 15, 2021. Several factors are considered in evaluating the long-term rate of return assumption including long-term historical data, estimates inherent in current market data, and a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected return, net of investment expense and inflation) were developed by the investment consultant for each major asset class. These ranges were combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return, 7.00 percent, by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and then adding expected inflation. The capital market assumptions developed by the investment consultant are intended for use over a 10-year horizon and may not be useful in setting the long-term rate of return for funding pension plans which covers a longer time frame. The assumption is intended to be a long-term assumption and is not expected to change absent a significant change in the asset allocation, a change in the inflation assumption, or a fundamental change in the market that alters expected returns in future years.

The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, as used in the June 30, 2020 five-year experience study, are summarized as follows:

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Cash	2.00 %	(0.33) %
US Equity	24.75	5.72
Non-US Equity Developed	13.50	6.55
Non-US Equity Emerging	6.75	8.54
Fixed Income/Global Bonds	19.00	1.14
Private Equity	11.00	10.03
Real Estate/Real Assets	16.00	5.41
Multi-Asset Strategies	4.00	3.47
Private Debt/Private Credit	3.00	5.28
Total	100.00 %	

Discount Rate The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability at June 30, 2021, was 2.27 percent. The discount rate used to measure total OPEB liability prior to June 30, 2021 was 2.63 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions will be made from members and the plan at the contribution rate of 1.50 percent of projected covered payroll each year, which includes a 1.50 percent payroll surcharge and no contributions from the basic benefits plan. Based on these assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to become insufficient to make all projected future benefit payments of current System members by SERS actuaries. The Municipal Bond Index Rate is used in the determination of the SEIR for both the June 30, 2020 and the June 30, 2021 total OPEB liability. The Municipal Bond Index rate is the single rate that will generate a present value of benefit payments equal to the sum of the present value determined by the long-term expected rate of return, and the present value determined by discounting those benefits after the date of depletion. The Municipal Bond Index Rate is 1.92 percent at June 30, 2021 and 2.45 percent at June 30, 2020.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate and Changes in the Health Care Cost Trend Rates The net OPEB liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate and the health care cost trend rate. The following table presents the net OPEB liability and what the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (1.27 percent) and higher (3.27 percent) than the current discount rate (2.27 percent). Also shown is what the net OPEB liability would be based on health care cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower (5.75 percent decreasing to 3.40 percent) and higher (7.75 percent decreasing to 5.40 percent) than the current rate (6.75 percent decreasing to 4.40 percent).

	1%	1% Decrease		scount Rate	1% Increase	
District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability	\$	6,153,713	\$	4,966,184	\$	4,017,516
	1%	Decrease	Т	Current rend Rate	1%	% Increase
District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability	\$			\$ 4,966,184		6,492,396

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Actuarial Assumptions – STRS

Key methods and assumptions used in the latest actuarial valuation, reflecting experience study results used in the June 30, 2021, actuarial valuation are presented below:

Inflation	2.50 percent					
Projected Salary Increases	12.50 percent at age 20	to 2.50 percent at age 65				
Payroll Increases	3.00 percent					
Investment Rate of Return	7.00 percent, net of investment expenses, including inflation					
Discount Rate of Return	7.00 percent					
Health Care Cost Trend Rates						
Medical	<u>Initial</u>	<u>Ultimate</u>				
Pre-Medicare	5.00 percent	4.00 percent				
Medicare	-16.18 percent	4.00 percent				
Prescription Drug						
Pre-Medicare	6.50 percent	4.00 percent				
Medicare	29.98 percent	4.00 percent				

Projections of benefits include the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and retired plan members.

For healthy retirees the mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Annuitant Mortality Table with 50 percent of rates through age 69, 70 percent of rates between ages 70 and 79, 90 percent of rates between ages 80 and 84, and 100 percent of rates thereafter, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. For disabled retirees, mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Table with 90 percent of rates for males and 100 percent of rates for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2021 valuation were adopted by the board from the results of an actuarial experience study for July 1, 2011, through June 30, 2016.

STRS' investment consultant develops an estimate range for the investment return assumption based on the target allocation adopted by the Retirement Board. The target allocation and long-term expected rate of return for each major asset class are summarized as follows:

	Target	Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return*
Domestic Equity	28.00 %	7.35 %
International Equity	23.00	7.55
Alternatives	17.00	7.09
Fixed Income	21.00	3.00
Real Estate	10.00	6.00
Liquidity Reserves	1.00	2.25
Total	100.00 %	

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

*Ten year annualized geometric nominal returns, which include the real rate of return and inflation of 2.25 percent and does not include investment expenses. Over a 30-year period, STRS' investment consultant indicates that the above target allocations should generate a return above the actuarial rate of return, without net value added by management.

Discount Rate The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 7.00 percent as of June 30, 2021. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed STRS continues to allocate no employer contributions to the health care fund. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on health care plan investments of 7.00 percent was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2021.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Asset to Changes in the Discount Rate and Health Care Cost Trend Rate The following table represents the net OPEB asset as of June 30, 2021, calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 7.00 percent, as well as what the net OPEB asset would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00 percent) or one percentage point higher (8.00 percent) than the current assumption. Also shown is the net OPEB asset as of June 30, 2021, calculated using health care cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower and one percentage point higher than the current health care cost trend rates.

	Current						
	19⁄	6 Decrease	Di	scount Rate	1% Increase		
District's Proportionate Share							
of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$	(4,816,718)	\$	(5,708,057)	\$	(6,452,637)	
				Current			
	1%	6 Decrease	Τ	Trend Rate	19	% Increase	
District's Proportionate Share							
of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$	(6,422,467)	\$	(5,708,057)	\$	(4,824,623)	

Assumption Changes Since the Prior Measurement Date The discount rate was adjusted to 7.00 percent from 7.45 percent for the June 30, 2021 valuation.

Benefit Term Changes Since the Prior Measurement Date The non-Medicare subsidy percentage was increased effective January 1, 2022 from 2.055 percent to 2.100 percent. The non-Medicare frozen subsidy base premium was increased effective January 1, 2022. The Medicare Part D subsidy was updated to reflect it is expected to be negative in calendar year 2022. The Part B monthly reimbursement elimination date was postponed indefinitely.

NOTE 13 – EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

A. Compensated Absences

The criteria for determining vacation and sick leave components are derived from negotiated agreements and State laws. Classified employees earn five to twenty-five days of vacation per fiscal year, depending upon length of service. Accumulated, unused vacation time is paid to classified employees and administrators upon termination of employment. Teachers do not earn vacation time.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Teachers, administrators, and classified employees earn sick leave at the rate of one and one-fourth days per month. Sick leave may be accumulated up to a maximum of 300 days certified employees and unlimited for classified employees. Upon retirement, payment is made for one-fourth of accrued, but unused sick leave credit to a maximum of 60 days.

B. Life Insurance

The District provides life insurance and accidental death and dismemberment insurance to most employees through One America.

NOTE 14 – CONTINGENCIES

A. Grants

The District received financial assistance from federal and State agencies in the form of grants. The expenditure of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and is subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the General Fund or other applicable funds. However, the effect of any disallowed claims on the overall financial position of the District at June 30, 2022, if applicable, cannot be determined at this time.

B. Litigation

The District is not currently party to legal proceedings.

NOTE 15 – OTHER COMMITMENTS

The District utilizes encumbrance accounting as part of its budgetary controls. Encumbrances outstanding at year end may be reported as part of restricted, committed, or assigned classifications of fund balance. At year end, the District's outstanding encumbrances in the governmental funds were as follows:

Fund	Amount
General	\$ 448,790
Nonmajor Governmental	2,423,878
Total	\$ 2,872,668

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Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

NOTE 16 – STATUTORY RESERVES

The District is required by state law to set-aside certain general fund revenue amounts, as defined by statute, into various reserves. These reserves are calculated and presented on a cash basis. During the current fiscal year, the reserve activity was as follows:

		pital
	Acqu	uisition
Set-aside Restricted Balance as of June 30, 2021	\$	-
Current fiscal year set-aside requirement	87	71,120
Offset from Permanent Improvement Levy	(1,25	55,466)
Total	\$ (38	34,346)
Balance Carried Forward to Fiscal Year 2023	\$	_
Set-aside Restricted Balance as of June 30, 2022	\$	

During fiscal year 2013, the District issued \$45,120,000 in capital related debt based on a building project undertaken by the District. Those proceeds may be used as qualifying offsets to reduce the capital acquisition to zero for future years. At June 30, 2022, the District still has \$41,400,260 in qualifying proceeds that may be used to reduce the set-aside requirement for future years.

The District had qualifying offsets during the fiscal year that reduced the set-aside amount to below zero for the capital acquisition set-aside. This extra amount may not be carried forward. The School District has prior year bond proceeds in connection with a school facilities project that may be carried forward to offset future set-aside requirements.

NOTE 17 – WIN-WIN AGREEMENT

The District is party to a win-win agreement with Columbus City School District and other participating suburban districts. The agreement began in 1986 and was amended in 1992. The terms of the Agreement call for automatic renewals every six years unless a board of education takes certain actions to terminate the Agreement. Automatic renewals occurred in 1998, 2004, 2010, 2016, and 2022.

The agreement provides a number of benefits to participating districts, including border stability, revenue-sharing, property tax revenue predictability, and cooperative programs through the Franklin County Educational Council, which was created by the Agreement. The Agreement also gives districts some predictability in terms of student populations, staffing needs, and expenditures because of the agreement's handling of annexations and territory transfers between districts.

Under the agreement, two Sections provide for payments to be made between districts.

• Section 8 provides payments from Columbus to certain suburban districts based on the valuation of certain types of property in the areas transferred to Columbus. Only four districts originally qualified for payments under Section 8: Canal Winchester, Groveport Madison, Hamilton, and New Albany-Plain Local. However, New Albany no longer qualifies for such payments because its per-pupil valuation now exceeds Columbus's per-pupil valuation, and under the agreement this triggers the end of Section 8 payment eligibility.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

• Section 10 provides payments from suburban districts to Columbus based on the valuation of areas not transferred to Columbus.

NOTE 18 - IMPLEMENTATION OF NEW ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, the District has implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 87, Leases, certain provisions of GASB Statement No. 93, Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates, certain provisions of GASB Statement No. 97, Certain Component Unit Criteria, and Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans—an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 84, and a supersession of GASB Statement No. 32, and certain provisions in GASB Statement No. 99, Omnibus 2022.

GASB Statement No. 87 requires recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. It establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. These changes were incorporated in the School District's financial statements; however, there was no effect on beginning net position/fund balance.

GASB Statement No. 93 addresses accounting and financial reporting effects that result from the replacement of interbank offered rates (IBORs) with other reference rates in order to preserve the reliability, relevance, consistency, and comparability of reported information. The implementation of paragraphs 11b, 13 and 14 of GASB Statement No. 93 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the District.

GASB Statement No. 97 requirements that are related to a) the accounting and financial reporting for Section 457 plans and b) determining whether a primary government is financially accountable for a potential component unit were implemented for fiscal year 2022. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 97 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the District.

GASB Statement No. 99 enhances comparability in the application of accounting and financial reporting requirements and will improve consistency of authoritative literature. The implementation of certain provisions of GASB Statement No. 99 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the District.

NOTE 19 – FUND BALANCE

Fund balance can be classified as non-spendable, restricted, committed, assigned and/or unassigned based primarily on the extent to which the District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in governmental funds.

The constraints placed on fund balance for the major governmental funds and all other governmental funds are presented as follows:

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

		Bond	Other Governmental	T . 1
N	General	Retirement	Funds	Total
Nonspendable for:				
Materials & Supplies	\$ 81,726	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 81,726
Prepaids Inventory	\$ 81,726 17,489	5 -	23,085	\$ 81,726 40,574
Total Nonspendable	99,215		23,085	122,300
•	99,213	-	23,063	122,300
Restricted for:				
Capital Outlay	-	-	8,823,994	8,823,994
Debt Service	-	8,710,889	-	8,710,889
Food Service	-	-	2,585,837	2,585,837
Student Activities	-	-	857,015	857,015
State Funded Programs	-	-	217,409	217,409
Federally Funded Programs	-	-	8,719	8,719
Locally Funded Programs	-	-	349,424	349,424
Total Restricted	_	8,710,889	12,842,398	21,553,287
Committed for:				
Severance	870,306	_	_	870,306
Capital Outlay	-	_	1,322,075	1,322,075
Total Committed	870,306	_	1,322,075	2,192,381
Assigned for:				
Encumbrances:				
Instruction	97,382	_	_	97,382
Support Services	285,813	_	_	285,813
Subsequent Year Appropriations	3,523,544	_	_	3,523,544
Public School Support	819,810	_	_	819,810
Rotary Fund Programs	651,836	_	_	651,836
Other Purposes	800,717	_	_	800,717
Total Assigned	6,179,102	_		6,179,102
Unassigned	46,695,557		(44,528)	46,651,029
Total Fund Balance	\$ 53,844,180	\$ 8,710,889	\$ 14,143,030	\$ 76,698,099

Fund balances at June 30, 2022 included a fund deficit of \$44,528 in the IDEA Part B Restoration fund.

The deficit in the fund results from adjustments for accrued liabilities. The general fund is liable for any deficit in the non-major governmental funds and will provide transfers when cash is required, not when accruals occur.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

NOTE 20 – COVID-19

The United States and the State of Ohio declared a state of emergency in March of 2020 due to the COVID-19 pandemic. Ohio's state of emergency ended in June, 2021 while the national state of emergency continues. During fiscal year 2022, the District received COVID-19 funding. The financial impact of COVID-19 and the continuing recovery measures may impact subsequent periods of the District. The impact on the District's future operating costs, revenues, and additional recovery from funding, either federal or state, cannot be estimated.

The District's investment portfolio fluctuates with market conditions, and due to market volatility, the amount of gains or losses that will be realized in subsequent periods, if any, cannot be determined.

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REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

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Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual General Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Budgeted	l Amounts		77 · 14	
	Original	Final	Actual	Variance with Final Budget	
Revenues Property Taxes Payments in Lieu of Taxes Tution Fees Extracurricular Activities Intergovernmental Interest Other Local Revenues	\$ 44,445,315 14,039,054 870,370 358,175 9,816,973 151,046 433,222	\$ 44,445,315 14,039,054 870,370 358,175 9,816,973 151,046 433,222	\$ 46,222,182 15,113,102 973,261 272,946 8,909,831 419,391 336,141	\$ 1,776,867 1,074,048 102,891 (85,229) (907,142) 268,345 (97,081)	
Total Revenues	70,114,155	70,114,155	72,246,854	2,035,618	
Expenditures Current: Instruction: Regular Special Other Instruction Support Services:	32,628,050 9,411,303 60,000	29,869,614 8,813,686 59,999	29,433,133 8,184,413 59,999	436,481 629,273	
Pupils Instructional Staff General Administration	6,459,428 2,476,579 308,369	6,474,381 2,599,796 306,369	6,207,084 2,599,796 281,812	267,297 - 24,557	
School Administration Business Operations Operation and Maintenance of Plant Student Transportation	5,027,890 2,524,400 5,834,985 2,367,700	5,199,524 2,541,424 5,959,763 2,531,383	5,199,524 1,783,743 5,547,170 2,531,383	757,681 412,593	
Central Operation of Non-Instructional/Shared Services: Non-Instructional Services	537,710	537,760 725,000	436,182	101,578 58,244	
Food Services Community Services Extracurricular Activities Debt Service Principal Retirement	115,515 1,636,505 191,283	115,515 1,679,217 191,283	114,583 1,474,758 191,283	932 204,459	
Interest and Fiscal Charges	14,493	14,493	14,493	-	
Total Expenditures	70,319,210	67,619,207	64,726,112	2,893,095	
Excess of Receipts Over (Under) Expenditures	(205,055)	2,494,948	7,520,742	5,025,794	
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Refund of Prior Year Expenditures Other Financing Uses Transfers Out	105,000 (200,000) (2,500,000)	105,000 (200,000) (5,200,000)	327,219 - (5,200,000)	222,219 200,000	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(2,595,000)	(5,295,000)	(4,872,781)	422,219	
Net Change in Fund Balance	(2,800,055)	(2,800,052)	2,647,961	5,448,013	
Fund Balance Beginning of Year	36,572,463	36,572,463	36,572,463	-	
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	581,327	581,327	581,327		
Fund Balance End of Year	\$ 34,353,735	\$ 34,353,738	\$ 39,801,751	\$ 5,448,013	

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Last Nine Fiscal Years (1)

	2022	2021	2020	2019
School Employees Retirement System (SERS)				
District's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	0.26280920%	0.25457020%	0.24972910%	0.24830630%
District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$ 9,696,897	\$ 16,837,809	\$ 14,941,730	\$ 14,220,962
District's Covered Payroll	\$ 9,061,536	\$ 9,022,364	\$ 8,604,230	\$ 8,066,259
District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	107.01%	186.62%	173.66%	176.30%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	82.86%	68.55%	70.85%	71.36%
State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)				
District's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	0.27072667%	0.26663402%	0.26229807%	0.25379290%
District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$ 34,614,838	\$ 64,515,945	\$ 58,005,642	\$ 55,803,360
District's Covered Payroll	\$ 33,555,400	\$ 31,891,300	\$ 31,002,431	\$ 29,193,647
District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	103.16%	202.30%	187.10%	191.15%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	87.80%	75.48%	77.40%	77.31%

⁽¹⁾ Information prior to 2014 is not available.

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement date, which is the prior fiscal year.

2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
0.22450590%	0.23759210%	0.26971470%	0.26804000%	0.26804000%
\$ 13,413,732	\$ 17,389,549	\$ 15,390,182	\$ 13,565,352	\$ 15,939,480
\$ 7,504,580	\$ 7,340,621	\$ 7,626,175	\$ 8,026,107	\$ 7,501,104
178.74%	236.89%	201.81%	169.02%	212.50%
69.50%	62.98%	69.16%	71.70%	65.52%
0.23724272%	0.25467134%	0.27128681%	0.26366191%	0.26366191%
\$ 56,357,517	\$ 85,246,174	\$ 74,975,739	\$ 64,131,701	\$ 76,393,263
\$ 26,482,200	\$ 26,227,728	\$ 29,429,192	\$ 27,472,496	\$ 26,363,106
212.81%	325.02%	254.77%	233.44%	289.77%
75.30%	66.80%	72.10%	74.70%	69.30%

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of the District's Contributions - Pension Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2022	2021	2020	2019
School Employees Retirement System (SERS)		 	 	
Contractually Required Contribution	\$ 1,368,784	\$ 1,268,615	\$ 1,263,131	\$ 1,161,571
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	\$ (1,368,784)	\$ (1,268,615)	\$ (1,263,131)	\$ (1,161,571)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ _	\$ _	\$ _	\$
District's Covered Payroll	\$ 9,777,029	\$ 9,061,536	\$ 9,022,364	\$ 8,604,230
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%	13.50%
State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)				
Contractually Required Contribution	\$ 5,263,265	\$ 4,697,756	\$ 4,464,782	\$ 4,340,340
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	\$ (5,263,265)	\$ (4,697,756)	\$ (4,464,782)	\$ (4,340,340)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ _	\$ _	\$ _	\$ _
District's Covered Payroll	\$ 37,594,750	\$ 33,555,400	\$ 31,891,300	\$ 31,002,431
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%

See accompanying notes to the required supplementary information.

2018	2017	 2016	 2015	 2014	 2013
\$ 1,088,945	\$ 1,050,641	\$ 1,027,687	\$ 1,005,130	\$ 1,112,418	\$ 1,038,153
\$ (1,088,945)	\$ (1,050,641)	\$ (1,027,687)	\$ (1,005,130)	\$ (1,112,418)	\$ (1,038,153)
\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$ -
\$ 8,066,259	\$ 7,504,580	\$ 7,340,621	\$ 7,626,175	\$ 8,026,107	\$ 7,501,104
13.50%	14.00%	14.00%	13.18%	13.86%	13.84%
\$ 4,087,111	\$ 3,707,508	\$ 3,671,882	\$ 4,120,086	\$ 3,571,424	\$ 3,427,204
\$ (4,087,111)	\$ (3,707,508)	\$ (3,671,882)	\$ (4,120,086)	\$ (3,571,424)	\$ (3,427,204)
\$ _	\$ _	\$ _	\$ _	\$ _	\$ _
\$ 29,193,647	\$ 26,482,200	\$ 26,227,728	\$ 29,429,192	\$ 27,472,496	\$ 26,363,106
14.00%	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%	13.00%	13.00%

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) Last Six Fiscal Years (1)

School Employees Retirement System (SERS)	 2022	 2021	2020	 2019
District's Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability	0.26240300%	0.24955300%	0.24789400%	0.25054620%
District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability	\$ 4,966,184	\$ 5,423,610	\$ 6,234,000	\$ 6,950,828
District's Covered Payroll	\$ 9,061,536	\$ 9,022,364	\$ 8,604,230	\$ 8,066,259
District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability	54.81% 24.08%	60.11% 18.17%	72.45% 15.57%	86.17% 13.57%
State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)				
District's Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability/(Asset)	0.27072700%	0.26663400%	0.26229800%	0.25379290%
District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability/(Asset)	\$ (5,708,057)	\$ (4,686,087)	\$ (4,344,284)	\$ (4,078,193)
District's Covered Payroll	\$ 33,555,400	\$ 31,891,300	\$ 31,002,431	\$ 29,193,647
District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability/(Asset) as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	-17.01%	-14.69%	-14.01%	-13.97%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability/(Asset)	174.73%	182.10%	174.70%	176.00%

⁽¹⁾ Information prior to 2017 is not available.

Note: The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement date, which is the prior fiscal year.

 2018	 2017
0.22759350%	0.24055110%
\$ 6,108,012	\$ 6,856,595
\$ 7,504,580	\$ 7,340,621
81.39%	93.41%
12.46%	11.49%
0.23724272%	0.25467134%
\$ 9,256,336	\$ 13,619,889
\$ 26,482,200	\$ 26,227,728
34.95%	51.93%
47.10%	37.30%

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of the District's Contributions - OPEB Last Ten Fiscal Years

	 2022	2021	2020	2019
School Employees Retirement System (SERS)	 			
Contractually Required Contribution (1)	\$ 136,669	\$ 128,918	\$ 91,199	\$ 156,696
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	\$ (136,669)	\$ (128,918)	\$ (91,199)	\$ (156,696)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ _	\$ _	\$ _	\$
District's Covered Payroll	\$ 9,777,029	\$ 9,061,536	\$ 9,356,526	\$ 8,604,230
OPEB Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll (1)	1.40%	1.42%	0.97%	1.82%
State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)				
Contractually Required Contribution	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ _	\$ _	\$ _	\$ _
District's Covered Payroll	\$ 37,594,750	\$ 33,555,400	\$ 31,891,300	\$ 31,002,431
OPEB Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

(1) Includes surcharge

See accompanying notes to the required supplementary information.

2018	 2017	 2016	 2015	 2014	2013
\$ 169,644	\$ 122,989	\$ 120,761	\$ 180,324	\$ 124,696	\$ 143,495
\$ (169,644)	\$ (122,989)	\$ (120,761)	\$ (180,324)	\$ (124,696)	\$ (143,495)
\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$ -
\$ 8,066,259	\$ 7,504,580	\$ 7,340,621	\$ 7,626,175	\$ 8,026,107	\$ 7,501,104
2.10%	1.64%	1.65%	2.36%	1.55%	1.91%
\$ -	\$ 122,989	\$ 120,761	\$ 180,324	\$ 124,696	\$ 143,495
\$ 	\$ (122,989)	\$ (120,761)	\$ (180,324)	\$ (124,696)	\$ (143,495)
\$ -	\$ _	\$ -	\$ -	\$ _	\$ _
\$ 29,193,647	\$ 7,504,580	\$ 7,340,621	\$ 7,626,175	\$ 8,026,107	\$ 7,501,104
0.00%	1.64%	1.65%	2.36%	1.55%	1.91%

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

NOTE 1 - BUDGETARY PROCESS

The budgetary process is prescribed by provisions of the Ohio Revised Code and entails the preparation of budgetary documents within an established timetable. The major documents prepared are the tax budget, the certificate of estimated resources, and the appropriation resolution, all of which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The certificate of estimated resources and the appropriations resolution are subject to amendment throughout the year with the legal restriction that appropriations cannot exceed estimated resources, as certified.

All funds, other than custodial funds, are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The primary level of budgetary control is at the fund level. Although the legal level of budgetary control was established at the fund level of expenditures, the District has elected to present budgetary statement comparisons at the fund and function level of expenditures. Any budgetary modifications at this level may only be made by resolution of the Board of Education.

Advances in and advances out are not required to be budgeted since they represent a temporary cash flow resource and are intended to be repaid.

Tax Budget:

Prior to January 15, the Superintendent and Treasurer submit to the Board of Education a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing for all funds. Public hearings are publicized and conducted to obtain taxpayers' comments. The express purpose of this budget document is to reflect the need for existing (or increased) tax rates.

By no later than January 20, the Board-adopted budget is filed with the Franklin County Budget Commissions for rate determination.

Estimated Resources:

Prior to April 1, the Board of Education accepts, by formal resolution, the tax rates as determined by the County Budget Commission and receives the commission's certificate of estimated resources, which states the projected revenue of each fund. Prior to June 30, the District must revise its budget so that total contemplated expenditures from any fund during the ensuing year will not exceed the amount stated in the certificate of estimated resources. The revised budget then serves as the basis for the appropriation measure. On or about July 1, the certificate is amended to include any unencumbered cash balances from the preceding year. The certificate may be further amended during the year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the Treasurer. The revised amounts reported in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts in the final amended certificate issued during fiscal year 2022.

Appropriations:

Upon receipt from the County Auditor of an amended certificate of estimated resources based on final assessed values and tax rates or a certificate saying no new certificate is necessary, the annual appropriation resolution must be legally enacted by the Board of Education at the fund level, which is the legal level of budgetary control. Prior to the passage of the annual appropriation measure, the Board may pass a temporary appropriation measure to meet the ordinary expenses of the District.

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

The appropriation resolution, by fund, must be within the estimated resources as certified by the County Budget Commission and the total of expenditures and encumbrances may not exceed the appropriation totals at any level of control. Any revisions that alter the total of any fund appropriation must be approved by the Board of Education.

The Board may pass supplemental fund appropriations so long as the total appropriations by fund do not exceed the amounts set forth in the most recent certificate of estimated resources. During the year, several supplemental appropriations were legally enacted; however, none of these amendments were significant.

The budget figures, which appear in the statements of budgetary comparisons, represent the final appropriation amounts, including all supplemental appropriations. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for all funds other than custodial funds, consistent with statutory provisions.

NOTE 2 - RECONCILING BUDGET BASIS AND GAAP

The District prepares its budget on a basis of accounting that differs from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). The actual column presented on the Budgetary Comparison Schedule – General Fund is prepared in accordance with the budget basis of accounting.

The major differences between the budgetary basis of accounting and GAAP are that:

- A. Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP basis);
- B. Expenditures are recorded when encumbered (budget basis) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP basis);
- C. Encumbrances are recorded as the equivalent of expenditures (budget basis) as opposed to an assignment of fund balance (GAAP basis).
- D. Due to the implementation of GASB 54, some funds were reclassified to the General Fund. These funds are not required to be included in the General Fund Budgetary Statement. Therefore, the activity from these funds is excluded with an adjustment for their change in fund balance. These funds include the uniform supplies, rotary funds, IMPACT program, superintendent's instructional, public school support, Performing Arts Center (PAC) operations, and termination benefits funds.

Net Change in Fund Balance

GAAP Basis	\$ 2,531,807
Net Adjustment for Revenue Accruals	1,038,879
Net Adjustment for Expenditure Accruals	711,709
Funds Budgeted Elsewhere	(936,682)
Adjustment for Encumbrances	(697,752)
Budget Basis	\$ 2,647,961

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

NOTE 3 – NET PENSION LIABILITY

There were no changes in assumptions or benefit terms for the fiscal years reported unless otherwise stated below:

Changes in Assumptions - SERS

For fiscal year 2022, the SERS Board adopted the following assumption changes:

- Assumed rate of inflation was reduced from 3.00 percent to 2.40 percent
- Payroll growth assumption was reduced from 3.50 percent to 1.75 percent
- Assumed real wage growth was reduced from 0.50 percent to 0.85 percent
- Discount rate was reduced from 7.50 percent to 7.00 percent
- Rates of withdrawal, retirement and disability were updated to reflect recent experience.
- Mortality among active members, service retirees and beneficiaries, and disabled members were updated.

For fiscal year 2017, the SERS Board adopted the following assumption changes:

- Assumed rate of inflation was reduced from 3.25 percent to 3.00 percent
- Payroll Growth Assumption was reduced from 4.00 percent to 3.50 percent
- Assumed real wage growth was reduced from 0.75 percent to 0.50 percent
- Rates of withdrawal, retirement and disability were updated to reflect recent experience.
- Mortality among active members was updated to RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and a five year age set-back for both males and females.
- Mortality among service retired members, and beneficiaries was updated to RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection with Scale BB, 120 percent of male rates, and 110 percent of female rates.
- Mortality among disabled members was updated to RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, 90 percent for male rates and 100 percent for female rates, set back five years is used for the period after disability retirement.

Changes in Benefit Terms - SERS

For fiscal year 2021, cost-of-living adjustments was reduced from 2.50 percent to 2.00 percent.

For fiscal year 2018, the cost-of-living adjustment was changed from a fixed 3.00 percent to a cost-of-living adjustment that is indexed to CPI-W not greater than 2.50 percent with a floor of zero percent beginning January 1, 2018. In addition, with the authority granted the Board under HB 49, the Board has enacted a three-year COLA suspension for benefit recipients in calendar years 2018, 2019 and 2020.

Changes in Assumptions – STRS

For fiscal year 2022, the long term expected rate of return was reduced from 7.45 percent to 7.00 percent.

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

For fiscal year 2018, the Retirement Board approved several changes to the actuarial assumptions in 2017. The long term expected rate of return was reduced from 7.75 percent to 7.45 percent, the inflation assumption was lowered from 2.75 percent to 2.50 percent, the payroll growth assumption was lowered to 3.00 percent, and total salary increases rate was lowered by decreasing the merit component of the individual salary increases, in addition to a decrease of 0.25 percent due to lower inflation. The healthy and disabled mortality assumptions were updated to the RP-2014 mortality tables with generational improvement scale MP-2016. Rates of retirement, termination and disability were modified to better reflect anticipated future experience.

Changes in Benefit Terms - STRS

For fiscal year 2018, the cost-of-living adjustment (COLA) was reduced to zero.

NOTE 2 - NET OPEB LIABILITY (ASSET)

Changes in Assumptions – SERS

Amounts reported incorporate changes in key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total OPEB liability as presented as follows:

Municipal Bond Index Rate:

Fiscal year 2022	1.92 percent
Fiscal year 2021	2.45 percent
Fiscal year 2020	3.13 percent
Fiscal year 2019	3.62 percent
Fiscal year 2018	3.56 percent
Fiscal year 2017	2.92 percent

Single Equivalent Interest Rate, net of plan investment expense, including price inflation:

Fiscal year 2022	2.27 percent
Fiscal year 2021	2.63 percent
Fiscal year 2020	3.22 percent
Fiscal year 2019	3.70 percent
Fiscal year 2018	3.63 percent
Fiscal year 2017	2.98 percent

Pre-Medicare Trend Assumption

Fiscal year 2022	6.75 percent initially, decreasing to 4.40 percent
Fiscal year 2021	7.00 percent initially, decreasing to 4.75 percent
Fiscal year 2020	7.00 percent initially, decreasing to 4.75 percent
Fiscal year 2019	7.25 percent initially, decreasing to 4.75 percent
Fiscal year 2018	7.50 percent initially, decreasing to 4.00 percent

Medicare Trend Assumption

Fiscal year 2022	5.125 percent initially, decreasing to 4.40 percent
Fiscal year 2021	5.25 percent initially, decreasing to 4.75 percent
Fiscal year 2020	5.25 percent initially, decreasing to 4.75 percent
Fiscal year 2019	5.375 percent initially, decreasing to 4.75 percent
Fiscal year 2018	5.50 percent initially, decreasing to 5.00 percent

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Changes in Benefit Terms – SERS

There have been no changes to the benefit provisions.

Changes in Assumptions – STRS

For fiscal year 2021, valuation year per capita health care costs were updated. Health care cost trend rates ranged from -5.20 percent to 9.60 percent initially for fiscal year 2020 and changed for fiscal year 2021 to a range of -6.69 percent to 11.87 percent, initially.

For fiscal year 2019, the discount rate was increased from the blended rate of 4.13 percent to the long-term expected rate of return of 7.45 percent. Valuation year per capita health care costs were updated. Health care cost trend rates ranged from 6.00 percent to 11 percent initially and a 4.50 percent ultimate rate for fiscal year 2018 and changed for fiscal year 2019 to a range of -5.20 percent to 9.60 percent, initially and a 4.00 ultimate rate.

For fiscal year 2018, the blended discount rate was increased from 3.26 percent to 4.13 percent. Valuation year per capita health care costs were updated, and the salary scale was modified. The percentage of future retirees electing each option was updated based on current data and the percentage of future disabled retirees and terminated vested participants electing health coverage were decreased. The assumed mortality, disability, retirement, withdrawal and future health care cost trend rates were modified along with the portion of rebated prescription drug costs.

Changes in Benefit Terms - STRS

For fiscal year 2021, there were no changes to the claims costs process. Claim curves were updated to reflect the projected fiscal year 2021 premium based on June 30, 2020 enrollment distribution. The non-Medicare subsidy percentage was increased effective January 1, 2021 from 1.984 percent to 2.055 percent per year of service. The non-Medicare frozen subsidy base premium was increased effective January 1, 2021. The Medicare subsidy percentages were adjusted effective January 1, 2021 to .1 percent for the AMA Medicare plan. The Medicare Part B monthly reimbursement elimination date was postponed indefinitely.

For fiscal year 2020, there was no change to the claims costs process. Claim curves were trended to the fiscal year ending June 30, 2020 to reflect the current price renewals. The non-Medicare subsidy percentage was increased effective January 1, 2020 from 1.944 percent to 1.984 percent per year of service. The non-Medicare frozen subsidy base premium was increased effective January 1, 2020. The Medicare subsidy percentages were adjusted effective January 1, 2021 to 2.1 percent for the Medicare plan. The Medicare Part B monthly reimbursement elimination date was postponed to January 1, 2021

For fiscal year 2019, the subsidy multiplier for non-Medicare benefit recipients was increased from 1.9 percent to 1.944 percent per year of service effective January 1, 2019. The non-Medicare frozen subsidy base premium was increased effective January 1, 2019 and all remaining Medicare Part B premium reimbursements will be discontinued beginning January 1, 2020.

For fiscal year 2018, the subsidy multiplier for non-Medicare benefit recipients was reduced from 2.1 percent to 1.9 percent per year of service. Medicare Part B premium reimbursements were discontinued for certain survivors and beneficiaries and all remaining Medicare Part B premium reimbursements will be discontinued beginning January 2019. This was subsequently extended, see above paragraph.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

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COMBINING STATEMENTS AND INDIVIDUAL FUND SCHEDULES –

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

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Description of Funds

Bond Retirement Fund

The Bond Retirement Fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal and interest.

Non-major Governmental Funds

Non-major Governmental Funds account for revenues from specific sources, which legally, or otherwise, are restricted to expenditures for specific purposes. A description of the District's Non-major Governmental Funds follows:

Permanent Improvement – A fund provided to account for all transactions related to acquiring, constructing, or improving school facilities.

Food Service – A fund used to account for the financial activity related to the District's food service operation.

Special Trust – A fund used to account for restricted contributions and donations which the original contributions can be expended for District programs.

Endowment – A fund used to account for restricted contributions and donations which have been set aside as an investment for public school purposes. The income from this fund may be expended, but the principal must remain intact. The funds may be spent for District purposes.

Uniform School Supplies - A rotary fund provided to account for the purchase and sale of school supplies. This fund is included with the General Fund for financial statement reporting purposes.

Rotary – **Special Services** – A fund to report any activity to which a fee is charged to external users for goods or services. This fund is included with the General Fund for financial statement reporting purposes.

Rotary – Internal Services – A fund provided to account for operations that provide goods or services to other governmental units on a cost-reimbursement basis. This fund is included with the General Fund for financial statement reporting purposes.

Public School Support – A fund provided to account for specific local revenue sources, other than taxes or expendable trusts (i.e. profits from vending machines, sales of pictures, etc.), that are restricted to expenditures for specified purposes approved by board resolution. Such expenditures may include curricular and extra-curricular related purchases. This fund is included with the General Fund for financial statement reporting purposes.

Performing Arts Center – A fund provided to account for the maintenance and operations of the Performing Arts Center. This fund is included with the General Fund for financial statement reporting purposes.

Termination Benefits – A fund provided to account for severance payments made to employees. This fund is included with the General Fund for financial statement reporting purposes.

Description of Funds

Other Local Grants – A fund used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources, except for state and federal grants that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

Student Managed Activities – A fund provided to account for those student activity programs which have student participation in the activity and have student management of the programs. This fund would usually include programs and clubs managed by the District's students.

New Albany Community Foundation Grants – A fund used to account for the proceeds received from the New Albany Community Foundation.

District Managed Activities – A fund provided to account for those student activity programs which have student participation in the activity but do not have student management of the programs. This fund would usually include athletic programs but could also include the band, cheerleaders, flag corps, and other similar types of activities.

Auxiliary Services – A fund used to account for monies which provide services and materials to pupils attending non-public schools within the school district.

Race to the Top Fund - A fund used to account for federal funds used to assist states in providing either a new program or expansion of an existing program to support initiatives in the following areas: Standards and Assessments; Using Data to improve Instruction; Great Teachers and Leaders; and Turning Around the Lowest-Achieving Schools.

Student Wellness and Success – A fund used to account for state funds used to assist districts in supporting their students' academic achievement through mental health counseling, wraparound services, mentoring and after-school programs.

Other State Grants – A fund used to account for various monies received from state agencies which are not classified elsewhere. A separate special cost center must be used for each grant.

School Net Professional Development – A fund provided to account for wiring to all classrooms in the State and to provide a computer workstation and related technology for every classroom in Ohio's low wealth school districts.

Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief (ESSER) – A fund used to account for state funds used to aid districts that have been impacted and continue to be impacted by the Novel Coronavirus Disease 2019 (COVID-19).

Title VI-B IDEA – A fund used to account for federal funds used to assist states in providing an appropriate public education to all children with disabilities.

Title III Limited English Proficiency – A fund used to account for federal funds used to develop and carry out elementary and secondary school programs, including activities at the pre-school level, to meet the educational needs of children of limited English proficiency.

Description of Funds

Title IV-A Student Support and Academic Enrichment— A fund to improve students' academic achievement by increasing the capacity of states, local education agencies, schools, and local communities to (1) provide all students with access to a well-rounded education, (2) improve school conditions for student learning, and (3) improve the use of technology in order to improve the academic achievement and digital literacy of all students.

Title I Disadvantaged Children – A fund used to provide financial assistance to State and Local educational agencies to meet the special needs of educationally deprived children. Included are the Even Start and Comprehensive School Reform programs.

IDEA Preschool Grant for the Handicapped – The Preschool Grant Program, Section 619 of Public Law 99-457, addresses the improvement and expansion of services for handicapped children ages three (3) through five (5) years.

Title II-A Improving Teacher Quality – A fund used to account for monies to hire additional classroom teachers in grades 1 through 3, so that the number of students per teacher will be reduced.

Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds As of June 30, 2022

	Capital Project Funds		Special Revenue Funds							
	Permanent Improvement	Food Service	Special Trust	Endowment						
Assets:										
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 10,185,799	\$ 2,733,573	\$ 70,327	\$ 33,079						
Property Taxes Receivable Accounts Receivable	1,275,030 32,152	- 91	-	837						
Due from Other Governments	52,132	-	_	-						
Materials and Supplies Inventory	-	23,085	-	-						
Total Assets	\$ 11,492,981	\$ 2,756,749	\$ 70,327	\$ 33,916						
Liabilities:										
Accounts Payable	\$ 96,988	\$ 19,515	\$ 31	\$ -						
Accrued Wages and Benefits Payable	-	99,462	-	-						
Due to Other Governments	-	28,850	-	-						
Contracts Payable	471,950	-	-	-						
Due to Other Funds										
Total Liabilities	568,938	147,827	31							
Deferred Inflows of Resources:										
Property Taxes	737,869	-	-	-						
Unavailable Revenue	40,105									
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	777,974									
Fund Balances:										
Nonspendable	-	23,085	-	-						
Restricted	8,823,994	2,585,837	70,296	33,916						
Committed	1,322,075	-	-	-						
Unassigned	- 10.116.060	-								
Total Fund Balances	10,146,069	2,608,922	70,296	33,916						
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of	 -									
Resources, and Fund Balances	\$ 11,492,981	\$ 2,756,749	\$ 70,327	\$ 33,916						

Special Revenue Funds

					Rev	enue Funds						
 Other Local Grants	N	Student Managed Activities	Co Fo	w Albany mmunity undation Grants	District Managed Activities			uxiliary ervices	Race to the Top		Student Wellness and Success	
\$ 247,084	\$	396,929	\$	47,805	\$	451,359	\$	40,097	\$	3,850	\$	150,238
-		916		-		5,432		-		-		-
-		-		-		-		-		-		-
\$ 247,084	\$	397,845	\$	47,805	\$	456,791	\$	40,097	\$	3,850	\$	150,238
\$ 156	\$	19,654	\$	-	\$	25,772	\$	2,469	\$	-	\$	-
1,716		-		-		-		-		-		-
-		-		-		-			-		-	
 1,872		19,654				25,772		2,469				
 1,072		19,034			-	23,112		2,409			-	
_		_		-		_		_		_		_
 				-								
245,212		378,191		47,805		431,019		37,628		3,850		150,238
-		-		-		-		-		-		-
 245,212		378,191		47,805		431,019		37,628		3,850		150,238
\$ 247,084	\$	397,845	\$	47,805	\$	456,791	\$	40,097	\$	3,850	\$	150,238

(continued)

Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds As of June 30, 2022 (Continued)

Special
Revenue Funds

	Revenue Funds							
		Other State Grants	Pro	nool Net fessional elopment		ESSER		tle VI-B IDEA
Assets:								
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	24,558	\$	1,135	\$	490	\$	-
Property Taxes Receivable Accounts Receivable		-		-		-		-
Due from Other Governments		-		=		127.250		156 042
		-		-		127,250		156,843
Materials and Supplies Inventory Total Assets		24,558	\$	1,135	\$	127,740	\$	156,843
Total Assets	<u> </u>	24,336	Ψ	1,133	Ψ	127,740	Ψ	130,643
Liabilities:								
Accounts Payable	\$	_	\$	-	\$	_	\$	13,280
Accrued Wages and Benefits Payable		-		-		104,824		153,667
Due to Other Governments		-		-		22,916		24,663
Contracts Payable		-		-		-		-
Due to Other Funds		-				-		3,797
Total Liabilities						127,740		195,407
Deferred Inflows of Resources:								
Property Taxes		_		_		_		_
Unavailable Revenue		-		-		-		5,964
		-						5,964
Fund Balances:								
Nonspendable		_		-		_		_
Restricted		24,558		1,135		_		-
Committed		_		_		_		_
Unassigned						-		(44,528)
Total Fund Balances		24,558		1,135				(44,528)
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of								
Resources, and Fund Balances	\$	24,558	\$	1,135	\$	127,740	\$	156,843

Special Revenue Funds

T	itle III	Title	IV-A		Title I	IDEA Preschool Ti			tle II-A	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds		
\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	249	\$	_	\$	14,386,572	
-	-	*	_	•	_	•		*	-	•	1,275,030	
	-		-		-		-		-		39,428	
	2,752		-		56,252		3,124		16,039		362,260	
	-				-		-				23,085	
\$	2,752	\$		\$	56,252	\$	3,373	\$	16,039	\$	16,086,375	
								-				
\$	318	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	178,183	
	334		-		38,954		843		13,195		411,279	
	192		-		6,037		12		2,038		86,424	
	-		-		-		-		-		471,950	
	587				1,521		-		803		6,708	
	1,431				46,512		855		16,036		1,154,544	
	-		_		_		-		-		737,869	
	77		-		4,786		-		-		50,932	
	77				4,786		-		-		788,801	
	_		-		-		-		-		23,085	
	1,244		-		4,954		2,518		3		12,842,398	
	-		-		-		-		-		1,322,075	
	-										(44,528)	
	1,244				4,954		2,518		3		14,143,030	
\$	2,752	\$		\$	56,252	\$	3,373	\$	16,039	\$	16,086,375	

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes In Fund Balances - Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Revenues: Permanent Improvement Service Special Trust Endowment Property Taxes \$ 1,244,847 \$ 0 </th <th></th> <th>Capital Project Funds</th> <th colspan="7">Special Revenue Funds</th>		Capital Project Funds	Special Revenue Funds						
Property Taxes				-	Endowment				
Tuition Fees			•	•					
Co-Curricular Activities - 705 264 Charges for Services - 838,464 - - Intergovernmental Investment Income 4,258 2,828,357 - - Other Local Revenues 238,368 517 38,032 5,248 Other Local Revenues 238,368 517 38,032 5,248 Total Revenues 1,487,473 3,685,555 38,032 5,512 Expenditures: Instruction: Instruct	1 2	\$ 1,244,847	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -				
Charges for Services 838,464 - - Intergovernmental 4,258 2,828,357 - - Other Local Revenues 238,368 517 38,032 5,248 Total Revenues 1,487,473 3,685,555 38,032 5,512 Expenditures: Instructions Regular - - - - Special - - - - - Sugher Instruction -		-	-	-	-				
Intergovernmental		-	,	-	264				
Investment Income - 17,512 - - Other Local Revenues 238,368 517 38,032 5,248 Total Revenues 1,487,473 3,685,555 38,032 5,512 Expenditures: Instruction: Regular - - - - Special - - - - - Support Services: -		4.250	,	-	-				
Other Local Revenues 238,368 517 38,032 5,248 Total Revenues 1,487,473 3,685,555 38,032 5,512 Expenditures: Instructions: Regular 0 0 0 0 Special 0 0 0 0 0 Student Intervention Services 0 <td< td=""><td>_</td><td>4,258</td><td></td><td>-</td><td>-</td></td<>	_	4,258		-	-				
Total Revenues 1,487,473 3,685,555 38,032 5,512 Expenditures: Instruction: Regular -		-		-	-				
Expenditures: Instruction: Regular Special Support Services Student Intervention Services Student Intervention Services Student Intervention Services Student Intervention Services Support Services: Support Services Suppo									
Instruction: Regular	Total Revenues	1,487,473	3,685,555	38,032	5,512				
Regular - - - - Special - - - - Student Intervention Services - - - - Other Instruction - - - - Support Services: - - - - Support Services: - - - - Pupils 153,686 - - - - Instructional Staff - - - - - - School Administration - <td>Expenditures:</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	Expenditures:								
Special	Instruction:								
Student Intervention Services -	Regular	-	-	-	-				
Other Instruction -	Special	-	-	-	-				
Support Services: Pupils	Student Intervention Services	-	-	-	-				
Pupils 153,686 - - - Instructional Staff - - - - School Administration - - - - Business Operations 15,524 - - - Operation and Maintenance of Plant 5,013,454 - - - Student Transportation 115,836 - - - - Central - - - - - - Central - - - - - - - Operation of Non-Instructional/Shared Services: -	Other Instruction	-	-	-	-				
Pupils 153,686 - - - Instructional Staff - - - - School Administration - - - - Business Operations 15,524 - - - Operation and Maintenance of Plant 5,013,454 - - - Student Transportation 115,836 - - - - Central - - - - - - Central - - - - - - - Operation of Non-Instructional/Shared Services: -	Support Services:								
Instructional Staff	Pupils	153,686	-	-	-				
Business Operations 15,524 - - - Operation and Maintenance of Plant 5,013,454 - - - Student Transportation 115,836 - - - Central - - - - Operation of Non-Instructional/Shared Services: - - - - Food Services - 2,446,449 - - - Community Services - - 40,119 - Co-Curricular Activities 182,925 - - - Total Expenditures 5,481,425 2,446,449 40,119 - Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues (3,993,952) 1,239,106 (2,087) 5,512 Other Financing Sources: Transfers In 4,300,000 - - - Total Other Financing Sources 4,300,000 - - - Net Change in Fund Balances 306,048 1,239,106 (2,087) 5,512 Fund Balances - Beginning	Instructional Staff	-	-	-	-				
Operation and Maintenance of Plant 5,013,454 - - - Student Transportation 115,836 - - - Central - - - - Operation of Non-Instructional/Shared Services: - 2,446,449 - - Food Services - 2,446,449 - - Community Services - - 40,119 - Co-Curricular Activities 182,925 - - - - Total Expenditures 5,481,425 2,446,449 40,119 - - Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues - - 2,446,449 40,119 - Over (Under) Expenditures (3,993,952) 1,239,106 (2,087) 5,512 Other Financing Sources: Transfers In 4,300,000 - - - - Total Other Financing Sources 4,300,000 - - - - Net Change in Fund Balances 306,048 1,239,106 (2,	School Administration	-	-	-	-				
Operation and Maintenance of Plant 5,013,454 - - - Student Transportation 115,836 - - - Central - - - - Operation of Non-Instructional/Shared Services: - 2,446,449 - - Food Services - 2,446,449 - - Community Services - - 40,119 - Co-Curricular Activities 182,925 - - - - Total Expenditures 5,481,425 2,446,449 40,119 - - Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues - - 2,446,449 40,119 - Over (Under) Expenditures (3,993,952) 1,239,106 (2,087) 5,512 Other Financing Sources: Transfers In 4,300,000 - - - - Total Other Financing Sources 4,300,000 - - - - Net Change in Fund Balances 306,048 1,239,106 (2,	Business Operations	15,524	_	-	-				
Student Transportation 115,836 - - - Central - - - - Operation of Non-Instructional/Shared Services: Food Services - <td <="" rowspan="2" td=""><td></td><td>5,013,454</td><td>_</td><td>-</td><td>-</td></td>	<td></td> <td>5,013,454</td> <td>_</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td>		5,013,454	_	-	-			
Central -				-	-	-			
Food Services - 2,446,449		-	-	-	-				
Food Services - 2,446,449	Operation of Non-Instructional/Shared Services:								
Community Services - - 40,119 - Co-Curricular Activities 182,925 - - - Total Expenditures 5,481,425 2,446,449 40,119 - Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues 0ver (Under) Expenditures (3,993,952) 1,239,106 (2,087) 5,512 Other Financing Sources: Transfers In 4,300,000 - - - - Total Other Financing Sources 4,300,000 - - - - Net Change in Fund Balances 306,048 1,239,106 (2,087) 5,512 Fund Balances - Beginning 9,840,021 1,369,816 72,383 28,404	-	-	2,446,449	_	_				
Co-Curricular Activities 182,925 - <th< td=""><td>Community Services</td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td>40,119</td><td>-</td></th<>	Community Services	-	-	40,119	-				
Total Expenditures 5,481,425 2,446,449 40,119 - Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures (3,993,952) 1,239,106 (2,087) 5,512 Other Financing Sources: Transfers In Total Other Financing Sources 4,300,000 - - - - Net Change in Fund Balances 306,048 1,239,106 (2,087) 5,512 Fund Balances - Beginning 9,840,021 1,369,816 72,383 28,404		182,925	-	· -	-				
Over (Under) Expenditures (3,993,952) 1,239,106 (2,087) 5,512 Other Financing Sources: Transfers In 4,300,000 - - - Total Other Financing Sources 4,300,000 - - - Net Change in Fund Balances 306,048 1,239,106 (2,087) 5,512 Fund Balances - Beginning 9,840,021 1,369,816 72,383 28,404	Total Expenditures		2,446,449	40,119					
Over (Under) Expenditures (3,993,952) 1,239,106 (2,087) 5,512 Other Financing Sources: Transfers In 4,300,000 - - - Total Other Financing Sources 4,300,000 - - - Net Change in Fund Balances 306,048 1,239,106 (2,087) 5,512 Fund Balances - Beginning 9,840,021 1,369,816 72,383 28,404									
Other Financing Sources: Transfers In 4,300,000 - - - Total Other Financing Sources 4,300,000 - - - Net Change in Fund Balances 306,048 1,239,106 (2,087) 5,512 Fund Balances - Beginning 9,840,021 1,369,816 72,383 28,404		(2.002.052)	1 220 106	(2.007)	5 510				
Transfers In 4,300,000 - - - Total Other Financing Sources 4,300,000 - - - Net Change in Fund Balances 306,048 1,239,106 (2,087) 5,512 Fund Balances - Beginning 9,840,021 1,369,816 72,383 28,404	Over (Under) Expenditures	(3,993,952)	1,239,106	(2,087)	5,512				
Total Other Financing Sources 4,300,000 - - - Net Change in Fund Balances 306,048 1,239,106 (2,087) 5,512 Fund Balances - Beginning 9,840,021 1,369,816 72,383 28,404	Other Financing Sources:								
Net Change in Fund Balances 306,048 1,239,106 (2,087) 5,512 Fund Balances - Beginning 9,840,021 1,369,816 72,383 28,404	Transfers In	4,300,000	-	-	-				
Fund Balances - Beginning 9,840,021 1,369,816 72,383 28,404	Total Other Financing Sources	4,300,000	-	_					
	Net Change in Fund Balances	306,048	1,239,106	(2,087)	5,512				
	Fund Balances - Beginning	9,840,021	1,369,816	72,383	28,404				
1 01.2 Difference Dif	Fund Balances - Ending	\$ 10,146,069	\$ 2,608,922	\$ 70,296	\$ 33,916				

Special Revenue Funds

iary Race to	Student Wellness and Success		
- \$ -	\$ -		
	-		
	_		
66,658	_		
	-		
	-		
-			
	_		
	_		
	-		
-	-		
	99,116		
-	-		
-	-		
	_		
-	-		
-	-		
	-		
- 3,035	-		
3,035	- 00.116		
	99,116		
- 3,623	(99,116)		
<u> </u>			
			
	(99,116)		
4,005 3,850	249,354		
\$ 3,850	\$ 150,238		

(continued)

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes In Fund Balances - Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022 (Continued)

> Special Revenue Funds

	Revenue I unus								
	S	ther tate rants	Prof	ool Net Tessional	ESS	SER		ile VI-B IDEA	
Revenues:									
Property Taxes	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	
Tuition Fees		-		-		-		-	
Co-Curricular Activities		-		-		-		-	
Charges for Services		-		-		-		-	
Intergovernmental		96,195		-	1,7	71,061		1,339,169	
Investment Income		-		-		-		-	
Other Local Revenues		-		-		-		-	
Total Revenues		96,195		-	1,7	71,061		1,339,169	
Expenditures:									
Instruction:									
Regular		-		-	2	61,464		_	
Special		-		-		_		1,354,037	
Student Intervention Services		-		-		-		-	
Other Instruction		-		-	9	17,784		_	
Support Services:									
Pupils		-		_	3	29,114		21,065	
Instructional Staff		_		_		62,699		27,428	
School Administration		-		_		-		_	
Business Operations		_		_		_		_	
Operation and Maintenance of Plant		25,257		_		_		_	
Student Transportation		69,062		_		_		_	
Central		· -		_		_		13,049	
Operation of Non-Instructional/Shared Services:								,	
Food Services		_		_		_		_	
Community Services		_		_		_		_	
Co-Curricular Activities		_		_		_		_	
Total Expenditures		94,319		_	1,7	71,061		1,415,579	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues									
Over (Under) Expenditures		1,876		-		-		(76,410)	
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers In Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		<u>-</u>						<u>-</u>	
Net Change in Fund Balances		1,876	-	_				(76,410)	
-				-		-			
Fund Balances - Beginning		22,682	Ф.	1,135	Φ.		Ф.	31,882	
Fund Balances - Ending	\$	24,558	\$	1,135	\$		\$	(44,528)	

Special Revenue Funds

			Revenue Funds		
Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Title II-A	IDEA Preschool	Title I	Title IV-A	Title III
\$ 1,244,847	\$ -	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
40,728	-	-	-	-	-
894,062	-	-	-	-	-
838,464	-	-	-	-	-
6,665,433	92,431	24,886	350,182	23,293	37,943
17,512	-	-	-	-	-
325,597		-			
10,026,643	92,431	24,886	350,182	23,293	37,943
393,170	95,706	-	_	_	_
1,398,608	-	26,375	_	_	18,196
57,034	-	-	-	231	-
1,241,568	9,525	-	314,108	-	-
620,282	-	-	-	-	15,490
341,821	2,154	-	22,700	22,890	3,950
31,796	-	-	31,796	-	-
15,524	-	-	-	-	-
5,038,711	-	-	-	-	-
184,898	-	-	- 0.222	172	-
21,553	-	-	8,332	172	-
2,446,449	-	-	-	-	-
73,154	-	-	-	-	-
922,966					
12,787,534	107,385	26,375	376,936	23,293	37,636
(2,760,891)	(14,954)	(1,489)	(26,754)	-	307
4,300,000					
4,300,000		-			
1,539,109	(14,954)	(1,489)	(26,754)	-	307
12,603,921	14,957	4,007	31,708		937
\$ 14,143,030	\$ 3	2,518	\$ 4,954	\$ -	\$ 1,244

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Individual Fund Schedules of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) – Governmental Funds

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	Final Budget Actual				Variance Over/(Under)		
Bond Retirement							
Total Revenues and Other Sources Total Expenditures and Other Uses	\$	8,428,600 8,836,867	\$	8,823,462 8,813,421	\$	394,862 23,446	
Net Change in Fund Balance		(408,267)		10,041		418,308	
Fund Balances - July 1 Fund Balances - June 30	\$	5,610,843 5,202,576	\$	5,610,843 5,620,884	\$	418,308	
Permanent Improvement							
Total Revenues and Other Sources Total Expenditures and Other Uses	\$	3,217,000 10,238,529	\$	5,761,682 8,009,640	\$	2,544,682 2,228,889	
Net Change in Fund Balance		(7,021,529)		(2,247,958)		4,773,571	
Fund Balances - July 1 Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated Fund Balances - June 30	\$	7,136,800 2,556,029 2,671,300	\$	7,136,800 2,556,029 7,444,871	\$	4,773,571	
Food Service							
Total Revenues and Other Sources Total Expenditures and Other Uses	\$	2,391,950 2,729,140	\$	3,915,954 2,608,284	\$	1,524,004 120,856	
Net Change in Fund Balance		(337,190)		1,307,670		1,644,860	
Fund Balances - July 1 Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated Fund Balances - June 30	\$	1,193,241 81,733 937,784	\$	1,193,241 81,733 2,582,644	\$	1,644,860	

	Final Budget			Actual		variance er/(Under)
Special Trust						
Total Revenues and Other Sources Total Expenditures and Other Uses	\$	45,775 77,741	\$	38,032 48,173	\$	(7,743) 29,568
Net Change in Fund Balance		(31,966)		(10,141)		21,825
Fund Balances - July 1 Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated Fund Balances - June 30	\$	66,021 6,621 40,676	\$	66,021 6,621 62,501	\$	21,825
Endowment						
Total Revenues and Other Sources Total Expenditures and Other Uses	\$	3,600 31,431	\$	5,248	\$	1,648 31,431
Net Change in Fund Balance		(27,831)		5,248		33,079
Fund Balances - July 1 Fund Balances - June 30	\$	27,831	\$	27,831 33,079	\$	33,079
Uniform School Supplies						
Total Revenues and Other Sources Total Expenditures and Other Uses	\$	404,824 448,344	\$	357,609 369,023	\$	(47,215) 79,321
Net Change in Fund Balance		(43,520)		(11,414)		32,106
Fund Balances - July 1 Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated Fund Balances - June 30	\$	460,879 8,521 425,880	-\$	460,879 8,521 457,986	\$	32,106

	Final Budget	Actual		Variance er/(Under)
Rotary - Special Services				
Total Revenues and Other Sources Total Expenditures and Other Uses	\$ 549,900 763,454	\$	642,940 635,950	\$ 93,040 127,504
Net Change in Fund Balance	(213,554)		6,990	220,544
Fund Balances - July 1 Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated Fund Balances - June 30	\$ 438,576 175,779 400,801	\$	438,576 175,779 621,345	\$ 220,544
Rotary - Internal Services				
Total Revenues and Other Sources Total Expenditures and Other Uses	\$ 20,687	\$	- -	\$ 20,687
Net Change in Fund Balance	(20,687)		-	20,687
Fund Balances - July 1 Fund Balances - June 30	\$ 20,687	\$	20,687 20,687	\$ 20,687
Public School Support				
Total Revenues and Other Sources Total Expenditures and Other Uses	\$ 1,434,150 1,413,493	\$	1,305,909 1,076,282	\$ (128,241) 337,211
Net Change in Fund Balance	20,657		229,627	208,970
Fund Balances - July 1 Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated Fund Balances - June 30	\$ 775,405 14,362 810,424	\$	775,405 14,362 1,019,394	\$ 208,970

	Final Budget	Actual		Variance er/(Under)
Performing Arts Center				
Total Revenues and Other Sources Total Expenditures and Other Uses	\$ 47,500 321,099	\$	242,767 254,957	\$ 195,267 66,142
Net Change in Fund Balance	(273,599)		(12,190)	261,409
Fund Balances - July 1 Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated Fund Balances - June 30	\$ 307,538 2,825 36,764	\$	307,538 2,825 298,173	\$ 261,409
Termination Benefits				
Total Revenues and Other Sources Total Expenditures and Other Uses	\$ 100,000 101,451	\$	700,000 90,273	\$ 600,000 11,178
Net Change in Fund Balance	(1,451)		609,727	611,178
Fund Balances - July 1 Fund Balances - June 30	\$ 300,000 298,549	\$	300,000 909,727	\$ 611,178
Other Local Grants				
Total Revenues and Other Sources Total Expenditures and Other Uses	\$ 271,000 431,887	\$	136,463 126,560	\$ (134,537) 305,327
Net Change in Fund Balance	(160,887)		9,903	170,790
Fund Balances - July 1 Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated Fund Balances - June 30	\$ 225,628 8,843 73,584	\$	225,628 8,843 244,374	\$ - - 170,790

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance er/(Under)
Student Managed Activities			
Total Revenues and Other Sources Total Expenditures and Other Uses	\$ 532,318 621,240	\$ 291,339 254,753	\$ (240,979) 366,487
Net Change in Fund Balance	(88,922)	36,586	125,508
Fund Balances - July 1 Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated Fund Balances - June 30	\$ 298,494 901 210,473	\$ 298,494 901 335,981	\$ 125,508
New Albany Community Foundation Grants			
Total Revenues and Other Sources Total Expenditures and Other Uses	\$ 47,805	\$ 1,000	\$ 46,805
Net Change in Fund Balance	(47,805)	(1,000)	46,805
Fund Balances - July 1 Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated Fund Balances - June 30	\$ 46,805 1,000	\$ 46,805 1,000 46,805	\$ 46,805
District Managed Activities			
Total Revenues and Other Sources Total Expenditures and Other Uses	\$ 695,863 758,182	\$ 628,581 505,906	\$ (67,282) 252,276
Net Change in Fund Balance	(62,319)	122,675	184,994
Fund Balances - July 1 Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated Fund Balances - June 30	\$ 285,031 11,478 234,190	\$ 285,031 11,478 419,184	\$ 184,994

	Final Budget		Actual		Variance er/(Under)
Auxiliary Services					
Total Revenues and Other Sources Total Expenditures and Other Uses	\$	55,000 79,505	\$	56,658 42,727	\$ 1,658 36,778
Net Change in Fund Balance		(24,505)		13,931	38,436
Fund Balances - July 1 Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated Fund Balances - June 30	\$	24,505 11	\$	24,505 38,447	\$ 38,436
Race to the Top					
Total Revenues and Other Sources Total Expenditures and Other Uses	\$	- -	\$	<u>-</u>	\$ <u>-</u>
Net Change in Fund Balance		-		-	-
Fund Balances - July 1 Fund Balances - June 30	\$	3,850 3,850	\$	3,850 3,850	\$ <u>-</u>
Student Wellness and Success					
Total Revenues and Other Sources Total Expenditures and Other Uses	\$	10,973 260,327	\$	124,341	\$ (10,973) 135,986
Net Change in Fund Balance		(249,354)		(124,341)	125,013
Fund Balances - July 1 Fund Balances - June 30	\$	249,354	\$	249,354 125,013	\$ 125,013

	 Final Budget Actual		Actual	Variance Over/(Under	
Other State Grants					
Total Revenues and Other Sources Total Expenditures and Other Uses	\$ 182,269 204,951	\$	139,232 137,356	\$	(43,037) 67,595
Net Change in Fund Balance	(22,682)		1,876		24,558
Fund Balances - July 1 Fund Balances - June 30	\$ 22,682	\$	22,682 24,558	\$	24,558
School Net Professional Development					
Total Revenues and Other Sources Total Expenditures and Other Uses	\$ 1,135	\$	- -	\$	1,135
Net Change in Fund Balance	(1,135)		-		1,135
Fund Balances - July 1 Fund Balances - June 30	\$ 1,135	\$	1,135 1,135	\$	1,135
ESSER					
Total Revenues and Other Sources Total Expenditures and Other Uses	\$ 3,758,599 3,758,599	\$	1,643,811 1,643,321	\$	(2,114,788) 2,115,278
Net Change in Fund Balance	-		490		490
Fund Balances - July 1 Fund Balances - June 30	\$ <u>-</u> -	\$	490	\$	490

	Final Budget	Actual		Variance ver/(Under)
Title VI-B IDEA				
Total Revenues and Other Sources Total Expenditures and Other Uses	\$ 1,624,899 1,612,807	\$	1,398,656 1,419,546	\$ (226,243) 193,261
Net Change in Fund Balance	12,092		(20,890)	(32,982)
Fund Balances - July 1 Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated Fund Balances - June 30	\$ (50,168) 38,076	\$	(50,168) 38,076 (32,982)	\$ (32,982)
Title III Limited English Proficiency				
Total Revenues and Other Sources Total Expenditures and Other Uses	\$ 44,367 44,368	\$	37,753 40,856	\$ (6,614) 3,512
Net Change in Fund Balance	(1)		(3,103)	(3,102)
Fund Balances - July 1 Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated Fund Balances - June 30	\$ (3,221)	\$	(3,221) 3,222 (3,102)	\$ (3,102)
Title IV-A Student Support and Academic Enrichment				
Total Revenues and Other Sources Total Expenditures and Other Uses	\$ 30,090 30,090	\$	23,293 23,300	\$ (6,797) 6,790
Net Change in Fund Balance	-		(7)	(7)
Fund Balances - July 1 Fund Balances - June 30	\$ <u>-</u>	\$	(7)	\$ (7)

	Final Budget		Actual		/ariance er/(Under)
Title I Disadvantaged Children					
Total Revenues and Other Sources Total Expenditures and Other Uses	\$	428,716 428,045	\$	373,000 375,328	\$ (55,716) 52,717
Net Change in Fund Balance		671		(2,328)	(2,999)
Fund Balances - July 1 Fund Balances - June 30	\$	(671)	\$	(671) (2,999)	\$ (2,999)
IDEA Preschool Grant for the Handicapped					
Total Revenues and Other Sources Total Expenditures and Other Uses	\$	46,820 46,821	\$	25,768 25,520	\$ (21,052) 21,301
Net Change in Fund Balance		(1)		248	249
Fund Balances - July 1 Fund Balances - June 30	\$	1	\$	1 249	\$ 249
Title II-A Improving Teacher Quality					
Total Revenues and Other Sources Total Expenditures and Other Uses	\$	144,291 144,291	\$	91,370 103,434	\$ (52,921) 40,857
Net Change in Fund Balance		-		(12,064)	(12,064)
Fund Balances - July 1 Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated Fund Balances - June 30	\$	(15) 15	\$	(15) 15 (12,064)	\$ (12,064)

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INDIVIDUAL FUND SCHEDULE – PROPRIETARY FUND

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Description of Fund

Self-Insurance Fund

An internal service fund provided to account for money received from other funds as payment for providing medical and hospitalization. Payments are made to a third party administrator for claim payments, claims administration and stop-loss coverage.

	Final Budget		Actual		/ariance er/(Under)	
Self-Insurance						
Total Revenues and Other Sources Total Expenditures and Other Uses	\$	5,825,000 6,927,749	\$	6,290,293 6,769,947	\$	465,293 157,802
Net Change in Fund Balance		(1,102,749)		(479,654)		623,095
Fund Balances - July 1 Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated		2,969,505 207,749		2,969,505 207,749		-
Fund Balances - June 30	\$	2,074,505	\$	2,697,600	\$	623,095



STATISTICAL SECTION



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Statistical Section

This part of New Albany Plain Local School District's annual comprehensive financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the District's overall financial health.

Contents

Financial Trends

These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the District's financial position has changed over time.

Revenue Capacity

These schedules contain information to help the reader understand and assess the factors affecting the District's ability to generate its most significant local revenue source(s), the property tax.

Debt Capacity

These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the District's current levels of outstanding debt and the District's ability to issue additional debt in the future.

Economic and Demographic Information

These schedules offer economic and demographic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the District's financial activities take place.

Operating Information

These schedules contain service data to help the reader understand how the information in the District's financial report relates to the services the District provides and the activities it performs.

New Albany-Plain Local School District

Net Position by Component Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

	2013	2014	2015	2016
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$1,895,526	\$4,228,582	\$1,244,691	\$1,949,725
Restricted for:				
Capital Projects	1,035,919	1,712,639	917,600	681,099
Debt Service	8,821,223	8,400,777	8,811,823	9,158,806
Other Purposes	1,300,970	1,266,925	949,436	1,100,325
Unrestricted (Deficit)	15,388,977	(72,098,079)	(71,036,984)	(64,010,924)
Total Net Position	\$28,442,615	(\$56,489,156)	(\$59,113,434)	(\$51,120,969)

Note: GASB 68 was implemented in fiscal year 2015. Effects of the implementation can not fully be shown for prior years Note: GASB 75 was implemented in fiscal year 2018. Effects of the implementation can not fully be shown for prior years

2017	2018	2019 - Restated	2020	2021	2022
\$3,010,874	\$6,565,333	\$7,857,583	\$13,044,441	\$11,143,538	\$14,745,477
665,911	6,028,436	6,630,309	6,727,499	9,236,201	8,254,271
9,761,201	8,122,056	7,433,950	5,054,694	8,507,362	9,056,136
1,578,622	1,613,672	12,557,086	2,387,826	2,789,995	4,046,352
(79,307,871)	(45,242,511)	(29,374,513)	(47,083,272)	(28,423,614)	(15,677,305)
(\$64,291,263)	(\$22,913,014)	\$5,104,415	(\$19,868,812)	\$3,253,482	\$20,424,931

New Albany-Plain Local School District

Statement of Activities Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

	2012	2014	2015	2016
	2013	2014	2015	2016
Expenses				
Instructional Services				
Regular Instruction	\$ 26,906,192	\$ 28,001,405	\$ 33,981,235	\$ 28,860,845
Special Instruction	7,199,762	7,306,424	7,486,053	7,046,272
Student Intervention Services	-	-	-	-
Other Instruction	302,447	746,491	689,530	521,166
Support Services				
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	4,785,814	4,864,445	5,162,600	5,217,919
School Administration Services	3,593,327	3,822,655	4,174,092	3,814,959
Instructional Staff Services	3,234,302	2,850,446	3,067,657	2,076,463
Pupil Support Services	4,670,630	4,258,032	5,079,793	4,992,271
Noninstructional Services	1,261,188	698,994	691,638	1,226,376
Business Operation Services	1,553,796	1,812,908	1,941,571	2,228,995
Student Transportation Services	3,116,311	3,764,657	3,161,535	2,542,317
Food Services	1,665,921	1,963,493	2,154,677	1,826,821
Central Support Services	325,428	452,100	406,384	424,234
General Administration Services	67,217	112,230	249,593	197,733
Co-curricular Activities	2,377,092	2,301,345	2,320,117	1,825,133
Community Services	288,373	274,436	290,138	258,128
Interest and Fiscal Charges	3,362,605	4,966,005	4,529,080	4,523,826
Total Expenses	64,710,405	68,196,066	75,385,693	67,583,458
Program Revenues				
Charges for Services				
Instructional Services				
Regular Instruction	565,476	514,091	566,203	875,859
Special Instruction	-	-	-	-
Student Intervention Services	-	-	-	-
Other Instruction	100	2,375	27,802	31,536
Support Services	120 101	1.45.072	120 727	117.700
School Administration Services	138,181	145,273	138,735	115,722
Instructional Staff Services	-	-	-	-
Pupil Support Services	-	-	-	-
Noninstructional Services	5,390	1 (22 510	4,503	525,753
Food Services	1,522,171	1,622,719	1,693,017	1,786,967
Co-curricular Activities	620,809	532,163	930,616	982,825
Community Services	36,325	11,440	12,745	9,699
Operating Grants and Contributions				
Instructional Services	70.005	202.700	0.47.201	20.204
Regular Instruction	79,905	283,798	847,391	30,284
Special Instruction	660,546	869,520	867,568	939,835
Student Intervention Services	166 524	249.762	272.561	205 700
Other Instruction	166,534	248,763	273,561	285,780
Support Services				
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	-	-	7 210	2.057
School Administration Services Instructional Staff Services	29 640	54.401	7,218	3,957
	38,649	54,401 27,980	421,062	26,076
Pupil Support Services Noninstructional Services	1,511	27,980	27,879	16,491
Student Transportation Services	-	-	-	-
Food Services	182,037	261,802	254,745	287,563
Central Support Services	162,037	75	198	267,303
Co-curricular Activities	101	13	196	-
Community Services	65,297	73,500	67,709	66,936
Capital Grants and Contributions	03,297	73,300	07,709	00,530
Support Services				
Student Transportation Services				
Total Program Revenues	4,083,092	4,647,900	6,140,952	5,985,283
Net Expense	(60,627,313)	(63,548,166)	(69,244,741)	(61,598,175)
1		(/= -=/	())	(- ,,)

2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
\$ 29,917,308	\$ 10,866,617	\$ 26,139,294	\$ 35,110,975	\$ 36,071,228	\$ 31,788,128
7,487,237	3,799,469	7,895,825	10,413,346	10,608,802	9,356,279 57,034
535,501	155,795	333,341	400,035	455,652	1,196,245
5,404,503	5,326,902	6,032,419	4,684,524	7,735,825	7,385,028
4,701,499	2,270,399	3,938,804	5,107,128	5,163,937	4,519,546
2,946,189	1,036,896	2,098,014	2,542,497	2,497,201	2,573,088
5,298,253	2,892,435	7,061,904	6,762,995	7,368,735	6,403,594
1,066,295	1,295,669	1,275,730	1,221,379	1,174,827	1,223,043
1,763,179	1,400,171	2,222,127	1,811,758	1,900,700	1,822,334
2,174,653	2,189,773	2,432,930	2,595,347	2,618,980	2,568,717
1,972,577	1,848,320	1,996,797	1,967,750	1,723,684	2,455,962
443,526	382,537	416,207	439,690	434,981	415,570
265,252	154,987	246,519	225,823	270,970	277,581
2,081,074	1,177,738	1,861,128	2,445,004	2,203,025	2,310,536
421,618	272,929	81,906	87,792	104,504	175,557
3,839,694	3,619,659	3,486,571	3,348,392	2,562,146	2,434,858
70,318,358	38,690,296	67,519,516	79,164,435	82,895,197	76,963,100
964,464	1,216,184	1,369,606	1,012,367	1,285,096	1,666,753
-	438,104	526,998	425,741	614,029	594,236
46,350	95,004	167,224	- 159,446	215,181	24,413 422
40,530	93,004	107,224	139,440	213,161	422
118,262	92,944	99,045	81,494	63,695	105,002
-	51,446	54,349	31,246	35,333	3,882
-	171,450	191,666	158,932	186,026	71,289
655,473	770,071	875,218	440,769	345,279	665,065
1,867,403	1,907,457	1,944,684	1,650,512	408,795	839,169
1,047,078	1,044,898	1,104,364	1,056,233	764,684	1,167,878
14,581	28,696	36,633	54,175	49,676	•
93,217	89,742	193,032	197,108	735,309	363,495
1,077,847	617,109	1,926,850	1,602,851	1,541,047	1,328,500
-	- · · · · · · -	-	-	-	31,241
318,978	313,517	297,455	304,673	346,954	1,221,867
-	-	27,465	135,914	10,091	18,790
6,480	6,096	31,605	20,769	21,628	29,943
223,285	21,710	23,508	59,214	42,704	339,290
37,006	8,576	62,757	198,807	270,130	366,810
-	-	655	961		
_	-	-	157,481	84,440	51,380
282,420	249,872	305,773	233,497	1,206,463	2,845,869
16,709	6,858	30,407	14,268	7,645	20,311
-	-	1,253	5,521		37,945
207,895	48,444	52,123	54,779	56,571	89,424
_	102,036	_	_	_	_
6,977,448	7,280,214	9,322,670	8,056,758	8,290,776	11,900,227
(63,340,910)	(31,410,082)	(58,196,846)	(71,107,677)	(74,604,421)	(65,062,873
(03,340,910)	(31,410,062)	(30,170,040)	(/1,10/,0//)	(/4,004,421)	(03,002,873

Statement of Activities Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

	2013		 2014		2015	 2016
General Revenues						
Property Taxes and						
Payments in Lieu of Taxes	\$	49,750,667	\$ 54,914,069	\$	56,494,448	\$ 59,194,567
Grants and Entitlements not						
Restricted to Specific Programs		8,177,095	8,865,740		9,240,735	9,751,205
Investment Earnings		38,037	37,943		39,843	116,415
Other Local Revenues		506,257	568,558		845,437	 528,453
Total General Revenues		58,472,056	 65,886,310		66,620,463	 69,590,640
Change in Net Position	\$	(2,155,257)	\$ 2,338,144	\$	(2,624,278)	\$ 7,992,465

Note: GASB 68 was implemented in fiscal year 2015. Effects of the implementation can not fully be shown for prior years Note: GASB 75 was implemented in fiscal year 2018. Effects of the implementation can not fully be shown for prior years

2017	2018		2019		2020		2021		2021	
\$ 59,768,135	\$	61,097,721	\$	62,936,875	\$	43,864,196	\$	86,174,139	\$	71,719,995
9,941,432 238,523 576,021		10,411,082 536,915 742,613		10,092,900 1,126,506 976,386		9,722,582 1,359,322 1,397,180		10,198,205 120,644 1,233,727		10,240,280 (557,831) 831,878
70,524,111		72,788,331		75,132,667		56,343,280		97,726,715		82,234,322
\$ 7,183,201	\$	41,378,249	\$	16,935,821	\$	(14,764,397)	\$	23,122,294	\$	17,171,449

Program Revenues by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

	 2013	 2014	2015		2016	
Function						
Regular Instruction	\$ 645,381	\$ 797,889	\$	1,413,594	\$	906,143
Special Instruction	660,546	869,520		867,568		939,835
Student Intervention Services	-	-		-		-
Other Instruction	166,634	251,138		301,363		317,316
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	-	-		-		-
Administration Support Services	138,181	145,273		145,953		119,679
Instructional Staff Support Services	38,649	54,401		421,062		26,076
Pupil Support Services	1,511	27,980		27,879		16,491
Noninstructional Services	5,390	-		4,503		525,753
Pupil Transportation Support Services	-	-		-		-
Food Services Support	1,704,208	1,884,521		1,947,762		2,074,530
Central Support Services	161	75		198		-
Co-curricular Activities	620,809	532,163		930,616		982,825
Community Services	 101,622	 84,940		80,454		76,635
Total Program Revenues	\$ 4,083,092	\$ 4,647,900	\$	6,140,952	\$	5,985,283

2017	 2018	2019		2020		2021	2022
\$ 1,057,681	\$ 1,305,926	\$	1,562,638	\$	1,209,475	\$ 2,020,405	\$ 2,030,248
1,077,847	1,055,213		2,453,848		2,028,592	2,155,076	1,922,736
-	-		-		-	-	55,654
365,328	408,521		464,679		464,119	562,135	1,222,289
-	-		27,465		135,914	10,091	36,043
124,742	99,040		130,650		102,263	85,323	134,945
223,285	73,156		77,857		90,460	78,037	343,172
37,006	180,026		254,423		357,739	456,156	438,099
655,473	770,071		875,873		441,730	345,279	665,065
-	102,036		-		157,481	84,440	51,380
2,149,823	2,157,329		2,250,457		1,884,009	1,615,258	3,685,038
16,709	6,858		30,407		14,268	7,645	20,311
1,047,078	1,044,898		1,105,617		1,061,754	764,684	1,205,823
 222,476	 77,140		88,756		108,954	 106,247	 89,424
\$ 6,977,448	\$ 7,280,214	\$	9,322,670	\$	8,056,758	\$ 8,290,776	\$ 11,900,227

Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

	2013	2014	2015		 2016
General Fund					
Nonspendable	\$ -	\$ 13,867	\$	52,659	\$ 58,785
Committed	-	-		-	-
Assigned	3,506,861	9,345,354		3,347,865	20,056,112
Unassigned	 19,518,921	 13,817,267		19,133,109	 8,488,775
Total General Fund	 23,025,782	 23,176,488		22,533,633	 28,603,672
All Other Governmental Funds					
Nonspendable	27,121	18,007		22,545	29,125
Restricted	56,015,320	28,435,084		10,903,907	11,149,528
Committed	-	-		460,000	859,535
Unassigned	 (5,496)	 (53,909)		(632)	
Total All Other Governmental Funds	 56,036,945	28,399,182		11,385,820	12,038,188
Total Governmental Funds	\$ 79,062,727	\$ 51,575,670	\$	33,919,453	\$ 40,641,860

_	2017	2018	 2019	 2020	 2021	 2022
\$	121,768	\$ 110,944	\$ 103,009	\$ 101,966	\$ 110,467	\$ 99,215
	-	-	-	-	213,189	870,306
	24,894,733	26,663,522	30,312,938	8,012,844	17,374,036	6,179,102
	10,800,222	11,168,149	 12,349,170	 23,082,190	33,575,968	 46,695,557
	35,816,723	 37,942,615	 42,765,117	 31,197,000	 51,273,660	 53,844,180
	27,543	22,566	15,950	36,104	11,097	23,085
	12,078,746	15,848,052	15,153,552	14,316,230	20,642,922	21,553,287
	781,264	140,000	380,000	778,854	780,000	1,322,075
	(81,109)	-	-	-	-	(44,528)
	12,806,444	 16,010,618	 15,549,502	 15,131,188	 21,434,019	 22,853,919
\$	48,623,167	\$ 53,953,233	\$ 58,314,619	\$ 46,328,188	\$ 72,707,679	\$ 76,698,099

Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

		2013		2014		2015		2016
Revenues								
Property Taxes and								
Payment in Lieu of Taxes	\$	49,849,520	\$	54,694,983	\$	56,552,299	\$	59,172,397
Intergovernmental		9,371,735		10,633,791		12,045,628		11,422,060
Investment Income		38,037		37,943		39,843		116,373
Co-curricular Activities		746,759		663,400		949,867		1,051,835
Charges for Services		1,511,045		1,620,201		1,687,195		1,776,581
Tuition and Fees		564,976		514,091		563,901		1,400,297
Other		1,519,646		2,568,512		899,301		561,521
Total Revenues		63,601,718		70,732,921		72,738,034		75,501,064
Expenditures								
Current:								
Instruction:								
Regular		23,395,153		24,567,564		26,027,302		24,469,602
Special		7,187,469		7,240,447		7,570,716		6,915,016
Student Intervention Services		-		-		-		-
Other		303,577		785,539		682,883		508,857
Support Services:								
Operation and Maintenance of Plant		4,732,066		4,764,053		5,128,757		5,107,576
School Administration Services		3,598,397		3,878,464		4,149,140		3,689,729
Instructional Staff Services		3,227,256		2,842,083		3,266,695		2,040,386
Pupil Support Services		4,651,189		4,886,880		5,152,660		4,909,752
Noninstructional Services		1,261,188		698,994		701,567		1,225,690
Business Operation Services		1,637,885		1,809,664		1,957,494		2,224,318
Student Transportation Services		3,097,253		3,533,512		2,953,785		2,325,047
Food Services		1,657,285		1,944,863		2,144,447		1,945,366
Central Support Services		323,642		451,808		408,636		417,602
General Administration Services		67,217		112,230		249,593		197,000
Co-curricular Activities		1,859,234		1,798,444		1,900,243		1,297,768
Community Services		288,373		274,436		290,138		255,334
Capital Outlay		708,559		28,525,600		18,367,846		339,905
Debt Service:		40 - 66						
Issuance Costs		405,663		-		-		151,524
Principal Retirement		4,885,000		6,384,752		5,898,459		6,323,175
Interest and Fiscal Charges		2,509,277		4,159,930		4,023,479		3,842,078
Total Expenditures		65,795,683		98,659,263		90,873,840		68,185,725
Excess of Revenues Over								
(Under) Expenditures		(2,193,965)		(27,926,342)		(18,135,806)		7,315,339
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Inception of Capital Lease		-		435,012		479,589		100,800
Sale of Capital Assets		-		4,273		-		17,150
Other		-		-		-		-
Refunding Bonds Issued		48,830,000		-		-		8,225,000
Premium on Refunding Bonds Issued		660,539		-		-		857,343
Payment to Refunded Bond Escrow Agent		(3,994,913)		-		-		(8,928,293)
Transfers In		231,288		269,390		652,188		670,000
Transfers Out		(231,288)		(269,390)		(652,188)		(1,534,932)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		45,495,626		439,285		479,589		(592,932)
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$	43,301,661	\$	(27,487,057)	\$	(17,656,217)	\$	6,722,407
Delt Carrier on a Denne (C	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Debt Service as a Percentage of Noncapital Expenditures		11.4%		15.2%		13.6%		15.0%
Noncapital Expenditutes		11.4/0		13.4/0		13.0/0		13.0/0

	2017		2018		2019		2020	 2021		2022
\$	59,362,324	\$	60,860,514	\$	61,939,541	\$	45,469,459	\$ 86,306,560	\$	70,228,145
	11,999,864		12,080,634		12,910,536		12,834,109	14,504,761		16,797,416
	225,203		545,391		1,101,297		1,342,217	138,374		(510,849)
	1,120,020		1,064,139		1,173,027		1,098,812	769,531		1,259,617
	1,846,532		1,890,956		1,927,685		1,633,813	385,867		838,695
	1,618,075		2,716,102		3,054,497		2,042,615	2,462,787		2,875,417
	704,654		873,202		1,041,005		1,707,055	1,594,159		1,167,599
	76,876,672		80,030,938		83,147,588		66,128,080	106,162,039		92,656,040
	24,246,060		26,321,356		27,307,491		28,659,962	30,313,582		30,659,672
	7,297,240		8,462,865		9,589,380		10,162,297	10,100,685		10,187,691
	-		-				-	-		57,034
	452,930		399,697		421,875		374,292	465,736		1,301,990
	5,384,066		6,959,513		8,420,472		7,998,677	6,756,272		10,741,875
	3,852,280		4,178,254		4,610,952		4,748,064	4,978,777		5,332,941
	2,838,206		2,275,837		2,381,221		2,347,795	2,371,849		2,929,770
	5,159,218		5,492,455		8,037,386		6,433,385	7,163,048		7,012,668
	1,067,898		1,306,782		1,275,926		1,335,202	1,311,004		555,906
	1,781,657		1,595,301		2,151,473		1,833,153	1,847,830		1,922,772
	2,346,039		2,448,541		2,405,334		2,677,808	2,635,334		2,649,032
	1,924,284		2,131,967		2,022,891		1,865,659	1,683,486		3,113,205
	431,811		421,411		418,475		424,861	429,728		432,255
	265,419		155,381		246,796		225,823	270,970		277,581
	1,682,146		1,760,340		1,772,951		2,022,085	1,841,284		2,406,878
	414,860		272,929		81,906		87,792	104,504		175,557
	873,932		642,412		21,548		109,300	-		-
	196,388		_		_		_	393,330		_
	6,406,266		6,474,884		4,469,376		4,545,656	4,496,917		4,136,419
	3,346,252		3,415,415		3,270,943		3,140,220	1,874,839		4,772,374
_	69,966,952	_	74,715,340	_	78,906,396	_	78,992,031	79,039,175	_	88,665,620
	6,909,720		5,315,598		4,241,192		(12,863,951)	27,122,864		3,990,420
-	0,202,720		2,212,250		.,2.11,122		(12,000,701)	 27,122,001		2,220,120
	741,870		-		_					
	351		700		20,194		-	-		-
	-		13,768		100,000		4,742	-		-
	14,605,000		-		-		-	55,239,953		-
	1,911,394		-		-		-	4,120,612		-
	(16,316,556)		-		-		-	(60,103,938)		-
	720,000		5,812,650		3,440,000		4,100,000	3,700,000		4,300,000
	(720,000)		(5,812,650)		(3,440,000)		(4,100,000)	 (3,700,000)		(4,300,000)
	942,059		14,468		120,194		4,742	 (743,373)		-
\$	7,851,779	\$	5,330,066	\$	4,361,386	\$	(12,859,209)	\$ 26,379,491	\$	3,990,420
	14.1%		13.6%		10.1%		10.4%	8.3%		10.5%

Assessed and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property

Last Ten Tax Years

		R	eal Property				Person olic Ut	al Property
	Assessed	l Value	2		Estimated		, ne o t	Estimated
Tax	Residential/		Commercial/		Actual	Assessed		Actual
Year	 Agricultural	I	ndustrial/PU	ial/PU Value		Value		Value
2012	\$ 687,216,730	\$	123,225,140	\$	2,315,548,200	\$ 21,661,930	\$	6,677,743,229
2013	687,959,710		121,129,250		2,311,682,743	22,685,980		6,669,624,922
2014	720,630,350		125,091,970		2,416,349,486	30,740,320		6,991,685,159
2015	729,461,910		155,396,420		2,528,166,657	36,970,570		7,328,963,506
2016	732,941,290		160,596,580		2,552,965,343	44,714,600		7,421,942,694
2017	787,143,730		167,699,720		2,728,124,143	46,857,420		7,928,518,751
2018	792,018,110		175,655,990		2,764,783,143	48,480,440		8,037,895,951
2019	799,260,780		174,549,980		2,782,316,457	55,440,580		8,107,877,249
2020	898,519,470		183,870,820		3,092,543,686	70,253,120		9,036,562,302
2021	904,901,430		188,025,960		3,122,649,686	74,494,470		9,134,697,588

Real property is reappraised every six years with a State mandated update of the current market value in the third year following each reappraisal

The assessed value of real property (including public utility real property) is 35 percent of estimated true value. Personal property tax is assessed on all tangible personal property used in business in Ohio. The assessed value of public utility property ranges from 25 percent of true value for railroad property to 88 percent for electric transmission and distribution property. General business tangible personal property was assessed in previous years at 25 percent for machinery and equipment and 23 percent for inventories. General business tangible personal property tax began being phased out in tax year 2006. The listing percentage was reduced to 18.75 percent for tax year 2006, 12.5 percent for tax year 2007, 6.25 percent for tax year 2008 and zero for tax year 2009.

The tangible personal property values associated with each year are the values that, when multiplied by the applicable rates, generated the property tax revenue billed in that year. For real property, the amounts generated by multiplying the assessed values by the applicable rates would be reduced by the 10 percent, 2 1/2 percent and homestead exemptions before being billed. Beginning in the 2006 collection year, the 10 percent rollback for commercial/industrial property was eliminated.

Values are shown net of exempt property.

Source: Ohio Department of Taxation

Assessed	Total Estimated Actual	D. C	Effect Tax (Per \$1	Rate ,000 of	Voted Tax Rate (Per \$1,000 of Assessed Value		
Value	Value	Ratio	Assessed	i value)	Asses	ssed value)	
\$ 832,103,800	\$ 8,993,291,429	9%	\$	62.71	\$	75.20	
831,774,940	8,981,307,665	9%		62.56		74.99	
876,462,640	9,408,034,645	9%		60.43		74.74	
921,828,900	9,857,130,163	9%		59.87		74.34	
938,252,470	9,974,908,037	9%		59.46		74.09	
1,001,700,870	10,656,642,894	9%		57.68		72.34	
1,016,154,540	10,802,679,094	9%		56.35		71.09	
1,029,251,340	10,890,193,706	9%		57.15		72.09	
1,152,643,410	12,129,105,988	10%		53.87		72.09	
1,167,421,860	12,257,347,273	10%		53.98		72.09	

Property Tax Rates (per \$1,000 of assessed value) Last Ten Years

Direct Rates

7D 377 /		¥7.4.1	_		
Tax Year/		Voted	Down	_	
Collection	~ .		Perm.		
Year	General	Bond	Improve.	Unvoted	Total
2021/2022	\$ 58.84	\$ 7.50	\$ 1.25	\$ 4.50	\$ 72.09
2020/2021	58.84	7.50	1.25	4.50	72.09
2019/2020	58.84	7.50	1.25	4.50	72.09
2018/2019	58.84	6.50	1.25	4.50	71.09
2017/2018	58.84	7.75	1.25	4.50	72.34
2016/2017	58.84	10.75	-	4.50	74.09
2015/2016	58.84	11.00	-	4.50	74.34
2014/2015	58.84	11.40	-	4.50	74.74
2013/2014	58.84	11.65	-	4.50	74.99
2012/2013	58.84	11.86	-	4.50	75.20

Source: Franklin County Auditor's Office; Ohio Department of Taxation

The rates presented for a particular calendar year are the rates that, when applied to the assessed values presented in the Assessed Value Table, generated the property tax revenue billed in that year.

Rates may only be raised by obtaining the approval of a majority of the voters at a public election.

Overlapping Rates

Stat Park	umbus te/Joint /Library erating	ranklin Jounty	ity of Albany	C	stland areer	lendon wnship	Plain wnship	lumbus City
\$	4.71	\$ 19.77	\$ 1.94	\$	2.00	\$ 38.26	\$ 13.67	\$ 3.14
	4.76	19.12	1.94		2.00	38.40	13.67	3.14
	4.34	19.12	1.94		2.00	38.40	13.67	3.14
	4.34	18.92	1.94		2.00	37.15	13.67	3.14
	4.39	18.92	1.94		2.00	37.20	13.67	3.14
	4.39	18.47	1.94		2.00	37.11	13.67	3.14
	4.39	18.47	1.94		2.00	32.51	13.40	3.14
	4.39	18.47	1.94		2.00	32.51	13.40	3.14
	4.39	18.47	1.94		2.00	30.65	13.77	3.14
	4.59	18.47	1.94		2.00	30.65	13.77	3.14

Property Tax Levies and Collections (1)
Last Ten Calendar Years

Calendar Collection Year	Current Tax Levy	Current Tax Collections	Percent of Current Tax Collections to Current Tax Levy	Delinquent Tax Collections (2)	Total Tax Collections	Percent of Total Tax Collections to Current Tax Levy
2012	\$ 50,282,016	\$44,499,801	88.50%	\$ 1,112,315	\$45,612,116	90.71%
2013	57,293,638	50,727,700	88.54%	1,127,311	51,855,011	90.51%
2014	52,378,211	50,783,521	96.96%	920,062	51,703,583	98.71%
2015	53,485,756	52,664,293	98.46%	843,319	53,507,612	100.04%
2016	55,762,199	54,048,546	96.93%	1,145,446	55,193,992	98.98%
2017	56,641,345	54,353,402	95.96%	1,272,262	55,625,664	98.21%
2018	55,867,036	54,206,256	97.03%	866,917	55,073,173	98.58%
2019	55,506,396	53,989,544	97.27%	1,585,743	55,575,287	100.12%
2020	57,144,681	54,534,882	95.43%	1,199,142	55,734,024	97.53%
2021	59,569,715	58,121,999	97.57%	1,138,211	59,260,210	99.48%

Source: Franklin County Auditor's Office

⁽¹⁾ Includes Homestead/Rollback taxes assessed locally, but distributed through the State and reported as Intergovernmental revenue.

⁽²⁾ The County does not identify delinquent tax collections by tax year.

Principal Taxpayers Real Estate Tax 2021 and 2012(1)

		202	1
Name of Taxpayer		Assessed Value	Percent of Real Property Assessed Value
Leslie H. Wexner	\$	21,655,480	1.98%
New Albany Co. LLC		18,673,640	1.71%
4701 Rexwood Drive		13,650,050	1.25%
Montauk Innovations LLC		9,599,840	0.88%
Fairway Lakes LLC		8,214,540	0.75%
Discover Properties		8,150,280	0.75%
ANSA Propco Partnership LP (formerly Tween Brands)		7,679,710	0.70%
Berkeley Park LLC		6,993,000	0.64%
SI NAL01 LLC (formerly Nationwide Mutual)		5,834,300	0.53%
CVG12 New Albany OH LLC		5,005,040	0.46%
Total	\$	105,455,880	9.65%
Total Assessed Valuation	\$	1,092,927,390	
		201	2
			Percent of
		Assessed	Real Property
Name of Taxpayer		Value	Assessed Value
New Albany Co. LLC	\$	23,126,250	2.85%
Leslie H. Wexner		18,151,300	2.24%
4701 Rexwood Drive		9,975,000	1.23%
White Barn Organics LLC		9,230,360	1.14%
Abercrombie & Fitch		7,226,840	0.89%
Meijer Stores LP		5,670,010	0.70%
Fairway Lakes LLC		5,530,040	0.68%
Tween Brands Service		5,127,230	0.63%
Berkeley Park LLC	_	4,760,000	0.59%
Total	\$	88,797,030	10.95%
Total Assessed Valuation	\$	810,441,870	

Source: Franklin County Auditor's Office

⁽¹⁾ The amounts presented represent the assessed values upon which 2022 and 2013 collections were based.

Principal Taxpayers
Public Utilities Tax
2021 and 2012 (1)

	2	2021
Name of Taxpayer Ohio Power Company (formerly Columbus Sothern Power Co.) All other Public Utilities	Assessed Value \$ 36,063,210 38,431,260	Percent of Public Utility Assessed Value 48.41% 51.59%
Total	\$ 74,494,470	100.00%
Total Assessed Valuation	\$ 74,494,470	
	2	2012
Name of Taxpayer	Assessed Value	Percent of Public Utility Assessed Value
Columbus Southern Power Co. All other Public Utilities	\$ 17,428,790 4,233,140	80.46% 19.54%
Total	\$ 21,661,930	100.00%
Total Assessed Valuation	\$ 21,661,930	

Source: Franklin County Auditor's Office

⁽¹⁾ The amounts presented represent the assessed values upon which 2022 and 2013 collections were based.

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Ratio of Outstanding Debt by Type Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Estimated Population (1)	Franklin Cty. Personal Income (2)	Energy Conservation Notes (3)	School Improvement Bonds (3)	Capital Leases	Accumulated Accretion
2013	19,816	\$ 75,336	\$ 1,435,000	\$ 118,455,284	\$ -	\$ 5,548,779
2014	20,097	75,978	1,260,000	112,743,946	355,260	5,464,076
2015	20,802	73,657	1,075,000	107,809,033	591,390	5,095,641
2016	22,323	69,377	880,000	102,796,774	429,015	4,595,631
2017	26,586	70,404	675,000	97,428,752	793,116	4,500,163
2018	23,544	70,920	460,000	90,546,954	648,232	5,146,458
2019	23,575	71,735	235,000	85,680,156	503,856	5,796,893
2020	24,034	73,792	-	81,231,040	358,200	5,961,844
2021	N/A	71,991	-	79,798,250	191,283	4,337,079
2022	N/A	N/A	-	74,626,810	-	2,911,479

Sources:

- (1) Ohio Municipal Advisory Council, U.S. Census Bureau
- (2) Ohio Department of Taxation
- (3) OMAC; District Financial Records

NA - Information Not Available

Total Debt Outstanding	Ratio of Total Debt to Personal Income	tal Debt Per Capita
- Guistananig		 - приш
\$ 125,439,06	3 11.90%	\$ 6,330
119,823,28	2 12.74	5,962
114,571,06	4 13.37	5,508
108,701,42	0 14.25	4,869
103,397,03	1 18.10	3,889
96,801,64	4 17.25	4,112
92,215,90	5 18.34	3,912
87,551,08	4 20.26	3,643
84,326,61	2 N/A	N/A
77,538,28	9 N/A	N/A

Ratios of General Bonded Debt Outstanding Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Net General Bonded Debt (1)	Ratio of General Bonded Debt to Estimated Actual Value (2)	E D	Net General Bonded Debt per Capita	E D	General Bonded Jebt per rollment
2013	\$ 115,182,840	1.28%	\$	5,813	\$	70,148
2014	109,807,245	1.22%		5,464		62,497
2015	104,092,851	1.11%		5,004		62,744
2016	98,233,599	1.00%		4,401		54,940
2017	92,167,714	0.92%		3,467		54,376
2018	87,571,356	0.82%		3,719		49,197
2019	84,043,099	0.78%		3,565		47,215
2020	82,138,190	0.75%		3,418		45,939
2021	75,627,967	0.62%		N/A		39,679
2022	68,482,153	0.56%		N/A		34,940

Source: Ohio Municipal Advisory Council

NA - Information Not Available

⁽¹⁾ Represents Total Debt Outstanding from Table 12 less Capital Leases and Energy Conservation Notes from Table 12 and Restricted Net Position from Table 1.

⁽²⁾ Represents Net General Bonded Debt outstanding at fiscal year-end divided by the estimated actual value in effect as of fiscal year-end. Fiscal year 2022 is calculated using the 2021 estimated actual value due to 2022 information not being available.

Computation of Direct and Overlapping Debt Attributable to Governmental Activities June 30, 2022

	Debt Attributable to Governmental Activities	Percentage Applicable to School District (1)	Amount of Direct and Overlapping Debt
Direct Debt			
School District			
as of June 30, 2022	\$ 77,538,289	100.00%	\$ 77,538,289
Overlapping Debt:			
Payable from Property Taxes:			
Franklin County	121,410,916	3.15%	3,824,444
City of Columbus	2,230,565,000	1.61%	35,912,097
City of New Albany	31,685,000	90.84%	28,782,654
Plain Township	814,000	98.77%	803,988
New Albany-Plain Local Park District	1,855,000	99.11%	1,838,491
Solid Waste Authority of Central Ohio	58,180,000	3.01%	1,751,218
Total Overlapping Debt	2,444,509,916		72,912,891
Total Direct and Overlapping Debt	\$2,522,048,205		\$ 150,451,180

Source: OMAC and Calender and Fiscal Year 2021 audit reports

⁽¹⁾ Percentages were determined by dividing the assessed or actual valuation of the overlapping government located within the boundaries of the District by the total assessed or actual valuation of the overlapping government. The valuations used were for tax year 2021.

Computation of Legal Debt Margin Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Assessed Valuation (1)	\$ 832,103,800	\$ 831,774,940	\$ 876,462,640	\$ 921,828,900 \$	938,252,470
Debt Limit - 9% of Assessed Value (2)	74,889,342	74,859,745	78,881,638	82,964,601	84,442,722
Amount of Debt Applicable to Debt Limit Less Amount Available in Debt Service	125,439,063 9,140,379	119,468,022 8,664,519	113,979,674 9,073,642	108,272,405 9,397,522	102,603,915 9,904,059
Net Indebtedness Subject to Limitation	116,298,684	110,803,503	104,906,032	98,874,883	92,699,856
Exemptions: Energy Conservation Notes Accumulated Accretion Amount of Debt Subject to Limit Legal Debt Margin Legal Debt Margin as a Percentage of the Debt Limit	1,435,000 5,548,779 109,314,905 (34,425,563) -45.97%	1,260,000 5,464,076 104,079,427 (29,219,682) -39.03%	1,075,000 5,095,641 98,735,391 (19,853,753) -25.17%	880,000 4,595,631 93,399,252 (10,434,651) -12.58%	675,000 4,500,163 87,524,693 (3,081,971) -3.65%
Unvoted Debt Limit10% of Assessed Value (1)	832,104	831,775	876,463	921,829	938,252
Applicable District Debt Outstanding					-
Unvoted Legal Debt Margin	\$ 832,104	\$ 831,775	\$ 876,463	\$ 921,829 \$	938,252
Unvoted Legal Debt Margin as a Percentage of the Unvoted Debt Limit	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%

⁽¹⁾ In 2006, HB 530 changed the assessed valuation utilized in the legal debt margin calculation to exclude general business tangible personal property tax as well as railroad and telephone tangible property.

Note: The amount of debt presented as subject to the limit should be the balances used to compute the margin as specified by statute, i.e. the gross balances, not amounts that are net of premiums or discounts.

 $^{(2)\} Ohio\ Bond\ Law\ sets\ a\ limit\ of\ 9\%\ for\ overall\ debt\ and\ 1/10\ of\ 1\%\ for\ unvoted\ debt, unless\ a\ waiver\ is\ obtained.$

2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
\$1,001,700,870	\$1,016,154,540	\$1,029,251,340	\$1,152,643,410	\$1,167,421,860
90,153,078	91,453,909	92,632,621	103,737,907	105,067,967
96,153,412 8,251,847	91,712,049 7,526,305	87,192,884 5,267,659	84,135,329 8,830,098	77,538,289 9,056,136
87,901,565	84,185,744	81,925,225	75,305,231	68,482,153
460,000	225.000			
460,000 5,146,458	235,000 5,796,893	5,961,844	4,337,079	2,911,479
82,295,107	78,153,851	75,963,381	70,968,152	65,570,674
7,857,971	13,300,058	16,669,240	32,769,755	39,497,293
8.72%	14.54%	17.99%	31.59%	37.59%
1,001,701	1,016,155	1,029,251	1,152,643	1,167,422
\$ 1,001,701	\$ 1,016,155	\$ 1,029,251	\$ 1,152,643	\$ 1,167,422
100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%

Demographic and Economic Statistics Last Ten Years

Fiscal Year	District Population (1)	Median Income (2)	District Enrollment (3)	Unemployment Rate (4)
2013	19,816	\$75,336	4,656	6.4%
2014	20,097	75,978	4,732	4.8
2015	20,802	73,657	4,845	4.2
2016	22,323	69,377	4,839	4.1
2017	26,586	70,404	4,847	4.4
2018	23,544	70,920	4,958	4.5
2019	23,575	71,735	5,032	3.7
2020	24,034	73,792	5,042	10.6
2021	N/A	71,991	5,040	6.1
2022	N/A	N/A	5,114	3.8

Sources:

- (1) Ohio Municipal Advisory Council, U.S. Census Bureau
- (2) Ohio Department of Education
- (3) District data
- (4) Bureau of Labor Statistics Website. All information as of June 30 of each fiscal year.

^{***}Note: School District encompases the City of New Albany, Blendon and Plain Township and part of the City of Columbus

Greater Columbus Metropolitan Area Principal Employers Current Year and Nine Years Ago

		2	2021
		N 1 C	Percentage
Employer	Nature of Business	Number of Employees	of Total Employment
The Ohio State University	Education	35,210	5.22%
State of Ohio	Government	24,897	3.69%
Ohio Health	Healthcare	24,512	3.64%
JP Morgan Chase & Co	Financial Services	17,480	2.59%
Nationwide Insurance	Financial Services	16,000	2.37%
Nationwide Children's Hospital	Healthcare	13,161	1.95%
Kroger Company	Retail	12,018	1.78%
Amazon	Retail	9,200	1.36%
City of Columbus	Government	8,705	1.29%
Mt. Carmel Health Systems	Healthcare	8,182	1.21%
Total		169,365	
Total Employment within the Area		674,000	
		2	2012
			Percentage
		Number of	of Total
Employer	Nature of Activity	Employees	Employment
The Ohio State University	Education	27,404	4.76%
State of Ohio	Government	24,748	4.30%
JP Morgan Chase & Co	Financial Services	19,200	3.34%
Ohio Health	Healthcare	14,025	2.44%
Nationwide Insurance	Financial Services	11,316	1.97%
***	Retail	10,031	1.74%
Kroger Company			1 (00/
- · ·	Education	9,753	1.69%
Columbus City School District	Education Government	9,753 8,455	1.69% 1.47%
Kroger Company Columbus City School District City of Columbus Mt. Carmel Health Systems			
Columbus City School District City of Columbus Mt. Carmel Health Systems	Government	8,455	1.47%
Columbus City School District City of Columbus	Government Healthcare	8,455 7,961	1.47% 1.38%

Source: Franklin County 2021 Annual Comprehensive Financial Report

School District Employees by Function/Program Last Ten Fiscal Years

Function/Program	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Instructional Staff	279.60	283.60	287.00	256.00	267.00	272.00	275.00	278.00	294.00	300.00
Instructional Support Staff	59.20	52.40	58.99	62.00	47.00	56.00	68.00	64.00	51.00	56.00
Pupil Support Staff	13.10	16.85	18.65	21.00	26.00	35.00	29.00	32.00	33.00	30.00
Technical Support Staff	51.40	46.14	55.56	50.00	57.00	63.00	84.00	89.00	86.00	94.00
Administrative Staff	27.00	26.60	29.00	19.00	24.00	28.00	30.00	30.00	30.00	33.00
Administrative Support Staff	37.90	37.83	37.96	32.00	35.00	36.00	38.00	38.00	38.00	39.00
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	60.60	54.91	51.91	52.00	39.00	42.00	43.00	43.00	43.00	44.00
Pupil Transportation Staff	57.00	54.40	52.00	43.00	42.00	45.00	44.00	43.00	42.00	35.00
Food Service Staff	23.70	22.74	18.93	23.00	32.00	36.00	33.00	30.00	27.00	34.00
Totals	609.50	595.47	610.00	558.00	569.00	613.00	644.00	647.00	644.00	665.00

Source: School District EMIS Records; Ohio Department of Education iLRC

Per Pupil Cost Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	General Fund Expenditures	State Average Enrollment	Cost Per Pupil	Percentage Change	Teaching Staff	State Average Pupil/ Teacher Ratio
2013	\$53,872,580	1,642	\$11,967	-1.41%	279.6	18.5
2014	56,270,732	1,757	12,423	3.81%	283.6	18.5
2015	59,164,774	1,659	12,886	3.73%	287.0	18.5
2016	55,870,771	1,788	11,900	-7.65%	256.0	18.5
2017	55,333,926	1,695	10,062	-15.45%	267.0	18.5
2018	56,962,611	1,780	10,284	2.21%	272.0	18.5
2019	60,187,446	1,780	11,291	9.79%	275.0	18.5
2020	60,994,121	1,788	11,578	2.54%	278.0	18.5
2021	62,993,226	1,906	11,419	-1.37%	294.0	18.5
2022	64,726,112	1,960	12,311	7.81%	300.0	18.5

Source: School District Records; Ohio Department of Education iLRC - cash basis reporting

Building Statistics Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2013	2014	2015	2016
New Albany Plain Early Learning Center (Grades PK-K)				
Constructed in 2003				
Total Building Square Footage	69,066	69,066	69,066	69,066
Enrollment	660	677	627	629
Student Functional Capacity	600	600	600	600
New Albany Plain Primary School (Grades 1-3)				
Constructed in 1999				
Total Building Square Footage	126,169	126,169	126,169	126,169
Enrollment	1,546	1,536	1,593	737
Student Functional Capacity	1,200	1,200	1,200	1,200
New Albany Plain Intermediate (Grades 4-6)				
Constructed in 2015				
Total Building Square Footage	N/A	N/A	N/A	150,000
Enrollment	N/A	N/A	N/A	814
Student Functional Capacity	N/A	N/A	N/A	1,200
New Albany Plain Middle School Grades 7-8)				
Constructed in 2001				
Total Building Square Footage	155,172	155,172	155,172	155,172
Enrollment	1,178	1,182	1,191	1,181
Student Functional Capacity	1,200	1,200	1,200	1,200
New Albany Plain High School (Grades 9-12)				
Constructed in 1996, additions in 2004				
Total Building Square Footage	261,295	261,295	261,295	261,295
Enrollment	1,272	1,337	1,434	1,478
Student Functional Capacity	1,500	1,500	1,500	1,500

Source: School District Records

Student enrollment is based on the October count for each year.

N/A - not applicable

2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
69,066	69,066	69,066	69,066	69,066	69,066
619	432	461	474	417	482
600	600	600	600	600	600
000	000	000	000	000	000
126,169	126,169	126,169	126,169	126,169	126,169
711	1,049	1,069	1,092	1,128	1,091
1,200	1,200	1,200	1,200	1,200	1,200
150,000	150,000	150,000	150,000	150,000	150,000
748	1,117	1,110	1,091	1,088	1,121
1,200	1,200	1,200	1,200	1,200	1,200
155,172	155,172	155,172	155,172	155,172	155,172
1,216	824	794	758	793	764
1,200	1,200	1,200	1,200	1,200	1,200
261,295	261,295	261,295	261,295	261,295	261,295
1,553	1,536	1,598	1,627	1,614	1,656
1,500	1,500	1,500	1,500	1,500	1,500

Full-Time Equivalent Teachers by Education Last Ten Fiscal Years

Degree	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Bachelor's Degree	71.0	75.6	58.0	64.0	56.0	43.0	45.0	50.0	47.0	51.0
Master's Degree	208.0	207.0	227.0	189.0	209.0	227.0	226.0	223.0	241.0	242.0
PhD	1.0	1.0	2.0	3.0	2.0	2.0	4.0	5.0	6.0	7.0
Total	280.0	283.6	287.0	256.0	267.0	272.0	275.0	278.0	294.0	300.0

Source: Ohio Department of Education iLRC / District records

Teachers' Salaries Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Minimum Salary (1)	Maximum Salary (2)	Average Salary New Albany Plain Local (3)	Average Salary Comparable Districts (3)	Average Salary Statewide (3)
2013	\$42,030	\$92,550	\$66,836	\$66,371	\$57,966
2014	42,450	92,627	67,699	65,706	55,916
2015	42,450	94,325	70,932	64,641	56,748
2016	42,450	94,325	72,477	69,574	58,690
2017	42,450	94,325	71,490	71,348	60,433
2018	42,875	104,720	69,905	NA	60,731
2019	43,304	105,767	68,462	NA	62,190
2020	43,737	106,825	69,734	NA	63,899
2021	43,737	106,825	78,520	NA	65,548
2022	44,612	108,962	77,932	NA	67,072

Sources: School District Financial Records and the Ohio Department of Education.

NA - Information Not Available

Note: Amounts do not include additional salary steps based on experience or academic credentials, nor fringe benefits such as pension, health insurance, disability, and so on.

⁽¹⁾ Starting teacher with no experience - per negotiated agreement.

⁽²⁾ Teacher with a Masters degree + 45 and more than 25 year's experience - per negotiated agreement.

⁽³⁾ Ohio Department of Education District Profile Report.

Enrollment Statistics Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Elementary School	Middle School	High School	Total	Percentage Change
2013	2,206	1,178	1,272	4,656	5.2%
2014	2,213	1,182	1,337	4,732	1.6%
2015	2,220	1,191	1,434	4,845	2.4%
2016	2,180	1,181	1,478	4,839	-0.1%
2017	2,078	1,216	1,553	4,847	0.2%
2018	2,598	824	1,536	4,958	2.3%
2019	2,640	794	1,598	5,032	1.5%
2020	2,657	758	1,627	5,042	0.2%
2021	2,633	793	1,614	5,040	0.0%
2022	2,694	764	1,656	5,114	1.5%

Source: School District Records

Educational Operating Indicators Last Ten School Years

	Fisc New Albany	al Year 2022 ¹ Similar	State									
	Plain Local	Districts	Average	2021	2020 4	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
3rd Grade Ohio State Test												
Mathematics	87.1%	84.1%	58.7%	83.6%	NA	91.1%	87.6%	88.4%	83.8%	NA	NA	NA
Reading	90.5%	84.9%	59.8%	80.4%	NA	92.5%	88.2%	85.8%	77.8%	NA	NA	NA
4th Grade Ohio State Test												
Mathematics	91.8%	89.4%	63.6%	91.6%	NA	90.4%	92.0%	90.8%	80.4%	NA	NA	NA
Reading	87.1%	87.4%	62.5%	85.8%	NA	84.9%	86.2%	82.1%	71.6%	NA	NA	NA
Social Studies	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	93.0%	88.3%	NA	NA	NA
5th Grade Ohio State Test												
Mathematics	87.8%	84.3%	53.5%	81.9%	NA	87.7%	91.0%	82.1%	78.3%	NA	NA	NA
Reading	86.8%	89.4%	64.4%	88.3%	NA	86.0%	91.0%	87.6%	79.6%	NA	NA	NA
Science	86.8%	88.1%	62.9%	87.9%	NA	87.9%	87.2%	85.8%	85.7%	NA	NA	NA
6th Grade Ohio State Test												
Mathematics	84.2%	82.9%	49.6%	80.2%	NA	90.9%	91.9%	75.1%	76.7%	NA	NA	NA
Reading	84.0%	85.0%	55.8%	75.8%	NA	79.7%	82.3%	78.8%	74.9%	NA	NA	NA
Social Studies	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	77.1%	84.5%	NA	NA	NA
7th Grade Ohio State Test												
Mathematics	76.4%	80.0%	45.6%	71.1%	NA	70.9%	74.1%	71.7%	39.2%	NA	NA	NA
Reading	85.8%	87.4%	60.3%	87.2%	NA	90.9%	87.6%	81.4%	74.3%	NA	NA	NA
Reading	03.070	07.470	00.570	07.270	1471	70.770	07.070	01.470	74.570	1171	11/1	1421
8th Grade Ohio State Test	74.00/	76.00/	42.00/	00.00/	NT A	02.10/	00.00/	01.50/	70.20/	NT A	NT A	37.4
Mathematics	74.8%	76.2%	43.0%	80.0%	NA	92.1%	90.8%	91.5%	78.2%	NA	NA	NA
Reading	76.1%	80.7%	52.7%	81.2%	NA	84.5%	81.7%	78.3%	62.5%	NA	NA	NA
Science	81.7%	88.7%	63.0%	85.7%	NA	90.1%	94.9%	79.6%	82.3%	NA	NA	NA
10th Grade Ohio Graduation	n Test ²											
Mathematics	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	97.4%	96.2%	96.1%
Reading	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	98.7%	98.1%	97.4%
Science	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	93.9%	95.5%	94.5%
Social Studies	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	96.0%	96.5%	96.1%
Writing	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	97.9%	97.8%	96.7%
11th Grade Ohio Graduation	Test (OGT) ^{2,3}											
Mathematics	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	97.6%	97.2%	98.5%
Reading	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	98.1%	97.8%	99.7%
Science	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	96.8%	97.5%	98.8%
Social Studies	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	97.6%	98.4%	98.8%
Writing	NA NA	NA	NA NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	97.8%	98.4%	99.4%
Student Attendance Rate	93.9%	NA	NA									
Student Graduation Rate	99.0%	98.3%	88.3%									
Student Enrollment	5114	70.570	00.570									
ACT Scores (Average)												
New Albany Plain	25.1											
Ohio	19.4											
National SAT Scores (Average)	19.8											
Reading/Writing												
New Albany Plain Mathematics	566											
New Albany Plain	585											

Source: District Records, Ohio Department of Education Local Report Card, & The College Board

NA - Information Not Available

¹ In FY16, the District administered the Ohio State Test for the first time. These tests are replacing the Achievement Tests.

² Beginning in FY18, End of Course tests will be used rather than OGT. During FY17, 10th grade students weren't required to take the 10th grade OGT.

 $^{^3}$ Results for 11th grade students who took the test as 10th and 11th graders.

 $^{^4}$ $\,$ In FY20, Ohio State tests were not administered due to COVID-19 pandemic.

Capital Asset Statistics Last Ten Fiscal Years

	 2013	 2014	2015	 2016
Nondepreciable Capital Assets				
Land	\$ 4,451,592	\$ 4,451,592	\$ 4,451,592	\$ 4,451,592
Construction in Progress	708,559	28,797,863	46,031,909	-
Total Nondepreciable Capital Assets	5,160,151	33,249,455	50,483,501	4,451,592
Depreciable Capital Assets				
Land Improvements	2,803,578	2,386,842	2,193,498	2,625,225
Buildings and Buildings Improvements	62,750,854	59,285,341	55,820,568	92,698,197
Furniture, Fixtures & Equipment	314,011	676,933	789,496	869,681
Vehicles	673,437	1,143,039	1,010,893	825,921
Total Depreciable Capital Assets	66,541,880	63,492,155	59,814,455	97,019,024
Total Capital Assets, Net	\$ 71,702,031	\$ 96,741,610	\$ 110,297,956	\$ 101,470,616

Source: School District Financial Records

Depreciable capital assets are presented net of accumulated depreciation.

	2017		2018	2019			2020		2021		2022
\$	4,451,592	\$	4,451,592	\$	4,451,592	\$	4,451,592	\$	4,451,592	\$	4,451,592
Ψ	187,709	Ψ	1,001,419	Ψ	-,431,372	Ψ	1,364,889	Ψ	330,877	Ψ	1,432,842
	4,639,301		5,453,011		4,451,592	-	5,816,481	-	4,782,469		5,884,434
	2,305,401		2,451,560		2,305,533		2,635,007		3,766,980		3,515,463
	88,285,105		84,188,712		83,040,266		80,591,928		75,234,963		73,520,905
	592,785		663,233		570,048		620,972		982,590		1,143,271
	1,021,171		883,903		961,299		1,357,215		1,259,323		1,163,815
	92,204,462		88,187,408		86,877,146		85,205,122		81,243,856		79,343,454
\$	96,843,763	\$	93,640,419	\$	91,328,738	\$	91,021,603	\$	86,026,325	\$	85,227,888

NEW ALBANY-PLAIN LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

FRANKLIN COUNTY, OHIO

SINGLE AUDIT

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022



NEW ALBANY-PLAIN LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT FRANKLIN COUNTY, OHIO

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NEW ALBANY-PLAIN LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT FRANKLIN COUNTY, OHIO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

FEDERAL GRANTOR/ SUB GRANTOR/ PROGRAM TITLE	ASSISTANCE LISTING NUMBER	PASS-THROUGH ENTITY IDENTIFYING NUMBER/ ADDITIONAL AWARD IDENTIFICATION	CASH FEDERAL DISBURSEMENTS
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE PASSED THROUGH THE OHIO DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION			
Child Nutrition Cluster:			
School Breakfast Program	10.553	2022	\$ 467,493
National School Lunch Program COVID-19 - National School Lunch Program National School Lunch Program - Food Donation Total National School Lunch Program	10.555 10.555 10.555	2022 COVID-19, 2022 2022	1,951,210 38,038 170,469 2,159,717
Total Child Nutrition Cluster			2,627,210
COVID-19 - State Pandemic Electronic Benefit Transfer (P-EBT) Administrative Costs Grant	10.649	COVID-19, 2022	614
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			2,627,824
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION PASSED THROUGH THE OHIO DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION			
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies - Expanding Opportunities for Each Child Non-Competitive Grant Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies Total Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010A 84.010A 84.010A	84.010A, 2022 84.010A, 2022 84.010A, 2021	13,100 287,136 73,614 373,850
Special Education Cluster (IDEA): Special Education_Grants to States (IDEA, Part B) COVID-19 - Special Education_Grants to States (IDEA, Part B)- ARP Special Education_Grants to States (IDEA, Part B)- Restoration Special Education_Grants to States (IDEA, Part B) Total Special Education_Grants to States (IDEA, Part B)	84.027A 84.027X 84.027A 84.027A	84.027A, 2022 COVID-19, 84.027X, 2022 84.027A, 2021 84.027A, 2021	992,487 199,530 70 198,274 1,390,361
Special Education_Preschool Grants (IDEA, Preschool) Special Education_Preschool Grants (IDEA, Preschool) Total Special Education_Preschool Grants (IDEA, Preschool)	84.173A 84.173A	84.173A, 2022 84.173A, 2021	21,514 4,007 25,521
Total Special Education Cluster (IDEA)			1,415,882
English Language Acquisition State Grants - Title III - Language Instruction for English Learners English Language Acquisition State Grants - Title III - Immigrant English Language Acquisition State Grants - Title III - Language Instruction for English Learners Total English Language Acquisition State Grants - Title III	84.365A 84.365A 84.365A	84.365A, 2022 84.365A, 2022 84.365A, 2021	26,842 9,013 2,486 38,341
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants- Diversifying the Education Profession Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants Total Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants	84.367A 84.367A 84.367A	84.367A, 2022 84.367A, 2022 84.367A, 2021	67,671 9,524 14,978 92,173
Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program	84.424A	84.424A, 2022	23,293
COVID-19 - Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief (ESSER II) Fund COVID-19 - American Rescue Plan - Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief (ARP ESSER) Fund Total Education Stabilization Fund	84.425D 84.425U	COVID-19, 84.425D, 2022 COVID-19, 84.425U, 2022	458,135 1,185,184 1,643,319
Total U.S. Department of Education			3,586,858
Total Federal Financial Assistance			\$ 6,214,682

THE ACCOMPANYING NOTES ARE AN INTEGRAL PART OF THIS SCHEDULE

NEW ALBANY-PLAIN LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT FRANKLIN COUNTY, OHIO

NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS 2 CFR 200.510(b)(6)
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 1 – BASIS OF PRESENTATION & SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (the Schedule) includes the federal award activity of the New Albany-Plain Local School District under programs of the federal government for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022 and is prepared in accordance with the cash basis of accounting. The information on this Schedule is prepared in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the New Albany-Plain Local School District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, or changes in net position or cash flows of the New Albany-Plain Local School District. Such expenditures are recognized following cost principles contained in Uniform Guidance wherein certain types of expenditures may or may not be limited to as to reimbursement.

NOTE 2 – DE MINIMIS COST RATE

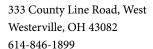
CFR Section 200.414 of the Uniform Guidance allows a non-federal entity that has never received a negotiated indirect cost rate to charge a de minimis rate of 10% of modified total direct costs to indirect costs. New Albany-Plain Local School District has elected not to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

NOTE 3 - CHILD NUTRITION CLUSTER

The New Albany-Plain Local School District commingles cash receipts from the U.S. Department of Agriculture with similar State grants. When reporting expenditures on this Schedule, the New Albany-Plain Local School District assumes it expends federal monies first.

NOTE 4 – FOOD DONATION PROGRAM

The New Albany-Plain Local School District reports commodities consumed on the Schedule at the entitlement value. The New Albany-Plain Local School District allocated donated food commodities to the respective program that benefitted from the use of those donated food commodities.





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Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

New Albany-Plain Local School District Franklin County 55 N. High Street New Albany, Ohio 43054

To the Board of Education:

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the New Albany-Plain Local School District, Franklin County, Ohio, as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the New Albany-Plain Local School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 18, 2022, wherein we noted as described in Note 20 to the financial statements, the financial impact of COVID-19 and the continuing emergency measures may impact subsequent periods.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the New Albany-Plain Local School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the New Albany-Plain Local School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the New Albany-Plain Local School District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements, on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the New Albany-Plain Local School District's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the New Albany-Plain Local School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

New Albany-Plain Local School District Franklin County

Julian & Kube, Elne.

Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With *Government Auditing Standards* Page 2

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the New Albany-Plain Local School District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the New Albany-Plain Local School District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Julian & Grube, Inc. December 18, 2022





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Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance and on the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Required by the Uniform Guidance

New Albany-Plain Local School District Franklin County 55 N. High Street New Albany, Ohio 43054

To the Board of Education:

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the New Albany-Plain Local School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the New Albany-Plain Local School District's major federal programs for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. The New Albany-Plain Local School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings.

In our opinion, the New Albany-Plain Local School District complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS); the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*); and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the "Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance" section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the New Albany-Plain Local School District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the New Albany-Plain Local School District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the New Albany-Plain Local School District's federal programs.

New Albany-Plain Local School District
Franklin County
Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program
and on Internal Control Over Compliance and on the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards
Required by the Uniform Guidance
Page 2

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the New Albany-Plain Local School District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the New Albany-Plain Local School District's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, Government Auditing Standards, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the New Albany-Plain Local School District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- obtain an understanding of the New Albany-Plain Local School District's internal control over compliance
 relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test
 and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the
 purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the New Albany-Plain Local School District's
 internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the "Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance" section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

New Albany-Plain Local School District
Franklin County
Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program
and on Internal Control Over Compliance and on the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards
Required by the Uniform Guidance
Page 3

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Report on Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Required by the Uniform Guidance

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the New Albany-Plain Local School District, as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the New Albany-Plain Local School District's basic financial statements. We issued our unmodified report thereon dated December 18, 2022. Our audit was performed for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the basic financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the Uniform Guidance and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of expenditures of federal awards is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Julian & Grube, Inc. December 18, 2022

Julian & Sube, the.

NEW ALBANY-PLAIN LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT FRANKLIN COUNTY, OHIO

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS 2 CFR § 200.515 JUNE 30, 2022

1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS		
(d)(1)(i)	Type of Financial Statement Opinion	Unmodified
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any material control weaknesses reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iii)	Was there any reported material noncompliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any material internal control weaknesses reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(v)	Type of Major Program's Compliance Opinion	Unmodified
(d)(1)(vi)	Are there any reportable findings under 2 CFR §200.516(a)?	No
(d)(1)(vii)	Major Program (listed):	COVID-19 – Education Stabilization Fund (ALN 84.425)
(d)(1)(viii)	Dollar Threshold: Type A/B Programs	Type A: >\$750,000 Type B: all others
(d)(1)(ix)	Low Risk Auditee under 2 CFR § 200.520?	Yes

2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

None

3. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

None





NEW ALBANY-PLAIN LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

FRANKLIN COUNTY

AUDITOR OF STATE OF OHIO CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report, which is required to be filed pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in the Office of the Ohio Auditor of State in Columbus, Ohio.



Certified for Release 2/28/2023

88 East Broad Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215 Phone: 614-466-4514 or 800-282-0370