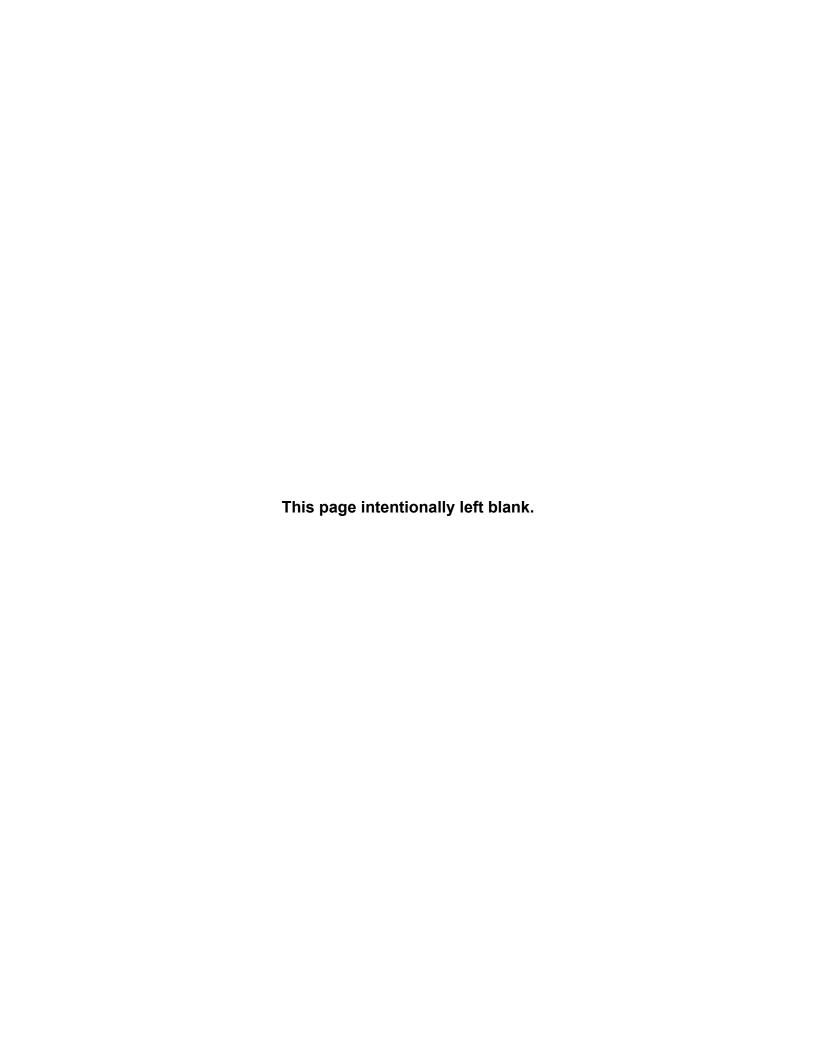




VILLAGE OF LYONS FULTON COUNTY

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Village of Lyons Fulton County 126 West Morenci Street P.O. Box 414 Lyons, Ohio 43533-0414

To the Village Council:

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Unmodified and Adverse Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of the Village of Lyons, Fulton County, Ohio (the Village), which comprises the cash balances, receipts and disbursements for each governmental and proprietary fund type as of and for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements.

Unmodified Opinion on Regulatory Basis of Accounting

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the cash balances, receipts and disbursements for each governmental and proprietary fund type as of and for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, in accordance with the financial reporting provisions which Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03(C) permit, described in Note 2.

Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

In our opinion, because of the significance of the matter discussed in the *Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles* section of our report, the accompanying financial statements do not present fairly, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the financial position of the Village, as of December 31, 2021 and 2020, or the changes in financial position or, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the years then ended.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Village, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Efficient • Effective • Transparent

Village of Lyons Fulton County Independent Auditor's Report Page 2

Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

As described in Note 2 of the financial statements, the financial statements are prepared by the Village on the basis of the financial reporting provisions of Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03(C), which is an accounting basis other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP), to satisfy these requirements. The effects on the financial statements of the variances between the regulatory basis of accounting described in Note 2 and accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, although not reasonably determinable, are presumed to be material and pervasive.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 12 of the 2021 financial statements and Note 13 of the 2020 financial statements, the financial impact of COVID-19 and the continuing emergency measures may impact subsequent periods of the Village. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with the financial reporting provisions Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03(C) permit. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Village's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and the financial audit standards in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we

- exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures
 that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
 effectiveness of the Village's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

Village of Lyons
Fulton County
Independent Auditor's Report
Page 3

- evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that
 raise substantial doubt about the Village's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable
 period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 19, 2022, on our consideration of the Village's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Village's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the Village's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Keith Faber Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

December 19, 2022

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VILLAGE OF LYONS FULTON COUNTY

COMBINED STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (REGULATORY CASH BASIS) ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	General	Special Revenue	Capital Projects	Totals (Memorandum Only)
Cash Receipts:				
Property and Other Local Taxes	\$60,478	\$6,756		\$67,234
Municipal Income Tax	108,605			108,605
Intergovernmental	40,968	71,406		112,374
Fines, Licenses and Permits	3,185			3,185
Earnings on Investments	284	35		319
Miscellaneous	3,444	2,571		6,015
Total Cash Receipts	216,964	80,768		297,732
Cash Disbursements:				
Current:				
Security of Persons and Property	22,090			22,090
Leisure Time Activities	2,863	6,114		8,977
Basic Utility Services	3,540			3,540
Transportation	6,819	45,998		52,817
General Government	148,632	3,225		151,857
Capital Outlay	40,454			40,454
Total Cash Disbursements	224,398	55,337		279,735
Net Change in Fund Cash Balances	(7,434)	25,431		17,997
Fund Cash Balances, January 1	264,693	71,847	\$5,161	341,701
Fund Cash Balances, December 31	\$257,259	\$97,278	\$5,161	\$359,698

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

VILLAGE OF LYONS FULTON COUNTY

COMBINED STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (REGULATORY CASH BASIS) PROPRIETARY FUND TYPE FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	Proprietary Fund Type
	Enterprise
Operating Cash Receipts: Charges for Services	\$299,864
Operating Cash Disbursements: Personal Services Employee Fringe Benefits Contractual Services Supplies and Materials Other	87,550 12,015 96,209 12,444 17,079
Total Operating Cash Disbursements	225,297
Operating Income	74,567
Non-Operating Receipts (Disbursements): Earnings on Investments Miscellaneous Receipts Principal Retirement Interest and Other Fiscal Charges	93 1,167 (44,478) (45,007)
Total Non-Operating Receipts (Disbursements)	(88,225)
Income before Transfers	(13,658)
Transfers In Transfers Out	73,200 (73,200)
Net Change in Fund Cash Balances	(13,658)
Fund Cash Balances, January 1	407,142
Fund Cash Balances, December 31	\$393,484
See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements	

Fulton County
Notes to the Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

Note 1 – Reporting Entity

The Village of Lyons, Fulton County, Ohio (the Village) is a body politic and corporate established to exercise the rights and privileges conveyed to it by the constitution and laws of the State of Ohio. A publicly-elected six-member Council directs the Village. The Village provides water and sewer utilities and park operations. The Village contracts with the Fulton County Sheriff's department to provide security of persons and property.

Public Entity Risk Pool

The Village participates in public entity risk pools. Notes 7 and 11 to the financial statements provide additional information for these entities.

Jointly Governed Organization

The Village participates in a jointly governed organization. Note 15 to the financial statements provides additional information for this entity.

The Village's management believes these financial statements present all activities for which the Village is financially accountable.

Note 2 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Presentation

The Village's financial statements consist of a combined statement of receipts, disbursements and changes in fund balances (regulatory cash basis) for all governmental fund types, and a combined statement of receipts, disbursements and changes in fund balances (regulatory cash basis) for all proprietary fund types which are all organized on a fund type basis.

Fund Accounting

The Village uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. The funds of the Village are presented below:

General Fund The general fund accounts for and reports all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund. The general fund balance is available to the Village for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

Special Revenue Funds These funds account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects. The Village had the following significant Special Revenue Fund:

Street Construction Maintenance and Repair The street construction maintenance and repair fund accounts for and reports that portion of the State gasoline tax and motor vehicle license registration fees restricted for construction, maintenance, and repair of streets within the Village.

Fulton County
Notes to the Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

Capital Project Funds These funds account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets. The Village had the following significant Capital Project Fund:

Other Capital Projects Fund The other capital projects fund accounts for and reports monies for the maintenance of facilities, construction of capital improvements, and purchase of equipment.

Enterprise Funds These funds account for operations that are similar to private business enterprises, where management intends to recover the significant costs of providing certain goods or services through user charges. The Village had the following significant Enterprise Funds:

Water Fund The water fund accounts for the provision of water treatment and distribution to the residents and commercial users located within the Village.

Sewer Fund The sewer fund accounts for the provision of sanitary sewer services to the residents and commercial users within the Village.

Basis of Accounting

These financial statements follow the accounting basis permitted by the financial reporting provisions of Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03 (D). This basis is similar to the cash receipts and disbursements accounting basis. The Board recognizes receipts when received in cash rather than when earned, and recognizes disbursements when paid rather than when a liability is incurred. Budgetary presentations report budgetary expenditures when a commitment is made (i.e., when an encumbrance is approved).

These statements include adequate disclosure of material matters, as the financial reporting provisions of Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03 (D) permit.

Budgetary Process

The Ohio Revised Code requires that each fund be budgeted annually.

Appropriations Budgetary expenditures (that is, disbursements and encumbrances) may not exceed appropriations at the fund or object level of control, and appropriations may not exceed estimated resources. The Village Council must annually approve appropriation measures and subsequent amendments. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at year end.

Estimated Resources Estimated resources include estimates of cash to be received (budgeted receipts) plus unencumbered cash as of January 1. The County Budget Commission must approve estimated resources.

Encumbrances The Ohio Revised Code requires the Village to reserve (encumber) appropriations when individual commitments are made. Encumbrances outstanding at year end are carried over, and need not be reappropriated.

A summary of 2021 budgetary activity appears in Note 3.

Fulton County
Notes to the Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

Deposits and Investments

The Village's accounting basis includes investments as assets. This basis does not record disbursements for investment purchases or receipts for investment sales. This basis records gains or losses at the time of sale as receipts or disbursements, respectively.

Capital Assets

The Village records disbursements for acquisitions of property, plant, and equipment when paid. The accompanying financial statements do not report these items as assets.

Accumulated Leave

In certain circumstances, such as upon leaving employment, employees are entitled to cash payments for unused leave. The financial statements do not include a liability for unpaid leave.

Fund Balance

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the Village must observe constraints imposed upon the use of its governmental-fund resources. The classifications are as follows:

Nonspendable The Village classifies assets as *nonspendable* when legally or contractually required to maintain the amounts intact. For regulatory purposes nonspendable fund balance includes unclaimed monies that are required to be held for five years before they may be utilized by the Village and the nonexpendable portion of the corpus in permanent funds.

Restricted Fund balance is *restricted* when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or is imposed by law through constitutional provisions.

Committed Council can *commit* amounts via formal action (resolution). The Village must adhere to these commitments unless the Council amends the resolution. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed to satisfy contractual requirements.

Assigned Assigned fund balances are intended for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as *restricted* or *committed*. For regulatory purposes, assigned fund balance in the general fund is limited to encumbrances outstanding at year end.

Unassigned Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund and includes amounts not included in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance.

Fulton County Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

The Village applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

For regulatory purposes, limited disclosure related to fund balance is included in Note 13.

Note 3 – Budgetary Activity

Budgetary activity for the year ending December 31, 2021 follows:

2021 Budgeted vs. Actual Receipts

Budgeted	Actual	
Receipts	Receipts	Variance
\$200,000	\$216,964	\$16,964
116,002	80,768	(35,234)
378,530	374,324	(4,206)
\$694,532	\$672,056	(\$22,476)
	Receipts \$200,000 116,002 378,530	Receipts Receipts \$200,000 \$216,964 116,002 80,768 378,530 374,324

2021 Budgeted vs. Actual Budgetary Basis Expenditures

	Appropriation	Budgetary	
Fund Type	Authority	Expenditures	Variance
General	\$464,692	\$224,398	\$240,294
Special Revenue	187,849	55,337	132,512
Capital Projects	5,161		5,161
Enterprise	785,672	387,982	397,690
Total	\$1,443,374	\$667,717	\$775,657

Note 4 – Deposits

To improve cash management, cash received by the Village is pooled. Monies for all funds are maintained in this pool. The Ohio Revised Code prescribes allowable deposits and investments. A summary of the Village's deposit accounts are as follows:

	2021
Cash Management Pool:	
Demand deposits	\$326,866
Other time deposits (savings and NOW accounts)	426,316
Total deposits	\$753,182

The Village does not use a separate payroll clearing account. The expenditures included in the accompanying financial statement reflect net payroll plus all remitted payroll withholdings.

Fulton County
Notes to the Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

Deposits

Deposits are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or collateralized through the Ohio Pooled Collateral System (OPCS), a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to the Treasurer of State to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution.

Note 5 – Taxes

Property Taxes

Real property taxes become a lien on January 1 preceding the October 1 date for which the Council adopted tax rates. The State Board of Tax Equalization adjusts these rates for inflation. Property taxes are also reduced for applicable non-business, owner occupancy, and homestead exemption credits and/or homestead and rollback deductions. The financial statements include these credits and/or deduction amounts the State pays as Intergovernmental Receipts. Payments are due to the County by December 31. If the property owner elects to pay semiannually, the first half is due December 31. The second half payment is due the following June 20.

Public utilities are also taxed on personal and real property located within the Village.

The County is responsible for assessing property and for billing, collecting, and distributing all property taxes on behalf of the Village.

Income Taxes

The Village levies a municipal income tax of one percent on substantially all earned income arising from employment, residency, or business activities within the Village as well as certain income of residents earned outside of the Village.

Employers within the Village withhold income tax on employee compensation and remit the tax to the Village either monthly or quarterly, as required. Corporations and other individual taxpayers pay estimated taxes quarterly and file a declaration annually.

The Regional Income Tax Agency administers and collects income taxes for the Village. Payments are remitted monthly net of collection fees of approximately 3.0 percent.

Note 6 – Interfund Transfers

During the year, the following transfers occurred:

Fund Type	Tran	sfer In	Trar	isfer Out
Enterprise	\$	73,200	\$	73,200

Enterprise fund type transfers were made to meet funding required for debt service.

Fulton County Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

Note 7 – Risk Management

The Village belongs to the Ohio Plan Risk Management, Inc. (OPRM) (the Plan), a non-assessable, unincorporated non-profit association providing a formalized, jointly administered self-insurance risk management program and other administrative services to Ohio governments (Members). The Plan is legally separate from its member governments.

Pursuant to Section 2744.081 of the Ohio Revised Code, the plan provides property, liability, errors and omissions, law enforcement, automobile, excess liability, crime, surety and bond, inland marine and other coverages to its members sold through fourteen appointed independent agents in the State of Ohio.

Effective November 1, 2010 (through October 31, 2017), the corridor is for losses paid is between 60% and 70% of casualty premiums earned in the first \$250,000. Effective November 1, 2016, the OPRM elected to participate in a property loss corridor deductible. The property corridor includes losses paid between 70% and 75%. In 2018, the casualty loss corridor was eliminated and the property corridor was adjusted to losses paid between 65% and 70%. Effective November 1, 2019, the property loss corridor was adjusted to losses between 60% and 67.5% and remain unchanged effective November 1, 2021 and November 1, 2020. OPRM had 769 members as of December 31, 2021.

The Pool's audited financial statements conform with generally accepted accounting principles, and reported the following assets, liabilities and equity at December 31, 2021.

Assets \$ 21,777,439 Liabilities (15,037,383) Members' Equity \$ 6,740,056

You can read the complete audited financial statements for OPRM at the Plan's website, www.ohioplan.org.

Note 8 – Defined Benefit Pension Plan

Ohio Public Employees Retirement System

Village employees belong to the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS). OPERS is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer plan. The Ohio Revised Code prescribes this plan's benefits, which include postretirement health care and survivor and disability benefits.

The Ohio Revised Code also prescribes contribution rates. OPERS members contributed 10 percent of their gross salaries, and the Village contributed an amount equaling 14 percent of participants' gross salaries. The Village has paid all contributions required through December 31, 2021.

Fulton County Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

Note 9 – Postemployment Benefits

OPERS offers a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit postemployment plan, which include multiple health care plans including medical coverage, prescription drug coverage, deposits to a Health Reimbursement Arrangement, and Medicare Part B premium reimbursements, to qualifying benefit recipients. The portion of employer contributions allocated to health care for OPERS members in the Traditional Pension Plan and Combined Plan was 0 percent during calendar year 2021. The portion of employer contributions allocated to health care for OPERS members in the Member Directed Plan was 4.0 percent during calendar year 2021.

Note 10 – Debt

Debt outstanding at December 31, 2021, was as follows:

	Principal	Interest Rate
Mortgage Revenue Bonds	\$1,031,000	4.25%
Ohio Water Development Authority Loan	23,037	2.75%
Ohio Public Works Commission Loan	44,356	0.00%
Total	\$1,098,393	

The U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA) Rural Development refinanced the Village's OWDA debt by way of bonds during 2002. The bonds were approved up to \$1,381,000 for the project. The bonds will be repaid in annual installments including interest at 4.25% over 40 years, maturing July 1, 2043. The bonds are collateralized by utility receipts. The Village has agreed to set utility rates sufficient to cover USDA debt service requirements. The activity of these bonds is being recorded in an enterprise fund. As required by the mortgage revenue bond covenant, the Village established and funded a debt service reserve fund. The balance in fund at December 31, 2021 was \$84,000.

The Ohio Water Development Authority (OWDA) note was used for the Ash Street Waterline Extension Project and approved up to \$84,223 for the project. The note will be repaid in semi-annual installments with interest of 2.75% over 20 years, maturing in July 2026. The note is collateralized by water service charges. The Village has agreed to set utility rates sufficient to cover OWDA debt service requirements. This activity is being recorded in an enterprise fund.

The Ohio Public Works Commission (OPWC) was used for the water main replacement from West Morenci Street from Noble Street to Sawmill Road for \$63,365 for the project. The note will be repaid in semiannual installments with no interest over 30 years, maturing in July 2042. No assets are pledged to secure the note. If the Village defaults on the loan, OPWC can seek payment from the Village's tax receipts directly through the Fulton County Treasurer.

Amortization

Amortization of the above debt, including interest, is scheduled as follows:

Fulton County Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

Year Ending	Mortgage		
December 31:	Revenue Bond	OWDA Loan	OPWC Loan
2022	\$72,817	\$5,478	\$2,112
2023	73,585	5,478	2,112
2024	73,268	5,478	2,112
2025	72,908	5,478	2,112
2026	72,505	2,738	2,112
2027-2031	365,320		10,561
2032-2036	365,100		10,561
2037-2041	366,170		10,561
2042-2043	145,797		2,113
Total	\$1,607,470	\$24,650	\$44,356

Note 11 – Public Entity Risk Pool

The Village participates in the Ohio Municipal League Group Rating Plan (GRP) for worker's compensation. The pool's business and affairs are conducted by a twenty-six member Board of Trustees consisting of fifteen mayors, two council members, three administrators, three finance directors, and three law directors which are voted on by the members for staggered two-year terms. The Executive Director of the Ohio Municipal League serves as the coordinator of the Program. Each year the participants pay an enrollment fee to the program to cover the costs of administering the program.

Note 12 – COVID-19

The United States and the State of Ohio declared a state of emergency in March of 2020 due to the COVID-19 pandemic. Ohio's state of emergency ended in June, 2021 while the national state of emergency continues. During 2021, the Village received COVID-19 funding. The financial impact of COVID-19 and the continuing emergency measures may impact subsequent periods of the Village. The impact on the Village's future operating costs, revenues, and additional recovery from emergency funding, either federal or state, cannot be estimated.

Note 13 - Fund Balances

The fund balance of special revenue funds is either restricted or committed. The fund balance of the capital projects fund is restricted committed or assigned.

Note 14 – Contingent Liabilities

Amounts grantor agencies pay to the Village are subject to audit and adjustment by the grantor, principally the federal government. The grantor may require refunding any disallowed costs. Management cannot presently determine amounts grantors may disallow. However, based on prior experience, management believes any refunds would be immaterial.

Fulton County Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

Note 15 – Jointly Governed Organization

Regional Income Tax Agency

The Regional Income Tax Agency (RITA) is a regional council of governments formed to establish a central collection facility for the purpose of administering the income tax laws of the members and for the purpose of collecting income taxes on behalf of each member. RITA currently has approximately 350 members in the council of governments. Each member has one representative to the council of governments and is entitled to one vote on items under consideration. RITA is administered by a nine-member board of trustees elected by the members of the council of governments. The board exercises total control over RITA's operation including budgeting, appropriating, contracting and designating management. Each participant's degree of control is limited to its representation on the council. For 2021, the Village paid RITA \$3,254 for income tax collection services.

VILLAGE OF LYONS FULTON COUNTY

COMBINED STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (REGULATORY CASH BASIS) ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

	General	Special Revenue	Capital Projects	Totals (Memorandum Only)
Cash Receipts:			<u> </u>	
Property and Other Local Taxes	\$61,198	\$6,464		\$67,662
Municipal Income Tax	99,455			99,455
Intergovernmental	36,910	146,063		182,973
Fines, Licenses and Permits	2,971			2,971
Earnings on Investments	164	36		200
Miscellaneous	22,325	433		22,758
Total Cash Receipts	223,023	152,996		376,019
Cash Disbursements:				
Current:				
Security of Persons and Property	15,060			15,060
Leisure Time Activities		1,290		1,290
Basic Utility Services	2,000			2,000
Transportation	7,737	100,897		108,634
General Government	164,437	58,181		222,618
Total Cash Disbursements	189,234	160,368		349,602
Excess of Receipts Over (Under) Disbursements	33,789	(7,372)		26,417
Other Financing Receipts:				
Sale of Capital Assets			\$5,161	5,161
Net Change in Fund Cash Balances	33,789	(7,372)	5,161	31,578
Fund Cash Balances, January 1	230,904	79,219		310,123
Fund Cash Balances, December 31	\$264,693	\$71,847	\$5,161	\$341,701

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

VILLAGE OF LYONS FULTON COUNTY

COMBINED STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (REGULATORY CASH BASIS) PROPRIETARY FUND TYPE FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

	Proprietary Fund Type
	Enterprise
Operating Cash Receipts: Charges for Services	\$316,519
Operating Cash Disbursements:	00.440
Personal Services	82,119 10,978
Employee Fringe Benefits Contractual Services	112,798
Supplies and Materials	12,741
Other	7,459
Total Operating Cash Disbursements	226,095
Operating Income	90,424
Non-Operating Receipts (Disbursements):	
Earnings on Investments	54
Miscellaneous Receipts	220
Capital Outlay	(96)
Principal Retirement	(43,478)
Interest and Other Fiscal Charges	(46,154)
Total Non-Operating Receipts (Disbursements)	(89,454)
Income before Transfers	970
Transfers In	74.438
Transfers Out	(74,438)
Net Change in Fund Cash Balances	970
Fund Cash Balances, January 1	406,172
Fund Cash Balances, December 31	\$407,142
See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements	

Fulton County
Notes to the Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

Note 1 – Reporting Entity

The Village of Lyons, Fulton County, Ohio (the Village) is a body politic and corporate established to exercise the rights and privileges conveyed to it by the constitution and laws of the State of Ohio. A publicly-elected six-member Council directs the Village. The Village provides water and sewer utilities and park operations. The Village contracts with the Fulton County Sheriff's department to provide security of persons and property.

Public Entity Risk Pool

The Village participates in public entity risk pools. Notes 7 and 11 to the financial statements provide additional information for these entities.

Jointly Governed Organization

The Village participates in a jointly governed organization. Note 18 to the financial statements provides additional information for this entity.

The Village's management believes these financial statements present all activities for which the Village is financially accountable.

Note 2 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Presentation

The Village's financial statements consist of a combined statement of receipts, disbursements and changes in fund balances (regulatory cash basis) for all governmental fund types, and a combined statement of receipts, disbursements and changes in fund balances (regulatory cash basis) for all proprietary fund types which are all organized on a fund type basis.

Fund Accounting

The Village uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. The funds of the Village are presented below:

General Fund The general fund accounts for and reports all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund. The general fund balance is available to the Village for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

Special Revenue Funds These funds account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects. The Village had the following significant Special Revenue Funds:

Street Construction Maintenance and Repair The street construction maintenance and repair fund accounts for and reports that portion of the State gasoline tax and motor vehicle license registration fees restricted for construction, maintenance, and repair of streets within the Village.

Fulton County
Notes to the Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

Permissive Motor Vehicle License The permissive motor vehicle license fund accounts for and reports motor vehicle license taxes received through the County Engineer restricted for construction, maintenance, and repair of streets within the Village.

Other Special Revenue The other special revenue fund accounts for and reports grant monies from the federal and/or state that are committed to coronavirus relief.

Capital Project Funds These funds account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets. The Village had the following significant Capital Project Fund:

Other Capital Projects Fund The other capital projects fund accounts for and reports monies for the maintenance of facilities, construction of capital improvements, and purchase of equipment.

Enterprise Funds These funds account for operations that are similar to private business enterprises, where management intends to recover the significant costs of providing certain goods or services through user charges. The Village had the following significant Enterprise Funds:

Water Fund The water fund accounts for the provision of water treatment and distribution to the residents and commercial users located within the Village.

Sewer Fund The sewer fund accounts for the provision of sanitary sewer services to the residents and commercial users within the Village.

Basis of Accounting

These financial statements follow the accounting basis permitted by the financial reporting provisions of Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03 (D). This basis is similar to the cash receipts and disbursements accounting basis. The Board recognizes receipts when received in cash rather than when earned, and recognizes disbursements when paid rather than when a liability is incurred. Budgetary presentations report budgetary expenditures when a commitment is made (i.e., when an encumbrance is approved).

These statements include adequate disclosure of material matters, as the financial reporting provisions of Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03 (D) permit.

Budgetary Process

The Ohio Revised Code requires that each fund be budgeted annually.

Appropriations Budgetary expenditures (that is, disbursements and encumbrances) may not exceed appropriations at the fund or object level of control, and appropriations may not exceed estimated resources. The Village Council must annually approve appropriation measures and subsequent amendments. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at year end.

Estimated Resources Estimated resources include estimates of cash to be received (budgeted receipts) plus unencumbered cash as of January 1. The County Budget Commission must approve estimated resources.

Fulton County
Notes to the Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

Encumbrances The Ohio Revised Code requires the Village to reserve (encumber) appropriations when individual commitments are made. Encumbrances outstanding at year end are carried over, and need not be reappropriated.

A summary of 2020 budgetary activity appears in Note 3.

Deposits and Investments

The Village's accounting basis includes investments as assets. This basis does not record disbursements for investment purchases or receipts for investment sales. This basis records gains or losses at the time of sale as receipts or disbursements, respectively.

Capital Assets

The Village records disbursements for acquisitions of property, plant, and equipment when paid. The accompanying financial statements do not report these items as assets.

Accumulated Leave

In certain circumstances, such as upon leaving employment, employees are entitled to cash payments for unused leave. The financial statements do not include a liability for unpaid leave.

Fund Balance

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the Village must observe constraints imposed upon the use of its governmental-fund resources. The classifications are as follows:

Nonspendable The Village classifies assets as *nonspendable* when legally or contractually required to maintain the amounts intact. For regulatory purposes nonspendable fund balance includes unclaimed monies that are required to be held for five years before they may be utilized by the Village and the nonexpendable portion of the corpus in permanent funds.

Restricted Fund balance is *restricted* when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or is imposed by law through constitutional provisions.

Committed Council can *commit* amounts via formal action (resolution). The Village must adhere to these commitments unless the Council amends the resolution. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed to satisfy contractual requirements.

Assigned Assigned fund balances are intended for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as *restricted* or *committed*. For regulatory purposes, assigned fund balance in the general fund is limited to encumbrances outstanding at year end.

Fulton County Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

Unassigned Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund and includes amounts not included in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance.

The Village applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

For regulatory purposes, limited disclosure related to fund balance is included in Note 14.

Note 3 – Budgetary Activity

Budgetary activity for the year ending December 31, 2020 follows:

2020 Budgeted vs. Actual Receipts

Budgeted	Actual	
Receipts	Receipts	Variance
\$193,725	\$223,023	\$29,298
102,360	152,996	50,636
	5,161	5,161
478,145	391,231	(86,914)
\$774,230	\$772,411	(\$1,819)
	Receipts \$193,725 102,360 478,145	Receipts Receipts \$193,725 \$223,023 102,360 152,996 5,161 478,145 391,231

2020 Budgeted vs. Actual Budgetary Basis Expenditures

	Appropriation	Budgetary	_
Fund Type	Authority	Expenditures	Variance
General	\$324,439	\$190,199	\$134,240
Special Revenue	129,818	161,847	(32,029)
Enterprise	515,102	392,514	122,588
Total	\$969,359	\$744,560	\$224,799

Note 4 – Deposits

To improve cash management, cash received by the Village is pooled. Monies for all funds are maintained in this pool. The Ohio Revised Code prescribes allowable deposits and investments. A summary of the Village's deposit accounts are as follows:

	2020
Cash Management Pool:	
Demand deposits	\$322,899
Other time deposits (savings and NOW accounts)	425,944
Total deposits	\$748,843

Fulton County Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

The Village does not use a separate payroll clearing account. The expenditures included in the accompanying financial statement reflect net payroll plus all remitted payroll withholdings. At December 31, 2020, the Village is holding \$3,430 in unremitted employee payroll withholdings.

Deposits

Deposits are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or collateralized through the Ohio Pooled Collateral System (OPCS), a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to the Treasurer of State to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution.

Note 5 – Taxes

Property Taxes

Real property taxes become a lien on January 1 preceding the October 1 date for which the Council adopted tax rates. The State Board of Tax Equalization adjusts these rates for inflation. Property taxes are also reduced for applicable non-business, owner occupancy, and homestead exemption credits and/or homestead and rollback deductions. The financial statements include these credits and/or deduction amounts the State pays as Intergovernmental Receipts. Payments are due to the County by December 31. If the property owner elects to pay semiannually, the first half is due December 31. The second half payment is due the following June 20.

Public utilities are also taxed on personal and real property located within the Village.

The County is responsible for assessing property and for billing, collecting, and distributing all property taxes on behalf of the Village.

Income Taxes

The Village levies a municipal income tax of one percent on substantially all earned income arising from employment, residency, or business activities within the Village as well as certain income of residents earned outside of the Village.

Employers within the Village withhold income tax on employee compensation and remit the tax to the Village either monthly or quarterly, as required. Corporations and other individual taxpayers pay estimated taxes quarterly and file a declaration annually.

The Regional Income Tax Agency administers and collects income taxes for the Village. Payments are remitted monthly net of collection fees of approximately 3.0 percent.

Note 6 – Interfund Transfers

During the year, the following transfers occurred:

Fund Type	Transfer In		Transfer Out	
Enterprise	\$	74,438	\$	74,438

Fulton County Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

Enterprise fund type transfers were made to meet funding required for debt service.

Note 7 – Risk Management

The Village belongs to the Ohio Plan Risk Management, Inc. (OPRM) (the Plan), a non-assessable, unincorporated non-profit association providing a formalized, jointly administered self-insurance risk management program and other administrative services to Ohio governments (Members). The Plan is legally separate from its member governments.

Pursuant to Section 2744.081 of the Ohio Revised Code, the plan provides property, liability, errors and omissions, law enforcement, automobile, excess liability, crime, surety and bond, inland marine and other coverages to its members sold through fourteen appointed independent agents in the State of Ohio.

OPRM coverage programs are developed specific to each member's risk management needs and the related premiums for coverage are determined through the application of uniform underwriting criteria addressing the member's exposure to loss. Effective November 1, 2017, the OPRM retained 47% of the premium and losses on the first \$250,000 casualty treaty and 30% of the first \$1,000,000 property treaty. The OPRM is also participated in a property primary excess of loss treaty. This treaty reimbursed the OPRM 30% for losses between \$200,000 and \$1,000,000. The reimbursement is based on the amount of loss between \$200,000 and \$1,000,000. Effective November 1, 2018, the OPRM the property retention remained unchanged, however, the Plan assumed 100% of the first \$250,000 casualty treaty. Members are only responsible for their self-retention (deductible) amounts, which vary from member to member. Effective November 1, 2019, the OPRM's property retention increased from 30% to 33%, while the casualty treaty remains unchanged and still assumes 100% of the first \$250,000 casualty treaty. Effective November 1, 2020, the OPRM's property retention increased from 33% to 55%, while the casualty treaty remains unchanged and still assumes 100% of the first \$250,000 casualty treaty. OPRM had 771 members as of December 31, 2020.

The Pool's audited financial statements conform with generally accepted accounting principles, and reported the following assets, liabilities and equity at December 31, 2020.

Assets \$ 18,826,974 Liabilities (13,530,267) Members' Equity \$ 5,296,707

You can read the complete audited financial statements for OPRM at the Plan's website, www.ohioplan.org.

Note 8 – Defined Benefit Pension Plan

Ohio Public Employees Retirement System

Village employees belong to the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS). OPERS is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer plan. The Ohio Revised Code prescribes this plan's benefits, which include postretirement health care and survivor and disability benefits.

The Ohio Revised Code also prescribes contribution rates. OPERS members contributed 10 percent of their gross salaries, and the Village contributed an amount equaling 14 percent of participants' gross salaries. The Village has paid all contributions required through December 31, 2020.

Fulton County Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

Note 9 – Postemployment Benefits

OPERS offers a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit postemployment plan, which include multiple health care plans including medical coverage, prescription drug coverage, deposits to a Health Reimbursement Arrangement, and Medicare Part B premium reimbursements, to qualifying benefit recipients. The portion of employer contributions allocated to health care for OPERS members in the Traditional Pension Plan and Combined Plan was 0 percent during calendar year 2020. The portion of employer contributions allocated to health care for OPERS members in the Member Directed Plan was 4.0 percent during calendar year 2020.

Note 10 – Debt

Debt outstanding at December 31, 2020, was as follows:

	Principal	Interest Rate
Mortgage Revenue Bonds	\$1,059,000	4.25%
Ohio Water Development Authority Loan	27,783	2.75%
Ohio Public Works Commission Loan	47,524	0.00%
Fulton County Economic Development Corporation L	11,000	0.00%
Total	\$1,145,307	

The U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA) Rural Development refinanced the Village's OWDA debt by way of bonds during 2002. The bonds were approved up to \$1,381,000 for the project. The bonds will be repaid in annual installments including interest at 4.25% over 40 years, maturing July 1, 2043. The bonds are collateralized by utility receipts. The Village has agreed to set utility rates sufficient to cover USDA debt service requirements. The activity of these bonds is being recorded in an enterprise fund. As required by the mortgage revenue bond covenant, the Village established and funded a debt service reserve fund. The balance in fund at December 31, 2020 was \$84,000.

The Ohio Water Development Authority (OWDA) note was used for the Ash Street Waterline Extension Project and approved up to \$84,223 for the project. The note will be repaid in semi-annual installments with interest of 2.75% over 20 years, maturing in July 2026. The note is collateralized by water service charges. The Village has agreed to set utility rates sufficient to cover OWDA debt service requirements. This activity is being recorded in an enterprise fund.

The Ohio Public Works Commission (OPWC) was used for the water main replacement from West Morenci Street from Noble Street to Sawmill Road for \$63,365 for the project. The note will be repaid in semiannual installments with no interest over 30 years, maturing in July 2042. No assets are pledged to secure the note. If the Village defaults on the loan, OPWC can seek payment from the Village's tax receipts directly through the Fulton County Treasurer.

The Fulton County Economic Development Corporation (FCEDC) loan was used for the Water Tower Aeration Project and approved up to \$66,000 for the project. The loan will be repaid in annual installments with no interest over 6 years, maturing in August 2021. The loan is collateralized by water service charges. The Village has agreed to set utility rates sufficient to cover the FCEDC debt service requirements. The activity of this loan is being recorded in an enterprise fund.

Fulton County
Notes to the Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

Amortization

Amortization of the above debt, including interest, is scheduled as follows:

Year Ending	Mortgage			
December 31:	Revenue Bond	OWDA Loan	OPWC Loan	FCEDC Loan
2021	\$73,007	\$5,478	\$3,168	\$11,000
2022	72,817	5,478	2,112	
2023	73,585	5,478	2,112	
2024	73,268	5,478	2,112	
2025	72,908	5,478	2,112	
2026-2030	364,267	2,738	10,561	
2031-2035	364,918		10,561	
2036-2040	366,325		10,561	
2041-2043	219,383		4,225	
Total	\$1,680,478	\$30,128	\$47,524	\$11,000

Note 11 – Public Entity Risk Pool

The Village participates in the Ohio Municipal League Group Rating Plan (GRP) for worker's compensation. The pool's business and affairs are conducted by a twenty-six member Board of Trustees consisting of fifteen mayors, two council members, three administrators, three finance directors, and three law directors which are voted on by the members for staggered two-year terms. The Executive Director of the Ohio Municipal League serves as the coordinator of the Program. Each year the participants pay an enrollment fee to the program to cover the costs of administering the program.

Note 12 – Miscellaneous Revenues

General Fund Miscellaneous Receipts primarily consist of Bureau of Workers' Compensation refunds due to COVID-19.

Note 13 – COVID-19

The United States and the State of Ohio declared a state of emergency in March of 2020 due to the COVID-19 pandemic. The financial impact of COVID-19 and the continuing emergency measures may impact subsequent periods of the Village. The impact on the Village's future operating costs, revenues, and additional recovery from emergency funding, either federal or state, cannot be estimated.

During 2020, the Village received COVID-19 funding. Of the amounts received, \$13,957 which was subgranted to another organization. These amounts are reflected as general governmental expenditures in the applicable Special Revenue Fund on the accompanying financial statements.

Note 14 – Fund Balances

Encumbrances are commitments related to unperformed contracts for goods or services. Encumbrance accounting is utilized to the extent necessary to assure effective budgetary control and accountability and to facilitate effective cash planning and control. At year end the balances of these amounts were as follows:

Fulton County Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

	Special		
Fund Balances	General	Revenue	Total
Outstanding Encumbrances	\$965	\$1,479	\$2,444

The fund balance of special revenue funds is either restricted or committed. These restricted, committed and assigned amounts in the special revenue funds would include the outstanding encumbrances. In the general fund, outstanding encumbrances are considered assigned.

Note 15 – Contingent Liabilities

Amounts grantor agencies pay to the Village are subject to audit and adjustment by the grantor, principally the federal government. The grantor may require refunding any disallowed costs. Management cannot presently determine amounts grantors may disallow. However, based on prior experience, management believes any refunds would be immaterial.

Note 16 – Compliance

Contrary to Ohio law, budgetary expenditures exceeded appropriation authority in the Permissive Motor Vehicle License Tax Fund by \$43,501 for the year ended December 31, 2020.

Note 17 – Change in Accounting Principles

For 2020, the Village has made changes to their cash basis reporting model. These changes include removing the fund balance classifications from the Combined Statement of Receipts, Disbursements and Changes in Fund Balances (Regulatory Cash Basis) – All Governmental Fund Types.

Note 18 – Jointly Governed Organization

Regional Income Tax Agency

The Regional Income Tax Agency (RITA) is a regional council of governments formed to establish a central collection facility for the purpose of administering the income tax laws of the members and for the purpose of collecting income taxes on behalf of each member. RITA currently has approximately 350 members in the council of governments. Each member has one representative to the council of governments and is entitled to one vote on items under consideration. RITA is administered by a nine-member board of trustees elected by the members of the council of governments. The board exercises total control over RITA's operation including budgeting, appropriating, contracting and designating management. Each participant's degree of control is limited to its representation on the council. For 2020, the Village paid RITA \$2,976 for income tax collection services.



88 East Broad Street Columbus, Ohio 43215 ContactUs@ohioauditor.gov (800) 282-0370

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Village of Lyons Fulton County 126 West Morenci Street P.O. Box 414 Lyons, Ohio 43533-0414

To the Village Council:

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the cash balances, receipts, and disbursements for each governmental and proprietary fund type as of and for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020 and the related notes to the financial statements of the Village of Lyons, Fulton County, Ohio (the Village) and have issued our report thereon dated December 19, 2022, wherein we noted the Village followed financial reporting provisions Ohio Rev. Code § 117.38 and Ohio Admin. Code 117-2-03(C) permit. We also noted the financial impact of COVID-19 and the continuing emergency measures which may impact subsequent periods of the Village.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Village's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purposes of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Village's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Village's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the Village's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. We identified a certain deficiency in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings as item 2021-001 that we consider to be a material weakness.

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Village of Lyons
Fulton County
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over
Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters
Required by Government Auditing Standards
Page 2

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Village's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed an instance of noncompliance or other matter that is required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* and which is described in the accompanying schedule of findings as item 2021-002.

Village's Response to Findings

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on the Village's responses to the findings identified in our audit and described in the accompanying schedule of findings. The Village's responses were not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the responses.

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Village's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Village's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Keith Faber Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

December 19, 2022

VILLAGE OF LYONS FULTON COUNTY

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS DECEMBER 31, 2021 AND 2020

FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

FINDING NUMBER 2021-001

Material Weakness - Financial Reporting

In our audit engagement letter, as required by AU-C Section 210, *Terms of Engagement*, paragraph .06, management acknowledged its responsibility for the preparation and fair presentation of their financial statements; this responsibility includes designing, implementing and maintaining internal control relevant to preparing and fairly presenting financial statements free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error as discussed in AU-C Section 210 paragraphs .A14 & .A16.

The following errors were identified for the year ended December 31, 2021:

- Park and capital related purchases in the amount of \$43,317 were improperly recorded as general government disbursements in the General fund instead of \$2,863 leisure time activities and \$40,454 capital outlay.
- Village levied motor vehicle license receipts were improperly reported as property and other local taxes instead of intergovernmental receipts in the Street Construction, Maintenance and Repair and State Highway funds in the amounts of \$6,366 and \$721, respectively.
- Village levied permissive motor vehicle license receipts were improperly reported as intergovernmental receipts instead of property and other local taxes in the Permissive Motor Vehicle License Tax fund in the amount of \$3,328.
- State and Local Fiscal Recovery Fund receipts were improperly reported as miscellaneous receipts instead of intergovernmental receipts in the Other Special Revenue fund in the amount of \$28.702.
- Budgeted expenditures in the budgetary activity note to the financial statements were overstated in the Special Revenue fund type and understated in the Capital Projects fund type in the amount of \$5,161.

The following errors were identified for the year ended December 31, 2020:

- Village levied motor vehicle license receipts were improperly reported as property and other local taxes instead of intergovernmental receipts in the Street Construction, Maintenance and Repair and State Highway funds in the amounts of \$5,743 and \$706, respectively.
- Village levied permissive motor vehicle license receipts were improperly reported as intergovernmental receipts instead of property and other local taxes in the Permissive Motor Vehicle License Tax fund in the amount of \$2,854.
- Coronavirus Relief Fund receipts were improperly reported as miscellaneous receipts instead of intergovernmental receipts in the Other Special Revenue fund in the amount of \$58,999.
- Budgeted receipts in the budgetary activity note to the financial statements were overstated in the Special Revenue funds in the amount of \$43,876.
- Actual receipts in the budgetary activity note to the financial statements were overstated in the Special Revenue funds and understated in the Capital Projects funds in the amount of \$5,161.
- Appropriation authority in the budgetary activity note to the financial statements were understated in the General and Enterprise funds in the amounts of \$2,257 and \$5,602, respectively, and overstated in the Special Revenue funds in the amount of \$43,057.
- Budgetary expenditures in the budgetary activity note to the financial statements were understated in the General, Special Revenue, and Enterprise funds in the amounts of \$965, \$1,479, and \$2,253, respectively.

Village of Lyons Fulton County Schedule of Findings Page 2

These errors were not identified and corrected prior to the Village preparing its financial statements and notes to the financial statements due to deficiencies in the Village's internal controls over financial statement monitoring. The accompanying financial statements and notes to the financial statements have been adjusted to correct these errors. Failure to complete accurate financial statements and notes to the financial statements could lead to the Council making misinformed decisions. In addition to the adjustments noted above, we also identified additional misstatements ranging from \$732 to \$3,168 that we have brought to the Village's attention.

To help ensure the Village's financial statements and notes to the financial statements are complete and accurate the Village should adopt policies and procedures over financial reporting, including a final review of the financial statements and notes to the financial statements by the Fiscal Officer and Village Council, to help identify and correct errors and omissions.

Officials' Response:

Management is aware and understands the importance of the information presented on the financial statements and will ensure these errors will be accurately identified and reported.

FINDING NUMBER 2021-002

Noncompliance

Ohio Rev. Code § 5705.41(B) prohibits a subdivision or taxing authority unit from making any expenditure of money unless it has been appropriated in accordance with the Ohio Revised Code.

Due to inadequate policies and procedures in approving and reviewing budget versus actual information, the Village's Permissive Motor Vehicle License Tax fund had expenditures in excess of appropriations of \$43.501 as of December 31, 2020.

Failure to have adequate appropriations in place at the time expenditures are made could cause expenditures to exceed available resources, further resulting in deficit spending practices.

The Council should closely monitor expenditures and appropriations and make the necessary appropriation amendments, if possible, to reduce the likelihood of expenditures exceeding appropriations. Additionally, the Fiscal Officer should deny payment requests exceeding appropriations when appropriations are inadequate to cover the expenditures.

Officials' Response:

Management is aware and understands the importance of the information recorded in the accounting system and will ensure only Council approved appropriations are reported in the accounting system. Budget versus actual expenditures will be monitored on a regular basis and Council budgetary action shall be taken when necessary.

Village of Lyons 126W.Morenci St. P.O.Box414 Lyons, Ohio 43533

Phone: (419)923-2001 (419) 923-3729 Fax:

Andrea Gleckler, Mayor Tanya Lumbrezer, Administrator

SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS DECEMBER 31, 2021 AND 2020

Finding Number	Finding Summary	Status	Additional Information
2019-001	Finding first reported in 2017. Material weakness due to financial statement reporting errors.	reissued as	Additional errors occurred which were not detected by management. Management is aware and understands the importance of the information presented on the financial statements and will ensure these errors will be accurately identified and reported.

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VILLAGE OF LYONS

FULTON COUNTY

AUDITOR OF STATE OF OHIO CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report, which is required to be filed pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in the Office of the Ohio Auditor of State in Columbus, Ohio.



Certified for Release 1/3/2023

88 East Broad Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215 Phone: 614-466-4514 or 800-282-0370