REGULAR AUDIT

FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022-2021

Wilson, Phillips & Agin, CPA's, Inc. 1100 Brandywine Blvd. Building G Zanesville, Ohio 43701



88 East Broad Street Columbus, Ohio 43215 IPAReport@ohioauditor.gov (800) 282-0370

Village Council Village of Strasburg 224 N Bodmer Avenue Strasburg, OH 44680

We have reviewed the *Independent Auditor's Report* of the Village of Strasburg, Tuscarawas County, prepared by Wilson, Phillips & Agin, CPA's, Inc., for the audit period January 1, 2021 through December 31, 2022. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them.

The Auditor of State is conducting and investigation, which is on-going as of the date of this report. Dependent on the outcome of this investigation, results may be reported on at a later date.

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. The Village of Strasburg is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.

Keith Faber Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

July 17, 2023

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VILLAGE OF STRASBURG TUSCARAWAS COUNTY FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022-2021

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WILSON, PHILLIPS & AGIN, CPA'S, INC. 1100 BRANDYWINE BLVD. BUILDING G ZANESVILLE, OHIO 43701

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Village of Strasburg Tuscarawas County 224 N. Bodner Avenue Strasburg, Ohio 44680

To the Village Council:

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Unmodified and Adverse Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of Village of Strasburg, Tuscarawas County, Ohio (the Village) which comprises the cash balances, receipts and disbursements for each governmental fund type and proprietary fund type combined total as of and for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements.

Unmodified Opinion on Regulatory Basis of Accounting

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the cash balances, receipts and disbursements for each governmental fund type and proprietary fund type combined total as of and for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, in accordance with the financial reporting provisions which Ohio Revise Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03(C) permit, described in Note 2

Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

In our opinion, because of the significance of the matter discussed in the *Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles* section of our report, the accompanying financial statements do not present fairly, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the financial position of Village of Strasburg, Tuscarawas County as of December 31, 2022 and 2021, or changes in financial position thereof for the years then ended.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards general accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor Responsibilities for the Audit of Financial Statements* section of our report. We are required to be independent of Village of Strasburg, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Independent Auditors' Report Page Two

Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

As described in Note 2 of the financial statements, the financial statements are prepared by Village of Strasburg on the basis of the financial reporting provisions of Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03(C), which is an accounting basis other than accounting principles general accepted in the United States of America (GAAP), to satisfy these requirements. The effects on the financial statements of the variances between the regulatory basis of accounting described in Note 2 and accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, although not reasonably determinable, are presumed to be material and pervasive.

Emphasis of Matter

As described in Note 13 to the financial statements, the financial impact of COVID-19 and the continuing emergency measures may impact subsequent periods of the Village. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with the financial reporting provisions Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03(C) permit. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Village of Strasburg's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibility for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and the financial audit standards in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining. On a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Village's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

Independent Auditors' Report Page Three

- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Village's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated May 17, 2023, on our consideration of Village of Strasburg's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Village's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Village's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Wilson, Phillips & Agin, CPA's, Inc. Zanesville, Ohio May 17, 2023

COMBINED STATEMENT OF CASH RECEIPTS, CASH DISBURSEMENTS, AND CHANGES IN FUND CASH BALANCES - ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	Governmental Fund Types				_
	General	Special Revenue	Debt Service	Capital Projects	Totals (Memorandum Only)
Cash Receipts:					
Property Taxes	\$ 166,598	\$ 276,003	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 442,601
Municipal Income Tax	1,176,339	995,227	-	-	2,171,566
Intergovernmental	92,860	243,656	-	-	336,516
Charges for Services	548,033	129,254	-	-	677,287
Fines, Licenses, Permits	8,530	-	-	-	8,530
Earnings on Investments	29,805	-	-	-	29,805
Miscellaneous	199,209	155,631	-	-	354,840
Total Cash Receipts	2,221,374	1,799,771	-	-	4,021,145
Cash Disbursements:					
Current:					
Security of Persons and Property	845,003	269,166	-	-	1,114,169
Public Health Services	1,672	-	-	-	1,672
Leisure Time Activities	-	59,135	-	-	59,135
Community Environment	9,035	-	-	-	9,035
Basic Utility Services	188,208		-	-	188,208
Transportation	-	270,032	-	-	270,032
General Government	413,586	-	-	-	413,586
Capital Outlay	596,394	257,091	-	147,962	1,001,447
Debt Service:					
Principal Retirement	-	37,098	-	-	37,098
Interest and Fiscal Charges	-	3,387	-		3,387
Total Cash Disbursements	2,053,898	895,909	-	147,962	3,097,769
Excess of Receipts Over/(Under) Disbursements	167,476	903,862	-	(147,962)	923,376
Other Cash Financing Sources (Uses)					
Debt Proceeds	112,300	-	-	-	112,300
Transfers In	-	120,753	-	181,129	301,882
Transfers Out	(301,882)	-	-	-	(301,882)
Other Financing Uses	(30,874)	-			(30,874)
Total Other Cash Financing Sources (Uses)	(220,456)	120,753	-	181,129	81,426
Net Change in Fund Cash Balance	(52,980)	1,024,615	-	33,167	1,004,802
Fund Cash Balances, January 1, restated	478,210	1,133,685	14	825	1,612,734
Fund Cash Balances, December 31	\$ 425,230	\$ 2,158,300	<u>\$ 14</u> #	# \$ 33,992	\$ 2,617,536

See notes to financial statements.

COMBINED STATEMENT OF CASH RECEIPTS, CASH DISBURSEMENTS, AND CHANGES IN FUND CASH BALANCES - PROPRIETARY FUND TYPE FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	Enterprise Fund 2022			
Operating Cash Receipts:				
Charges for Services	\$	1,334,981		
Fines, Licenses and Permits		67,683		
Total Operating Cash Receipts:		1,402,664		
Operating Cash Disbursements:				
Personal Services		520,400		
Contractual Services		374,000		
Supplies and Materials		134,661		
Total Operating Cash Disbursements		1,029,061		
Operating Income		373,603		
Non-Operating Receipts/(Disbursements)				
Capital Outlay		(57,117)		
Other Debt Proceeds		20,659		
Principal Retirement		(290,421)		
Interest and Other Fiscal Charges		(17,599)		
Total Non-Operating Receipts/(Disbursements)		(344,478)		
Net Change in Cash Fund Balance		29,125		
Fund Cash Balances, January 1		2,141,775		
Fund Cash Balances, December 31	\$	2,170,900		

See notes to financial statements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2022

1. REPORTING ENTITY

Description of the Entity

The constitution and laws of the State of Ohio establish the rights and privileges of the Village of Strasburg, Tuscarawas County, (the Village) as a body corporate and politic. A publicly elected sixmember Council directs the Village. The Village provides general government, including water and sewer utilities, street repair and maintenance, refuse and compost services, park operations, fire protection services and police services. The Village contracts with Smith Ambulance Services, Inc. to provide emergency medical services.

The Village participates in jointly governed organizations. Note 11 to the financial statements provides additional information for these entities.

The Village's management believes these financial statements present all activities for which the Village is financially accountable.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of Presentation

The Village's financial statements consist of a combined statement of receipts, disbursements and changes in fund balance (regulatory cash basis) for all governmental fund types, and a combined statement of receipts, disbursements and changes in fund balance (regulatory cash basis) for all proprietary fund types which are organized on a fund type basis.

Fund Accounting

The Village uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. The funds of the Village are presented below:

Governmental Funds

General Fund

The General fund is the operating fund. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Special Revenue Funds

These funds are used to account for proceeds from specific sources that are restricted or committed to expenditures for specific purposes other than debt service or capital projects. The Village had the following significant Special Revenue Funds:

Street Construction, Maintenance and Repair Fund - This fund receives gasoline tax and motor vehicle license tax money for constructing, maintaining, and repairing Village streets.

Police Levy Fund - This fund receives property and other local tax money for the operation of the Village police department.

Fire Levy Fund - This fund receives property and other local tax money for the operation of the Village's volunteer fire department.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2022

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Debt Service Funds

These funds account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for principal and interest. The Village had the following significant Debt Service Fund:

Fire Truck Debt Service Fund – This fund is used to account for the payment of principal and interest on the Village's fire truck loan.

Capital Project Funds

These funds account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets. The Village had the following significant Capital Project Fund:

Capital Improvement Fund – This fund receives a portion of income tax revenue to account for the payment of capital improvements to the Village.

Enterprise Funds

These funds account for operations that are similar to private business enterprises where management intends that the significant costs of providing certain goods or services will be recovered through user charges. The Village had the following significant Enterprise Funds:

Water Fund – This fund receives charges for services from residents to cover water service costs.

Sewer Fund - This fund receives charges for services from residents to cover sewer service costs.

Water System Improvement Fund – This fund receives a portion of water revenues to maintain and make improvements to the water system.

Sewer System Improvement Fund – This fund receives a portion of water revenues to maintain and make improvements to the sewer system.

Basis of Accounting

These financial statements follow the accounting basis permitted by the financial reporting provisions of Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code 117-2-03(C). This basis is similar to the cash receipts and disbursements accounting basis. The Village recognizes receipts when received in cash rather than when earned, and recognizes disbursements when paid rather than when a liability is incurred. Budgetary presentations report budgetary expenditures when a commitment is made (i.e., when an encumbrance is approved).

These statements include adequate disclosure of material matters, as the financial reporting provisions of Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code 117-2-03(C) permit.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2022

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Budgetary Process

The Ohio Revised Code requires that each fund (except certain Agency Funds) be budgeted annually.

Appropriations

Budgetary expenditures (that is, disbursements and encumbrances) may not exceed appropriations at the fund, function or object level of control, and appropriations may not exceed estimated resources. The Village Council must annually approve appropriation measures and subsequent amendments. The County Budget Commission must also approve the annual appropriation measure. Appropriations lapse at year end.

Estimated Resources

Estimated resources include estimates of cash to be received (budgeted receipts) plus cash as of January 1. The County Budget Commission must approve estimated resources.

Encumbrances

The Ohio Revised Code requires the Village to reserve (encumber) appropriations when commitments are made. Encumbrances outstanding at year end are canceled, and reappropriated in the subsequent year.

A summary of 2022 budgetary activity appears in Note 3.

Deposits and Investments

The Village's accounting basis includes investment as assets. This basis does not record disbursement for investment purchases or receipts for investment sales. This basis records gains or losses at the time of sale as receipts or disbursements, respectively.

Investment in STAR Ohio is measured at the net asset value (NAV) per share provided by STAR Ohio. The NAV share is calculated on an amortized cost basis that provides an NAV per share that approximates fair value.

Property, Plant, and Equipment

Acquisition of property, plant and equipment are recorded as disbursements when paid. These items are not reflected as assets on the accompanying financial statements.

Accumulated Leave

In certain circumstances, such as leaving employment, employees are entitled to cash payments for unused leave. The financial statements do not include a liability for unpaid leave.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2022

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Fund Balance

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the Village must observe constraints imposed upon the use of its governmental-fund resources. The classifications are as follows:

Nonspendable – The Village classifies assets as *nonspendable* when legally or contractually required to maintain the amounts intact.

Restricted – Fund balance is *restricted* when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or is imposed by law through constitutional provisions.

Committed – Council can *commit* via formal action (resolution). The Village must adhere to these commitments unless council amends the resolution. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed to satisfy contractual requirements.

Assigned – Assigned fund balances are intended for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as *restricted* or *committed*. Governmental funds other than general fund report all fund balances as *assigned* unless they are restricted or committed. In the general fund, *assigned* amounts represent intended uses established by Village Council or a Village official delegated that authority by ordinance, or by State Statute.

Unassigned – Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund and includes amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance.

The Village applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classification could be used.

For regulatory purposes, limited disclosure related to fund balance is included in Note 12.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2022

3. BUDGETARY ACTIVITY

Budgetary activity for the year ended December 31, 2022 is as follows:

	2022 Budgeted vs. A Budgeted	Actual			
Fund Type	Receipts	Receipts	Variance		
General	\$ 3,263,386	\$ 2,333,674	\$ (929,712)		
Special Revenue	1,728,738	1,920,524	191,786		
Capital Projects	180,000	181,129	1,129		
Enterprise	1,478,000	1,423,323	(54,677)		
Total	\$ 6,650,124	\$ 5,858,650	\$ (791,474)		
2022 Budgeted vs. Actual Budgetary Basis Expenditures					

	Appropriation	Budgetary	
Fund Type	Authority	Expenditures	Variance
General	\$ 3,741,597	\$ 2,386,654	\$ 1,354,943
Special Revenue	2,730,392	895,909	1,834,483
Capital Projects	180,825	147,962	32,863
Enterprise	3,619,776	1,394,198	2,225,578
Total	\$ 10,272,590	\$ 4,824,723	\$ 5,447,867

Contrary to ORC 5705.41(D), the Village made expenditures prior to certification.

4. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

To improve cash management, cash received by the Village is pooled. Monies for all funds are maintained in this pool. The Ohio Revised Code prescribes allowable deposits and investments. A summary of the Village's deposits and investment accounts are as follows:

	2022	
Cash Management Pool		-
Demand deposits	\$ 3,037,546	
Total Deposits	3,037,546	_
STAR Ohio	1,750,890	_
Total Investments	1,750,890	_
Total Carrying Amount of Deposits and Investments held in Pool	\$ 4,788,436	_
	2022	_
Segregated Accounts – Not held in the Pool		
Payroll Clearing Account (Not held in Pool)	\$ 10,282	_
Total Outside Accounts	\$ 10,282	

The Village has a separate payroll clearing account that is held outside of the deposit pool where gross payroll is held for distribution. The expenditures included in the accompanying financial statements reflect gross payroll plus all remitted payroll withholdings. At December 31, 2022, the Township is holding \$10,282 in unremitted employee payroll withholdings.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2022

4. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Deposits: Deposits are either insured by the Federal Depository Insurance Corporation or collateralized through the Ohio Pooled Collateral System (OPCS), a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to the Treasurer of State to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution.

Investments: Investments in STAR Ohio and mutual funds are not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book-entry form.

5. PROPERTY TAX

Real property taxes become a lien on January 1 preceding the October 1 date for which the Council adopted rates. The State Board of Tax Equalization adjusts these rates for inflation. Property taxes are also reduced for applicable homestead and rollback deductions. The financial statements include homestead and rollback amounts the State pays as Intergovernmental Receipts. Payments are due to the County by December 31. If the property owner elects to make semiannual payment, the first half is due by December 31. The second half payment is due the following June 20.

The County is responsible for assessing property, and for billing, collecting, and distributing all property taxes on behalf of the Village.

6. LOCAL INCOME TAX

The Village levies a municipal income tax of 1.5 percent on substantially all earned income arising from employment, residency, or business activities within the Village as well as certain income of residents earned outside of the Village.

Employers within the Village withhold income tax on employee compensation and remit the tax to the Village either monthly or quarterly, as required. Corporations and other individual taxpayers pay estimated taxes quarterly and file a declaration annually.

The Village's income tax of 1.5 percent is comprised of not more than 75 percent of the net available income tax being allocated to the General Fund, at least 15 percent of the net available income tax being allocated to the Capital Projects Fund and at least 10 percent of the net available income tax being allocated to the Park Fund.

7. RISK MANAGEMENT

The Village has obtained commercial insurance for the following risks:

- Comprehensive property and general liability;
- Vehicles;
- Law enforcement liability;
- Public Officials liability;
- Employment practices liability; and
- Errors and omissions.

The Village provides health insurance to full-time employees through Tuscarawas County (County). The Village is invoiced their monthly premiums and the premiums are paid to the County. All risk transfers to the County.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2022

8. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

Ohio Public Employees Retirement System

Some of the Village's full-time employees belong to the Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS) of Ohio. OPERS is a cost sharing, multiple employer plan. The Ohio Revised Code prescribes the plan benefits, which include postretirement healthcare, and survivor and disability benefits.

The Ohio Revised Code also prescribes contribution rates. For 2022, OPERS members contributed 10.00% of their gross wages and the Village contributed an amount equal to 14.00% of participant's gross salaries. The Village has paid all contributions required through December 31, 2022.

Ohio Police and Fire Retirement

The Village's certified Fire Fighters and full-time police officers belong to the Police and Fire Pension Fund (OP&F). OP&F is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer plan. The Ohio Revised Code prescribes this plan's benefits, which include postretirement healthcare and survivor and disability benefits.

The Ohio Revised Code also prescribes contribution rates. OP&F participants contributed 12.25%. The Village contributed to OP&F an amount equal to 24.00% of full-time fire fighters wages and 19.50% of full-time police officers wages. The Village has paid all contributions required through December 31, 2022.

Social Security

Several Village employees contributed to social security. This plan provides retirement benefits, including survivor and disability benefits to participants.

Employees contributed 6.2 percent of their gross salaries. The Village contributed an amount equal to 6.2 percent of participants' gross salaries. The Village has paid all contributions required through December 31, 2022.

9. POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

Both OPERS and OP&F offers cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit postemployment plans, which include multiple health care plans including medical coverage, prescription drug coverage, deposits to a Health Reimbursement Arrangement and Medicare Part B premium reimbursements, to qualifying benefit recipients. The portion of employer contributions allocated to health care for OPERS members in the traditional pension plan and combined plan was 0 percent during calendar year 2022. The portion of employer contributions allocated to health care for OPERS members in the member-directed plan was 4.0 percent during calendar year 2022. OP&F contributes 0.5 percent to fund these benefits.

Beginning January 1, 2019, OP&F changed its retiree health care model to a stipend-based health care model. A stipend funded by OP&F was placed in individual Health Reimbursement Accounts that retirees use to be reimbursed for health care expenses.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2022

9. POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

Effective January 1, 2022, OPERS discontinued the group plans currently offered to non-Medicare retires and re-employed retirees. Instead, eligible non-Medicare retirees will select an individual plan. OPERS will provide a subsidy or allowance via an HRA allowance to those retirees who meet health care eligibility requirements. Retirees will be able to seek reimbursement for plan premiums and other qualified medical expenses.

10. DEBT

Debt outstanding at December 31, 2022 was as follows:

	2022	
	Principal	%
OWDA – Wooster Avenue Water Line #9246	\$ 1,044,248	1.18-1.51
2020 Ambulance Loan	25,911	3.69
2020 Cruiser Loan	25,687	4.01
2022 Street Truck Loan	112,300	5.89
Total	\$ 1,208,338	

The Village was approved for a \$1,185,033 loan (#9426) from OWDA for a project to improve Wooster Avenue Water Lines in 2021. Amount drawn through December 31, 2022 is \$1,092,725. It is to be repaid over 20 years from the Water Fund.

In 2020, the Village enter into an agreement with Kansas State Bank for a Governmental Obligation Contract in the amount of \$75,000 to purchase an ambulance. It is to be paid over three years from the Fire Levy Fund.

In 2020, the Village enter into an agreement with Kansas State Bank for a Governmental Obligation Contract in the amount of \$50,000 to purchase a police cruiser. It is to be paid over four years from the Fire Levy Fund.

In 2022, the Village enter into an agreement with Kansas State Bank for a Governmental Obligation Contract in the amount of \$112,300 to purchase a truck. It is to be paid over five years from the General Fund.

Amortization of the above debt, including interest is scheduled as follows:

	OWDA	Ambulance	Cruiser	Truck
Year	9246	Loan	Loan	Loan
2023	\$ 61,974	\$ 26,867	\$ 13,618	\$ 25,895
2024	61,974	-	13,618	25,895
2025	61.974	-	-	25,895
2026	61,974	-	-	25,895
2027	61,974	-	-	25,895
2028-2032	308,970	-	-	-
2033-2037	308,970		-	-
2038-2042	247,896	-	-	-
Total	\$ 1,175,706	\$ 26,867	\$ 40,854	\$ 129,475

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2022

11. JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS

Tuscarawas County Regional Planning Commission (Commission)

The Village is associated with the Tuscarawas County Regional Planning Commission, (the Commission) as a Jointly Governed Organization. The Commission is statutorily created political subdivision of the state. The Commission is jointly governed among Tuscarawas County municipalities and townships. Each member's control over the Commission is limited to its representation on the board. The Commission make studies, maps, plans, recommendations and reports concerning the physical, environmental, social, economical, and governmental characteristics, functions and services of the county. The Village has no responsibility for any of the Commissions liabilities. Complete financial statements can be obtained from the Commission.

Tuscarawas County Tax Incentive Review Council

The Tuscarawas County Tax Incentive Review Council (TCTIRC) is a jointly governed organization, created as a regional council of governments pursuant to Section 5705.62 of the Ohio Revised Code. TCTIRC has 44 members, consisting of 3 members appointed by the County Commissioners, 18 members appointed by municipal corporations, 14 members appointed by township trustees, 1 member from the county auditor's office and 8 members appointed by boards of education located within the county. TCTIRC reviews and evaluates the performance of each Enterprise Zone Agreement. This body is advisory in nature and cannot directly impact an existing Enterprise Zone Agreement; however, the TCTIRC can make written recommendations to the legislative authority, which approved the agreement. There is no cost associated with being a member of this TCTIRC. The continued existence of the TCTRIRC is not dependent on the Village's continued participation and no measurable equity interest exists.

During 2022, no monies were paid to the TCTIRC from the Village.

The Village does not retain an ongoing financial interest or an ongoing financial responsibility with the TCTIRC.

Strasburg-Franklin Joint Economic Development District

The Village participates in, and is fiscal agent for, the Strasburg-Franklin Joint Economic Development District (JEDD). The JEDD is a joint venture between the Village and Franklin Township, created to facilitate economic development and to preserve jobs and employment opportunities. A five-member Board of Directors has been established to govern the JEDD, including two representatives appointed by the Village.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2022

12. FUND BALANCES

Included in fund balance are amounts the Village cannot spend, including the balance of unclaimed monies, which cannot be spent for five years and the expendable corpus of the permanent funds. Encumbrances are commitments related to unperformed contracts for goods or services. Encumbrance accounting is utilized to the extent necessary to assure effective budgetary control and accountability and to facilities effective cash planning and control. At year end, the balances of those amounts were as follows:

Fund Balances	Ger	neral	1	ecial renue	Debt rvice	pital jects	To	otal
Nonspendable: Corpus	\$	-	\$	_	\$ -	\$ 	\$	_
Outstanding Encumb.		-		-	-	-		-
Total	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-

The fund balance of special revenue funds is either restricted or committed. The fund balance of debt service funds and capital projects funds are restricted, committed, or assigned. The fund balance of permanent funds that is not part of the nonspendable corpus is either restricted or committed. These restricted, committed and assigned amounts in the special revenue, debt service, capital projects and permanent funds would include the outstanding encumbrances. In the general fund, outstanding encumbrances are considered assigned.

13. COVID-19

The United States and the State of Ohio declared a state of emergency in March 2020 due to the COVID-19 pandemic. Ohio's state of emergency ended in June 2021, while the national state of emergency continues. During 2021, the Village received COVID-19 funding. The financial impact of COVID-19 and the ensuing emergency measures will impact subsequent periods of the Village. The impact on the Village's future operating costs, revenues, and any recovery from emergency funding, either federal or state, cannot be estimated.

14. RESTATEMENT OF FUND BALANCE

Fund balance in the Special Revenue have been restated for the year beginning January 1, 2022 as voided checks were added back to properly state the fund balance in the financial statements:

	Special	
	Revenue	
Fund Balance at December 31, 2021	\$ 1,133,656	
Adjustments	29	
Fund Balance at January 1, 2022	\$ 1,133,685	

COMBINED STATEMENT OF CASH RECEIPTS, CASH DISBURSEMENTS, AND CHANGES IN FUND CASH BALANCES - ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	Governmental Fund Types				
	General	Special Revenue	Debt Service	Capital Projects	Totals (Memorandum Only)
Cash Receipts:					
Property Taxes	\$ 160,569	\$ 157,360	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 317,929
Municipal Income Tax	1,076,718	526,578	-	-	1,603,296
Intergovernmental	111,050	265,526	-	-	376,576
Charges for Services	181,458	288,334	-	-	469,792
Fines, Licenses, Permits	7,282	-	-	-	7,282
Earnings on Investments	1,773	-	-	-	1,773
Miscellaneous	173,840	3,030	-	-	176,870
Total Cash Receipts	1,712,690	1,240,828	-	-	2,953,518
Cash Disbursements:					
Current:	64.0. 60.4				
Security of Persons and Property	619,681	136,517	-	-	756,198
Public Health Services	1,655	-	-	-	1,655
Leisure Time Activities	-	54,935	-	-	54,935
Community Environment	4,878	-	-	-	4,878
Basic Utility Services	175,176		-	-	175,176
Transportation	-	221,372	-	-	221,372
General Government	458,554	-	-	-	458,554
Capital Outlay	437,371	160,173	-	177,406	774,950
Debt Service:					
Principal Retirement	-	206,830	-	-	206,830
Interest and Fiscal Charges		6,076			6,076
Total Cash Disbursements	1,697,315	785,903	-	177,406	2,660,624
Excess of Receipts Over/(Under) Disbursements	15,375	454,925	-	(177,406)	292,894
Other Cash Financing Sources (Uses)					
Debt Proceeds	-	93,626	-	-	93,626
Transfers In	-	100,257	-	137,551	237,808
Transfers Out	(237,808)	-	-	-	(237,808)
Other Financing Uses	(34,011)	-	-	-	(34,011)
Total Other Cash Financing Sources (Uses)	(271,819)	193,883	-	137,551	59,615
Net Change in Fund Cash Balance	(256,444)	648,808	-	(39,855)	352,509
Fund Cash Balances, January 1, restated	734,654	484,848	14	40,680	1,260,196
Fund Cash Balances, December 31	\$ 478,210	\$ 1,133,656	<u>\$ 14</u> #	\$ 825	\$ 1,612,705

See notes to financial statements.

COMBINED STATEMENT OF CASH RECEIPTS, CASH DISBURSEMENTS, AND CHANGES IN FUND CASH BALANCES - PROPRIETARY FUND TYPE FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	Enterprise Fund 2021		
Operating Cash Receipts:		2021	
Charges for Services	\$	1,299,672	
Fines, Licenses and Permits	+	95,033	
Total Operating Cash Receipts:		1,394,705	
Operating Cash Disbursements:			
Personal Services		501,731	
Contractual Services		327,933	
Supplies and Materials		152,897	
Total Operating Cash Disbursements		982,561	
Operating Income		412,144	
Non-Operating Receipts/(Disbursements)			
Capital Outlay		(1,315,435)	
Other Debt Proceeds		1,072,066	
Principal Retirement		(236,807)	
Interest and Other Fiscal Charges		(9,239)	
Total Non-Operating Receipts/(Disbursements)		(489,415)	
Net Change in Cash Fund Balance		(77,271)	
Fund Cash Balances, January 1		2,219,046	
Fund Cash Balances, December 31	\$	2,141,775	

See notes to financial statements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2021

1. REPORTING ENTITY

Description of the Entity

The constitution and laws of the State of Ohio establish the rights and privileges of the Village of Strasburg, Tuscarawas County, (the Village) as a body corporate and politic. A publicly elected sixmember Council directs the Village. The Village provides general government, including water and sewer utilities, street repair and maintenance, refuse and compost services, park operations, fire protection services and police services. The Village contracts with Smith Ambulance Services, Inc. to provide emergency medical services.

The Village participates in jointly governed organizations. Note 11 to the financial statements provides additional information for these entities.

The Village's management believes these financial statements present all activities for which the Village is financially accountable.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of Presentation

The Village's financial statements consist of a combined statement of receipts, disbursements and changes in fund balance (regulatory cash basis) for all governmental fund types, and a combined statement of receipts, disbursements and changes in fund balance (regulatory cash basis) for all proprietary fund types which are organized on a fund type basis.

Fund Accounting

The Village uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. The funds of the Village are presented below:

Governmental Funds

General Fund

The General fund is the operating fund. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Special Revenue Funds

These funds are used to account for proceeds from specific sources that are restricted or committed to expenditures for specific purposes other than debt service or capital projects. The Village had the following significant Special Revenue Funds:

Street Construction, Maintenance and Repair Fund - This fund receives gasoline tax and motor vehicle license tax money for constructing, maintaining, and repairing Village streets.

Police Levy Fund - This fund receives property and other local tax money for the operation of the Village police department.

Fire Levy Fund - This fund receives property and other local tax money for the operation of the Village's volunteer fire department.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2021

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Debt Service Funds

These funds account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for principal and interest. The Village had the following significant Debt Service Fund:

Fire Truck Debt Service Fund – This fund is used to account for the payment of principal and interest on the Village's fire truck loan.

Capital Project Funds

These funds account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets. The Village had the following significant Capital Project Fund:

Capital Improvement Fund – This fund receives a portion of income tax revenue to account for the payment of capital improvements to the Village.

Enterprise Funds

These funds account for operations that are similar to private business enterprises where management intends that the significant costs of providing certain goods or services will be recovered through user charges. The Village had the following significant Enterprise Funds:

Water Fund – This fund receives charges for services from residents to cover water service costs.

Sewer Fund - This fund receives charges for services from residents to cover sewer service costs.

Water System Improvement Fund – This fund receives a portion of water revenues to maintain and make improvements to the water system.

Sewer System Improvement Fund – This fund receives a portion of water revenues to maintain and make improvements to the sewer system.

Basis of Accounting

These financial statements follow the accounting basis permitted by the financial reporting provisions of Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code 117-2-03(C). This basis is similar to the cash receipts and disbursements accounting basis. The Village recognizes receipts when received in cash rather than when earned, and recognizes disbursements when paid rather than when a liability is incurred. Budgetary presentations report budgetary expenditures when a commitment is made (i.e., when an encumbrance is approved).

These statements include adequate disclosure of material matters, as the financial reporting provisions of Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code 117-2-03(C) permit.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2021

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Budgetary Process

The Ohio Revised Code requires that each fund (except certain Agency Funds) be budgeted annually.

Appropriations

Budgetary expenditures (that is, disbursements and encumbrances) may not exceed appropriations at the fund, function or object level of control, and appropriations may not exceed estimated resources. The Village Council must annually approve appropriation measures and subsequent amendments. The County Budget Commission must also approve the annual appropriation measure. Appropriations lapse at year end.

Estimated Resources

Estimated resources include estimates of cash to be received (budgeted receipts) plus cash as of January 1. The County Budget Commission must approve estimated resources.

Encumbrances

The Ohio Revised Code requires the Village to reserve (encumber) appropriations when commitments are made. Encumbrances outstanding at year end are canceled, and reappropriated in the subsequent year.

A summary of 2021 budgetary activity appears in Note 3.

Deposits and Investments

The Village's accounting basis includes investment as assets. This basis does not record disbursement for investment purchases or receipts for investment sales. This basis records gains or losses at the time of sale as receipts or disbursements, respectively.

Investment in STAR Ohio is measured at the net asset value (NAV) per share provided by STAR Ohio. The NAV share is calculated on an amortized cost basis that provides an NAV per share that approximates fair value.

Property, Plant, and Equipment

Acquisition of property, plant and equipment are recorded as disbursements when paid. These items are not reflected as assets on the accompanying financial statements.

Accumulated Leave

In certain circumstances, such as leaving employment, employees are entitled to cash payments for unused leave. The financial statements do not include a liability for unpaid leave.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2021

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Fund Balance

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the Village must observe constraints imposed upon the use of its governmental-fund resources. The classifications are as follows:

Nonspendable – The Village classifies assets as *nonspendable* when legally or contractually required to maintain the amounts intact.

Restricted – Fund balance is *restricted* when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or is imposed by law through constitutional provisions.

Committed – Council can *commit* via formal action (resolution). The Village must adhere to these commitments unless council amends the resolution. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed to satisfy contractual requirements.

Assigned – Assigned fund balances are intended for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as *restricted* or *committed*. Governmental funds other than general fund report all fund balances as *assigned* unless they are restricted or committed. In the general fund, *assigned* amounts represent intended uses established by Village Council or a Village official delegated that authority by ordinance, or by State Statute.

Unassigned – Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund and includes amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance.

The Village applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classification could be used.

For regulatory purposes, limited disclosure related to fund balance is included in Note 12.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2021

3. BUDGETARY ACTIVITY

-

Budgetary activity for the year ended December 31, 2021 is as follows:

	Budgeted	Actual	
Fund Type	Receipts	Receipts	Variance
General	\$ 2,326,698	\$ 1,712,690	\$ (614,008)
Special Revenue	1,330,000	1,434,711	104,711
Capital Projects	157,500	137,551	(19,949)
Enterprise	2,615,000	2,466,771	(148,229)
Total	\$ 6,429,198	\$ 5,751,723	\$ (677,475)

2021 Budgeted Vs. Actual Budgetary Basis Expenditures					
	Appropriation	Budgetary			
Fund Type	Authority	Expenditures	Variance		
General	\$ 3,061,353	\$ 1,969,134	\$ 1,092,219		
Special Revenue	1,814,848	911,588	903,260		
Capital Projects	198,181	177,406	20,775		
Enterprise	4,834,046	2,544,042	2,290,004		
Total	\$ 9,908,428	\$ 5,602,170	\$ 4,306,258		

Contrary to ORC 5705.41(D), the Village made expenditures prior to certification.

4. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

To improve cash management, cash received by the Village is pooled. Monies for all funds are maintained in this pool. The Ohio Revised Code prescribes allowable deposits and investments. A summary of the Village's deposits and investment accounts are as follows:

	2021
Cash Management Pool	
Demand deposits	\$ 2,034,448
Total Deposits	2,034,448
STAR Ohio	1,720,032
Total Investments	1,720,032
Total Carrying Amount of Deposits and Investments held in Pool	\$ 3,754,480
	2021
Segregated Accounts – Not held in the Pool	
Payroll Clearing Account (Not held in Pool)	\$ 10,630
Total Outside Accounts	\$ 10,630

The Village has a separate payroll clearing account that is held outside of the deposit pool where gross payroll is held for distribution. The expenditures included in the accompanying financial statements reflect gross payroll plus all remitted payroll withholdings. At December 31, 2021, the Township is holding \$10,630 in unremitted employee payroll withholdings.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2021

4. **DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)**

Deposits: Deposits are either insured by the Federal Depository Insurance Corporation or collateralized through the Ohio Pooled Collateral System (OPCS), a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to the Treasurer of State to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution.

Investments: Investments in STAR Ohio and mutual funds are not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book-entry form.

5. PROPERTY TAX

Real property taxes become a lien on January 1 preceding the October 1 date for which the Council adopted rates. The State Board of Tax Equalization adjusts these rates for inflation. Property taxes are also reduced for applicable homestead and rollback deductions. The financial statements include homestead and rollback amounts the State pays as Intergovernmental Receipts. Payments are due to the County by December 31. If the property owner elects to make semiannual payment, the first half is due by December 31. The second half payment is due the following June 20.

The County is responsible for assessing property, and for billing, collecting, and distributing all property taxes on behalf of the Village.

6. LOCAL INCOME TAX

The Village levies a municipal income tax of 1.5 percent on substantially all earned income arising from employment, residency, or business activities within the Village as well as certain income of residents earned outside of the Village.

Employers within the Village withhold income tax on employee compensation and remit the tax to the Village either monthly or quarterly, as required. Corporations and other individual taxpayers pay estimated taxes quarterly and file a declaration annually.

The Village's income tax of 1.5 percent is comprised of not more than 75 percent of the net available income tax being allocated to the General Fund, at least 15 percent of the net available income tax being allocated to the Capital Projects Fund and at least 10 percent of the net available income tax being allocated to the Park Fund.

7. RISK MANAGEMENT

The Village has obtained commercial insurance for the following risks:

- Comprehensive property and general liability;
- Vehicles;
- Law enforcement liability;
- Public Officials liability;
- Employment practices liability; and
- Errors and omissions.

The Village provides health insurance to full-time employees through Tuscarawas County (County). The Village is invoiced their monthly premiums and the premiums are paid to the County. All risk transfers to the County.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2021

8. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

Ohio Public Employees Retirement System

Some of the Village's full-time employees belong to the Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS) of Ohio. OPERS is a cost sharing, multiple employer plan. The Ohio Revised Code prescribes the plan benefits, which include postretirement healthcare, and survivor and disability benefits.

The Ohio Revised Code also prescribes contribution rates. For 2021, OPERS members contributed 10.00% of their gross wages and the Village contributed an amount equal to 14.00% of participant's gross salaries. The Village has paid all contributions required through December 31, 2021.

Ohio Police and Fire Retirement

The Village's certified Fire Fighters and full-time police officers belong to the Police and Fire Pension Fund (OP&F). OP&F is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer plan. The Ohio Revised Code prescribes this plan's benefits, which include postretirement healthcare and survivor and disability benefits.

The Ohio Revised Code also prescribes contribution rates. OP&F participants contributed 12.25%. The Village contributed to OP&F an amount equal to 24.00% of full-time fire fighters wages and 19.50% of full-time police officers wages. The Village has paid all contributions required through December 31, 2021.

Social Security

Several Village employees contributed to social security. This plan provides retirement benefits, including survivor and disability benefits to participants.

Employees contributed 6.2 percent of their gross salaries. The Village contributed an amount equal to 6.2 percent of participants' gross salaries. The Village has paid all contributions required through December 31, 2021.

9. POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

Both OPERS and OP&F offers cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit postemployment plans, which include multiple health care plans including medical coverage, prescription drug coverage, deposits to a Health Reimbursement Arrangement and Medicare Part B premium reimbursements, to qualifying benefit recipients. The portion of employer contributions allocated to health care for OPERS members in the traditional pension plan and combined plan was 0 percent during calendar year 2021. The portion of employer contributions allocated to health care for OPERS members in the member-directed plan was 4.0 percent during calendar year 2021. OP&F contributes 0.5 percent to fund these benefits.

Beginning January 1, 2019, OP&F changed its retiree health care model to a stipend-based health care model. A stipend funded by OP&F was placed in individual Health Reimbursement Accounts that retirees use to be reimbursed for health care expenses.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2021

10. DEBT

Debt outstanding at December 31, 2021 was as follows:

	2021	
	Principal	%
OWDA – WTTP Improvements Loan #3478	\$ 242,046	2.20
OWDA – Wooster Avenue Water Line #9246	1,072,066	1.18-1.51
2020 Ambulance Loan	50,900	3.69
2020 Cruiser Loan	37,796	4.01
Total	\$ 1,402,808	

The Village was approved for a \$3,963,752 loan (#3478) from OWDA for a project upgrading the wastewater treatment plant project in 1998. Semi-annual payments are made from the Sewer Fund, with the final payment due January 1, 2023.

The Village was approved for a \$1,185,033 loan (#9246) from OWDA for a project to improve Wooster Avenue Water Lines in 2021. Amount drawn through December 31, 2021 is \$1,072,066. The project is no complete and no amortization schedule has been established.

In 2020, the Village enter into an agreement with Kansas State Bank for a Governmental Obligation Contract in the amount of \$75,000 to purchase an ambulance. It is to be paid over three years from the Fire Levy Fund. This loan was not included in the debt schedule ending December 31, 2020.

In 2020, the Village enter into an agreement with Kansas State Bank for a Governmental Obligation Contract in the amount of \$50,000 to purchase a police cruiser. It is to be paid over four years from the Fire Levy Fund. This loan was not included in the debt schedule ending December 31, 2020.

Amortization of the above debt, including interest is scheduled as follows:

	OWDA	Ambulance	Cruiser		
Year	3478	Loan	Loan		
2022	\$ 246,047	\$ 26,867	\$ 13,618		
2023	-	26,867	13,618		
2024	-	-	13,618		
Total	\$ 246,047	\$ 53,734	\$ 40,854		

11. JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS

Tuscarawas County Regional Planning Commission (Commission)

The Village is associated with the Tuscarawas County Regional Planning Commission, (the Commission) as a Jointly Governed Organization. The Commission is statutorily created political subdivision of the state. The Commission is jointly governed among Tuscarawas County municipalities and townships. Each member's control over the Commission is limited to its representation on the board. The Commission make studies, maps, plans, recommendations and reports concerning the physical, environmental, social, economical, and governmental characteristics, functions and services of the county. The Village has no responsibility for any of the Commissions liabilities. Complete financial statements can be obtained from the Commission.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2021

11. JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS (Continued)

Tuscarawas County Tax Incentive Review Council

The Tuscarawas County Tax Incentive Review Council (TCTIRC) is a jointly governed organization, created as a regional council of governments pursuant to Section 5705.62 of the Ohio Revised Code. TCTIRC has 44 members, consisting of 3 members appointed by the County Commissioners, 18 members appointed by municipal corporations, 14 members appointed by township trustees, 1 member from the county auditor's office and 8 members appointed by boards of education located within the county. TCTIRC reviews and evaluates the performance of each Enterprise Zone Agreement. This body is advisory in nature and cannot directly impact an existing Enterprise Zone Agreement; however, the TCTIRC can make written recommendations to the legislative authority, which approved the agreement. There is no cost associated with being a member of this TCTIRC. The continued existence of the TCTRIRC is not dependent on the Village's continued participation and no measurable equity interest exists.

During 2021, no monies were paid to the TCTIRC from the Village.

The Village does not retain an ongoing financial interest or an ongoing financial responsibility with the TCTIRC.

Strasburg-Franklin Joint Economic Development District

The Village participates in, and is fiscal agent for, the Strasburg-Franklin Joint Economic Development District (JEDD). The JEDD is a joint venture between the Village and Franklin Township, created to facilitate economic development and to preserve jobs and employment opportunities. A five-member Board of Directors has been established to govern the JEDD, including two representatives appointed by the Village.

12. FUND BALANCES

Included in fund balance are amounts the Village cannot spend, including the balance of unclaimed monies, which cannot be spent for five years and the expendable corpus of the permanent funds. Encumbrances are commitments related to unperformed contracts for goods or services. Encumbrance accounting is utilized to the extent necessary to assure effective budgetary control and accountability and to facilities effective cash planning and control. At year end, the balances of those amounts were as follows:

			Sp	ecial	Γ	Debt	Caj	pital		
Fund Balances	Ger	neral	Rev	venue	Se	rvice	Pro	jects	,	Total
Nonspendable:										
Corpus	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Outstanding Encumb.		-	12	25,685		-		-		125,685
Total	\$	-	\$ 12	25,685	\$	-	\$	-	\$	125,685

The fund balance of special revenue funds is either restricted or committed. The fund balance of debt service funds and capital projects funds are restricted, committed, or assigned. The fund balance of permanent funds that is not part of the nonspendable corpus is either restricted or committed. These restricted, committed and assigned amounts in the special revenue, debt service, capital projects and permanent funds would include the outstanding encumbrances. In the general fund, outstanding encumbrances are considered assigned.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2021

13. COVID-19

The United States and the State of Ohio declared a state of emergency in March 2020 due to the COVID-19 pandemic. Ohio's state of emergency ended in June 2021, while the national state of emergency continues. During 2021, the Village received COVID-19 funding. The financial impact of COVID-19 and the ensuing emergency measures will impact subsequent periods of the Village. The impact on the Village's future operating costs, revenues, and any recovery from emergency funding, either federal or state, cannot be estimated.

14. RESTATEMENT OF FUND BALANCE

Fund balance in the General Fund have been restated for the year beginning January 1, 2021 as voided checks were added back to properly state the fund balance in the financial statements:

	General
	Fund
Fund Balance at December 31, 2020	\$ 734,566
Adjustments	 88
Fund Balance at January 1, 2021	\$ 734,654

WILSON, PHILLIPS & AGIN, CPA'S, INC. 1100 BRANDYWINE BLVD. BUILDING G ZANESVILLE, OHIO 43701

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS.

Village of Strasburg Tuscarawas County 224 N. Bodner Avenue Strasburg, Ohio 44680

To the Village Council:

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards general accepted in the United States and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standard* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the cash balances, receipts, and disbursements for each governmental fund type and proprietary fund type combined total as of and for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements of the Village of Strasburg, Tuscarawas County (the Village) and have issued our report thereon dated May 17, 2023, wherein we noted the Village followed financial reporting provisions Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03(C) permit. We also noted the financial impact of COVID-19 and the ensuing emergency measures may impact subsequent periods of the Village.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Village of Strasburg's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Village's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Village's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the Village's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. We identified a certain deficiency in internal control, described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings as item 2022-001 that we consider to be a material weakness.

Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Required by Government Auditing Standards Page Two

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Village of Strasburg's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed one instance of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* and which are described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings as item 2022-002.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Village's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Village's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Wilson, Phillips & Agin, CPA's, Inc. Zanesville, Ohio May 17, 2023

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021

FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

FINDING NUMBER 2022-001

Material Weakness

All public offices shall maintain an accounting system and accounting records sufficient to enable the public office to identify, assemble, analyze, classify, record and report its transaction, maintain accountability for the related assets, document compliance with finance-related legal and contractual requirements and prepare financial statements.

As a result of audit procedures, errors were noted that required reclassification to the financial statement as follows and all items where applicable were posted to the financial statements and accounting records:

- In 2022, an adjustment was made to increase Debt Proceeds and Capital Outlay in the amount of \$112,300 for the purchase of a new ambulance in the General Fund.
- In 2022 a reclassification of \$26,867 was made to decrease Capital Outlay and increase Principal Retirement of \$24,989 and \$1,878 for Interest and Fiscal Charges in the Fire Levy Fund and a reclassification of \$13,618 was made to decrease Capital Outlay and increase Principal Retirement of \$12,109 and \$1,509 for Interest and Fiscal Charges in the Police Levy Fund to show debt payments.
- In 2022 a reclassification of \$20,659 to decrease Charges for Services and increase Debt Proceeds in the Water System Improvement Fund.
- In 2021, a reclassification of \$2,401 was made to increase Miscellaneous Revenue and decrease Debt Proceeds in the JEDD Fund.
- In 2021, a reclassification of \$40,485 was made to decrease Capital Outlay and increase Principal Retirement by \$35,949 and increase Interest and Fiscal Charges by \$4,536 in the JEDD fund to properly show debt payments.
- In 2021, a reclassification of \$1,072,066 to decrease Charges for Services and increase Debt Proceeds in the Water System Improvement Fund.

Sound financial reporting is the responsibility of the Village and is essential to help ensure the information provided to the readers of financial statements is complete and accurate. To help ensure the Village's financial statements and notes to the financial statements are complete and accurate, the Village should adopt policies and procedures to identify and correct errors and omissions. In addition, the Village should review the financial statements and notes prior to submission for audit.

Client Response: We received no response from client.

FINDING NUMBER 2020-002

Noncompliance – Certification of Funds

Ohio Revised Code Section 5705.41(D) prohibits a subdivision or taxing authority from making any contract or ordering any expenditure of money unless a certificate signed by the fiscal officer is attached thereto. The fiscal officer must certify that the amount required to meet any such contract or expenditure has been lawfully appropriated and is in the treasury, or is in the process of collection to the credit of an appropriate fund free from any previous encumbrance.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021

FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

FINDING NUMBER 2022-002 (Continued)

There are several exceptions to the standard requirement stated above that a fiscal officer's certificate must be obtained prior to a subdivision or taxing authority entering into a contract or order involving the expenditure of money. The main exceptions are: "then and now" certificates, blanket certificates and super blanket certificates, which are provided for in Sections 5705.41(D)(1) and 5705.41(D)(3), respectively, of the Ohio Revised Code.

- If the fiscal officer can certify that both at the time that the contract or order was made ("then") and at the time that the fiscal officer is completing the certification ("now"), that sufficient funds were available or in the process of collection, to the credit of a proper fund, properly appropriated and free from any previous encumbrance, the Village can authorize the drawing of a warrant for the payment of the amount due. The Village has 30 days from the receipt of the "then and now" certificate to approve payment by ordinance or resolution. Amounts less than \$3,000 may be paid by the fiscal officer without a resolution or ordinance upon completion of the "then and now" certificate, provided that the expenditure is otherwise lawful. This does not eliminate any otherwise applicable requirement for approval of the expenditures by the Village.
- Blanket Certificates. Fiscal officers may prepare "blanket" certificates if the Village has approved their use and established maximum amounts.
- Super Blanket Certificates. The Village may also make expenditures and contracts for any amount from a specific line item appropriation account in a specified fund upon certification of the fiscal officer for most professional services, fuel, oil, food items, and any other specific recurring and reasonable predictable operation expense. This certification is not to extend beyond the current year. More than one so-called "super blanket" certificate may be outstanding at a particular time for any line item appropriation.

The Village did not certify the availability of funds prior to the purchase commitment for 42% of expenditures tested. For these items the Village also did not prepare blanket certificates, super blankets certificates or then and now certificates in accordance with the Ohio Revised Code. Failure to properly certify the availability of funds can result in overspending funds and negative cash fund balances.

We recommend the Village certify purchases to which Section 5705.41(D) applies. The most convenient certification method is to use purchase orders that include the certification language 5705.41(D) requires to authorize disbursements. The Fiscal Officer should sign the certification at the time the Village incurs a commitment and only when the requirements of 5705.41(D) are satisfied. The Fiscal Officer should post approved purchase commitments to the proper code, to reduce available appropriations.

Client Response: We received no response from client.

SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021

Finding Number	Finding Summary	Fully Corrected	Not Corrected, Partially Corrected Significantly Different Corrective Action Taken; or Finding No Longer Valid; Explain:
2020-001	Material Weakness Misclassifications of revenues and expenses	No	Not Corrected: Cited in current report as finding 2022-001
2020-002	Noncompliance ORC 5705.41(D) payments made prior to certification.	No	Not Corrected: Cited in current report as finding 2022-002



VILLAGE OF STRASBURG

TUSCARAWAS COUNTY

AUDITOR OF STATE OF OHIO CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report, which is required to be filed pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in the Office of the Ohio Auditor of State in Columbus, Ohio.



Certified for Release 7/27/2023

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