



WESTERN RESERVE LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT HURON COUNTY JUNE 30, 2022

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Western Reserve Local School District Huron County 3765 State Route 20 East Collins, Ohio 44826

To the Board of Education:

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Western Reserve Local School District, Huron County, Ohio (District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Western Reserve Local School District, Huron County, Ohio as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position thereof and the budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 20 of the financial statements, the financial impact of COVID-19 and the continuing emergency measures may impact subsequent periods of the District. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Western Reserve Local School District Huron County Independent Auditor's Report Page 2

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we

- exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
 fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures
 include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial
 statements.
- obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures
 that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
 effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that
 raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable
 period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Western Reserve Local School District Huron County Independent Auditor's Report Page 3

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and schedules of net pension and other post-employment benefit liabilities / (assets) and pension and other post-employment benefit contributions be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 15, 2023, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Keith Faber Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

March 15, 2023

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MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022 (UNAUDITED)

The management's discussion and analysis of the Western Reserve Local School District's (the District) financial performance provides an overall review of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the District's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the basic financial statements and the notes to the basic financial statements to enhance their understanding of the District's financial performance.

Financial Highlights

Key financial highlights for fiscal year 2022 are as follows:

- Net position of governmental activities increased \$3,017,447 which represents an increase of 128.95% from June 30, 2021's net position.
- General revenues accounted for \$13,467,462 in revenue or 80.87% of all revenues. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and sales, grants and contributions accounted for \$3,185,738 or 19.13% of total revenues of \$16,653,200.
- The District had \$13,635,753 in expenses related to governmental activities; \$3,185,738 of these expenses was offset by program specific charges for services, grants or contributions. General revenues supporting governmental activities (primarily taxes and unrestricted grants and entitlements) of \$13,467,462 were adequate to provide for these programs.
- The District's major governmental fund is the general fund. The general fund had \$13,656,475 in revenues and \$12,557,360 in expenditures. During fiscal year 2022, the general fund's fund balance increased \$1,099,115 from a balance of \$2,992,382 to a balance of \$4,091,497.

Using these Basic Financial Statements

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. These statements are organized so the reader can understand the District as a financial whole, an entire operating entity. The statements then proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at specific financial activities.

The statement of net position and statement of activities provide information about the activities of the whole District, presenting both an aggregate view of the District's finances and a longer-term view of those finances. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the District's most significant funds with all other nonmajor funds presented in total in one column. In the case of the District, the general fund is by far the most significant fund and only fund reported as a major fund.

Reporting the District as a Whole

Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities

While this document contains the large number of funds used by the District to provide programs and activities, the view of the District as a whole looks at all financial transactions and asks the question, "How did we do financially during 2022?" The statement of net position and the statement of activities answer this question. These statements include *all assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, revenues and expenses* using the *accrual basis of accounting* similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. This basis of accounting will take into account all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the District's *net position* and changes in that position. This change in net position is important because it tells the reader that, for the District as a whole, the *financial position* of the District has improved or diminished. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, some financial, some not. Non-financial factors include the District's property tax base, current property tax laws in Ohio restricting revenue growth, facility conditions, required educational programs and other factors.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022 (UNAUDITED)

In the statement of net position and the statement of activities, the governmental activities include the District's programs and services, including instruction, support services, operation and maintenance of plant, pupil transportation, extracurricular activities, and food service operations.

Reporting the District's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial reports provide detailed information about the District's major funds. The District uses many funds to account for a multitude of financial transactions. However, these fund financial statements focus on the District's most significant fund. The District's major governmental fund is the general fund.

Governmental Funds

Most of the District's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using an accounting method called *modified accrual basis of accounting*, which measures cash and all other *financial assets* that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund financial statements provide a detailed *short-term* view of the District's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance educational programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental *activities* (reported in the statement of net position and the statement of activities) and governmental *funds* is reconciled in the basic financial statements.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Required Supplemental Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the District's net position liability and net OPEB liability/asset.

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MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022 (UNAUDITED)

The District as a Whole

The statement of net position provides the perspective of the District as a whole.

The table on the following page provides a summary of the District's net position at June 30, 2022 and June 30, 2021.

	Net Position			
	Governmental Activities 2022	Governmental Activities 2021		
Assets	, 			
Current and other assets	\$ 10,871,220	\$ 9,388,701		
Net OPEB asset	894,670	725,452		
Capital assets, net	11,483,691	12,115,814		
Total assets	23,249,581	22,229,967		
Deferred Outflows of Resources				
Unamortized deferred charges on debt refunding	14,050	23,420		
Pension	2,870,267	2,150,426		
OPEB	246,865	277,553		
Total deferred outflows of resources	3,131,182	2,451,399		
<u>Liabilities</u> Current liabilities	1,359,730	1,241,155		
Long-term liabilities: Due within one year Due in more than one year:	361,436	373,954		
Net pension liability	6,892,826	12,580,494		
Net OPEB liability	753,817	888,893		
Other amounts	1,119,595	1,434,503		
Total liabilities	10,487,404	16,518,999		
Deferred Inflows of Resources				
Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year	2,756,524	3,089,885		
Pension	6,007,911	1,044,043		
OPEB	1,771,553	1,688,515		
Total deferred inflows of resources	10,535,988	5,822,443		
Net Position				
Net investment in capital assets	10,709,745	10,991,092		
Restricted	1,325,856	1,256,181		
Unrestricted (deficit)	(6,678,230)	(9,907,349)		
Total net position	\$ 5,357,371	\$ 2,339,924		

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022 (UNAUDITED)

The net pension liability is reported pursuant to Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement 68, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions - an Amendment of GASB Statement 27." The net other postemployment benefits (OPEB) liability/asset is reported pursuant to GASB Statement 75, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions." For reasons discussed below, many end users of this financial statement will gain a clearer understanding of the District's actual financial condition by adding deferred inflows related to pension and OPEB, the net pension liability, and the net OPEB liability to the reported net position and subtracting deferred outflows related to pension and OPEB and the net OPEB asset.

GASB standards are national and apply to all government financial reports prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Prior accounting for pensions (GASB 27) and postemployment benefits (GASB 45) focused on a funding approach. This approach limited pension and OPEB costs to contributions annually required by law, which may or may not be sufficient to fully fund each plan's *net pension liability* or *net OPEB liability*. GASB 68 and GASB 75 take an earnings approach to pension and OPEB accounting; however, the nature of Ohio's statewide pension/OPEB plans and state law governing those systems requires additional explanation in order to properly understand the information presented in these statements.

GASB 68 and GASB 75 require the net pension liability and the net OPEB liability/asset to equal the District's proportionate share of each plan's collective:

- 1. Present value of estimated future pension/OPEB benefits attributable to active and inactive employees' past service.
- 2. Minus plan assets available to pay these benefits.

GASB notes that pension and OPEB obligations, whether funded or unfunded, are part of the "employment exchange" – that is, the employee is trading his or her labor in exchange for wages, benefits, and the promise of a future pension and other postemployment benefits. GASB noted that the unfunded portion of this promise is a present obligation of the government, part of a bargained-for benefit to the employee, and should accordingly be reported by the government as a liability since they received the benefit of the exchange. However, the District is not responsible for certain key factors affecting the balance of these liabilities. In Ohio, the employee shares the obligation of funding pension benefits with the employer. Both employer and employee contribution rates are capped by State statute. A change in these caps requires action of both Houses of the General Assembly and approval of the Governor. Benefit provisions are also determined by State statute. The Ohio Revised Code permits, but does not require, the retirement systems to provide healthcare to eligible benefit recipients. The retirement systems may allocate a portion of the employer contributions to provide for these OPEB benefits.

The employee enters the employment exchange with the knowledge that the employer's promise is limited not by contract but by law. The employer enters the exchange also knowing that there is a specific, legal limit to its contribution to the retirement system. In Ohio, there is no legal means to enforce the unfunded liability of the pension/OPEB plan as against the public employer. State law operates to mitigate/lessen the moral obligation of the public employer to the employee, because all parties enter the employment exchange with notice as to the law. The retirement system is responsible for the administration of the pension and OPEB plans.

Most long-term liabilities have set repayment schedules or, in the case of compensated absences (i.e. sick and vacation leave), are satisfied through paid time-off or termination payments. There is no repayment schedule for the net pension liability or the net OPEB liability. As explained above, changes in benefits, contribution rates, and return on investments affect the balance of these liabilities but are outside the control of the local government. In the event that contributions, investment returns, and other changes are insufficient to keep up with required payments, State statute does not assign/identify the responsible party for the unfunded portion. Due to the unique nature of how the net pension liability and the net OPEB liability are satisfied, these liabilities are separately identified within the long-term liability section of the statement of net position.

In accordance with GASB 68 and GASB 75, the District's statements prepared on an accrual basis of accounting include an annual pension expense and an annual OPEB expense for their proportionate share of each plan's change in net pension liability and net OPEB liability/asset, respectively, not accounted for as deferred inflows/outflows.

Over time, net position can serve as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. At June 30, 2022, the District's liabilities plus deferred inflows of resources exceeded assets plus deferred outflows of resources by \$5,357,371.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022 (UNAUDITED)

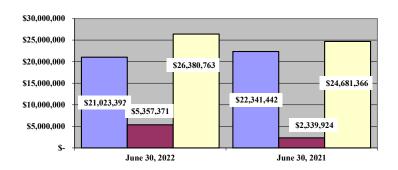
Total assets include a net OPEB asset reported by STRS. See Note 13 for more detail.

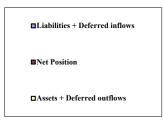
At fiscal year-end, capital assets represented 49.39% of total assets. Capital assets include land, land improvements, buildings and improvements, intangible right to use assets, furniture and equipment, and vehicles. Net investment in capital assets at June 30, 2022 was \$10,709,745. These capital assets are used to provide services to the students and are not available for future spending. Although the District's investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources to repay the debt must be provided from other sources, since capital assets may not be used to liquidate these liabilities.

A portion of the District's net position, \$1,325,856, represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of unrestricted net position is a deficit of \$6,678,230.

The graph below shows the District's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and net position at June 30, 2022 and June 30, 2021.

Governmental Activities





The table below shows the change in net position for fiscal years 2022 and 2021.

		Change in Net Position				
	G	Governmental Activities		Governmental		
				Activities		
		2022		2021		
Revenues						
Program revenues:						
Charges for services and sales	\$	521,977	\$	1,189,476		
Operating grants and contributions		2,663,761		2,629,491		
Capital grants and contributions		-		45,155		
General revenues:						
Property taxes		4,199,142		3,822,600		
School district income tax		2,433,621		2,176,243		
Grants and entitlements		6,783,318		6,780,861		
Investment earnings		(3,989)		2,621		
Miscellaneous	_	55,370		59,275		
Total revenues	\$	16,653,200	\$	16,705,722		
			- ((Continued)		

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022 (UNAUDITED)

Change in Net Position (Continued)

	Governmental Activities 2022		Governmental Activities 2021	
<u>Expenses</u>				
Program expenses:				
Instruction:				
Regular	\$	5,370,801	\$ 6,345,996	
Special		1,780,756	1,797,117	
Vocational		122,182	230,085	
Other		160,361	154,316	
Support services:				
Pupil		308,866	517,625	
Instructional staff		890,733	1,047,138	
Board of education		85,228	85,034	
Administration		1,019,523	1,106,314	
Fiscal		448,009	426,219	
Business		24,669	20,301	
Operations and maintenance		1,215,469	1,025,571	
Pupil transportation		723,990	714,340	
Central		181,289	124,779	
Operation of non-instructional services				
Other non-instructional services		39,661	267,972	
Food service operations		609,060	525,388	
Extracurricular activities		627,266	529,674	
Interest and fiscal charges		27,890	 43,769	
Total expenses		13,635,753	14,961,638	
Change in net position		3,017,447	1,744,084	
Net position at beginning of year		2,339,924	 595,840	
Net position at end of year	\$	5,357,371	\$ 2,339,924	

Governmental Activities

Net position of the District's governmental activities increased \$3,017,447. Total governmental expenses of \$13,635,753 were offset by program revenues of \$3,185,738 and general revenues of \$13,467,462. Program revenues supported 23.36% of the total governmental expenses. The primary sources of revenue for governmental activities are derived from property and income taxes, and unrestricted grants and entitlements. These revenue sources represent 80.56% of total governmental revenue.

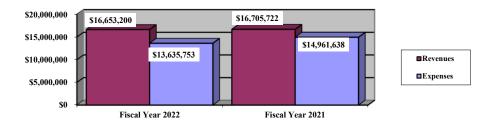
Program revenues for governmental activities consist of charges for services and sales, operating grants and contributions, and capital grants and contributions. Charges for services and sales decreased during fiscal year 2022 from less tuition received from a result of the change in the State foundation funding model.

The largest expense of the District is for instructional programs. Instruction expenses totaled \$7,434,100 or 54.52% of total governmental expenses for fiscal year 2022. Fiscal year 2022 expenses decreased by \$1,325,885 or 8.86%. This decrease is primarily the result of a decrease in pension expense. Pension expense decreased approximately \$1.5 million. This decrease was the result of a decrease in expenses incurred at the pension system level for STRS and SERS due to an increase in net investment income on investments compared to previous years.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022 (UNAUDITED)

The graph on the following page presents the District's governmental activities revenue and expenses for fiscal year 2022 and 2021.

Governmental Activities - Revenues and Expenses



The statement of activities shows the cost of program services and the charges for services and grants offsetting those services. The following table shows, for governmental activities, the total cost of services and the net cost of services. That is, it identifies the cost of these services supported by tax revenue and unrestricted State grants and entitlements.

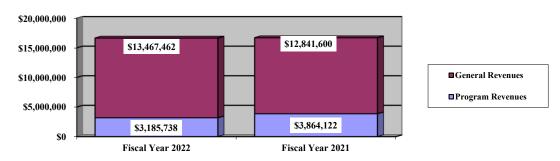
	Governmental Activities								
	T	otal Cost of	N	let Cost of	T	otal Cost of]	Net Cost of	
	Services			Services		Services		Services	
		2022		2022		2021		2021	
Program expenses									
Instruction:									
Regular	\$	5,370,801	\$	4,857,743	\$	6,345,996	\$	4,739,753	
Special		1,780,756		767,456		1,797,117		912,367	
Vocational		122,182		81,965		230,085		176,969	
Other		160,361		160,361		154,316		149,403	
Support services:									
Pupil		308,866		82,000		517,625		201,574	
Instructional staff		890,733		835,204		1,047,138		930,303	
Board of education		85,228		85,228		85,034		85,034	
Administration		1,019,523		972,682		1,106,314		1,081,010	
Fiscal		448,009		448,009		426,219		426,219	
Business		24,669		4,387		20,301		6,520	
Operations and maintenance		1,215,469		1,145,225		1,025,571		950,622	
Pupil transportation		723,990		669,970		714,340		640,654	
Central		181,289		90,149		124,779		124,779	
Operation of non-instructional services									
Other non-instructional services		39,661		(170,348)		267,972		263,027	
Food service operations		609,060		2,927		525,388		(52,179)	
Extracurricular activities		627,266		389,167		529,674		417,692	
Interest and fiscal charges		27,890		27,890		43,769		43,769	
Total expenses	\$	13,635,753	\$	10,450,015	\$	14,961,638	\$	11,097,516	

The dependence upon tax and other general revenues for governmental activities is apparent; 78.93% of instruction activities are supported through taxes and other general revenues. For all governmental activities, general revenue support is 76.64%. The District's taxpayers along with the State foundation revenues, as a whole, are by far the primary support for District's students.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022 (UNAUDITED)

The graph below presents the District's governmental activities revenue for fiscal years 2022 and 2021.

Governmental Activities - General and Program Revenues



The District's Funds

The District's governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$5,322,713 which is \$1,166,576 greater than last year's balance of \$4,156,137. The schedule below indicates the fund balance and the total change in fund balance as of June 30, 2022 and 2021.

	and Balance ne 30, 2022	and Balance ne 30, 2021		Change
General Other governmental	\$ 4,091,497 1,231,216	\$ 2,992,382 1,163,755	\$	1,099,115 67,461
Total	\$ 5,322,713	\$ 4,156,137	\$	1,166,576

General Fund

The District's general fund balance increased \$1,099,115.

The following table shows the changes in revenues and expenditures in the general fund from fiscal year 2022 and 2021.

	2022	2021		Percentage
	Amount	Amount	Change	Change
Revenues				
Taxes	\$ 5,959,976	\$ 5,333,620	\$ 626,356	11.74 %
Tuition	244,098	1,035,527	(791,429)	(76.43) %
Earnings on investments	(3,989)	2,367	(6,356)	(268.53) %
Intergovernmental	7,373,239	7,346,023	27,216	0.37 %
Other revenues	83,151	87,442	(4,291)	(4.91) %
Total	<u>\$ 13,656,475</u>	\$ 13,804,979	\$ (148,504)	(1.08) %
Expenditures				
Instruction	\$ 7,064,971	\$ 7,024,745	\$ 40,226	0.57 %
Support services	4,929,909	4,414,949	514,960	11.66 %
Non-instructional services	-	264,622	(264,622)	(100.00) %
Extracurricular activities	434,439	372,052	62,387	16.77 %
Debt service	128,041	145,418	(17,377)	(11.95) %
Total	\$ 12,557,360	\$ 12,221,786	\$ 335,574	2.75 %

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022 (UNAUDITED)

Overall revenues decreased \$148,504 or 1.08%. The largest decrease was in the area of tuition. All other revenues were consistent with the previous fiscal year. Taxes increased due increased collections in property taxes and income taxes, while tuition decreased due to changes in the State foundation funding model.

Expenditures of the general fund increased \$335,574 or 2.75%. The largest increase was in the areas of support services and extracurricular services, which are attributable to increases in support services wages, fringe benefits, and supplies and the return to pre-pandemic extracurricular activities, respectively. Non-instructional services decreased due to changes in the State foundation funding model.". All other expenditures remained consistent with the prior fiscal year.

General Fund Budgeting Highlights

The District's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the general fund.

For the general fund, original budgeted revenues were \$13,398,716 and they were decreased to \$13,356,790 in the final budget. The actual revenues for fiscal year 2022 were \$13,357,587 which represents an increase of \$797 from final budgeted revenues.

General fund appropriations (appropriated expenditures) were \$13,391,647 and \$12,982,274 for the original and final appropriations, respectively. The actual budget basis expenditures and other financing uses for fiscal year 2022 totaled \$12,936,830 which is \$45,444 less than the final appropriations.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

At the end of fiscal year 2022, the District had \$11,483,691 invested in land, land improvements, buildings and improvements, furniture and equipment, vehicles and intangible right to use assets. This entire amount is reported in governmental activities. The following table shows June 30, 2022 balances compared to June 30, 2021:

Capital Assets at June 30 (Net of Depreciation)

	Governmental Activities			
		Restated		
	2022	2021		
Land	\$ 292,868	\$ 292,868		
Land improvements	20,553	29,760		
Building and improvements	10,488,174	11,044,348		
Furniture and equipment	280,867	316,446		
Vehicles	210,250	200,342		
Intangible right to use assets	190,979	232,050		
Total	\$ 11,483,691	\$ 12,115,814		

The overall decrease in capital assets of \$632,123 is primarily due to the District having depreciation expense of \$686,652 exceeding capital asset additions of \$87,406 during the current fiscal year.

See Note 8 to the basic financial statements for additional information on the District's capital assets.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022 (UNAUDITED)

Debt Administration

At June 30, 2022, the District had \$764,952 in general obligation bonds, finance purchase agreements and leases payable outstanding. Of this total, \$340,770 is due within one year and \$424,182 is due in more than one year. The following table summarizes the debt outstanding.

Outstanding Debt, at Year End

	Governmental Activities 2022	Governmental Activities 2021
General obligation bonds	\$ 490,000	\$ 720,000
Lease-purchase agreement	202,493	265,628
Leases payable	72,459	124,098
Total	\$ 764,952	\$ 1,109,726

See Note 9 to the basic financial statements for additional information.

Current Financial Related Activities

The District has continued to maintain the highest standards of service to our students, parents and the school community throughout the economic adversities faced at the local, state, and national levels.

The District has carefully managed its general fund budget in order to optimize the dollars available for educating the students it serves and to minimize the levy millage amounts needed periodically from District residents. The District is committed to living within its financial means and will continue to work diligently to plan expenses, prudently operating within its five-year financial plan.

All of the District's financial abilities will be called upon to meet the challenges the future will bring. It is imperative that the District's Board and management team continue to carefully and prudently plan in order to provide the resources required to meet the community's desired needs over the next several years.

Contacting the District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information contact Mrs. Shawnna Baker, Treasurer, Western Reserve Local School District, 3765 U.S. 20 East, Collins, Ohio 44826.

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2022

	Govern Activ	
Assets:		4.051.000
Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$	4,871,928
Investments		33,668
Receivables:		4,706,523
Property taxes Income taxes		1,038,005
Accrued interest		2,131
Intergovernmental		200,314
Prepayments		9,990
Materials and supplies inventory		1,745
Inventory held for resale		6,916
Net OPEB asset		894,670
Capital assets:		,,,,,,
Nondepreciable capital assets		292,868
Depreciable capital assets, net		11,190,823
Capital assets, net		11,483,691
Total assets		23,249,581
Deferred outflows of resources:		
Unamortized deferred charges on debt refunding		14,050
Pension		2,870,267
OPEB		246,865
Total deferred outflows of resources		3,131,182
Liabilities:		
Accounts payable		182,860
Accrued wages and benefits payable		898,486
Intergovernmental payable		110,723
Pension and postemployment benefits payable		162,766
Accrued interest payable		4,895
Long-term liabilities:		.,
Due within one year		361,436
Due in more than one year:		,
Net pension liability		6,892,826
Net OPEB liability		753,817
Other amounts due in more than one year		1,119,595
Total liabilities		10,487,404
Deferred inflows of resources:		
Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year		2,756,524
Pension		6,007,911
OPEB		1,771,553
Total deferred inflows of resources		10,535,988
Net position:		
Net investment in capital assets		10,709,745
Restricted for:		,,
Classroom facilities maintenance		91,865
Debt service		642,659
State funded programs		5,406
Federally funded programs		5,267
Food service operations		310,592
Extracurricular		213,873
Other purposes		56,194
Unrestricted (deficit)		(6,678,230)
Total net position	\$	5,357,371
r	7"	. ,,

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Net (Expense)

					_		(evenue and Changes in
				Program				et Position
			Charges for Operating Grants					overnmental
		Expenses	Servic	es and Sales	and (Contributions		Activities
Governmental activities:								
Instruction:	¢	5 270 901	e.	00.001	e.	424.077	¢.	(4.057.742)
Regular	\$	5,370,801	\$	88,981	\$	424,077	\$	(4,857,743)
Special		1,780,756		134,835		878,465		(767,456)
Vocational		122,182		-		40,217		(81,965)
Other		160,361		-		-		(160,361)
Support services:								
Pupil		308,866		-		226,866		(82,000)
Instructional staff		890,733		-		55,529		(835,204)
Board of education		85,228		-		-		(85,228)
Administration		1,019,523		25,181		21,660		(972,682)
Fiscal		448,009		-		-		(448,009)
Business		24,669		20,282		-		(4,387)
Operations and maintenance		1,215,469		-		70,244		(1,145,225)
Pupil transportation		723,990		-		54,020		(669,970)
Central		181,289		_		91,140		(90,149)
Operation of non-instructional						•		
services:								
Food service operations		609,060		26,968		752,440		170,348
Other non-instructional services		39,661		20,500		36,734		(2,927)
Extracurricular activities		627,266		225,730		12,369		(389,167)
Interest and fiscal charges		27,890		223,730		12,507		(27,890)
interest and fiscal charges		27,690			-	<u>-</u> _		(27,690)
Totals	\$	13,635,753	\$	521,977	\$	2,663,761		(10,450,015)
			Prope Gen Deb Clas	ral revenues: rty taxes levie eral purposes et service essroom faciliti	ed for: es main	ntenance		3,961,703 170,033 67,406
			Gene	ne taxes levied eral purposes s and entitlem		t restricted		2,433,621
				ecific progran				6,783,318
				ment earnings				(3,989)
				llaneous	•			55,370
				general reven	uoc.			13,467,462
			Chang	ge in net posit	ion			3,017,447
			Net p	osition at beg	inning	of year		2,339,924
			Net p	osition at end	l of yea	ır	\$	5,357,371

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2022

	General			Nonmajor vernmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds	
Assets:						
Equity in pooled cash						
and investments	\$	3,592,127	\$	1,279,801	\$	4,871,928
Investments		-		33,668		33,668
Receivables:				ŕ		ŕ
Property taxes		4,546,875		159,648		4,706,523
Income taxes		1,038,005		-		1,038,005
Accrued interest		2,131		-		2,131
Intergovernmental		134,225		66,089		200,314
Prepayments		9,990				9,990
Materials and supplies inventory		· -		1,745		1,745
Inventory held for resale		_		6,916		6,916
Due from other funds		30,240		´ <u>-</u>		30,240
Total assets	\$	9,353,593	\$	1,547,867	\$	10,901,460
Liabilities:						
Accounts payable	\$	99,351	\$	83,509	\$	182,860
Accrued wages and benefits payable	Ψ.	861,718	Ψ	36,768	Ψ	898,486
Compensated absences payable		3,022		14,336		17,358
Intergovernmental payable		109,882		841		110,723
Pension and postemployment benefits payable		158,271		4,495		162,766
Due to other funds		-		30,240		30,240
Total liabilities		1,232,244		170,189		1,402,433
Deferred inflows of resources:		2 (04 52 (61.000		2.556.524
Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year		2,694,536		61,988		2,756,524
Delinquent property tax revenue not available		1,055,299		48,624		1,103,923
Income tax revenue not available		178,802		-		178,802
Intergovernmental revenue not available		101,012		35,850		136,862
Accrued interest not available		203				203
Total deferred inflows of resources		4,029,852	-	146,462		4,176,314
Fund balances:						
Nonspendable:						
Materials and supplies inventory		-		1,745		1,745
Prepaids		9,990		-		9,990
Restricted:						
Debt service		-		613,412		613,412
Classroom facilities maintenance		-		74,833		74,833
Food service operations		-		316,211		316,211
State funded programs		-		5,406		5,406
Extracurricular		-		213,873		213,873
Other purposes		-		56,194		56,194
Assigned:						
Student instruction		10,552		-		10,552
Student and staff support		251,004		-		251,004
Public school support		59,463		-		59,463
School supplies		962		-		962
Unassigned (deficit)		3,759,526		(50,458)		3,709,068
Total fund balances		4,091,497		1,231,216		5,322,713
Total liabilities, deferred inflows and fund balances	s_\$	9,353,593	\$	1,547,867	\$	10,901,460

RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES TO NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES ${\tt JUNE~30,2022}$

Total governmental fund balances		\$ 5,322,713
Amounts reported for governmental activities on the statement of net position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.		11,483,691
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current- period expenditures and therefore are deferred inflows in the funds. Property taxes receivable Income taxes receivable Accrued interest receivable Intergovernmental receivable Total	\$ 1,103,923 178,802 203 136,862	1,419,790
Unamortized premiums on bonds issued are not recognized in the funds.		(23,044)
Unamortized amounts on refundings are not recognized in		(23,011)
the funds.		14,050
Accrued interest payable is not due and payable in the current period and therefore is not reported in the funds.		(4,895)
The net pension/OPEB assets and liabilities are not due and payable in the current period; therefore, the assets, liabilities and related deferred inflows/outflows are not reported in governmental funds. Deferred outflows - pension Deferred inflows - pension Net pension liability Deferred outflows - OPEB Deferred inflows - OPEB Net OPEB asset Net OPEB liability Total	2,870,267 (6,007,911) (6,892,826) 246,865 (1,771,553) 894,670 (753,817)	(11,414,305)
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds. General obligation bonds Leases payable Compensated absences Finance purchase obligations Total	(490,000) (72,459) (675,677) (202,493)	(1,440,629)
Net position of governmental activities		\$ 5,357,371

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30,2022

Revenues: \$ 3,556,496 \$ 232,534 \$ 3,789,030 Income taxes 2,403,480 2,403,480 2,403,480 Incregovernmental 7,373,239 1,949,785 9,323,024 Earnings on investments 3,989 1,152 (2,837) Tuition and fees 244,098 25,181 25,730 250,918 Extracurricular 25,181 25,730 250,918 Charges for services 2,600 39,269 41,869 Miscellaneous 55,370 - 55,370 Total revenues 55,370 - 55,370 Total revenues 5,300,025 2,475,438 16,131,913 Total revenues 13,656,475 2,475,438 16,131,913 Expenditures: Expenditures: Expenditures: Expenditures: Expenditures: Expenditures: Expenditures: Expenditures: Ottal 11,600,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,0		General		Nonmajor overnmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds		
Income taxes	Revenues:						
Intergovernmental	Property taxes	\$	3,556,496	\$ 232,534	\$	3,789,030	
Earnings on investments (3,989) 1,152 (2,837) Tuition and fees 244,098 - 244,098 Extracurricular 25,181 225,730 250,911 Charges for services - 26,968 26,968 Contributions and donations 2,600 39,269 41,869 Miscellancous 55,370 - 55,370 Total revenues 13,656,475 2,475,438 16,131,913 Expenditures: Current: Instruction: Regular 5,300,025 419,091 5,719,116 Special 1,470,054 423,909 1,893,963 Vocational 111,668 3,090 114,758 Other 183,224 - 183,224 Support services: Pupil 319,312 46,805 366,117 Instructional staff 921,613 55,529 977,142 Board of education 86,525 - 86,525 Administration 1,152,775 21,660 1,174,435 <	Income taxes		2,403,480	-		2,403,480	
Tuition and fees 244,098 - 244,098 Extracurricular 25,181 225,730 250,911 Charges for services - 26,968 26,968 Contributions and donations 2,600 39,269 41,869 Miscellaneous 55,370 - 55,370 Total revenues - 2,475,438 16,131,913 Expenditures: Current: - - - Instruction: - - - Regular 5,300,025 419,091 5,719,116 Special 1,470,054 423,099 1,893,963 Vocational 111,668 3,090 114,758 Other 183,224 - 183,224 Support services: - - 183,224 Support services: - - - 26,602 Other 131,312 46,805 366,117 Instructional staff 921,613 55,529 977,142 Board of education	Intergovernmental		7,373,239	1,949,785		9,323,024	
Extracurricular 25,181 225,730 250,911 Charges for services - 26,968 26,968 Contributions and donations 2,600 39,269 41,869 Miscellaneous 55,370 - 55,370 Total revenues 13,656,475 2,475,438 16,131,913 Expenditures: Current: Instruction: Regular 5,300,025 419,091 5,719,116 Special 1,470,054 423,909 1,893,963 Vocational 111,668 3,090 114,758 Other 183,224 - 183,224 Support services: 2 1 40,005 366,117 Instructional staff 921,613 55,529 977,142 Board of education 86,525 - 86,525 Administration 1,152,775 21,660 1,74,435 Fiscal 470,068 7,087 477,155 Business 24,669 - 2,4669	Earnings on investments		(3,989)	1,152		(2,837)	
Charges for services - 26,968 26,968 Contributions and donations 2,600 39,269 41,869 Miscellaneous 55,370 - 55,370 Total revenues 13,656,475 2,475,438 16,131,913 Expenditures: Urrent: Instruction: Regular 5,300,025 419,091 5,719,116 Special 1,470,054 423,909 1,893,963 Vocational 111,668 3,090 114,758 Other 183,224 - 183,224 Support services: 86,225 - 86,525 Support service and deducation 86,525 - 86,525 Administration 1,152,775 21,660 1,174,435 Fiscal 470,068 7,087 477,155 Business 24,669 - 2,469 Operations and maintenance 1,102,956 185,185 1,288,141 Pupil transportation 761,842 - <td>Tuition and fees</td> <td></td> <td>244,098</td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>244,098</td>	Tuition and fees		244,098	-		244,098	
Contributions and donations 2,600 39,269 41,869 Miscellaneous 55,370 - 55,370 Total revenues 13,656,475 2,475,438 16,131,913 Expenditures: Current: Instruction: Regular 5,300,025 419,091 5,719,116 Special 1,470,054 423,909 1,893,963 Vocational 111,668 3,090 118,3224 Support services: 813,224 - 183,224 Support services: 81,122 46,805 366,117 Instructional staff 921,613 55,529 977,142 Board of education 86,525 - 86,525 Administration 1,152,775 21,660 1,174,435 Fiscal 470,068 7,087 477,155 Business 24,669 - 24,669 Operations and maintenance 1,102,956 185,185 1,288,141 Pupil transportation 761,842 - 761,842	Extracurricular		25,181	225,730		250,911	
Miscellaneous 55,370 - 55,370 Total revenues 13,656,475 2,475,438 16,131,913 Expenditures: Current: Instruction: Regular 5,300,025 419,091 5,719,116 Special 1,470,054 423,909 1,893,963 Vocational 111,668 3,090 114,758 Other 183,224 - 183,224 Support services: Pupil 319,312 46,805 366,117 Instructional staff 921,613 55,529 977,142 Board of education 86,525 - 86,525 Administration 1,152,775 21,660 1,174,435 Fiscal 470,068 7,087 477,155 Business 24,669 - 24,669 Operations and maintenance 1,102,956 185,185 1,288,141 Pupil transportation 761,842 - 761,842 Central 90,149 91,140 181,289	Charges for services		-	26,968		26,968	
Expenditures: Instruction:	Contributions and donations		2,600	39,269		41,869	
Expenditures: Current: Instruction: Regular 5,300,025 419,091 5,719,116 Special 1,470,054 423,909 1,893,963 Vocational 111,668 3,090 114,758 Other 183,224 - 183,224 Support services: 800 114,758 183,224 - 183,224 Support services: 91,613 55,529 977,142 183,224 - 183,224 - 183,224 - 183,224 - 183,224 - 183,224 - 183,224 - 183,224 - 183,224 - 183,224 - 183,224 - 183,224 - 183,224 - 183,224 - 183,224 - 183,224 - 183,224 - - 186,617 - 146,805 366,117 - 440,805 366,117 - - 46,525 - - 86,525 - - 86,525 - <	Miscellaneous		55,370	-		55,370	
Current: Instruction: 8egular 5,300,025 419,091 5,719,116 Special 1,470,054 423,909 1,893,963 Vocational 111,668 3,090 114,758 Other 183,224 - 183,224 Support services: 80,525 - 183,224 Pupil 319,312 46,805 366,117 Instructional staff 921,613 55,529 977,142 Board of education 86,525 - 86,525 Administration 1,152,775 21,660 1,174,435 Fiscal 470,068 7,087 477,155 Business 24,669 - 24,669 Operations and maintenance 1,102,956 185,185 1,288,141 Pupil transportation 761,842 - 761,842 Central 90,149 91,140 181,289 Operation of non-instructional services: - 39,661 39,661 Extracurricular activities 434,439 238,866	Total revenues		13,656,475	2,475,438		16,131,913	
Instruction: Regular S,300,025 419,091 5,719,116 Special 1,470,054 423,909 1,893,963 Vocational 111,668 3,090 114,758 Support services: Services	Expenditures:						
Regular 5,300,025 419,091 5,719,116 Special 1,470,054 423,909 1,893,963 Vocational 111,668 3,090 114,758 Other 183,224 - 183,224 Support services: 2 2 Pupil 319,312 46,805 366,117 Instructional staff 921,613 55,529 977,142 Board of education 86,525 - 86,525 Administration 1,152,775 21,660 1,174,435 Fiscal 470,068 7,087 477,155 Business 24,669 - 24,669 Operations and maintenance 1,102,956 185,185 1,288,141 Pupil transportation 761,842 - 761,842 Central 90,149 91,140 181,289 Operation of non-instructional services: - 39,661 39,661 Extracurricular activities 434,439 238,866 673,305 Debt service: - 39,661	Current:						
Special 1,470,054 423,909 1,893,963 Vocational 111,668 3,090 114,758 Other 183,224 - 183,224 Support services: - 183,224 - 183,224 Support services: - - 183,224 - 183,224 Pupil 319,312 46,805 366,117 1 36,117 1 1 1 1 1 2 66,525 - 86,525 - 24,669 -	Instruction:						
Vocational Other 111,668 183,224 3,090 114,758 Other 183,224 - 183,224 Support services: - 183,224 Pupil Instructional staff 319,312 46,805 366,117 Instructional staff 921,613 55,529 977,142 Board of education 86,525 - 86,525 Administration 1,152,775 21,660 1,174,435 Fiscal 470,068 7,087 477,155 Business 24,669 - 24,669 Operations and maintenance 1,102,956 185,185 1,288,141 Pupil transportation 761,842 - 761,842 Central 90,149 91,140 181,289 Operation of non-instructional services: - 621,754 621,754 Food service operations - 621,754 621,754 Other non-instructional services - 39,661 39,661 Extracurricular activities 434,439 238,866 673,305 Debt service: Principal retirement 114,774 230,000 344,774 Interest and fiscal charges 13,267 24,200 37,467 Total expenditures 12,557,360 2,407,977 14,965,337 Net change in fund balances 1,099,115 67,461 1,166,576 Fund balances at beginning of year <td< td=""><td>Regular</td><td></td><td>5,300,025</td><td>419,091</td><td></td><td>5,719,116</td></td<>	Regular		5,300,025	419,091		5,719,116	
Other 183,224 - 183,224 Support services: Pupil 319,312 46,805 366,117 Instructional staff 921,613 55,529 977,142 Board of education 86,525 - 86,525 Administration 1,152,775 21,660 1,174,435 Fiscal 470,068 7,087 477,155 Business 24,669 - 24,669 Operations and maintenance 1,102,956 185,185 1,288,141 Pupil transportation 761,842 - 761,842 Central 90,149 91,140 181,289 Operation of non-instructional services: - 621,754 621,754 Food service operations - 621,754 621,754 Other non-instructional services - 39,661 39,661 Extracurricular activities 434,439 238,866 673,305 Debt service: Principal retirement 114,774 230,000 344,774 Interest and fiscal charges 13,267 <td>Special</td> <td></td> <td>1,470,054</td> <td>423,909</td> <td></td> <td>1,893,963</td>	Special		1,470,054	423,909		1,893,963	
Support services: Pupil 319,312 46,805 366,117 Instructional staff 921,613 55,529 977,142 Board of education 86,525 - 86,525 Administration 1,152,775 21,660 1,174,435 Fiscal 470,068 7,087 477,155 Business 24,669 - 24,669 Operations and maintenance 1,102,956 185,185 1,288,141 Pupil transportation 761,842 - 761,842 Central 90,149 91,140 181,289 Operation of non-instructional services: - 39,661 39,661 Extracurricular activities 434,439 238,866 673,305 Debt service: Principal retirement 114,774 230,000 344,774 Interest and fiscal charges 13,267 24,200 37,467 Total expenditures 12,557,360 2,407,977 14,965,337 Net change in fund balances 1,099,115 67,461 1,166,576 Fund balances at	Vocational		111,668	3,090		114,758	
Pupil 319,312 46,805 366,117 Instructional staff 921,613 55,529 977,142 Board of education 86,525 - 86,525 Administration 1,152,775 21,660 1,174,435 Fiscal 470,068 7,087 477,155 Business 24,669 - 24,669 Operations and maintenance 1,102,956 185,185 1,288,141 Pupil transportation 761,842 - 761,842 Central 90,149 91,140 181,289 Operation of non-instructional services: - 621,754 621,754 Other non-instructional services - 39,661 39,661 Extracurricular activities 434,439 238,866 673,305 Debt service: - 39,661 39,661 Extracurricular activities 114,774 230,000 344,774 Interest and fiscal charges 13,267 24,200 37,467 Total expenditures 12,557,360 2,407,977 14,965,337<	Other		183,224	-		183,224	
Pupil 319,312 46,805 366,117 Instructional staff 921,613 55,529 977,142 Board of education 86,525 - 86,525 Administration 1,152,775 21,660 1,174,435 Fiscal 470,068 7,087 477,155 Business 24,669 - 24,669 Operations and maintenance 1,102,956 185,185 1,288,141 Pupil transportation 761,842 - 761,842 Central 90,149 91,140 181,289 Operation of non-instructional services: - 621,754 621,754 Other non-instructional services - 39,661 39,661 Extracurricular activities 434,439 238,866 673,305 Debt service: - 39,661 39,661 Extracurricular activities 114,774 230,000 344,774 Interest and fiscal charges 13,267 24,200 37,467 Total expenditures 12,557,360 2,407,977 14,965,337<	Support services:						
Board of education 86,525 - 86,525 Administration 1,152,775 21,660 1,174,435 Fiscal 470,068 7,087 477,155 Business 24,669 - 24,669 Operations and maintenance 1,102,956 185,185 1,288,141 Pupil transportation 761,842 - 761,842 Central 90,149 91,140 181,289 Operation of non-instructional services: - 621,754 621,754 Other non-instructional services - 39,661 39,661 Extracurricular activities 434,439 238,866 673,305 Debt service: - - 230,000 344,774 Interest and fiscal charges 13,267 24,200 37,467 Total expenditures 12,557,360 2,407,977 14,965,337 Net change in fund balances 1,099,115 67,461 1,166,576 Fund balances at beginning of year 2,992,382 1,163,755 4,156,137			319,312	46,805		366,117	
Administration 1,152,775 21,660 1,174,435 Fiscal 470,068 7,087 477,155 Business 24,669 - 24,669 Operations and maintenance 1,102,956 185,185 1,288,141 Pupil transportation 761,842 - 761,842 Central 90,149 91,140 181,289 Operation of non-instructional services: - 621,754 621,754 Other non-instructional services - 39,661 39,661 Extracurricular activities 434,439 238,866 673,305 Debt service: - - 230,000 344,774 Interest and fiscal charges 13,267 24,200 37,467 Total expenditures 12,557,360 2,407,977 14,965,337 Net change in fund balances 1,099,115 67,461 1,166,576 Fund balances at beginning of year 2,992,382 1,163,755 4,156,137	Instructional staff		921,613	55,529		977,142	
Fiscal 470,068 7,087 477,155 Business 24,669 - 24,669 Operations and maintenance 1,102,956 185,185 1,288,141 Pupil transportation 761,842 - 761,842 Central 90,149 91,140 181,289 Operation of non-instructional services: - 621,754 621,754 Other non-instructional services - 39,661 39,661 Extracurricular activities 434,439 238,866 673,305 Debt service: - - 230,000 344,774 Interest and fiscal charges 13,267 24,200 37,467 Total expenditures 12,557,360 2,407,977 14,965,337 Net change in fund balances 1,099,115 67,461 1,166,576 Fund balances at beginning of year 2,992,382 1,163,755 4,156,137	Board of education		86,525	-		86,525	
Business 24,669 - 24,669 Operations and maintenance 1,102,956 185,185 1,288,141 Pupil transportation 761,842 - 761,842 Central 90,149 91,140 181,289 Operation of non-instructional services: - 621,754 621,754 Other non-instructional services - 39,661 39,661 Extracurricular activities 434,439 238,866 673,305 Debt service: - 230,000 344,774 Interest and fiscal charges 13,267 24,200 37,467 Total expenditures 12,557,360 2,407,977 14,965,337 Net change in fund balances 1,099,115 67,461 1,166,576 Fund balances at beginning of year 2,992,382 1,163,755 4,156,137	Administration		1,152,775	21,660		1,174,435	
Operations and maintenance 1,102,956 185,185 1,288,141 Pupil transportation 761,842 - 761,842 Central 90,149 91,140 181,289 Operation of non-instructional services: - 621,754 621,754 Other non-instructional services - 39,661 39,661 Extracurricular activities 434,439 238,866 673,305 Debt service: Principal retirement 114,774 230,000 344,774 Interest and fiscal charges 13,267 24,200 37,467 Total expenditures 12,557,360 2,407,977 14,965,337 Net change in fund balances 1,099,115 67,461 1,166,576 Fund balances at beginning of year 2,992,382 1,163,755 4,156,137	Fiscal		470,068	7,087		477,155	
Pupil transportation 761,842 - 761,842 Central 90,149 91,140 181,289 Operation of non-instructional services: - 621,754 621,754 Food service operations - 621,754 621,754 Other non-instructional services - 39,661 39,661 Extracurricular activities 434,439 238,866 673,305 Debt service: - - 230,000 344,774 Interest and fiscal charges 13,267 24,200 37,467 Total expenditures 12,557,360 2,407,977 14,965,337 Net change in fund balances 1,099,115 67,461 1,166,576 Fund balances at beginning of year 2,992,382 1,163,755 4,156,137	Business		24,669	-		24,669	
Pupil transportation 761,842 - 761,842 Central 90,149 91,140 181,289 Operation of non-instructional services: - 621,754 621,754 Food service operations - 621,754 621,754 Other non-instructional services - 39,661 39,661 Extracurricular activities 434,439 238,866 673,305 Debt service: - - 230,000 344,774 Interest and fiscal charges 13,267 24,200 37,467 Total expenditures 12,557,360 2,407,977 14,965,337 Net change in fund balances 1,099,115 67,461 1,166,576 Fund balances at beginning of year 2,992,382 1,163,755 4,156,137	Operations and maintenance		1,102,956	185,185		1,288,141	
Central 90,149 91,140 181,289 Operation of non-instructional services: - 621,754 621,754 Food service operations - 621,754 621,754 Other non-instructional services - 39,661 39,661 Extracurricular activities 434,439 238,866 673,305 Debt service: - - 230,000 344,774 Interest and fiscal charges 13,267 24,200 37,467 Total expenditures 12,557,360 2,407,977 14,965,337 Net change in fund balances 1,099,115 67,461 1,166,576 Fund balances at beginning of year 2,992,382 1,163,755 4,156,137	Pupil transportation		761,842	-			
Food service operations - 621,754 621,754 Other non-instructional services - 39,661 39,661 Extracurricular activities 434,439 238,866 673,305 Debt service: Principal retirement 114,774 230,000 344,774 Interest and fiscal charges 13,267 24,200 37,467 Total expenditures 12,557,360 2,407,977 14,965,337 Net change in fund balances 1,099,115 67,461 1,166,576 Fund balances at beginning of year 2,992,382 1,163,755 4,156,137				91,140			
Food service operations - 621,754 621,754 Other non-instructional services - 39,661 39,661 Extracurricular activities 434,439 238,866 673,305 Debt service: Principal retirement 114,774 230,000 344,774 Interest and fiscal charges 13,267 24,200 37,467 Total expenditures 12,557,360 2,407,977 14,965,337 Net change in fund balances 1,099,115 67,461 1,166,576 Fund balances at beginning of year 2,992,382 1,163,755 4,156,137	Operation of non-instructional services:						
Extracurricular activities 434,439 238,866 673,305 Debt service: Principal retirement 114,774 230,000 344,774 Interest and fiscal charges 13,267 24,200 37,467 Total expenditures 12,557,360 2,407,977 14,965,337 Net change in fund balances 1,099,115 67,461 1,166,576 Fund balances at beginning of year 2,992,382 1,163,755 4,156,137			_	621,754		621,754	
Extracurricular activities 434,439 238,866 673,305 Debt service: Principal retirement 114,774 230,000 344,774 Interest and fiscal charges 13,267 24,200 37,467 Total expenditures 12,557,360 2,407,977 14,965,337 Net change in fund balances 1,099,115 67,461 1,166,576 Fund balances at beginning of year 2,992,382 1,163,755 4,156,137	Other non-instructional services		_	39,661		39,661	
Debt service: Principal retirement 114,774 230,000 344,774 Interest and fiscal charges 13,267 24,200 37,467 Total expenditures 12,557,360 2,407,977 14,965,337 Net change in fund balances 1,099,115 67,461 1,166,576 Fund balances at beginning of year 2,992,382 1,163,755 4,156,137	Extracurricular activities		434,439	238,866			
Interest and fiscal charges 13,267 24,200 37,467 Total expenditures 12,557,360 2,407,977 14,965,337 Net change in fund balances 1,099,115 67,461 1,166,576 Fund balances at beginning of year 2,992,382 1,163,755 4,156,137	Debt service:						
Interest and fiscal charges 13,267 24,200 37,467 Total expenditures 12,557,360 2,407,977 14,965,337 Net change in fund balances 1,099,115 67,461 1,166,576 Fund balances at beginning of year 2,992,382 1,163,755 4,156,137	Principal retirement		114,774	230,000		344,774	
Total expenditures 12,557,360 2,407,977 14,965,337 Net change in fund balances 1,099,115 67,461 1,166,576 Fund balances at beginning of year 2,992,382 1,163,755 4,156,137			13,267	24,200		37,467	
Fund balances at beginning of year 2,992,382 1,163,755 4,156,137							
	Net change in fund balances		1,099,115	67,461		1,166,576	
Fund balances at end of year \$ 4,091,497 \$ 1,231,216 \$ 5,322,713	Fund balances at beginning of year		2,992,382	 1,163,755		4,156,137	
	Fund balances at end of year	\$	4,091,497	\$ 1,231,216	\$	5,322,713	

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	9	1,166,576
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. Capital asset additions Current year depreciation Total	\$ 87,406 (686,652)	(599,246)
The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (i.e., sales, disposals, trade-ins, and donations) is to decrease net position.		(32,877)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. Property taxes Income taxes Intergovernmental Total	 410,112 30,141 81,034	521,287
Repayment of bond and capital lease principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities on the statement of net position.		344,774
In the statement of activities, interest is accrued on outstanding bonds, whereas in governmental funds, an interest expenditure is reported when due. The following items resulted in additional interest being reported in the statement of activities: (Increase) decrease in accrued interest payable Amortization of bond premiums Amortization of deferred charges Total	 3,575 15,372 (9,370)	9,577
Contractually required contributions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds; however, the statement of net position reports these amounts as deferred outflows. Pension OPEB Total	 960,322 30,985	991,307
Except for amounts reported as deferred inflows/outflows, changes in the net pension/OPEB liability/asset are reported as pension/OPEB expense in the statement of activities. Pension OPEB Total	483,319 159,583	642,902
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities, such as compensated absences, do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.		
Increase in compensated absences	_	(26,853)
Change in net position of governmental activities	9	3,017,447

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) GENERAL FUND

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Revenues Final Actual Negative Property taxes \$2,998,000 \$2,988,617 \$3,213,238 \$224,621 Income taxes \$2,148,400 \$2,141,677 \$2,407,717 \$266,040 Intergovernmental 7,086,765 7,064,592 7,353,53 130,701 Investment earnings \$2,000 1,994 14,563 12,560 Untition and fees \$60,851 \$858,157 \$223,817 (634,340) Ontributions and donations \$30,270 30,375 \$55,370 (246,383) Miscellaneous \$33,398,716 33,356,790 \$329,2688 (64,132) Total revenues Expenditures: Total revenue Expenditures: Total revenue Expenditures: Total revenue Total revenue Total revenue Expenditures: Total revenue Total revenue \$1,438,567 \$1,21,1965 \$1,418,408<		Budgeted Amounts					Variance with Final Budget Positive	
Property taxes			Original		Final	Actual		
Income taxes	Revenues:							
Intergovernmental 7,086,765 7,064,592 7,375,353 310,761 Investment earnings 2,000 1,994 14,563 12,569 Tuttion and fees 860,851 858,157 223,817 (634,240) Contributions and donations -	* *	\$		\$		\$ 	\$,-
Investment earnings			, ,					
Tuition and fees 860,851 858,157 223,817 (634,340) Contributions and donations 302,700 301,753 55,370 (246,383) Total revenues 13,398,716 13,356,790 13,292,658 (64,132) Expenditures: Current: Instruction: 8egular 5,455,996 5,205,902 5,237,816 (31,914) Special 1,438,556 1,421,965 1,482,093 (60,128) Other 143,567 128,019 208,912 (80,893) Support services: Pupil 243,968 217,547 295,697 (78,150) Instructional staff 1,197,424 1,163,202 894,750 268,452 Board of education 87,024 79,325 94,207 (14,882) Administration 1,226,565 1,110,012 1,142,838 (32,826) Fiscal 643,656 576,666 613,207 (36,541) Business 3,364 3,000 20 20 Gentral <td< td=""><td>č</td><td></td><td>, ,</td><td></td><td></td><td>/ /</td><td></td><td></td></td<>	č		, ,			/ /		
Contributions and donations 302,700 301,753 55,370 246,002 Miscellaneous 302,700 301,753 55,370 2246,383 Total revenues 13,398,716 133,56,790 13,292,658 (64,132) Expenditures: Current: Instruction: Regular 5,455,996 5,205,902 5,237,816 (31,914) Special 1,438,556 1,421,965 1,482,093 (60,128) Vocational 155,595 140,208 124,118 16,090 Other 143,567 128,019 208,912 (80,893) Support services: 2 2 2 (80,893) Support services: 2 2 2 (80,893) (80,893) Support services: 2 2 2 89,4750 268,452 Board of education 87,024 7,9325 94,207 (14,882) Administration 1,225,565 1,110,012 1,142,838 (32,826)	E C							
Miscellaneous 302,700 301,753 55,370 (246,383) Total revenues 13,398,716 13,356,790 13,292,658 (64,132) Expenditures: Current: Instruction: Regular 5,455,996 5,205,902 5,237,816 (31,914) Special 1,438,556 1,421,965 1,482,093 (60,128) Other 135,595 140,208 124,118 16,090 Other 143,567 128,019 208,912 (80,893) Support services: Tempil 243,968 217,547 295,697 (78,150) Instructional staff 1,197,424 1,163,202 894,750 268,452 Board of education 87,024 79,325 94,207 (14,882) Administration 1,226,565 1,110,012 1,142,838 (32,826) Fiscal 643,656 576,666 613,207 (36,541) Business 3,364 3,000 - 3,000 Operations and mai			860,851		858,157			. , ,
Total revenues			-		-			
Expenditures: Current:						 		
Current: Instruction: Regular 5,455,996 5,205,902 5,237,816 (31,914) Special 1,438,556 1,421,965 1,482,093 (60,128) Vocational 155,595 140,208 124,118 16,090 Other 143,567 128,019 208,912 (80,893) Support services: Pupil 243,968 217,547 295,697 (78,150) Instructional staff 1,197,424 1,163,202 894,750 268,452 Board of education 87,024 79,325 94,207 (14,882) Administration 1,226,565 1,110,012 1,142,838 (32,826) Fiscal 643,656 576,666 613,207 (36,541) Business 3,364 3,000 - 3,000 Operations and maintenance 1,222,324 1,417,414 1,443,485 (26,071) Pupil transportation 760,541 793,640 885,002 (91,362) Central 52,708 47,359 76,515 (29,156) Operation of non-instructional services 297,184 265,000 - 265,000 Extracurricular activities 463,175 413,015 434,615 (21,600) Total expenditures 7,069 374,516 359,403 (15,113) Other financing sources (uses): Refund of prior year's expenditures 7,069 374,516 359,403 (15,135) Other financing sources (uses) - 3,000 -	Total revenues		13,398,716		13,356,790	 13,292,658		(64,132)
Instruction: Regular	Expenditures:							
Regular 5,455,996 5,205,902 5,237,816 (31,914) Special 1,438,556 1,421,965 1,482,093 (60,128) Vocational 155,595 140,208 124,118 16,090 Other 143,567 128,019 208,912 (80,893) Support services: *** *** *** 128,019 208,912 (80,893) Support services: *** *** *** 217,547 295,697 (78,150) Instructional staff 1,197,424 1,163,202 894,750 268,452 Board of education 87,024 79,325 94,207 (14,882) Administration 1,226,565 1,110,012 1,142,838 23,2826 Fiscal 643,656 576,666 613,207 36,541 Business 3,364 3,000 - 3,000 Operations and maintenance 1,222,324 1,417,414 1,443,485 26,071 Pupil transportation 760,541 793,640 885,002 91,362 <td>Current:</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	Current:							
Special 1,438,556 1,421,965 1,482,093 (60,128) Vocational 155,595 140,208 124,118 16,090 Other 143,567 128,019 208,912 (80,893) Support services: Tempil 243,968 217,547 295,697 (78,150) Instructional staff 1,197,424 1,163,202 894,750 268,452 Board of education 87,024 79,325 94,207 (14,882) Administration 1,226,565 1,110,012 1,142,838 (32,826) Fiscal 643,656 576,666 613,207 (36,541) Business 3,364 3,000 - 3,000 Operations and maintenance 1,222,324 1,417,414 1,443,485 (26,071) Pupil transportation 760,541 793,640 885,002 (91,362) Central 52,708 47,359 76,515 (29,156) Operation of non-instructional services 297,184 265,000 - 265,000 Extracurricular	Instruction:							
Vocational Other 155,595 140,208 124,118 16,090 (80,893) Other 143,567 128,019 208,912 (80,893) Support services: Pupil 243,968 217,547 295,697 (78,150) Instructional staff 1,197,424 1,163,202 894,750 268,452 Board of education 87,024 79,325 94,207 (14,882) Administration 1,226,565 1,110,012 1,142,838 (32,826) Fiscal 643,656 576,666 613,207 (36,541) Business 3,364 3,000 - 3,000 Operations and maintenance 1,222,324 1,417,414 1,443,485 (26,071) Pupil transportation 760,541 793,640 885,002 (91,362) Operation of non-instructional services 297,184 265,000 - 265,000 Extracurricular activities 463,175 413,015 434,615 (21,600) Total expenditures 7,069 374,516 359,403 (15,113) </td <td>Regular</td> <td></td> <td>5,455,996</td> <td></td> <td>5,205,902</td> <td>5,237,816</td> <td></td> <td>(31,914)</td>	Regular		5,455,996		5,205,902	5,237,816		(31,914)
Other 143,567 128,019 208,912 (80,893) Support services: 8 243,968 217,547 295,697 (78,150) Instructional staff 1,197,424 1,163,202 894,750 268,452 Board of education 87,024 79,325 94,207 (14,882) Administration 1,226,565 1,110,012 1,142,838 (32,826) Fiscal 643,656 576,666 613,207 (36,541) Business 3,364 3,000 - 3,000 Operations and maintenance 1,222,324 1,417,414 1,443,485 (26,071) Pupil transportation 760,541 793,640 885,002 (91,362) Operation of non-instructional services 297,184 265,000 - 265,000 Extracurricular activities 463,175 413,015 434,615 (21,600) Total expenditures 7,069 374,516 359,403 (15,113) Other financing sources (uses): Refund of prior year's expenditures -	Special		1,438,556		1,421,965	1,482,093		(60,128)
Support services: 243,968 217,547 295,697 (78,150) Pupil 243,968 217,547 295,697 (78,150) Instructional staff 1,197,424 1,163,202 894,750 268,452 Board of education 87,024 79,325 94,207 (14,882) Administration 1,226,565 1,110,012 1,142,838 (32,826) Fiscal 643,656 576,666 613,207 (36,541) Business 3,364 3,000 - 3,000 Operations and maintenance 1,222,324 1,417,414 1,443,485 (26,071) Pupil transportation 760,541 793,640 885,002 (91,362) Central 52,708 47,359 76,515 (29,156) Operation of non-instructional services 297,184 265,000 - 265,000 Extracurricular activities 463,175 413,015 434,615 (21,600) Total expenditures 7,069 374,516 359,403 (15,113) Other f	Vocational		155,595		140,208	124,118		16,090
Pupil Instructional staff 243,968 217,547 295,697 (78,150) Instructional staff 1,197,424 1,163,202 894,750 268,452 Board of education 87,024 79,325 94,207 (14,882) Administration 1,226,565 1,110,012 1,142,838 (32,826) Fiscal 643,656 576,666 613,207 (36,541) Business 3,364 3,000 - 3,000 Operations and maintenance 1,222,324 1,417,414 1,443,485 (26,071) Pupil transportation 760,541 793,640 885,002 (91,362) Central 52,708 47,359 76,515 (29,156) Operation of non-instructional services 297,184 265,000 - 265,000 Extracurricular activities 463,175 413,015 434,615 (21,600) Total expenditures 7,069 374,516 359,403 (15,113) Other financing sources (uses): Refund of prior year's expenditures - -<	Other		143,567		128,019	208,912		(80,893)
Instructional staff* 1,197,424 1,163,202 894,750 268,452 Board of education 87,024 79,325 94,207 (14,882) Administration 1,226,565 1,110,012 1,142,838 (32,826) Fiscal 643,656 576,666 613,207 (36,541) Business 3,364 3,000 - 3,000 Operations and maintenance 1,222,324 1,417,414 1,443,485 (26,071) Pupil transportation 760,541 793,640 885,002 (91,362) Central 52,708 47,359 76,515 (29,156) Operation of non-instructional services 297,184 265,000 - 265,000 Extracurricular activities 463,175 413,015 434,615 (21,600) Total expenditures 7,069 374,516 359,403 (15,113) Other financing sources (uses): Refund of prior year's expenditures - - 64,929 64,929 Transfers (out) - -	Support services:							
Board of education 87,024 79,325 94,207 (14,882) Administration 1,226,565 1,110,012 1,142,838 (32,826) Fiscal 643,656 576,666 613,207 (36,541) Business 3,364 3,000 - 3,000 Operations and maintenance 1,222,324 1,417,414 1,443,485 (26,071) Pupil transportation 760,541 793,640 885,002 (91,362) Central 52,708 47,359 76,515 (29,156) Operation of non-instructional services 297,184 265,000 - 265,000 Extracurricular activities 463,175 413,015 434,615 (21,600) Total expenditures 13,391,647 12,982,274 12,933,255 49,019 Excess of revenues over expenditures 7,069 374,516 359,403 (15,113) Other financing sources (uses): Refund of prior year's expenditures - - 64,929 64,929 Transfers (out) - -	Pupil		243,968		217,547	295,697		(78,150)
Administration 1,226,565 1,110,012 1,142,838 (32,826) Fiscal 643,656 576,666 613,207 (36,541) Business 3,364 3,000 - 3,000 Operations and maintenance 1,222,324 1,417,414 1,443,485 (26,071) Pupil transportation 760,541 793,640 885,002 (91,362) Central 52,708 47,359 76,515 (29,156) Operation of non-instructional services Other non-instructional services 297,184 265,000 - 265,000 Extracurricular activities 463,175 413,015 434,615 (21,600) Total expenditures 13,391,647 12,982,274 12,933,255 49,019 Excess of revenues over expenditures 7,069 374,516 359,403 (15,113) Other financing sources (uses): Refund of prior year's expenditures - 64,929 64,929 Transfers (out) - 64,929 64,929 Transfers (out) - 61,354 61,354 Net change in fund balance 7,069 374,516 420,757 46,241 Fund balance at beginning of year 2,398,001 2,398,001 - 5	Instructional staff		1,197,424		1,163,202	894,750		268,452
Fiscal 643,656 576,666 613,207 (36,541) Business 3,364 3,000 - 3,000 Operations and maintenance 1,222,324 1,417,414 1,443,485 (26,071) Pupil transportation 760,541 793,640 885,002 (91,362) Central 52,708 47,359 76,515 (29,156) Operation of non-instructional services 297,184 265,000 - 265,000 Extracurricular activities 463,175 413,015 434,615 (21,600) Total expenditures 13,391,647 12,982,274 12,933,255 49,019 Excess of revenues over expenditures 7,069 374,516 359,403 (15,113) Other financing sources (uses): - - 64,929 64,929 Transfers (out) - - - 64,929 64,929 Total other financing sources (uses) - - - 61,354 61,354 Net change in fund balance 7,069 374,516 420,757 4	Board of education		87,024		79,325	94,207		(14,882)
Business 3,364 3,000 - 3,000 Operations and maintenance 1,222,324 1,417,414 1,443,485 (26,071) Pupil transportation 760,541 793,640 885,002 (91,362) Central 52,708 47,359 76,515 (29,156) Operation of non-instructional services 297,184 265,000 - 265,000 Extracurricular activities 463,175 413,015 434,615 (21,600) Total expenditures 13,391,647 12,982,274 12,933,255 49,019 Excess of revenues over expenditures 7,069 374,516 359,403 (15,113) Other financing sources (uses): - - 64,929 64,929 Transfers (out) - - - 61,354 61,354 Total other financing sources (uses) - - - 61,354 61,354 Net change in fund balance 7,069 374,516 420,757 46,241 Fund balance at beginning of year 2,398,001 2,398,001 <	Administration		1,226,565		1,110,012	1,142,838		(32,826)
Operations and maintenance 1,222,324 1,417,414 1,443,485 (26,071) Pupil transportation 760,541 793,640 885,002 (91,362) Central 52,708 47,359 76,515 (29,156) Operation of non-instructional services 297,184 265,000 - 265,000 Extracurricular activities 463,175 413,015 434,615 (21,600) Total expenditures 13,391,647 12,982,274 12,933,255 49,019 Excess of revenues over expenditures 7,069 374,516 359,403 (15,113) Other financing sources (uses): - - 64,929 64,929 Transfers (out) - - - (3,575) (3,575) Total other financing sources (uses) - - - 61,354 61,354 Net change in fund balance 7,069 374,516 420,757 46,241 Fund balance at beginning of year 2,398,001 2,398,001 - -	Fiscal		643,656		576,666	613,207		(36,541)
Pupil transportation 760,541 793,640 885,002 (91,362) Central 52,708 47,359 76,515 (29,156) Operation of non-instructional services 297,184 265,000 - 265,000 Extracurricular activities 463,175 413,015 434,615 (21,600) Total expenditures 13,391,647 12,982,274 12,933,255 49,019 Excess of revenues over expenditures 7,069 374,516 359,403 (15,113) Other financing sources (uses): - - 64,929 64,929 Transfers (out) - - (3,575) (3,575) Total other financing sources (uses) - - 61,354 61,354 Net change in fund balance 7,069 374,516 420,757 46,241 Fund balance at beginning of year 2,398,001 2,398,001 2,398,001 -	Business		3,364		3,000	-		3,000
Central 52,708 47,359 76,515 (29,156) Operation of non-instructional services 297,184 265,000 - 265,000 Extracurricular activities 463,175 413,015 434,615 (21,600) Total expenditures 13,391,647 12,982,274 12,933,255 49,019 Excess of revenues over expenditures 7,069 374,516 359,403 (15,113) Other financing sources (uses): - - 64,929 64,929 Transfers (out) - - (3,575) (3,575) Total other financing sources (uses) - - 61,354 61,354 Net change in fund balance 7,069 374,516 420,757 46,241 Fund balance at beginning of year 2,398,001 2,398,001 2,398,001 -	Operations and maintenance		1,222,324		1,417,414	1,443,485		(26,071)
Operation of non-instructional services 297,184 265,000 - 265,000 Extracurricular activities 463,175 413,015 434,615 (21,600) Total expenditures 13,391,647 12,982,274 12,933,255 49,019 Excess of revenues over expenditures 7,069 374,516 359,403 (15,113) Other financing sources (uses): Refund of prior year's expenditures - - 64,929 64,929 Transfers (out) - - - (3,575) (3,575) Total other financing sources (uses) - - 61,354 61,354 Net change in fund balance 7,069 374,516 420,757 46,241 Fund balance at beginning of year 2,398,001 2,398,001 2,398,001 -	Pupil transportation		760,541		793,640	885,002		(91,362)
Other non-instructional services 297,184 265,000 - 265,000 Extracurricular activities 463,175 413,015 434,615 (21,600) Total expenditures 13,391,647 12,982,274 12,933,255 49,019 Excess of revenues over expenditures 7,069 374,516 359,403 (15,113) Other financing sources (uses): Refund of prior year's expenditures - - 64,929 64,929 Transfers (out) - - - (3,575) (3,575) Total other financing sources (uses) - - - 61,354 61,354 Net change in fund balance 7,069 374,516 420,757 46,241 Fund balance at beginning of year 2,398,001 2,398,001 2,398,001 -	Central		52,708		47,359	76,515		(29,156)
Extracurricular activities 463,175 413,015 434,615 (21,600) Total expenditures 13,391,647 12,982,274 12,933,255 49,019 Excess of revenues over expenditures 7,069 374,516 359,403 (15,113) Other financing sources (uses): Refund of prior year's expenditures - - 64,929 64,929 Transfers (out) - - (3,575) (3,575) Total other financing sources (uses) - - 61,354 61,354 Net change in fund balance 7,069 374,516 420,757 46,241 Fund balance at beginning of year 2,398,001 2,398,001 2,398,001 -	Operation of non-instructional services							
Total expenditures 13,391,647 12,982,274 12,933,255 49,019 Excess of revenues over expenditures 7,069 374,516 359,403 (15,113) Other financing sources (uses): Refund of prior year's expenditures - - 64,929 64,929 Transfers (out) - - (3,575) (3,575) Total other financing sources (uses) - - 61,354 61,354 Net change in fund balance 7,069 374,516 420,757 46,241 Fund balance at beginning of year 2,398,001 2,398,001 2,398,001 -	Other non-instructional services		297,184		265,000	-		265,000
Excess of revenues over expenditures 7,069 374,516 359,403 (15,113) Other financing sources (uses): Refund of prior year's expenditures 64,929 64,929 Transfers (out) (3,575) (3,575) Total other financing sources (uses) 61,354 61,354 Net change in fund balance 7,069 374,516 420,757 46,241 Fund balance at beginning of year 2,398,001 2,398,001 -	Extracurricular activities		463,175		413,015	 434,615		(21,600)
expenditures 7,069 374,516 359,403 (15,113) Other financing sources (uses): Refund of prior year's expenditures - - 64,929 64,929 Transfers (out) - - - (3,575) (3,575) Total other financing sources (uses) - - 61,354 61,354 Net change in fund balance 7,069 374,516 420,757 46,241 Fund balance at beginning of year 2,398,001 2,398,001 2,398,001 -	Total expenditures		13,391,647		12,982,274	 12,933,255		49,019
Other financing sources (uses): Refund of prior year's expenditures - - 64,929 64,929 Transfers (out) - - (3,575) (3,575) Total other financing sources (uses) - - 61,354 61,354 Net change in fund balance 7,069 374,516 420,757 46,241 Fund balance at beginning of year 2,398,001 2,398,001 2,398,001 -	Excess of revenues over							
Refund of prior year's expenditures - - 64,929 64,929 Transfers (out) - - - (3,575) (3,575) Total other financing sources (uses) - - - 61,354 61,354 Net change in fund balance 7,069 374,516 420,757 46,241 Fund balance at beginning of year 2,398,001 2,398,001 2,398,001 -	expenditures		7,069		374,516	 359,403		(15,113)
Refund of prior year's expenditures - - 64,929 64,929 Transfers (out) - - - (3,575) (3,575) Total other financing sources (uses) - - - 61,354 61,354 Net change in fund balance 7,069 374,516 420,757 46,241 Fund balance at beginning of year 2,398,001 2,398,001 2,398,001 -	Other financing sources (uses):							
Transfers (out) - - (3,575) (3,575) Total other financing sources (uses) - - - 61,354 61,354 Net change in fund balance 7,069 374,516 420,757 46,241 Fund balance at beginning of year 2,398,001 2,398,001 2,398,001 -			_		_	64,929		64,929
Total other financing sources (uses) - - 61,354 61,354 Net change in fund balance 7,069 374,516 420,757 46,241 Fund balance at beginning of year 2,398,001 2,398,001 2,398,001 -			_		_	,		,
Fund balance at beginning of year 2,398,001 2,398,001 -					-			
Fund balance at beginning of year 2,398,001 2,398,001 -	Not change in fund balance	_	7.060		27// 516	420.757		46 241
	Net Change III fullu balance		7,009		3/4,310	420,737		40,241
	Fund balance at beginning of year		2,398,001		2,398,001	2,398,001		_
Prior year encumbrances appropriated 391,647 391,647 -	Prior year encumbrances appropriated		391,647		391,647	391,647		_
Fund balance at end of year \$ 2,796,717 \$ 3,164,164 \$ 3,210,405 \$ 46,241	Fund balance at end of year	\$	2,796,717	\$	3,164,164	\$ 3,210,405	\$	46,241

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 1 - DESCRIPTION OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT

The Western Reserve Local School District (the District) is a local school district as defined by Section 3311.03 of the Ohio Revised Code. The District operates under an elected five-member Board of Education and is responsible for providing public education to the residents of the District.

The District employs 47 non-certified, 66 certified employees and 7 administrative employees to provide services to approximately 920 students in grades K through 12 and various community groups.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The basic financial statements of the District have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The District's significant accounting policies are described below.

A. Reporting Entity

The reporting entity has been defined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 14, "The Financial Reporting Entity" as amended by GASB Statement No. 39, "Determining Whether Certain Organizations Are Component Units" and GASB Statement No. 61, "The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus an Amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 34". The reporting entity is composed of the primary government and component units. The primary government consists of all funds, departments, boards and agencies that are not legally separate from the District. For the District, this includes general operations, food service, and student related activities of the District.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the District is financially accountable. The District is financially accountable for an organization if the District appoints a voting majority of the organization's Governing Board and (1) the District is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the District is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; or (3) the District is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or (4) the District is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the District in that the District approves the budget, the issuance of debt or the levying of taxes. Certain organizations are also included as component units if the nature and significance of the relationship between the primary government and the organization is such that exclusion by the primary government would render the primary government's financial statements incomplete or misleading. Based upon the application of these criteria, the District has no component units. The basic financial statements of the reporting entity include only those of the District (the primary government).

The following organizations are described due to their relationship to the District:

JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS

Northern Ohio Educational Computer Association

Northern Ohio Educational Computer Association (NOECA) is a jointly governed organization, which is a computer consortium. NOECA is an association of public-school districts formed for the purpose of applying modern technology (with the aid of computers and other electronic equipment) to administrative and instructional functions among member school districts. The NOECA Board of Directors consists of two representatives from each county in which participating school districts are located, the chairman of each of the operating committees and a representative from the fiscal agent.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

During the fiscal year, the District paid NOECA \$11,046 for services. Financial information can be obtained by contacting the North Point Educational Service Center, which serves as fiscal agent, at 4918 Milan Road, Sandusky, Ohio 44870.

Bay Area Council of Governments

The Bay Area Council of Governments consists of school districts representing multiple counties (Crawford, Erie, Huron, Ottawa, Sandusky, Seneca and Wood). This jointly governed organization was formed for the purpose of purchasing goods and services at a lower cost. The items currently being purchased through the Bay Area Council of Governments are natural gas and insurance. The only cost to the districts is an administrative charge if they purchase something through the Council. The District made no contribution to the Bay Area Council of Governments in 2022. The Bay Area Council of Governments consists of the superintendent of each school district. The Board of Directors consists of 1 elected representative from each county, and the superintendent of the fiscal agent and 2 non-voting members (administrator and fiscal officer). Members of the Board serve two-year terms, which are staggered. Financial information can be obtained by contacting the North Point Educational Service Center, which serves as fiscal agent, at 4918 Milan Road, Sandusky, Ohio 44870.

PUBLIC ENTITY RISK POOLS

Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Program

The District participates in a group rating plan for workers' compensation as established under Section 4123.29 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Program (GRP) was established through the Ohio School Boards Association (OSBA) as a group purchasing pool.

Huron-Erie School Employees Insurance Association

The Huron-Erie School Employees Insurance Association (Association) is a public entity risk pool. The Association assembly consists of a superintendent or designated representative from each participating district and the program administrator. The Association is governed by a board of directors chosen from the general membership. The degree of control exercised by any participating district is limited to its representation on the Board. Financial information can be obtained by contacting the North Point Educational Service Center, which serves as fiscal agent, at 4918 Milan Road, Sandusky, Ohio 44870.

B. Fund Accounting

The District uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. There are three categories of funds: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary. The District does not have proprietary or fiduciary funds.

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets plus deferred outflows of resources and liabilities plus deferred inflows of resources is reported as fund balance. The following is the District's major governmental fund:

<u>General fund</u> - The general fund is used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund. The general fund balance is available for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

Other governmental funds of the District are used to account for (a) financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditures for capital outlays including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets, (b) specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to an expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects and (c) financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for principal and interest.

C. Basis of Presentation and Measurement Focus

<u>Government-Wide Financial Statements</u> - The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds.

The government-wide statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function or program of the governmental activities of the District. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include amounts paid by the recipient of goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational requirements of a particular program. Revenues not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the District.

The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. All assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources associated with the operation of the District are included on the statement of net position.

<u>Fund Financial Statements</u> - Fund financial statements report detailed information about the District. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column, and all nonmajor funds are aggregated into one column.

All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets, current deferred outflows of resources, current liabilities and current deferred inflows of resources generally are included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

D. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting.

Differences in the accrual and modified accrual basis of accounting arise in the recognition of revenue, the recording of deferred inflows and deferred outflows of resources, and in the presentation of expenses versus expenditures.

<u>Revenues - Exchange and Nonexchange Transactions</u> - Revenues resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, are recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the District, available means expected to be received within sixty days of fiscal year-end.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

Nonexchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, income taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied (See Note 5).

Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the District on a reimbursement basis.

On a modified accrual basis, revenue from nonexchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at fiscal year-end: property taxes available as an advance, income taxes, interest, tuition, grants, student fees and rentals.

<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources</u> - In addition to assets, the government-wide statement of net position will report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. For the District, see Notes 12 and 13 for deferred outflows of resources related the District's net pension liability and net OPEB liability/asset, respectively. In addition, deferred outflows of resources include a deferred charge on debt refunding. A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt.

In addition to liabilities, both the government-wide statement of net position and the governmental fund financial statements report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. For the District, deferred inflows of resources include property taxes and unavailable revenue. Property taxes represent amounts for which there is an enforceable legal claim as of June 30, 2022, but which were levied to finance fiscal year 2023 operations. These amounts have been recorded as a deferred inflow of resources on both the government-wide statement of net position and the governmental fund financial statements. Unavailable revenue is reported only on the governmental funds balance sheet, and represents receivables which will not be collected within the available period. For the District unavailable revenue includes, but is not limited to, delinquent property taxes and intergovernmental grants. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period the amounts become available.

For the District, see Notes 12 and 13 for deferred inflows of resources related to the District's net pension liability and net OPEB liability/asset, respectively. This deferred inflow of resources is only reported on the government-wide statement of net position.

<u>Expenses/Expenditures</u> - On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. The entitlement value of donated commodities received during the year is reported in the statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances as an expenditure with a like amount reported as intergovernmental revenue.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in governmental funds.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

E. Budgets

The District is required by State statute to adopt an annual appropriated cash basis budget for all funds. The specific timetable for fiscal year 2022 is as follows:

- 1. Prior to January 15, the Superintendent and Treasurer submit to the Board of Education a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing for all funds. Public hearings are publicized and conducted to obtain taxpayers' comments. The purpose of this budget document is to reflect the need for existing (or increased) tax rates.
- 2. By no later than January 20, the Board-adopted budget is filed with the Huron County Budget Commission for tax rate determination.
- 3. Prior to April 1, the Board of Education accepts, by formal resolution, the tax rates as determined by the Budget Commission and receives the Commission's certificate of estimated resources which states the projected revenue of each fund. Prior to July 1, the District must revise its budget so that total contemplated expenditures from any fund during the ensuing year will not exceed the amount stated in the certificate of estimated resources. The revised budget then serves as a basis for the appropriation measure. On or about July 1, the certificate is amended to include any unencumbered balances from the preceding year as reported by the District Treasurer. The certificate may be further amended during the year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the District Treasurer. The budget figures, as shown in the accompanying budgetary statement, reflect the amounts set forth in the original and final certificates of estimated resources issued for fiscal year 2021.
- 4. By July 1, the annual appropriation resolution is legally enacted by the Board of Education at the fund level of expenditures, which is the legal level of budgetary control. State statute permits a temporary appropriation to be effective until no later than October 1 of each year. Board adopted appropriations by fund must be within the estimated resources as certified by the County Budget Commission and the total of expenditures and encumbrances may not exceed the appropriation totals. Although the legal level of budgetary control was established at the fund level of expenditures, the District has elected to present budgetary statement comparisons at the fund level of expenditures for the general fund.
- 5. All funds, other than custodial funds, are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. Short-term interfund loans are not required to be budgeted since they represent a temporary cash flow resource and are intended to be repaid.
- 6. Any revisions that alter the total of any fund appropriation must be approved by the Board of Education.
- 7. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for all funds consistent with the general obligation bond indenture and other statutory provisions. All funds completed the year within the amount of their legally authorized cash basis appropriation.
- 8. Appropriation amounts are as originally adopted, or as amended by the Board of Education through the year by supplemental appropriations, which either reallocated or increased the original appropriated amounts. All supplemental appropriations were legally enacted by the Board prior to June 30, 2021; however, none of these amendments were significant. The budget figures, as shown in the accompanying budgetary statement, reflect the original and final appropriation amounts including all amendments and modifications.
- 9. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end. Encumbered appropriations are carried forward to the succeeding fiscal year and need not be reappropriated. Expenditures plus encumbrances may not legally exceed budgeted appropriations at the fund level.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

F. Cash and Investments

To improve cash management, cash received by the District is pooled in a central bank account. Monies for all funds are maintained in this pool. Individual fund integrity is maintained through the District's records. Each fund's interest in the pool is presented as "equity in pooled cash and investments" on the basic financial statements.

During fiscal year 2022, investments were limited to shares of common stock (see below), STAR Ohio, negotiable certificates of deposit, and a money market mutual fund. Investments are reported at fair value, which is based on quoted market prices.

STAR Ohio (the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio), is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but has adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), Statement No. 79, "Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants." The District measures its investment in STAR Ohio at the net asset value (NAV) per share provided by STAR Ohio. The NAV per share is calculated on an amortized cost basis that provides an NAV per share that approximates fair value.

For fiscal year 2022, there were no limitations or restrictions on any participant withdrawals due to redemption notice periods, liquidity fees, or redemption gates. However, notice must be given 24 hours in advance of all deposits and withdrawals exceeding \$100 million. STAR Ohio reserves the right to limit the transaction to \$250 million, requiring the excess amount to be transacted the following business day(s), but only to the \$250 million limit. All accounts of the participant will be combined for these purposes.

Under existing Ohio statutes all investment earnings are assigned to the general fund unless statutorily required to be credited to a specific fund. By policy of the Board of Education, investment earnings are assigned to the general fund and the private-purpose trust fund. Interest revenue credited to the general fund during fiscal year 2022 amounted to (\$3,989), which includes (\$1,009) assigned from other District funds.

While common stock is not an allowable investment according to Ohio Statute, the District has been endowed with a gift of stock. No public funds were used to acquire the stock. At June 30, 2022, the common stock value was \$25,216.

For presentation on the basic financial statements, investments of the cash management pool and investments with original maturities of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the District are considered to be cash equivalents. Investments with an initial maturity of more than three months are reported as investments.

An analysis of the District's investment account at fiscal year-end is provided in Note 4.

G. Inventory

On government-wide financial statements, purchased inventories are presented at the lower of cost or market and donated commodities are presented at their entitlement value. Inventories are recorded on a first-in, first-out basis and are expensed when used. On the fund financial statements inventories are stated at cost and expensed when purchased and cost is determined on a first-in, first-out basis.

On the fund financial statements, reported material and supplies inventory is equally offset by a nonspendable fund balance in the governmental funds which indicates that it does not constitute available spendable resources even though it is a component of net current assets.

Inventory consists of expendable supplies held for consumption, donated food and purchased food.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

H. Capital Assets

General capital assets are those assets related to governmental activities. These assets generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net position, but are not reported in the fund financial statements.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated capital assets are recorded at their acquisition values as of the date received. The District maintains a capitalization threshold of \$2,500. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not. The District does not possess infrastructure. All reported capital assets except land are depreciated/amortized. Improvements are depreciated/amortized over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation/amortization is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Governmental
Activities
Estimated Lives
5 - 25 years
20 - 50 years
5 - 20 years
5 years
6 - 10 years

The District is reporting intangible right to use assets related to leased vehicles. The intangible assets are being amortized in a systematic and rational manner of the shorter of the lease term or the useful life of the underlying asset.

I. Interfund Balances

On the fund financial statements, other receivables related to interfund activity are classified as "due from other funds" and "due to other funds". These amounts are eliminated in the governmental activities' column of the statement of net position.

J. Compensated Absences

Compensated absences of the District consist of vacation leave and sick leave to the extent that payments to the employee for these absences are attributable to services already rendered and are not contingent on a specific event that is outside the control of the District and the employee.

In accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 16, "Accounting for Compensated Absences", a liability for vacation leave is accrued if a) the employees' rights to payment are attributable to services already rendered; and b) it is probable that the employer will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or other means, such as cash payment at termination or retirement. An accrual for earned sick leave is made to the extent that it is probable that the benefits will result in termination (severance) payments. A liability for severance is accrued using the vesting method; i.e., the liability is based on the sick leave accumulated at June 30, by those employees who are currently eligible to receive termination (severance) payments, as well as those employees expected to become eligible in the future. For purposes of establishing a liability for sick leave on employees expected to become eligible to retire in the future, all employees at least age fifty with at least ten years of service or any age with at least twenty years of service were considered expected to become eligible to retire in accordance with GASB Statement No. 16.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

The total liability for vacation and sick leave payments has been calculated using pay rates in effect at June 30, 2022 and reduced to the maximum payment allowed by labor contract and/or statute, plus any applicable additional salary related payments.

The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements.

For governmental fund financial statements, the current portion of unpaid compensated absences is the amount expected to be paid using expendable available resources. These amounts are recorded in the account "compensated absences payable" in the fund from which the employees who have accumulated unpaid leave are paid. The noncurrent portion of the liability is not reported.

K. Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements.

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources are reported as obligations of the funds. However, compensated absences that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the current year. Bonds, capital lease obligations and lease purchase obligations are recognized as a liability on the fund financial statements when due. Net pension/OPEB liability should be recognized in the governmental funds to the extent that benefit payments are due and payable and the pension/OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is not sufficient for payment of those benefits.

L. Fund Balance

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The classifications are as follows:

<u>Nonspendable</u> – The nonspendable fund balance classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form or legally required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash.

<u>Restricted</u> – Fund balance is reported as restricted when constraints are placed on the use of resources that are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

<u>Committed</u> – The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes imposed by a formal action (resolution) of the District Board of Education (the highest level of decision-making authority). Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the District Board of Education removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (resolution) it employed to previously commit those amounts. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

<u>Assigned</u> – Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the District for specific purposes, but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted nor committed. In governmental funds other than the general fund, assigned fund balance represents the remaining amount that is not restricted or committed. In the general fund, assigned amounts represent intended uses established by policies of the District Board of Education, which includes giving the Treasurer the authority to constrain monies for intended purposes.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

<u>Unassigned</u> – Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is only used to report a deficit fund balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed, or assigned.

The District applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) fund balance is available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

M. Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets and deferred outflows and liabilities and deferred inflows. The net position component "net investment in capital assets," consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets or related debt also should be included in this component of net position. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on its use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments.

The District applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available.

N. Prepayments

Certain payments to vendors reflect the costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements. These items are reported as assets on the balance sheet using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amounts is recorded at the time of the purchase and the expenditure/expense is reported in the year in which services are consumed.

On the fund financial statements, reported prepayments is equally offset by nonspendable fund balance in the governmental funds which indicates that it does not constitute available spendable resources even though it is a component of net current assets.

O. Issuance Costs/Bond Premiums and Discounts and Accounting Gain or Loss on Debt Refunding

On the governmental fund financial statements, issuance costs, bond premiums, bond discounts, and charges from debt refunding are recognized in the current period.

On the government-wide financial statements, issuance costs are recognized in the current period and are not amortized. Bond premiums and discounts are amortized over the term of the bonds using the straight-line method. Unamortized bond premiums are presented as an addition to the face amount of the bonds reported on the statement of net position. Unamortized bond discounts are presented as a reduction to the face amount of the bonds reported on the statement of net position. The reconciliation between the bonds face value and the amount reported on the statement of net position is presented in Note 9.

For advance refunding resulting in the defeasance of debt, the difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the old debt is deferred and amortized as a component of interest expense. This accounting gain or loss is amortized over the remaining life of the old debt or the life of the new debt, whichever is shorter, and is presented as a deferred outflow of resources.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

P. Estimates

The preparation of the basic financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the basic financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

Q. Stabilization Arrangement

The Board of Education has \$600,000 of fund balance in the general fund to be used for budget stabilization. The Board has these funds to cover emergency situations or when revenue shortages or budgetary imbalances arise. The budget stabilization arrangement may be removed by action of the Board of Education at any time.

R. Interfund Activity

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the basic financial statements.

S. Pensions/Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net pension/OPEB liability, net OPEB asset, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related pensions/OPEB, and pension/OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the pension/OPEB plans and additions to/deductions from their fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the pension/OPEB plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. The pension/OPEB plans report investments at fair value.

T. Extraordinary and Special Items

Extraordinary items are transactions or events that are both unusual in nature and infrequent in occurrence. Special items are transactions or events that are within the control of the Board of Education and that are either unusual in nature or infrequent in occurrence. Neither type of transaction occurred during fiscal year 2022.

U. Fair Market Value

The District categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE

A. Change in Accounting Principles

For fiscal year 2022, the District has implemented GASB Statement No. 87, "Leases", GASB Implementation Guide 2019-3, "Leases", GASB Statement No. 89, "Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred before the End of a Construction Period", GASB Implementation Guide 2020-1, "Implementation Guide Update — 2020", GASB Statement No. 92, "Omnibus 2020", GASB Statement No. 93, "Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates", GASB Statement No. 97, "Certain Component Unit Criteria, and Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans — an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 84, and a supersession of GASB Statement No. 32" and certain paragraphs of GASB Statement No. 99, "Omnibus 2022".

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE - (Continued)

GASB Statement No. 87 and GASB Implementation Guide 2019-3 enhance the relevance and consistency of information of the government's leasing activities. It establishes requirements for lease accounting based on the principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. A lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right to use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources. These changes were incorporated in the District's fiscal year 2022 financial statements (see Notes 8 and 9 for details).

GASB Statement No. 89 establishes accounting requirements for interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period. GASB Statement No. 89 requires that interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period be recognized as an expense in the period in which the cost is incurred for financial statements prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. GASB Statement No. 89 also reiterates that financial statements prepared using the current financial resources measurement focus, interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period should be recognized as an expenditure on a basis consistent with governmental fund accounting principles. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 89 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the District.

GASB Implementation Guide 2020-1 provides clarification on issues related to previously established GASB guidance. The implementation of GASB Implementation Guide 2020-1 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the District.

GASB Statement No. 92 enhances comparability in accounting and financial reporting and to improve the consistency of authoritative literature by addressing practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 92 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the District.

GASB Statement No. 93 establishes accounting and financial reporting requirements related to the replacement of Interbank Offered Rates (IBORs) in hedging derivative instruments and leases. It also identifies appropriate benchmark interest rates for hedging derivative instruments. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 93 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the District.

GASB Statement No. 97 is to (1) increase consistency and comparability related to the reporting of fiduciary component units in circumstances in which a potential component unit does not have a governing board and the primary government performs the duties that a governing board typically would perform; (2) mitigate costs associated with the reporting of certain defined contribution pension plans, defined contribution other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plans, and employee benefit plans other than pension plans or OPEB plans (other employee benefit plans) as fiduciary component units in fiduciary fund financial statements; and (3) enhance the relevance, consistency, and comparability of the accounting and financial reporting for Internal Revenue Code (IRC) Section 457 deferred compensation plans (Section 457 plans) that meet the definition of a pension plan and for benefits provided through those plans. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 97 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the District.

GASB Statement No. 99 to enhance comparability in accounting and financial reporting and to improve the consistency of authoritative literature by addressing (1) practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements and (2) accounting and financial reporting for financial guarantees. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 99 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the District.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE - (Continued)

B. Deficit Fund Balances

Fund balances at June 30, 2022 included the following individual fund deficits:

Nonmajor funds	_	Deficit
ESSER	\$	21,661
Title I		25,186
Vocational Education Enhancement		3,090
Permanent Improvement		521

The general fund is liable for any deficit in these funds and provides transfers when cash is required, not when accruals occur. The deficit fund balances resulted from adjustments for accrued liabilities.

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

State statutes classify monies held by the District into three categories.

Active deposits are public deposits necessary to meet current demands on the treasury. Such monies must be maintained either as cash in the District treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the Board of Education has identified as not required for use within the current five-year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use, but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories.

Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts including passbook accounts.

Interim monies may be deposited or invested in the following securities:

- 1. United States Treasury Notes, Bills, Bonds, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States;
- 2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligations or securities issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality, including, but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, and Government National Mortgage Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- 2. Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided that the fair value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least two percent and be marked to market daily, and that the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;
- 3. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio; and with certain limitations including a requirement for maturity within ten years from the date of settlement, bonds and other obligations of political subdivisions of the State of Ohio, if training requirements have been met;

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

- 4. Time certificates of deposit or savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts;
- 5. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in items (1) and (2) above and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;
- 6. The State Treasurer's investment pool, the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio);
- 7. Certain bankers' acceptances for a period not to exceed one hundred eighty days and commercial paper notes for a period not to exceed two hundred seventy days in an amount not to exceed 40 percent of the interim monies available for investment at any one time if training requirements have been met; and,
- 8. Under limited circumstances, corporate debt interests rated in either of the two highest classifications by at least two nationally recognized rating agencies.

Protection of the District's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, by surety company bonds deposited with the Treasurer by the financial institution or by the financial institution's participation in the Ohio Pooled Collateral System (OPCS), a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to the Treasurer of State to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage and short selling are also prohibited. Except as noted above, an investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the District and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity. Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the Treasurer or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

A. Deposits with Financial Institutions

At June 30, 2022, the carrying amount of all District deposits was \$3,636,683 and the bank balance of all District deposits was \$3,759,389. Of the bank balance, \$250,000 was covered by the FDIC and \$3,509,389 was covered by the Ohio Pooled Collateral System.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of bank failure, the District will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The District has no deposit policy for custodial credit risk beyond the requirements of State statute. Ohio law requires that deposits either be insured or protected by (1) eligible securities pledged to the District and deposited with a qualified trustee by the financial institution as security for repayment whose fair value at all times shall be at least 105 percent of the deposits being secured, or (2) participation in the Ohio Pooled Collateral System (OPCS), a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to the Treasurer of State to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution. OPCS requires the total fair value of the securities pledged to be 102 percent of the deposits being secured or a reduced rate set by the Treasurer of State.

For fiscal year 2022, District financial institutions did participate in the OPCS. Noncompliance with Federal requirements could potentially subject the District to a successful claim by the FDIC.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

B. Investments

As of June 30, 2022, the District had the following investments and maturities:

			Investment									
							M	I aturities				
Measurement/	M	easurement	6 ı	nonths or		7 to 12]	13 to 18		19 to 24	Gr	eater than
Investment type		Value		less		months		months		months	2	4 months
Fair Value:												
Donated Stock	\$	25,216	\$	25,216	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Donated Money Market		8,452		8,452		-		-		-		-
Negotiable CD's		482,616		99,911		118,202		96,889		-		167,614
Amortized Cost:												
STAR Ohio		752,629		752,629		-		-		-		-
Total	\$	1,268,913	\$	886,208	\$	118,202	\$	96,889	\$	-	\$	167,614

The weighted average maturity of investments is 0.52 years.

The District's investments in donated stock and money market are valued using quoted market prices in active markets (Level 1 inputs). The District's investments in negotiable CD's are valued using quoted prices in markets that not considered to be active, dealer quotations or alternative pricing sources for similar assets or liabilities for which all significant inputs are observable, either directly or indirectly (Level 2 inputs).

Interest Rate Risk: The Ohio Revised Code generally limits security purchases to those that mature within five years of the settlement date. Interest rate risk arises because potential purchasers of debt securities will not agree to pay face value for those securities if interest rates subsequently increase. The District has no investment policy dealing with interest rate risk beyond the requirements of State statute.

Credit Risk: The District's donated stock was rated AA- by Standard & Poor's. Standard & Poor's has assigned STAR Ohio an AAAm money market rating. Ohio law requires that STAR Ohio maintain the highest rating provided by at least one nationally recognized standard rating service. The negotiable CD's were covered by the FDIC. The District's investment policy does not specifically address credit risk beyond adherence to all relevant sections of the Ohio Revised Code.

Custodial Credit Risk: For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The negotiable CD's are exposed to custodial credit risk in that they are uninsured, unregistered and held by the counterparty's trust department or agency, but not in the District's name. The District has no investment policy dealing with investment custodial risk beyond the requirement in State statute that prohibits payment for investments prior to the delivery of the securities representing such investments to the treasurer or qualified trustee.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

Concentration of Credit Risk: The District places no limit on the amount that may be invested in any one issuer. The following table includes the percentage of each investment type held by the District at June 30, 2022:

Measurement/	Me		
Investment type		Value	% of Total
Fair Value:			
Donated Stock	\$	25,216	1.99
Donated Money Market		8,452	0.67
Negotiable CD's		482,616	38.03
Amortized Cost:			
STAR Ohio		752,629	59.31
Total	\$	1,268,913	100.00

C. Reconciliation of Cash and Investments to the Statement of Net Position

The following is a reconciliation of cash and investments as reported in the note above to cash and investments as reported on the statement of net position as of June 30, 2022:

Cash and investments per note	
Carrying amount of deposits	\$ 3,636,683
Investments	 1,268,913
Total	\$ 4,905,596

Cash and investments per financial statements

Governmental activities \$ 4,905,596

NOTE 5 - PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis while the District fiscal year runs from July through June. First half tax collections are received by the District in the second half of the fiscal year. Second half tax distributions occur in the first half of the following fiscal year.

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real property and public utility property. Real property tax revenues received in calendar year 2022 represent the collection of calendar year 2021 taxes. Real property taxes received in calendar year 2022 were levied after April 1, 2021, on the assessed values as of January 1, 2021, the lien date. Assessed values for real property taxes are established by State statute at 35 percent of appraised market value. Real property taxes are payable annually or semiannually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semiannually, the first payment is due December 31, with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits alternate payment dates to be established. Public utility property tax revenues received in calendar year 2022 represent the collection of calendar year 2021 taxes. Public utility real and personal property taxes received in calendar year 2022 became a lien on December 31, 2020, were levied after April 1, 2021, and are collected with real property taxes. Public utility real property is assessed at 35 percent of true value; public utility tangible personal property is currently assessed at varying percentages of true value.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 5 - PROPERTY TAXES - (Continued)

The District receives property taxes from Huron and Erie Counties. The County Auditors periodically advances to the District its portion of the taxes collected. Second-half real property tax payments collected by the County by June 30, 2022, are available to finance fiscal year 2022 operations. The amount available as an advance at June 30, 2022 was \$797,040 in the general fund, \$35,422 in the bond retirement fund (a nonmajor governmental fund) and \$13,614 in the classroom facilities maintenance fund (a nonmajor governmental fund). This amount is recorded as revenue. The amount available for advance at June 30, 2021 was \$453,782 in the general fund, \$33,208 in the bond retirement fund (a nonmajor governmental fund) and \$8,353 in the classroom facilities maintenance fund (a nonmajor governmental fund). The amount of second-half real property taxes available for advance at fiscal year-end can vary based on the date the tax bills are sent.

Accrued property taxes receivable includes real property, public utility property and delinquent tangible personal property taxes which are measurable as of June 30, 2022 and for which there is an enforceable legal claim. Although total property tax collections for the next fiscal year are measurable, only the amount of real property taxes available as an advance at June 30 was levied to finance current fiscal year operations and is reported as revenue at fiscal year-end. The portion of the receivable not levied to finance current fiscal year operations is offset by a credit to deferred inflows of resources.

On the accrual basis of accounting, collectible delinquent property taxes have been recorded as a receivable and revenue, while on a modified accrual basis of accounting the revenue has been reported as a deferred inflow of resources.

The assessed values upon which the fiscal year 2022 taxes were collected are:

	2021 Fir Half Collec		2022 Fir Half Collec		
	Amount	Percent	Amount	Percent	
Agricultural/residential and other real estate Public utility personal	\$ 142,406,500 27,495,750	83.82 16.18	\$ 153,016,370 26,870,500	85.06 14.94	
Total	\$ 169,902,250	100.00	\$ 179,886,870	100.00	
Tax rate per \$1,000 of assessed valuation	\$33.10		\$32.50		

NOTE 6 - SCHOOL DISTRICT INCOME TAX

The voters of the District have passed two income tax levies. The first income tax levy was passed in May of 1990 and established a ¾% income tax effective January 1, 1991, for an indefinite period of time. The second income tax levy was passed in March of 1996 and established an additional ½% income tax effective January 1, 1998 for an indefinite period of time. School district income tax revenue received by the general fund during fiscal year 2022 was \$2,403,480.

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NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 7 - RECEIVABLES

Receivables at June 30, 2022 consisted of property taxes, income taxes, accrued interest and intergovernmental receivables. All receivables are considered collectible in full due to the ability to foreclose for the nonpayment of taxes, the stable condition of State programs and the current year guarantee of federal funds. A summary of the principal items of receivables reported on the statement of net position follows:

Governmental activities:

Taxes	\$ 5,744,528
Accrued interest	2,131
Intergovernmental	200,314
Total	\$ 5,946,973

NOTE 8 - CAPITAL ASSETS

The District has reclassified intangible right to use - leased vehicles out of vehicles at July 1, 2021, in accordance with GASB Statement No. 87 (see Note 3.A for detail). Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, was as follows:

	R	Lestated					
	E	Balance					Balance
	0	7/01/21	1	Additions	D	eductions	06/30/22
Governmental activities:			'				
Capital assets, not being depreciated/amortized:							
Land	\$	292,868	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 292,868
Total capital assets, not being depreciated/amortized		292,868		-		-	292,868
Capital assets, being depreciated/amortized:							
Land improvements		685,285		-		-	685,285
Buildings and improvements	2	23,030,223		-		-	23,030,223
Furniture and equipment		3,946,363		-		-	3,946,363
Vehicles		1,006,135		87,406		(316,142)	777,399
Intangible right to use:							
Leased vehicles		345,324		-		-	345,324
Total capital assets, being depreciated/amortized	2	29,013,330		87,406		(316,142)	28,784,594
Less: accumulated depreciation/amortization:							
Land improvements		(655,525)		(9,207)		-	(664,732)
Buildings and improvements	(1	1,985,875)		(556,174)		-	(12,542,049)
Furniture and equipment	((3,629,917)		(35,579)		-	(3,665,496)
Vehicles		(805,793)		(44,621)		283,265	(567,149)
Intangible right to use:							
Leased vehicles		(113,274)		(41,071)		-	(154,345)
Total accumulated depreciation/amortization	(1	7,190,384)		(686,652)		283,265	(17,593,771)
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 1	2,115,814	\$	(599,246)	\$	(32,877)	\$ 11,483,691

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 8 - CAPITAL ASSETS - (Continued)

Depreciation/amortization expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

<u>Instruction</u> :	
Regular	\$ 384,742
Special	37,006
Vocational	30,227
Support services:	
Administration	32,454
Operations and maintenance	39,022
Pupil Transportation	85,692
Extracurricular	30,535
Food service operations	46,974
Total depreciation/amortization expense	\$ 686,652

NOTE 9 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

A. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 87, the capital lease obligation reported at June 30, 2021 is reported as lease payable at July 1, 2021. During fiscal year 2022, the following changes occurred in governmental activities long-term obligations.

	Restated Balance 07/01/21	 Additions	Reductions	Balance 06/30/22	Amounts Due in One Year
Governmental activities: General obligation bonds: Series 2010, current interest bonds	\$ 720,000	\$ -	\$ (230,000)	\$ 490,000	\$ 240,000
Net pension liability Net OPEB liability	12,580,494 888,893	-	(5,687,668) (135,076)	6,892,826 753,817	-
Compensated absences	660,315	61,900	(29,180)	693,035	20,666
Finance purchase agreement obligation - direct borrowing	265,628	-	(63,135)	202,493	65,268
Leases payable	124,098	 -	(51,639)	72,459	35,502
Total	\$ 15,239,428	\$ 61,900	\$ (6,196,698)	9,104,630	\$ 361,436
Add: unamortized premium				23,044	
Total on statement of net position				\$ 9,127,674	

<u>Series 2010 Refunding General Obligation Bonds</u> — On October 7, 2010, the District issued general obligation bonds (Series 2010 Refunding Bonds) to advance refund the Series 2001 current interest bonds. This refunded debt is considered defeased (in-substance) and accordingly, has been removed from the statement of net position. The balance of the refunded current interest bonds at June 30, 2022, is \$490,000.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 9 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

The refunding issue is comprised of both current interest bonds, par value \$2,540,000, and capital appreciation bonds par value \$35,000. The interest rates on the current interest bonds range from 2.00% - 4.00%. The capital appreciation bonds matured on December 1, 2016 at a redemption price equal to 100% of the principal, plus accrued interest to the redemption date.

Interest payments on the current interest bonds are due on June 1 and December 1 of each year. The final maturity stated in the issue is December 1, 2023.

The reacquisition price exceeded the net carrying amount of the old debt by \$124,146. This amount is being netted against the new debt and amortized over the remaining life of the refunded debt, which is equal to the life of the new debt issued.

<u>Net pension liability</u> - The District's net pension liability is described in Note 12. The District pays obligations related to employee compensation from the fund benefitting from their service.

<u>Net OPEB liability/asset</u> - The District's net OPEB liability/asset is described in Note 13. The District pays obligations related to employee compensation from the fund benefitting from their service.

<u>Compensated absences payable</u> - The liability will be paid from the fund which the employee is paid, which is primarily the general fund.

<u>Finance-purchase obligation</u> - During fiscal year 2016, the District entered into a finance purchase agreement with Key Government Finance, Inc. to complete energy conservation upgrades in the District. This obligation is considered a direct borrowing. Direct borrowings have terms negotiated directly between the District and the lender and are not offered for public sale. This obligation also meets the criteria of a finance purchase as defined by GAAP, which defines a finance purchase generally as one which transfers benefits and risks of ownership. At June 30, 2017, capital assets acquired by finance purchase have been capitalized under building and improvements in the amount of \$613,608. Finance-purchase payments have been reflected as debt service expenditures from the general fund. Principal and interest payments during fiscal year 2022 totaled \$63,135 and \$8,374, respectively.

The following is a schedule of the future long-term minimum payments required under the finance purchase agreements:

	Finance Purchase Agreement								
Fiscal Year		Current Interest Bonds							
Ending June 30	Principal Interest				Total				
2023	\$	65,268	\$	6,242	\$	71,510			
2024		67,473		4,037		71,510			
2025		69,752		1,757		71,509			
Total	\$	202,493	\$	12,036	\$	214,529			

<u>Leases payable obligation</u> - The District has entered into lease agreements for the use of right to use vehicles. Due to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 87, the District will report an intangible capital asset and corresponding liability for the future scheduled payments under the leases. The lease payments will be paid from the general fund. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 87, the capital lease obligation reported at June 30, 2021 is reported as leases payable at July 1, 2021.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 9 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

The District has entered into lease agreements for buses at varying years and terms as follows:

	Lease		Lease	
	Commencement		End	Payment
<u>Item</u>	Date	Years	Date	Method
Bus	2017	5	2022	Monthly
Bus	2018	5	2023	Monthly
Bus	2020	5	2025	Monthly

The following is a schedule of future lease payments under the lease agreements:

Fiscal Year		Leases payable							
Ending June 30	Principal		Interest		Total				
2023 2024	\$	35,502 36,957	\$	2,971 1,515	\$	38,473 38,472			
Total	\$	72,459	\$	4,486	\$	76,945			

B. Principal and interest requirements to retire the general obligation bonds outstanding at June 30, 2022, are as follows:

	General Obligation							
Fiscal Year		Current Interest Bonds						
Ending June 30	Principal		I	nterest	Total			
2023 2024	\$	240,000 250,000	\$	14,800 5,000	\$	254,800 255,000		
Total	\$	490,000	\$	19,800	\$	509,800		

C. Legal Debt Margin

The Ohio Revised Code provides that voted net general obligation debt of the District shall never exceed 9% of the total assessed valuation of the District. The code further provides that unvoted indebtedness shall not exceed 1/10 of 1% of the property valuation of the District. The code additionally states that unvoted indebtedness related to energy conservation debt shall not exceed 9/10 of 1% of the property valuation of the District. The assessed valuation used in determining the District's legal debt margin has been modified by House Bill 530 which became effective March 30, 2006. In accordance with House Bill 530, the assessed valuation used in the District's legal debt margin calculation excluded tangible personal property used in business, telephone or telegraph property, interexchange telecommunications company property and personal property owned or leased by a railroad company and used in railroad operations. The effects of these debt limitations at June 30, 2022, are a voted debt margin of \$116,313,230 (including available funds of \$613,412) and an unvoted debt margin of \$179,887.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 10 - OTHER EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

A. Compensated Absences and Retirement Incentive

The criteria for determining vested vacation and sick leave benefits are derived from negotiated agreements and State laws. Non-certified employees earn ten to twenty days of vacation per year, depending on the length of service, which cannot be carried forward. Administrators with 260-day contracts earn twenty days of vacation per year and may carry up to ten days forward (balance never to exceed 30 days). Administrators with less than 260-day contracts are not afforded any vacation time.

Non-Certified Employees

Accumulated unused sick time is paid to non-certified employees upon termination of employment. Non-certified employees earn sick leave at a rate of one and one-fourth days per month. Sick leave can be accumulated to a maximum of 240 days.

Non-certified employees must have eight or more years of service with the state and/or any political subdivision, three of which must be with the District. Payment is made for 25 percent of the total sick leave accumulation, up to a maximum accumulation of 60 days severance pay at the daily rate of the employee. A non-certified employee with twenty-five or more years of service in the District will be paid for 50 percent of the total sick leave accumulation, up to a maximum accumulation of 120 days.

Certified Employees

Accumulated unused sick time is paid to certified employees upon termination of employment. Teachers do not earn vacation time. Certified employees earn sick leave at a rate of one and one-fourth days per month. Sick leave can be accumulated to a maximum of 263 days.

Certified employees must have eight or more years of service with the state and/or any political subdivision, four of which must be with the District. Payment is made for 25 percent of the total sick leave accumulation, up to a maximum accumulation of 66 days severance pay at the daily rate of the employee.

B. Health Benefits

The District joined together with other area school districts to form the Huron-Erie School Employees Insurance Association, a public entity risk management and employee health benefits program for various member school districts (See Note 2.A.). The District pays a monthly premium to the pool for health, life and dental insurance, including prescription coverage. The agreement for formation of the pool provides that it will be self-sustaining through member premiums, and the pool will purchase stop-loss insurance policies through commercial companies to cover claims in excess of \$200,000 for any employee.

In the event of withdrawal, the District shall assume and be responsible for payment of all claims of its eligible employees, families and dependents from the effective date of withdrawal, regardless of when such claims were incurred, processed, or presented to the Association, insurance provider, insurance consultant, or any other appropriate or authorized person or representative; provided further, any such claims, which are paid after the effective date of withdrawal by the Association insurance provider or insurance consultant, or charged to such parties, shall be reimbursed in full by any withdrawing member upon demand of the Association.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 11 - RISK MANAGEMENT

A. Comprehensive

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets, errors and omissions, injuries to employees and natural disasters. During fiscal year 2022, the District has contracted with Hylant to provide general liability, fleet, building and contents coverage.

The District had the following coverages in effect for fiscal year 2021:

	Limits of	
Coverage	Coverage	<u>Deductible</u>
General liability:		
Each occurrence	\$ 3,000,000	\$ -
Aggregate	5,000,000	-
Fleet:		
Comprehensive	3,000,000	1,000
Collision	3,000,000	1,000
Building and contents	58,294,010	1,000

Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three years. There has been no significant reduction in amounts of insurance coverage from fiscal year 2021.

B. Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Program

For fiscal year 2022, the District participated in the Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Program (GRP), an insurance purchasing pool (See Note 2.A.). The intent of the GRP is to achieve the benefit of a reduced premium for the District by virtue of its grouping and representation with other participants in the GRP. The workers' compensation experience of the participating school districts is calculated as one experience and a common premium rate is applied to all school districts in the GRP. Each participant pays its workers' compensation premium to the State based on the rate for the GRP rather than its individual rate. Participation in the GRP is limited to school districts that can meet the GRP's selection criteria. The firm of CompManagement, Inc. provides administrative, cost control and actuarial services to the GRP.

Post-employment health care is provided to plan participants or their beneficiaries through the respective retirement systems discussed in Note 13. As such, no funding provisions are required by the District.

NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

The Statewide retirement systems provide both pension benefits and other postemployment benefits (OPEB).

Net Pension Liability/Net OPEB Liability/(Asset)

The net pension liability/(asset) and the net OPEB liability/(asset) reported on the statement of net position represents a liability or asset to employees for pensions and OPEB, respectively.

Pensions and OPEB are a component of exchange transactions—between an employer and its employees - of salaries and benefits for employee services. Pensions/OPEB are provided to an employee - on a deferred-payment basis - as part of the total compensation package offered by an employer for employee services each financial period. The obligation to sacrifice resources for pensions is a present obligation because it was created as a result of employment exchanges that already have occurred.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

The net pension/OPEB liability/(asset) represent the District's proportionate share of each pension/OPEB plan's collective actuarial present value of projected benefit payments attributable to past periods of service, net of each pension/OPEB plan's fiduciary net position. The net pension/OPEB liability/(asset) calculation is dependent on critical long-term variables, including estimated average life expectancies, earnings on investments, cost of living adjustments and others. While these estimates use the best information available, unknowable future events require adjusting these estimates annually.

The Ohio Revised Code limits the District's obligation for this liability to annually required payments. The District cannot control benefit terms or the manner in which pensions/OPEB are financed; however, the District does receive the benefit of employees' services in exchange for compensation including pension and OPEB.

GASB 68/75 assumes the liability is solely the obligation of the employer, because (1) they benefit from employee services; and (2) State statute requires funding to come from these employers. All pension contributions to date have come solely from these employers (which also includes pension costs paid in the form of withholdings from employees). The retirement systems may allocate a portion of the employer contributions to provide for these OPEB benefits. In addition, health care plan enrollees pay a portion of the health care costs in the form of a monthly premium. State statute requires the retirement systems to amortize unfunded pension liabilities within 30 years. If the pension amortization period exceeds 30 years, each retirement system's board must propose corrective action to the State legislature. Any resulting legislative change to benefits or funding could significantly affect the net pension/OPEB liability/(asset). Resulting adjustments to the net pension/OPEB liability/(asset) would be effective when the changes are legally enforceable. The Ohio Revised Code permits, but does not require, the retirement systems to provide healthcare to eligible benefit recipients.

The remainder of this note includes the required pension disclosures. See Note 13 for the required OPEB disclosures.

The proportionate share of each plan's unfunded benefits is presented as a long-term *net pension/OPEB liability/(asset)* on the accrual basis of accounting. Any liability for the contractually required pension contribution outstanding at the end of the year is included in pension and postemployment benefits payable on both the accrual and modified accrual bases of accounting.

Plan Description - School Employees Retirement System (SERS)

Plan Description - The District's non-teaching employees participate in SERS, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by SERS. SERS provides retirement, disability and survivor benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3309. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about SERS' fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by visiting the SERS website at www.ohsers.org under Employers/Audit Resources.

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NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

Age and service requirements for retirement are as follows:

	Eligible to Retire on or before August 1, 2017 *	Eligible to Retire after August 1, 2017
Full benefits	Any age with 30 years of service credit	Age 67 with 10 years of service credit; or Age 57 with 30 years of service credit
Actuarially reduced benefits	Age 60 with 5 years of service credit; or Age 55 with 25 years of service credit	Age 62 with 10 years of service credit; or Age 60 with 25 years of service credit

^{*} Members with 25 years of service credit as of August 1, 2017 will be included in this plan.

Annual retirement benefits are calculated based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on years of service; 2.2% for the first thirty years of service and 2.5% for years of service credit over 30. Final average salary is the average of the highest three years of salary.

An individual whose benefit effective date is before April 1, 2018, is eligible for a cost-of-living adjustment (COLA) on the first anniversary date of the benefit. Beginning April 1, 2018, new benefit recipients must wait until the fourth anniversary of their benefit for COLA eligibility. The COLA is added each year to the base benefit amount on the anniversary date of the benefit. A three-year COLA suspension was in effect for all benefit recipients for the years 2018, 2019, and 2020. Upon resumption of the COLA, it will be indexed to the percentage increase in the CPI-W, not to exceed 2.5% and with a floor of 0%. In 2021, the Board of Trustees approved a 2.5% cost-of-living adjustment (COLA) for eligible retirees and beneficiaries in 2022.

Funding Policy - Plan members are required to contribute 10.00% of their annual covered salary and the District is required to contribute 14.00% of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended by the SERS' Retirement Board up to statutory maximum amounts of 10.00% for plan members and 14.00% for employers. The Retirement Board, acting with the advice of the actuary, allocates the employer contribution rate among four of the System's funds (Pension Trust Fund, Death Benefit Fund, Medicare B Fund, and Health Care Fund). For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, the allocation to pension, death benefits, and Medicare B was 14.00%. For fiscal year 2022, the Retirement Board did not allocate any employer contribution to the Health Care Fund.

The District's contractually required contribution to SERS was \$209,286 for fiscal year 2022. Of this amount, \$8,349 is reported as pension and postemployment benefits payable.

Plan Description - State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)

Plan Description - Licensed teachers participate in STRS, a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system administered by STRS. STRS provides retirement and disability benefits to members and death and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. STRS issues a stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about STRS' fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by writing to STRS, 275 East Broad Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3771, by calling (888) 227-7877, or by visiting the STRS website at www.strsoh.org.

New members have a choice of three retirement plans: a Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan and a Combined (CO) Plan. Benefits are established by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

The DB plan offers an annual retirement allowance based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on years of service. Effective August 1, 2015, the calculation is 2.20% of final average salary for the five highest years of earnings multiplied by all years of service. In April 2017, the Retirement Board made the decision to reduce COLA granted on or after July 1, 2017, to 0% to preserve the fiscal integrity of the retirement system. Benefit recipients' base benefit and past cost-of living increases are not affected by this change. Eligibility changes will be phased in until August 1, 2026, when retirement eligibility for unreduced benefits will be five year of service credit and age 65, or 35 years of service credit and at least age 60.

Eligibility changes for DB Plan members who retire with actuarially reduced benefits will be phased in until August 1, 2026, when retirement eligibility will be five years of qualifying service credit and age 60, or 30 years of service credit at any age.

The DC Plan allows members to place all of their member contributions and 9.53% of the 14% employer contributions into an investment account. Investment allocation decisions are determined by the member. The remaining 4.47% of the 14% employer rate is allocated to the defined benefit unfunded liability. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The member may elect to receive a lifetime monthly annuity or a lump sum withdrawal.

The Combined Plan offers features of both the DB Plan and the DC Plan. In the Combined Plan, 12% of the 14% member rate goes to the DC Plan and the remaining 2% is applied to the DB Plan. Member contributions to the DC Plan are allocated among investment choices by the member, and contributions to the DB Plan from the employer and the member are used to fund the defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. The defined benefit portion of the Combined Plan payment is payable to a member on or after age 60 with five years of service. The defined contribution portion of the account may be taken as a lump sum payment or converted to a lifetime monthly annuity after termination of employment at age 50 and after termination of employment.

New members who choose the DC Plan or Combined Plan will have another opportunity to reselect a permanent plan during their fifth year of membership. Members may remain in the same plan or transfer to another STRS plan. The optional annuitization of a member's defined contribution account or the defined contribution portion of a member's Combined Plan account to a lifetime benefit results in STRS bearing the risk of investment gain or loss on the account. STRS has therefore included all three plan options as one defined benefit plan for GASB 68 reporting purposes.

A DB or Combined Plan member with five or more years of credited service who is determined to be disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. New members must have at least ten years of qualifying service credit that apply for disability benefits. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. Eligible survivors of members who die before service retirement may qualify for monthly benefits. If a member of the DC Plan dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

Funding Policy - Employer and member contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board and limited by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code. The fiscal year 2022 employer and employee contribution rate of 14% was equal to the statutory maximum rates. For fiscal year 2022, the full employer contribution was allocated to pension.

The District's contractually required contribution to STRS was \$751,036 for fiscal year 2022. Of this amount, \$125,552 is reported as pension and postemployment benefits payable.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the District's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating entities.

Following is information related to the proportionate share and pension expense:

	SERS			STRS		Total
Proportion of the net pension			'	_		
liability prior measurement date	0.0	039200600%	0.	041277490%		
Proportion of the net pension						
liability current measurement date	0.0	39768900%	0.	042433223%		
Change in proportionate share	0.0	000568300%	0.	001155733%		
Proportionate share of the net						
pension liability	\$	1,467,357	\$	5,425,469	\$	6,892,826
Pension expense	\$	(251,565)	\$	(231,754)	\$	(483,319)

At June 30, 2022, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

CEDC

CTDC

	SERS	STRS	Total
Deferred outflows of resources			
Differences between expected and			
actual experience	\$ 142	\$ 167,620	\$ 167,762
Changes of assumptions	30,898	1,505,124	1,536,022
Difference between employer contributions			
and proportionate share of contributions/			
change in proportionate share	22,696	183,465	206,161
Contributions subsequent to the			
measurement date	209,286	751,036	960,322
Total deferred outflows of resources	\$ 263,022	\$ 2,607,245	\$ 2,870,267
	SERS	STRS	Total
Deferred inflows of resources			
Differences between expected and			
actual experience	\$ 38,054	\$ 34,008	\$ 72,062
Net difference between projected and			
actual earnings on pension plan investments	755,733	4,675,716	5,431,449
Difference between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions/			
change in proportionate share	58,935	445,465	504,400
Total deferred inflows of resources	\$ 852,722	\$ 5,155,189	\$ 6,007,911
	Φ 032,722	\$ 5,155,167	\$ 0,007,711

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

\$960,322 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pension resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2023.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	SERS		STRS	 Total	
Fiscal Year Ending June 30:					
2023	\$	(230,737)	\$	(920,758)	\$ (1,151,495)
2024		(156,600)		(775,522)	(932,122)
2025		(179,686)		(721,713)	(901,399)
2026		(231,963)		(880,987)	(1,112,950)
Total	\$	(798,986)	\$	(3,298,980)	\$ (4,097,966)

Actuarial Assumptions - SERS

SERS' total pension liability was determined by their actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 67, as part of their annual actuarial valuation for each defined benefit retirement plan. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts (e.g., salaries, credited service) and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future (e.g., mortality, disabilities, retirements, employment termination). Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. For a newly hired employee, actuarial calculations will take into account the employee's entire career with the employer and also take into consideration the benefits, if any, paid to the employee after termination of employment until the death of the employee and any applicable contingent annuitant. In many cases actuarial calculations reflect several decades of service with the employer and the payment of benefits after termination.

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NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total pension liability in the latest actuarial valuation, prepared as of June 30, 2021, are presented below:

Wage inflation:

Current measurement date 2.40% Prior measurement date 3.00%

Future salary increases, including inflation:

Current measurement date 3.25% to 13.58% Prior measurement date 3.50% to 18.20%

COLA or ad hoc COLA:

Current measurement date 2.00% Prior measurement date 2.50%

Investment rate of return:

Current measurement date 7.00% net of system expenses
Prior measurement date 7.50% net of system expenses

Discount rate:

Current measurement date 7.00% Prior measurement date 7.50%

Actuarial cost method Entry age normal (level percent of payroll)

In 2021, Mortality rates were based on the PUB-2010 General Employee Amount Weight Below Median Healthy Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 1 year and adjusted 94.20% for males and set forward 2 years and adjusted 81.35% for females. Mortality among disabled members were based upon the PUB-2010 General Disabled Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 5 years and adjusted 103.3% for males and set forward 3 years and adjusted 106.8% for females. Future improvement in mortality rates is reflected by applying the MP-2020 projection scale generationally.

In the prior measurement date, the mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and a five-year age set-back for both males and females. Mortality among service retired members, and beneficiaries were based upon the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection with Scale BB, 120% of male rates, and 110% of female rates. Mortality among disabled members was based upon the RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, 90% for male rates and 100% for female rates, set back five years is used for the period after disability retirement.

The most recent experience study was completed for the five-year period ended June 30, 2020.

The long-term return expectation for the Pension Plan Investments has been determined using a building-block approach and assumes a time horizon, as defined in SERS' *Statement of Investment Policy*. A forecasted rate of inflation serves as the baseline for the return expectation. Various real return premiums over the baseline inflation rate have been established for each asset class. The long-term expected nominal rate of return has been determined by calculating a weighted average of the expected real return premiums for each asset class, adding the projected inflation rate, and adding the expected return from rebalancing uncorrelated asset classes.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

	Target	Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return
Cash	2.00 %	(0.33) %
US Equity	24.75	5.72
Non-US Equity Developed	13.50	6.55
Non-US Equity Emerging	6.75	8.54
Fixed Income/Global Bonds	19.00	1.14
Private Equity	11.00	10.03
Real Estate/Real Assets	16.00	5.41
Multi-Asset Strategy	4.00	3.47
Private Debt/Private Credit	3.00	5.28
Total	100.00 %	

Discount Rate - The total pension liability was calculated using the discount rate of 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the contributions from employers and from the members would be computed based on contribution requirements as stipulated by state statute. Projected inflows from investment earnings were calculated using the long-term assumed investment rate of return (7.00%). Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefits to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate - Net pension liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate, and to illustrate the potential impact the following table presents the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what each plan's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00%), or one percentage point higher (8.00%) than the current rate.

		Current						
	19⁄	6 Decrease	Dis	count Rate	1% Increase			
District's proportionate share			•	_		_		
of the net pension liability	\$	2,441,322	\$	1,467,357	\$	645,970		

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NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions - STRS

Key methods and assumptions used in the latest actuarial valuation, reflecting experience study results used in the June 30, 2021, actuarial valuation are presented below:

	June 30, 2021	June 30, 2020
Inflation	2.50%	2.50%
Projected salary increases	12.50% at age 20 to	12.50% at age 20 to
	2.50% at age 65	2.50% at age 65
Investment rate of return	7.00%, net of investment expenses, including inflation	7.45%, net of investment expenses, including inflation
Discount rate of return	7.00%	7.45%
Payroll increases	3.00%	3.00%
Cost-of-living adjustments (COLA)	0.00%	0.00%

For the June 30, 2021, actuarial valuation, post-retirement mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Annuitant Mortality Tables with 50% of rates through age 69, 70% of rates between ages 70 and 79, 90% of rates between ages 80 and 84, and 100% of rates thereafter, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. Preretirement mortality rates are based on RP-2014 Employee Mortality Tables, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. Post-retirement disabled mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Tables with 90% of rates for males and 100% of rates for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016.

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2021 valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2011 through June 30, 2016.

STRS Ohio's investment consultant develops an estimate range for the investment return assumption based on the target allocation adopted by the Retirement Board. The target allocation and long-term expected rate of return for each major asset class are summarized as follows:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return *
Domestic Equity	28.00 %	7.35 %
International Equity	23.00	7.55
Alternatives	17.00	7.09
Fixed Income	21.00	3.00
Real Estate	10.00	6.00
Liquidity Reserves	1.00	2.25
Total	100.00 %	

^{*10-}Year geometric nominal returns, which include the real rate of return and inflation of 2.25% and does not include investment expenses. Over a 30-year period, STRS' investment consultant indicates that the above target allocations should generate a return above the actuarial rate of return, without net value added by management.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

Discount Rate - The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00% as of June 30, 2021. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that member and employer contributions will be made at the statutory contribution rates in accordance with the rates described previously. For this purpose, only employer contributions that are intended to fund benefits of current plan members and their beneficiaries are included. Based on those assumptions, STRS Ohio's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members as of June 30, 2021. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.00% was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability as of June 30, 2021.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate - The following table represents the net pension liability as of June 30, 2021, calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 7.00%, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00%) or one percentage point higher (8.00%) than the current assumption:

		Current						
	19	1% Decrease Discount Rate			1% Increase			
District's proportionate share				_				
of the net pension liability	\$	10,159,873	\$	5,425,469	\$	1,424,908		

Changes Between Measurement Date and Reporting Date - STRS approved a one-time 3.00% cost-of-living adjustment to eligible benefit recipients effective July 1, 2022. It is unknown what the effect this change will have on the net pension liability.

NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS

Net OPEB Liability/(Asset)

See Note 12 for a description of the net OPEB liability/(asset).

Plan Description - School Employees Retirement System (SERS)

Health Care Plan Description - The District contributes to the SERS Health Care Fund, administered by SERS for non-certificated retirees and their beneficiaries. For GASB 75 purposes, this plan is considered a cost-sharing other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plan. SERS' Health Care Plan provides healthcare benefits to eligible individuals receiving retirement, disability, and survivor benefits, and to their eligible dependents. Members who retire after June 1, 1986, need 10 years of service credit, exclusive of most types of purchased credit, to qualify to participate in SERS' health care coverage. In addition to age and service retirees, disability benefit recipients and beneficiaries who are receiving monthly benefits due to the death of a member or retiree, are eligible for SERS' health care coverage. Most retirees and dependents choosing SERS' health care coverage are over the age of 65 and therefore enrolled in a fully insured Medicare Advantage plan; however, SERS maintains a traditional, self-insured preferred provider organization for its non-Medicare retiree population. For both groups, SERS offers a self-insured prescription drug program. Health care is a benefit that is permitted, not mandated, by statute. The financial report of the Plan is included in the SERS Annual Comprehensive Financial Report which can be obtained on SERS' website at www.ohsers.org under Employers/Audit Resources.

Access to health care for retirees and beneficiaries is permitted in accordance with Section 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Health Care Fund was established and is administered in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 105(e). SERS' Retirement Board reserves the right to change or discontinue any health plan or program. Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. The SERS Retirement Board established the rules for the premiums paid by the retirees for health care coverage for themselves and their dependents or for their surviving beneficiaries. Premiums vary depending on the plan selected, qualified years of service, Medicare eligibility, and retirement status.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

Funding Policy - State statute permits SERS to fund the health care benefits through employer contributions. Each year, after the allocation for statutorily required pensions and benefits, the Retirement Board may allocate the remainder of the employer contribution of 14% of covered payroll to the Health Care Fund in accordance with the funding policy. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, SERS did not allocate any employer contributions to post-employment health care. An additional health care surcharge on employers is collected for employees earning less than an actuarially determined minimum compensation amount, pro-rated if less than a full year of service credit was earned. For fiscal year 2022, this amount was \$25,000. Statutes provide that no employer shall pay a health care surcharge greater than 2% of that employer's SERS-covered payroll; nor may SERS collect in aggregate more than 1.5% of the total statewide SERS-covered payroll for the health care surcharge. For fiscal year 2022, the District's surcharge obligation was \$30,985.

The surcharge added to the allocated portion of the 14% employer contribution rate is the total amount assigned to the Health Care Fund. The District's contractually required contribution to SERS was \$30,985 for fiscal year 2022. Of this amount, \$30,985 is reported as pension and postemployment benefits payable.

Plan Description - State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)

Plan Description - The State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS) administers a cost-sharing Health Plan administered for eligible retirees who participated in the defined benefit or combined pension plans offered by STRS. Ohio law authorizes STRS to offer this plan. Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and partial reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. The Medicare Part B monthly reimbursement elimination date was postponed indefinitely. The Plan is included in the report of STRS which can be obtained by visiting www.strsoh.org or by calling (888) 227-7877.

Funding Policy - Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307 authorizes STRS to offer the Plan and gives the Retirement Board discretionary authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS. Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. Nearly all health care plan enrollees, for the most recent year, pay a portion of the health care costs in the form of a monthly premium. Under Ohio law, funding for post-employment health care may be deducted from employer contributions, currently 14% of covered payroll. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, STRS did not allocate any employer contributions to post-employment health care.

OPEB Liabilities/(Assets), OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

The net OPEB liability/(asset) was measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total OPEB liability/(asset) used to calculate the net OPEB liability/(asset) was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net OPEB liability/(asset) was based on the District's share of contributions to the respective retirement systems relative to the contributions of all participating entities.

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NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

Following is information related to the proportionate share and OPEB expense:

	SERS		STRS		Total
Proportion of the net OPEB		_		<u>.</u>	
liability/(asset) prior measurement date	0.0	40900100%	0.0	041277490%	
Proportion of the net OPEB					
liability/(asset) current measurement date	0.0	39830100%	0.0	042433223%	
Change in proportionate share	-0.0	01070000%	0.0	001155733%	
Proportionate share of the net					
OPEB liability	\$	753,817	\$	-	\$ 753,817
Proportionate share of the net					
OPEB (asset)	\$	-	\$	(894,670)	\$ (894,670)
OPEB expense	\$	(84,710)	\$	(74,873)	\$ (159,583)

At June 30, 2022, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

C	SERS		STRS			Total	
Deferred outflows of resources							
Differences between expected and							
actual experience	\$	8,035	\$	31,859)	\$	39,894
Changes of assumptions		118,257		57,148	3		175,405
Difference between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions/							
change in proportionate share		-		581	1		581
Contributions subsequent to the							
measurement date		30,985			-		30,985
Total deferred outflows of resources	\$	157,277	 \$	89,588	3_	\$	246,865
		SERS	STI	RS	_	Tot	al
Deferred inflows of resources							
Differences between expected and							
actual experience	\$	375,436	\$ 16	53,921	\$	53	9,357
Net difference between projected and							
actual earnings on OPEB plan investments		16,379	24	47,987		26	4,366
Changes of assumptions		103,228	53	33,739		63	6,967
Difference between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions/							
change in proportionate share		297,106	3	33,757		33	0,863
Total deferred inflows of resources	\$	792,149	\$ 97	79,404	\$	1,77	1,553

\$30,985 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability/(asset) in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2023.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

	SERS	STRS		 Total
Fiscal Year Ending June 30:				
2023	\$ (161,485)	\$	(256,754)	\$ (418,239)
2024	(161,600)		(250,548)	(412,148)
2025	(158,074)		(241,060)	(399,134)
2026	(117,868)		(106,874)	(224,742)
2027	(50,747)		(35,486)	(86,233)
Thereafter	(16,083)		906	(15,177)
Total	\$ (665,857)	\$	(889,816)	\$ (1,555,673)

Actuarial Assumptions - SERS

The total OPEB liability is determined by SERS' actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 74, as part of their annual actuarial valuation for each retirement plan. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts (e.g., salaries, credited service) and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future (e.g., mortality, disabilities, retirements, employment terminations). Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. For a newly hired employee, actuarial calculations will take into account the employee's entire career with the employer and also take into consideration the benefits, if any, paid to the employee after termination of employment until the death of the employee and any applicable contingent annuitant. In many cases, actuarial calculations reflect several decades of service with the employer and the payment of benefits after termination.

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NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total OPEB liability in the latest actuarial valuation date of June 30, 2021 are presented below:

Wage inflation:	
Current measurement date	2.40%
Prior measurement date	3.00%
Future salary increases, including inflation:	
Current measurement date	3.25% to 13.58%
Prior measurement date	3.50% to 18.20%
Investment rate of return:	
Current measurement date	7.00% net of investment
	expense, including inflation
Prior measurement date	7.50% net of investment
	expense, including inflation
Municipal bond index rate:	
Current measurement date	1.92%
Prior measurement date	2.45%
Single equivalent interest rate, net of plan investment expense,	
including price inflation:	
Current measurement date	2.27%
Prior measurement date	2.63%
Medical trend assumption:	
Current measurement date	
Medicare	5.125 to 4.400%
Pre-Medicare	6.750 to 4.400%
Prior measurement date	
Medicare	5.25 to 4.75%
Pre-Medicare	7.00 to 4.75%

In 2021, Mortality rates were based on the PUB-2010 General Employee Amount Weight Below Median Healthy Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 1 year and adjusted 94.20% for males and set forward 2 years and adjusted 81.35% for females. Mortality among disabled members were based upon the PUB-2010 General Disabled Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 5 years and adjusted 103.3% for males and set forward 3 years and adjusted 106.8% for females. Future improvement in mortality rates is reflected by applying the MP-2020 projection scale generationally.

In the prior measurement date, the mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and a five-year age set-back for both males and females. Mortality among service retired members, and beneficiaries were based upon the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection with Scale BB, 120% of male rates, and 110% of female rates. Mortality among disabled members was based upon the RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, 90% for male rates and 100% for female rates, set back five years is used for the period after disability retirement.

The most recent experience study was completed for the five-year period ended June 30, 2020.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

The long-term expected rate of return on plan assets is reviewed as part of the actuarial five-year experience study. The most recent study covers fiscal years 2015 through 2020 and was adopted by the Board in 2021. Several factors are considered in evaluating the long-term rate of return assumption including long-term historical data, estimates inherent in current market data, and a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return were developed by the investment consultant for each major asset class. These ranges were combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return, 7.00%, by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and then adding expected inflation. The capital market assumptions developed by the investment consultant are intended for use over a 10-year horizon and may not be useful in setting the long-term rate of return for funding pension plans which covers a longer timeframe. The assumption is intended to be a long-term assumption and is not expected to change absent a significant change in the asset allocation, a change in the inflation assumption, or a fundamental change in the market that alters expected returns in future years.

The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, as used in the June 30, 2020 five-year experience study, are summarized as follows:

	Target	Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return
Cash	2.00 %	(0.33) %
US Equity	24.75	5.72
Non-US Equity Developed	13.50	6.55
Non-US Equity Emerging	6.75	8.54
Fixed Income/Global Bonds	19.00	1.14
Private Equity	11.00	10.03
Real Estate/Real Assets	16.00	5.41
Multi-Asset Strategy	4.00	3.47
Private Debt/Private Credit	3.00	5.28
Total	100.00 %	

Discount Rate - The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability at June 30, 2021 was 2.27%. The discount rate used to measure total OPEB liability prior to June 30, 2021 was 2.63%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions will be made from members and the System at the contribution rate of 1.50% of projected covered payroll each year, which includes a 1.50% payroll surcharge and no contributions from the basic benefits plan. Based on these assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to become insufficient to make all projected future benefit payments of current System members by SERS actuaries. The Municipal Bond Index Rate is used in the determination of the SEIR for both the June 30, 2020 and the June 30, 2021 total OPEB liability. The Municipal Bond Index rate is the single rate that will generate a present value of benefit payments equal to the sum of the present value determined by the long-term expected rate of return, and the present value determined by discounting those benefits after the date of depletion. The Municipal Bond Index Rate is 1.92% at June 30, 2021 and 2.45% at June 30, 2020.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate and Changes in the Health Care Cost Trend Rates - The net OPEB liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate and the health care cost trend rate. The following table presents the net OPEB liability, what the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (1.27%) and higher (3.27%) than the current discount rate (2.27%). Also shown is what the net OPEB liability would be based on health care cost trend rates that are 1 percentage point lower (5.75% decreasing to 3.40%) and higher (7.75% decreasing to 5.40%) than the current rate (6.75% decreasing to 4.40%).

			(Current		
	1%	Decrease	Disc	count Rate	1%	6 Increase
District's proportionate share						
of the net OPEB liability	\$	934,071	\$	753,817	\$	609,818
		57				

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

			(Current		
	1%	Decrease	T1	rend Rate	1%	Increase
District's proportionate share						
of the net OPEB liability	\$	580,378	\$	753,817	\$	985,480

Actuarial Assumptions - STRS

Key methods and assumptions used in the latest actuarial valuation, reflecting experience study results used in the June 30, 2021, actuarial valuation, compared with June 30, 2020, are presented below:

	June 30, 2021		June 30, 2020		
Inflation	2.50%		2.50%		
Projected salary increases	12.50% at age 20 to		12.50% at age 20) to	
	2.50% at age 65		2.50% at age 65		
Investment rate of return	7.00%, net of investment expenses, including inflation		7.45%, net of investment expenses, including inflation		
Payroll increases	3.00%		3.00%		
Cost-of-living adjustments (COLA)	0.00%		0.00%		
Discount rate of return	7.00%		7.45%		
Blended discount rate of return	N/A		N/A		
Health care cost trends					
	Initial	Ultimate	Initial	Ultimate	
Medical					
Pre-Medicare	5.00%	4.00%	5.00%	4.00%	
Medicare	-16.18%	4.00%	-6.69%	4.00%	
Prescription Drug					
Pre-Medicare	6.50%	4.00%	6.50%	4.00%	
Medicare	29.98%	4.00%	11.87%	4.00%	

Projections of benefits include the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and retired plan members.

For healthy retirees the mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Annuitant Mortality Tables with 50% of rates through age 69, 70% of rates between ages 70 and 79, 90% of rates between ages 80 and 84, and 100% of rates thereafter, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. For disabled retirees, mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Tables with 90% of rates for males and 100% of rates for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016.

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2021 valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2011 through June 30, 2016.

Assumption Changes Since the Prior Measurement Date - The discount rate was adjusted to 7.00% from 7.45% for the June 30, 2021 valuation.

Benefit Term Changes Since the Prior Measurement Date - The non-Medicare subsidy percentage was increased effective January 1, 2022 from 2.055% to 2.100%. The non-Medicare frozen subsidy base premium was increased effective January 1, 2022. The Medicare Part D subsidy was updated to reflect it is expected to be negative in CY2022. The Part B monthly reimbursement elimination date was postponed indefinitely.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

STRS' investment consultant develops an estimate range for the investment return assumption based on the target allocation adopted by the Retirement Board. The target allocation and long-term expected rate of return for each major asset class are summarized as follows:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return *
Domestic Equity	28.00 %	7.35 %
International Equity	23.00	7.55
Alternatives	17.00	7.09
Fixed Income	21.00	3.00
Real Estate	10.00	6.00
Liquidity Reserves	1.00	2.25
Total	100.00 %	

^{*10-}Year geometric nominal returns, which include the real rate of return and inflation of 2.25% and does not include investment expenses. Over a 30-year period, STRS' investment consultant indicates that the above target allocations should generate a return above the actuarial rate of return, without net value added by management.

Discount Rate - The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB asset was 7.00% as of June 30, 2021. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed STRS Ohio continues to allocate no employer contributions to the health care fund. Based on these assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members as of June 30, 2021. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on health care fund investments of 7.00% was applied to all periods of projected health care costs to determine the total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2021.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB (Asset) to Changes in the Discount and Health Care Cost Trend Rate - The following table represents the net OPEB (asset) as of June 30, 2021, calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 7.00%, as well as what the net OPEB (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00%) or one percentage point higher (8.00%) than the current assumption. Also shown is the net OPEB asset as if it were calculated using health care cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current health care cost trend rates.

				Current		
	1%	6 Decrease	Dis	count Rate		1% Increase
District's proportionate share	¢	(754.0(3)	Ф.	(904 (70)	¢	(1.011.274)
of the net OPEB (asset)	\$	(754,963)	\$	(894,670)	\$	(1,011,374)
				Current		
	1%	6 Decrease	T	rend Rate		1% Increase
District's proportionate share	Ф	(1.00(.(45)	¢.	(904 (70)	¢.	(75(202)
of the net OPEB (asset)	\$	(1,006,645)	\$	(894,670)	Э	(756,202)

NOTE 14 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

While reporting financial position, results of operations, and changes in fund balance on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts and disbursements.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 14 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING - (Continued)

The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance - budget and actual (non-GAAP budgetary basis) presented for the general fund is presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The major differences between the budget basis and the GAAP basis are that:

- (a) Revenues and other financing sources are recorded when received in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP basis);
- (b) Expenditures and other financing uses are recorded when paid in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP basis);
- (c) In order to determine compliance with Ohio law, and to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, total outstanding encumbrances (budget basis) are recorded as the equivalent of an expenditure, as opposed to assigned or committed fund balance for that portion of outstanding encumbrances not already recognized as an account payable (GAAP basis);
- (d) Investments are reported on fair value (GAAP basis) rather than cost (budget basis); and
- (e) Some funds are included in the general fund (GAAP basis), but have separate legally adopted budgets (budget basis).

The adjustments necessary to convert the results of operations for the year on the budget basis to the GAAP basis for the general fund is as follows:

Net Change in Fund Balance

	Ge	neral fund
Budget basis	\$	420,757
Net adjustment for revenue accruals		318,354
Net adjustment for expenditure accruals		68,442
Net adjustment for other sources/uses		(64,929)
Funds budgeted elsewhere		(3,845)
Adjustment for encumbrances		360,336
GAAP basis	\$	1,099,115

Certain funds that are legally budgeted in separate special revenue funds are considered part of the general fund on a GAAP basis. This includes the special trust fund, the uniform school supplies fund, the other grants fund and the public-school support fund.

NOTE 15 - CONTINGENCIES

A. Grants

The District receives significant financial assistance from numerous federal, State and local agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the District. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material effect on the financial position of the District.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 15 - CONTINGENCIES - (Continued)

B. Litigation

The District is involved in no material litigation as either plaintiff or defendant.

C. School Foundation

School District foundation funding is based on the annualized full-time equivalent (FTE) enrollment of each student. The Ohio Department of Education (ODE) is legislatively required to adjust/reconcile funding as enrollment information is updated by schools throughout the State, which can extend past the fiscal year end. As a result of the final fiscal year 2022 FTE reviews, an immaterial intergovernmental receivable was due from ODE from the District.

NOTE 16 - SET-ASIDES

The District is required by State law to annually set-aside certain general fund revenue amounts, as defined by statutory formula, for the acquisition and construction of capital improvements. Amounts not spent by the end of the fiscal year or offset by similarly restricted resources received during the year must be held in cash at fiscal year-end. This amount must be carried forward to be used for the same purpose in future years. Expenditures exceeding the set-aside requirement may not be carried forward to the next fiscal year.

During fiscal year 2001, the District issued \$3,265,000 in current interest general obligation bonds and \$96,000 in capital appreciation bonds. These proceeds may be used to reduce the capital improvements set-aside amount to below zero for future years. The amount presented for prior year offset from bond proceeds is limited to an amount needed to reduce the capital improvement set-aside balance to \$0. The District is responsible for tracking the amount of bond proceeds that may be used as an offset in future periods, which was \$1,544,736 at June 30, 2022.

The following cash-basis information describes the change in the fiscal year-end set-aside amount for capital improvements. Disclosure of this information is required by State statute.

	Capital Improvements			
Set-aside balance June 30, 2021 Current year set-aside requirement	\$	- 176,724		
Current year qualifying expenditures Total		(176,724)		
Balance carried forward to fiscal year 2023	\$	-		
Set-aside balance June 30, 2022	\$	-		

Although the District had qualifying disbursements during the year that reduced the set-aside amounts below zero for the capital acquisition reserve, this extra amount may not be used to reduce the set-aside requirements for future years. The negative amount is therefore not presented as being carried forward to the next fiscal year.

NOTE 17 - DONOR RESTRICTED ENDOWMENTS

The District's endowment fund consists of donor restricted endowments and realized and unrealized appreciation on investments and is reflected as restricted for other purposes. State law permits the District to appropriate, for purposes consistent with the endowment's intent, net appreciation, realized and unrealized, unless the endowment terms specify otherwise. The endowment indicates that the interest should be used to provide scholarships each year.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 18 - OTHER COMMITMENTS

The District utilizes encumbrance accounting as part of its budgetary controls. Encumbrances outstanding at year end may be reported as part of restricted, committed, or assigned classifications of fund balance. At year end, the District's commitments for encumbrances in the governmental funds were as follows:

	Fisca	al Year-End
<u>Fund</u>	Enci	umbrances
General fund	\$	262,464
Nonmajor governmental funds		278,417
Total	\$	540,881

NOTE 19 - INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

Due to/from other funds consisted of the following at June 30, 2022, as reported on the fund statement:

Receivable fund	Payable fund	Am	nount
General fund	Nonmajor governmental funds	\$	30,240

The primary purpose of the amount due to the general fund from the nonmajor governmental fund was to eliminate negative cash balances. The amount will be repaid once cash is received.

Amounts due to/from between governmental funds are eliminated on the government-wide statements.

NOTE 20 - COVID-19

The United States and the State of Ohio declared a state of emergency in March of 2020 due to the COVID-19 pandemic. Ohio's state of emergency ended in June, 2021 while the national state of emergency continues. During fiscal year 2022, the District received COVID-19 funding. The financial impact of COVID-19 and the continuing emergency measures may impact subsequent periods of the District. The impact on the District's future operating costs, revenues, and additional recovery from emergency funding, either federal or state, cannot be estimated. The District's investment portfolio fluctuates with market conditions, and due to market volatility, the amount of gains or losses that will be realized in subsequent periods, if any, cannot be determined.

NOTE 21 - TAX ABATEMENTS ENTERED INTO BY OTHER GOVERNMENTS

Wakeman Village entered into property tax abatement agreements with property owners under The Ohio Community Reinvestment Area (CRA) program. The CRA program is a directive incentive tax exemption program benefiting property owners who renovate or construct new buildings. These tax abatements reduce assessed value by a percentage agreed upon by all parties that authorize these types of agreements. The agreements affect the property tax receipts collected and distributed to the District. Under the agreements, the District's property taxes were reduced by \$16,495 during fiscal year 2022.

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SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (SERS) OF OHIO

LAST NINE FISCAL YEARS

	2022		2021		2020		2019	
District's proportion of the net pension liability	0.03976890%		0.03920060%		0.04357590%		0.05570740%	
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	1,467,357	\$	2,592,810	\$	2,607,223	\$	3,190,466
District's covered payroll	\$	1,387,593	\$	1,374,879	\$	1,491,074	\$	1,346,230
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		105.75%		188.58%		174.86%		236.99%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		82.86%		68.55%		70.85%		71.36%

Note: Information prior to 2014 was unavailable. Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the District's measurement date which is the prior year-end.

SEE ACCOMPANYING NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

	2018	_	2017		2016		2015		2014
(0.05525180%	(0.04820330%	().04536490%	(0.04310100%	(0.04310100%
\$	3,301,173	\$	3,528,037	\$	2,588,565	\$	2,181,317	\$	2,563,078
\$	1,626,064	\$	1,534,379	\$	1,365,721	\$	1,252,446	\$	1,296,091
	203.02%		229.93%		189.54%		174.16%		197.75%
	69.50%		62.98%		69.16%		71.70%		65.52%

SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM (STRS) OF OHIO

LAST NINE FISCAL YEARS

	2022		2021			2020	2019	
District's proportion of the net pension liability	0.04243322%		0.04127749%		0.04283281%		0.04551217%	
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	5,425,469	\$	9,987,684	\$	9,472,219	\$	10,007,104
District's covered payroll	\$	5,302,007	\$	5,017,857	\$	4,947,421	\$	5,220,336
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		102.33%		199.04%		191.46%		191.69%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		87.78%		75.48%		77.40%		77.31%

Note: Information prior to 2014 was unavailable. Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the District's measurement date which is the prior year-end.

SEE ACCOMPANYING NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

 2018	 2017	 2016	 2015		2014
0.04609309%	0.04683292%	0.04663892%	0.04738065%		0.04738065%
\$ 10,949,512	\$ 15,676,390	\$ 12,889,633	\$ 11,524,614	\$	13,728,045
\$ 5,063,943	\$ 4,976,264	\$ 4,865,993	\$ 4,840,992	\$	5,065,400
216.23%	315.02%	264.89%	238.06%		271.02%
75.30%	66.80%	72.10%	74.70%		69.30%

SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (SERS) OF OHIO

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2022		 2021	2020		2019	
Contractually required contribution	\$	209,286	\$ 194,263	\$	192,483	\$	201,295
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		(209,286)	(194,263)		(192,483)		(201,295)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$ 	\$		\$	
District's covered payroll	\$	1,494,900	\$ 1,387,593	\$	1,374,879	\$	1,491,074
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		14.00%	14.00%		14.00%		13.50%

SEE ACCOMPANYING NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

2018		2017		2016			2015		2014	2013		
\$	181,741	\$	227,649	\$	214,813	\$	180,002	\$	173,589	\$	179,379	
	(181,741)	-	(227,649)		(214,813)	-	(180,002)	-	(173,589)	r	(179,379)	
\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		
\$	1,346,230	\$	1,626,064	\$	1,534,379	\$	1,365,721	\$	1,252,446	\$	1,296,091	
	13.50%		14.00%		14.00%		13.18%		13.86%		13.84%	

SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM (STRS) OF OHIO

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2022		 2021		2020		2019
Contractually required contribution	\$	751,036	\$ 742,281	\$	702,500	\$	692,639
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		(751,036)	(742,281)		(702,500)		(692,639)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$ _	\$		\$	
District's covered payroll	\$	5,364,543	\$ 5,302,007	\$	5,017,857	\$	4,947,421
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		14.00%	14.00%		14.00%		14.00%

 2018	 2017	 2016	 2015	 2014	 2013
\$ 730,847	\$ 708,952	\$ 696,677	\$ 681,239	\$ 629,329	\$ 658,502
 (730,847)	(708,952)	(696,677)	 (681,239)	(629,329)	(658,502)
\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$
\$ 5,220,336	\$ 5,063,943	\$ 4,976,264	\$ 4,865,993	\$ 4,840,992	\$ 5,065,400
14.00%	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%	13.00%	13.00%

SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (SERS) OF OHIO

LAST SIX FISCAL YEARS

		2022		2021	 2020	 2019
District's proportion of the net OPEB liability	(0.03983010%	(0.04090010%	0.04480830%	0.05526300%
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$	753,817	\$	888,893	\$ 1,126,835	\$ 1,533,145
District's covered payroll	\$	1,387,593	\$	1,374,879	\$ 1,491,074	\$ 1,346,230
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		54.33%		64.65%	75.57%	113.88%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability		24.08%		18.17%	15.57%	13.57%

Note: Information prior to 2017 was unavailable. Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the District's measurement date which is the prior year-end.

2018	2017
0.05540070%	0.04894949%
\$ 1,486,809	\$ 1,395,242
\$ 1,626,064	\$ 1,534,379
91.44%	90.93%
12.46%	11.49%

SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY/(ASSET) STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM (STRS) OF OHIO

LAST SIX FISCAL YEARS

		2022		2021	 2020		2019
District's proportion of the net OPEB liability/(asset)	(0.04243322%	().04127749%	0.04283281%	(0.04551217%
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability/(asset)	\$	(894,670)	\$	(725,452)	\$ (709,414)	\$	(731,334)
District's covered payroll	\$	5,302,007	\$	5,017,857	\$ 4,947,421	\$	5,220,336
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability/(asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll		16.87%		14.46%	14.34%		14.01%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability/(asset)		174.73%		182.10%	174.70%		176.00%

Note: Information prior to 2017 was unavailable. Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the District's measurement date which is the prior year-end.

 2018	 2017
0.04609309%	0.04683292%
\$ 1,798,382	\$ 2,504,637
\$ 5,063,943	\$ 4,976,264
35.51%	50.33%
47.10%	37.30%

SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT OPEB CONTRIBUTIONS SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (SERS) OF OHIO

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	 2022	 2021		2020	 2019
Contractually required contribution	\$ 30,985	\$ 20,456	\$	27,324	\$ 35,515
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	 (30,985)	(20,456)	_	(27,324)	(35,515)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 	\$ 	\$		\$
District's covered payroll	\$ 1,494,900	\$ 1,387,593	\$	1,374,879	\$ 1,491,074
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	2.07%	1.47%		1.99%	2.38%

2018		2017		2016		 2015	 2014	2013	
\$	31,225	\$	27,109	\$	25,201	\$ 33,653	\$ 25,293	\$	22,450
	(31,225)		(27,109)		(25,201)	(33,653)	(25,293)		(22,450)
\$		\$		\$		\$ 	\$ 	\$	
\$	1,346,230	\$	1,626,064	\$	1,534,379	\$ 1,365,721	\$ 1,252,446	\$	1,296,091
	2.32%		1.67%		1.64%	2.46%	2.02%		1.73%

SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT OPEB CONTRIBUTIONS STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM (STRS) OF OHIO

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	 2022	2021	 2020	 2019
Contractually required contribution	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	 <u>-</u>	 	<u>-</u>	<u> </u>
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$
District's covered payroll	\$ 5,364,543	\$ 5,302,007	\$ 5,017,857	\$ 4,947,421
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

 2018	 2017	 2016	 2015	 2014	 2013
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 48,418	\$ 50,654
 	 	 	 	 (48,418)	 (50,654)
\$ _	\$ 	\$ _	\$ 	\$ -	\$ _
\$ 5,220,336	\$ 5,063,943	\$ 4,976,264	\$ 4,865,993	\$ 4,840,992	\$ 5,065,400
0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	1.00%	1.00%

NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

PENSION

SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (SERS) OF OHIO

Changes in benefit terms:

- There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for fiscal years 2014-2017.
- ^a For fiscal year 2018, SERS changed from a fixed 3% annual increase to a Cost of Living Adjustment (COLA) based on the changes in the Consumer Price Index (CPI-W), with a cap of 2.5% and a floor of 0%.
- There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts previously reported for fiscal year 2019.
- ⁿ There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts previously reported for fiscal year 2020.
- There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts previously reported for fiscal year 2021.
- ^a For fiscal year 2022, SERS changed from a Cost of Living Adjustment (COLA) of 2.5% to 2.0%.

Changes in assumptions:

- There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal years
- For fiscal year 2017, the following changes of assumptions affected the total pension liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the assumed rate of inflation was reduced from 3.25% to 3.00%, (b) payroll growth assumption was reduced from 4.00% to 3.50%, (c) assumed real wage growth was reduced from 0.75% to 0.50%, (d) rates of withdrawal, retirement and disability were updated to reflect recent experience, (e) mortality among active members was updated to RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and a five year age set-back for both males and females, (f) mortality among service retired members and beneficiaries was updated to the following RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection with Scale BB, 120% of male rates and 110% of female rates, (g) mortality among disabled members was updated to RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, 90% for male rates and 100% for female rates, set back five years is used for the period after disability retirement and (h) the discount rate was reduced from 7.75% to 7.50%.
- There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal year 2018.
- There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal year 2019
- There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal year
 2020
- There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal year 2021.
- For fiscal year 2022, the following changes of assumptions affected the total pension liability since the prior measurement date: (a) wage inflation decreased from 3.00% to 2.40%, (b) future salary increases changed from 3.50%-18.20% to 3.25%-13.58%, (c) investment rate of return decreased from 7.50% to 7.00%, (d) discount rate decreased from 7.50% to 7.00% and (e) mortality tables changed from the RP-2014 Blue Collar mortality table to the PUB-2010 General Employee Amount Weight Below Median Healthy Retiree mortality table.

STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM (STRS) OF OHIO

Changes in benefit terms:

- ¹ There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for fiscal years 2014-2017.
- ¹⁰ For fiscal year 2018, STRS decreased the Cost of Living Adjustment (COLA) to zero.
- There were no changes in benefit terms from amounts previously reported for fiscal year 2019.
- There were no changes in benefit terms from amounts previously reported for fiscal year 2020.
- ⁿ There were no changes in benefit terms from amounts previously reported for fiscal year 2021.
- There were no changes in benefit terms from amounts previously reported for fiscal year 2022.

(Continued)

NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (CONTINUED) FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

PENSION (CONTINUED)

Changes in assumptions:

- There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal years 2014-2017.
- For fiscal year 2018, the following changes of assumption affected the total pension liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the long-term expected rate of return was reduced from 7.75% to 7.45%, (b) the inflation assumption was lowered from 2.75% to 2.50%, (c) the payroll growth assumption was lowered to 3.00%, (d) total salary increases rate was lowered by decreasing the merit component of the individual salary increases, in addition to a decrease of 0.25% due to lower inflation, (e) the healthy and disabled mortality assumptions were updated to the RP-2014 mortality tables with generational improvement scale MP-2016 and (f) rates of retirement, termination and disability were modified to better reflect anticipated future experience.
- There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal year 2019.
- There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal year 2020.
- There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal year 2021.
- ^a For fiscal year 2022, the following changes of assumption affected the total pension liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the long-term expected rate of return was reduced from 7.45% to 7.00% and (b) the discount rate of return was reduced from 7.45% to 7.00%.

OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)

SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (SERS) OF OHIO

Changes in benefit terms:

¹ There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for fiscal years 2014-2022.

Changes in assumptions:

- There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal year 2017.
- □ For fiscal year 2018, the following changes of assumptions affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) assumed rate of inflation was reduced from 3.25% to 3.00%, (b) payroll growth assumption was reduced from 4.00% to 3.50%, (c) assumed real wage growth was reduced from 0.75% to 0.50%, (d) rates of withdrawal, retirement, and disability were updated to reflect recent experience, (e) mortality among active members was updated to the following: RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and a five-year age set-back for both males and females, (f) mortality among service retired members and beneficiaries was updated to the following: RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection with Scale BB, 120% of male rates, and 110% of female rates, (g) mortality among disabled members was updated to the following: RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, 90% for male rates and 100% for female rates, set back five years is used for the period after disability retirement, (h) the municipal bond index rate increased from 2.92% to 3.56% and (i) the single equivalent interest rate, net of plan investment expense, including price inflation increased from 2.98% to 3.63%.
- For fiscal year 2019, the following changes of assumptions affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the discount rate increased from 3.63% to 3.70%, (b) the health care cost trend rates for Medicare were changed from a range of 5.50%-5.00% to a range of 5.375%-4.75% and Pre-Medicare were changed from a range of 7.50%-5.00% to a range of 7.25%-4.75%, (c) the municipal bond index rate increased from 3.56% to 3.62% and (d) the single equivalent interest rate, net of plan investment expense, including price inflation increased from 3.63% to 3.70%.
- For fiscal year 2020, the following changes of assumptions affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the discount rate decreased from 3.70% to 3.22%, (b) the health care cost trend rates for Medicare were changed from a range of 5.375%-4.75% to a range of 5.25%-4.75% and Pre-Medicare were changed from a range of 7.25%-4.75% to a range of 7.00%-4.75%, (c) the municipal bond index rate decreased from 3.62% to 3.13% and (d) the single equivalent interest rate, net of plan investment expense, including price inflation decreased from 3.70% to 3.22%.
- For fiscal year 2021, the following changes of assumptions affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the discount rate decreased from 3.22% to 2.63% and (b) the municipal bond index rate decreased from 3.13% to 2.45%.
- ^a For fiscal year 2022, the following changes of assumptions affected the total pension liability since the prior measurement date: (a) wage inflation decreased from 3.00% to 2.40%, (b) future salary increases changed from 3.50%-18.20% to 3.25%-13.58%, (c) investment rate of return decreased from 7.50% to 7.00%, (d) discount rate decreased from 7.50% to 7.00% and (e) mortality tables changed from the RP-2014 Blue Collar mortality table to the PUB-2010 General Employee Amount Weight Below Median Healthy Retiree mortality table.

(Continued)

NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (CONTINUED) FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (CONTINUED)

STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM (STRS) OF OHIO

Changes in benefit terms:

- ⁿ There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts previously reported for fiscal year 2017.
- For fiscal year 2018, STRS reduced the subsidy multiplier for non-Medicare benefit recipients from 2.1% to 1.9% per year of service. Medicare Part B premium reimbursements were discontinued for certain survivors and beneficiaries and all remaining Medicare Part B premium reimbursements will be discontinued beginning January 2019.
- For fiscal year 2019, STRS increased the subsidy multiplier for non-Medicare benefit recipients from 1.9% to 1.944% per year of service effective January 1, 2019. The non-Medicare frozen subsidy base premium was increased January 1, 2019 and all remaining Medicare Part B premium reimbursements will be discontinued beginning January 1, 2020.
- ^a For fiscal year 2020, STRS increased the subsidy percentage from 1.944% to 1.984% effective January 1, 2020. The Medicare subsidy percentages were adjusted effective January 1, 2021 to 2.1% for the Medicare plan. The Medicare Part B monthly reimbursement elimination date was postponed to January 1, 2021.
- For fiscal year 2021, the non-Medicare subsidy percentage was increased effective January 1, 2021 from 1.984% to 2.055% per year of service. The non-Medicare frozen subsidy base premium was increased effective January 1, 2021. The Medicare subsidy percentages were adjusted effective January 1, 2021 to 2.1% for the AMA Medicare plan. The Medicare Part B monthly reimbursement elimination date was postponed indefinitely.
- ^a For fiscal year 2022, the non-Medicare subsidy percentage was increased effective January 1, 2022 from 2.055% to 2.100%. The non-Medicare frozen subsidy base premium was increased effective January 1, 2022. The Medicare Part D subsidy was updated to reflect it is expected to be negative in CY2022. The Part B monthly reimbursement elimination date was postponed indefinitely.

Changes in assumptions:

- There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal year 2017.
- For fiscal year 2018, the following changes of assumptions affected the total OPEB hability since the prior measurement date: (a) the discount rate was increased from 3.26% to 4.13% based on the methodology defined under GASB Statement No. 74, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans (OPEB), (b) the long term expected rate of return was reduced from 7.75% to 7.45%, (c) valuation year per capita health care costs were updated, and the salary scale was modified, (d) the percentage of future retirees electing each option was updated based on current data and the percentage of future disabled retirees and terminated vested participants electing health coverage were decreased and (e) the assumed mortality, disability, retirement, withdrawal and future health care cost trend rates were modified along with the portion of rebated prescription drug costs.
- For fiscal year 2019, the following changes of assumptions affected the total OPEB liability/asset since the prior measurement date:
 (a) the discount rate was increased from the blended rate of 4.13% to the long-term expected rate of return of 7.45% based on the methodology defined under GASB Statement No. 74, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans (OPEB) and (b) decrease in health care cost trend rates from 6.00%-11.00% initial; 4.50% ultimate down to Medical Pre-Medicare 6.00% and Medicare 5.00% initial; 4.00% ultimate and Prescription Drug Pre-Medicare 8.00% and Medicare (5.23%) initial; 4.00% ultimate.
- For fiscal year 2020, health care cost trend rates were changed to the following: medical pre-Medicare from 6.00% initial 4.00% ultimate down to 5.87% initial 4.00% ultimate; medical Medicare from 5.00% initial 4.00% ultimate down to 4.93% initial 4.00% ultimate; prescription drug pre-Medicare from 8.00% initial 4.00% ultimate down to 7.73% initial 4.00% ultimate and (5.23%) initial 4.00% ultimate up to 9.62% initial 4.00% ultimate.
- For fiscal year 2021, health care cost trend rates were changed to the following: medical pre-Medicare from 5.87% initial 4.00% ultimate down to 5.00% initial 4.00% ultimate; medical Medicare from 4.93% initial 4.00% ultimate down to -6.69% initial 4.00% ultimate; prescription drug pre-Medicare from 7.73% initial 4.00% ultimate down to 6.50% initial 4.00% ultimate; prescription drug Medicare from 9.62% initial 4.00% ultimate up to 11.87% initial 4.00% ultimate.
- For fiscal year 2022, the following changes of assumption affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the long-term expected rate of return was reduced from 7.45% to 7.00%, (b) the discount rate of return was reduced from 7.45% to 7.00% and (c) health care cost trend rates were changed to the following: medical Medicare from -6.69% initial 4.00% ultimate down to -16.18% initial 4.00% ultimate; prescription drug Medicare from 11.87% initial 4.00% ultimate up to 29.98% initial 4.00% ultimate.

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

FEDERAL GRANTOR Pass Through Grantor Program / Cluster Title	Federal AL Number	Total Federal Expenditures
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE Passed Through Ohio Department of Education		
Child Nutrition Cluster:		
School Breakfast Program:		
Cash Assistance	10.553	\$ 186,998
Total School Breakfast Program		186,998
National School Lunch Program:		
Cash Assistance	10.555	393,074
Non-cash Assistance (Food Distribution)	10.555	38,949
Total National School Lunch Program		432,023
Total Child Nutrition Cluster		619,021
COVID-19 Pandemic EBT Administrative Costs	10.649	614
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture		619,635
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF TREASURY		
Passed Through Ohio Department of Education		
COVID-19 Coronavirus Relief Fund	21.019	5,838
Total U.S. Department of Treasury		5,838
FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION		
Direct Program		
COVID-19 Emergency Connectivity Fund Program	32.009	248,800
Total Federal Communications Commission		248,800
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION		
Passed Through Ohio Department of Education		
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010A	181,147
•		
Special Education Cluster (IDEA):		
Special Education - Grant to States	84.027A	237,680
Special Education - Preschool Grants	84.173A	5,536
Total Special Education Cluster (IDEA)		243,216
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants	84.367A	29,764
Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program	84.424A	14,429
COVID-19 Education Stabilization Fund:		
COVID-19 - Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief (ESSER I)	84.425D	32,650
COVID-19 - Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief (ESSER II)	84.425D	291,646
COVID-19 - American Rescue Plan Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund (ARP ESSER)	84.425U	44,104
Total Education Stabilization Fund		368,400
Total U.S. Department of Education		836,956
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards		¢ 1741220
Total Exponentation of Leadin Awards		\$ 1,711,229

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this schedule.

NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS 2 CFR 200.510(b)(6) FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE A - BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (the Schedule) includes the federal award activity of Western Reserve Local School District, Huron County, Ohio (the District) under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2022. The information on this Schedule is prepared in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position or changes in net position of the District.

NOTE B - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the cash basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in Uniform Guidance wherein certain types of expenditures may or may not be allowable or may be limited as to reimbursement.

NOTE C - INDIRECT COST RATE

The District has elected not to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

NOTE D - CHILD NUTRITION CLUSTER

The District commingles cash receipts from the U.S. Department of Agriculture with similar state grants. When reporting expenditures on this Schedule, the District assumes it expends federal monies first.

NOTE E - FOOD DONATION PROGRAM

The District reports commodities consumed on the Schedule at the entitlement value. The District allocated donated food commodities to the respective program that benefitted from the use of those donated food commodities.

NOTE F - TRANSFERS BETWEEN PROGRAM YEARS

Federal regulations require schools to obligate certain federal awards by June 30. However, with the Ohio Department of Education's consent, schools can transfer unobligated amounts to the subsequent fiscal year's program. The District transferred the following amounts from 2022 to 2023 programs:

Program Title	AL Number	Amt	Transferred
American Rescue Plan Act Special Education - Grants to States	84.027X	\$	49,133
American Rescue Plan Act Special Education - Preschool Grants	84.173X	\$	1,417
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010A	\$	24,702
Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund (ESSER I)	84.425D	\$	382
Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund (ARP ESSER)	84.425U	\$	1,418,678



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Western Reserve Local School District Huron County 3765 State Route 20 East Collins, Ohio 44826

To the Board of Education:

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*), the financial statements of the governmental activities, the major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Western Reserve Local School District, Huron County, Ohio (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated March 15, 2023, wherein we noted the financial impact of COVID-19 and the continuing emergency measures which may impact subsequent periods of the District.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the District's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. We identified a certain deficiency in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings as item 2022-001 that we consider to be a material weakness.

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Western Reserve Local School District
Huron County
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over
Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters
Required by Government Auditing Standards
Page 2

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

District's Response to Finding

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on the District's response to the finding identified in our audit and described in the accompanying schedule of findings and corrective action plan. The District's response was not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Keith Faber Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

March 15, 2023



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO THE MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Western Reserve Local School District Huron County 3765 State Route 20 East Collins. Ohio 44826

To the Board of Education:

Report on Compliance for the Major Federal Program

Opinion on the Major Federal Program

We have audited Western Reserve Local School District, Huron County, Ohio's (the District) compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on Western Reserve Local School District's major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2022. Western Reserve Local School District's major federal program is identified in the *Summary of Auditor's Results* section of the accompanying schedule of findings.

In our opinion, Western Reserve Local School District complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on its major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2022.

Basis for Opinion on the Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS); the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*); and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for the major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

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Western Reserve Local School District
Huron County
Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance with Requirements
Applicable to the Major Federal Program and on Internal Control Over
Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance
Page 2

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

The District's Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the District's federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, Government Auditing Standards, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material, if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the District's compliance with the requirements of the major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- obtain an understanding of the District's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in
 order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report
 on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the
 purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over
 compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Western Reserve City School District
Huron County
Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance with Requirements
Applicable to the Major Federal Program and on Internal Control Over
Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance
Page 3

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance* section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of this testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Keith Faber Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

March 15, 2023

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SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS 2 CFR § 200.515 JUNE 30, 2022

1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

(d)(1)(i)	Type of Financial Statement Opinion	Unmodified
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any material weaknesses in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	Yes
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iii)	Was there any reported material noncompliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any material weaknesses in internal control reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(v)	Type of Major Program's Compliance Opinion	Unmodified
(d)(1)(vi)	Are there any reportable findings under 2 CFR § 200.516(a)?	No
(d)(1)(vii)	Major Program (list):	Child Nutrition Cluster
(d)(1)(viii)	Dollar Threshold: Type A\B Programs	Type A: > \$ 750,000 Type B: all others
(d)(1)(ix)	Low Risk Auditee under 2 CFR § 200.520?	Yes

Western Reserve Local School District Huron County Schedule of Findings Page 2

2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

FINDING NUMBER 2022-001

Material Weakness - Financial Reporting

In our audit engagement letter, as required by AU-C Section 210, Terms of Engagement, paragraph .06, management acknowledged its responsibility for the preparation and fair presentation of their financial statements; this responsibility includes designing, implementing and maintaining internal control relevant to preparing and fairly presenting financial statements free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error as discussed in AU-C Section 210 paragraphs .A14 & .A16. Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Cod. 1100 paragraph .101 states a governmental accounting system must make it possible both: (a) to present fairly and with full disclosure the funds and activities of the governmental unit in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles, and (b) to determine and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal and contractual provisions.

Nonmajor Governmental Funds intergovernmental revenues and regular instruction expenditures were each increased in the amount of \$248,800 in order to properly account for the Emergency Connectivity Fund Program activity.

These errors were not identified and corrected prior to the District preparing its basic financial statements due to deficiencies in the District's internal controls over financial statement monitoring. The failure to adequately monitor basic financial statements could allow for misstatements to occur and go undetected. The accompanying basic financial statements have been adjusted to reflect these changes. In addition to the adjustment noted above, we also identified additional immaterial misstatements in the notes to the basic financial statements in the amounts of \$183,290 and \$183,491 that we have brought to the District's attention.

To help ensure the District's basic financial statements and are complete and accurate, the District should adopt policies and procedures, including a final review of the basic financial statements and notes to the basic financial statements by the Treasurer and Board of Education, to help identify and correct errors and omissions.

Officials' Response:

See Corrective Action Plan.

3. FINDINGS FOR FEDERAL A	AWARDS
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None.

Western Reserve Local School District

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SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS JUNE 30, 2022

Finding Number	Finding Summary	Status	Additional Information
2021-001	Significant deficiency for errors in financial reporting.	Not corrected and reissued as Finding 2022-001 in this report.	This matter was not corrected due to deficiencies in the District's internal controls over financial reporting. The Treasurer will more closely monitor third party financial statements in the future.
2021-002	Finding for recovery repaid under audit related to the payment of sales taxes.	Fully corrected	



Western Reserve Local School District

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CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN 2 CFR § 200.511(c) JUNE 30, 2022

Finding Number: 2022-001

Planned Corrective Action: The Treasurer will more closely monitor third party financial

statements in the future.

Anticipated Completion Date: 06/30/2023

Responsible Contact Person: Shawnna Baker, Treasurer





WESTERN RESERVE LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

HURON COUNTY

AUDITOR OF STATE OF OHIO CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report, which is required to be filed pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in the Office of the Ohio Auditor of State in Columbus, Ohio.



Certified for Release 3/28/2023

88 East Broad Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215 Phone: 614-466-4514 or 800-282-0370