### **Annual Comprehensive Financial Report**

### WHITEHALL CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT



Board of Education Of Whitehall City School District Whitehall, Ohio

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022



88 East Broad Street Columbus, Ohio 43215 IPAReport@ohioauditor.gov (800) 282-0370

Board of Education Whitehall City School District 625 S. Yearling Road Whitehall, Ohio 43213

We have reviewed the *Independent Auditor's Report* of the Whitehall City School District, Franklin County, prepared by Julian & Grube, Inc., for the audit period July 1, 2021 through June 30, 2022. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them.

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. The Whitehall City School District is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.

Keith Faber Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

February 14, 2023



# Whitehall City School District Whitehall, Ohio

### **Annual Comprehensive Financial Report**

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

**Issued by:** 

Office of the Treasurer

John Walsh Treasurer -This page was intentionally left blank-

# ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

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### I. INTRODUCTORY SECTION

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December 23, 2022

To the Board of Education and Citizens of the Whitehall City School District:

As the Superintendent and the Treasurer of the Whitehall City School District (the District), we are pleased to submit to you the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. This Annual Comprehensive Financial Report is prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) and in conformance with standards of financial reporting established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) using guidelines recommended by the Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA).

Management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of the information contained in this report, based upon a comprehensive framework of internal control that it has established for this purpose. Because the cost of internal control should not exceed anticipated benefits, the objective is to provide reasonable, rather than absolute, assurance that the financial statements are free of any material misstatements.

Julian & Grube, Inc. has issued an unmodified ("clean") opinion on the District's basic financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. The Independent Auditors' Report is located at the front of the financial section of this report.

Management's discussion and analysis (MD&A) immediately follows the Independent Auditor's Report and provides a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis of the basic financial statements. MD&A complements this letter of transmittal and should be read in conjunction with it.

#### **Reporting Entity**

The District is an independent political subdivision of the State of Ohio and operates subject to the provisions of the Ohio Constitution and various sections of the Revised Code. Under such laws, there is no authority for the District to have a charter or adopt local laws. The District is not a part of, or under the control of, the City of Whitehall.

The District encompasses approximately five (5) square miles and had a student enrollment of 2,995 during the 2021-22 school year for grades K-12. The District's boundaries all are within the City of Whitehall and include the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad to the north, the New York Central Railroad on the west, Main Street/Mound Street on the south and Big Walnut Creek on the east. The District lies entirely within the boundaries of Franklin County.

The District provides a vast range of educational and support services as mandated by State statute and the desires of the community, which include but are not limited to regular, special, and vocational instruction, support services, co-curricular activities, food service and various community programs.

The accompanying basic financial statements comply with the provisions of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 14, The Financial Reporting Entity, as amended by GASB Statement No. 61, The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus, and Statement No. 39, Determining Whether Certain Organizations are Component Units, in that the financial statements include all organizations, activities and functions for which the District is financially accountable. Financial accountability is defined as the appointment of a voting majority of a component unit's board and either (i) the District's ability to impose its will over a component unit, or (ii) the possibility that the component unit will provide a financial benefit or impose a financial burden on the District. On that basis, the reporting entity of the District includes the services of the school district only (i.e. there are no component units).

#### **Organization of the District**

An elected five-member Board of Education serves as the taxing authority and policy maker for the District. The Board adopts an annual tax budget and an annual appropriations resolution which serves as the basis for control over the authorization for all expenditures of District tax monies. The Board directly approves all personnel-related expenditures. As of June 30, 2022, Board members were as follows:

	Service	Term	
Board Member	Began	Expires	Position
Michael Adkins	1/1/12	12/31/23	President
Darryl Hammock	1/1/18	12/31/25	Vice President
Jeffery Lees	5/10/18	12/31/23	Member
Jane Shannon	1/1/22	12/31/25	Member
Zachary Wright	3/14/19	12/31/25	Member

The Superintendent is the chief executive and administrative officer of the District. The Superintendent reports directly to the Board, has all the powers and duties imposed upon the office by statute, and has all executive and administrative powers and duties in connection with the overall operation of the schools, which are not required by statute to be exercised directly by the Board or by some other officer. The Superintendent exercises leadership through the administrative team. Sharee Wells has served as Superintendent since January 1, 2022.

The Treasurer is the chief financial officer of the District. The Treasurer reports directly to Board and has all powers and duties imposed upon the office by statute. The Treasurer assumes responsibility for the receipt, safekeeping and disbursement of all District funds, and directs and manages all financial accounting programs and systems. John M. Walsh has served as the Treasurer since October 14, 2019.

#### Local Economy

The City of Whitehall is an inner suburb of Columbus. Whitehall is ripe for redevelopment considering its location. The city is dissected by three main traffic arteries – Broad Street on the north, Main Street on the south, and Hamilton Road to the east. All three of these 5-lane highways are lined with commercial offices and retail business stores. John Glenn International Airport is a 5-minute drive from the City of Whitehall and traffics over 6.3 million passengers annually.

Nearby post-secondary educational institutions are abundant, including Ohio State University, Capital University, and Columbus State Community College. There is also access to excellent healthcare facilities serving all needs, including Nationwide Children's Hospital, Mount Carmel East Hospital, and the Chalmers P. Wylie VA Center Ambulatory Care Center.

Whitehall is more than a bedroom community to Columbus, as twelve of the top 25 largest employers in the Central Ohio Region have a presence within Whitehall. The Defense Supply Center of Columbus is the Whitehall's largest employer with approximately 9,000 employees.

Due to the City's location, area amenities, and aggressive economic development efforts, significant economic growth is taking place. Between 2010 and the end of 2020, \$62 million per square mile of public/private investment will have taken place. Over 2,100 new jobs have been created within the City since the beginning of 2012. Recent highlights include Heartland Bank and Wasserstrom relocating their corporate headquarters to Whitehall. And Continental Real Estate breaking ground on a \$50 million mixed use project at the corner of Broad Street and Hamilton Road. Once fully phased, this redevelopment will feature 350 upscale residential units, 45,000 square feet of commercial offices, 20,000 square feet of retail space and a 1.5 acre urban public park.

Much of the recent economic development that has taken place was made possible partly by tax abatement. However, the positive momentum within the City is starting to affect the District's tax base. The District's property valuation increased 11.8% from \$280,459,560 to \$288,983,570 in 2022.

Despite recent local economic development, the District is primarily reliant on state funding for operations. State Grants-in-Aid made up over 66% of the District's operating revenue in Fiscal Year 2022.

#### Looking Ahead

District operations are currently being driven by the District's continuous improvement plan Achieve 2020 and enrollment growth.

Achieve 2020 is a roadmap for achieving the District's mission to create success through personalized learning for every student, every day. It sets an overarching Academic goal, along with supporting Operations, Communications and Finance goals.

The District's Academic Goal is whole student growth and academic success will increase through innovative, rigorous, and relevant learning experiences offered in personalized and productive environments. To meet this goal, five academic objectives were identified around the broad areas of personalized learning, learning environments, innovation, rigor and relevance:

- Objective 1: Meet the needs of individual students through personalized learning environments, best practice instructional strategies, and goal-setting.
- Objective 2: Create and sustain a safe and productive learning environment that promotes responsibility, accountability, and respect.
- Objective 3: Increase critical thinking through the implementation of innovative student learning, professional development, and incorporation of technology.
- Objective 4: Design and implement a well-aligned rigorous curriculum to stretch all students and staff to their fullest potential.
- Objective 5: Prepare students to be college and/or career ready by creating rich, relevant, and diverse learning opportunities.

The Facilities & Operations goal is to support student, staff and family needs in a safe and efficient next generation learning environment. The supporting Communications goal is to maintain district communications that inform and promote the District's goals, activities, and accomplishments to all stakeholders in a clear, consistent, and engaging manner.

The Finance Goal is to generate adequate revenue and manage district finances to ensure the budget is efficiently aligned to Achieve 2020. This does not mean contain expenditures within annual revenue every year. In fact, the Board of Education has a Fiscal Management policy that states:

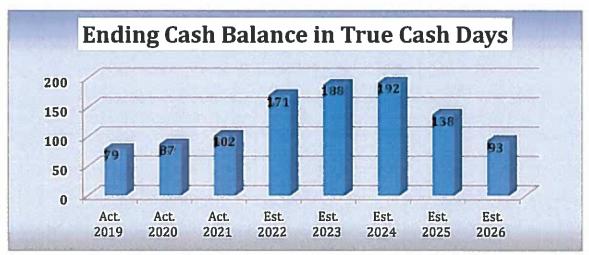
Due to resource limitations, there is sometimes a temptation to operate so that fiscal concerns overshadow the educational program. Recognizing this, it is essential that the Board take specific action to make certain that education remains central and that fiscal management contributes to the educational program. This concept is incorporated into Board operations and into all aspects of District management and operations.

The District's pursuit of its goals has caused expenditure growth to outpace revenue. Recent enrollment growth has intensified this. Enrollment grew over 20% or 600 students from 2013 to 2018. More students require, for example, more teachers, texts, and technology.

In recent years when expenditures exceeded revenue, the District managed to balance its budget by using a portion of its carryover balance or "rainy day fund". An organization can only do this for so long. The District has adopted the following General Fund Cash Balance Policy:

The District will strive to maintain within the current and following two years of its effective five-year financial forecast a projected year-end General Fund cash balance equal to or greater than sixty days of general operating expenses based on the most recently completed fiscal year. Should a projected year-end balance fall below the target level, the Treasurer will immediately inform the Board of Education and the Board will begin its planning to correct this situation, including possibly pursuing cost reductions and/or additional funding.

The District's minimum cash balance is currently calculated to be \$6,030,275 based on Fiscal Year 2022 cash-basis financial reports. The following chart illustrates the District's compliance with its cash balance policy:



As you can see, the District's cash balance is projected to exceed the minimum amount over the span of the forecast. This is largely due to the COVID-19 relief funds where the District is utilizing a portion of these resources to offset General Fund expenses.

In addition to the strain enrollment growth has placed on operations, it has also placed a strain on facilities. The District built all new schools from 2009-2013. These new buildings were designed with a capacity of 2,943. Last school year, actual enrollment exceeded 115% of design capacity.

The District's enrollment growth came from large kindergarten classes the last six years. As these groups of students make their way through the system, the middle and high schools will not be large enough to accommodate them. Therefore, the Board of Education placed a combination bond / permanent improvement levy on the November 2018 ballot. This levy passed with a yes vote of 61% and is being used to:

- Build a 28,771 ft<sup>2</sup> addition on to the middle school
- Renovate space in the old high school building to provide additional classrooms
- Replace failing HVAC systems, doors and windows in the old elementary and high school buildings that were saved for overflow
- Improve co-curricular facilities, including a turf field and fieldhouse
- Provide an annual revenue stream to take care of all facilities as they age

#### **Financial Information**

<u>Internal Controls</u> - The management of the District is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal controls designed to ensure that the assets of the District are protected from loss, theft, or misuse, and to ensure that adequate accounting data are compiled to allow for the preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP. The internal controls are designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that these objectives are met. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that: (1) the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived; and (2) the evaluation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management. Management believes the internal controls adequately meet the above objectives.

<u>Budgetary Information</u> - The District maintains budgetary controls in order to ensure compliance with legal provisions embodied in the annual appropriation resolution approved by the Board of Education. Activities of all funds, with the exception of custodial funds, are included in the annual appropriation resolution. The level of budgetary control is established at the fund level. The District maintains an encumbrance method of accounting to accomplish budgetary control. Unencumbered amounts lapse at year end.

<u>Financial Planning and Policies</u> – As required by Ohio Revised Code, the District adopts a five-year financial forecast annually to ensure long term financial success. It serves as a planning tool to certify if funds are available for future expenditures and to strategize when the District will need to return to voters for additional funds or to reduce expenditures accordingly.

#### **Awards and Acknowledgements**

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to Whitehall City School District for its Annual Comprehensive financial report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. This was the twentieth consecutive year that the District has received this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, the District had to publish an easily readable and efficiently organized Annual Comprehensive Financial Report that satisfied both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe our current Annual Comprehensive financial report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

The publication of the twentieth Annual Comprehensive Financial Report on a timely basis was made possible by the Treasurer's Office staff and GAAP Consultants Rea & Associates, Inc. Their initiative and conscientious work ensured the integrity of the

information contained herein and guaranteed this report's successful completion. In closing, we would like to thank the Board of Education for their support without which the preparation of this report would not have been possible.

Respectfully submitted,

John M. Walsh, Treasurer/CFO

Sharee Wells, Superintendent

#### WHITEHALL CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

#### **ELECTED OFFICIALS & ADMINISTRATIVE STAFF**

#### June 30, 2022

#### **Board of Education Members**

President Michael Adkins
Vice-President Darryl Hammock
Member Jayne Shannon
Member Jeffrey Lees
Member Zachary Wright

#### **Appointed Officials**

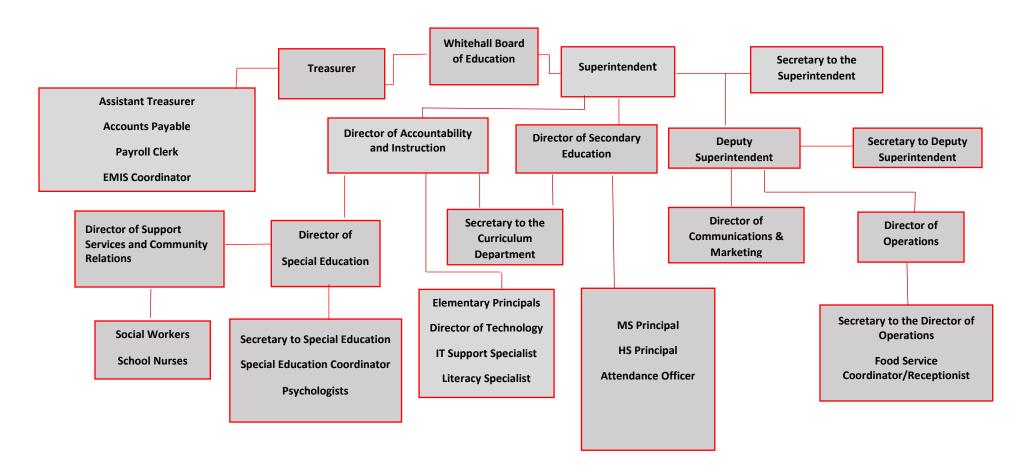
Superintendent (January 2022)
Interim Superintendent (July-December 2021)
Treasurer

Sharee Wells
Wade Lucas
John M. Walsh

#### Administrative Staff

Mark Trace Deputy Superintendent Director of Accountability & Instruction Chris Hardy **Director of Operations** Dave Hausmann Director of Operations March 2022) **Robert Collins** Director of Marketing & Communications Ty Debevoise Director of Special Education Anna Schultz Director of Support Services & Community Relations Doug Shoemaker Bill Hughett Director of Athletics Maria Boyarko Coordinator of Student Services **Assistant Elementary Principal** Lisa Miller Assistant Middle School Principal Erik Barbon Assistant High School Principal Angela Fuentes Elementary Principal **Ashley Gates** Elementary Principal Tanisha Brown High School Principal Henry Lee Elementary Principal Lauren King Middle School Principal Rochelle Rankin Assistant High School Principal Casey Martin Coordinator Special Education Letitia Bean

# Whitehall City Schools Organizational Chart



### II. FINANCIAL SECTION

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#### **Independent Auditor's Report**

Whitehall City School District Franklin County 625 S. Yearling Road Whitehall, Ohio 43231

To the Members of the Board of Education:

#### Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

#### **Opinions**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Whitehall City School District, Franklin County, Ohio, as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Whitehall City School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Whitehall City School District, as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof, for the fiscal year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Basis for Opinions**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the "Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements" section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Whitehall City School District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### **Emphasis of Matter**

As described in Note 18 to the financial statements, the financial impact of COVID-19 and the continuing emergency measures may impact subsequent periods of the Whitehall City School District. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

Whitehall City School District Franklin County Independent Auditor's Report Page 2

#### Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Whitehall City School District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Whitehall City School District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Whitehall City School District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Whitehall City School District Franklin County Independent Auditor's Report Page 3

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, schedules of net pension and other postemployment benefit assets and liabilities and pension and other post-employment benefit contributions, and budgetary comparison information listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Whitehall City School District's basic financial statements. The accompanying combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

#### Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the introductory and statistical sections but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated December 23, 2022 on our consideration of the Whitehall City School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Whitehall City School District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the Whitehall City School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Julian & Grube, Inc.

Julian & Sube, Elne.

December 23, 2022

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### Whitehall City School District Franklin County, Ohio

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

The discussion and analysis of Whitehall City School District's (the "School District") financial performance provides an overall review of the School District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the School District's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the transmittal letter, the basic financial statements and notes to the basic financial statements to enhance their understanding of the School District's financial performance.

#### Financial Highlights

Key financial highlights for 2022 are as follows:

- The School District's total Net position increased \$11,864,684 during the fiscal year.
- At the close of the current fiscal year, the School District's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$25.1, an increase of \$4.7 million compared to prior fiscal year. Of this amount, \$16.9 million is available for spending at the School District's discretion (unassigned fund balance).
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned balance for general fund was \$17,280,674, or 46.2% of total general expenditures.
- During the fiscal year, outstanding debt decreased from \$34,412,799 to \$32,879,038.

#### Using this Annual Report

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. These statements are organized so the reader can understand Whitehall City School District as a financial whole, an entire operating entity. The statements then proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at specific financial activities.

The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities provide information about the activities of the whole School District, presenting both an aggregate view of the School District's finances and a longer-term view of those finances. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term and what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the School District's most significant funds with all other nonmajor funds presented in total in one column. In the case of the School District, the general fund is by far the most significant fund.

#### Reporting the School District as a Whole

Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities

While this document contains the large number of funds used by the School District to provide programs and activities, the view of the School District as a whole looks at all financial transactions and asks the question, "How did we do financially during 2022?" The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities answer this question. These statements include all assets and deferred outflows of resources and all liabilities and deferred inflows of resources using the accrual basis of accounting similar to the

#### Whitehall City School District Franklin County, Ohio

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

accounting used by most private-sector companies. This basis of accounting takes into account all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the School District's net position and changes in the position. This change in net position is important because it tells the reader that, for the School District as a whole, the financial position of the School District has improved or diminished. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, some financial, some not. Non-financial factors include the School District's property tax base, current property tax laws in Ohio restricting revenue growth, facility conditions, required educational programs and other factors.

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities are represented in one type of activity; Governmental Activities. Most of the School District's programs and services are reported here including instruction, support services, operation and maintenance of plant, pupil transportation and extracurricular activities, as well as food service operations.

#### Reporting the School District's Most Significant Funds

#### Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial reports provide detailed information about the School District's major funds. The School District uses many funds to account for a multitude of financial transactions. However, these fund financial statements focus on the School District's more significant funds. The School District's major governmental funds are the general fund, ESSER fund, and the bond retirement fund.

Governmental Funds Most of the School District's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the School District's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance educational programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds is reconciled in the financial statements.

**Proprietary Fund** The School District maintains one type of proprietary fund. Internal service funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the School District's various functions. The School District uses an internal service fund to account for its health insurance benefits. Because this service predominately benefits governmental functions, it has been included within the governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

#### Whitehall City School District Franklin County, Ohio

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

#### The School District as a Whole

Recall that the Statement of Net Position provides the perspective of the School District as a whole. Table 1 provides a summary of the School District's net position for 2022 compared to 2021:

	Governmental Activities				
	2022	2021	Change		
Current and Other Assets Capital Assets	\$ 46,962,205 81,281,077	\$ 40,003,666 81,585,314	\$ 6,958,539 (304,237)		
Total Assets	128,243,282	121,588,980	6,654,302		
Unamortized Amount on Refunding Pension	1,953,098 9,970,184	2,103,337 8,526,903	(150,239) 1,443,281		
OPEB	1,129,949	1,406,247	(276,298)		
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	13,053,231	12,036,487	1,016,744		
Current Liabilities Long-term Liabilities:	4,913,251	4,686,396	226,855		
Due Within One Year	1,844,295	1,817,222	27,073		
Due in More Than One Year:					
Net Pension Liability	24,645,112	47,964,222	(23,319,110)		
Net OPEB Liability	2,722,487	3,417,068	(694,581)		
Other Amounts	32,884,017	34,561,026	(1,677,009)		
Total Liabilities	67,009,162	92,445,934	(25,436,772)		
Property Taxes	8,108,644	9,788,052	(1,679,408)		
Payments in Lieu of Taxes	2,519,543	202.100	2,519,543		
Leases	193,764	202,189	(8,425)		
Pension	21,343,874	1,372,315	19,971,559		
OPEB	6,018,720	5,578,855	439,865		
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	38,184,545	16,941,411	18,732,016		
Net Investment in Capital Assets	51,528,012	49,731,573	1,796,439		
Restricted	7,429,701	6,609,760	819,941		
Unrestricted	(22,854,907)	(32,103,211)	9,248,304		
Total Net Position	\$ 36,102,806	\$ 24,238,122	\$ 11,864,684		

### Whitehall City School District Franklin County, Ohio

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

The net pension liability (NPL) is one of the largest liabilities reported by the School District at June 30, 2022 and is reported pursuant to GASB Statement 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions—an Amendment of GASB Statement 27. In a prior period, the School District also adopted GASB Statement 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions. For reasons discussed below, many end users of this financial statement will gain a clearer understanding of the School District's actual financial condition by adding deferred inflows related to pension and OPEB, the net pension liability and the net OPEB liability to the reported net position and subtracting deferred outflows related to pension and OPEB and the net OPEB asset.

Governmental Accounting Standards Board standards are national and apply to all government financial reports prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Prior accounting for pensions (GASB 27) and postemployment benefits (GASB 45) focused on a funding approach. This approach limited pension and OPEB costs to contributions annually required by law, which may or may not be sufficient to fully fund each plan's net pension/OPEB liability. GASB 68 and GASB 75 take an earnings approach to pension and OPEB accounting; however, the nature of Ohio's statewide pension/OPEB plans and state law governing those systems requires additional explanation in order to properly understand the information presented in these statements.

GASB 68 and GASB 75 require the net pension liability and the net OPEB asset/liability to equal the School District's proportionate share of each plan's collective:

- 1. Present value of estimated future pension/OPEB benefits attributable to active and inactive employees' past service.
- 2. Minus plan assets available to pay these benefits.

GASB notes that pension and OPEB obligations, whether funded or unfunded, are part of the "employment exchange" – that is, the employee is trading his or her labor in exchange for wages, benefits, and the promise of a future pension and other postemployment benefits. GASB noted that the unfunded portion of this promise is a present obligation of the government, part of a bargained-for benefit to the employee, and should accordingly be reported by the government as a liability since they received the benefit of the exchange. However, the School District is not responsible for certain key factors affecting the balance of these assets/liabilities. In Ohio, the employee shares the obligation of funding pension benefits with the employer. Both employer and employee contribution rates are capped by State statute. A change in these caps requires action of both Houses of the General Assembly and approval of the Governor. Benefit provisions are also determined by State statute. The Ohio Revised Code permits, but does not require the retirement systems to provide healthcare to eligible benefit recipients. The retirement systems may allocate a portion of the employer contributions to provide for these OPEB benefits.

The employee enters the employment exchange with the knowledge that the employer's promise is limited not by contract but by law. The employer enters the exchange also knowing that there is a specific, legal limit to its contribution to the retirement system. In Ohio, there is no legal means to enforce the unfunded liability of the pension/OPEB plan as against the public employer. State law operates to mitigate/lessen the moral obligation of the public employer to the employee, because all parties enter the employment exchange with notice as to the law. For STRS, the plan's fiduciary net OPEB position was sufficient to cover the plan's total OPEB liability resulting in a net OPEB asset for fiscal year 2022 that is allocated to each school based on its proportionate share. The retirement system is responsible for the administration of the pension and OPEB plans.

#### Whitehall City School District Franklin County, Ohio

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Most long-term liabilities have set repayment schedules or, in the case of compensated absences (i.e. sick and vacation leave), are satisfied through paid time-off or termination payments. There is no repayment schedule for the net pension liability or the net OPEB liability reported by the retirement boards. As explained above, changes in benefits, contribution rates, and return on investments affect the balance of these liabilities but are outside the control of the local government. In the event that contributions, investment returns, and other changes are insufficient to keep up with required payments, State statute does not assign/identify the responsible party for the unfunded portion. Due to the unique nature of how the net pension liability and the net OPEB liability are satisfied, these liabilities are separately identified within the long-term liability section of the statement of net position.

In accordance with GASB 68 and GASB 75, the School District's statements prepared on an accrual basis of accounting include an annual pension expense and an annual OPEB expense for their proportionate share of each plan's change in net pension liability and net OPEB asset/liability, respectively, not accounted for as deferred inflows/outflows.

Capital assets include land, buildings and improvements, furniture and equipment and vehicles. These capital assets are used to provide services to students and are not available for future spending. Although the School District's net investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources to repay the debt must be provided from other sources, since capital assets may not be used to liquidate these liabilities.

A portion of the School District's net position represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The balance of government-wide unrestricted net position was a deficit.

There was a significant change in current and other assets for the fiscal year. The increase was primarily caused by increases in cash and cash equivalents which was the result of an increase in grant funding resulting from COVID-19.

There was also a significant change in net pension/OPEB liability/asset and related accruals for the School District. These fluctuations are due to changes in the actuarial liabilities/assets and related accruals that are passed through to the School District's financial statements. All components of pension and OPEB accruals contribute to the fluctuations in deferred outflows/inflows and NPL/NOL/NOA and are described in more detail in their respective notes.

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Whitehall City School District Franklin County, Ohio Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Table 2 shows the changes in net position for fiscal years 2022 and 2021.

	Governmental Activities					
	2022		2021			Change
Program Revenues:						
Charges for Services	\$	466,822	\$	192,498	\$	274,324
Operating Grants		12,503,360		11,139,781		1,363,579
General Revenues:						
Property Taxes		12,969,808		16,059,420		(3,089,612)
Grants and Entitlements		28,729,033		26,542,272		2,186,761
Payments in Lieu of Taxes		3,071,841		2,871,550		200,291
Investment Earnings		(855,356)		43,101		(898,457)
Miscellaneous		307,310		914,233		(606,923)
Total Revenues		57,192,818		57,762,855		(570,037)
Program Expenses:						
Instructional		27,326,606		36,230,511		(8,903,905)
Support Services		13,869,180		15,169,461		(1,300,281)
Non-Instructional Services		2,095,981		1,863,996		231,985
Extracurricular Activites		932,594		870,914		61,680
Interest and Fiscal Charges		1,103,773		1,188,902		(85,129)
Total Expenses		45,328,134		55,323,784		(9,995,650)
Change in Net Position		11,864,684		2,439,071		9,425,613
Net Position at Beginning of Year,		24,238,122		21,799,051		2,439,071
Net Position at End of Year	\$	36,102,806	\$	24,238,122	\$	11,864,684

#### Whitehall City School District Franklin County, Ohio

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Property Taxes decreased significantly in comparison with the prior fiscal year. This decrease is primarily the result of significant fluctuations in property taxes available to be advanced to the School District over the past several years.

The primary reason for the changes in program expenses are primarily associated to changes in the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability, net OPEB liability/asset and related accruals. As previously indicated, these items are explained in detail within their respective notes.

#### Governmental Funds

The School District's major fund is accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting.

The General Fund increased during the fiscal year. This increase was due to the School District's ability to utilize COVID-19 funds to pay costs typically paid for by the General fund.

	Fund Balance		Fι	Fund Balance		Increase	
		12/31/2022		12/31/2021		(Decrease)	
General Fund	\$	18,763,955	\$	14,808,283	\$	3,955,672	
Bond Retirement Fund		2,517,581		2,724,769		(207,188)	
ESSER Fund		137,368		(10,359)		147,727	
Other Governemtnal Funds		3,729,079		2,900,258		828,821	
Total	\$	25,147,983	\$	20,422,951	\$	4,725,032	

The General Fund increased during the fiscal year. This increase was due to the School District's ability to utilize COVID-19 funds to pay costs typically paid for by the General fund.

Bond Retirement fund balance decreased during the fiscal year. This decreases represents the amount in which current year debt service expenditures exceeded property tax and related revenues.

ESSER Fund increased during the fiscal year. This increase represents the amount in which intergovernmental revenue exceeded expenditures due to an increase in COVID-19 funding.

#### General Fund Budgeting Highlights

The School District's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the general fund.

During the course of fiscal year 2022, the School District amended its general fund budget. The School District uses site-based budgeting and budgeting systems are designed to tightly control total site budgets but provide flexibility for site management.

*Original Budget Compared to Final Budget* A review of original budgeted revenues compared to final budgeted revenue and original budgeted appropriations to final budgeted appropriations yields not significant variances.

### Whitehall City School District Franklin County, Ohio

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

*Final Budget Compared to Actual Results* Actual revenues exceeded final budgeted revenue for property taxes due to an increase in the School District's tax valuation. Final budgeted appropriations exceed actual expenditures as the COVID-19 relief funding reduced the need for general fund support, as previously discussed.

#### Capital Assets and Debt Administration

#### **Capital Assets**

There were no significant changes to Capital Assets for the School District. See Note 6 for additional details.

#### **Debt**

There were no significant changes to the outstanding debt of the School District. See Note 7 for additional details.

#### Contacting the School District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, tax payers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the School District's finances and to reflect the School District's accountability for monies it receives. Questions concerning any information in this report or request for additional information should be directed to the Treasurer, Whitehall City School District, 625 South Yearling Road, Whitehall, Ohio 43213.

### **BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

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# Whitehall City School District Franklin County, Ohio Statement of Net Position June 30, 2022

	Governmental Activities
Assets	
Pooled Cash and Investments	\$ 26,148,015
Cash with Fiscal Agents Accounts Receivable	160,000
Intergovernmental Receivable	30,647 1,318,207
Taxes Receivable	13,445,548
Payments in Lieu of Taxes Receivable	2,519,543
Interest Receivable	6,660
Leases Receivable	190,018
Non-Depreciable Capital Assets Depreciable Capital Assets, net	538,358 80,742,719
Net OPEB Asset	3,143,567
Total Assets	128,243,282
Deferred Outflows of Resources	
Unamortized Amount on Refunding	1,953,098
Pension	9,970,184
OPEB	1,129,949
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	13,053,231
Liabilities	
Accounts Payable	429,952
Accrued Wages and Benefits Payable Retainage Payable	2,850,541 57,688
Payroll Withholdings Payable	37,104
Intergovernmental Payable	568,620
Claims Payable	400,600
Unearned Revenue	568,746
Long-Term Liabilities: Due Within One Year	1,844,295
Due in More Than One Year:	1,044,293
Net Pension Liability	24,645,112
Net OPEB Liability	2,722,487
Other Amounts Due in More Than One Year	32,884,017
Total Liabilities	67,009,162
Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Property and Other Local Taxes	8,108,644
Payments in Lieu of Taxes Leases	2,519,543 193,764
Pension	21,343,874
OPEB	6,018,720
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	38,184,545
Net Position	
Net Investment in Capital Assets	51,528,012
Restricted for: Debt Service	2,346,691
Permanent Improvements	692,276
Capital Outlay	1,190,541
Facilities Maintenance	584,287
Non-instructional Services	1,440,827
Locally Funded Programs Extracurricular Activities	166,915 158,984
State Funded Programs	76,771
Federally Funded Programs	205,062
Other Purposes	718
Unrestricted	(22,288,278)
Total Net Position	\$ 36,102,806

Whitehall City School District Franklin County, Ohio Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

			Progran	n Rev	enues		Net (Expense) and Changes in Net Position
	Expenses	S	arges for ervices ad Sales	C	Operating Grants, ontributions and Interest		Governmental Activities
<b>Governmental Activities</b>							
Instruction							
Regular	\$ 17,263,716	\$	138,410	\$	4,388,112	\$	(12,737,194)
Special	9,343,070		83,246		2,342,860		(6,916,964)
Vocational	346,734		-		-		(346,734)
Adult/Continuing	-		-		-		-
Student Intervention Services	285,001		-		5,105		(279,896)
Other	88,085		-		99,479		11,394
Support Services							
Pupils	2,327,596		-		713,300		(1,614,296)
Instructional Staff	1,881,191		9,363		569,089		(1,302,739)
Board of Education	186,722		-		-		(186,722)
Administration	2,911,352		6,832		389,619		(2,514,901)
Fiscal	784,626		-		-		(784,626)
Business	243,886		-		-		(243,886)
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	3,281,797		3,228		674,761		(2,603,808)
Pupil Transportation	1,994,230		-		418,801		(1,575,429)
Central	257,780		-		-		(257,780)
Operation of Non-Instructional/Shared Services:							
Non-Instructional Services	2,095,981		2,719		2,830,103		736,841
Extracurricular Activities	932,594		223,024		72,131		(637,439)
Debt Service:							
Interest and Fiscal Charges	1,103,773		-		-		(1,103,773)
Total	\$ 45,328,134	\$	466,822	\$	12,503,360	_	(32,357,952)
	General Revenues Property Taxes Lev General Purposes						10,336,745
	Debt Service						2,021,399
	Capital Outlay						505,120
	Other Purposes						106,544
	Payments in Lieu or	Taxes					3,071,841
	Grants and Entitlen		Restreited to	Spec	ial Programs		28,729,033
	Lease Receipts			1	<i>3</i>		8,425
	Proceeds of Sale of	Assets/G	ain on Sale	of Ass	ets		15,002
	Investment Earning						(855,356)
	Miscellaneous						283,883
	Total General Reve	enues					44,222,636
	Change in Net Post	ition					11,864,684
	Net Position Begin	ning of Y	ear				24,238,122
	Net Position End o	f Year				\$	36,102,806

# Whitehall City School District Franklin County, Ohio Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2022

	General	Bond Retirement Fund	ESSER Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Assets					
Cash and Cash Equivalents Payments in Lieu of Taxes Receivable	\$ 17,321,740 2,519,543	\$ 1,795,844	\$ 134,880	\$ 4,155,896	\$ 23,408,360 2,519,543
Accounts Receivable	14,427	-	-	16,220	30.647
Interfund Receivable	6,074	-	-	-	6,074
Intergovernmental Receivable	-	-	659,643	658,564	1,318,207
Taxes Receivable	10,756,988	2,053,256	-	635,304	13,445,548
Interest Receivable	6,660	-	-	-	6,660
Lease Receivable	190,018	-	-	-	190,018
Advances to Other Funds	405,000				405,000
Total Assets	\$ 31,220,450	\$ 3,849,100	\$ 794,523	\$ 5,465,984	\$ 41,330,057
Liabilities					
Accounts Payable	\$ 302,431	\$ -	\$ 42,929	\$ 84,592	\$ 429,952
Accrued Wages and Benefits Payable	2,019,358	-	511,871	319,312	2,850,541
Intergovernmental Payable	408,481	-	102,355	57,784	568,620
Payroll Withholdings Payable	37,104	-	-	-	37,104
Retainage Payable	-	-	-	57,688	57,688
Interfund Payable Advances from Other Funds	-	-	-	6,074 405,000	6,074 405,000
Total Liabilities	2,767,374		657,155	930,450	4,354,979
Deferred Inflows of Resources					
Property and Other Local Taxes	6,487,246	1,238,263	_	383,135	8,108,644
Payments in Lieu of Taxes	2,519,543	-,,	-	-	2,519,543
Unavailable Revenue	488,568	93,256	-	423,320	1,005,144
Leases	193,764				193,764
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	9,689,121	1,331,519		806,455	11,827,095
Fund Balances					
Nonspendable	405,000	-	-	-	405,000
Restricted	-	2,517,581	137,368	3,945,732	6,600,681
Committed	234,309	-	-	198,449	432,758
Assigned Unassigned	843,972 17,280,674	-	-	10,389	854,361 16 955 193
Total Fund Balance	18,763,955	2,517,581	137,368	(425,491) 3,729,079	16,855,183 25,147,983
		_,011,001	101,000		
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances	\$ 31,220,450	\$ 3,849,100	\$ 794,523	\$ 5,465,984	\$ 41,330,057

Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balances to Net Position of Governmental Activities June 30, 2022

Total Governmental Fund Balances		\$ 25,147,983
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.		81,281,077
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and therefore are deferred in the funds:  Delinquent Property Taxes Receivable  Intergovernmental Receivable	\$ 610,679 394,465	1,005,144
An internal service fund is used by management to charge the costs of insurance to individual funds.  The assets, liabilities, deferred outflows/inflows of resources of the internal service fund are included in governmental activities in the statement of net position.		1,930,309
Unamortized loss on refunding represents deferred outflows, which do not use current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		1,953,098
The net OPEB Asset and the net pension/OPEB liability are not due and payable in the current period, therefore, the asset/liabilities and related deferred inflows/outflows are not reported in governmental funds.  Net OPEB Asset  Deferred Outflows - Pension	3,143,567 9,970,184	
Deferred Outflows - Pension Deferred Outflows - OPEB Net Pension Liability Net OPEB Liability Deferred Inflows - Pension	9,970,184 1,129,949 (24,645,112) (2,722,487) (21,343,874)	
Deferred Inflows - OPEB	(6,018,720)	(40,486,493)
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds:  General Obligation Bonds  Lease Purchase  Compensated Absences	(30,314,038) (2,565,000) (1,849,274)	 (34,728,312)
Net Position of Governmental Activities		\$ 36,102,806

Whitehall City School District
Franklin County, Ohio
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances
Governmental Funds
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

	General Fund	Bond Retirement Fund	ESSER Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues Property and Other Local Taxes	\$ 10,041,635	\$ 1,968,204	\$ -	\$ 594,944	\$ 12,604,783
Payments in Lieu of Taxes	3,071,841	160.015	- 047.000	- 260.545	3,071,841
Intergovernmental	28,520,741	169,015	6,047,090	6,360,545	41,097,391
Investment Income Co-Curricular Activities	(835,693) 35,606	-	-	14,028 159,973	(821,665) 195,579
Tuition and Fees	133,799	-	-	16,824	150,623
Charges for Services	90			2,719	2,809
Rent	61,483	_	_	56,328	117,811
Donations	21,752	_	_	78,482	100,234
Lease Receipts	8,425	_	_	-	8,425
Other	255,757	4,232		23,894	283,883
Total Revenues	41,315,436	2,141,451	6,047,090	7,307,737	56,811,714
Expenditures					
Current: Instruction:					
Regular	13,372,317		3,743,585	487,116	17,603,018
Special	8,168,897	-	214,184	2,020,861	10,403,942
Vocational	377,162	_	214,104	2,020,001	377,162
Student Intervention Services	285,001	_	_	-	285,001
Other	203,001	_	_	122,671	122,671
Support Services:				,-,-	,-,-
Pupils	1,984,633	_	120,127	516,243	2,621,003
Instructional Staff	2,007,893	-	500,717	111,187	2,619,797
Board of Education	186,722	-	-	-	186,722
Administration	3,011,825	-	172,003	242,338	3,426,166
Fiscal	873,183	31,664	-	9,077	913,924
Business	288,173	-	-	-	288,173
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	3,350,060	-	564,923	127,498	4,042,481
Pupil Transportation	2,130,680	-	395,627	2,777	2,529,084
Central	316,980	-	-	-	316,980
Operation of Non-Instructional/Shared Services:					
Non-Instructional Services	12,374	-	-	2,172,857	2,185,231
Food Service Operations	-	-	-	78,990	78,990
Community Services Extracurricular Activities	779,000	-	40,844	11,147	11,147
Capital Outlay	31,866	-	147,353	180,633 332,096	1,000,477
Debt Service	31,800	-	147,333	332,090	511,315
Principal Retirement	-	1,335,000	_	170,000	1,505,000
Interest and Fiscal Charges	-	981,975	-	91,425	1,073,400
Total Expenditures	37,176,766	2,348,639	5,899,363	6,676,916	52,101,684
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	4,138,670	(207,188)	147,727	630,821	4,710,030
Other Financing Sources (Uses)	15.000				15.000
Sale of Capital Assets	15,002	-	-	100.000	15,002
Transfers In	(100,000)	-	-	198,000	198,000
Transfers Out	(198,000)				(198,000)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(182,998)			198,000	15,002
Net Change in Fund Balances	3,955,672	(207,188)	147,727	828,821	4,725,032
Fund Balances Beginning of Year	14,808,283	2,724,769	(10,359)	2,900,258	20,422,951
Fund Balances End of Year	\$ 18,763,955	\$ 2,517,581	\$ 137,368	\$ 3,729,079	\$ 25,147,983

Whitehall City School District
Franklin County, Ohio
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes
in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds		\$ 4,725,032
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities,		
the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense.		
Capital Asset Additions	\$ 2,857,939	(204 225)
Current Year Depreciation	(3,162,176)	(304,237)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.		
Property Taxes	365,026	
Intergovernmental	27,975	
Interest	(19,663)	
Charges for Services	(7,236)	366,102
Repayment of principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.		
General Obligation Bonds	1,363,761	
Lease Purchase	170,000	1,533,761
In the statement of activities, interest is accrued on outstanding bonds, and bond premium and the gain/loss on refunding are amortized over the term of the bonds, whereas in governmental funds, an interest expenditure is reported when bonds are issued.		
Accrued Interest Payable	91,105	
Amortization of Refunding Loss	(150,239)	(59,134)
Contractually required pension/OPEB contributions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds; however, the statement of net position reports these amounts as deferred outflows.		
Pension	3,757,479	
OPEB	58,613	3,816,092
Except for amount reported as deferred inflows/outflows, changes in the net pension/OPEB liability are reported as pension/OPEB expense in the statement of activities.		
Pension	1,033,353	
OPEB	382,449	1,415,802
The internal service fund used by management to charge the costs of insurance to individual funds is not reported in the statement of activities. Governmental expenditures and related internal service fund revenues are eliminated. The net revenue (expense) of the internal service fund is allocated among		207.516
the governmental activities.		287,516
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities, do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.		
Compensated Absences		 83,750
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities		\$ 11,864,684

Statement of Fund Net Position Proprietary Funds June 30, 2022

		overnmental Activities
	Into	ernal Service Fund
Assets		
Current Assets: Cash and Cash Equivalents Cash with Fiscal Agent	\$	2,739,655 160,000
Total Current Assets		2,899,655
Current Liabilities:		
Claims Payable		400,600
Unearned Revenue		568,746
Total Current Liabilities		969,346
Net Position		
Unrestricted		1,930,309
Total Net Position	\$	1,930,309

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position Proprietary Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Governmental Activities
	Internal Service Fund
Operating Revenues	
Charges for Services Other	\$ 6,796,487 247,914
Total Operating Revenues	7,044,401
Operating Expenses	
Purchased Services	1,376,829
Claims	5,380,056
Total Operating Expenses	6,756,885
Change in Net Position	287,516
Net Position Beginning of Year	1,642,793
Net Position End of Year	\$ 1,930,309

Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Governmental Activities				
	Int	ernal Service Fund			
Cash Flows from Operating Activities					
Cash Received from Charges for Services	\$	6,852,008			
Cash Received from Other		324,217			
Cash Payments for Purchased Services		(1,376,829)			
Cash Payments for Claims		(5,403,056)			
Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Operating Activities		396,340			
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents		396,340			
Cash and Cash Equivalents Beginning of Year		2,503,315			
Cash and Cash Equivalents End of Year	\$	2,899,655			
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Operating Activities					
Operating Income (Loss)	\$	287,516			
Adjustments:					
(Increase) Decrease in Assets and Deferred Outflows:					
Accounts Receivable		76,303			
Increase (Decrease) in Liabilities and Deferred Inflows:					
Claims Payable		(23,000)			
Unearned Revenue		55,521			
Net Cash Provided by (Used For) Operating Activities	\$	396,340			

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Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

#### **NOTE 1 – REPORTING ENTITY**

The Whitehall City School District (the School District) was organized on June 10, 1968 and is a fiscally independent political subdivision of the State of Ohio. The School District is governed by a five-member Board of Education (the Board) elected by the citizens of the School District.

The accompanying basic financial statements comply with the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 14, The Financial Reporting Entity, as amended by GASB Statement No. 39, Determining Whether Certain Organizations are Component Units, and GASB Statement No. 61, The Financial Reporting Entity Omnibus – an amendment to GASB Statement No. 14 and 34, in that the financial statements include all organizations, activities, and functions for which the School District is financially accountable. Financial accountability is defined as the appointment of a voting majority of a component unit's board and either (i) the School District's ability to impose its will over a component unit, or (ii) the possibility that the component unit will provide a financial benefit or impose a financial burden on the School District. On that basis, the reporting entity of the School District includes the services of the School District only (i.e., there are no component units).

#### JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS:

The School District is a participant among over 200 educational-focused entities in a jointly governed organization to operate the Metropolitan Educational Technology Association (META). META was formed for the purpose of applying modern technology, with the aid of computers and other electronic equipment, to administrative and instructional functions among member districts. META is governed by a board of directors consisting of a member of the board of education and a member of the administrative staff from each of the participating members. The School District does not have an ongoing financial interest in or ongoing financial responsibility for META. Financial statements for META can be obtained from META administrative offices at 2100 Citygate Dr., Columbus, Ohio 43219.

The Eastland-Fairfield Career and Technical Schools (EFCTS) is a jointly governed organization of the School District. The School District's Board of Education appoints one member of the nine-member Board of Education of EFCTS. However, the financial statements of EFCTS are not included within the School District's reporting entity, as the School District cannot impose its will and there are no financial benefit or financial burden relationships or related-party transactions between the School District and EFCTS.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

#### NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the School District have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The GASB is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The School District's significant accounting policies are described below.

#### A. Government-wide and fund financial statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements (see Note 2.f.). Governmental activities normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicant who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Taxes and other items not included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and proprietary funds.

#### B. Measurement focus, basis of accounting, and financial statement presentation

The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred under accrual accounting. However, debt services expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded when payment is due.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Nonexchange transactions, in which the School District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, payment in lieu of taxes, grants, entitlements, and donations. On the accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied (See Note 4). Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the School District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the School District on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from nonexchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets, deferred outflows of resources, current liabilities and deferred inflows of resources generally are included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing resources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. The approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government- wide statements and the statement for the governmental funds.

The School District's major funds include the following governmental funds: the general fund, bond retirement fund, and the ESSER fund. The general fund is the School District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except for those required to be accounted for in another fund. The bond retirement fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal, interest and related costs. The ESSER fund is used to account for federal funds used to aid School Districts that have been impacted and continue to be impacted by the Novel Coronavirus Disease 2019 (COVID-19).

The School District's nonmajor governmental funds include capital projects funds and special revenue funds. The capital project funds are used to account for receipts and expenditures related to capital facilities. The special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources, other than major capital projects, that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

The School District's nonmajor proprietary fund includes the following fund type:

Internal service funds are used to account for the financing of goods or services provided by one department or agency to other departments or, agencies of the government generally on a cost-reimbursement basis. The School District has one such fund, an Employee Benefits Self-Insurance Fund.

As a general rule the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. However, the activity for interfund services in the internal service fund are consolidated with the Governmental Activities on the government-wide financial statements.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with the proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. Charges for services (or charges for employee benefit costs) are the principal operating revenues for the School District's internal service fund. Operating expenses for the internal service fund include the cost of purchased services and claims expenses and administrative expenses. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the School District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

#### C. Cash and Investments

Monies received by the School District are pooled with individual fund balance integrity maintained through the School District's records. For presentation on the basic financial statements, investments of the cash management pool and investments with original maturities of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the School District are considered to be cash equivalents. Investments with an initial maturity of more than three months are reported as investments. At fiscal year-end, investments were limited to STAR Ohio, money market funds, municipal bonds, Federal Agency securities, negotiable CD's and commercial paper.

During the fiscal year, the School District had funds invested in the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio). STAR Ohio is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office, which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investments purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but has adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), Statement No. 79, "Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants." The School District measures their investment in STAR Ohio at the net asset value (NAV) per share provided by STAR Ohio. The NAV per share is calculated on an amortized cost basis that provides a NAV per share that approximates fair value.

For fiscal year 2022, there were no limitations or restrictions on any participant withdrawals due to redemption notice periods, liquidity fees, or redemption gates. However, notice must be given 24 hours in advance of all deposits and withdrawals exceeding \$100 million. STAR Ohio reserves the right to limit the transaction to \$250 million, requiring the excess amount to be transacted the following business day(s), but only to the \$250 million limit. All accounts of the participant will be combined for these purposes.

Investment earnings are allocated as authorized by State statue or as governed by Board policy. Interest revenue credited to the General Fund during the fiscal year amounted to \$162,536 prior to adjusting to the fair market value which includes \$17,585 assigned from other governmental funds.

#### **D.** Inventory

Inventories of supplies are presented at cost on a first-in, first-out basis and are expended/expensed when used. Donated commodities are presented at their entitlement value.

Inventory consists of expendable supplies held for consumption, donated food and purchased food.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

#### E. Capital Assets and Depreciation

General capital assets are those assets not specifically related to activities reported in the proprietary funds. These assets are reported in the government-wide statement of net position but are not reported in the fund financial statements.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated capital assets are recorded at their acquisition values as of the date received. The School District follows the policy of not capitalizing assets with a cost of less than \$3,000 and a useful life of less than five years. The School District does not possess any infrastructure.

All reported capital assets, with the exception of land and construction in progress are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Land Improvements	10-30
Buildings & Improvements	10-50
Furniture and Equipment	5-15
Vehicles	5-10

#### F. Interfund Activity

Transfers between governmental funds are eliminated on the government-wide statements. Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds.

On fund financial statements, short-term interfund loans are classified as due to/from other funds and long-term interfund loans are classified as advances to/from other funds. These amounts are eliminated in the statement of net position.

#### **G.** Compensated Absences

The School District has implemented the provisions of GASB Statement No. 16, "Accounting for Compensated Absences". Vacation benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned if the employee's rights to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered and it is probable that the employer will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means. Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the vesting method. The liability is based on the sick leave accumulated at June 30 by those employees who are currently eligible to receive termination payments and those employees for whom it is probable they will become eligible to receive termination benefits in the future. The criteria for determining the vacation and sick leave liability is derived from Board policy, negotiated agreements, and state laws.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements. The amount of accumulated vacation and sick leave of employees applicable to governmental type activities is not reflected in the fund financial statements. When paid, compensated absences for governmental activities are paid from the fund to which the employee's payroll is charged. The funds which record expenditures or expenses for employee payroll and compensated absences are the General Fund, Food Service Fund and the various other grant funds.

#### H. Accrued Liabilities and Long-term Debt

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements as well as the proprietary fund financial statements. In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources, are reported as obligations of the funds. However, claims and judgments, compensated absences that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the current fiscal year. Net pension/OPEB liability should be recognized in the governmental funds to the extent that benefit payments are due and payable and the pension/OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is not sufficient for payment of those benefits.

#### I. Unearned Revenue

Under both the accrual and modified accrual basis of accounting, revenue may be recognized only when it is earned. If assets are recognized in connection with a transaction before the earnings process is complete, those assets must be offset by a corresponding liability for unearned revenue.

#### J. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statements of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net assets that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expenses/expenditure) until then. For the School District, deferred outflows of resources are reported on the government-wide statement of net position for deferred amount on refunding, for pension and OPEB. A deferred amount on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. The deferred outflows of resources related to pension and OPEB plans are explained in Notes 10 and 11.

In addition to liabilities, the statements of financial position report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net assets that applies to a future period and will not be recognized until that time. For the School District, deferred inflows of resources include property taxes, pension, OPEB and unavailable revenue. Property taxes represent amounts for which there is an enforceable legal claim as of June 30, 2022, but which were levied to finance fiscal year 2023 operations. These amounts have been recorded as a deferred inflow on both the government-wide statement of net position and the governmental fund financial statements. Unavailable revenue is reported only on the governmental funds balance sheet and represents receivables which will not be collected within the available period. For the School District, unavailable revenue includes, but is not limited to, delinquent property taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and interest income. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period the amounts become available. The details of these unavailable revenues are identified on the Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balances to Net

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Position of Governmental Activities. Deferred inflows of resources related to pension and OPEB plans are reported on the government-wide Statement of Net Position (Sees Note 10 and 11).

#### **K.** Pensions/Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, net OPEB liability, net OPEB asset, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions/OPEB, and pension/OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the pension/OPEB plans and additions to/deductions from their fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the pension/OPEB plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. The pension/OPEB plans report investments at fair value.

#### L. Fund Balances

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the School District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in governmental funds. The classifications are as follows:

Nonspendable: The nonspendable fund balance category includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form, or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash.

Restricted: Fund balance is reported as restricted when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or is imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation (Board of Education resolutions).

Enabling legislation authorizes the School District to assess, levy, charge, or otherwise mandates payment of resources (from external resource providers) and includes a legally enforceable requirement that those resources be used only for the specific purposes stipulated in the legislation. Legal enforceability means that the School District can be compelled by an external party, such as citizens, public interest groups, or the judiciary to use resources created by enabling legislation only for the purposes specific by the legislation.

Committed: The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes imposed by a formal action (resolution) of the Board of Education. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Board of Education removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (resolution) it employed to previously commit those amounts. In contrast to fund balance that is restricted by enabling legislation, committed fund balance classification may be redeployed for other purposes with appropriate due process. Constraints imposed on the use of committed amounts are imposed by the Board of Education, separate from the authorization to raise the underlying revenue; therefore, compliance with these constraints are not considered to be legally enforceable. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Assigned: Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the School District for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. Although no specific resolution has been made, the School District Board of Education authorizes the Treasurer to assign fund balance. The Board may also assign fund balance as it does when appropriating fund balance to cover a gap between estimated revenue and appropriations in the subsequent year's appropriated budget.

Unassigned: Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed, or assigned.

The School District applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

#### M. Management Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United State of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reported period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### N. Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the School District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments. The School District applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available. The amount restricted for other purposes represents amounts restricted for a special trust.

#### O. Extraordinary and Special Items

Extraordinary items are transactions or events that are both unusual in nature and infrequent in occurrence. Special items are transactions or events that are within the control of the Board of Education and that are either unusual in nature or infrequent in occurrence. There were no extraordinary or special items reported during the current fiscal year.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

#### P. Bond Premiums, Discounts and Issuance Costs

In the government-wide financial statements, bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the term of the bonds using the straight-line method, which approximates the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium and discount. Bond issuance costs are expensed in the period in which they are incurred.

On the governmental fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and bond discounts in the current period. The face amount of the debt issue is reported as other financing sources. Premiums and discounts received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources and uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

#### Q. Prepayments

Certain payments to vendors reflect the costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements. These items are reported as assets on the balance sheet using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amounts is recorded at the time of the purchase and the expenditure/expense is reported in the year in which services are consumed.

On the fund financial statements, reported prepayments is equally offset by nonspendable fund balance in the governmental funds which indicates that it does not constitute available spendable resources even though it is a component of net current assets.

#### R. Implementation of New Accounting Principles

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, the School District has implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 87, Leases, certain provisions of GASB Statement No. 93, Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates, certain provisions of GASB Statement No. 97, Certain Component Unit Criteria, and Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans—an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 84, and a supersession of GASB Statement No. 32, and certain provisions in GASB Statement No. 99, Omnibus 2022.

GASB Statement No. 87 requires recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. It establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. These changes were incorporated in the School District's financial statements; however, there was no effect on beginning net position/fund balance.

GASB Statement No. 93 addresses accounting and financial reporting effects that result from the replacement of interbank offered rates (IBORs) with other reference rates in order to preserve the reliability, relevance, consistency, and comparability of reported information. The implementation of paragraphs 11b, 13 and 14 of GASB Statement No. 93 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the School District.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

GASB Statement No. 97 requirements that are related to a) the accounting and financial reporting for Section 457 plans and b) determining whether a primary government is financially accountable for a potential component unit were implemented for fiscal year 2022. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 97 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the School District.

GASB Statement No. 99 enhances comparability in the application of accounting and financial reporting requirements and will improve consistency of authoritative literature. The implementation of certain provisions of GASB Statement No. 99 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the School District.

#### **NOTE 3 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS**

State statutes classify monies held by the School District into three categories.

Active deposits are public deposits necessary to meet current demands on the treasury. Such monies must be maintained either as cash in the School District treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits the Board of Education has identified as not required for use within the current five year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings accounts, including passbook accounts.

Protection of the School District's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, or by the financial institutions participation in the Ohio Pooled Collateral System (OPCS), a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to the Treasurer of State to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution.

Interim monies to be deposited or invested in the following securities:

- 1. United States Treasury Notes, Bills, Bonds, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States;
- 2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligations or securities issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality, including but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, and Government National Mortgage Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

- 3. Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided that the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least two percent and be marked to market daily, and that the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;
- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio, and with certain limitations including a requirement for maturity within ten years from date of settlement, bonds and other obligations of political subdivisions of the State of Ohio, if training requirements have been met;
- 5. Time certificates of deposit or savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts;
- 6. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in items (1) and (2) above and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;
- 7. The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAR Ohio); and
- 8. Certain banker's acceptance and commercial paper notes for a period not to exceed one hundred eighty days and two hundred seventy days respectively, from the purchase date in an amount not to exceed 40 percent of the interim monies available for investment at any one time if training requirements have been met.

#### A. Cash

The deposit and investment of the School District's monies is governed by the provisions of the Ohio Revised Code (ORC). In accordance with these statutes, the School District is authorized to invest in United States and State of Ohio bonds, notes, and other obligations; bank certificates of deposit; banker acceptances; commercial paper notes rated prime and issued by United States corporations; repurchase agreements secured by United States obligations; and STAR Ohio. Earnings on investments are credited to the General Fund except earnings specifically related to the Capital Projects—Classroom Facilities Fund, and Special Revenue—Food Service Fund, in accordance with ORC Section 3315.01.

#### **B.** Deposits with Financial Institutions

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of bank failure, the School District will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The combined bank balance was \$802,798, of which \$410,000 was covered by Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) and the remaining balance was uninsured and collateralized. The School District's financial institution was approved for a reduced collateral rate of 50 percent through the Ohio Pooled Collateral System.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

The School District has no deposit policy for custodial credit risk beyond the requirements of State statute. Ohio law requires that deposits be either insured or be protected by:

- 1. Eligible securities pledged to the School District and deposited with a qualified trustee by the financial institution as security for repayment whose market value at all times shall be at least 105 percent of the deposits being secured; or
- 2. Participation in the Ohio Pooled Colleterial System (OPCS), a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to the Treasurer of State to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution. OPCS requires the total market value of the securities pledged to be 102 percent of the deposits being secured or a rate set by the Treasurer of State.

#### C. Investments

As of June 30, 2022, the School District had the following investments and maturities.

		Credit	_	Percent		Investment Maturities		
Level	Investment Type	Rating	Amount	of Total	W	Within 1 Year		re than 1 Year
N/A	STAR Ohio	AAAm	\$ 1,917,155	7.45%	\$	1,917,155	\$	-
2	FHLB Notes	AA+	5,958,617	23.17%		-		5,958,617
2	Municipal Bonds	A1+	2,921,770	11.36%		804,140		2,117,630
2	FFCB Bonds	AA+	2,108,219	8.20%		-		2,108,219
2	Certificates of Deposit	Not Rated	5,075,765	19.74%		2,215,536		2,860,229
1	Money Market Funds	Not Rated	818,428	3.18%		818,428		-
2	Commercial Paper	A	3,456,735	13.44%		3,456,735		-
2	U.S. Treasury Note	AA+	3,461,527	13.46%		488,770		2,972,757
	Total		\$ 25,718,216	100.00%	\$	9,700,764	\$	16,017,452

All investments are reported at fair value except STAR Ohio, which is measured at the net asset value per share, which approximates fair value. The School District categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. Institutional bond quotes and evaluations based on various market and industry inputs are used in the valuation of the School District's level 2 investments.

In addition, in accordance with GASB Statement No. 79, the School District's investment in STAR Ohio is reported at amortized cost. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, there were no limitations or restrictions on any participant withdrawals due to redemption notice periods, liquidity fees, or redemption gates. However, notice must be given 24 hours in advance of all deposits and withdraws exceeding \$100 million. STAR Ohio reserves the right to limit the transaction to \$250 million, requiring the excess amount to be transferred the following business day(s), but only to the \$250 million limit. All accounts of the participant will be combined for these purposes. The weighted average of maturity of the portfolio held by STAR Ohio as of June 30, 2022, is 35 days and carries a rating of AAAm by S&P Global Ratings.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

*Interest Rate Risk:* As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates and according to state law, investment portfolio maturities are limited to five years or less. To reduce interest rate risk it is Management's policy to hold all investments to maturity.

Credit Risk: The School District does not have a formal investment policy limiting credit risk.

Concentration of Credit Risk: The School District's investment policy places no limit on the amount that may be invested in any one issuer.

Custodial Credit Risk for Investments: For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the government will not be able recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The School District does not have a policy related to custodial credit risk for investments; however, all of the School District's investments are bookentry securities held by a safekeeping agent and are, therefore, not exposed to custodial credit risk.

#### D. Cash with Fiscal Agent

At fiscal year-end, the School District had an account under UnitedHealthcare which is required to maintain a balance of \$160,000 to pay out the School District's insurance claims. The balance in this account is reported as Cash with Fiscal Agent on the School District's Statement of Net Position and is included in the carrying amount of deposits.

#### **NOTE 4 – PROPERTY TAXES**

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis while the School District fiscal year runs from July through June. First half tax collections are received by the School District in the second half of the fiscal year. Second half tax distributions occur in the first half of the following fiscal year.

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real and public utility property located in the School District. Real property tax revenue received in calendar year 2022 represents collections of calendar year 2021 taxes. Real property taxes received in calendar year 2022 were levied after April 1, 2021, on the assessed value listed as of January 1, 2021, the lien date. Assessed values for real property taxes are established by State law at 35 percent of appraised market value. Real property taxes are payable annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semiannually, the first payment is due December 31 with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits alternate payment dates to be established.

Public utility property tax revenue received in calendar year 2022 represents collections of calendar year 2021 taxes. Public utility real and tangible personal property taxes received in calendar year 2022 became a lien December 31, 2020, were levied after April 1, 2021 and are collected in 2022 with real property taxes. Public utility real property is assessed at 35 percent of true value; public utility tangible personal property currently is assessed at varying percentages of true value.

The School District receives property taxes from Franklin County. The County Auditor periodically advances to the School District its portion of the taxes collected. Second-half real property tax payments collected by the County by June 30, 2022, are available to finance fiscal year 2022 operations. The amount

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

of second-half real property taxes available for advance at fiscal year-end can vary based on the date the tax bills are sent.

Accrued property taxes receivable includes real property, public utility property and delinquent tangible personal property taxes which are measurable as of June 30, 2022, and for which there is an enforceable legal claim. Although total property tax collections for the next fiscal year are measurable, only the amount of real property taxes available as an advance at June 30 was levied to finance current fiscal year operations and is reported as revenue at fiscal year-end. The portion of the receivable not levied to finance current fiscal year operations is offset by a credit to deferred inflows of resources.

On the accrual basis of accounting, collectible delinquent property taxes have been recorded as a receivable and revenue, while on a modified accrual basis of accounting the revenue has been reported as a deferred inflow of resources.

The assessed values upon which the fiscal year 2022 taxes were collected are:

		2021 Second Half Collections			2022 Firs Half Collecti		
	Amount		Percent	nt Amount		Percent	
Real Estate Public Utility Personal Property	\$	265,426,720 15,032,840	95% 5%	\$	272,667,510 16,316,060	94% 6%	
Total	\$	280,459,560	100%	\$	288,983,570	100%	
Full Tax Rate per \$1,000 of assessed valuation	\$	73.85		\$	73.85		

Real property taxes are payable annually or semiannually. If paid annually, the payment is due January 30; if paid semiannually, the payment is due January 30 with the remainder payable by June 30.

The Franklin County Treasurer collects property taxes on behalf of the School District. The County Auditor periodically remits to the School District its portion of the taxes collected. These tax "advances" are based on historical cash flow collection rates. Final "settlements" are made each February and August.

Accrued property taxes receivables represent real property, personal property and public utility taxes which were measurable but not available as of June 30, 2022. However, monies legally available as an advance to the School District as of June 30, 2022 are recognized as revenue as they are both measurable and available. The School District is prohibited by law from appropriating this amount in accordance with Ohio Revised Code Section 5705.35.

#### **NOTE 5 – TAX ABATEMENTS**

Under Community Reinvestment Area (CRA) and other property tax abatements entered into by the City of Whitehall, the School District's property tax revenues were reduced by \$540,789 during the fiscal year.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

### NOTE 6 – CAPITAL ASSETS

A summary of capital asset activity for the fiscal year follows:

Governmental Activities	Beginning Balance	Additions	Disposals	Transfers	Ending Balance
Nondepreciable Captial Assets					
Land	\$ 538,358	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 538,358
Construction in Progress	340,890			(340,890)	
Total Nondepreciable Assets	879,248			(340,890)	538,358
Depreciable Capital Assets					
Land Improvements	1,838,288	-	-	-	1,838,288
Buildings and Improvements	94,735,454	1,805,311	-	340,890	96,881,655
Furniture, Fixtures and Equipment	7,712,225	716,968	(7,000)	-	8,422,193
Vehicles	1,716,599	335,660	(129,576)		1,922,683
Total Depreciable Assets	106,002,566	2,857,939	(136,576)	340,890	109,064,819
Less accumulated depreciation					
Land Improvements	(1,518,158)	(31,437)	-	-	(1,549,595)
Buildings and Improvements	(17,381,672)	(2,527,469)	-	-	(19,909,141)
Furniture, Fixtures and Equipment	(5,205,475)	(497,606)	7,000	-	(5,696,081)
Vehicles	(1,191,195)	(105,664)	129,576	-	(1,167,283)
Total accumulated depreciation	(25,296,500)	(3,162,176)	136,576		(28,322,100)
Depreciable Capital Assets, Net					
of accumulated depreciation	80,706,066	(304,237)		340,890	80,742,719
Capital Assets, Net	\$ 81,585,314	\$ (304,237)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 81,281,077

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

	Amount
Regular	\$ 2,799,272
Special	552
Vocational	10,007
Instructional Staff	36,388
School Administration	5,269
Business Operations	10,302
Operations and Maintenance of Plant	51,651
Pupil Transportation	80,281
Non-instructional	38,724
Co-curricular Activities	129,730
Total Depreciation Expense	\$ 3,162,176

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

#### **NOTE 7 – LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS**

During the fiscal year, the following changes occurred in long-term obligations:

General Obligation Bonds           Refunding Bonds - Series 2015         Serial and Term Bonds         2.00-4.00%         7,220,000         -         (430,000)         6,790,000         450,000           CABs         17.33-18.19%         210,000         -         -         210,000         -           CABs Premium         250,562         -         (63,116)         187,446         -           Accretion on CABs         318,918         98,270         -         417,188         -           Bond Premium         337,270         -         (24,091)         313,179         -           Refunding Bonds - Series 2016A         Serial and Term Bonds         2.00-4.00%         7,210,000         -         (495,000)         6,715,000         505,000           CABs Premium         20.02,730         -         (54,519)         148,211         -         Accretion on CABs         233,176         82,699         -         315,875         -         Bond Premium         367,276         -         (33,388)         333,888         -           Refunding Bonds - Series 2016B         Serial Bonds         2.00-4.00%         7,565,000         -         (300,000)         7,265,000         -         55,000         -         50,000         -		Interest Rate	Beginning Balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
Serial and Term Bonds         2.00-4.00%         7,220,000         -         (430,000)         6,790,000         450,000           CABs         17.33-18.19%         210,000         -         -         210,000         -           CABs Premium         250,562         -         (63,116)         187,446         -           Accretion on CABs         318,918         98,270         -         417,188         -           Bond Premium         337,270         -         (24,091)         313,179         -           Refunding Bonds - Series 2016A         2.00-4.00%         7,210,000         -         (495,000)         6,715,000         505,000           CABs         2.00-4.00%         7,210,000         -         (495,000)         6,715,000         -           CABs Premium         20,0730         -         (54,519)         148,211         -           Accretion on CABs         233,176         82,699         -         315,875         -           Bond Premium         367,276         -         (300,000)         7,265,000         315,000           CABs         2421%         55,000         -         (300,000)         7,265,000         315,000           CABs Premium         40,21%	General Obligation Bonds		Баштее	7 KGRIOIIS	reductions	Бишнее	<u>one rear</u>
CABs CABs Premium         17.33-18.19%         210,000         -         -         21.000         -           CABs Premium         250,562         -         (63,116)         187,446         -           Accretion on CABs         318,918         98,270         -         417,188         -           Bond Premium         337,270         -         (24,091)         313,179         -           Refunding Bonds - Series 2016A         -         7,210,000         -         (495,000)         6,715,000         505,000           CABs         21.57-23.13%         110,000         -         -         110,000         -           CABs Premium         202,730         -         (495,000)         148,211         -           Accretion on CABs         233,176         82,699         -         315,875         -           Bond Premium         367,276         -         (33,388)         333,888         -           Refunding Bonds - Series 2016B         24,21%         7,565,000         -         (300,000)         7,265,000         315,000           CABs         24,21%         55,000         -         (24,004)         60,008         -           Serial Bonds         24,21%         55,000		2.00-4.00%	7.220.000	_	(430.000)	6.790.000	450,000
Accretion on CABs   318,918   98,270   - (24,091)   313,179   -			, ,	-	-	, ,	-
Bond Premium         337,270         -         (24,091)         313,179         -           Refunding Bonds - Series 2016A         Serial and Term Bonds         2.004.00%         7,210,000         -         (495,000)         6,715,000         505,000           CABs         21.57-23.13%         110,000         -         -         110,000         -           CABs Premium         202,730         -         (54,519)         148,211         -           Accretion on CABs         233,176         82,699         -         315,875         -           Bond Premium         367,276         -         (33,388)         333,888         -           Refunding Bonds - Series 2016B         367,276         -         (300,000)         7,265,000         -         6,300,000         315,000         -           CABs         24.21%         55,000         -         (24,004)         60,008         -         6,40,000         -         175,666         -           Accretion on CABs         128,538         47,128         -         175,666         -         -         175,666         -         -         175,666         -         -         175,666         -         -         175,066         -         -	CABs Premium		250,562	-	(63,116)	187,446	-
Refunding Bonds - Series 2016A         Serial and Term Bonds         2.00-4.00%         7,210,000         -         (495,000)         6,715,000         505,000           CABs         21.57-23.13%         110,000         -         -         110,000         -           CABs Premium         202,730         -         (54,519)         148,211         -           Accretion on CABs         233,176         82,699         -         315,875         -           Bond Premium         367,276         -         (33,388)         333,888         -           Refunding Bonds - Series 2016B         2.00-4.00%         7,565,000         -         (300,000)         7,265,000         315,000           CABs         24.21%         55,000         -         (24,004)         60,008         -           CABs Premium         84,012         -         (24,004)         60,008         -           Accretion on CABs         128,538         47,128         -         175,666         -           Bond Premium         671,388         -         (47,957)         623,431         -           OFCC Project - Series 2019         200         -         (110,000)         6,330,000         115,000           Bond Premium	Accretion on CABs		318,918	98,270	-	417,188	-
Serial and Term Bonds         2.00-4.00%         7,210,000         -         (495,000)         6,715,000         505,000           CABs         21.57-23.13%         110,000         -         -         110,000         -           CABs Premium         202,730         -         (54,519)         148,211         -           Accretion on CABs         233,176         82,699         -         315,875         -           Bond Premium         367,276         -         (33,388)         333,888         -           Refunding Bonds - Series 2016B         2.00-4.00%         7,565,000         -         (300,000)         7,265,000         315,000           CABs         24.21%         55,000         -         (24,004)         60,008         -           CABs Premium         84,012         -         (24,004)         60,008         -           Accretion on CABs         128,538         47,128         -         175,666         -           Bond Premium         671,388         -         (47,957)         623,431         -           OFCC Project - Series 2019         201         2,735,000         -         (110,000)         6,330,000         115,000           Bond Premium         2739,299	Bond Premium		337,270	-	(24,091)	313,179	-
CABs CABs Premium         21.57-23.13%         110,000         -         -         1.10,000         -           CABs Premium         202,730         -         (54,519)         148,211         -           Accretion on CABs         233,176         82,699         -         315,875         -           Bond Premium         367,276         -         (33,388)         333,888         -           Refunding Bonds - Series 2016B         2.00-4.00%         7,565,000         -         (300,000)         7,265,000         315,000           CABs         24.21%         55,000         -         -         55,000         -           CABs Premium         84,012         -         (24,004)         60,008         -           Accretion on CABs         128,538         47,128         -         175,666         -           Bond Premium         671,388         -         (47,957)         623,431         -           OFCC Project - Series 2019         300,400%         6,440,000         -         (110,000)         6,330,000         115,000           Bond Premium         273,929         -         (9,783)         264,146         -           Total General Obligation Bonds         31,677,799         228,097	Refunding Bonds - Series 2016A						
CABs Premium Accretion on CABs         202,730         -         (54,519)         148,211         -           Accretion on CABs         233,176         82,699         -         315,875         -           Bond Premium         367,276         -         (33,388)         333,888         -           Refunding Bonds - Series 2016B         Serial Bonds         2.00-4.00%         7,565,000         -         (300,000)         7,265,000         315,000           CABs         24.21%         55,000         -         -         -         55,000         -           CABs Premium         84,012         -         (24,004)         60,008         -           Accretion on CABs         128,538         47,128         -         175,666         -           Bond Premium         671,388         -         (47,957)         623,431         -           OFCC Project - Series 2019         Serial and Term Bonds         3.00-4.00%         6,440,000         -         (110,000)         6,330,000         115,000           Bond Premium         273,929         -         (9,783)         264,146         -           Total General Obligation Bonds         31,677,799         228,097         (1,591,858)         30,314,038         1,385,000	Serial and Term Bonds	2.00-4.00%	7,210,000	-	(495,000)	6,715,000	505,000
Accretion on CABs   Bond Premium   367,276   82,699   -   315,875   -	CABs	21.57-23.13%	110,000	-	-	110,000	-
Bond Premium         367,276         -         (33,388)         333,888         -           Refunding Bonds - Series 2016B         2.00-4.00%         7,565,000         -         (300,000)         7,265,000         315,000           CABs         24.21%         55,000         -         -         55,000         -           CABs Premium         84,012         -         (24,004)         60,008         -           Accretion on CABs         128,538         47,128         -         175,666         -           Bond Premium         671,388         -         (47,957)         623,431         -           OFCC Project - Series 2019         6,440,000         -         (110,000)         6,330,000         115,000           Bond Premium         273,929         -         (9,783)         264,146         -           Total General Obligation Bonds         31,677,799         228,097         (1,591,858)         30,314,038         1,385,000           Notes from Direct Borrowings         2,735,000         -         (170,000)         2,565,000         175,000           Total Notes from Direct Borrowings         2,735,000         -         (170,000)         2,565,000         175,000           Net Pension Liability         4	CABs Premium		202,730	-	(54,519)	148,211	-
Refunding Bonds - Series 2016B           Serial Bonds         2.00-4.00%         7,565,000         -         (300,000)         7,265,000         315,000           CABs         24.21%         55,000         -         -         55,000         -         -         55,000         -           CABs Premium         84,012         -         (24,004)         60,008         -           Accretion on CABs         128,538         47,128         -         175,666         -           Bond Premium         671,388         -         (47,957)         623,431         -           OFCC Project - Series 2019         Serial and Term Bonds         3.00-4.00%         6,440,000         -         (110,000)         6,330,000         115,000           Bond Premium         273,929         -         (9,783)         264,146         -           Total General Obligation Bonds         31,677,799         228,097         (1,591,858)         30,314,038         1,385,000           Netes from Direct Borrowings         2,735,000         -         (170,000)         2,565,000         175,000           Total Notes from Direct Borrowings         2,735,000         -         (170,000)         2,565,000         175,000           Net Pension L				82,699	-	315,875	-
Serial Bonds         2.00-4.00%         7,565,000         -         (300,000)         7,265,000         315,000           CABs         24.21%         55,000         -         -         -         55,000         -           CABs Premium         84,012         -         (24,004)         60,008         -           Accretion on CABs         128,538         47,128         -         175,666         -           Bond Premium         671,388         -         (47,957)         623,431         -           OFCC Project - Series 2019         -         (110,000)         6,330,000         115,000           Bond Premium         273,929         -         (9,783)         264,146         -           Total General Obligation Bonds         31,677,799         228,097         (1,591,858)         30,314,038         1,385,000           Notes from Direct Borrowings         Lease Purchase Agreement - 2019         3.45-6.00%         2,735,000         -         (170,000)         2,565,000         175,000           Total Notes from Direct Borrowings         47,964,222         -         (23,319,110)         24,645,112         -           Net Pension Liability         47,964,222         -         (23,319,110)         24,645,112         -	Bond Premium		367,276	-	(33,388)	333,888	-
CABs         24.21%         55,000         -         -         55,000         -           CABs Premium         84,012         -         (24,004)         60,008         -           Accretion on CABs         128,538         47,128         -         175,666         -           Bond Premium         671,388         -         (47,957)         623,431         -           OFCC Project - Series 2019         -         (47,957)         623,431         -           Serial and Term Bonds         3.00-4.00%         6,440,000         -         (110,000)         6,330,000         115,000           Bond Premium         273,929         -         (9,783)         264,146         -           Total General Obligation Bonds         31,677,799         228,097         (1,591,858)         30,314,038         1,385,000           Notes from Direct Borrowings         2,735,000         -         (170,000)         2,565,000         175,000           Total Notes from Direct Borrowings         2,735,000         -         (170,000)         2,565,000         175,000           Net Pension Liability         47,964,222         -         (23,319,110)         24,645,112         -           Net OPEB Liability         3,417,068         - </td <td>Refunding Bonds - Series 2016B</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	Refunding Bonds - Series 2016B						
CABs Premium         84,012         -         (24,004)         60,008         -           Accretion on CABs         128,538         47,128         -         175,666         -           Bond Premium         671,388         -         (47,957)         623,431         -           OFCC Project - Series 2019         -         (110,000)         6,330,000         115,000           Bond Premium         273,929         -         (9,783)         264,146         -           Total General Obligation Bonds         31,677,799         228,097         (1,591,858)         30,314,038         1,385,000           Notes from Direct Borrowings         Lease Purchase Agreement - 2019         3.45-6.00%         2,735,000         -         (170,000)         2,565,000         175,000           Total Notes from Direct Borrowings         2,735,000         -         (170,000)         2,565,000         175,000           Net Pension Liability         47,964,222         -         (23,319,110)         24,645,112         -           Net OPEB Liability         3,417,068         -         (694,581)         2,722,487         -           Total Net Pension/OPEB Liability         51,381,290         -         (24,013,691)         27,367,599         -	Serial Bonds	2.00-4.00%	7,565,000	-	(300,000)	7,265,000	315,000
Accretion on CABs Bond Premium 671,388 - (47,957) 623,431 -  OFCC Project - Series 2019 Serial and Term Bonds 3.00-4.00% Bond Premium 273,929 - (9,783) 264,146 -   Total General Obligation Bonds Notes from Direct Borrowings Lease Purchase Agreement - 2019 Total Notes from Direct Borrowings Net Pension Liability S1,341,068 - (23,319,110) 175,000 175,0	CABs	24.21%	55,000	-	-	55,000	-
Bond Premium	CABs Premium		84,012	-	(24,004)	60,008	-
OFCC Project - Series 2019         Serial and Term Bonds         3.00-4.00%         6,440,000         -         (110,000)         6,330,000         115,000           Bond Premium         273,929         -         (9,783)         264,146         -           Total General Obligation Bonds         31,677,799         228,097         (1,591,858)         30,314,038         1,385,000           Notes from Direct Borrowings         Lease Purchase Agreement - 2019         3.45-6.00%         2,735,000         -         (170,000)         2,565,000         175,000           Total Notes from Direct Borrowings         2,735,000         -         (170,000)         2,565,000         175,000           Net Pension Liability         47,964,222         -         (23,319,110)         24,645,112         -           Net OPEB Liability         47,964,222         -         (23,319,110)         24,645,112         -           Total Net Pension/OPEB Liability         3,417,068         -         (694,581)         2,722,487         -           Total Net Pension/OPEB Liability         51,381,290         -         (24,013,691)         27,367,599         -           Compensated Absences         1,965,718         302,621         (419,065)         1,849,274         284,295	Accretion on CABs		128,538	47,128	-	175,666	-
Serial and Term Bonds         3.00-4.00%         6,440,000         -         (110,000)         6,330,000         115,000           Bond Premium         273,929         -         (9,783)         264,146         -           Total General Obligation Bonds         31,677,799         228,097         (1,591,858)         30,314,038         1,385,000           Notes from Direct Borrowings         2,735,000         -         (170,000)         2,565,000         175,000           Total Notes from Direct Borrowings         2,735,000         -         (170,000)         2,565,000         175,000           Net Pension Liability         47,964,222         -         (23,319,110)         24,645,112         -           Net OPEB Liability         3,417,068         -         (694,581)         2,722,487         -           Total Net Pension/OPEB Liability         51,381,290         -         (24,013,691)         27,367,599         -           Compensated Absences         1,965,718         302,621         (419,065)         1,849,274         284,295	Bond Premium		671,388	-	(47,957)	623,431	-
Bond Premium         273,929         -         (9,783)         264,146         -           Total General Obligation Bonds         31,677,799         228,097         (1,591,858)         30,314,038         1,385,000           Notes from Direct Borrowings         8         2,735,000         -         (170,000)         2,565,000         175,000           Total Notes from Direct Borrowings         2,735,000         -         (170,000)         2,565,000         175,000           Net Pension Liability         47,964,222         -         (23,319,110)         24,645,112         -           Net OPEB Liability         3,417,068         -         (694,581)         2,722,487         -           Total Net Pension/OPEB Liability         51,381,290         -         (24,013,691)         27,367,599         -           Compensated Absences         1,965,718         302,621         (419,065)         1,849,274         284,295	OFCC Project - Series 2019						
Notes from Direct Borrowings         2,735,000         -         (170,000)         2,565,000         175,000           Total Notes from Direct Borrowings         2,735,000         -         (170,000)         2,565,000         175,000           Total Notes from Direct Borrowings         2,735,000         -         (170,000)         2,565,000         175,000           Net Pension Liability         47,964,222         -         (23,319,110)         24,645,112         -           Net OPEB Liability         3,417,068         -         (694,581)         2,722,487         -           Total Net Pension/OPEB Liability         51,381,290         -         (24,013,691)         27,367,599         -           Compensated Absences         1,965,718         302,621         (419,065)         1,849,274         284,295	Serial and Term Bonds	3.00-4.00%	6,440,000	-	(110,000)	6,330,000	115,000
Notes from Direct Borrowings         Lease Purchase Agreement - 2019         3.45-6.00%         2,735,000         -         (170,000)         2,565,000         175,000           Total Notes from Direct Borrowings         2,735,000         -         (170,000)         2,565,000         175,000           Net Pension Liability         47,964,222         -         (23,319,110)         24,645,112         -           Net OPEB Liability         3,417,068         -         (694,581)         2,722,487         -           Total Net Pension/OPEB Liability         51,381,290         -         (24,013,691)         27,367,599         -           Compensated Absences         1,965,718         302,621         (419,065)         1,849,274         284,295	Bond Premium		273,929	-	(9,783)	264,146	-
Lease Purchase Agreement - 2019       3.45-6.00%       2,735,000       -       (170,000)       2,565,000       175,000         Total Notes from Direct Borrowings       2,735,000       -       (170,000)       2,565,000       175,000         Net Pension Liability       47,964,222       -       (23,319,110)       24,645,112       -         Net OPEB Liability       3,417,068       -       (694,581)       2,722,487       -         Total Net Pension/OPEB Liability       51,381,290       -       (24,013,691)       27,367,599       -         Compensated Absences       1,965,718       302,621       (419,065)       1,849,274       284,295	Total General Obligation Bonds		31,677,799	228,097	(1,591,858)	30,314,038	1,385,000
Lease Purchase Agreement - 2019       3.45-6.00%       2,735,000       -       (170,000)       2,565,000       175,000         Total Notes from Direct Borrowings       2,735,000       -       (170,000)       2,565,000       175,000         Net Pension Liability       47,964,222       -       (23,319,110)       24,645,112       -         Net OPEB Liability       3,417,068       -       (694,581)       2,722,487       -         Total Net Pension/OPEB Liability       51,381,290       -       (24,013,691)       27,367,599       -         Compensated Absences       1,965,718       302,621       (419,065)       1,849,274       284,295	Notes from Direct Borrowings						
Total Notes from Direct Borrowings         2,735,000         -         (170,000)         2,565,000         175,000           Net Pension Liability         47,964,222         -         (23,319,110)         24,645,112         -           Net OPEB Liability         3,417,068         -         (694,581)         2,722,487         -           Total Net Pension/OPEB Liability         51,381,290         -         (24,013,691)         27,367,599         -           Compensated Absences         1,965,718         302,621         (419,065)         1,849,274         284,295		3.45-6.00%	2,735,000	_	(170,000)	2,565,000	175,000
Net Pension Liability         47,964,222         -         (23,319,110)         24,645,112         -           Net OPEB Liability         3,417,068         -         (694,581)         2,722,487         -           Total Net Pension/OPEB Liability         51,381,290         -         (24,013,691)         27,367,599         -           Compensated Absences         1,965,718         302,621         (419,065)         1,849,274         284,295				-			
Net OPEB Liability         3,417,068         -         (694,581)         2,722,487         -           Total Net Pension/OPEB Liability         51,381,290         -         (24,013,691)         27,367,599         -           Compensated Absences         1,965,718         302,621         (419,065)         1,849,274         284,295	Net Pension Liability						
Net OPEB Liability         3,417,068         -         (694,581)         2,722,487         -           Total Net Pension/OPEB Liability         51,381,290         -         (24,013,691)         27,367,599         -           Compensated Absences         1,965,718         302,621         (419,065)         1,849,274         284,295	Net Pension Liability		47 964 222	_	(23 319 110)	24 645 112	_
Total Net Pension/OPEB Liability         51,381,290         -         (24,013,691)         27,367,599         -           Compensated Absences         1,965,718         302,621         (419,065)         1,849,274         284,295	•			_			_
Compensated Absences         1,965,718         302,621         (419,065)         1,849,274         284,295	3						
	·			302,621			284,295
	Total Governmental Activities		\$ 87,759,807	\$ 530,718	\$ (26,194,614)	\$ 62,095,911	\$ 1,844,295

#### 2009 A and B Building Construction Bonds

In the election held on November 4, 2008, the electors of the School District approved the issuance of bonds in the amount of \$30,500,000 for the purpose of constructing a new school facility and related facilities under the Classroom Facilities Assistance Program of the Ohio School Facilities Commission; renovating and improving existing school facilities; furnishing and equipping the same; and improving the sites thereof.

On February 11, 2009, the School District issued School Facilities Construction and Improvement Bonds, Series 2009A in the amount of \$9.8 million with final maturities on December 1, 2034. These bonds included \$1.47 million in current interest serial bonds; \$84,996 in capital appreciation bond; and \$8.245 million in current interest term bonds. The net premium, discount and accretion on these bonds was \$213,600, while the bond issuance costs were \$141,280. On March 12, 2009, the School District issued School Facilities Construction and Improvement Bonds, Series 2009B in the amount of \$20.7 million with

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

final maturities on December 1, 2034. These bonds included \$14.645 million in current interest serial bonds; \$39,998 in capital appreciation bond; and \$6.015 million in current interest term bonds. The net premium, discount and accretion on these bonds was \$411,156, while the bond issuance costs were \$238,859.

Capital appreciation bonds were purchased at a discount at the time of issuance and, at maturity all compound interest is paid, and the bond holder collects the face value. However, since interest is technically earned and compounded semiannually, the value of the bond increases. Therefore, as the value increases, the accretion is booked as principal.

In fiscal year 2016, the School District refunded \$25.315 million of the 2009 A and B Building Construction Bonds with Series 2015, Series 2016A and Series 2016B advance refunding bonds. The refunded bonds were called on June 1, 2019.

#### 2015 Refunding Bonds

On December 29, 2015, the School District issued general obligation refunding bonds in the amount of \$8,485,000 for the purpose of advance refunding \$8,490,000 of the 2009 A and B Building Construction Bonds which were issued for the purpose of School Facilities Construction and Improvement. These bonds included \$6,100,000 in current interest serial bonds; \$210,000 in capital appreciation bonds; and \$2,175,000 in current interest term bonds. The School District received \$9,564,517 in bond proceeds, which included a \$1,079,517 premium. The bonds have a final maturity on December 1, 2034. The bonds will be retired from the bond retirement fund. The total debt service payments were reduced by \$837,114 and the present value of this reduction resulted in an economic gain of \$663,349.

#### 2016A Refunding Bonds

On February 23, 2016, the School District issued general obligation refunding bonds in the amount of \$8,485,000 for the purpose of advance refunding \$8,485,000 of the 2009 A and B Building Construction Bonds which were issued for the purpose of School Facilities Construction and Improvement. These bonds included \$6,050,000 in current interest serial bonds; \$110,000 in capital appreciation bonds; and \$2,325,000 in current interest term bonds. The School District received \$9,555,188 in bond proceeds, which included a \$1,070,188 premium. The bonds have a final maturity on December 1, 2034. The bonds will be retired from the bond retirement fund. The total debt service payments were reduced by \$848,903 and the present value of this reduction resulted in an economic gain of \$689,565.

#### 2016B Refunding Bonds

On February 23, 2016, the School District issued general obligation refunding bonds in the amount of \$8,340,000 for the purpose of advance refunding \$8,340,000 of the 2009 B Building Construction Bonds which were issued for the purpose of School Facilities Construction and Improvement. These bonds included \$8,285,000 in current interest serial bonds and \$55,000 in capital appreciation bonds. The School District received \$9,515,162 in bond proceeds, which included a \$1,175,162 premium. The bonds have a final maturity on December 1, 2034. The bonds will be retired from the bond retirement fund. The total debt service payments were reduced by \$1,113,166 and the present value of this reduction resulted in an economic gain of \$913,091.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

#### 2019 Construction and Improvement Bonds

On March 27, 2019, the School District issued general obligation bonds in the amount of \$6,590,000 for the purpose of renovating, improving, and construction additions to school facilities, including safety and security improvements, under the classroom facilities assistance program of the Ohio Facilities Construction Commission; furnishing and equipping the same; improving the sites thereof. The School District received \$6,893,278 in bond proceeds, which included a \$303,278 premium. These bonds include \$1,075,000 in serial bonds and \$5,515,000 in term bonds and have a final maturity on December 1, 2048. The bonds will be retired from the bond retirement fund.

All current obligation bonds outstanding, issued to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of equipment and facilities, are general obligations of the School District for which the full faith and credit of the School District is pledged for repayment. Long-Term obligations of the School District are included in the Statement of Net Position. Payments of principal and interest relating to these liabilities are recorded as expenditures in the Debt Service Fund. The source of payment is derived from bonded debt tax levy.

The following is a summary of future annual debt service requirements for maturity for the general obligation bonds:

Fiscal Year	Principal		Interest		Total
2023	\$ 1,385,000	\$	945,550	\$	2,330,550
2024	1,315,666		998,684		2,314,350
2025	1,182,034		1,300,416		2,482,450
2026	1,286,029		1,168,121		2,454,150
2027	1,650,000		797,525		2,447,525
2028-2032	10,045,000		2,980,202		13,025,202
2033-2037	7,840,000		1,143,326		8,983,326
2038-2042	1,350,000		535,325		1,885,325
2043-2047	1,605,000		271,162		1,876,162
2048-2049	725,000		25,638		750,638
Total	\$ 28,383,729	\$1	0,165,949	\$	38,549,678

#### 2019 Lease-Purchase Agreement

On January 14, 2019, the School District entered into a series of one-year renewable lease-purchase agreements with Capital One Public Funding, LLC (the Bank), whereas the School District leases the project site to the Bank, and subsequently constructs the energy conservation services and installations, and the Bank, in turn, subleases the land, and leases the constructed school facilities to the School District. The Bank agreed to pre-pay the \$3,000,000 in rental payments in order to fund the construction project. In turn, the School District agreed to pay \$3,000,000 under the sublease at an interest rate of 3.45%. The final payment is due December 1, 2033. The lease purchase agreements will be retired from the permanent improvement fund.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

In the event of default, the School District will, promptly return possession of the Project Facilities to the Bank, and/or, at the Bank's option, the Bank may enter and take immediate possession of and remove any or all of the personal property constituting Project Facilities. In addition, the School District will remain liable for all covenants and obligations under the agreement, and for all legal fees and other costs and expenses to the extent permitted by law.

The following is a summary of future annual debt service requirements for the Lease-Purchase Agreement:

Fiscal Year	Principal	Interest	Total
2023	\$ 175,000	\$ 85,474	\$ 260,474
2024	180,000	79,350	259,350
2025	190,000	72,967	262,967
2026	195,000	66,326	261,326
2027	200,000	59,513	259,513
2028-2032	1,120,000	186,300	1,306,300
2033-2034	505,000	17,509	522,509
Total	\$ 2,565,000	\$ 567,439	\$3,132,439

#### Debt Limitation

The ORC provides that voted net general obligation debt of the School District shall never exceed 9% of the total assessed valuation of the School District. The ORC further provides that unvoted indebtedness shall not exceed 1/10 of 1% of the property valuation of the School District. The effects of these debt limitations are a voted debt limit of \$26,008,521 and an unvoted debt limit of \$288,984. At fiscal year-end, the School District exceeded the voted debt limit, however, ORC 133.06 permits a School District to incur indebtedness in excess of the 9% direct debt limitation if, based on five-year projections showing annual property value growth of 3% or more, or the State Superintendent determines that such School District is a "special needs" School District. The State Superintendent determined that the School District is a special needs School District during 2022.

The aggregate amount of the School District's unvoted debt is also subject to overlapping debt restrictions with Franklin County and the City of Whitehall. As of June 30, 2022, these entities have complied with the requirement that unvoted overlapping debt must not exceed 1% (10 mills) of the assessed property value. Management believes that the School District has complied with all bond covenants.

#### Net Pension/OPEB Liability

There is no repayment schedule for the net pension liability and net OPEB liability; however, employer pension and OPEB contributions are made from the fund benefitting from the employees' service. For additional information related to the net pension liability and net OPEB liability see Note 10 and 11.

#### Compensated Absences

Compensated absences represent accumulated vacation and an estimated severance liability for employees both eligible to retire and those expected to become eligible in the future. The entire compensated absences

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

balance is reported on the entity-wide financial statements. For governmental fund financial statements, the compensated absences are reported only to the extent they have matured and will be paid with current financial resources. The noncurrent portion of the liability is not reported.

The School District pays obligations related to compensated absences primarily from the Termination Benefits Fund and pays employer share of pension and OPEB obligations from the fund in which the employee is paid from.

#### **NOTE 8 – INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS**

#### A. Interfund Balances:

Interfund balances at fiscal year-end, as reported on the fund financial statements, consist of the following individual interfund receivables and payables:

Fund	Payable		Receivable	
General Fund Other Governmental Funds	\$	- 411,074	\$	411,074
Total	\$	411,074	\$	411,074

Interfund advances are made to provide capital and operating funds until funding is received. In general, interfund advances are made at the end of the fiscal year and then returned the next fiscal year when funding is received. On an as needed basis, the General Fund also advances cash to other funds of the School District to eliminate cash deficits. During the current and prior fiscal year, advances from the General Fund were made. Of the amount shown above, \$405,000 represents advances to/from other funds that are not expected to be repaid within one year from the date of the financial statements. Interfund advances between governmental funds are eliminated for reporting in the statement of activities.

#### **B. Interfund Transfers:**

During the fiscal year, the general fund transferred \$198,000 to the permanent improvement fund for future capital acquisitions.

#### NOTE 9 – SELF-INSURANCE FUND AND RISK MANAGEMENT

The School District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets, errors and omissions, injuries to employees and natural disasters. The School District contracts with a third-party insurance company for property insurance (including boiler and machinery) and auto insurance. Property insurance carries a deductible with a limit. Auto insurance has a limit for uninsured motorists. General liability is protected by another third- party insurance company with a \$1 million single occurrence limit, a \$2 million aggregate limit, and no deductible.

The School District pays the Ohio Bureau of Workers' Compensation a premium based on a rate per \$100 of salaries. This rate is calculated based on accident history and administrative costs.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

The School District provides employee medical/surgical benefits through a minimum premium plan, which is a modified self-insurance plan. The School District maintains a self-insurance internal service fund to account for and finance its uninsured risks of loss in this program. The School District offers one PPO medical plan with varied deductibles and coinsurance payments for "In-network" and "Non- network" claims. Claims are reviewed by a third-party claims administrator and then paid by the School District. The School District pays into the Employee Benefit Self-Insurance Internal Service Fund at a single or family rates based on the coverage selected by the employee. All full-time employees electing family medical coverage are required to make a monthly contribution to the Employee Benefit Self-Insurance Fund depending on classification. The School District's share of the premium is paid by the fund that pays the salary for the employee and is based on historical cost information.

Insurance coverage levels have remained consistent from year to year. Additionally, no payments have been made within the last three years to settle claims in excess of the above-noted insurance coverage.

Dental coverage is contracted through a third-party insurer, not on a self-insurance basis. The premium is paid in full by the fund that pays the salary for the employee.

The School District provides life insurance and accidental death and dismemberment insurance to all employees through another third-party insurance carrier in an amount related to the employee's position.

A claims liability of \$400,600 at June 30, 2022, in the internal service fund reflects an estimate of incurred but unpaid claims liability for medical insurance. This liability was determined in accordance with actuarially acceptable reserving standards and was certified by an accredited actuary, as required by state statute. The actuarial calculation for this amount does not identify amount due in one year; since claims paid in one year are more than four times the year end liability, the total amount has been reported as a current liability.

A summary of the changes in self-insurance claims liability, for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021 follows:

	2022		2021	
Claims Liability at July 1	\$	423,600	\$	412,300
Incurred Claims		5,380,056		5,425,340
Claims Paid		(5,403,056)		(5,414,040)
Claims Liability at June 30	\$	400,600	\$	423,600

#### **NOTE 10 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS**

The Statewide retirement systems provide both pension benefits and other postemployment benefits (OPEB).

#### Net Pension Liability/Net OPEB Liability (Asset)

Pensions and OPEB are a component of exchange transactions—between an employer and its employees—of salaries and benefits for employee services. Pensions/OPEB are provided to an employee—on a

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

deferred-payment basis—as part of the total compensation package offered by an employer for employee services each financial period.

The net pension/OPEB liability (asset) represents the School District's proportionate share of each pension plan's collective actuarial present value of projected benefit payments attributable to past periods of service, net of each pension plan's fiduciary net position. The net pension/OPEB liability (asset) calculation is dependent on critical long-term variables, including estimated average life expectancies, earnings on investments, cost of living adjustments and others. While these estimates use the best information available, unknowable future events require adjusting this estimate annually.

Ohio Revised Code limits the School District's obligation for this liability to annually required payments. The School District cannot control benefit terms or the manner in which pensions/OPEB are financed; however, the School District does receive the benefit of employees' services in exchange for compensation including pension and OPEB.

GASB 68/75 assumes the liability is solely the obligation of the employer, because (1) they benefit from employee services; and (2) State statute requires all funding to come from these employers. All contributions to date have come solely from these employers (which also includes costs paid in the form of withholdings from employees). State statute requires the pension plans to amortize unfunded liabilities (assets) within 30 years. If the amortization period exceeds 30 years, each pension plan's board must propose corrective action to the State legislature. Any resulting legislative change to benefits or funding could significantly affect the net pension/OPEB liability (asset). Resulting adjustments to the net pension/OPEB liability (asset) would be effective when the changes are legally enforceable. The Ohio revised Code permits, but does not require the retirement systems to provide healthcare to eligible benefit recipients.

The proportionate share of each plan's unfunded benefits is presented as a long-term *net pension/OPEB liability (asset)* on the accrual basis of accounting. Any liability for the contractually-required pension contribution outstanding at the end of the year is included in *intergovernmental payable* on both the accrual and modified accrual bases of accounting.

The remainder of this note includes the required pension disclosures. See Note 11 for the required OPEB disclosures.

#### Plan Description - School Employees Retirement System (SERS)

Plan Description – School District non-teaching employees participate in SERS, a statewide, cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by SERS. SERS provides retirement, disability and survivor benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3309. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about SERS' fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by visiting the SERS website at <a href="https://www.ohsers.org">www.ohsers.org</a> under Employers/Audit Resources.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Age and service requirements for retirement are as follows:

	Eligible to	Eligible to		
	Retire before	Retire on or after		
	August 1, 2017 *	August 1, 2017		
Full Benefits	Any age with 30 years of service credit	Age 67 with 10 years of service credit; or		
		Age 57 with 30 years of service credit		
Actuarially Reduced	Age 60 with 5 years of service credit	Age 62 with 10 years of service credit; or		
Benefits	Age 55 with 25 years of service credit	Age 60 with 25 years of service credit		

<sup>\*</sup> Members with 25 years of service credit as of August 1, 2017, may be included in this plan.

Annual retirement benefits are calculated based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on year of service; 2.2 percent for the first 30 years of service and 2.5 percent for years of service credit over 30. Final average salary is the average of the highest three years of salary.

An individual whose benefit effective date is before April 1, 2018, is eligible for a cost of living adjustment (COLA) on the first anniversary date of the benefit. New benefit recipients must wait until the fourth anniversary of their benefit for COLA eligibility. The COLA is added each year to the base benefit amount on the anniversary date of the benefit. The COLA is indexed to the percentage increase in the CPIW, not to exceed 2.5 percent and with a floor of 0 percent. A three-year COLA suspension was in effect for all benefit recipients for calendar years 2018, 2019, and 2020. SERS approved a 2.5 percent COLA for calendar year 2021.

Funding Policy – Plan members are required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salary and the School District is required to contribute 14 percent of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended by the SERS' Retirement Board up to statutory maximum amounts of 10 percent for plan members and 14 percent for employers. The Retirement Board, acting with the advice of the actuary, allocates the employer contribution rate among four of the System's funds (Pension Trust Fund, Death Benefit Fund, Medicare B Fund, and Health Care Fund). For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, the allocation to pension, death benefits, and Medicare B was 14.0 percent. SERS did not allocate employer contributions to the Health Care Fund for fiscal year 2022.

The School District's contractually required contribution to SERS was \$833,883 for fiscal year 2022. Of this amount, \$34,117 is reported as an intergovernmental payable.

#### Plan Description - State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)

Plan Description – School District licensed teachers and other faculty members participate in STRS Ohio, a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system administered by STRS. STRS provides retirement and disability benefits to members and death and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. STRS issues a stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about STRS' fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by writing to STRS, 275 E. Broad St., Columbus, OH 43215-3771, by calling (888) 227-7877, or by visiting the STRS Web site at www.strsoh.org.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

New members have a choice of three retirement plans; a Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan, and a Combined Plan. Benefits are established by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307.

The DB Plan offers an annual retirement allowance based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on years of service. Effective August 1, 2015, the calculation is 2.2 percent of final average salary for the five highest years of earnings multiplied by all years of service. Effective August 1, 2017 – July 1, 2019, any member could retire with reduced benefits who had (1) five years of service credit and age 60; (2) 27 years of service credit and age 55; or (3) 30 years of service credit regardless of age. Effective August 1, 2019 – July 1, 2021, any member may retire with reduced benefits who has (1) five years of service credit and age 60; (2) 28 years of service credit and age 55; or (3) 30 years of service credit regardless of age. Eligibility changes will continue to be phased in until August 1, 2026, when retirement eligibility for unreduced benefits will be five years of service credit and age 65, or 35 years of service credit and at least age 60. Eligibility changes for actuarially reduced benefits will be phased in until August 1, 2026, when retirement eligibility will be five years of qualifying service credit and age 60, or 30 years of service credit at any age.

The DC Plan allows members to place all their member contributions and 9.53 percent of the 14 percent employer contributions into an investment account. Investment allocation decisions are determined by the member. The remaining 4.47 percent of the 14 percent employer rate is allocated to the defined benefit plan unfunded liability. A member is eligible to receive a monthly retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The member may elect to receive a lifetime monthly annuity or a lump sum withdrawal.

The Combined plan offers features of both the DB Plan and the DC Plan. In the Combined plan, 12 percent of the 14 percent member rate is deposited into the member's DC account and the remaining 2 percent is applied to the DB Plan. Member contributions to the DC Plan are allocated among investment choices by the member, and contributions to the DB Plan from the employer and the member are used to fund the defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. The defined benefit portion of the Combined plan payment is payable to a member on or after age 60 with five years of service. The defined contribution portion of the account may be taken as a lump sum payment or converted to a lifetime monthly annuity at age 50 and after termination of employment.

New members who choose the DC Plan or Combined Plan will have another opportunity to reselect a permanent plan during their fifth year of membership. Members may remain in the same plan or transfer to another STRS plan. The optional annuitization of a member's defined contribution account or the defined contribution portion of a member's Combined Plan account to a lifetime benefit results in STRS bearing the risk of investment gain or loss on the account. STRS has therefore included all three plan options as one defined benefit plan for GASB 68 reporting purposes.

A DB or Combined Plan member with five or more years of credited service who is determined to be disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. New members must have at least ten years of qualifying service credit to apply for disability benefits. Members in the DC plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. Eligible survivors of members who die before service retirement may qualify for monthly benefits. If a member of the DC plan dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Funding Policy – Employer and member contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board and limited by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code. The statutory employer rate is 14 percent and the statutory member rate is 14 percent of covered payroll. The School District was required to contribute 14 percent; the entire 14 percent was the portion used to fund pension obligations. The 2022 contribution rates were equal to the statutory maximum rates.

The School District's contractually required contribution to STRS was \$2,923,596 for fiscal year 2022. Of this amount, \$471,570 is reported as an intergovernmental payable.

### Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an independent actuarial valuation as of that date. The School District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the employer's share of employer contributions in the pension plan relative to the total employer contributions of all participating employers. Following is information related to the proportionate share and pension expense:

		SERS	 STRS		Total
Proportion of the Net Pension Liability:			_		_
Current Measurement Date		0.15128210%	0.14909582%		
Prior Measurement Date		0.16713070%	0.15254245%		
Change in Proportionate Share	-0.01584860%		 -0.00344663%		
Proportionate Share of the Net					
Pension Liability	\$	5,581,871	\$ 19,063,241	\$	24,645,112
Pension Expense	\$	(675,546)	\$ (357,807)	\$	(1,033,353)

Other than contributions made subsequent to the measurement date and differences between projected and actual earnings on investments; deferred inflows/outflows of resources are recognized in pension expense beginning in the current period, using a straight line method over a closed period equal to the average of the expected remaining services lives of all employees that are provided with pensions, determined as of the beginning of the measurement period. Net deferred inflows/outflows of resources pertaining to the differences between projected and actual investment earnings are similarly recognized over a closed five year period.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

At June 30, 2022, the School District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	SERS		STRS		Total
<b>Deferred Outflows of Resources</b>					
Differences between Expected and					
Actual Experience	\$	538	\$	588,962	\$ 589,500
Changes of Assumptions		117,538		5,288,485	5,406,023
Changes in Proportion and Differences between					
School District Contributions and Proportionate					
Share of Contributions		-		217,182	217,182
School District Contributions Subsequent to the					
Measurement Date		833,883		2,923,596	 3,757,479
<b>Total Deferred Outflows of Resources</b>	\$	951,959	\$	9,018,225	\$ 9,970,184
<b>Deferred Inflows of Resources</b>					
Differences between Expected and					
Actual Experience	\$	144,761	\$	119,488	\$ 264,249
Net Difference between Projected and					
Actual Earnings on Pension Plan Investments		2,874,825		16,428,864	19,303,689
Changes in Proportion and Differences between					
School District Contributions and Proportionate					
Share of Contributions		792,637		983,299	 1,775,936
<b>Total Deferred Inflows of Resources</b>	\$	3,812,223	\$	17,531,651	\$ 21,343,874

\$3,757,479 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pension resulting from School District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	 SERS		STRS		Total	
Fiscal Year Ending June 30:						
2023	\$ (1,283,592)	\$	(2,813,751)	\$	(4,097,343)	
2024	(844,628)		(2,598,495)		(3,443,123)	
2025	(683,529)		(2,612,852)		(3,296,381)	
2026	 (882,398)		(3,411,924)		(4,294,322)	
Total	\$ (3,694,147)	\$	(11,437,022)	\$	(15,131,169)	

# Actuarial Assumptions - SERS

SERS' total pension liability was determined by their actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 67, as part of their annual actuarial valuation for each defined benefit retirement plan. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts (e.g., salaries, credited service) and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future (e.g., mortality, disabilities,

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

retirements, employment terminations). Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations. Future benefits for all current plan members were projected through 2132.

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. For a newly hired employee, actuarial calculations will take into account the employee's entire career with the employer and also take into consideration the benefits, if any, paid to the employee after termination of employment until the death of the employee and any applicable contingent annuitant. In many cases, actuarial calculations reflect several decades of service with the employer and the payment of benefits after termination.

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total pension liability in the latest actuarial valuation, prepared as of June 30, 2021, are presented below:

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal (Level Percentage of Payroll, Closed)

Inflation 2.40 percent

Future Salary Increases, including inflation 3.25 percent to 13.58 percent

Investment Rate of Return 7.00 percent, net of investment expense, including inflation COLA or Ad Hoc COLA 2.00 percent, on and after April 1, 2018, COLA's for future

retirees will be delayed for three years following

commencement

Mortality rates were based on the PUB-2010 General Employee Amount Weight Below Median Healthy Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 1 year and adjusted 94.20 percent for males and set forward two years and adjusted 81.35 percent for females. Mortality among disabled members were based upon the PUB-2010 General Disabled Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward five years and adjusted 103.3 percent for males and set forward three years and adjusted 106.8 percent for females. Future improvement in mortality rates is reflected by applying the MP-2020 projection scale generationally.

The most recent experience study was completed for the five year period ended June 30, 2020.

The long-term return expectation for the investments has been determined by using a building-block approach and assumes a time horizon, as defined in SERS' *Statement of Investment Policy*. A forecasted rate of inflation serves as the baseline for the return expectation. Various real return premiums over the baseline inflation rate have been established for each asset class. The long-term expected nominal rate of return has been determined by calculating an arithmetic weighted average of the expected real return premiums for each asset class, adding the projected inflation rate, and adding the expected return from rebalancing uncorrelated asset classes.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

	Target	Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return
Cash	2.00 %	(0.33) %
US Equity	24.75	5.72
Non-US Equity Developed	13.50	6.55
Non-US Equity Emerging	6.75	8.54
Fixed Income/Global Bonds	19.00	1.14
Private Equity	11.00	10.03
Real Estate/Real Assets	16.00	5.41
Multi-Asset Strategies	4.00	3.47
Private Debt/Private Credit	3.00	5.28
Total	100.00 %	

Discount Rate Total pension liability was calculated using the discount rate of 7.00 percent. The discount rate determination does not use a municipal bond rate. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employers would contribute the actuarially determined contribution rate of projected compensation over the remaining 23-year amortization period of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability. Projected inflows from investment earnings were calculated using the long-term assumed investment rate of return (7.00 percent). Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on investments was applied to all periods of projected benefits to determine the total pension liability. The annual money-weighted rate of return, calculated as the internal rate of return on pension plan investments was 28.18 percent.

Sensitivity of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate Net pension liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate, and to illustrate the potential impact the following table presents the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.00 percent, as well as what the School District's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00 percent), or one percentage point higher (8.00 percent) than the current rate.

			Current		
	1% Decrease Discount Rate		1% Increase		
School District's Proportionate Share					
of the Net Pension Liability	\$	9,286,862	\$ 5,581,871	\$	2,457,290

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

### Actuarial Assumptions - STRS

Key methods and assumptions used in the latest actuarial valuation, reflecting experience study results used in the June 30, 2021, actuarial valuation, are presented below:

Inflation 2.50 percent

Acturial Cost Method Entry Age Normal (Level Percent of Payroll)
Projected Salary Increases 12.50 percent at age 20 to 2.50 percent at age 65

Investment Rate of Return 7.00 percent, net of investment expenses, including inflation

Payroll Increases 3.00 percent Cost-of-Living Adjustments 0.00 percent

Post-retirement mortality rates for healthy retirees are based on the RP-2014 Annuitant Mortality Table with 50 percent of rates through age 69, 70 percent of rates between ages 70 and 79, 90 percent of rates between ages 80 and 84, and 100 percent of rates thereafter, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. Pre-retirement mortality rates are based on RP-2014 Employee Mortality Tables, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. Post-retirement disabled mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Table with 90 percent of rates for males and 100 percent of rates for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2021 valuation, were based on the results of the latest available actuarial experience study, which is for the period July 1, 2011, through June 30, 2016. An actuarial experience study is done on a quinquennial basis.

STRS' investment consultant develops an estimate range for the investment return assumption based on the target allocation adopted by the Retirement Board. The target allocation and long-term expected rate of return for each major asset class are summarized as follows:

	Target	Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return*
Domestic Equity	28.00 %	7.35 %
International Equity	23.00	7.55
Alternatives	17.00	7.09
Fixed Income	21.00	3.00
Real Estate	10.00	6.00
Liquidity Reserves	1.00	2.25
Total	100.00 %	

<sup>\*</sup>Ten year annualized geometric nominal returns, which include the real rate of return and inflation of 2.25 percent and does not include investment expenses. Over a 30-year period, STRS' investment consultant indicates that the above target allocations should generate a return above the actuarial rate of return, without net value added by management.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

**Discount Rate**. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00 percent as of June 30, 2021. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that employer and member contributions will be made at statutory contribution rates of 14 percent each. For this purpose, only employer contributions that are intended to fund benefits of current plan members and their beneficiaries are included. Based on those assumptions, STRS' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members as of June 30, 2021. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on investments of 7.00 percent was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability as of June 30, 2021.

Sensitivity of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate The following table represents the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability measured as of June 30, 2021, calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 7.00 percent, as well as what the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00 percent) or one percentage point higher (8.00 percent) than the current assumption:

		Current						
	19	% Decrease	D	iscount Rate	1	% Increase		
School District's Proportionate Share								
of the Net Pension Liability	\$	35,698,315	\$	19,063,241	\$	5,006,639		

Assumption and Benefit Changes since the Prior Measurement Date The discount rate was adjusted to 7.00 percent from 7.45 percent for the June 30, 2021 valuation.

#### **NOTE 11 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS**

See Note 10 for a description of the net OPEB liability (asset).

### Plan Description - School Employees Retirement System (SERS)

Health Care Plan Description - The School District contributes to the SERS Health Care Fund, administered by SERS for non-certificated retirees and their beneficiaries. For GASB 75 purposes, this plan is considered a cost-sharing other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plan. SERS' Health Care Plan provides healthcare benefits to eligible individuals receiving retirement, disability, and survivor benefits, and to their eligible dependents. Members who retire after June 1, 1986, need 10 years of service credit, exclusive of most types of purchased credit, to qualify to participate in SERS' health care coverage. In addition to age and service retirees, disability benefit recipients and beneficiaries who are receiving monthly benefits due to the death of a member or retiree, are eligible for SERS' health care coverage. Most retirees and dependents choosing SERS' health care coverage are over the age of 65 and therefore enrolled in a fully insured Medicare Advantage plan; however, SERS maintains a traditional, self-insured preferred provider organization for its non-Medicare retiree population. For both groups, SERS offers a self-insured prescription drug program. Health care is a benefit that is permitted, not mandated, by statute. The financial report of the Plan is included in the SERS Annual Comprehensive Financial Report which can be obtained on SERS' website at www.ohsers.org under Employers/Audit Resources.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Access to health care for retirees and beneficiaries is permitted in accordance with Section 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Health Care Fund was established and is administered in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 105(e). SERS' Retirement Board reserves the right to change or discontinue any health plan or program. Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. The SERS Retirement Board established the rules for the premiums paid by the retirees for health care coverage for themselves and their dependents or for their surviving beneficiaries. Premiums vary depending on the plan selected, qualified years of service, Medicare eligibility, and retirement status.

Funding Policy - State statute permits SERS to fund the health care benefits through employer contributions. Each year, after the allocation for statutorily required pensions and benefits, the Retirement Board may allocate the remainder of the employer contribution of 14 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Fund in accordance with the funding policy. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, SERS did not allocate any employer contributions to health care. An additional health care surcharge on employers is collected for employees earning less than an actuarially determined minimum compensation amount, pro-rated if less than a full year of service credit was earned. For fiscal year 2022, this amount was \$25,000. Statutes provide that no employer shall pay a health care surcharge greater than 2.0 percent of that employer's SERS-covered payroll; nor may SERS collect in aggregate more than 1.5 percent of the total statewide SERS-covered payroll for the health care surcharge. For fiscal year 2022, the School District's surcharge obligation was \$58,613, which is reported as an intergovernmental payable.

### Plan Description - State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)

Plan Description – The State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS) administers a cost-sharing Health Plan administered for eligible retirees who participated in the defined benefit or combined pension plans offered by STRS. Ohio law authorizes STRS to offer this plan. Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and partial reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. Medicare Part B partial premium reimbursements will be continued indefinitely. The Plan is included in the report of STRS which can be obtained by visiting www.strsoh.org or by calling (888) 227-7877.

Funding Policy – Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307 authorizes STRS to offer the Plan and gives the Retirement Board discretionary authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS. Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. Nearly all health care plan enrollees, for the most recent year, pay a portion of the health care costs in the form of a monthly premium. Under Ohio law, funding for post-employment health care may be deducted from employer contributions, currently 14 percent of covered payroll. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, STRS did not allocate any employer contributions to post-employment health care.

### OPEB Liability (Asset), OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

The net OPEB liability (asset) was measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability (asset) was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The School District's proportion of the net OPEB liability (asset) was based on the School District's share of contributions to the respective retirement systems relative to the contributions of all participating entities. Following is information related to the proportionate share and OPEB expense:

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

	SERS			STRS	Total
Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset):					
Current Measurement Date		0.14385000%		0.14909600%	
Prior Measurement Date	0.15722800%		0.15254200%		
Change in Proportionate Share		-0.01337800%		-0.00344600%	
Proportionate Share of the Net					
OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$	2,722,487	\$	(3,143,567)	
OPEB Expense	\$	(167,437)	\$	(215,012)	\$ (382,449)

At June 30, 2022, the School District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	SERS		STRS		Total	
<b>Deferred Outflows of Resources</b>						
Differences between Expected and						
Actual Experience	\$	29,021	\$	111,936	\$	140,957
Changes of Assumptions		427,093		200,797		627,890
Changes in Proportion and Differences between						
School District Contributions and Proportionate						
Share of Contributions		201,893		100,596		302,489
School District Contributions Subsequent to the						
Measurement Date		58,613		-		58,613
<b>Total Deferred Outflows of Resources</b>	\$	716,620	\$	413,329	\$	1,129,949
		_				
<b>Deferred Inflows of Resources</b>						
Differences between Expected and						
Actual Experience	\$	1,355,917	\$	575,959	\$	1,931,876
Net Difference between Projected and						
Actual Earnings on OPEB Plan Investments		59,148		871,341		930,489
Changes of Assumptions		372,822		1,875,371		2,248,193
Changes in Proportion and Differences between						
School District Contributions and Proportionate						
Share of Contributions		806,317		101,845		908,162
<b>Total Deferred Inflows of Resources</b>	\$	2,594,204	\$	3,424,516	\$	6,018,720

\$58,613 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from School District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

	SERS		STRS		Total	
Fiscal Year Ending June 30:						
2023	\$	(417,322)	\$	(854,079)	\$	(1,271,401)
2024		(417,734)		(832,276)		(1,250,010)
2025		(405,547)		(814,618)		(1,220,165)
2026		(381,613)		(388,755)		(770,368)
2027		(239,578)		(124,028)		(363,606)
Thereafter		(74,403)		2,569		(71,834)
Total	\$	(1,936,197)	\$	(3,011,187)	\$	(4,947,384)

# Actuarial Assumptions - SERS

The total OPEB liability is determined by SERS' actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 74, as part of their annual actuarial valuation for each retirement plan. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts (e.g., salaries, credited service) and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future (e.g., mortality, disabilities, retirements, employment terminations). Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. For a newly hired employee, actuarial calculations will take into account the employee's entire career with the employer and also take into consideration the benefits, if any, paid to the employee after termination of employment until the death of the employee and any applicable contingent annuitant. In many cases, actuarial calculations reflect several decades of service with the employer and the payment of benefits after termination.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total OPEB liability in the latest actuarial valuation date of June 30, 2021, are presented below:

Inflation 2.40 percent

Salary Increases, including inflation 3.25 percent to 13.58 percent

Investment Rate of Return 7.00 percent net of investment expense, including inflation

Municipal Bond Index Rate

Measurement Date 1.92 percent Prior Measurement Date 2.45 percent

Single Equivalent Interest Rate

Measurement Date 2.27 percent, net of plan investment expense, including price inflation Prior Measurement Date 2.63 percent, net of plan investment expense, including price inflation

Health Care Cost Trend Rate

Pre-Medicare 6.750 percent - 4.40 percent Medicare 5.125 percent - 4.40 percent

Mortality rates were based on the PUB-2010 General Employee Amount Weight Below Median Healthy Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 1 year and adjusted 94.20 percent for males and set forward two years and adjusted 81.35 percent for females. Mortality among disabled members were based upon the PUB-2010 General Disabled Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward five years and adjusted 103.3 percent for males and set forward three years and adjusted 106.8 percent for females. Future improvement in mortality rates is reflected by applying the MP-2020 projection scale generationally.

The most recent experience study was completed for the five year period ended June 30, 2020.

The long-term expected rate of return on plan assets is reviewed as part of the actuarial five-year experience study. The most recent study covers fiscal years 2016 through 2020, and was adopted by the Board on April 15, 2021. Several factors are considered in evaluating the long-term rate of return assumption including long-term historical data, estimates inherent in current market data, and a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected return, net of investment expense and inflation) were developed by the investment consultant for each major asset class. These ranges were combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return, 7.00 percent, by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and then adding expected inflation. The capital market assumptions developed by the investment consultant are intended for use over a 10-year horizon and may not be useful in setting the long-term rate of return for funding pension plans which covers a longer time frame. The assumption is intended to be a long-term assumption and is not expected to change absent a significant change in the asset allocation, a change in the inflation assumption, or a fundamental change in the market that alters expected returns in future years.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, as used in the June 30, 2020 five-year experience study, are summarized as follows:

	Target	Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return
Cash	2.00 %	(0.33) %
US Equity	24.75	5.72
Non-US Equity Developed	13.50	6.55
Non-US Equity Emerging	6.75	8.54
Fixed Income/Global Bonds	19.00	1.14
Private Equity	11.00	10.03
Real Estate/Real Assets	16.00	5.41
Multi-Asset Strategies	4.00	3.47
Private Debt/Private Credit	3.00	5.28
Total	100.00 %	

Discount Rate The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability at June 30, 2021, was 2.27 percent. The discount rate used to measure total OPEB liability prior to June 30, 2021 was 2.63 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions will be made from members and the plan at the contribution rate of 1.50 percent of projected covered payroll each year, which includes a 1.50 percent payroll surcharge and no contributions from the basic benefits plan. Based on these assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to become insufficient to make all projected future benefit payments of current System members by SERS actuaries. The Municipal Bond Index Rate is used in the determination of the SEIR for both the June 30, 2020 and the June 30, 2021 total OPEB liability. The Municipal Bond Index rate is the single rate that will generate a present value of benefit payments equal to the sum of the present value determined by the long-term expected rate of return, and the present value determined by discounting those benefits after the date of depletion. The Municipal Bond Index Rate is 1.92 percent at June 30, 2021 and 2.45 percent at June 30, 2020.

Sensitivity of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate and Changes in the Health Care Cost Trend Rates The net OPEB liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate and the health care cost trend rate. The following table presents the net OPEB liability and what the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (1.27 percent) and higher (3.27 percent) than the current discount rate (2.27 percent). Also shown is what the net OPEB liability would be based on health care cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower (5.75 percent decreasing to 3.40 percent) and higher (7.75 percent decreasing to 5.40 percent) than the current rate (6.75 percent decreasing to 4.40 percent).

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

	19	Current  1% Decrease Discount Rate					
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability	\$	3,373,481	\$	2,722,487	\$	2,202,412	
	1% Decrease		Current Trend Rate		1% Increase		
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability	\$	2,096,086	\$	2,722,487	\$	3,559,148	

### Actuarial Assumptions – STRS

Key methods and assumptions used in the latest actuarial valuation, reflecting experience study results used in the June 30, 2021, actuarial valuation are presented below:

Inflation	2.50 percent								
Projected Salary Increases	12.50 percent at age 20 to 2.50 percent at age 65								
Payroll Increases	3.00 percent								
Investment Rate of Return	7.00 percent, net of in	7.00 percent, net of investment expenses, including inflation							
Discount Rate of Return	7.00 percent								
Health Care Cost Trend Rates									
Medical	<u>Initial</u>	<u>Ultimate</u>							
Pre-Medicare	5.00 percent	4.00 percent							
Medicare	-16.18 percent	4.00 percent							
Prescription Drug									
Pre-Medicare	6.50 percent	4.00 percent							
Medicare	29.98 percent	4.00 percent							

Projections of benefits include the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and retired plan members.

For healthy retirees the mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Annuitant Mortality Table with 50 percent of rates through age 69, 70 percent of rates between ages 70 and 79, 90 percent of rates between ages 80 and 84, and 100 percent of rates thereafter, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. For disabled retirees, mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Table with 90 percent of rates for males and 100 percent of rates for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2021 valuation were adopted by the board from the results of an actuarial experience study for July 1, 2011, through June 30, 2016.

STRS' investment consultant develops an estimate range for the investment return assumption based on the target allocation adopted by the Retirement Board. The target allocation and long-term expected rate of return for each major asset class are summarized as follows:

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Target	Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return*
Domestic Equity	28.00 %	7.35 %
International Equity	23.00	7.55
Alternatives	17.00	7.09
Fixed Income	21.00	3.00
Real Estate	10.00	6.00
Liquidity Reserves	1.00	2.25
Total	100.00 %	

<sup>\*</sup>Ten year annualized geometric nominal returns, which include the real rate of return and inflation of 2.25 percent and does not include investment expenses. Over a 30-year period, STRS' investment consultant indicates that the above target allocations should generate a return above the actuarial rate of return, without net value added by management.

**Discount Rate** The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 7.00 percent as of June 30, 2021. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed STRS continues to allocate no employer contributions to the health care fund. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on health care plan investments of 7.00 percent was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2021.

Sensitivity of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Asset to Changes in the Discount Rate and Health Care Cost Trend Rate The following table represents the net OPEB asset as of June 30, 2021, calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 7.00 percent, as well as what the net OPEB asset would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00 percent) or one percentage point higher (8.00 percent) than the current assumption. Also shown is the net OPEB asset as of June 30, 2021, calculated using health care cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower and one percentage point higher than the current health care cost trend rates.

	Current								
	19	1% Increase							
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$	(2,652,685)	\$	(3,143,567)	\$	(3,553,626)			
	19	% Decrease		Current Frend Rate	1	% Increase			
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$	(3,537,010)	\$	(3,143,567)	\$	(2,657,038)			

Assumption Changes Since the Prior Measurement Date The discount rate was adjusted to 7.00 percent from 7.45 percent for the June 30, 2021 valuation.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

**Benefit Term Changes Since the Prior Measurement Date** The non-Medicare subsidy percentage was increased effective January 1, 2022 from 2.055 percent to 2.100 percent. The non-Medicare frozen subsidy base premium was increased effective January 1, 2022. The Medicare Part D subsidy was updated to reflect it is expected to be negative in calendar year 2022. The Part B monthly reimbursement elimination date was postponed indefinitely.

#### **NOTE 12 – CONTINGENCIES**

**Grants** - The School District received financial assistance from federal and state agencies in the form of grants. The expenditure of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the General Fund or other applicable funds. This also encompasses the Auditor of State's ongoing review of student attendance data. However, the effects of any such disallowed claims on the overall financial position of the School District at June 30, 2022, if applicable, cannot be determined at this time.

**Litigation -** The School District is not currently party to legal proceedings.

#### NOTE 13 – ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE

Fund balances at fiscal year-end included the following individual deficits:

		Deficit
Other Governmental	Fu	nd Balances
Building Fund	\$	(401,801)
Limited English Proficiency		(809)
Miscellaneous Fed. Grant Fund		(22,881)
Total	\$	(425,491)

The GAAP basis deficit balances in the Other Governmental Funds are a result of the application of accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The General Fund provides advances to cover deficit balances; however, this is done when cash is needed rather than when accruals occur.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

### **NOTE 14 – FUND BALANCE**

Fund balance can be classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned and/or assigned based primarily on the extent to which the School District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in governmental funds. The constraints placed on fund balance for major governmental funds and all other governmental funds are presented as follows:

				Other	
		Bond		Governmental	
	General	Retirement	ESSER	Funds	Total
Nonspendable for:					
Advances To Other Funds	405,000				405,000
Total Nonspendable	405,000				405,000
Restricted for:					
Extracurricular Activities	-	-	-	158,984	158,984
Capital Outlay	-	-	-	821,330	821,330
Other Purposes	-	-	-	718	718
Permanent Improvement	-	-	-	668,486	668,486
Facilities Maintenance	-	-	-	579,223	579,223
Non-Instructional Services	-	-	-	1,440,827	1,440,827
Locally Funded Programs	-	-	-	166,915	166,915
State Funded Programs	-	-	-	76,442	76,442
Federally Funded Programs	-	-	137,368	32,807	170,175
Debt Service	_	2,517,581	-	-	2,517,581
Total Restricted		2,517,581	137,368	3,945,732	6,600,681
Committed for:					
Capital Outlay	234,309	-	-	-	234,309
Permanent Improvement			_	198,449	198,449
Total Committed	234,309			198,449	432,758
Assigned for:					
Encumbrances:					
Instruction	424,867	-	-	-	424,867
Support Services	336,308	-	-	-	336,308
Extracurricular	9,068	-	-	-	9,068
Capital Outlay	27,505	-	-	-	27,505
Public School Support	44,921	-	-	-	44,921
Other Purposes	1,303	-	-	-	1,303
Capital Outlay				10,389	10,389
Total Assigned	843,972			10,389	854,361
Unassigned	17,280,674			(425,491)	16,855,183
Total Fund Balance	\$ 18,763,955	\$ 2,517,581	\$ 137,368	\$ 3,729,079	\$ 25,147,983

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

#### **NOTE 15 – SET-ASIDES**

The School District is required by State statute to annually set aside in the general fund an amount based on a statutory formula for the acquisition and construction of capital improvements. Amounts not spent by year end or offset by similarly restricted resources received during the year must be held in cash at year end and carried forward to be used for the same purposes in future years. The budget stabilization reserve is optional; however, the Board elected to continue the reserve as permitted by law.

The following cash basis information describes the changes in the fiscal year end set-aside amounts:

	Capital	Budget
	Acquisition	Stabilization
Set-aside cash balance as of July 1, 2021	\$ -	\$ 497,895
Current fiscal year set-aside requirement	564,382	-
Qualifying Disbursements	(543,587)	-
Offset from Permanent Improvement Levy	(515,754)	-
Current Year Offsets		
Total	(494,959)	497,895
Set-aside balance at June 30, 2022	\$ -	\$ 497,895

During fiscal year 2009, the School District issued \$30,500,000 in capital related debt based on a building project undertaken by the School District. Those proceeds may be used as qualifying offsets to reduce the capital acquisition to zero for future years. In fiscal year 2022, \$0 of qualifying proceeds were used to reduce the capital acquisition set-aside requirement to zero. At June 30, 2022, the School District still has \$30,479,258 in qualifying proceeds that may be used to reduce the set-aside requirement for future years.

### **NOTE 16 – ASSET RETIREMENT OBLIGATIONS**

The Bureau of Underground Storage Tank Regulations (BUSTR) regulates petroleum and hazardous substances stored in underground storage tanks. These regulations are included in Ohio Administrative Code (OAC) Section 1301-7-9 and require a School District classified as an "owner" or "operator," to remove from the ground any underground storage tank (UST) that is not in use for a year or more. A permit must first be obtained for that year it is not being used. Once the UST is removed, the soil in the UST cavity and excavated material must be tested for contamination.

In accordance with OAC Section 1301-7-9, and applicable accounting standards, the School District believes an asset retirement obligation (ARO) to be present, however, while the School District is familiar with the requirements, the cost to satisfy these requirements is not reasonably estimable at this time and therefore an ARO is not recognized in the School District's financial statements.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

### **NOTE 17 – LEASE RECEIVABLE**

The School District leases several parcels of land to Columbus Cellphone Tower Company. The lease with Columbus Cellphone Tower Company commenced in 1995 with an initial term of 15 years and contains 7, 5 year extension terms. For 2022, the School District recorded lease revenue of \$8,425 and interest revenue of \$6,660.

A summary of future payments to be received is as follows:

Fiscal						
Year	P	rincipal	Interest			Total
2023	\$	5,511	\$	6,660	\$	12,171
2024		5,704		6,467		12,171
2025		5,904		6,267		12,171
2026		6,111		6,060		12,171
2027		6,325		5,846		12,171
2028-2032		35,109		25,746		60,855
2033-2037		41,709		19,146		60,855
2038-2042		49,550		11,305		60,855
2043-2047		34,095		2,418		36,513
	\$	190,018	\$	89,915	\$	279,933

#### **NOTE 18 – COVID-19**

The United States and the State of Ohio declared a state of emergency in March of 2020 due to the COVID-19 pandemic. Ohio's state of emergency ended in June of 2021 while the national state of emergency continues. During fiscal year 2022, the School District received COVID-19 funding. The financial impact of COVID-19 and the continuing recovery measures will impact subsequent periods of the School District. The impact on the School District's future operating costs, revenues, and additional recovery from funding, either federal or state, cannot be estimated.

The School District's investment portfolio fluctuates with market conditions, and due to market volatility, the amount of gains or losses that will be realized in subsequent periods, if any, cannot be determined.

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# REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Whitehall City School District Franklin County, Ohio Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual (Budget Basis) General Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Budgeted	Amounts		
	Original	Final	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
Revenues				
Property and Other Local Taxes	\$ 9,429,628	\$ 9,683,346	\$ 10,092,611	\$ 409,265
Payments in Lieu of Taxes	2,389,901	2,389,901	3,071,841	681,940
Intergovernmental	28,869,217	28,353,779	28,658,342	304,563
Investment Income	109,073	113,155	162,536	49,381
Co-Curricular Activities	5,335	5,500	6,555	1,055
Tuition and Fees	133,362	131,045	133,919	2,874
Donations	-	-	6	6
Rent	33,456	35,000	61,483	26,483
Lease Receipts	12,171	12,171	12,171	-
Other	209,417	287,829	206,354	(81,475)
Total Revenues	41,191,560	41,011,726	42,405,818	1,394,092
Expenditures				
Current:				
Instruction:				
Regular	18,235,225	15,199,104	13,582,522	1,616,582
Special	8,199,446	8,967,391	8,350,178	617,213
Vocational	318,089	325,468	364,812	(39,344)
Student Intervention Services	427,815	432,767	293,825	138,942
Support Services:	1 401 502	2 271 112	1.026.005	444 210
Pupils Instructional Staff	1,491,583	2,371,113	1,926,895	444,218 504,117
Board of Education	2,029,318 160,021	2,559,442 207,866	2,055,325 208,345	(479)
Administration	3,444,354	3,623,779	3,093,346	530,433
Fiscal	956,563	1,006,331	919,293	87,038
Business	275,165	279,747	271,877	7,870
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	3,439,110	3,779,714	3,499,531	280,183
Pupil Transportation	1,767,855	1,926,171	2,134,652	(208,481)
Central	314,390	327,753	311,199	16,554
Operation of Non-Instructional/Shared Services:	311,370	321,133	311,177	10,551
Non-instructional Services	100	100	_	100
Extracurricular Activities	788,189	813,829	792,498	21,331
Capital Outlay		61,221	59,401	1,820
Total Expenditures	41,847,223	41,881,796	37,863,699	4,018,097
Excess of Receipts Over (Under) Expenditures	(655,663)	(870,070)	4,542,119	5,412,189
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Sale of Capital Assets	5,000	5,000	15,028	10,028
Refund of Prior Year Expenditures	50,000	50,000		(50,000)
Advances In	<del>-</del>	5,000	5,000	-
Transfers Out	(355,000)	(355,000)	(498,000)	(143,000)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(300,000)	(295,000)	(477,972)	(182,972)
Net Change in Fund Balance	(955,663)	(1,165,070)	4,064,147	5,229,217
Fund Balance Beginning of Year	11,450,599	11,450,599	11,450,599	-
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	1,240,644	1,240,644	1,240,644	
Fund Balance End of Year	\$ 11,735,580	\$ 11,526,173	\$ 16,755,390	\$ 5,229,217

Whitehall City School District Franklin County, Ohio Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual (Budget Basis) ESSER Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

	 Budgeted	Amou	nts				
	 Original		Final	Actual		Variance with Final Budget	
Revenues							
Intergovernmental	\$ 6,761,415	\$	7,211,306	\$	5,741,744	\$	(1,469,562)
Total Revenues	 6,761,415		7,211,306		5,741,744		(1,469,562)
Expenditures							
Current:							
Instruction:							
Regular	3,965,112		3,899,974		3,427,369		472,605
Special	223,858		181,481		197,409		(15,928)
Student Intervention Services	83,000		83,000		-		83,000
Support Services:							
Pupils	76,360		250,289		134,915		115,374
Instructional Staff	541,688		651,023		484,926		166,097
Administration	363,543		313,223		166,519		146,704
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	572,161		788,605		599,411		189,194
Pupil Transportation	359,280		437,675		401,191		36,484
Extracurricular Activities	8,768		42,400		40,844		1,556
Capital Outlay	 325,000		458,395		213,395		245,000
Total Expenditures	 6,518,770		7,106,065		5,665,979		1,440,086
Excess of Receipts Over (Under) Expenditures	 242,645		105,241		75,765		(29,476)
Net Change in Fund Balance	242,645		105,241		75,765		(29,476)
Fund Balance Beginning of Year	(811,274)		(811,274)		(811,274)		-
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	 715,657		715,657		715,657		
Fund Balance End of Year	\$ 147,028	\$	9,624	\$	(19,852)	\$	(29,476)

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Last Nine Fiscal Years

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
School Employees Retirement System (SERS)									
District's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	0.1512821%	0.1671307%	0.1827279%	0.1646849%	0.1668791%	0.1641545%	0.1572271%	0.1450560%	0.1450560%
District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$ 5,581,871	\$ 11,054,377	\$ 10,932,931	\$ 9,431,809	\$ 9,970,658	\$ 12,014,595	\$ 8,971,531	\$ 7,341,201	\$ 8,626,016
District's Covered Payroll	\$ 5,429,286	\$ 5,928,114	\$ 5,812,657	\$ 5,534,098	\$ 5,324,995	\$ 5,083,050	\$ 4,674,390	\$ 4,225,609	\$ 5,625,270
District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	102.81%	186.47%	188.09%	170.43%	187.24%	236.37%	191.93%	173.73%	153.34%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	82.86%	68.55%	70.85%	71.36%	69.50%	62.98%	69.16%	71.70%	65.52%

#### (1) Information prior to 2014 is not available.

Amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the District's measurement date which is the prior fiscal year-end.

Required Supplementary Information
Schedule of District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability
Last Nine Fiscal Years

Cont. To all on Patients and Contain (CTRC)	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)									
District's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	0.14909582%	0.15254245%	0.15246356%	0.15711638%	0.15147556%	0.15202350%	0.14601339%	0.14825114%	0.14825114%
District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$ 19,063,241	\$ 36,909,845	\$ 33,716,400	\$ 34,546,364	\$ 35,983,344	\$ 50,886,848	\$ 40,353,830	\$ 36,059,808	\$ 42,954,207
District's Covered Payroll	\$ 18,389,086	\$ 18,568,286	\$ 17,903,430	\$ 17,418,084	\$ 17,026,649	\$ 16,419,854	\$ 15,750,558	\$ 15,658,562	\$ 15,847,300
District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	103.67%	198.78%	188.32%	198.34%	211.34%	309.91%	256.21%	230.29%	271.05%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	87.80%	75.48%	77.40%	77.30%	75.30%	66.80%	72.10%	74.70%	69.30%

<sup>(1)</sup> Information prior to 2014 is not available.

Amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the District's measurement date, which is the prior fiscal year-end.

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of District Pension Contributions Last Ten Fiscal Years

	 2022	 2021	 2020	 2019	 2018
School Employees Retirement System (SERS)					
Contractually Required Contribution	\$ 833,883	\$ 760,100	\$ 829,936	\$ 784,709	\$ 747,103
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	\$ 833,883	\$ 760,100	\$ 829,936	\$ 784,709	\$ 747,103
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$ -
Covered Payroll	\$ 5,956,307	\$ 5,429,286	\$ 5,928,114	\$ 5,812,657	\$ 5,534,098
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%	13.50%	13.50%

2017			2016	 2015	 2014	2013			
\$	745,499	\$	711,627	\$ 616,085	\$ 585,670	\$	778,537		
\$	745,499	\$	711,627	\$ 616,085	\$ 585,670	\$	778,537		
\$	-	\$		\$ -	\$ 	\$			
\$	5,324,995	\$	5,083,050	\$ 4,674,390	\$ 4,225,609	\$	5,625,270		
	14.00%		14.00%	13.18%	13.86%		13.84%		

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of District Pension Contributions Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)					
Contractually Required Contribution	\$ 2,923,596	\$ 2,574,472	\$ 2,599,560	\$ 2,506,480	\$ 2,438,532
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	\$ 2,923,596	\$ 2,574,472	\$ 2,599,560	\$ 2,506,480	\$ 2,438,532
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ 	\$ -	\$ 	\$ -	\$ 
Covered Payroll	\$ 20,882,829	\$ 18,389,086	\$ 18,568,286	\$ 17,903,430	\$ 17,418,084
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%

 2017	2016			2015	 2014	 2013
\$ 2,383,731	\$	2,298,780	\$	2,205,078	\$ 2,035,613	\$ 2,060,149
\$ 2,383,731	\$	2,298,780	\$	2,205,078	\$ 2,035,613	\$ 2,060,149
\$ -	\$		\$	-	\$ -	\$ 
\$ 17,026,649	\$	16,419,854	\$	15,750,558	\$ 15,658,562	\$ 15,847,300
14.00%		14.00%		14.00%	13.00%	13.00%

Required Supplementary Information
Schedule of District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability
Last Six Fiscal Years

School Employees Retirement System (SERS)	 2022	2021	 2020	2019	2018	 2017
District's Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability	0.1438500%	0.1572280%	0.1734760%	0.1584632%	0.1617089%	0.1593539%
District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability	\$ 2,722,487	\$ 3,417,068	\$ 4,362,564	\$ 4,396,197	\$ 4,339,842	\$ 4,542,176
District's Covered Payroll	\$ 5,429,286	\$ 5,928,114	\$ 5,812,657	\$ 5,534,098	\$ 5,324,995	\$ 5,083,050
District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	50.14%	57.64%	75.05%	79.44%	81.50%	89.36%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability	24.08%	18.17%	15.57%	13.57%	12.46%	11.49%

<sup>(1)</sup> Information prior to 2017 is not available.

Amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the District's measurement date, which is the prior fiscal year-end.

Required Supplementary Information
Schedule of District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB (Asset)/Liability
Last Six Fiscal Years

State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)	 2022	 2021	 2020	 2019	 2018	 2017
District's Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	0.14909600%	0.15254200%	0.15246400%	0.15711638%	0.15147556%	0.15202350%
District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$ (3,143,567)	\$ (2,680,923)	\$ (2,525,170)	\$ (2,524,700)	\$ 5,910,018	\$ 8,130,256
District's Covered Payroll	\$ 18,389,086	\$ 18,568,286	\$ 17,903,430	\$ 17,418,084	\$ 17,026,649	\$ 16,419,854
District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	-17.09%	-14.44%	-14.10%	-14.49%	34.71%	49.51%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability	174.73%	182.10%	174.70%	176.00%	47.10%	37.30%

<sup>(1)</sup> Information prior to 2017 is not available.

Amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the District's measurement date, which is the prior fiscal year-end.

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of District OPEB Contributions Last Ten Fiscal Years

		2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	
School Employees Retirement System (SERS)							
Contractually Required Contribution (1)	\$	58,613	\$ 36,352	\$ 24,366	\$ 70,350	\$	75,043
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	\$	58,613	\$ 36,352	\$ 24,366	\$ 70,350	\$	75,043
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$	-	\$ <u>-</u>	\$ 	\$ -	\$	-
Covered Payroll	\$	5,956,307	\$ 5,429,286	\$ 5,928,114	\$ 5,812,657	\$	5,534,098
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll		0.98%	0.67%	0.41%	1.21%		1.36%

# (1) Includes Surcharge

 2017	 2016	2015	 2014	 2013			
\$ 52,820	\$ 50,603	\$ 74,328	\$ 70,416	\$ 139,913			
\$ 52,820	\$ 50,603	\$ 74,328	\$ 70,416	\$ 139,913			
\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 			
\$ 5,324,995	\$ 5,083,050	\$ 4,674,390	\$ 4,225,609	\$ 5,625,270			
0.99%	1.00%	1.59%	1.67%	2.49%			

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of District OPEB Contributions Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)					
Contractually Required Contribution	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 
Covered Payroll	\$ 20,882,829	\$ 18,389,086	\$ 18,568,286	\$ 17,903,430	\$ 17,418,084
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

2017	2016			2015	 2014	 2013			
\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 156,586	\$ 158,473			
\$ 	\$		\$		\$ 156,586	\$ 158,473			
\$ 	\$		\$		\$ 	\$ 			
\$ 17,026,649	\$	16,419,854	\$	15,750,558	\$ 15,658,562	\$ 15,847,300			
0.00%		0.00%		0.00%	1.00%	1.00%			

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Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

#### **NOTE 1 – BUDGETARY PROCESS**

The budgetary process is prescribed by provisions of the Ohio Revised Code and entails the preparation of budgetary documents within an established timetable. The major documents prepared are the tax budget, the certificate of estimated resources, and the appropriation resolution, all of which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The certificate of estimated resources and the appropriations resolution are subject to amendment throughout the year with the legal restriction that appropriations cannot exceed estimated resources, as certified.

All funds, other than custodial funds, are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The primary level of budgetary control is at the fund level. Although the legal level of budgetary control was established at the fund level of expenditures, the District has elected to present the budgetary statement comparisons at the fund and function level of expenditures. Any budgetary modifications at this level may only be made by resolution of the Board of Education.

Advances in and advances out are not required to be budgeted since they represent a temporary cash flow resource and are intended to be repaid.

### Tax Budget:

Prior to January 15, the Superintendent and Treasurer submit to the Board of Education a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing for all funds. Public hearings are publicized and conducted to obtain taxpayers' comments. The express purpose of this budget document is to reflect the need for existing (or increased) tax rates.

By no later than January 20, the Board-adopted budget is filed with the Franklin County Budget Commissions for rate determination.

#### Estimated Resources:

Prior to April 1, the Board of Education accepts, by formal resolution, the tax rates as determined by the County Budget Commission and receives the commission's certificate of estimated resources, which states the projected revenue of each fund. Prior to June 30, the District must revise its budget so that total contemplated expenditures from any fund during the ensuing year will not exceed the amount stated in the certificate of estimated resources. The revised budget then serves as the basis for the appropriation measure. On or about July 1, the certificate is amended to include any unencumbered cash balances from the preceding year. The certificate may be further amended during the year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the Treasurer. The revised amounts reported in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts in the final amended certificate issued during fiscal year 2022.

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

# Appropriations:

Upon receipt from the County Auditor of an amended certificate of estimated resources based on final assessed values and tax rates or a certificate saying no new certificate is necessary, the annual appropriation resolution must be legally enacted by the Board of Education at the fund level, which is the legal level of budgetary control. Prior to the passage of the annual appropriation measure, the Board may pass a temporary appropriation measure to meet the ordinary expenses of the District.

The appropriation resolution, by fund, must be within the estimated resources as certified by the County Budget Commission and the total of expenditures and encumbrances may not exceed the appropriation totals at any level of control. Any revisions that alter the total of any fund appropriation must be approved by the Board of Education.

The Board may pass supplemental fund appropriations so long as the total appropriations by fund do not exceed the amounts set forth in the most recent certificate of estimated resources. During the year, several supplemental appropriations were legally enacted; however, none of these amendments were significant.

The budget figures, which appear in the statements of budgetary comparisons, represent the final appropriation amounts, including all supplemental appropriations. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for all funds other than custodial funds, consistent with statutory provisions.

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Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

#### NOTE 2 - RECONCILING BUDGET BASIS AND GAAP

The District prepares its budget on a basis of accounting that differs from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). The actual column presented on the Budgetary Comparison Schedule – General Fund is prepared in accordance with the budget basis of accounting.

The major differences between the budgetary basis of accounting and GAAP are that:

- A. Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP basis);
- B. Expenditures are recorded when encumbered (budget basis) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP basis);
- C. Encumbrances are recorded as the equivalent of expenditures (budget basis) as opposed to an assignment of fund balance (GAAP basis);
- D. Due to the implementation of GASB 54, some funds were reclassified to the General Fund. These funds are not required to be included in the General Fund Budgetary Statement. Therefore, the activity from these funds is excluded with an adjustment for their change in fund balance.

#### **Net Change in Fund Balance**

	G	General Fund ESSER Fun		
Budget Basis	\$	4,064,147	\$	75,765
Net Adjustments:				
Revenue Accruals		(1,194,466)		305,346
Expenditure Accruals		(238,603)		(233,384)
Other Financing Sources and Uses Accruals		(5,026)		-
Encumbrances		1,099,403		-
Funds Budgeted as Other Funds		230,217		-
GAAP Basis	\$	3,955,672	\$	147,727

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

#### **NOTE 3 – NET PENSION LIABILITY**

There were no changes in assumptions or benefit terms for the fiscal years reported unless otherwise stated below:

#### Changes in Assumptions - SERS

For fiscal year 2022, the SERS Board adopted the following assumption changes:

- Assumed rate of inflation was reduced from 3.00 percent to 2.40 percent
- Payroll growth assumption was reduced from 3.50 percent to 1.75 percent
- Assumed real wage growth was reduced from 0.50 percent to 0.85 percent
- Discount rate was reduced from 7.50 percent to 7.00 percent
- Rates of withdrawal, retirement and disability were updated to reflect recent experience.
- Mortality among active members, service retirees and beneficiaries, and disabled members were updated.

For fiscal year 2017, the SERS Board adopted the following assumption changes:

- Assumed rate of inflation was reduced from 3.25 percent to 3.00 percent
- Payroll Growth Assumption was reduced from 4.00 percent to 3.50 percent
- Assumed real wage growth was reduced from 0.75 percent to 0.50 percent
- Rates of withdrawal, retirement and disability were updated to reflect recent experience.
- Mortality among active members was updated to RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and a five year age set-back for both males and females.
- Mortality among service retired members, and beneficiaries was updated to RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection with Scale BB, 120 percent of male rates, and 110 percent of female rates.
- Mortality among disabled members was updated to RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, 90
  percent for male rates and 100 percent for female rates, set back five years is used for the period
  after disability retirement.

#### Changes in Benefit Terms - SERS

For fiscal year 2021, cost-of-living adjustments was reduced from 2.50 percent to 2.00 percent.

For fiscal year 2018, the cost-of-living adjustment was changed from a fixed 3.00 percent to a cost-of-living adjustment that is indexed to CPI-W not greater than 2.50 percent with a floor of zero percent beginning January 1, 2018. In addition, with the authority granted the Board under HB 49, the Board has enacted a three-year COLA suspension for benefit recipients in calendar years 2018, 2019 and 2020.

#### Changes in Assumptions – STRS

For fiscal year 2022, the long term expected rate of return was reduced from 7.45 percent to 7.00 percent.

For fiscal year 2018, the Retirement Board approved several changes to the actuarial assumptions in 2017. The long term expected rate of return was reduced from 7.75 percent to 7.45 percent, the inflation

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

assumption was lowered from 2.75 percent to 2.50 percent, the payroll growth assumption was lowered to 3.00 percent, and total salary increases rate was lowered by decreasing the merit component of the individual salary increases, in addition to a decrease of 0.25 percent due to lower inflation. The healthy and disabled mortality assumptions were updated to the RP-2014 mortality tables with generational improvement scale MP-2016. Rates of retirement, termination and disability were modified to better reflect anticipated future experience.

#### Changes in Benefit Terms - STRS

For fiscal year 2018, the cost-of-living adjustment (COLA) was reduced to zero.

#### NOTE 4 - NET OPEB LIABILITY (ASSET)

#### Changes in Assumptions – SERS

Amounts reported incorporate changes in key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total OPEB liability as presented as follows:

#### Municipal Bond Index Rate:

Fiscal year 2022	1.92 percent
Fiscal year 2021	2.45 percent
Fiscal year 2020	3.13 percent
Fiscal year 2019	3.62 percent
Fiscal year 2018	3.56 percent
Fiscal year 2017	2.92 percent

Single Equivalent Interest Rate, net of plan investment expense, including price inflation:

Fiscal year 2022	2.27 percent
Fiscal year 2021	2.63 percent
Fiscal year 2020	3.22 percent
Fiscal year 2019	3.70 percent
Fiscal year 2018	3.63 percent
Fiscal year 2017	2.98 percent

#### Pre-Medicare Trend Assumption

Fiscal year 2022	6.75 percent initially, decreasing to 4.40 percent
Fiscal year 2021	7.00 percent initially, decreasing to 4.75 percent
Fiscal year 2020	7.00 percent initially, decreasing to 4.75 percent
Fiscal year 2019	7.25 percent initially, decreasing to 4.75 percent
Fiscal year 2018	7.50 percent initially, decreasing to 4.00 percent

#### Medicare Trend Assumption

Fiscal year 2022	5.125 percent initially, decreasing to 4.40 percent
Fiscal year 2021	5.25 percent initially, decreasing to 4.75 percent
Fiscal year 2020	5.25 percent initially, decreasing to 4.75 percent
Fiscal year 2019	5.375 percent initially, decreasing to 4.75 percent

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Fiscal year 2018 5.50 percent initially, decreasing to 5.00 percent

#### Changes in Benefit Terms – SERS

There have been no changes to the benefit provisions.

#### Changes in Assumptions – STRS

For fiscal year 2021, valuation year per capita health care costs were updated. Health care cost trend rates ranged from -5.20 percent to 9.60 percent initially for fiscal year 2020 and changed for fiscal year 2021 to a range of -6.69 percent to 11.87 percent, initially.

For fiscal year 2019, the discount rate was increased from the blended rate of 4.13 percent to the long-term expected rate of return of 7.45 percent. Valuation year per capita health care costs were updated. Health care cost trend rates ranged from 6.00 percent to 11 percent initially and a 4.50 percent ultimate rate for fiscal year 2018 and changed for fiscal year 2019 to a range of -5.20 percent to 9.60 percent, initially and a 4.00 ultimate rate.

For fiscal year 2018, the blended discount rate was increased from 3.26 percent to 4.13 percent. Valuation year per capita health care costs were updated, and the salary scale was modified. The percentage of future retirees electing each option was updated based on current data and the percentage of future disabled retirees and terminated vested participants electing health coverage were decreased. The assumed mortality, disability, retirement, withdrawal and future health care cost trend rates were modified along with the portion of rebated prescription drug costs.

#### Changes in Benefit Terms – STRS

For fiscal year 2021, there were no changes to the claims costs process. Claim curves were updated to reflect the projected fiscal year 2021 premium based on June 30, 2020 enrollment distribution. The non-Medicare subsidy percentage was increased effective January 1, 2021 from 1.984 percent to 2.055 percent per year of service. The non-Medicare frozen subsidy base premium was increased effective January 1, 2021. The Medicare subsidy percentages were adjusted effective January 1, 2021 to .1 percent for the AMA Medicare plan. The Medicare Part B monthly reimbursement elimination date was postponed indefinitely.

For fiscal year 2020, there was no change to the claims costs process. Claim curves were trended to the fiscal year ending June 30, 2020 to reflect the current price renewals. The non-Medicare subsidy percentage was increased effective January 1, 2020 from 1.944 percent to 1.984 percent per year of service. The non-Medicare frozen subsidy base premium was increased effective January 1, 2020. The Medicare subsidy percentages were adjusted effective January 1, 2021 to 2.1 percent for the Medicare plan. The Medicare Part B monthly reimbursement elimination date was postponed to January 1, 2021

For fiscal year 2019, the subsidy multiplier for non-Medicare benefit recipients was increased from 1.9 percent to 1.944 percent per year of service effective January 1, 2019. The non-Medicare frozen subsidy base premium was increased effective January 1, 2019 and all remaining Medicare Part B premium reimbursements will be discontinued beginning January 1, 2020.

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

For fiscal year 2018, the subsidy multiplier for non-Medicare benefit recipients was reduced from 2.1 percent to 1.9 percent per year of service. Medicare Part B premium reimbursements were discontinued for certain survivors and beneficiaries and all remaining Medicare Part B premium reimbursements will be discontinued beginning January 2019. This was subsequently extended, see above paragraph.

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## COMBINING STATEMENTS AND INDIVIDUAL FUND SCHEDULES

Description of Funds Governmental Funds

**<u>Bond Retirement Fund</u>** - A fund used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and payment of, general long-term debt principal and interest.

<u>Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief (ESSER)</u> - A fund provided to account for state funds used to aid districts that have been impacted and continue to be impacted by the Novel Coronavirus Disease 2019 (COVID-19).

#### **Non-major Governmental Funds**

Non-major Governmental Funds are established to account for revenues from specific sources, which legally, or otherwise, are restricted or committed to expenditures for specific purposes. A description of the District's Non-major Governmental Funds follows:

#### **Capital Projects Funds**

Capital projects funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets. A description of the District's Non-major Capital Project Funds follows:

<u>Permanent Improvement</u> – A fund provided to account for all transactions related to the acquiring, constructing, or improving of such permanent improvements.

<u>Building</u> - A fund used to account for the receipts and expenditures related to all special bond funds in the District. Proceeds from the sale of bonds, notes, or certificates of indebtedness are paid into this fund. Expenditures recorded here represent the costs of acquiring capital facilities including real property.

<u>Classroom Facilities</u> - A fund used to account for monies received and expended in connection with contracts entered into by the District and the Ohio School Facilities Commission for the building and equipping of classroom facilities.

#### **Special Revenue Funds**

Special Revenue funds are established to account for revenues from specific sources, which legally, or otherwise, are restricted to expenditures for specific purposes. A description of the District's Non-major Special Revenue Funds follows:

<u>Food Service</u> - A fund used to record financial transactions related to the District's food service operation.

<u>Special Trust</u> - A fund used to account for the contributions received for the District's school programs.

<u>Public School Support</u> - A fund used to account for specific local revenue sources, other than taxes or expendable trusts (i.e., profits from vending machines) that are restricted to expenditures for specified purposes approved by the board resolution. Such expenditures may include curricular and extra-curricular related purchases. Due to the implementation of GASB 54, this fund is included with the General Fund for financial statement reporting purposes.

Description of Funds Governmental Funds

<u>Miscellaneous Local Grants</u> - A fund used to account for revenues related to grants, tuition and other revenue that are restricted to expenditures for a specific purpose and not specifically required to be accounted for in another fund.

<u>Central Workers Comp</u> - A fund used to account for workers compensation payments and receipts. Due to the implementation of GASB 84, this fund is included with the General Fund for financial statement reporting purposes.

<u>Flexible Spending Account (FSA)</u> - A fund used to account for flexible spending account receipts and payments for employees. Due to the implementation of GASB 84, this fund is included with the General Fund for financial statement reporting purposes.

<u>Ted Talks</u> - A fund used to account for Ted Talk presentation receipts and payments. Due to the implementation of GASB 84, this fund is included with the General Fund for financial statement reporting purposes.

<u>Termination Benefits</u> - A fund used to account for severance payments made to employees. This fund is included with the General Fund for financial statement purposes.

<u>Classroom Facilities Maintenance</u> - A fund used to account for the proceeds of a tax levy and also intergovernmental revenues received for the maintenance of facilities.

<u>Capital Projects</u> - A fund used to account for donations for the auditorium renovation and turf replacement projects.

<u>Student-Managed Student Activities</u> - A fund provided to account for those student activity programs, which have student participation in the activity and have student management of the programs. This fund includes the athletic programs, the drama program, etc.

<u>District-Managed Student Activities</u> - A fund provided to account for those student activity programs, which have student participation in the activity, but do not have student management of the programs. This fund includes the athletic programs, the drama program, etc.

<u>Auxiliary Services</u> - A special revenue fund used to account for monies, which provide services and materials to pupils attending non-public schools within the District.

<u>Preschool Grant</u> - A fund to assist school districts in paying the cost of preschool programs for three-and four-year olds.

<u>Data Communications</u> - A fund which accounts for funds used for any expenses associated with the installation and ongoing support of the data communication links connecting public schools to the Data Acquisition Site and the Ohio Education Computer Network.

<u>Student Wellness and Success</u> - A fund provided to account for state funds used to assist districts in supporting their students' academic achievement through mental health counseling, wraparound services, mentoring and after-school programs.

Description of Funds Governmental Funds

<u>Miscellaneous State Grants</u> - A fund provided to account for other state grants, not required to be accounted for in another fund.

<u>Coronavirus Relief Fund (CARES Act)</u> - A fund provided to account for state funds used to aid districts that have been impacted and continue to be impacted by the Novel Coronavirus Disease 2019 (COVID-19).

<u>Title VI-B IDEA</u> - A fund which accounts for Federal funds used in the identification of handicapped children, development of procedural safeguards, implementation of least-restrictive alternative service patterns, and provision of full educational opportunities to handicapped children at the preschool, elementary, and secondary levels.

<u>Title I School Improvement</u> - A fund which accounts for Federal funds used to improve the ability of the lowest-performing schools to develop a strategy for improvement that fits their unique circumstances.

<u>Title III - Limited English Proficiency</u> - A fund which accounts for Federal funds used to help educate children with English as a second language.

<u>Title I Grant</u> - A fund which accounts for Federal funds used to meet the special needs of educationally deprived children.

<u>Title IV-A Drug Free School Grant</u> – A fund used to offer a disciplined environment conductive to learning, by preventive violence in and around schools and strengthen programs that prevent the illegal use of alcohol, tobacco, and drugs, involve parents, and coordinated with related Federal, State, and community efforts and resources.

<u>IDEA Preschool Grants for the Handicapped</u> - A fund provided to account for revenues and expenditures related to the Preschool Grant Program which is funded with Federal monies pursuant to the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act.

<u>Improving Teacher Quality</u> - A fund provided to account for monies to hire additional classroom teachers in grades 1-3, so that the number of students per teacher will be reduced.

<u>Miscellaneous Federal Grants</u> - A fund which accounts for Federal funds not required to be accounted for in a separate fund.

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Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds As of June 30, 2022

				Special Revenue Funds						
	Permanent Improvement	Building Fund	Classroom Facilities Fund	Food Service	Special Trust	Miscellaneous Local Grants	Classroom Facilities Maintenance			
Assets: Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 682,814	\$ 3,199	\$ 879.018	\$ 1,506,938	\$ 718	\$ 168,615	\$ 542,720			
Receivables:	\$ 082,814	\$ 3,199	\$ 8/9,018	\$ 1,500,938	\$ /18	\$ 108,013	\$ 342,720			
	522 902						111 501			
Property Taxes	523,803	-	358,822	9,399	-	-	111,501			
Intergovernmental	-	-	338,822	- ,	-	2 400	-			
Accounts Total Assets	\$ 1,206,617	\$ 3,199	\$ 1,237,840	\$ 1,519,817	\$ 718	\$ 172,105	¢ 654.221			
Total Assets	\$ 1,200,017	\$ 3,199	\$ 1,237,640	\$ 1,519,817	\$ 718	\$ 1/2,103	\$ 654,221			
Liabilities:										
Accounts Payable	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 772	\$ -	\$ 2,407	\$ 2,691			
Accrued Wages and Benefits Payable	-	-	-	67,426	_	2,411	-			
Intergovernmental Payable	-	_	-	10,792	-	372	-			
Interfund Payable	_	_	_	-	_	_	_			
Retainage Payable	_	_	57,688	_	_	_	_			
Advances From Other Funds	_	405,000	-	_	_	_	_			
Total Liabilities		405,000	57,688	78,990		5,190	2,691			
Deferred Inflows of Resources:										
Property and Other Local Taxes	315,892	_					67,243			
Unavailable Revenue	23,790	-	358,822	-	-	-	5,064			
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	339,682		358,822			· <del></del>	72,307			
Town Deterrou Innions of Resources	237,002		220,022				,2,507			
Fund Balances:										
Restricted for:										
Permanent Improvements	668,486	-	-	-	-	-	-			
Capital Outlay	-	-	821,330	-	-	-	-			
Facilities Maintenance	-	-	-	-	-	-	579,223			
Food Service	-	-	-	1,440,827	-	-	-			
Special Trust	-	-	-	-	718	-	-			
Locally Funded Programs	-	-	-	-	-	166,915	-			
Extracurricular Activities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			
State Funded Programs	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			
Federal Funded Programs	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			
Committed for:										
Permanent Improvement	198,449	-	-	-	-	-	-			
Assigned for:										
Capital Outlay	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			
Unassigned (Deficit):	-	(401,801)	-	-	-	-	-			
Total Fund Balances	866,935	(401,801)	821,330	1,440,827	718	166,915	579,223			
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of										

		Capital Projects	N	Student Janaged Student ctivities	N	District Managed Student Activities		uxiliary ervices		eschool Grant	Commi Su	Data unications pport trant	Stuc Wellne Suc		5	ellaneous State Grants
\$ 10,389 \$ 56,103 \$ 103,993 \$ 67,393 \$ 13,804 \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ 4,55 \$ \$ \$ 10,389 \$ \$ 56,103 \$ \$ 103,993 \$ \$ 67,393 \$ \$ 13,804 \$ \$ - \$ \$ - \$ \$ 4,55 \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	\$	10,389	\$	56,103	\$	94,743	\$	67,393	\$	6,295	\$	-	\$	-	\$	4,55
\$ 10,389 \$ 56,103 \$ 103,993 \$ 67,393 \$ 13,804 \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ 4,55 \$ \$ \$ 10,389 \$ \$ 56,103 \$ \$ 103,993 \$ \$ 67,393 \$ \$ 13,804 \$ \$ - \$ \$ - \$ \$ 4,55 \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		
\$ 10,389  \$ 56,103  \$ 103,993  \$ 67,393  \$ 13,804  \$ -		-		-		9.250		-		7,509		-		-		
3,763	\$	10,389	\$	56,103	\$	103,993	\$	67,393	\$	13,804	\$	-	\$	-	\$	4,55
9 179 800	\$	_	s	253	s	850	s	3 986	s	252	s	_	s	_	s	
- 253 859 4,165 4,815	Ψ	-	Ψ	-	Ψ	-	Ψ	-	Ψ	3,763	Ψ	-	Ψ	-	Ψ	
		-		-		9		179		800		-		-		
		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		
				252		950		1 165		4 015	-					
				233		839		4,103		4,813						
		-		-		-		-		220		-		-		
63,228 8,660 4,55 						-				329		-				
63,228 8,660 4,55 																
63,228 8,660 4,55 		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		
63,228 8,660 4,55 		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		
63,228 8,660 4,55 		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		
63,228 8,660 4,53 		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		
63,228 8,660 4,53 		-		55,850		103,134		-		-		-		-		
		-		· -		-		63,228		8,660		-		-		4,55
		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		
		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		
10,389 55,850 103,134 63,228 8,660 4,55		10,389		-		-		-		-		-		-		
		10,389		55,850	_	103,134		63,228		8,660		-				4,55
	\$	10,389	\$	56,103	\$	103,993	\$	67,393	\$	13,804	\$	-	\$	-	\$	4,55

(continued)

Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds As of June 30, 2022 (Continued)

	-									Specia	ıl Revenu	Funds
	CAI A			Title VI-B IDEA	S	Fitle I School rovement	Limi	Title III ted English oficiency		Title I Grant	Drug l	le IV-A Free School Grant
Assets: Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	_	\$	24,309	\$	4,787	\$	3,472	\$	88,388	\$	2,639
Receivables:	Ψ		Ψ	24,507	Ψ	7,707	Ψ	3,472	Ψ	00,500	Ψ	2,037
Property Taxes		_		_		_		_		_		_
Intergovernmental		_		87,532		_		7,245		162,912		5,120
Accounts		_		-		_		-		-		-
Total Assets	\$	-	\$	111,841	\$	4,787	\$	10,717	\$	251,300	\$	7,759
Liabilities:												
Accounts Payable	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	55,997	\$	_
Accrued Wages and Benefits Payable	,	_		80,270	•	_	•	9,238		133,291	•	1,463
Intergovernmental Payable		_		13,466		_		1,860		25,267		1,264
Interfund Payable		-				_		· -		-		_
Retainage Payable		-		_		-		_		-		_
Advances from Other Funds		-		-		_		_		-		-
Total Liabilities		-		93,736				11,098		214,555		2,727
Deferred Inflows of Resources:												
Property and Other Local Taxes		-		-		_		_		-		-
Unavailable Revenue		-		2,797		-		428		31,091		708
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		-		2,797		-		428		31,091		708
Fund Balances:												
Restricted for:												
Permanent Improvements		-		-		-		-		-		-
Capital Outlay		-		-		-		-		-		-
Classroom Facilities Maintenance		-		-		-		-		-		-
Food Service		-		-		-		-		-		-
Special Trust		-		-		-		-		-		-
Other Local Grants		-		-		-		-		-		-
Extracurricular Activities		-		-		-		-		-		-
State Funded Programs		-		-		-		-		-		-
Federally Funded Programs		-		15,308		4,787		-		5,654		4,324
Committed for:												
Permanent Improvement		-		-		-		-		-		-
Assigned for:												
Capital Projects		-		-		-		-		-		-
Unassigned (Deficit):								(809)				
Total Fund Balances		-	_	15,308		4,787		(809)		5,654		4,324
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of												
Resources and Fund Balances	\$		\$	111,841	\$	4,787	\$	10,717	\$	251,300	\$	7,759

T1	DE 4					T 1		
	DEA eschool	T	nproving	Mia	cellaneous	Total Non-Ma		
	its for the		lproving Teacher		Federal			
	Handicapped		Quality		Grants	Governmenta Funds		
пап	uicappeu		Quanty		Grants	Funds		
\$	2,823	\$	5,979	\$	-	\$ 4,155,	896	
	-		-		-	635,		
	1,521		17,927		577	658,		
\$	4,344	\$	23,906	\$	577	\$ 5,465,	220 984	
\$		\$		\$	17,384	\$ 84,	592	
J.	2,733	Ф	18,717	Ф	17,364	319,		
	509		3,266		-		784	
	507		3,200		6,074		074	
	_		_		0,074		688	
	_		_		_	405,		
-	3,242		21,983		23,458	930,450		
	_		_		_	383,	135	
	_		291		_	423,		
•			291		_	806,		
-								
						((0	40.6	
	-		-		-	668,		
	-		-		-	821,		
	-		-		-	579,		
	-		-		-	1,440,		
	-		-		-		718	
	-		-		-	166,		
	-		-		-	158,		
	1 102		1 (22		-		442	
	1,102		1,632		-	32,	807	
	-		-		-	198,	449	
	-		-		-	10,	389	
	-		-		(22,881)	(425,		
	1,102		1,632		(22,881)	3,729,	079	
\$	4,344	\$	23,906	\$	577	\$ 5,465,	984	

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

	C	apital Project Fun	ds		Special F	Levenue Funds	
_	Permanent Improvement	Building Projects	Classroom Facilities Fund	Food Service	Special Trust	Miscellaneous Local Grants	Classroom Facilities Maintenance
Revenues:							
Property Taxes	\$ 491,635	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 103,309
Intergovernmental	15,690	-	-	2,566,125	-	-	72,739
Investment Earnings	449	16	2,460	10,451	-	-	-
Tuition and Fees	-	-	-	-	-	16,824	-
Rent	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Co-Curricular Activities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Donations	-	-	-		-	44,290	-
Charges for Services	-	-	-	2,719	-	-	-
Miscellaneous	1,051			10,916		. <del></del>	224
Total Revenues	508,825	16	2,460	2,590,211		61,114	176,272
Expenditures:							
Instruction:							
Regular	-	-	-	-	-	45,227	-
Special	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Support services:							
Pupils	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Instructional Staff	-	-	-	-	-	1,009	-
Administration	-	-	-	-	-	43,755	-
Fiscal	7,484	-	-	-	-	-	1,593
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	-	-	-	-	-	21,364	105,822
Pupil Transportation	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Non-Instructional Services	-	-	-	1,875,329	-	-	-
Extracurricular Activities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Capital Outlay	-	56,466	41,830	-	-	-	233,800
Debt service:							
Principal Retirement	170,000	-	-	-	-	-	-
Interest and Fiscal Charges	91,425	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total Expenditures	268,909	56,466	41,830	1,875,329	_	111,355	341,215
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues							
Over (Under) Expenditures	239,916	(56,450)	(39,370)	714,882	-	(50,241)	(164,943)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):							
Transfers In	198,000	_	_	_	_	_	_
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	198,000				-		
Net Change in Fund Balances	437,916	(56,450)	(39,370)	714,882	-	(50,241)	(164,943)
Fund Balances - Beginning of Yearr	429,019	(345,351)	860,700	725,945	718	217,156	744,166
Fund Balances - End of Year	\$ 866,935	\$ (401,801)	\$ 821,330	\$ 1,440,827	\$ 718	\$ 166,915	\$ 579,223

			Special I	Revenue Funds			
Capital Projects	Student Managed Student Activities	District Managed Student Activities	Auxiliary Services	Preschool Grant	Data Communications Support Grant	Student Wellness and Success	Miscellaneous State Grants
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$
-	-	-	248,924	235,019	9,000	-	
105	-	-	547	-	-	-	
-	2,500	53,828	-	-	-	-	
-	46,243	113,730	-	-	-	_	
5,000	13,127	16,065	-	-	-	-	
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
5,105	61,870	11,703 195,326	249,471	235,019	9,000		
3,103	01,870	193,320	279,771	233,019	9,000		
-	-	-	-	160,329	-	(8,869)	
-	-	-	-	-	-	(34,941)	
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
_	-	_	-	_	_	(42,634)	
-	-	-	-	-	9,000	-	
-	-	-	-	92,720	-	-	
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
-	-	375	237,997	-	-	-	
_	34,472	146,161	-	_	_	_	
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
-	34,472	146,536	237,997	253,049	9,000	(86,444)	
5,105	27,398	48,790	11,474	(18,030)	-	86,444	
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
-							
5,105	27,398	48,790	11,474	(18,030)	-	86,444	
5,284	28,452	54,344	51,754	26,690	-	(86,444)	4,55
\$ 10,389	\$ 55,850	\$ 103,134	\$ 63,228	\$ 8,660	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 4,55

(continued)

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022 (Continued)

					Special l	Revenue Funds
	CARES Act	Title VI-B IDEA	Title I School Improvement	Title III Limited English Proficiency	Title I Grant	Title IV-A Drug Free School Grant
Revenues: Property Taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	s -
	9,788	875,769	16,241	95,395	1,775,643	121,173
Intergovernmental	9,700	8/3,/09	10,241	93,393	1,773,043	121,173
Investment Earnings	-	-	-	-	-	-
Tuition and Fees	-	-	-	-	-	-
Rent	-	-	-	-	-	-
Co-Curricular Activities	-	-	-	-	-	-
Contributions and Donations	-	-	-	-	-	-
Charges for Services	-	-	-	-	-	-
Miscellaneous						
Total Revenues	9,788	875,769	16,241	95,395	1,775,643	121,173
<b>Expenditures:</b>						
Instruction:						
Regular	-	-	-	-	103,642	-
Special	-	774,566	-	97,395	1,154,934	-
Other	-	-	-	· -	-	-
Support services:						
Pupils	-	70,310	-	-	379,840	107,254
Instructional Staff	82,340	-	11,454	-	7,384	-
Administration	-	-	· -	-	98,126	-
Fiscal	-	_	_	_		_
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	312	_	_	-	_	-
Pupil Transportation	· .	2,777	_	_	_	_
Non-Instructional Services	-	19,354	_	3,592	113,723	9,595
Extracurricular Activities	-		_	-,-,-	-	- ,
Capital Outlay	_	_	_	_	_	_
Debt service:						
Principal Retirement	_	_	_	_	_	_
Interest and Fiscal Charges		_	_			_
Total Expenditures	82,652	867,007	11,454	100,987	1,857,649	116,849
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues	02,032	507,007	11,734	100,707	1,007,079	110,049
Over (Under) Expenditures	(72,864)	8,762	4,787	(5,592)	(82,006)	4,324
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Transfers In						
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Net Change in Fund Balances	(72,864)	8,762	4,787	(5,592)	(82,006)	4,324
Fund Balances - Beginning of Yearr	72,864	6,546		4,783	87,660	
Fund Balances - End of Year	\$ -	\$ 15,308	\$ 4,787	\$ (809)	\$ 5,654	\$ 4,324

Pro Gran	DEA eschool ats for the dicapped	Improving Teacher Quality		Mi	scellaneous Federal Grants	Go	Other overnmental Funds
\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	594,944
Ψ	30,001	Ψ	181,360	Ψ	107,678	Ψ	6,360,545
	-		-		-		14,028
	-		-		-		16,824
	-		-		-		56,328
	-		-		-		159,973
	-		-		-		78,482
	-		-		-		2,719
	30,001		181,360		107,678		23,894 7,307,737
	30,001		101,500		107,076		1,301,131
	_		185,887		900		487,116
	28,907		-		-		2,020,861
	-		-		122,671		122,671
	-		-		1,473		516,243
	-		-				111,187
	-		-		7,737		242,338
	-		-		-		9,077 127,498
	-		-		-		2,777
	-		1,597		1,432		2,262,994
	_		-		- 1,152		180,633
	_		_		-		332,096
	-		-		-		170,000
							91,425
	28,907		187,484		134,213		6,676,916
	1,094		(6,124)		(26,535)		630,821
							400.000
							198,000
							198,000
	1,094		(6,124)		(26,535)		828,821
	8		7,756		3,654		2,900,258
\$	1,102	\$	1,632	\$	(22,881)	\$	3,729,079
		_					

	 Final Budget		Actual		/ariance er/(Under)
Bond Retirement					
Total Revenues and Other Sources Total Expenditures and Other Uses	\$ 2,137,619 2,348,773	\$	2,198,210 2,348,639	\$	60,591 134
Net Change in Fund Balance	(211,154)		(150,429)		60,725
Fund Balances - July 1 Fund Balances - June 30	\$ 1,946,273 1,735,119	\$	1,946,273 1,795,844	\$	60,725
Permanent Improvement					
Total Revenues and Other Sources Total Expenditures and Other Uses	\$ 560,142 484,475	\$	715,255 311,092	\$	155,113 173,383
Net Change in Fund Balance	75,667		404,163		328,496
Fund Balances - July 1 Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated Fund Balances - June 30	\$ 211,994 24,475 312,136	\$	211,994 24,475 640,632	\$	328,496
Building					
Total Revenues and Other Sources Total Expenditures and Other Uses	\$ 205 134,624	\$	16 132,773	\$	(189) 1,851
Net Change in Fund Balance	(134,419)		(132,757)		1,662
Fund Balances - July 1 Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated Fund Balances - June 30	 32,832 103,124 1,537	-\$	32,832 103,124 3,199	-\$	1,662

		Final Budget		Actual		/ariance er/(Under)
Classroom Facilities						
Total Revenues and Other Sources Total Expenditures and Other Uses	\$	300 402,441	\$	2,460 402,441	\$	2,160
Net Change in Fund Balance		(402,141)		(399,981)		2,160
Fund Balances - July 1 Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated Fund Balances - June 30	-\$	683,171 402,440 683,470	\$	683,171 402,440 685,630	-\$	2,160
Tund Balances - June 30	<u> </u>	003,470	Ψ	003,030	Ψ	2,100
Food Service						
Total Revenues and Other Sources Total Expenditures and Other Uses	\$	2,087,300 2,046,476	\$	2,600,324 1,943,566	\$	513,024 102,910
Net Change in Fund Balance		40,824		656,758		615,934
Fund Balances - July 1 Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated Fund Balances - June 30		747,087 20,692 808,603	-\$	747,087 20,692 1,424,537	\$	615,934
	<u></u>					
Special Trust						
Total Expenditures and Other Uses	\$	718	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	718
Net Change in Fund Balance		(718)		-		718
Fund Balances - July 1 Fund Balances - June 30	\$	718	\$	718 718	\$	718

	 Final Budget	Actual	ariance er/(Under)
Public School Support			
Total Revenues and Other Sources Total Expenditures and Other Uses	\$ 38,650 54,642	\$ 49,465 39,868	\$ 10,815 14,774
Net Change in Fund Balance	(15,992)	9,597	25,589
Fund Balances - July 1 Fund Balances - June 30	\$ 30,413 14,421	\$ 30,413 40,010	\$ 25,589
Central Workers Comp			
Total Revenues and Other Sources Total Expenditures and Other Uses	\$ 118,500 135,000	\$ 46,680 98,523	\$ (71,820) 36,477
Net Change in Fund Balance	(16,500)	(51,843)	(35,343)
Fund Balances - July 1 Fund Balances - June 30	\$ 94,555 78,055	\$ 94,555 42,712	\$ (35,343)
FSA Fund			
Total Revenues and Other Sources Total Expenditures and Other Uses	\$ 72,000 80,000	\$ 72,248 65,706	\$ 248 14,294
Net Change in Fund Balance	(8,000)	6,542	14,542
Fund Balances - July 1 Fund Balances - June 30	\$ 30,562 22,562	\$ 30,562 37,104	\$ 14,542

	 Final Budget	 Actual	Variance Over/(Under)	
Ted Talks				
Total Expenditures and Other Uses	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-
Net Change in Fund Balance	-	-		-
Fund Balances - July 1 Fund Balances - June 30	\$ 1,303 1,303	\$ 1,303 1,303	\$	<u>-</u>
Termination Benefits				
Total Revenues and Other Sources Total Expenditures and Other Uses	\$ 300,000 68,011	\$ 302,321 68,011	\$	2,321
Net Change in Fund Balance	231,989	234,310		2,321
Fund Balances - July 1 Fund Balances - June 30	\$ 231,989	\$ 234,310	\$	2,321
Miscellaneous Local Grants				
Total Revenues and Other Sources Total Expenditures and Other Uses	\$ 92,300 174,361	\$ 57,624 120,631	\$	(34,676) 53,730
Net Change in Fund Balance	(82,061)	(63,007)		19,054
Fund Balances - July 1 Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated Fund Balances - June 30	\$ 205,329 14,220 137,488	\$ 205,329 14,220 156,542	\$	19,054
Classroom Facilities Maintenance				
Total Revenues and Other Sources Total Expenditures and Other Uses	\$ 176,980 362,523	\$ 179,412 345,012	\$	2,432 17,511
Net Change in Fund Balance	(185,543)	(165,600)		19,943
Fund Balances - July 1 Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated Fund Balances - June 30	\$ 438,012 263,820 516,289	\$ 438,012 263,820 536,232	\$	19,943

	 Final Budget		Actual		ariance er/(Under)
Capital Projects					
Total Revenues and Other Sources Total Expenditures and Other Uses	\$ 15,075 5,000	\$	5,105 5,000	\$	(9,970)
Net Change in Fund Balance	10,075		105		(9,970)
Fund Balances - July 1 Fund Balances - June 30	\$ 10,284 20,359	\$	10,284 10,389	\$	(9,970)
Student-Managed Student Activities					
Total Revenues and Other Sources Total Expenditures and Other Uses	\$ 68,000 69,520	\$	61,870 35,140	\$	(6,130) 34,380
Net Change in Fund Balance	(1,520)		26,730		28,250
Fund Balances - July 1 Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated Fund Balances - June 30	\$ 26,083 2,368 26,931	\$	26,083 2,368 55,181	\$	28,250
District-Managed Student Activities					
Total Revenues and Other Sources Total Expenditures and Other Uses	\$ 156,350 175,784	\$	189,560 164,568	\$	33,210 11,216
Net Change in Fund Balance	(19,434)		24,992		44,426
Fund Balances - July 1 Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated Fund Balances - June 30	\$ 49,660 1,200 31,426	-\$	49,660 1,200 75,852	\$	44,426

	 Final Budget	Actual	Variance ver/(Under)
Auxiliary Services			
Total Revenues and Other Sources Total Expenditures and Other Uses	\$ 258,278 302,403	\$ 249,471 281,800	\$ (8,807) 20,603
Net Change in Fund Balance	(44,125)	(32,329)	11,796
Fund Balances - July 1 Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated Fund Balances - June 30	\$ 48,996 4,871	\$ 48,996 16,667	\$ 11,796
Preschool Grant			
Total Revenues and Other Sources Total Expenditures and Other Uses	\$ 512,105 538,010	\$ 230,093 250,687	\$ (282,012) 287,323
Net Change in Fund Balance	(25,905)	(20,594)	5,311
Fund Balances - July 1 Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated Fund Balances - June 30	\$ 6,839 19,200 134	\$ 6,839 19,200 5,445	\$ 5,311
Data Communications			
Total Revenues and Other Sources Total Expenditures and Other Uses	\$ 9,000 9,000	\$ 9,000 9,000	\$ -
Net Change in Fund Balance	-	-	-
Fund Balances - July 1 Fund Balances - June 30	\$ 	\$ <u>-</u>	\$ 

	 Final Budget	 Actual	Variance er/(Under)
Miscellaneous State Grants			
Total Revenues and Other Sources Total Expenditures and Other Uses	\$ 4,523	\$ - -	\$ 4,523
Net Change in Fund Balance	(4,523)	-	4,523
Fund Balances - July 1 Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated Fund Balances - June 30	\$ 31 4,523 31	\$ 31 4,523 4,554	\$ 4,523
Coronavirus Relief Fund			
Total Revenues and Other Sources Total Expenditures and Other Uses	\$ 85,323 85,163	\$ 82,812 82,652	\$ (2,511) 2,511
Net Change in Fund Balance	160	160	-
Fund Balances - July 1 Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated Fund Balances - June 30	\$ (85,010) 84,850	\$ (85,010) 84,850	\$ - - -
Title VI-B IDEA			
Total Revenues and Other Sources Total Expenditures and Other Uses	\$ 1,150,248 1,155,426	\$ 860,135 852,906	\$ (290,113) 302,520
Net Change in Fund Balance	(5,178)	7,229	12,407
Fund Balances - July 1 Fund Balances - June 30	\$ 12,825 7,647	\$ 12,825 20,054	\$ 12,407

	 Final Budget		Actual	Variance /er/(Under)
Title I School Improvement				
Total Revenues and Other Sources Total Expenditures and Other Uses	\$ 20,025 20,025	\$	16,241 16,241	\$ (3,784) 3,784
Net Change in Fund Balance	-		-	-
Fund Balances - July 1 Fund Balances - June 30	\$ <u>-</u>	\$		\$ -
Title III Limited English Proficiency				
Total Revenues and Other Sources Total Expenditures and Other Uses	\$ 99,451 97,900	\$	100,460 97,900	\$ 1,009
Net Change in Fund Balance	1,551		2,560	1,009
Fund Balances - July 1 Fund Balances - June 30	\$ 912 2,463	\$	912 3,472	\$ 1,009
Title I Grant				
Total Revenues and Other Sources Total Expenditures and Other Uses	\$ 1,942,592 2,009,451	\$	1,786,496 1,855,842	\$ (156,096) 153,609
Net Change in Fund Balance	(66,859)		(69,346)	(2,487)
Fund Balances - July 1 Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated Fund Balances - June 30	\$ (57,185) 126,100 2,056	-\$	(57,185) 126,100 (431)	\$ (2,487)
	 		` /	 

	Final Budget		Actual		Variance er/(Under)
IDEA Preschool Grants for the Handicapped					
Total Revenues and Other Sources Total Expenditures and Other Uses	\$ 36,741 37,947	\$	30,134 34,122	\$	(6,607) 3,825
Net Change in Fund Balance	(1,206)		(3,988)		(2,782)
Fund Balances - July 1 Fund Balances - June 30	\$ 1,349 143	\$	1,349 (2,639)	\$	(2,782)
Improving Teacher Quality					
Total Revenues and Other Sources Total Expenditures and Other Uses	\$ 273,968 213,659	\$	200,518 185,350	\$	(73,450) 28,309
Net Change in Fund Balance	60,309		15,168		(45,141)
Fund Balances - July 1 Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated Fund Balances - June 30	\$ (24,113) 14,924 51,120	-\$	(24,113) 14,924 5,979	-\$	(45,141)
Miscellaneous Federal Grants  Total Revenues and Other Sources Total Expenditures and Other Uses	\$ 540,728 346,695	\$	187,183 168,933	\$	(353,545) 177,762
Net Change in Fund Balance	194,033		18,250		(175,783)
Fund Balances - July 1 Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated Fund Balances - June 30	\$ (191,854) 121,382 123,561	\$	(191,854) 121,382 (52,222)	\$	(175,783)
Title IV-A Drug Free School Grant					
Total Revenues and Other Sources Total Expenditures and Other Uses	\$ 141,531 116,523	\$	116,761 114,977	\$	(24,770) 1,546
Net Change in Fund Balance	25,008		1,784		(23,224)
Fund Balances - July 1 Fund Balances - June 30	\$ 25,008	\$	1,784	\$	(23,224)
	· -		· -	====	<del></del>

## WHITEHALL CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT FRANKLIN COUNTY, OHIO

## COMBINING STATEMENT AND INDIVIDUAL FUND SCHEDULE PROPRIETARY FUND

#### **Internal Service Fund**

Internal Service Funds are used to account for the financing of goods or services provided by one department or agency to another department or agency on a cost reimbursement basis. A description of the District's Internal Service Fund follows:

<u>Employee Benefit Self-Insurance</u> - A fund provided to account for monies received from other funds as payment for providing medical, hospitalization, life and dental insurance. Payments are made to a third party administrator for claims payments, claims administration and stop-loss coverage.

## WHITEHALL CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT FRANKLIN COUNTY, OHIO

	Final Budget Actual		Variance er/(Under)	
<b>Employee Benefit Self Insurance</b>	 			 
Total Revenues and Other Sources Total Expenses and Other Uses	\$ 7,486,980 7,068,647	\$	7,176,225 6,806,294	\$ (310,755) 262,353
Net Change in Fund Balance	418,333		369,931	(48,402)
Fund Balance - July 1 Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	2,488,665 14,650		2,488,665 14,650	 - -
Fund Balance - June 30	\$ 2,921,648	\$	2,873,246	\$ (48,402)

## III. STATISTICAL SECTION

## WHITEHALL CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of the District's annual comprehensive financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the District's overall financial health.

Contents	Page
Financial Trends These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the District's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	119-123
Revenue Capacity These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the affordability of the	124-127
District's most significant local revenue source, the property tax.	
Debt Capacity These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the District's current levels of outstanding debt and the District's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	128-131
Demographic and Economic Information  These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the District's financial activities take place.	132-138

#### NET POSITION BY COMPONENT LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(accrual basis of accounting)

				2014						2017								
		2013		(Restated) <sup>2</sup>		2015		2016		(Restated) <sup>3</sup>		2018	2019		(Restated) <sup>4</sup>		2021	2022
Governmental activities																		
Net investment in capital assets	\$	47,100,680	\$	45,921,814	\$	47,970,877	\$	48,062,693	\$	49,647,371	\$	48,506,387	\$ 47,041,302	\$	46,599,855	\$	49,731,573	\$ 51,528,012
Restricted		7,667,087		7,455,593		6,644,999		6,342,264		6,102,001		6,450,185	7,792,911		10,072,671		6,609,760	6,863,072
Unrestricted		16,187,957		(35,510,339)		(36,544,215)		(36,222,386)		(52,608,725)		(34,005,565)	(29,236,084)		(34,873,475)		(32,103,211)	(22,288,278)
Total governmental activities net position	_	70,955,724	_	17,867,068	_	18,071,661	_	18,182,571	_	3,140,647	_	20,951,007	 25,598,129	_	21,799,051		24,238,122	 36,102,806
Primary government																		
Net investment in capital assets		47,100,680		45,921,814		47,970,877		48,062,693		49,647,371		48,506,387	47,041,302	\$	46,599,855	\$	49,731,573	\$ 51,528,012
Restricted		7,667,087		7,455,593		6,644,999		6,342,264		6,102,001		6,450,185	7,792,911		10,072,671		6,609,760	6,863,072
Unrestricted		16,187,957		(35,510,339)		(36,544,215)		(36,222,386)		(52,608,725)		(34,005,565)	(29,236,084)		(34,873,475)		(32,103,211)	(22,288,278)
Total primary government net position	\$	70,955,724	\$	17,867,068	\$	18,071,661	\$	18,182,571	\$	3,140,647	\$	20,951,007	\$ 25,598,129	\$	21,799,051	\$	24,238,122	\$ 36,102,806

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Net position was restated in 2013 as a result of the District adopting GASB Statements 63 and 65.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Net position was restated in 2015 as a result of the District adopting GASB Statements 68 and 71.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Net position was restated in 2018 as a result of the District performing a re-evaluation of capital assets and adopting GASB Statements 75

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Net position was restated in 2020 as a result of the District adopting GASB Statements 84.

#### CHANGES IN NET POSITION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(accrual basis of accounting)

	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Expenses								·		
Governmental activities:										
Instruction										
Regular	\$ 18,825,423 \$	\$ 20,672,097	\$ 20,301,612	\$ 20,878,203	\$ 22,425,234	\$ 11,585,347	\$ 20,242,419	\$ 23,344,044 \$	25,111,777 \$	17,263,716
Special	6,380,916	6,501,275	6,849,021	7,130,470	8,500,640	4,919,765	8,131,589	9,959,720	10,183,919	9,343,070
Vocational	339,364	310,952	221,841	254,320	289,361	101,123	238,045	310,927	314,601	346,734
Student Intervention Services	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	285,001
Other	185,081	208,686	486,475	438,620	605,292	400,799	584,094	555,053	620,214	88,085
Support Services										
Pupils	2,265,854	1,917,251	1,941,770	1,976,790	2,380,155	994,586	1,937,693	2,788,128	2,710,246	2,327,596
Instructional staff	1,421,016	1,755,409	1,320,208	1,754,856	2,172,412	1,196,096	1,566,397	2,230,901	2,216,570	1,881,191
Board of education	108,207	156,818	105,817	102,296	105,014	133,821	122,145	141,345	101,293	186,722
School administration	2,823,368	3,186,302	2,643,419	2,867,607	3,351,747	1,568,816	2,999,188	3,664,207	3,411,126	2,911,352
Fiscal services	1,042,871	673,995	752,972	806,770	861,351	800,078	855,661	1,022,103	971,343	784,626
Business operations	· · · · ·		226,535	250,217	274,390	228,611	276,729	332,846	300,174	243,886
Operation and maintenance of plant	3,242,987	2,924,911	2,828,954	3,224,170	3,325,849	3,393,073	3,531,249	3,683,891	3,337,638	3,281,797
Student transportation	1,624,707	1,630,015	1,593,702	1,526,186	1,741,383	1,668,830	1,897,619	1,956,549	1,919,363	1,994,230
Central services	900,373	52,041	75,366	162,967	208,548	161,498	174,433	214,534	201,708	257,780
Non-instructional Services	1,764,491	1,684,292	1,724,244	1,946,265	2,399,487	2,040,588	2,421,410	2,324,703	1,863,996	2,095,981
Extracurricular Activities	758,358	730,634	812,553	717,830	927,209	541,546	896,598	1,048,252	870,914	932,594
Interest	1,586,316	1,244,014	1,268,242	1,272,922	875,847	861,325	1,150,502	1,187,918	1,188,902	1,103,773
Total primary government expenses	\$ 43,269,332	\$ 43,648,692	\$ 43,152,731	\$ 45,310,489	\$ 50,443,919	\$ 30,595,902	\$ 47,025,771	\$ 54,765,121 \$	55,323,784 \$	45,328,134
Program Revenue										
Governmental activities:										
Charges for services:										
Instruction										
Regular	\$ 218,804 \$	\$ 163,012	\$ 168,033	\$ 153,792	\$ 79,957	\$ 209,469	\$ 125,883	\$ 92,560 \$	87,391 \$	138,410
Special	60,713	39,320	76,108	33,823	37,638	42,679	48,897	30,224	58,094	83,246
Support Services	,-	/-	,	,-	,	,	-,	,		,
Pupils	108	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Instructional staff	38,955	10,243	15,248	4,689	5,643	10,401	5,994	1,759	616	9,363
School administration	62,791	19,318	18,348	13,186	21,501	29,934	29,059	16,628	9,720	6,832
Operation and maintenance of plant	8,700	6,925	3,808	7,962	11,455	10,597	9,865	4,977	3,473	3,228
Non-instructional Services	113,584	15,615	16,063	29,555	24,399	21,367	25,220	18,737	892	2,719
Extracurricular Activities	73,019	127,206	141,012	125,834	141,490	165,535	138,207	109,017	32,312	223,024
Operating Grants and Contributions	4,873,850	5,145,316	5,260,574	5,700,662	5,970,779	8,247,800	8,714,238	9,952,900	11,139,781	12,503,360
Total primary government program revenue	\$ 5,450,524		\$ 5,699,194	\$ 6,069,503	\$ 6,292,862	\$ 8,737,782		\$ 10,226,802 \$		
20m. primary government program revenue	ψ J,130,32T	, 3,320,733	ψ 5,077,17 <del>1</del>	<u> </u>	Q 0,272,002	0,737,732	<u> </u>	ψ 10,220,002 ψ	11,000,017	12,770,102
Net (Expense)/Revenue										
- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·						\$ (21,858,120)			(43,991,505) \$	

#### General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position

Governmental activities:													
Property taxes	\$ 9,469,294	\$ 10,499,232	\$ 11,017,383	\$	11,073,772	\$ 11,208,077	\$	11,097,171	\$	12,036,268	\$ 7,623,132	\$ 16,059,420	\$ 12,969,808
Grants and entitlements not restricted to													
Specific Programs	20,680,764	21,621,963	24,249,169		25,786,131	26,598,609		25,829,650		27,156,987	29,298,795	26,542,272	28,729,033
Payment in lieu of taxes	1,225,600	1,374,720	2,092,669		2,100,046	1,838,607		2,016,613		2,330,466	2,430,441	2,871,550	3,071,841
Investment earnings	106,883	58,594	134,087		214,452	75,697		204,048		554,257	668,225	43,101	(855,356)
Miscellaneous	 320,086	 234,993	 164,822	_	177,495	 263,809	_	520,998		497,552	 682,120	 914,233	 307,310
Total primary government general revenues													
and other changes	\$ 31,802,627	\$ 33,789,502	\$ 37,658,130	\$	39,351,896	\$ 39,984,799	\$	39,668,480	\$	42,575,530	\$ 40,702,713	\$ 46,430,576	\$ 44,222,636
		 	 	_			_		_				 
Changes in Net Position													
Total primary government	\$ (6,016,181)	\$ (4,332,235)	\$ 204,593	\$	110,910	\$ (4,166,258)	\$	17,810,360	\$	4,647,122	\$ (3,835,606)	\$ 2,439,071	\$ 11,864,684

## FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(modified accrual basis of accounting)

	2013	2014	2015		2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
General Fund											
Nonspendable	\$ 77,753	\$ 51,749	\$ 67,189	\$	75,365	\$ 134,513	\$ 169,357	\$ 624,509	\$ 618,852	\$ 511,193	\$ 405,000
Committed	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	234,309
Assigned	1,058,719	3,006,871	2,073,213		5,561,500	5,779,815	4,731,136	4,810,150	2,795,638	1,740,449	843,972
Unassigned	 11,773,176	10,160,909	9,690,577		6,949,000	 6,151,997	6,873,212	 6,193,838	 6,234,687	 12,556,641	17,280,674
Total General Fund	\$ 12,909,648	\$ 13,219,529	\$ 11,830,979	\$	12,585,865	\$ 12,066,325	\$ 11,773,705	\$ 11,628,497	\$ 9,649,177	\$ 14,808,283	\$ 18,763,955
All Other Governmental Funds											
Nonspendable	\$ 3,208	\$ 6,703	\$ 2,423	\$	4,609	\$ 1,022	\$ 1,225	\$ 1,409	\$ 3,732	\$ 71,861	\$ -
Restricted	16,724,120	10,909,668	6,147,057		5,792,958	5,593,520	6,042,176	14,473,019	9,012,553	6,008,253	6,600,681
Committed	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	198,449
Assigned	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	10,389
Unassigned	 (34,519)	 (295,272)	(190,100)	_	(394,768)	 (508,284)	(388,053)	(302,701)	 (145,132)	 (465,446)	(425,491)
Total All Other Governmental Funds	\$ 16,692,809	\$ 10,621,099	\$ 5,959,380	\$	5,402,799	\$ 5,086,258	\$ 5,655,348	\$ 14,171,727	\$ 8,871,153	\$ 5,614,668	\$ 6,384,028

# WHITEHALL CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(modified accrual basis of accounting)

	2	2013		2014		2015		2016		2017		2018		2019		2020		2021		2022
Revenue																				
From Local Sources																				
Taxes	\$ 9	,612,928	\$	11,561,954	\$	11,060,876	\$	11,110,472	\$	11,352,251	\$	11,312,814	\$	12,022,482	\$	. , ,	\$	16,094,516	\$	12,604,783
Tuition and fees		390,071		238,856		282,237		213,712		159,122		303,080		219,698		146,148		159,294		150,623
Investment income		106,883		50,413		131,772		216,955		75,989		205,116		550,065		669,104		33,384		(821,665)
Intergovernmental		5,979,237		26,709,348		29,543,479		31,367,386		32,469,383		34,176,838		35,385,963		37,707,885		39,622,281		41,097,391
Payment in lieu of taxes	1	,225,600		1,374,720		2,092,669		2,100,046		1,838,607		2,016,613		2,330,466		2,430,441		2,871,550		3,071,841
Other Revenue Total Revenues	38	506,689	_	431,824 40,367,115	_	359,093 43,470,126	_	475,351 45,483,922	_	571,304 46,466,656	_	764,151 48,778,612	_	641,825 51,150,499	_	937,650 49,689,008		979,044 59,760,069	_	708,741 56,811,714
Expenditures		5,021,400	_	40,507,115	_	45,470,120	_	43,463,722	_	40,400,030	_	40,770,012		31,130,477	_	42,002,000	_	37,700,007	_	30,011,714
Current:																				
Instruction																				
Regular	16	5,117,351		16,821,025		18,028,112		18,782,536		19,330,872		19,511,513		20,592,721		20,229,668		21,650,979		17,603,018
Special		,453,855		6,197,705		6,881,507		7,177,176		8,046,259		8,557,504		8,998,765		9,411,947		9,814,032		10,403,942
Vocational		273,335		301,433		215,164		253,009		289,811		302,310		282,267		286,033		289,138		377,162
Student Intervention Services		_		-				_		-		_		_		· -		· -		285,001
Other		187,594		181,607		480,806		458,292		529,343		692,169		635,604		543,941		584,138		122,671
Support Services		,		,		1		,		ŕ				*						*
Pupils	1	,753,360		1,827,437		1,968,950		2,024,216		2,176,365		2,305,053		2,323,422		2,648,619		2,620,775		2,621,003
Instructional staff	1	,422,555		1,684,392		1,542,352		1,839,025		1,812,613		1,840,174		1,755,946		2,042,007		2,189,838		2,619,797
Board of education		108,207		156,818		105,817		102,296		105,147		130,189		121,683		141,345		101,293		186,722
School administration	2	2,836,608		3,054,041		2,781,202		2,843,805		3,156,296		3,053,633		3,286,021		3,362,106		3,280,146		3,426,166
Fiscal services	1	,072,863		654,991		766,733		792,268		823,825		846,497		836,878		912,245		942,380		913,924
Business operations		· · -		_		189,455		245,049		243,352		303,720		256,934		260,689		267,272		288,173
Operation and maintenance of plant	2	2,556,249		2,831,635		2,874,356		3,174,828		3,245,536		3,562,618		3,468,492		3,378,563		3,422,667		4,042,481
Student transportation	1	,358,515		1,578,430		1,580,806		1,481,667		1,676,565		1,822,112		1,875,423		1,787,099		1,886,660		2,529,084
Central services		489,543		62,180		69,440		152,490		192,344		172,415		173,033		181,152		197,097		316,980
Non-instructional Services	1	,479,793		1,617,364		1,714,848		1,926,846		2,392,692		2,200,858		2,605,826		2,366,364		1,907,482		2,275,368
Extracurricular Activities		607,618		717,895		834,607		888,389		882,262		969,786		979,700		926,101		728,911		1,000,477
Capital Outlay	19	,026,199		6,539,021		7,643,831		1,548,439		473,971		442,889		2,298,100		6,097,706		5,521,175		511,315
Debt Service:																				
Bond Issuance Costs		-		-		-		366,244		-		-		1,085,000		-		-		-
Principal Retirement		742,512		593,675		625,000		710,000		1,065,000		960,000		898,610		1,250,000		1,385,000		1,505,000
Interest and Fiscal Charges	1	,459,894		1,321,295		1,229,409		893,899		846,544		828,702		199,381		1,143,375		1,111,579		1,073,400
Total Expenditures	57	,946,051	_	46,140,944	_	49,532,395	_	45,660,474	_	47,288,797	_	48,502,142	_	52,673,806	_	56,968,960		57,900,562	_	52,101,684
Excess (deficiency) of revenue																				
over (under) expenditures	(19	,124,643)		(5,773,829)		(6,062,269)		(176,552)		(822,141)		276,470		(1,523,307)		(7,279,952)		1,859,507		4,710,030
Other Financing (Sources) Uses																				
Issuance of bonds								25,310,000						6,590,000						
Premium on bond issuance		-		-		-		3,324,867		-		-		303,278		-		-		-
Issuance of Lease Purchase Agreement		-		-		-		3,324,607		-		-		3,000,000		-		-		-
Payment to refunded bonds escrow				_		_		(28,260,010)		-		_		3,000,000		_		-		-
Proceeds from sale of assets		_		12,000		12,000		(28,200,010)		125		-		1,200		58		6,586		15,002
Refund of prior year receipt		_		12,000		12,000				(14,065)		_		1,200		56		0,500		15,002
Transfers in		_		_		1,900,000				(14,005)		_		15,000						198,000
Transfers out		_		_		(1,900,000)		_		_		_		(15,000)		_		_		(198,000)
Total Other Financing (Sources) Uses	-		_	12,000	_	12,000	_	374,857	_	(13,940)	_		_	9,894,478	_	58	_	6,586	_	15,002
Net Changes in Fund Balance	\$ (10	0,124,643)	\$		\$		\$	198,305	\$	(836,081)	•	276,470	\$	8,371,171	\$	(7,279,894)	\$	1,866,093	\$	4,725,032
	ş (19	<u>,,124,043</u> )	Ф	(5,761,829)	3	(0,030,209)	Ф	178,303	Ф	(030,061)	Þ	4/0,4/0	Ф	0,3/1,1/1	Þ	(1,419,894)	Þ	1,000,093	Ф	4,743,034
Expenditures capitalized in		705 201		C 15 C 55 °		7 007 TTC		1.70 < 2.15		502 00:		07: 12:		0.077.710		( 45 + 2 + 5		5.001.055		2.055.000
capital assets	15	5,785,294		6,156,750		7,227,778		1,706,342		782,091		871,126		2,975,740		6,454,347		5,804,977		2,857,939
Debt service as a percentage		5.207		4.007		4.407		2 (0/		4 10/		2.00/		2.20/		4.70/		4.007		5.20/
of noncapital expenditures		5.2%		4.8%		4.4%		3.6%		4.1%		3.8%		2.2%		4.7%		4.8%		5.2%

# ASSESSED AND ESTIMATED ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY LAST TEN YEARS

	Real Property		Public Utility			Tota			Commercial/	Whitehall	
			Estimated			Estimated		Estimated	Agriculture	Industrial	School
Collection	n	Assessed	Actual		Assessed	Actual	Assessed	Actual	Effective	Effective	District
Year	%	Value	Value	%	Value	Value	Value	Value	Rate <sup>1</sup>	Rate <sup>1</sup>	Driect Rate <sup>1</sup>
2013	35%	222,882,710	636,807,743	35%	11,474,530	32,784,371	234,357,240	669,592,114	71.39	81.60	73.25
2014	35%	218,146,690	623,276,257	35%	12,475,630	35,644,657	230,622,320	658,920,914	71.63	82.75	73.25
2015	35%	205,041,390	585,832,543	35%	12,915,060	36,900,171	217,956,450	622,732,714	75.30	83.53	73.80
2016	35%	207,582,610	593,093,171	35%	14,302,770	40,865,057	221,885,380	633,958,228	75.28	83.51	73.80
2017	35%	206,186,230	589,103,514	35%	13,524,560	38,641,600	219,710,790	627,745,114	74.64	82.79	73.10
2018	35%	233,335,880	666,673,943	35%	13,069,270	37,340,771	246,405,150	704,014,714	67.36	79.43	72.85
2019	35%	234,181,890	669,091,114	35%	13,249,600	37,856,000	247,431,490	706,947,114	70.58	82.37	75.95
2020	35%	231,363,390	661,038,257	35%	14,319,550	40,913,000	245,682,940	701,951,257	69.15	81.44	74.35
2021	35%	265,426,720	758,362,057	35%	15,032,840	42,950,971	280,459,560	801,313,028	60.05	77.45	73.85
2022	35%	272,667,510	779,050,029	35%	16,316,060	46,617,314	288,983,570	825,667,343	60.58	78.35	73.85

Source: Office of the County Auditor, Franklin County, Ohic

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Tax rates are per \$1,000 of assessed value.

# REAL PROPERTY TAX RATES - DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTS LAST TEN YEARS

(Per \$1,000 of Assessed Valuation)

Collection <u>Year</u>	Total Direct Rate Whitehall School District	City of Whitehall	Franklin <u>County</u>	<u>Library</u>	Eastland Joint Vocational School	Full <u>Rate</u>	Residential/ Agriculture Effective <u>Rate</u>	Commercial/ Industrial Effective <u>Rate</u>
2013	73.25	1.50	18.47	2.80	2.00	98.02	71.3938	81.6034
2014	73.25	1.50	18.47	2.80	2.00	98.02	71.6289	82.7462
2015	73.80	1.50	18.47	2.80	2.00	98.57	75.2984	83.5270
2016	73.80	1.50	18.47	2.80	2.00	98.57	75.2822	83.5143
2017	73.10	1.50	18.47	2.80	2.00	97.87	74.6454	82.7921
2018	72.85	1.50	18.92	2.80	2.00	98.07	67.3609	79.4274
2019	75.95	1.50	18.92	2.80	2.00	101.17	70.5771	82.3749
2020	74.35	1.50	19.12	2.80	2.00	99.77	69.1530	81.4368
2021	73.85	1.50	16.15	2.32	2.00	95.82	60.0540	77.4458
2022	73.85	1.50	16.94	2.34	2.00	96.63	60.5813	78.3472

Source: Office of the County Auditor, Franklin County, Ohio

# PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAX PAYERS COLLECTION YEARS 2022 AND 2013

	_	Collection Year 2022				
Public Utilities  1. Ohio Power Company  2. Columbia Gas of Ohio  3. AEP Ohio Transmission Company Inc	\$	Assessed Valuation 10,802,340 2,920,840 2,716,970	% of Total Assessed Valuation 3.74% 1.01% 0.94%			
Real Estate  1. Norton Crossing  2. New Life Villas CMM LLC  3. New Life TV CMM LLC  4. TCCI Broad Street LLC  5. Big Walnut Investments LLC  6. Byers Realty LLC  7. New Life CMM LLC  8. Shaker Square Everest LP  9. Target Corp  10. Office City INC  ALL OTHERS  TOTAL ASSESSED VALUATION	\$ <u></u>	10,350,350 5,897,870 4,498,730 3,504,960 3,489,680 3,343,510 2,479,540 2,283,760 1,960,000 1,853,370 232,881,650 288,983,570	3.58% 2.04% 1.56% 1.21% 1.16% 0.86% 0.79% 0.68% 0.64% 80.59%			
Public Utilities  1. Ohio Power Company	 \$	Assessed Valuation 10,131,630	% of Total Assessed Valuation 4.32%			
Real Estate  1. New Life Core Properties  2. NL Core Eden Crossing  3. Byers Realty LLC  4. MA 265 North Hamilton  5. Town & Country Drive In  6. Town & Country City Inc.  7. Great Eastern Owner  8. Big Walnut Apartments LLC  9. Land Holding LLC  10. Office City Inc.		6,101,510 3,080,010 2,929,700 2,890,280 2,642,590 2,528,630 2,516,510 2,450,120 2,191,850 2,091,620	2.60% 1.31% 1.25% 1.23% 1.13% 1.08% 1.07% 1.05% 0.94% 0.89%			
ALL OTHERS TOTAL ASSESSED VALUATION	\$	194,802,790 234,357,240	83.13% 100.00%			

Source: Office of the County Auditor, Franklin County, Ohio

# WHITEHALL CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS LAST TEN YEARS

Collection	Total Tax	Current Tax	% of Levy	Delinquent Tax	Total Tax	% of Total Collections	Outstanding Delinquent
<u>Year</u>	<u>Levy</u>	<u>Collections</u>	Collected	Collections (1)	Collections	to Levy	<u>Taxes</u>
2013	13,457,168	12,874,653	95.67%	985,747	13,860,400	103.00%	1,058,265
2014	12,190,050	11,076,076	90.86%	557,931	11,634,007	95.44%	1,264,837
2015	12,069,258	11,416,055	94.59%	659,048	12,075,103	100.05%	1,759,491
2016	12,317,996	11,462,962	93.06%	544,685	12,007,647	97.48%	1,186,280
2017	12,029,889	11,547,145	95.99%	832,191	12,379,336	102.90%	766,561
2018	12,409,189	11,769,910	94.85%	524,720	12,294,630	99.08%	776,852
2019	13,239,489	12,025,188	90.83%	544,090	12,569,278	94.94%	737,807
2020	12,781,002	12,113,326	94.78%	747,331	12,860,657	100.62%	623,889
2021	13,108,176	12,151,666	92.70%	650,508	12,802,174	97.67%	610,679
2022	13,596,311	12,092,416	88.94%	631,671	12,724,087	93.58%	N/A

Source: Office of the County Auditor, Franklin County, Ohio

NA: Not Available at the time of issuance.

<sup>(1)</sup> The District does not identify delinquent tax collections by tax year and only pertains to real estate tax. Personal property tax information is not available.

# WHITEHALL CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Year	General Obligation Bonds	Notes from Direct Borrowings	Capital Leases	Total Primary Government	Percentage of Personal Income	Per Capita	Per ADM
2013	29,372,369	-	3,064	29,375,433	8.88%	1,615	9,293
2014	28,821,290	-	-	28,821,290	8.69%	1,581	8,766
2015	28,237,175	-	-	28,237,175	8.48%	1,544	8,401
2016	30,798,664	-	-	30,798,664	9.23%	1,679	8,820
2017	29,615,345	-	-	29,615,345	8.83%	1,607	8,644
2018	28,538,054	-	_	28,538,054	8.54%	1,554	8,224
2019	34,221,112	3,000,000	_	37,221,112	11.04%	2,009	10,826
2020	32,967,662	2,900,000	-	35,867,662	10.29%	1,872	10,531
2021	31,677,799	2,735,000	_	34,412,799	9.87%	1,796	10,104
2022	30,314,038	2,565,000	-	32,879,038	7.40%	1,483	10,030

# RATIOS OF NET GENERAL BONDED DEBT OUTSTANDING LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	Estimated				% of Net Bonded	Net Bonded	Net Bonded
Collection	Actual	Gross	Less Debt	Net Bonded	Debt to Assessed	Debt	Debt
Year	Value	Bonded Debt <sup>2</sup>	Service	Debt	Valuation	Per Capita	Per ADM
2013	669,592,114	29,375,433	1,611,454	27,763,979	4.15%	1,527	8,783
2014	658,920,914	28,821,290	1,585,193	27,236,097	4.13%	1,494	8,283
2015	622,732,714	28,237,175	1,835,311	26,401,864	4.24%	1,443	7,855
2016	633,958,228	30,798,664	2,263,234	28,535,430	4.50%	1,555	8,172
2017	627,745,114	29,615,345	2,301,355	27,313,990	4.35%	1,482	7,973
2018	704,014,714	28,538,054	2,552,671	25,985,383	3.69%	1,415	7,489
2019	706,947,114	34,221,112	3,106,653	31,114,459	4.40%	1,679	9,050
2020	701,951,257	32,967,662	2,306,710	30,660,952	4.37%	1,600	9,002
2021	801,313,028	31,677,799	2,724,769	28,953,030	3.61%	1,511	8,501
2022	825,667,343	30,314,038	2,517,581	27,796,457	3.37%	1,372	9,281

# Sources:

Estimated Actual Vaule from Table 5.
 Per the Office of the Treasurer, Whitehall City School District.

# WHITEHALL CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT COMPUTATION OF DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING DEBT DECEMBER 31, 2022\*

	Assessed Valuation	Gross General Obligation	Percent Applicable to District	Amount Applicable <u>to District</u>
Direct Whitehall City School District	\$ 288,983,570	30,314,038	100.00%	30,314,038
Overlapping Franklin County	36,985,482,460	121,410,916	0.78%	947,005
City of Whitehall	288,983,570	2,365,000	100.00%	2,365,000
Eastland JVS	10,514,762,650	-	2.75%	-
Solid Waste Authority of Central Ohio	38,789,801,990	58,180,000	0.75%	436,350
Total overlapping		181,955,916		3,748,355
TOTAL		\$ 212,269,954		\$ 34,062,393

Source: Office of the County Auditor, Franklin County, Ohio \* Most recent information available

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Percentages were determined by dividing the assessed valuation of the political subdivision located within the boundaries of the District by the total assessed valuation of the subdivision.

LEGAL DEBT MARGIN INFORMATION
JUNE 30, 2022

#### OVERALL DEBT LIMITATION

Assessed Valuation | \$288,983,570 |
Voted and Unvoted Debt Limit - 9% of

Assessed Valuation | \$26,008,521 |
Balance in Debt Service Fund | \$2,517,581 |
Total Debt Outstanding | \$30,314,038 |
Less: Exempted Debt | \$(2,839,038) |
Net amount subject to 9% limit | \$27,475,000 |
Total Legal Voted and Unvoted Debt Margir | \$1,051,102

#### UNVOTED DEBT LIMITATION

Assessed Valuation \$288,983,570
Unvoted Debt Limit - 0.1% of
Assessed Valuation \$288,984

Total Debt Outstanding \$-Less: Exempted Debt \$-Net amount subject to 0.1% limit \$-Total Legal Voted and Unvoted Debt Margir \$288,984

	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
DEBT LIMIT	\$ 35,381,658	\$ 35,355,397	\$ 35,605,515	\$ 36,842,858	\$ 36,880,979	\$ 37,132,295	\$ 25,375,487	\$ 24,418,175	\$ 27,966,129	\$ 28,526,102
Total Net Debt Applicable to Limit	29,372,369	28,821,290	28,237,175	30,798,664	29,615,345	28,538,054	34,221,112	32,967,662	28,810,000	27,475,000
Legal Debt Margin <sup>2</sup>	\$ 6,009,289	\$ 6,534,107	\$ 7,368,340	\$ 6,044,194	\$ 7,265,634	\$ 8,594,241	\$ (8,845,625)	\$ (8,549,487)	\$ (843,871)	\$ 1,051,102
Total Net Debt Applicable to the Lim	83.02%	81.52%	79.31%	83.59%	80.30%	80.30%	134.86%	135.01%	103.02%	96.32%

#### Notes:

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Assessed valuation from Table 5.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Amount is greater than 9% due to the District being approved as a "special needs district" based on its 10-year growth in assessed valuation, as authorized by Ohio Revised Code 133.0

# WHITEHALL CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS LAST TEN YEARS

<u>Year</u>	MORPC Population	Per Capita Income <sup>2</sup>	Calculated Personal Income	Franklin County Unemployment Rate <sup>3</sup>	% of Population 25 Years and Older with Bachelor's Degree or Higher <sup>2</sup>	Enrollment Membership <sup>4</sup>
2013	18,186	18,194	330,876,084	6.1%	11.2%	3,161
2014	18,234	18,194	331,749,396	4.8%	11.2%	3,288
2015	18,294	18,194	332,841,036	4.2%	11.2%	3,361
2016	18,347	18,194	333,805,318	4.2%	11.2%	3,492
2017	18,433	18,194	335,370,002	4.4%	11.2%	3,426
2018	18,365	18,194	334,132,810	4.5%	11.2%	3,470
2019	18,531	18,194	337,153,014	3.7%	11.2%	3,438
2020	19,165	18,194	348,688,010	10.9%	11.2%	3,406
2021	19,406	20,292	393,786,552	5.7%	14.5%	3,406
2022	20,254	21,938	444,332,252	3.9%	15.0%	2,995

# Sources:

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Mid Ohio Regional Planning Commission

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> US Census Bureau 2000 and 2010 Census Demographic Profiles for the City of Whitehall

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> June data of Ohio Department of Jobs and Family Services

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Office of the Treasurer, Whitehall City School District

### WHITEHALL CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT STAFFING STATISTICS (HEAD COUNT) LAST TEN YEARS

D 4 1 10 40	2013	2014	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	2017	2018	2019	<u>2020</u>	2021	2022
Professional Staff:	• •	• •			• •	• •	• •			
Assistant Superintendent	2.0	2.0	1.0	1.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
Assistant Principal	2.0 5.0	2.0 5.0	3.0 5.0	3.0 5.0	3.0 5.0	3.0 5.0	3.0 5.0	4.0 5.0	4.0 5.0	4.0 5.0
Principal Supprintendent	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
Superintendent Supervise/Manage/Direct	0.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Coordinator	5.0	3.5	2.5	1.5	2.3	1.7	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0
Educ.Administrative.Specialist	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Director	3.0	2.0	4.0	6.0	4.0	5.0	4.0	6.0	6.0	6.0
Other Administrative (Dean)	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	5.0	5.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Counseling	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	4.0	4.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0
Librarian/Media	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0
Remedial Specialist	8.0	8.5	9.0	9.0	10.0	10.0	10.0	6.0	6.0	12.0
Instructional Teachers	169.7	168.0	176.4	185.1	187.6	185.8	186.0	201.0	203.0	203.0
Tutor/Small Group Instructor	10.0	14.0	9.0	8.0	7.0	6.0	6.0	8.0	8.0	9.0
Suppl.Service Teacher (Spec.Ed)	8.0	9.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Psychologist	5.0	3.4	2.4	3.5	3.0	2.5	4.0	3.0	3.0	3.0
Registered Nursing	1.6	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0
Social Work	3.0	3.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
Physical Therapist	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
Speech and Language Therapist	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	3.0	3.0	4.0
Occupational Therapist	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	2.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
Other Professional	2.0	2.0	0.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
Support Staff:										
Supervising/Directing (PreSch)	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Treasurer	2.0	1.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
Other Official/Admin.(Tech)	0.0	1.0	0.0	20.0	6.0	7.0	7.0	10.0	9.0	9.0
Other Educ.Professional (PreSch)	0.0	0.0	0.0	6.0	17.0	17.0	17.0	16.0	15.0	15.0
Computer Operating	1.0	1.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	3.0	3.0	3.0
Practical Nursing	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Library Aide	0.0	2.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0
Instruct.Paraprofessional	14.0	12.0	12.4	17.5	19.5	25.0	25.0	30.5	27.5	27.5
Bookkeeping (Finance)	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0
Clerical	17.0	17.0	20.0	20.0	20.0	20.0	20.0	14.0	14.0	14.0
Teaching Aide	4.0	4.0	6.0	6.5	6.5	6.5	6.5	6.5	6.5	6.5
General Maintenance	3.0	2.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	2.0	3.0	3.0	2.0	2.0
Mechanic	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
Vehicle Operator (Bus)	14.2	16.0	16.0	16.0	16.0	16.0	15.0	16.0	16.0	17.0
Admin.Assistant Transp. Attendance Officer	0.0 0.7	1.0 1.0	1.0 1.0	1.0 1.0	1.0 1.0	1.0 1.0	1.0 1.0	4.0 1.0	4.0 1.0	4.0 1.0
Custodian	17.0	19.0	20.0	20.0	20.5	20.5	19.0	21.0	20.0	21.0
Food Service	17.8	18.0	22.0	22.0	25.0	25.0	25.0	25.0	25.0	25.0
1 dod Service	17.0	10.0	22.0	22.0	25.0	25.0	23.0	23.0	23.0	23.0
Total	332.0	337.4	344.5	385.1	<u>392.4</u>	398.0	396.5	409.0	404.0	<u>414.0</u>
Summary by Function/Activity										
Governmental activities:										
Instruction										
Regular	172.5	171.6	148.0	179.5	179.0	176.0	176.0	152.0	154.0	162.0
Special	24.9	26.9	61.8	66.1	69.6	76.3	75.5	60.0	62.0	62.0
Vocational	0.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	3.0	3.0	4.0
Support Services										
Operation and maintenance of plant	19.0	21.0	23.0	23.0	23.5	22.5	22.5	45.0	40.0	40.0
School administration	40.0	40.5	34.5	39.0	38.3	38.7	38.0	38.0	38.0	38.0
Pupils	17.6	16.4	18.4	19.5	21.0	23.5	23.5	49.5	46.0	46.0
Business operations	4.0	4.0	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.0
Instructional staff	20.0	20.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	6.5	6.0	6.0
Student transportation	15.2	17.0	22.0	22.0	22.0	22.0	22.0	21.0	21.0	22.0
Food service operations	17.8	18.0	22.0	22.0	25.0	25.0	25.0	25.0	25.0	25.0
Central services	$\frac{1.0}{2.0}$	$\frac{1.0}{227.4}$	3.8	3.0	$\frac{3.0}{2.4}$	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	$\frac{3.0}{414.0}$
Total governmental activities	332.0	337.4	344.5	385.1	392.4	398.0	396.5	409.0	404.0	414.0
Total primary government	332.0	337.4	344.5	385.1	392.4	398.0	396.5	409.0	404.0	414.0

Note: Certain job titles have been reclassified from regular instruction to instructional staff support services.

### STAFF SALARY STATISTICS LAST TEN YEARS

	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2022</u>
Percentage of Teachers with Master Degrees (or Beyond)	62.60%	62.60%	70.50%	69.69%	43.80%	62.86%	41.70%	38.50%	59.30%	62.02%
Average Classroom Teaching Experience (in years)	Not Available 1	Not Available *	11.1	11.3	11.6	11.3	7.0 *	8.0 *	10.3	10.7
Average Teaching Salary	60,368	60,947	60,551	62,340	63,232	64,532	65,651	66,906	67,361	73,148
and Total FTE	200.70	204.52	209.20	216.10	221.60	220.80	221.00	223.00	226.00	237.00
** EMIS Staff Reporting	**	**	**	**	**	**	**	**	**	**
Salary Ranges and Number	of Certified Staff	in Each Range								
Bachelor Degree - Step 0	38,046	38,046	39,187	39,971	40,571	41,382	42,210	43,054	43,054	44,561
Bachelor Degree - Step 22	65,066	65,066	67,018	68,358	69,385	70,771	72,188	73,631	73,631	80,210
# of Certified Staff in Range	21.6	26.6	27	31	36	36	40	39	42	35
BA + 5 Yr - Step 0	39,404	39,404	40,586	41,398	42,019	42,859	43,717	44,591	44,591	46,152
BA + 5 Yr - Step 22	71,059	71,059	73,190	74,654	75,774	77,289	78,836	80,412	80,412	84,666
# of Certified Staff in Range	31.8	35.8	34.8	34.5	50.0	46.0	50	54	50	55
Master Degree - Step 0	41,596	41,596	42,843	43,700	44,356	45,243	46,148	47,071	47,071	48,719
Master Degree - Step 22	79,356	79,356	81,736	83,372	84,623	86,315	88,042	89,802	89,802	93,578
# of Certified Staff in Range	101.4	84	90.4	92.6	77	77	71	69	70	78
Master + 20 - Step 0	43,183	43,183	44,477	45,367	46,048	46,969	47,908	48,866	48,866	50,577
Master + 20 - Step 22	84,839	84,839	87,383	89,131	90,469	92,278	94,124	96,006	96,006	102,490
# of Certified Staff in Range	53.0	58.0	57.0	58.0	58.6	61.8	65	65	64	69

<sup>\*</sup> ODE Local Report Card \*\* EMIS Staff Reporting

# CAPITAL ASSETS BY FUNCTION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

2017

	2013	2014	2015	2016	(Restated) <sup>2</sup>	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Governmental Activities:										
Instruction										
Regular	\$ 77,983,045	\$ 79,391,689	\$ 86,545,697	\$ 87,503,213	\$ 87,962,318	\$ 88,467,986	\$ 90,294,124	\$ 96,318,153	\$ 101,673,712	\$ 103,283,063
Special	19,342	14,222	14,222	21,821	7,599	7,599	7,599	7,599	11,042	11,042
Vocational	5,874	5,874	5,874	5,874	19,005	46,326	53,204	53,204	53,204	53,204
Support Services										
Pupils	5,500	-	-	-	-	-	-	7,878	7,878	7,878
Instructional staff	247,181	70,588	70,588	104,914	363,038	363,038	373,038	378,988	445,267	955,649
Board of education	-	-	-	-	45,812	45,812	45,812	45,812	45,812	45,812
School administration	68,220	68,220	68,220	56,618	82,556	93,559	93,559	93,559	93,559	100,059
Fiscal Services	-	-	-	-	5,695	5,695	5,695	5,695	5,695	5,695
Business operations	5,695	5,695	5,695	9,197	84,512	184,813	184,813	184,813	184,813	184,813
Operation and maintenance of plant	582,410	528,655	528,655	556,976	425,540	470,736	546,379	611,890	767,770	1,023,904
Student transportation	1,023,633	1,096,538	1,083,737	1,165,172	1,449,368	1,580,427	1,694,879	1,784,816	1,576,280	1,875,640
Central services	199,954	80,561	80,561	80,561	-	-	-	-	-	-
Food service operations	143,009	77,603	77,603	77,603	163,303	163,303	359,404	558,669	669,367	679,824
Community Services	91,467	91,467	91,467	107,654	146,585	153,547	153,547	168,728	175,721	175,721
Extracurricular Activities	127,902	117,392	117,392	297,374	303,816	347,432	1,086,086	1,132,682	1,171,694	1,200,873
Total Governmental Activities										
Capital Assets	\$ 80,503,232	\$ 81,548,504	\$ 88,689,711	\$ 89,986,977	\$ 91,059,147	\$ 91,930,273	\$ 94,898,139	\$ 101,352,486	\$ 106,881,814	\$ 109,603,177

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Capital assets were restated in 2018 due to the District performing a re-evaluation of capital (sp) assets. Source: Office of the Treasurer, Whitehall City School District

# DEMOGRAPHIC STATISTICS ENROLLMENT DATA LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

C -1 1		T., /	Percent
School	_	Increase/	Increase/
Year	Enrollment <sup>1</sup>	(Decrease)	(Decrease)
2012-13	3,161	205	6.94%
2013-14	3,288	127	4.02%
2014-15	3,361	73	2.22%
2015-16	3,492	131	3.90%
2016-17	3,426	(66)	(1.89%)
2017-18	3,470	44	1.28%
2018-19	3,438	(32)	(0.92%)
2019-20	3,406	(32)	(0.93%)
2020-21	3,461	23	0.67%
2021-22	2,995	(411)	(12.07%)

Source: Office of the Treasurer, Whitehall City School District

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Total Enrollment - first full week of October

### MISCELLANEOUS STATISTICS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

# **High School Graduates**

riigh School Graduates	
Number of Graduates - June 30, 2022	199
% of Graduates with State Honors	9.0%
Graduation % Rate 2020-2021 (4 year)	84.3%
Graduation % Rate 2019-2020 (4 year)	85.5%
Graduation % Rate 2018-2019 (4 year)	80.7%
Graduation % Rate 2017-2018 (4 year)	80.6%
Graduation % Rate 2016-2017 (4 year)	77.0%
Graduation % Rate 2015-2016 (4 year)	88.5%
Graduation % Rate 2014-2015 (4 year)	83.5%
Graduation % Rate 2013-2014 (4 year)	83.4%
Graduation % Rate 2012-2013 (4 year)	80.8%
Graduation % Rate 2011-2012 (4 year)	80.6%
ACT Scores Composite (All Students)	
ACT Scores Composite 2021-2022	15.9
(National Average 19.8)	10.0
ACT Scores Composite 2020-2021	15.1
(National Average 20.7)	
ACT Scores Composite 2019-2020	14.7
(National Average 20.9)	
ACT Scores Composite 2018-2019	15.9
(National Average 21.0)	
ACT Scores Composite 2017-2018	16.5
(National Average 20.8)	
ACT Scores Composite 2016-2017	16.0
(National Average 21.0)	
ACT Scores Composite 2015-2016	18.6
(National Average 20.8)	
ACT Scores Composite 2014-2015	18.3
(National Average 21.0)	
ACT Scores Composite 2013-2014	19.0
(National Average 21.1)	
ACT Scores Composite 2012-2013	18.7
(National Average 21.1)	
% of Economically Disadvantaged Students	
2021-2022	99.2%
2020-2021	95.6%
2019-2020	95.6%
2018-2019	95.6%
2017-2018	74.6%
2016-2017	74.6%
2015-2016	77.4%
2014-2015	77.4%
2013-2014	77.4%
2012-2013	81.5%

# WHITEHALL CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT PRINCIPAL INCOME TAXPAYERS - WITHHOLDING ACCOUNTS

CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO

	Tax Ye	ear 2021	Tax Year 2012		
Range of Withholding Amount	Number of Withholding Accounts	Percentage of Total City Whithholding Revenue	Number of Withholding Accounts	Percentage of Total City Whithholding Revenue	
\$500,001 and higher	5	62.67%	3	67.4%	
\$300,000 - 500,000	7	8.87%	1	2.5%	
\$100,001 - 300,000	15	8.37%	10	8.6%	
\$55,001 - 100,000	18	5.22%	9	3.1%	
Total	45	86.1%	23	81.7%	
All Others	1,334	13.9%	1,153	18.3%	
Total Withholding Accounts	1,379	100.0%	1,176	100.0%	

### Note:

Due to confidentiality issues, the names of the ten largest revenue payers are not available.

The categories presented are intended to provide alternative information regarding the sources of the District's revenue.

Source: City of Whitehall Income Tax Division

FRANKLIN COUNTY, OHIO

**SINGLE AUDIT** 

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022



# WHITEHALL CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT FRANKLIN COUNTY, OHIO

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#### WHITEHALL CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT FRANKLIN COUNTY, OHIO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

FEDERAL GRANTOR/ PASS THROUGH GRANTOR/ PROGRAM/CLUSTER TITLE	ASSISTANCE LISTING NUMBER	PASS-THROUGH ENTITY IDENTIFYING NUMBER/ ADDITIONAL AWARD IDENTIFICATION	TOTAL EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE			
Passed Through the Ohio Department of Education			
Child Nutrition Cluster:	10.552	2022	6 506242
School Breakfast Program	10.553	2022	\$ 586,242
National School Lunch Program	10.555	2022	989,996
COVID-19 - National School Lunch Program	10.555	COVID-19, 2022	281,862
National School Lunch Program - Food Donation	10.555	2022	95,013
Total National School Lunch Program			1,366,871
Total Child Nutrition Cluster			1,953,113
COVID-19 - State Pandemic Electronic Benefit Transfer (P-EBT) Administrative Costs Grant	10.649	COVID-19, 2022	3,063
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			1,956,176
S. DEPARTMENT OF TREASURY			
assed Through the Ohio Department of Education COVID-19 - Coronavirus Relief Fund - BroadbandOhio Connectivity	21.019	COVID-19, 2021	82,340
COVID-19 - Coronavirus Relief Fund - Droadoandomo Connectivity  COVID-19 - Coronavirus Relief Fund - Urban School Districts	21.019	COVID-19, 2021 COVID-19, 2021	312
Total U.S. Department of Treasury and Coronavirus Relief Fund			82,652
S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION			
ss. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION assed Through the Ohio Department of Education			
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010A	84.010A, 2021	179,616
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies - Expanding Opportunities for Each Child	84.010A	84.010A, 2021	44,413
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010A	84.010A, 2022	1,387,528
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies - Non-competitive, Supplemental School Improvement  Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies - Expanding Opportunities for Each Child Non-Competitive Grant	84.010A 84.010A	84.010A, 2022 84.010A, 2022	11,454 40,398
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies - Expanding Opportunities for Each Child	84.010A	84.010A, 2022	8,702
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies - School Quality Improvement	84.010A	84.010A, 2022	106,365
Total Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies			1,778,476
Special Education Cluster (IDEA):			
Special Education-Grants to States (IDEA, Part B)	84.027A	84.027A, 2021	86,049
Special Education-Grants to States (IDEA, Part B)	84.027A 84.027A	84.027A, 2022	737,938
COVID-19 - Special Education-Grants to States (IDEA, Part B) - ARP  Total Special Education-Grants to States (IDEA, Part B)	64.02/A	COVID-19, 84.027X, 2022	24,662 848,649
Special Education-Preschool Grants (IDEA, Preschool)	84.173A	84.173A, 2021	3,121
Special Education-Preschool Grants (IDEA, Preschool)	84.173A	84.173A, 2022	22,200
COVID-19 - Special Education-Preschool Grants (IDEA, Preschool) - ARP	84.173X	COVID-19, 84.173X, 2022	3,338
Total Special Education-Grants to States (IDEA, Preschool)			28,659
Total Special Education Cluster (IDEA)			877,308
English Language Acquisition State Grants - Title III - Language Instruction for English Learners	84.365A	84.365A, 2021	13,164
English Language Acquisition State Grants - Title III - Language Instruction for English Learners	84.365A	84.365A, 2022	84,736
Total English Language Acquisition State Grants - Title III			97,900
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants	84.367A	84.367A, 2021	28,302
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants	84.367A	84.367A, 2022	157,050
Total Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants			185,352
Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program	84.424A	84.424A, 2021	8,861
Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program	84.424A	84.424A, 2022	114,123
Total Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program			122,984
COVID-19 - Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief (ESSER II) Fund	84.425D	COVID-19, 84.425D, 2022	4,080,378
COVID-19 - American Rescue Plan - Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief (ARP ESSER) Fund	84.425U	COVID-19, 84.425U, 2022	1,319,661
COVID-19 - American Rescue Plan - Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief (ARP ESSER) Fund - Homeless Round I	84.425W	COVID-19, 84.425W, 2022	54,900
COVID-19 - American Rescue Plan - Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief (ARP ESSER) Fund - Homeless Round II  Total Education Stabilization Fund (ESF)	84.425U	COVID-19, 84.425U, 2022	56,316 5,511,255
Total U.S. Department of Education			8,573,275
S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES used Through the Ohio Department of Jobs and Family Services			
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families	93.558	2021	49,226
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families	93.558	2022	64,697
Total Temporary Assistance for Needy Families			113,923
Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services			113,923
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			\$ 10,726,026

 $\label{thm:companying} \textit{The accompanying notes are an integral part of this schedule}.$ 

# WHITEHALL CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT FRANKLIN COUNTY, OHIO

NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS 2 CFR 200.510(b)(6)
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

#### NOTE 1 – BASIS OF PRESENTATION & SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (the Schedule) includes the federal award activity of the Whitehall City School District, Franklin County, Ohio (the "District") under programs of the federal government for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022 and is prepared in accordance with the cash basis of accounting. The information on this Schedule is prepared in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position or changes in financial position or cash flows of the District. Such expenditures are recognized following cost principles contained in Uniform Guidance wherein certain types of expenditures may or may not be limited to as to reimbursement.

#### NOTE 2 – DE MINIMIS COST RATE

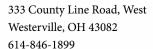
CFR Section 200.414 of the Uniform Guidance allows a non-federal entity that has never received a negotiated indirect cost rate to charge a de minimis rate of 10% of modified total direct costs to indirect costs. The District has elected not to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

### **NOTE 3 – CHILD NUTRITION CLUSTER**

The District commingles cash receipts from the U.S. Department of Agriculture with similar State grants. When reporting expenditures on this Schedule, the District assumes it expends federal monies first.

### NOTE 4 - FOOD DONATION PROGRAM

The District reports commodities consumed on the Schedule at the entitlement value. The District allocated donated food commodities to the respective program that benefitted from the use of those donated food commodities.





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# Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

Whitehall City School District Franklin County 625 S. Yearling Road Whitehall, Ohio 43231

To the Members of the Board of Education:

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Whitehall City School District, Franklin County, Ohio, as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Whitehall City School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 23, 2022, wherein we noted as described in Note 18 to the financial statements, the financial impact of COVID-19 and the continuing emergency measures may impact subsequent periods.

### Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Whitehall City School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Whitehall City School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Whitehall City School District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements, on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the Whitehall City School District's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

### **Report on Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Whitehall City School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Whitehall City School District Franklin County

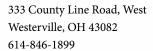
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With *Government Auditing Standards* Page 2

# **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Whitehall City School District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Whitehall City School District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Julian & Grube, Inc. December 23, 2022

Julian & Sube, Elne.





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# Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance and on the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Required by the Uniform Guidance

Whitehall City School District Franklin County 625 S. Yearling Road Whitehall, Ohio 43231

To the Members of the Board of Education:

### Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

### Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the Whitehall City School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the Whitehall City School District's major federal programs for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. The Whitehall City School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings.

In our opinion, the Whitehall City School District complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022.

### Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS); the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*); and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the "Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance" section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the Whitehall City School District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Whitehall City School District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

### Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the Whitehall City School District's federal programs.

Whitehall City School District
Franklin County
Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program
and on Internal Control Over Compliance and on the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards
Required by the Uniform Guidance
Page 2

### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the Whitehall City School District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the Whitehall City School District's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, Government Auditing Standards, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the Whitehall City School District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- obtain an understanding of the Whitehall City School District's internal control over compliance relevant to
  the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report
  on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of
  expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Whitehall City School District's internal control over
  compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

### **Report on Internal Control over Compliance**

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the "Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance" section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

Whitehall City School District
Franklin County
Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program
and on Internal Control Over Compliance and on the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards
Required by the Uniform Guidance
Page 3

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

### Report on Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Required by the Uniform Guidance

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Whitehall City School District, as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Whitehall City School District's basic financial statements. We issued our unmodified report thereon dated December 23, 2022. Our audit was performed for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the basic financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the Uniform Guidance and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of expenditures of federal awards is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Julian & Grube, Inc. December 23, 2022

Julian & Sube, Elne.

# WHITEHALL CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT FRANKLIN COUNTY, OHIO

### SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS 2 CFR § 200.515 JUNE 30, 2022

	1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS				
(d)(1)(i)	Type of Financial Statement Opinion	Unmodified			
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any material control weaknesses reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No			
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any other significant deficiencies in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No			
(d)(1)(iii)	Was there any reported material noncompliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No			
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any material internal control weaknesses reported for major federal programs?	No			
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported for major federal programs?	No			
(d)(1)(v)	Type of Major Programs' Compliance Opinion	Unmodified			
(d)(1)(vi)	Are there any reportable findings under 2 CFR §200.516(a)?	No			
(d)(1)(vii)	Major Programs (listed):	Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies (ALN 84.010A); COVID-19 - Education Stabilization Fund (ALN 84.425)			
(d)(1)(viii)	Dollar Threshold: Type A/B Programs	Type A: > \$750,000 Type B: all others			
(d)(1)(ix)	Low Risk Auditee under 2 CFR § 200.520?	Yes			

# 2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

None

# 3. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

None



### **FRANKLIN COUNTY**

### **AUDITOR OF STATE OF OHIO CERTIFICATION**

This is a true and correct copy of the report, which is required to be filed pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in the Office of the Ohio Auditor of State in Columbus, Ohio.



Certified for Release 2/28/2023

88 East Broad Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215 Phone: 614-466-4514 or 800-282-0370