



OHIO AUDITOR OF STATE  
**KEITH FABER**





**FRANKLIN COUNTY CONVENTION FACILITIES AUTHORITY  
FRANKLIN COUNTY  
DECEMBER 31, 2023**

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# OHIO AUDITOR OF STATE KEITH FABER



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## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Franklin County Convention Facilities Authority  
Franklin County  
400 North High Street, 4th Floor  
Columbus, Ohio 43215

To the Board of Directors:

### Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

#### **Opinions**

We have audited the financial statements of the business-type activities and each major fund of the Franklin County Convention Facilities Authority, Franklin County, Ohio (the Authority), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Authority's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the business-type activities and each major fund of the Franklin County Convention Facilities Authority, Franklin County, Ohio as of December 31, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Basis for Opinions**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Authority, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### **Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements**

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Authority's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

***Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements***

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards*, we

- exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Authority's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

***Required Supplementary Information***

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, and schedules of net pension and other post-employment benefit liabilities and pension and other post-employment benefit contributions be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

**Other Reporting Required by *Government Auditing Standards***

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated May 29, 2024, on our consideration of the Authority's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Authority's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.



Keith Faber  
Auditor of State  
Columbus, Ohio

May 29, 2024

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Franklin County Convention Facilities Authority  
Management's Discussion and Analysis  
For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

The following Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) provides an overview of the financial performance of the Franklin County Convention Facilities Authority (herein referred to as the Authority) and an introduction to the Authority's basic financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2023. The information contained in this MD&A should be considered in conjunction with information presented in the Authority's basic financial statements and corresponding notes to the basic financial statements.

## **OVERVIEW OF THE AUTHORITY**

The Authority is a public authority responsible for the development and operation of the Greater Columbus Convention Center and adjacent parking facilities (herein referred to as Convention Center), the Hilton Columbus Downtown (herein referred to as Hilton Hotel) and Nationwide Arena (herein referred to as Arena) in Columbus, Ohio. As owner/developer of the Convention Center, Hilton Hotel and Arena, the Authority is responsible for the development, construction, improvement, management and successful operation of these facilities and related properties. In addition, the Authority is responsible for ensuring the continued success and growth of the convention market within the Greater Columbus community. These responsibilities are directly linked to the Authority's continued investment in and support of services, resources, facilities and projects that enhance the use of the Convention Center and expand convention activity within the community.

## **OVERVIEW OF THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

The Authority's basic financial statements are prepared on the accrual basis of accounting in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The financial information of the Authority is accounted for in three separate proprietary (enterprise) funds to better reflect limitations and restrictions placed on the use of available resources. The Arena Fund is used to account for financial resources used for the acquisition and capital improvement of the Arena, as well as the accumulations of resources for, and the payment of capital debt principal, interest and related costs. The Hotel Fund is used to account for financial resources used for the development and construction of the Hilton Hotel, as well as the accumulations of resources for, and the payment of capital debt principal, interest and related costs. The Convention Center Fund is used to account for financial resources used for the acquisition, development and construction of the Convention Center, as well as the accumulations of resources for, and the payment of capital debt principal, interest and related costs. The Convention Center Fund is used to account for all financial resources and expenses of the Authority except those required to be accounted for in the Hotel Fund and the Arena Fund.

Following this MD&A, are the basic financial statements of the Authority together with notes, which are essential to a full understanding of the data contained in the basic financial statements. The basic financial statements for the Authority are the following:

- Statement of Net Position – This statement presents information on all assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources with the difference reported as net position.
- Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position - This statement shows how net position has changed during the most recent year. This includes operating and non-operating revenues and expenses of the Authority.
- Statement of Cash Flows – This statement reports cash and cash equivalent activities for the fiscal year resulting from operating, non-capital financing, capital financing and investing activities. A reconciliation of operating income/loss with net cash provided by/used for operating activities is provided.

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**FINANCIAL POSITION OF THE AUTHORITY**

The following represents the Authority's financial position within the Convention Center Fund for the years ended December 31:

	<b>Convention Center Fund</b>		
	2022	2023	Increase (Decrease) over/ (under) 2022
Current and other assets	\$ 151,072,539	\$ 141,785,463	\$ (9,287,076)
Capital assets, Net	266,192,068	250,668,692	(15,523,376)
Total assets	417,264,607	392,454,155	(24,810,452)
Deferred outflows of resources	12,501,954	10,957,351	(1,544,603)
Current liabilities	2,647,454	5,514,488	2,867,034
Noncurrent liabilities	310,132,448	308,419,031	(1,713,417)
Total liabilities	312,779,902	313,933,519	1,153,617
Deferred inflows of resources	88,635,796	85,708,367	(2,927,429)
Net investment in capital assets	5,128,489	(11,726,130)	(16,854,619)
Restricted for debt service	4,138,323	7,041,094	2,902,771
Restricted for capital projects	379,281	460,558	81,277
Unrestricted	18,704,770	7,994,098	(10,710,672)
<b>Total net position</b>	<b>\$ 28,350,863</b>	<b>\$ 3,769,620</b>	<b>\$ (24,581,243)</b>

Note to above table: Prior year net position has been reclassified to correlate with the current year classification.

Capital assets, net and net investment in capital assets both decreased significantly in comparison with the prior year. These decreases represent the amount in which current year depreciation on capital assets exceeded current year capital asset additions.

In the Convention Center Fund, total assets plus deferred outflows of resources exceeded total liabilities plus deferred inflows of resources by \$3.8 million (net position) at December 31, 2023. A portion of net position, negative \$11.7 million at December 31, 2023, represents the Authority's investment in capital assets, less the related debt outstanding used to acquire those capital assets. These capital assets are property, facilities, equipment and related items that support the initial construction, as well as the continual expansion and improvement of the convention center and parking facilities. Although the Authority's investment in capital assets is reported net of debt; it is noted that the resources needed to repay the debt associated with the Convention Center are provided annually from collection of hotel occupancy taxes and revenue acquired through the operation of parking facilities, since capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate liabilities.

An additional component of Convention Center Fund net position, \$7.5 million at December 31, 2023, represents resources that are subject to external restrictions as to how they may be used. These assets are not available for new spending, as the majority of these assets are held in reserve and escrow accounts.

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The Convention Center Fund's remaining unrestricted net position of \$8.0 million may be used to meet any of the Authority's ongoing obligations.

The following represents the Authority's financial position within the Hotel Fund for the years ended December 31:

	<b>Hotel Fund</b>		
	2022	2023	Increase (Decrease) over/ (under) 2022
Current and other assets	\$ 55,679,049	\$ 57,160,014	\$ 1,480,965
Capital assets, Net	350,615,837	348,628,150	(1,987,687)
Total assets	406,294,886	405,788,164	(506,722)
Current liabilities	32,154,778	8,461,517	(23,693,261)
Noncurrent liabilities	419,675,247	414,397,817	(5,277,430)
Total liabilities	451,830,025	422,859,334	(28,970,691)
Net investment in capital assets	(75,915,127)	(48,535,846)	27,379,281
Restricted for debt service	26,037,486	26,253,658	216,172
Restricted for capital projects	2,347,034	3,060,708	713,674
Restricted for other	1,995,468	2,150,310	154,842
<b>Total net position</b>	<b>\$ (45,535,139)</b>	<b>\$ (17,071,170)</b>	<b>\$ 28,463,969</b>

Current liabilities decreased significantly in comparison with the prior year. This decrease is primarily the result of a decrease in accounts and retainage payable related to hotel construction. Net investment in capital assets increased significantly from the prior year. This increase represents the amount in which capital asset additions and decreases in capital-related bonds/payables exceeded current year capital asset depreciation.

In the Hotel Fund, total liabilities exceeded total assets by \$17.1 million (negative net position) at December 31, 2023. A large amount of net position, negative \$48.5 million at December 31, 2023, represents the Authority's investment in capital assets, less the related debt outstanding used to acquire those capital assets. The reported negative net investment in capital assets within the Hotel Fund reflects the difference between the value of bonds issued for hotel development and the value of items capitalized as a result of the implementation of the hotel development projects. Most of the bond proceeds received from hotel development bond issues were used to construct and expand the hotel and all of those costs have been capitalized as required. However, bond proceeds were also deposited into debt service reserve funds, bond payment funds and a rental reserve fund established per terms of bond indentures. Such deposits were not capitalized. Furthermore, bond proceeds from the 2010 and 2019 bond issues were used to purchase items for the Hilton Hotel and the Hilton Hotel expansion that were not capitalized per guidelines provided by the Authority's approved capital asset program. These items were planned as part of the hotel development projects and included hotel operating supplies, furniture, fixtures and minor equipment.

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An additional component of the Hotel Fund's net position, \$26.3 million at December 31, 2023, is subject to restrictions as set forth in the Authority's bond indentures for the original hotel development project and the hotel expansion project. These assets are not available for new spending, as all of these assets are held in reserve to meet debt service requirements should other revenue sources prove inadequate.

The Hotel Fund net position also includes \$2.2 million in restricted funds (other) held in reserve for hotel operations and \$3.1 million in restricted funds held in reserve for future hotel capital improvement projects and furniture, fixture and equipment (FF&E) purchases.

The following represents the Authority's financial position within the Arena Fund for the years ended December 31:

	<b>Arena Fund</b>		
	2022	2023	Increase (Decrease) over/ (under) 2022
Current and other assets	\$ 8,600,896	\$ 8,439,370	\$ (161,526)
Capital assets, Net	52,116,492	64,174,571	12,058,079
Total assets	60,717,388	72,613,941	11,896,553
Current liabilities	3,671,550	6,867,739	3,196,189
Noncurrent liabilities	55,392,617	54,991,117	(401,500)
Total liabilities	59,064,167	61,858,856	2,794,689
Net investment in capital assets	5,078,774	14,365,992	9,287,218
Restricted for capital projects	8,044,545	7,858,409	(186,136)
Unrestricted	(11,470,098)	(11,469,316)	782
<b>Total net position</b>	<b>\$ 1,653,221</b>	<b>\$ 10,755,085</b>	<b>\$ 9,101,864</b>

Capital assets, net and net investment in capital assets both increased significantly in comparison with the prior year. These increases represents the amount in which current year additions, including capital contributions, exceeded the increase in capital-related payables and current year depreciation.

Current liabilities also increased significantly. This increase is the result of an increase in accounts payable related to construction projects being managed by the arena operator.

In the Arena Fund, total assets exceeded total liabilities by \$10.8 million at December 31, 2023. All 2023 expenses for which the Authority is responsible for with respect to the Arena, excluding real estate tax obligations and some State of Ohio loan provisions, are funded solely from, and only to the extent of the Authority's receipt of casino and admission tax revenue from the City of Columbus and Franklin County.

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Management's Discussion and Analysis  
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The following represents the changes in revenues, expenses and net position in the Convention Center Fund for the years ended December 31:

	<b>Convention Center Fund</b>		
	2022	2023	Increase (Decrease) over/ (under) 2022
<b>Operating Revenues</b>			
Leases	\$ 2,978,973	\$ 2,088,558	\$ (890,415)
Facility operations	2,106,609	3,827,413	1,720,804
Miscellaneous	406,718	269,950	(136,768)
<b>Nonoperating Revenues</b>			
Hotel/motel excise tax	25,750,221	27,935,659	2,185,438
(Decrease)/Increase in fair value of investments	(2,315,722)	1,374,236	3,689,958
Intergovernmental revenue	400,000	-	(400,000)
Other nonoperating revenue	-	1,236,682	1,236,682
Lease interest	2,378,445	2,269,181	(109,264)
Interest earnings	766,067	1,049,647	283,580
<b>Total Revenues</b>	<b>32,471,311</b>	<b>40,051,326</b>	<b>7,580,015</b>
<b>Operating Expenses</b>			
Salary and fringe benefits	911,739	1,311,774	400,035
Insurance	628,703	814,646	185,943
Purchased services	2,351,861	3,199,203	847,342
Materials and supplies	274,713	195,245	(79,468)
Depreciation	16,926,723	16,346,083	(580,640)
Other	183,504	293,318	109,814
<b>Nonoperating Expenses</b>			
Interest expense	10,391,429	10,421,788	30,359
<b>Total Expenses</b>	<b>31,668,672</b>	<b>32,582,057</b>	<b>913,385</b>
Change before Transfers	802,639	7,469,269	6,666,630
Transfers out	(11,095,758)	(32,050,512)	(20,954,754)
<b>Change in Net Position</b>	<b>(10,293,119)</b>	<b>(24,581,243)</b>	<b>(14,288,124)</b>
Beginning Net Position	38,643,982	28,350,863	(10,293,119)
<b>Ending Net Position</b>	<b>\$ 28,350,863</b>	<b>\$ 3,769,620</b>	<b>\$ (24,581,243)</b>

Key descriptions of Convention Center revenues, expenses and net position, as listed, are as follows:

- In July 1988, the Authority was established by the Franklin County Commissioners per authorization granted in Ohio Revised Code Section 351 to develop a new Convention Center in downtown Columbus. As part of this authorization, the Authority was also given the ability to levy excise taxes on lodging transactions within Franklin County to finance and pay for costs associated with the actual

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construction and operation of the Convention Center. Since completion of the original Convention Center in 1993, the Authority has continued to expand and grow the Convention Center into an active, self-sustaining facility. Currently consisting of 1.8 million square feet of space, the Convention Center has been renovated and expanded several times since its original construction. The most recent expansion and renovation of the Convention Center was completed in 2017. With the completion of the most recent renovation, the Convention Center now has over 372,000 square feet of contiguous exhibit hall space; 114,000 square feet of ballroom space comprised of a 25,000 square foot Union Station Ballroom, a 15,000 square foot Short North Ballroom, and a 74,000 square foot Battelle Grand multipurpose space; 118,000 square feet of meeting room space or 75 meeting rooms; and 10,000 square feet of outdoor event space. The Convention Center features spacious atriums and pre-function space with decorative lighting and colorful node walls in the concourse. The center also displays local contemporary art throughout the building and is home to "As We Are", a fourteen-foot-high interactive digital art piece.



- The Authority has issued tax and lease revenue anticipation bonds to finance the original construction, expansion and continual improvement of the Convention Center. Annual hotel tax revenue is pledged as the funding source for payment of principal and interest due on these bonds. Both the City of Columbus and Franklin County provide credit support for the bonds and have agreed to cover outstanding debt obligations in equal shares if all indentured lease revenues prove insufficient to cover debt costs.
- To pay outstanding debt service due on tax and lease revenue anticipation bonds, the Authority levies a 4.0 percent countywide bed tax on all occupied hotel rooms. In addition, the City of Columbus has allocated 0.9 percent of the City's bed tax towards the payment of debt service due on Convention Center bonds. Revenue collected from this excise tax as well as earnings from investments of funds held in reserve are first used to pay for annual Convention Center debt service obligations of the Authority. Revenues and earnings in excess of Convention Center debt service obligations are deposited into the Convention Center Fund as available equity.

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In 2023, hotel tax collections equaled \$27.9 million; \$2.2 million or 8.1 percent above collections realized in 2022. Payment of principal and interest on Convention Center debt service (excluding parking debt service) during 2023 totaled \$7.0 million.

- Lease rent is annual lease payments received for the use of property owned or leased by the Authority. The Authority currently manages several such lease agreements; the first with the Hyatt Regency Hotel connected to the Convention Center, the second with Drury Inn, also connected to the Convention Center and the third with Nationwide Realty Investors for property located near the Convention Center. Revenue from these leases in 2023 equaled \$2.1 million.

The Authority also receives a land lease payment from the Arena per terms of the Arena transaction. This lease payment is fixed and is payable only to the extent casino tax revenues are available to cover the expense. In 2023, casino tax revenues were available to cover this lease payment.

- The management, operation and marketing of the Convention Center is facilitated through the Authority's management agreement with ASM Global. As part of this management agreement, ASM Global is responsible for the financial activity of the Convention Center. ASM Global financially manages all revenues collected through the operation of the Convention Center and utilizes these revenues to pay for all expenses associated with operating the facility.

During 2023, activity within the Convention Center regained momentum as the center hosted 270 events during the year with over 736,000 visitors to the center. Although the Convention Center ended the year with a slight operating deficit, overall financial performance of the Convention Center proved better than budget. Convention Center equity reserves were used to cover the slight deficit.

- In addition to the Convention Center, the Authority also owns and operates four parking facilities and two surface parking lots totaling approximately 4,700 individual parking spaces. The operation of parking facilities owned by the Authority is also managed through the Authority's agreement with ASM Global. Revenues from parking facility operations are pledged towards the payment of debt service due on parking garage improvement revenue bonds issued for the development and construction of these facilities. Such bonds were purchased by the Franklin County Treasurer. The Franklin County Treasurer with respect to the Authority's parking facilities has no recourse against other revenues or assets of the Authority. Revenues from parking operations used to pay debt service is included within revenues from facility operations. In 2023, such revenues were approximately \$ 3.8 million.
- 2023 interest earnings are mainly acquired through investment of resources in U.S. Agency Securities and Treasuries consistent with an investment policy approved by the Authority. While investments will mostly be held until maturity, there is a reported increase in investment income for 2023 due to the valuation of such investments at current market. The current increase in fair value of investments is temporary as reported gains and losses will fluctuate throughout the investment period.
- The Authority has an office that is responsible for implementing policies and programs of the board. Most operating expenses as listed are used to support this office.
- Insurance is a major expense for the Convention Center Fund. Included in this line item are costs associated with purchasing property, general liability, umbrella and public official's liability insurance.
- Beginning in October 2016, the Authority entered into an agreement with Levy Premium Foodservice Limited Partnership to provide food and beverage services for the Convention Center. Included within

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this agreement is the requirement that a capital reserve fund equal to 3.5 percent of gross sales be established to fund the repair, maintenance and replacement of food/beverage service equipment. Expenses made using resources from the capital reserve fund are recorded as an operating expense unless such purchases are capitalized. Any funds within the capital reserve that are not used during the year remain in the fund and are reserved for future purchases of food/beverage service equipment.

- Transfers out of the Convention Center Fund increased significantly in comparison with the prior year. This increase represents funds needed to liquidate construction-related payables in the Hotel Fund.

The following represents the changes in revenues, expenses and net position in the Hotel Fund for the years ended December 31:

	<b>Hotel Fund</b>		
	2022	2023	Increase (Decrease) over/ (under) 2022
<b>Operating Revenues</b>			
Facility operations	\$ 8,958,095	\$ 20,207,456	\$ 11,249,361
Miscellaneous	-	110	110
<b>Nonoperating Revenues</b>			
(Decrease)/Increase in fair value of investments	(2,270,526)	1,416,963	3,687,489
Interest earnings	917,239	1,441,916	524,677
Intergovernmental revenue	1,061,420	2,010,342	948,922
Interest subsidy revenue	3,049,665	2,987,518	(62,147)
Other subsidy revenue	-	1,222,821	1,222,821
<b>Total Revenues</b>	<b>11,715,893</b>	<b>29,287,126</b>	<b>17,571,233</b>
<b>Operating Expenses</b>			
Purchased services	10,280,596	1,956,649	(8,323,947)
Insurances	167,413	14,103	(153,310)
Materials and supplies	9,974,650	549,308	(9,425,342)
Depreciation	10,169,397	10,330,153	160,756
Other	35,000	35,000	-
<b>Nonoperating Expenses</b>			
Interest expense	19,889,840	19,771,233	(118,607)
<b>Total Expenses</b>	<b>50,516,896</b>	<b>32,656,446</b>	<b>(17,860,450)</b>
Change before Transfers	(38,801,003)	(3,369,320)	35,431,683
Transfers in	10,566,064	31,833,289	21,267,225
<b>Change in Net Position</b>	<b>(28,234,939)</b>	<b>28,463,969</b>	<b>56,698,908</b>
Beginning Net Position	(17,300,200)	(45,535,139)	(28,234,939)
<b>Ending Net Position</b>	<b>\$ (45,535,139)</b>	<b>\$ (17,071,170)</b>	<b>\$ 28,463,969</b>



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Key descriptions of Hotel Fund revenues, expenses and net position, as listed, are as follows:

- In answer to increasing demand for hotel rooms near and connected to the Convention Center, the Authority in partnership with the City of Columbus and Franklin County, constructed a convention hotel on property near the Convention Center. Opened in October 2012, the original Hilton Hotel, branded and managed by Hilton Management LLC, includes 532 guest rooms (plus five more to be added in 2023) of which 48 are suites, a ballroom, meeting/banquet rooms, lobby, bar/lounge area, coffee shop, pool, fitness center and walkway to the Convention Center. Parking for the Hilton Hotel is provided by the Vine Street Parking Facility located next to the Hilton Hotel site. The Hilton Hotel is 14 floors with over 429,600 square feet of usable space.
- To finance the development and construction of the original Hilton Hotel, the Authority issued lease revenue anticipation bonds backed by Franklin County. Bonds were issued in February 2010 as Build America Bonds. Debt service due on the Hilton Hotel is paid for with net operating income from the Hilton Hotel as well as revenue equivalent to the Hilton Hotel's occupancy (hotel) tax and revenue received from the U.S. Treasury.
- Because the Hilton Hotel has been well received within the community and has been very successful; the Authority again in partnership with the City and County, expanded and improved the hotel. In September 2022, the Authority opened a new 28 floor tower for the Hilton Hotel. The new tower is 461,529 square feet in size and includes 463 new rooms, two restaurants (one located on the top floor of the tower, the other located on street level); approximately 70,000 square feet of meeting room space, a 15,000 square foot grand ballroom, a junior ballroom, and a new lobby. As with the original tower, art is a prominent feature of the new tower. With the opening of the new tower, the hotel now operates and functions as a single enterprise of 1,000 rooms under common management.
- To provide the financing structure for the development of the new tower; the City of Columbus, Franklin County and the Authority agreed to work together to develop a financing plan for the expansion project. Per terms of this plan, the construction of the new tower is financed through the issue of two series of bonds in 2019. Series A bonds are project revenue bonds backed by the Hilton Hotel's net income and lodging tax revenue. Series B are lease appropriation bonds backed equally by the appropriation of the City and County. Series B bonds are subordinate to Series A. Total net operating income from hotel operations plus hotel tax revenue generated from the hotel itself is split; with 41.0 percent of such revenues used to pay debt service on the 2010 bonds and 59.0 percent of revenues used to pay debt service (both series) on the new 2019 bonds. Such split in revenue began in 2023 as initial interest due on the 2019 bonds was capitalized through 2022.
- The management, operation, marketing and branding of the Hilton Hotel is facilitated through the Authority's management agreement with Hilton Management LLC. As part of this management agreement, Hilton financially manages all revenues collected from the operation of the Hilton Hotel and utilizes these revenues to pay for all expenses associated with operating the facility. Bottom line net operating income from the Hilton Hotel is recorded as revenue from facility operations.

Hotel operations in 2023 experienced significant improvement over 2022 as leisure travel and group business continued to return to the market. 2023 was also the first full year the Hilton Hotel operated as a 1,000 room hotel. In 2023, total Hotel occupancy exceeded 59.0 percent and average daily rate was the highest in the hotel's competitive set. With the opening of the new tower, the Hotel had to adjust operations to accommodate the addition. Despite additional costs, net operating income from

Franklin County Convention Facilities Authority  
Management's Discussion and Analysis  
For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

the hotel in 2023, when combined with the U.S. Treasury payment and the Hilton Hotel's tax revenue, did exceed debt service obligations for the year.

- U.S. Treasury interest subsidy payments of \$3.0 million were made to the Authority in 2023 for debt service pursuant to 2010 bond requirements. These payments are impacted by mandatory budget reductions made to the Build America Bond program at the federal level (sequestration).
- Hotel tax revenue generated from the operation of the Hilton Hotel equaled approximately \$3.9 million in 2023. Hotel occupancy taxes generated through the Hilton Hotel (both the City of Columbus' and the Authority's tax) are used to pay debt service associated with the Hilton Hotel project. The city's occupancy tax from the Hilton Hotel equaled approximately \$2.0 million in 2023 and is recorded as intergovernmental revenue. The Authority's occupancy tax received from the operation of the Hilton Hotel equaled approximately \$1.9 million and is recorded as a transfer from the Convention Center Fund. The transfer from the Convention Center Fund occurs only if the Authority can meet all Convention Center related debt service obligations for the year.
- Capital improvement projects and FF&E purchases for the Hilton Hotel are funded through a capital reserve fund that was established with the opening of the Hilton Hotel. Every year, a percent of gross revenues from hotel operations is deposited into this fund. In 2023, this deposit equaled 3.5 percent of gross revenues. Capital improvement projects and FF&E purchases completed during the year using resources from the capital reserve fund are recorded as either an operating expense or a capital asset. Funds within the capital reserve that were not used during the year remained in the fund and were reserved for future improvements and FF&E purchases.
- Transfers in the Hotel Fund increased significantly in comparison with the prior year. This increase represents funds provided by the Convention Center Fund to liquidate construction-related payables.



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The following represents the changes in revenues, expenses and net position in the Arena Fund for the years ended December 31:

	<b>Arena Fund</b>		
	2022	2023	Increase (Decrease) over/ (under) 2022
<b>Nonoperating Revenues</b>			
Interest earnings	\$ 112,548	\$ 371,427	\$ 258,879
Capital contributions	11,377,632	8,150,714	(3,226,918)
Intergovernmental revenue	13,095,721	10,617,516	(2,478,205)
<b>Total Revenues</b>	<b>24,585,901</b>	<b>19,139,657</b>	<b>(5,446,244)</b>
<b>Operating Expenses</b>			
Purchased services	7,582,381	5,777,983	(1,804,398)
Materials and supplies	135,287	38,681	(96,606)
Depreciation	2,300,748	3,687,352	1,386,604
Other	951,000	751,000	(200,000)
<b>Total Expenses</b>	<b>10,969,416</b>	<b>10,255,016</b>	<b>(714,400)</b>
Change before Transfers	13,616,485	8,884,641	(4,731,844)
Transfers in	529,694	217,223	(312,471)
<b>Change in Net Position</b>	<b>14,146,179</b>	<b>9,101,864</b>	<b>(5,044,315)</b>
Beginning Net Position	(12,492,958)	1,653,221	14,146,179
<b>Ending Net Position</b>	<b>\$ 1,653,221</b>	<b>\$ 10,755,085</b>	<b>\$ 9,101,864</b>

Key descriptions of Arena Fund revenues, expenses and net position, as listed, are as follows:

- In March 2012, the City of Columbus, Franklin County, Nationwide Realty Investors (Nationwide), Columbus Blue Jackets, The Ohio State University (OSU) and the Authority agreed to a plan for Nationwide Arena that transitioned the Arena from private to public ownership. This transition was designed to strengthen the facility's financial position thus ensuring that the Arena remained a valuable asset within the community for years to come. Significant terms of this agreement are as follows:
  - Since the Authority already owned the land under Nationwide Arena, the Authority purchased the physical facilities of the Arena including the Ice Haus, parking garage, restaurant space and offices for \$42.5 million. To do so, the Authority borrowed \$32.5 million from Nationwide Realty Investors and \$10 million from the State of Ohio. (The Authority also borrowed \$11.7 million from Nationwide to support an initial capital improvement program for the facility as well as to pay for Arena operating expenses in 2012.)
  - The Columbus Blue Jackets agreed to make Nationwide Arena their home until September 15, 2039. Should the Columbus Blue Jackets breach this home ice covenant, they are liable for

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liquidated damages. When not in use by the Columbus Blue Jackets, the Arena is available for concerts, family shows, conventions and other events.

- The Arena is managed by Columbus Arena Management LLC or CAM. CAM consists of representatives from the Authority, Columbus Blue Jackets, OSU and Nationwide. CAM approves the operating and capital budgets for the facility. The Authority administers the capital improvements program. OSU provides day to day management services for the Arena.
- Beginning in 2013, the city and county began paying the Authority a percentage of casino tax collections as lease/sublease payment for the Arena. This payment covers operating, capital and debt service expenses associated with the Arena. The financial statements classify this as intergovernmental revenue.
- Casino tax revenue is first used to pay for operating, land lease, real estate taxes and capital expenses associated with the Arena (such payments were pre-determined as part of the transaction process). Only if casino revenues exceed operating, land lease, real estate tax and capital expenses will revenues be used to cover debt service obligations in any given year. There is no obligation on the part of the Authority to cover outstanding debt obligations for the Arena if casino tax revenues prove inadequate.



- 2023 was the eleventh year the Authority received casino tax revenues from the City of Columbus and Franklin County to pay for costs associated with the Arena. Total revenue received by the Authority from the City and County was \$7.5 million. Of total revenue received, \$5.6 million in casino tax revenue was transferred to CAM for Arena operations, \$165,000 was transferred to the Authority for the land lease payment, \$382,000 was set aside in a reserve for payment of real estate tax obligations and \$1.4 million was deposited into the capital improvements fund for future arena capital improvement projects. Distribution of revenues was consistent with distribution requirements outlined in the arena transaction documents.

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- In 2016, the State of Ohio General Assembly authorized a permanent real estate tax exemption for the Arena such that the Arena now enjoys the same tax treatment under state law as other publicly owned entertainment and sports venues in Ohio. As part of the process to acquire authorization for real estate tax exemption, the Authority agreed to make an annual payment in-lieu-of-taxes to the Columbus Board of Education as long as the Arena remains publicly owned. This payment equals \$586,000 a year.

Beginning in 2016, the Arena transaction documents allow for casino tax revenues to be set aside in a reserve for real estate tax payments. This reserve is only funded after payment is made to CAM for Arena operations and to the Authority for the land lease payment. Transaction documents stipulate the maximum amount that is to be reserved for real estate payments. The reserve for real estate obligations is only funded to the extent casino tax revenues are available to do so. The reserve for real estate tax obligations is used to partially fund payment due to the Columbus Board of Education. Remaining amount due to the Columbus Board of Education is an obligation of the Authority and is paid for with available equity.

- In March of 2012, the Authority received a loan from the State of Ohio, Department of Development to finance a portion of the purchase of Nationwide Arena. The loan equaled \$10.0 million and had an interest rate of 1.0 percent. Provision within the loan provides the State with the ability to forgive \$5.0 million of the loan if the Arena meets certain economic development incentive targets. To date, the Authority has made a request to the State for forgiveness of all \$5.0 million of the loan.

In 2018, the Authority and State of Ohio amended the loan agreement to change payment terms on the loan. Under the new amendment, the Authority agreed to provide the State of Ohio advertising rights within the Convention Center and the new Ohio Center Garage. The Authority also agreed to pay the State of Ohio \$1.0 million; \$200,000 a year for a five-year period beginning in 2017. Such payments were made from the Authority's equity reserves and, as of year-end 2021, are paid in full. These payments coupled with the value of advertising rights have and will continue to be used to off-set outstanding principal due on the loan. As of year-end 2023, the Authority has approximately \$3.5 million due on the State of Ohio loan. Other than on-going advertising obligations and available casino tax revenue, there is no obligation on the part of the Authority to cover outstanding principal due on the State of Ohio loan.

- In January 2020, the Authority and Nationwide Arena LLC refinanced the original loan made to the Authority for purchase of the arena. Per terms of the refinancing, the revised arena loan was issued by Nationwide Arena LLC as noninterest-bearing bonds, in an amount of \$51.5 million payable on December 15, 2029. Payment of the bonds will be made with monies held in the hotel residuals fund to the extent such monies are available. Any portion of the revised arena loan that is not paid on the payment date shall bear interest of 4.0 percent moving forward. At year-end 2023, the hotel residuals fund had a balance of approximately \$2.1 million.
- Effective July 1, 2019, the City of Columbus imposed a 5.0 percent tax on ticketed admission to any venue in the city, to include Nationwide Arena and the Convention Center. Revenue generated from this admissions tax is used to support the arts community. Regarding Nationwide Arena, revenue generated through the admission tax on events held within the Arena are split with 80.0 percent of the revenue going back to the arena for capital improvements and 20.0 percent of the revenue going to the arts community. The City of Columbus is responsible for the collection of the tax revenue and distributes such collections to the Authority whereby such revenue is deposited into the Arena's capital

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improvements fund. During 2023, the Authority received approximately \$2.7 million in admission tax revenue from the City of Columbus.

- Because casino tax revenues and admission tax revenues in 2023 were not sufficient enough to provide funding for all needed capital improvements within the Arena, CAM decided to use operating reserve money to supplement the Arena capital improvements program. The operating reserve for the Arena is held by CAM. Operating reserve monies used to support Arena capital improvements is recorded as a capital contribution.

## **CAPITAL ASSETS**

At the end of fiscal year 2023, the Authority had \$663.5 million (net of accumulated depreciation) invested in capital assets. This investment in capital assets includes land; four parking facilities and two parking lots totaling approximately 4,700 parking spaces; a convention center with over 373,000 square feet of contiguous exhibit hall space, three large ballrooms, and related meeting and back of house space; a 1,000 room full service hotel with supporting meeting rooms, ballrooms, restaurants, and lobby spaces; and a 20,000 seat Arena with related concourses, suites, practice facility and parking garage.

The Authority's net capital assets decreased by \$5.5 million in fiscal year 2023. This decrease represents the amount in which current year depreciation of \$30.4 million exceeded current year additions to capital assets of \$25.0 million.

## **DEBT ADMINISTRATION**

At December 31, 2023, the Authority had \$781.3 million in bonds and related long term liabilities outstanding; of which \$254.4 million are bonds associated with the Convention Center, \$418.3 million are bonds issued for development of the Hilton Hotel, \$14.6 million are bonds related to the expansion of the Vine Street parking facility, \$15.0 million are bonds related to the development of the Goodale Street parking facility, \$24.0 million are bonds related to the development of the Ohio Center parking facility and \$55.0 million are bonds from the Arena transaction.

Annual debt service obligations for the Convention Center are paid with revenues received by the Authority from collection of a county-wide hotel occupancy tax. The bond indenture requires that proceeds from the hotel excise tax as well as from earnings received through investment of reserve funds must first be used to meet annual debt service obligations. Only after these obligations are met can tax proceeds and investment earnings be used to offset on-going improvement and operation of the Convention Center and other related expenses.

Annual debt service for the Hilton Hotel is met through income received from the operation of the Hilton Hotel as well as from hotel taxes generated through the operation of the Hilton Hotel, interest earnings and a subsidy payment from the U.S. Treasury. Revenue from these sources that exceed the annual debt service payment for the Hilton Hotel is reserved for future debt service obligations.

Annual debt service for the parking garage improvement revenue bonds (Series 2011, Series 2014, Series 2018 and Series 2019) is covered through parking revenue generated from parking facilities owned by the Authority.

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Management's Discussion and Analysis  
For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

Debt service obligations for the lease revenue bonds associated with the acquisition of Nationwide Arena will be paid for with monies that accumulate in the Hotel residual fund through December 15, 2029. Any portion of the loan that remains outstanding after this date will be paid for with Hotel residual funds as they may become available thereafter. The Authority has no obligation in 2029 to cover the entire debt obligation if Hotel residual funds prove insufficient.

In accordance with all bond indentures, debt service reserve funds, bond payment funds, consolidated bond funds and rental reserve funds have been established as special trust funds to provide for the payment of bond principal and interest in the event the amount in the debt service fund is insufficient. The bond indenture prescribes the amount to be placed into each of these special trust funds as well as the minimum reserve balances. Reserve balances, as valued on a cash basis, totaled approximately \$50.2 million at December 31, 2023.

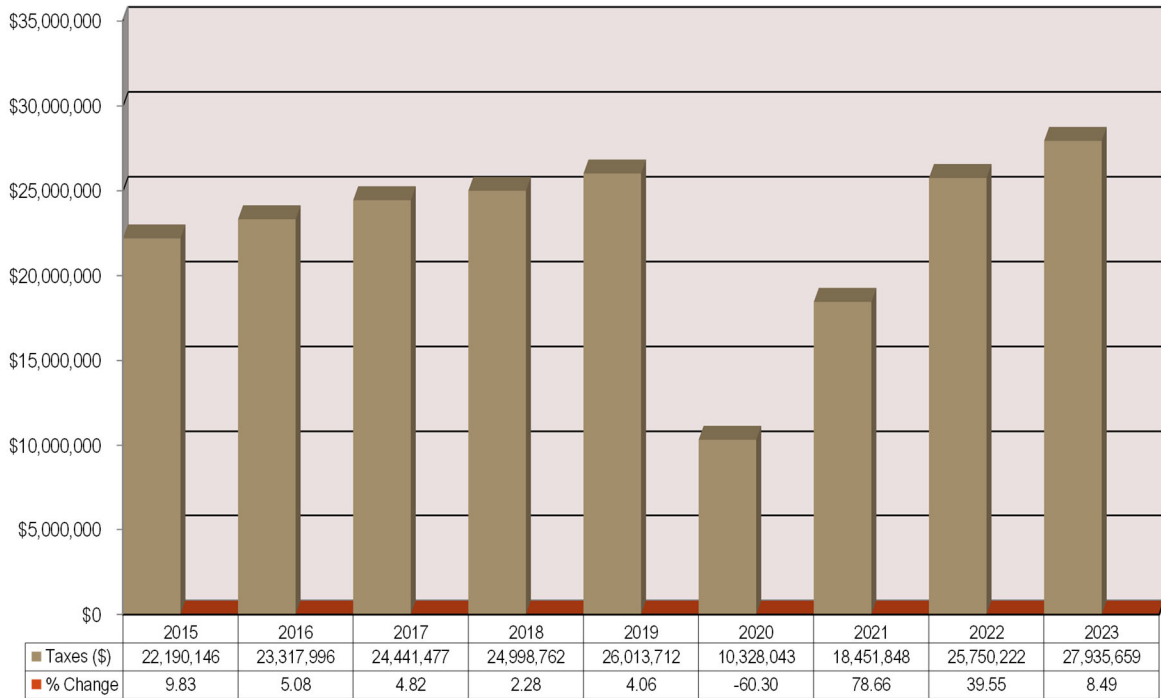
Total debt for the Convention Center Fund decreased by \$360,881 during 2023. This decrease represents premium amortization. Total debt for the Hotel Fund decreased by \$5.1 million during 2023. This decrease represents principal payments and premium amortization. Total debt for the Arena Fund decreased by \$402,000 during 2023. This decrease represents a reduction to the State of Ohio loan due to advertising credits.

## **ECONOMIC FACTORS**

The success of the Convention Center, Hilton Hotel and Nationwide Arena relies on the economic health of the convention and travel industry not only within the Columbus market but within the national market as well. An excellent indicator of how this industry is performing, especially locally, is the year over year change in revenue the Authority receives from hotel occupancy tax collections. As illustrated in the following graph, the industry had performed well during the five-year period prior to the pandemic. Over the period, hotel revenue growth averaged 5.2 percent a year. This growth was due to continual improvement in occupancy rates, average daily rates and supply of hotels within the Columbus community. The drastic drop in revenue from hotel taxes between 2019 and 2020 illustrates the devastating impact of COVID-19 on the hospitality industry. Within this community, hotel activity during 2020 declined by over 60.0 percent as travel was impacted by pandemic related health restrictions and travel advisories. 2021 proved to be a year of recovery, especially during the second half. With the availability of vaccines and the lifting of travel restrictions, the local hotel industry began to experience renewed activity. While total collections in 2021 proved to be approximately 30.0 percent below collections experienced in 2019 prior to the pandemic, collections were almost 79.0 percent over collection levels experienced during 2020. In 2022 and again in 2023, industry growth continued as tax collections rebounded. During 2022, tax collections improved by approximately 39.6 percent over prior year and in 2023 the Authority's hotel tax collections grew by approximately 8.5 percent exceeding 2019 collection levels by approximately 7.4 percent. The expectation is that growth in the hotel market will continue into 2024.

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 Management’s Discussion and Analysis  
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**Franklin County Convention Facilities Authority  
 Hotel Tax Revenue (as accrued)**



**REQUEST FOR INFORMATION**

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Authority’s finances and to show accountability for money received by the Authority. For questions or for additional information regarding this report, please contact Maria Mercurio, Chief Financial Officer, at 614.827.2805 or [mmercurio@fccfa.org](mailto:mmercurio@fccfa.org).



FRANKLIN COUNTY CONVENTION FACILITIES AUTHORITY  
STATEMENT OF NET POSITION  
DECEMBER 31, 2023

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds			
	Convention Center	Hotel	Arena	Total
<b>ASSETS</b>				
Current Assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 566,416	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 566,416
Investments	4,377,980	-	-	4,377,980
Restricted assets:				
Investments	757,302	1,741,484	6,663,423	9,162,209
Hotel/motel excise tax receivable	1,559,914	-	-	1,559,914
Lease receivable	87,326,958	-	-	87,326,958
Interest receivable	167,000	223,042	-	390,042
Operations receivable	754,949	441,882	-	1,196,831
Other receivable	431,131	-	-	431,131
Prepaid items	199,430	-	-	199,430
Lease interest receivable	2,385,497	-	-	2,385,497
Total current assets	<u>98,526,577</u>	<u>2,406,408</u>	<u>6,663,423</u>	<u>107,596,408</u>
Noncurrent Assets:				
Restricted cash	460,558	5,049,743	-	5,510,301
Restricted investments	42,798,328	49,703,863	1,775,947	94,278,138
Capital Assets:				
Nondepreciable capital assets	34,625,319	3,092,039	7,414,845	45,132,203
Depreciable capital assets, net	216,043,373	345,536,111	56,759,726	618,339,210
Total capital assets	<u>250,668,692</u>	<u>348,628,150</u>	<u>64,174,571</u>	<u>663,471,413</u>
Total noncurrent assets	<u>293,927,578</u>	<u>403,381,756</u>	<u>65,950,518</u>	<u>763,259,852</u>
Total assets	<u>392,454,155</u>	<u>405,788,164</u>	<u>72,613,941</u>	<u>870,856,260</u>
<b>DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES</b>				
Unamortized deferred amount on refunding	10,081,544	-	-	10,081,544
Pension	705,783	-	-	705,783
OPEB	111,024	-	-	111,024
Asset retirement obligation	59,000	-	-	59,000
Total deferred outflows of resources	<u>10,957,351</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>10,957,351</u>
<b>LIABILITIES</b>				
Current Liabilities:				
Accounts payable	814,866	2,042,911	6,281,739	9,139,516
Retainage payable	-	676,302	-	676,302
Accrued liabilities and other	1,240,039	105,820	586,000	1,931,859
Lease interest payable	13,381	-	-	13,381
Bond interest payable	757,302	1,741,484	-	2,498,786
Compensated absences payable	127,844	-	-	127,844
Lease payable	11,056	-	-	11,056
Bonds payable	2,550,000	3,895,000	-	6,445,000
Total current liabilities	<u>5,514,488</u>	<u>8,461,517</u>	<u>6,867,739</u>	<u>20,843,744</u>
Noncurrent liabilities:				
Compensated absences payable	155,986	-	-	155,986
Lease payable	978,279	-	-	978,279
Bonds payable, net	305,439,322	414,397,817	54,991,117	774,828,256
Net pension liability	1,708,596	-	-	1,708,596
Net OPEB liability	36,848	-	-	36,848
Asset Retirement Obligation	100,000	-	-	100,000
Total noncurrent liabilities	<u>308,419,031</u>	<u>414,397,817</u>	<u>54,991,117</u>	<u>777,807,965</u>
Total liabilities	<u>313,933,519</u>	<u>422,859,334</u>	<u>61,858,856</u>	<u>798,651,709</u>
<b>DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES</b>				
Unamortized up-front service concession payment	800,000	-	-	800,000
Unamortized deferred amount on refunding	940,853	-	-	940,853
Pension	20,380	-	-	20,380
OPEB	12,285	-	-	12,285
Leases	83,934,849	-	-	83,934,849
Total deferred inflows of resources	<u>85,708,367</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>85,708,367</u>
<b>NET POSITION</b>				
Net investment in capital assets	(11,726,130)	(48,535,846)	14,365,992	(45,895,984)
Restricted for debt service	7,041,094	26,253,658	-	33,294,752
Restricted for capital projects	460,558	3,060,708	7,858,409	11,379,675
Restricted for other	-	2,150,310	-	2,150,310
Unrestricted	7,994,098	-	(11,469,316)	(3,475,218)
Total net position	<u>\$ 3,769,620</u>	<u>\$ (17,071,170)</u>	<u>\$ 10,755,085</u>	<u>\$ (2,546,465)</u>

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

FRANKLIN COUNTY CONVENTION FACILITIES AUTHORITY  
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds			
	Convention Center	Hotel	Arena	Total
<b>OPERATING REVENUES</b>				
Facility operations	\$ 3,827,413	\$ 20,207,456	\$ -	\$ 24,034,869
Leases	2,088,558	-	-	2,088,558
Miscellaneous	269,950	110	-	270,060
Total operating revenues	<u>6,185,921</u>	<u>20,207,566</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>26,393,487</u>
<b>OPERATING EXPENSES</b>				
Salaries and fringe benefits	1,311,774	-	-	1,311,774
Insurances	814,646	14,103	-	828,749
Purchased services	3,199,203	1,956,649	5,777,983	10,933,835
Materials and supplies	195,245	549,308	38,681	783,234
Other	293,318	35,000	751,000	1,079,318
Depreciation	16,346,083	10,330,153	3,687,352	30,363,588
Total operating expenses	<u>22,160,269</u>	<u>12,885,213</u>	<u>10,255,016</u>	<u>45,300,498</u>
Operating income/(loss) before nonoperating revenues and expenses	<u>(15,974,348)</u>	<u>7,322,353</u>	<u>(10,255,016)</u>	<u>(18,907,011)</u>
<b>NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)</b>				
Hotel/motel excise tax	27,935,659	-	-	27,935,659
Increase in fair value of investments	1,374,236	1,416,963	-	2,791,199
Interest earnings	1,049,647	1,441,916	371,427	2,862,990
Interest expense	(10,421,788)	(19,771,233)	-	(30,193,021)
Lease interest	2,269,181	-	-	2,269,181
Other nonoperating revenue	1,236,682	1,222,821	-	2,459,503
Intergovernmental revenue	-	2,010,342	10,617,516	12,627,858
Capital contributions	-	-	8,150,714	8,150,714
Interest subsidy revenue	-	2,987,518	-	2,987,518
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	<u>23,443,617</u>	<u>(10,691,673)</u>	<u>19,139,657</u>	<u>31,891,601</u>
Income/(Loss) before transfers	<u>7,469,269</u>	<u>(3,369,320)</u>	<u>8,884,641</u>	<u>12,984,590</u>
Transfers in	-	31,833,289	217,223	32,050,512
Transfers out	(32,050,512)	-	-	(32,050,512)
Change in net position	<u>(24,581,243)</u>	<u>28,463,969</u>	<u>9,101,864</u>	<u>12,984,590</u>
Total net position - beginning	28,350,863	(45,535,139)	1,653,221	(15,531,055)
Total net position - ending	<u>\$ 3,769,620</u>	<u>\$ (17,071,170)</u>	<u>\$ 10,755,085</u>	<u>\$ (2,546,465)</u>

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

FRANKLIN COUNTY CONVENTION FACILITIES AUTHORITY  
STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds			
	Convention Center	Hotel	Arena	Total
<b>Cash Flows from Operating Activities</b>				
Receipts from services	\$ 3,955,805	\$ 20,166,230	\$ -	\$ 24,122,035
Receipts from leases	1,287,824	-	-	1,287,824
Payments for professional services and operations	(4,203,834)	(7,024,479)	(6,521,052)	(17,749,365)
Payments to employees for services	(899,439)	-	-	(899,439)
Payments for retirement	(230,149)	-	-	(230,149)
Receipts from other	269,950	110	-	270,060
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	<u>180,157</u>	<u>13,141,861</u>	<u>(6,521,052)</u>	<u>6,800,966</u>
<b>Cash Flows from NonCapital Financing Activities</b>				
Hotel/motel excise taxes received	28,219,622	-	-	28,219,622
Intergovernmental	125,000	2,010,342	10,216,016	12,351,358
Lease interest received	97,056	-	-	97,056
Transfers in (out)	(32,050,512)	31,833,289	217,223	-
Net cash provided by (used in) noncapital financing activities	<u>(3,608,834)</u>	<u>33,843,631</u>	<u>10,433,239</u>	<u>40,668,036</u>
<b>Cash Flows from Capital and related Financing Activities</b>				
Purchases of capital assets	(1,170,091)	(27,845,308)	(4,445,139)	(33,460,538)
Receipts from other	805,551	1,222,821	-	2,028,372
Payments for lease interest	(27,237)	-	-	(27,237)
Cash paid on bond interest and fiscal charges	(8,849,432)	(21,099,663)	-	(29,949,095)
Cash paid on bond principal	-	(3,670,000)	-	(3,670,000)
Cash received from federal interest subsidy	-	2,987,518	-	2,987,518
Net cash used in capital and related financing activities	<u>(9,241,209)</u>	<u>(48,404,632)</u>	<u>(4,445,139)</u>	<u>(62,090,980)</u>
<b>Cash Flows from Investing Activities</b>				
Interest received from investments	967,610	1,339,066	371,427	2,678,103
Investment sales	117,831,700	77,859,617	14,446,147	210,137,464
Investment purchases	(105,873,625)	(75,495,125)	(14,284,622)	(195,653,372)
Net cash provided by investing activities	<u>12,925,685</u>	<u>3,703,558</u>	<u>532,952</u>	<u>17,162,195</u>
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	255,799	2,284,418	-	2,540,217
Cash- January 1	771,175	2,765,325	-	3,536,500
Cash- December 31	<u>\$ 1,026,974</u>	<u>\$ 5,049,743</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 6,076,717</u>

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

FRANKLIN COUNTY CONVENTION FACILITIES AUTHORITY  
STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds			
	Convention Center	Hotel	Arena	Total
<b>Reconciliation of operating loss to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:</b>				
Operating income/(loss)	\$ (15,974,348)	\$ 7,322,353	\$ (10,255,016)	\$ (18,907,011)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income/(loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:				
Depreciation	16,346,083	10,330,153	3,687,352	30,363,588
Loss on disposal of assets	-	112,166	-	112,166
Increase in lease receivable	(815,317)	-	-	(815,317)
Decrease in operations receivable	128,392	(41,226)	22,783	109,949
Increase in prepaid items	(55,856)	-	-	(55,856)
Increase in net OPEB asset and net pension/OPEB related deferred outflows	(347,664)	-	-	(347,664)
Increase/(Decrease) in accounts payable	502,623	(4,581,585)	23,829	(4,055,133)
Decrease in lease payable	(10,763)	-	-	(10,763)
Increase in accrued liabilities and other related items	3,097	-	-	3,097
Increase in net pension/OPEB liability and related deferred inflows	403,910	-	-	403,910
Total adjustments	<u>16,154,505</u>	<u>5,819,508</u>	<u>3,733,964</u>	<u>25,707,977</u>
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	<u>\$ 180,157</u>	<u>\$ 13,141,861</u>	<u>\$ (6,521,052)</u>	<u>\$ 6,800,966</u>

**Noncash financing activities:**

Net amortization related to the capital debt	\$ 1,526,616	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,526,616
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**Schedule of noncash transactions:**

Convention Center Fund:

At the end of calendar year 2022, the Authority had capital-related payables totaling \$399,444 and at the end of calendar year 2023, the Authority had capital-related payables totaling \$52,060.

Hotel Fund:

At the end of calendar year 2022, the Authority had capital-related payables totaling \$21,761,577 and at the end of calendar year 2023, the Authority had capital-related payables totaling \$2,370,902.

Arena Fund:

At the end of calendar year 2022, the Authority had capital-related payables totaling \$2,910,102 and at the end of calendar year 2023, the Authority had capital-related payables totaling \$6,082,462.

During the year, the arena operator contributed capital assets to the Authority totaling \$8,132,689.

During the year, the Authority provided advertising services to the State of Ohio. In accordance with the State Loan Agreement, the Authority's principal balance was reduced by \$401,500.

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

**FRANKLIN COUNTY CONVENTION FACILITIES AUTHORITY**  
**NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023**

**1. DESCRIPTION OF ENTITY**

**Organization** – The Franklin County Convention Facilities Authority (the “Authority”) was established by the Board of County Commissioners of Franklin County, Ohio on July 12, 1988. The Authority is exempt from Federal corporate income taxes. The Authority was formed to acquire, construct, equip, and operate a Convention Center and related facilities in Columbus, Ohio.

The Authority levies an excise tax on hotels and motels in the amount of 4% of each transaction occurring within the boundaries of Franklin County, Ohio and an additional excise tax in the amount of .9% of each transaction occurring within the municipal limits of Columbus located within the boundaries of Franklin County. The Columbus City Auditor administers and collects these excise taxes on behalf of the Authority. The Columbus City Auditor remits taxes collected to the Authority’s trustee on a monthly basis.

**2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

**Significant Accounting Policies** – The significant accounting policies followed in preparation of these basic financial statements are summarized below. These policies conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) for governmental units as prescribed in the statements issued by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) and other recognized authoritative sources.

The Authority follows the business-type activities reporting requirements of GASB Statement No. 34. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 34, the accompanying basic financial statements are reported on an Authority-wide basis.

GASB Statement No. 34 requires the following, which collectively make up the Authority’s basic financial statements:

- Management’s Discussion and Analysis
- Basic financial statements
  - Statement of Net Position
  - Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position
  - Statement of Cash Flows
- Notes to the basic financial statements
- Required Pension/OPEB Schedules

**Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting** – The accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the types of resources being measured and the basis of accounting indicates the timing of transactions or events for recognition in the financial statements.

The Authority’s financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned, or for derived tax revenue, when the exchange transaction on which the tax is imposed occurs, and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

**FRANKLIN COUNTY CONVENTION FACILITIES AUTHORITY**  
**NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED**  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

**2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – CONTINUED**

**Proprietary Funds** – The Authority operates using enterprise fund reporting. Enterprise funds are used to account for the costs of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis which are financed or recovered primarily through user charges or to report any activity for which a fee is charged to external users for goods or services, regardless of whether the Authority intends to fully recover the cost of the goods or services provided.

Proprietary funds distinguish *operating* revenues and expenses from *nonoperating* items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund’s principal ongoing operations.

The Authority’s principal operating revenues consist of day-to-day operations of the facilities and land lease revenues. Operating expenses for the Authority include administrative expenses, routine repairs and maintenance, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting these definitions are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Authority’s policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

**Fund Accounting** – The accounts of the Authority are maintained in accordance with the principles of “Fund Accounting” in order to reflect limitations and restrictions placed on the use of available resources. The following proprietary funds are used by the Authority:

**Convention Center Fund** – The Convention Center Fund accounts for the operation of the Convention Center, parking facilities, and related expenses, including construction of and improvements to these facilities, as well as the accumulation of financial resources for, and the payment of, debt principal, interest, and related costs.

**Hotel Fund** – The Hotel Fund accounts for the operation of the Hilton Hotel and related expenses, including construction of and improvements to the facility, as well as the accumulation of financial resources for, and the payment of, debt principal, interest, and related costs.

**Arena Fund** – The Arena Fund accounts for the operation of the Arena and related expenses, including improvements to the facility, as well as the accumulation of financial resources for, and the payment of, debt principal, interest, and related costs.

**Cash and Cash Equivalents** – Cash and cash equivalents includes demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of less than three months from the date of acquisition, excluding STAR Ohio, cash held in escrow and trust funds, which are reported as investments.

**Investments** – During fiscal year 2023, the Authority invested in the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio). STAR Ohio is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer’s Office which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the Securities Exchange Commission as an investment company, but has adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 79, “*Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants.*” The Authority measures their investment in STAR Ohio at the net asset value (NAV) per share provided by STAR Ohio. The NAV per share is calculated on an amortized cost basis that provides a NAV per share that approximates fair value.

**FRANKLIN COUNTY CONVENTION FACILITIES AUTHORITY**  
**NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED**  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

**2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – CONTINUED**

For fiscal year 2023, there were no limitations or restrictions on any participant withdrawals due to redemption notice periods, liquidity fees, or redemption gates. However, twenty-four hours advance notice is appreciated for deposits and withdrawals exceeding \$100 million. STAR Ohio reserves the right to limit the transaction to \$250 million, requiring the excess amount to be transacted the following business day(s), but only to the \$250 million limit. All accounts of the participant will be combined for these purposes.

***Restricted Assets*** – Certain resources set aside for the construction of facilities and repayment of bonds are classified as restricted on the Statement of Net Position because their use is limited by applicable revenue bond indentures.

***Prepaid Items*** – Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond year end are recorded as prepaid items under the consumption method.

***Capital Assets and Depreciation*** – Office equipment, construction costs (including capitalized interest on assets constructed prior to January 1, 2018), and improvements are capitalized at cost. Generally, items purchased with individual costs ranging from \$5,000 to \$25,000 or more are capitalized based on the nature of the asset. Completed facilities are transferred from construction in progress to the appropriate category. Depreciation is provided on the straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of the assets, which range from 13 to 40 years for Buildings and Improvements, 20 to 30 years for Improvements other than Buildings, 3 to 60 years for Furnishings and Equipment, 40 years for Parking lots, and 7 years for major building equipment.

The Authority is reporting an intangible right to use asset related to land. The land lease contains a purchase option that the Authority has determined is reasonably certain of being exercised, therefore, the intangible right to use land asset is not being amortized.

***Deferred outflows/inflows of resources*** – In addition to assets, the Statement of Net Position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense) until then. For the Authority, deferred outflows of resources are reported on the Statement of Net Position for deferred charges on refunding, asset retirement obligations, pension and OPEB. A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. The deferred outflows of resources for asset retirement obligations are amortized over the estimated useful life of the tangible capital asset. The deferred outflows of resources related to pension and OPEB plans are explained in Notes 10 and 11.

**FRANKLIN COUNTY CONVENTION FACILITIES AUTHORITY**  
**NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED**  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

**2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – CONTINUED**

In addition to liabilities, the Statement of Net Position reports a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized until that time. For the Authority, deferred inflows of resources are reported on the Statement of Net Position for the up-front service concession payment received from the Convention Center operator, deferred charges on refunding, leases, pension and OPEB. The up-front service concession payment received from the Convention Center operator is deferred and amortized using the straight-line method over one hundred twenty months, commencing January 1, 2023, with the Authority responsible for repayment of the unamortized portion if the Convention Center operator is not retained for the full duration of such amortization period. A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. The deferred inflows of resources related to leases is being amortized as lease revenue in a systematic and rational manner over the term of the lease. The deferred inflows of resources related to pension and OPEB plans are explained in Notes 10 and 11.

***Bond Discounts and Premiums*** – Bond discounts and premiums are netted against the outstanding bonds, as a liability valuation account, and are being accreted or amortized using the straight-line method over the life of the applicable bond issues.

***Net Position*** – Net position represents assets, plus deferred outflows of resources, less liabilities, less deferred inflows of resources. Net position is displayed in three components – net investment in capital assets; restricted; and unrestricted. The net investment in capital assets component consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. The restricted component consists of restricted assets reduced by liabilities and deferred inflows of resources related to those assets. The unrestricted component is the net amount of the assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources that are not included in the determination of net investment in capital assets or the restricted component of net position. The Authority applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available.

***Estimates*** – The preparation of basic financial statements, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

***Interfund Activity*** – Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as nonoperating revenues/expenses. Transfers during the calendar year are considered allowable based upon the Authority's policies and the purpose of intended transfers.

***Extraordinary and Special Items*** – Extraordinary items are transactions or events that are both unusual in nature and infrequent in occurrence. Special items are transactions or events that are within the control of the Authority and that are either unusual in nature or infrequent in occurrence. Neither type of transaction occurred during the calendar year.



**FRANKLIN COUNTY CONVENTION FACILITIES AUTHORITY**  
**NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED**  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

**2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – CONTINUED**

***Budgetary Accounting*** – The Authority adopts an annual Operating Budget, which lapses at the end of the year, for management purposes. The budget is adopted on a budgetary accounting basis in which purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expense of monies are recorded as the equivalent of expenses. The defined legal level of control established by the Authority to monitor expenses is at the fund/function level.

***Pensions/Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)*** – For purposes of measuring the net pension/OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions/OPEB, and pension/OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the pension/OPEB plans and additions to/deductions from their fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the pension/OPEB plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. The pension/OPEB plans report investments at fair value.

**3. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS**

Ohio law requires that deposits be placed in eligible banks or savings and loan associations located in Ohio. Protection of the Authority’s deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, or by the financial institutions participation in the Ohio Pooled Collateral System (OPCS), a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to the Treasurer of State to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution.

***Deposits***

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that in the event of bank failure, the Authority will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. At December 31, 2023, the carrying amount of the Authority’s deposits was \$1,693,878, and the bank balance was \$1,769,182. Of the bank balance, \$969,094 was covered by Federal Deposit Insurance, and the remaining balance was uninsured and collateralized.

In addition, the Authority had \$1,995,272 and \$3,054,471 on deposit with the Hilton Hotel operator for operating reserves and furniture, fixtures and equipment reserves, respectively, and \$460,558 on deposit with the Convention Center food and beverage operator for furniture, fixtures and equipment reserves, in accordance with the operating agreements. These amounts are also reported as Restricted Cash on the Statement of Net Position.

The Authority has no deposit policy for custodial credit risk beyond the requirements of State statute. Ohio law requires that deposits be either insured or be protected by:

1. Eligible securities pledged to the Authority and deposited with a qualified trustee by the financial institution as security for repayment whose market value at all times shall be at least 105 percent of the deposits being secured; or

**FRANKLIN COUNTY CONVENTION FACILITIES AUTHORITY**  
**NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED**  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

**3. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - CONTINUED**

2. Participation in the Ohio Pooled Collateral System (OPCS), a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to the Treasurer of State to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution. OPCS requires the total market value of the securities pledged to be 102 percent of the deposits being secured or a rate set by the Treasurer of State.

The Authority's financial institutions participate in OPCS and were approved for a reduced collateral rate of 50 percent through the Ohio Pooled Collateral System.

***Investments***

The Authority has adopted a formal investment policy. The objectives of the policy are the preservation of capital and protection of principal while earning investment interest. Safety of principal is the primary objective of the investment program. Funds are invested in accordance with Section 135 "Uniform Depository Act" of the Ohio Revised Code, as well as Section 351.20 of the Ohio Revised Code.

The types of obligations eligible for investment and deposits include:

1. United States Treasury bills, bonds, notes, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury, or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States;
2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligations or securities issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality, including, but not limited to, Federal National Mortgage Association (FNMA), Federal Home Loan Bank (FHLB), Federal Farm Credit Bank (FFCB), Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation (FHLMC), and Government National Mortgage Association (GNMA). All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
3. Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least two percent and be marked to market daily, and the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;
4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio, and, with certain limitations including a requirement for maturity within ten years from the date of settlement, bonds and other obligations of political subdivisions of the State of Ohio, if training requirements have been met;
5. Time certificates of deposit or savings or deposit accounts, including, but not limited to, passbook accounts, in eligible institutions pursuant to Ohio Revised Code (ORC) Section 135.32;
6. No-load money market mutual funds rated in the highest category at the time of purchase by at least one nationally recognized standard rating service or consisting exclusively of obligations described in (1) or (2) above; commercial paper as described in ORC section 135.143 (6); and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided these investments are made through eligible institutions;
7. The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAR Ohio); and

**FRANKLIN COUNTY CONVENTION FACILITIES AUTHORITY**  
**NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED**  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

**3. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS – CONTINUED**

8. Certain bankers’ acceptances (for a period not to exceed one hundred eighty days) and commercial paper notes (for a period not to exceed two hundred seventy days) in an amount not to exceed 40 percent of the interim monies available for investment at any one time if training requirements have been met.

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 79, the Authority’s investment in STAR Ohio is reported on an amortized cost basis, which approximates fair value. All other investments are reported at fair value. The Authority categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. All of the Authority’s investments reported at fair value are valued in accordance with market quotations or other valuation methodologies from financial industry services believed to be reliable (Level 2 inputs).

The following chart illustrates the Authority’s investments as of December 31:

	<u>Amount</u>	<u>Credit Rating</u>	<u>Maturity in Years</u>		
			<u>&lt;1</u>	<u>1-3</u>	<u>&gt;3</u>
<b><u>Convention Center Fund:</u></b>					
STAR Ohio	\$ 7,010,439	AAAm	\$ 7,010,439	\$ -	\$ -
Money Market Funds - Dreyfus	2,059,840	AAAm	2,059,840	-	-
Money Market Funds - Other	366,202	NR	366,202	-	-
U.S. Treasuries	18,343,661	AAA	2,441,058	5,484,182	10,418,421
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	234,002	NR	-	234,002	-
Federal Agency Securities	19,594,622	AA	5,761,498	10,928,537	2,904,587
	<u>47,608,766</u>		<u>17,639,037</u>	<u>16,646,721</u>	<u>13,323,008</u>
<b><u>Hotel Fund:</u></b>					
STAR Ohio	8,426,717	AAAm	8,426,717	-	-
Money Market Fund - Dreyfus	431,314	AAAm	431,314	-	-
Money Market Funds - Other	147,548	NR	147,548	-	-
Commerical Paper	735,110	A-1	735,110	-	-
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	1,816,293	NR	963,177	714,968	138,148
U.S. Treasuries	15,658,642	AAA	2,341,488	5,218,201	8,098,953
Federal Agency Securities	23,427,102	AA	2,113,372	15,940,225	5,373,505
	<u>50,642,726</u>		<u>15,158,726</u>	<u>21,873,394</u>	<u>13,610,606</u>
<b><u>Arena Fund:</u></b>					
STAR Ohio	8,439,370	AAAm	8,439,370	-	-
	<u>8,439,370</u>		<u>8,439,370</u>	-	-
<b>Totals</b>	<u>\$ 106,690,862</u>		<u>\$ 41,237,133</u>	<u>\$ 38,520,115</u>	<u>\$ 26,933,614</u>

**FRANKLIN COUNTY CONVENTION FACILITIES AUTHORITY**  
**NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED**  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

**3. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS – CONTINUED**

Reconciliation of the Authority’s deposits and investments to the Statements of Net Position is as follows:

	<u>Convention Center</u>	<u>Hotel</u>	<u>Arena</u>
<b>Per Deposits and Investments Note:</b>			
Deposits	\$ 891,260	\$ 802,621	\$ -
On Deposit with Operators	460,558	5,049,743	-
Investments	47,608,766	50,642,726	8,439,370
Totals	<u>\$ 48,960,584</u>	<u>\$ 56,495,090</u>	<u>\$ 8,439,370</u>
<b>Per Statement of Net Position:</b>			
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 566,416	\$ -	\$ -
Investments	4,377,980	-	-
Restricted Cash	460,558	5,049,743	-
Restricted Investments	43,555,630	51,445,347	8,439,370
Totals	<u>\$ 48,960,584</u>	<u>\$ 56,495,090</u>	<u>\$ 8,439,370</u>

**Concentration of Credit Risk** - The Authority’s investment policy does not limit the amounts that may be invested in any one issuer.

**Interest Rate Risk** - The weighted average of maturity of the portfolio held by STAR Ohio as of December 31, 2023, is 46 days.

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**FRANKLIN COUNTY CONVENTION FACILITIES AUTHORITY**  
**NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED**  
 FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

**4. LEASES RECEIVABLE**

A description of the Authority’s leasing arrangements is as follows:

***Columbus Hotel Community Urban Redevelopment Corporation***

The Authority leases land to the Columbus Hotel Community Urban Redevelopment Corporation (the Hyatt). The initial lease commenced on December 23, 1978 and was to end on July 19, 2051. On January 1, 2021, the lease was amended and the new lease is set to expire on December 31, 2071. Prior to January 1, 2023, the Hyatt paid the Authority lease rent at an annual rate of \$125,000. During this period, the Authority also received additional compensation from the Hyatt if the Hyatt met certain targets for cash flow. Commencing on January 1, 2023 and continuing until the expiration of the amended lease term, the Hyatt shall pay the Authority an annual amount for each lease year equal to \$2,185,000, which shall automatically be increased by one and three-quarters percent (1.75%) on each anniversary during the lease term. Additionally, on the 15<sup>th</sup> anniversary, and every 15<sup>th</sup> anniversary thereafter, the base rent shall be adjusted to Fair Market Rent, in accordance with the lease agreement.

***Drury Inns, Inc.***

On February 20, 2001, the Authority entered into a ground lease agreement with Drury Inns, Inc. (the Tenant) under which the Tenant leased land from the Authority and developed the land with a hotel and related improvements. The term of the lease commenced on February 20, 2001 and expires on the last day of the 25<sup>th</sup> lease year, unless the term is extended or the lease is validly canceled before then.

The Tenant has the option to extend the term for a period of ten lease years by giving notice of the exercise of the option any time prior to the 365<sup>th</sup> day before the last day of the 25<sup>th</sup> lease year. If the Tenant exercises the option to extend the term for a period of ten lease years, the Tenant shall have an additional option to extend the term for another period of ten lease years by giving notice of the exercise of the option any time prior to the 365<sup>th</sup> day before the extended expiration date. If the Tenant exercises the second option granted, the Tenant shall have the additional option to extend the term through July 19, 2051 by giving notice of the exercise of the option any time prior to the 365<sup>th</sup> day before the extended expiration date.

The Tenant pays the Authority basic rent, as well as percentage rent, which is the amount by which a certain percentage of revenue exceeds basic rent. Applicable amounts are as follows:

Lease Years	Basic Rent	Percentage Rent
Years 1 through 5, per annum	\$125,000	4%
Years 6 through 10, per annum	\$150,000	4.75%
Years 11 and after, per annum	\$175,000	4.75% of the first \$6,000,000 and 5.5% of any excess of \$6,000,000

Percentage rent for the calendar year was \$91,552.

**FRANKLIN COUNTY CONVENTION FACILITIES AUTHORITY**  
**NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED**  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

**4. LEASES RECEIVABLE - CONTINUED**

*10 W. Nationwide, LLC*

On July 16, 2012, the Authority entered into a lease agreement with Norfolk Southern Railway Company (Norfolk) under which the Authority leases land from Norfolk (See Note 15). On July 31, 2012, the Authority entered into a cost-sharing, maintenance and license agreement with Nationwide, LLC (Nationwide) under which Nationwide subleased the Norfolk land from the Authority and developed the land including a plaza/park and pedestrian right-of-way. The term of the agreement commenced on July 31, 2012 and expires on June 30, 2032, at which time Nationwide has the option to purchase the land from the Authority. Rent due and payable under the Authority's lease with Norfolk shall be split between the Authority and Nationwide.

The Authority is reporting leases receivable of \$87,326,958 at December 31, 2023. Of this amount, \$91,552 represents variable payments based on performance of the lessee or usage of the underlying asset and the remaining amount represents the discounted future lease payments. This discount is being amortized using the interest method. For 2023, the Authority reported lease revenue of \$2,088,558 and lease interest revenue of \$2,269,181.

A summary of discounted future lease receipts is as follows:

Year	Principal	Interest	Total
2024	\$ 99,585	\$ 2,317,653	\$ 2,417,238
2025	102,297	2,353,847	2,456,144
2026	105,083	2,390,649	2,495,732
2027	109,445	2,428,067	2,537,512
2028	116,022	2,462,475	2,578,497
2029-2033	1,780,601	11,711,212	13,491,813
2034-2038	3,170,239	11,397,792	14,568,031
2039-2043	4,935,141	10,873,705	15,808,846
2044-2048	7,072,442	10,089,656	17,162,098
2049-2053	9,209,983	9,005,081	18,215,064
2054-2058	11,733,449	7,639,152	19,372,601
2059-2063	15,272,639	5,855,440	21,128,079
2064-2068	19,488,562	3,554,072	23,042,634
2069-2071	14,039,918	776,182	14,816,100
	<u>\$ 87,235,406</u>	<u>\$ 82,854,983</u>	<u>\$ 170,090,389</u>

**FRANKLIN COUNTY CONVENTION FACILITIES AUTHORITY**  
**NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED**  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

**5. CAPITAL ASSETS**

Capital Asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2023 is as follows:

<b>Convention Center Fund</b>	<b>Beginning Balance</b>	<b>Additions</b>	<b>Disposals/ Transfers</b>	<b>Ending Balance</b>
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 32,556,992	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 32,556,992
Intangible right-to-use land	1,024,245	-	-	1,024,245
Works of Art	753,567	-	-	753,567
Construction in progress	100,000	618,719	(428,204)	290,515
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	<u>34,434,804</u>	<u>618,719</u>	<u>(428,204)</u>	<u>34,625,319</u>
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Buildings & improvements	444,604,214	203,988	428,204	445,236,406
Improvements other than buildings	14,879,425	-	-	14,879,425
Major building equipment	7,147,215	-	-	7,147,215
Parking lot	1,144,557	-	-	1,144,557
Equipment & furnishings	8,956,672	-	-	8,956,672
Total capital assets, being depreciated	<u>476,732,083</u>	<u>203,988</u>	<u>428,204</u>	<u>477,364,275</u>
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings & improvements	(225,157,275)	(15,113,352)	-	(240,270,627)
Improvements other than buildings	(5,003,655)	(682,294)	-	(5,685,949)
Major building equipment	(7,147,215)	-	-	(7,147,215)
Parking lot	(944,258)	(28,614)	-	(972,872)
Equipment & furnishings	(6,722,416)	(521,823)	-	(7,244,239)
Total accumulated depreciation	<u>(244,974,819)</u>	<u>(16,346,083)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(261,320,902)</u>
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	<u>231,757,264</u>	<u>(16,142,095)</u>	<u>428,204</u>	<u>216,043,373</u>
Total capital assets, net	<u>\$ 266,192,068</u>	<u>\$ (15,523,376)</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 250,668,692</u>

<b>Hotel Fund</b>	<b>Beginning Balance</b>	<b>Additions</b>	<b>Disposals/ Transfers</b>	<b>Ending Balance</b>
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 300,513	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 300,513
Works of Art	715,500	-	-	715,500
Construction in progress	112,166	8,443,687	(6,479,827)	2,076,026
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	<u>1,128,179</u>	<u>8,443,687</u>	<u>(6,479,827)</u>	<u>3,092,039</u>
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Buildings & improvements	394,638,746	-	6,367,661	401,006,407
Equipment & furnishings	3,077,501	10,945	-	3,088,446
Total capital assets, being depreciated	<u>397,716,247</u>	<u>10,945</u>	<u>6,367,661</u>	<u>404,094,853</u>
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings & improvements	(46,013,300)	(10,162,910)	-	(56,176,210)
Equipment & furnishings	(2,215,289)	(167,243)	-	(2,382,532)
Total accumulated depreciation	<u>(48,228,589)</u>	<u>(10,330,153)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(58,558,742)</u>
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	<u>349,487,658</u>	<u>(10,319,208)</u>	<u>6,367,661</u>	<u>345,536,111</u>
Total capital assets, net	<u>\$ 350,615,837</u>	<u>\$ (1,875,521)</u>	<u>\$ (112,166)</u>	<u>\$ 348,628,150</u>

**FRANKLIN COUNTY CONVENTION FACILITIES AUTHORITY**  
**NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED**  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

**5. CAPITAL ASSETS – CONTINUED**

<b>Arena Fund</b>	<b>Beginning Balance</b>	<b>Additions</b>	<b>Disposals/ Transfers</b>	<b>Ending Balance</b>
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Construction in progress	\$ 12,284,244	\$ 10,568,230	\$ (15,437,629)	\$ 7,414,845
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	<u>12,284,244</u>	<u>10,568,230</u>	<u>(15,437,629)</u>	<u>7,414,845</u>
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Buildings & improvements	52,608,853	4,003,053	15,270,920	71,882,826
Equipment & furnishings	9,047,355	1,178,906	161,951	10,388,212
Total capital assets, being depreciated	<u>61,656,208</u>	<u>5,181,959</u>	<u>15,432,871</u>	<u>82,271,038</u>
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings & improvements	(14,772,899)	(3,048,596)	-	(17,821,495)
Equipment & furnishings	(7,051,061)	(638,756)	-	(7,689,817)
Total accumulated depreciation	<u>(21,823,960)</u>	<u>(3,687,352)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(25,511,312)</u>
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	<u>39,832,248</u>	<u>1,494,607</u>	<u>15,432,871</u>	<u>56,759,726</u>
Total capital assets, net	<u>\$ 52,116,492</u>	<u>\$ 12,062,837</u>	<u>\$ (4,758)</u>	<u>\$ 64,174,571</u>

**6. LONG TERM OBLIGATIONS**

Convention Center Fund bonds outstanding at December 31, 2023 are as follows:

	<b>Beginning Balance</b>	<b>Additions</b>	<b>Reductions</b>	<b>Ending Balance</b>	<b>Due Within One Year</b>
<b>Convention Center Fund</b>					
Series 2011 Parking Garage	\$ 14,633,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 14,633,000	\$ -
Series 2014 Parking Garage	15,000,000	-	-	15,000,000	-
Series 2014 Renovation and Refunding	25,305,000	-	-	25,305,000	-
Series 2015 Refunding	22,725,000	-	-	22,725,000	-
Series 2017 Refunding	1,430,000	-	-	1,430,000	-
Series 2018 Parking Garage	18,000,000	-	-	18,000,000	-
Series 2019 Parking Garage	6,000,000	-	-	6,000,000	-
Series 2020A Refunding	6,700,000	-	-	6,700,000	-
Series 2020B Refunding	196,005,000	-	-	196,005,000	2,550,000
Total Convention Center Bonds	<u>305,798,000</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>305,798,000</u>	<u>2,550,000</u>
Plus: Unamortized Premiums	2,552,203	-	(360,881)	2,191,322	-
Total Convention Center Fund	<u>\$ 308,350,203</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ (360,881)</u>	<u>\$ 307,989,322</u>	<u>\$ 2,550,000</u>

***Series 2011 Parking Garage***

On December 6, 2011, the Authority issued \$16 million in parking garage improvement revenue bonds to finance the expansion of the Vine Street parking facility. The Series 2011 term bonds mature December 1, 2016, 2021, 2026, 2031, 2036 and 2041. The stated interest rate on the Series 2011 term bonds ranges from 2.92% to 5.02%.



**FRANKLIN COUNTY CONVENTION FACILITIES AUTHORITY**  
**NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED**  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

**6. LONG TERM OBLIGATIONS – CONTINUED**

On May 1, 2020, in order to address a shortfall in parking revenues resulting from the COVID-19 pandemic, the Authority entered into an investment modification agreement with the Franklin County Treasurer (Treasurer) to modify the terms of the remaining Series 2011 Parking Garage bonds, which were purchased by the Treasurer. As a result of this modification, the remaining Series 2011 term bond maturity dates were deferred to December 1, 2026, 2031, 2036 and 2041 and the stated interest rates on the remaining Series 2011 term bonds were reduced by 1.0%.

***Series 2014 Parking Garage***

On July 28, 2014, the Authority issued \$18 million in parking garage improvement revenue bonds to finance the expansion of the Goodale Street parking facility. The Series 2014 term bonds mature December 1, 2018, 2023, 2028, 2033, 2038 and 2043. The stated interest rate on the Series 2014 term bonds ranges from 3.68% to 5.26%.

On May 1, 2020, in order to address a shortfall in parking revenues resulting from the COVID-19 pandemic, the Authority entered into an investment modification agreement with the Franklin County Treasurer (Treasurer) to modify the terms of the remaining Series 2014 Parking Garage bonds, which were purchased by the Treasurer. As a result of this modification, the remaining Series 2014 term bond maturity dates were deferred to December 1, 2028, 2033, 2038 and 2043 and the stated interest rates on the remaining Series 2014 term bonds were reduced by 1.0%.

***Series 2014 Renovation and Refunding Bonds***

On December 1, 2014, the Authority issued \$160,140,000 of tax and lease revenue anticipation and refunding bonds of which \$125,105,000 represented new money for convention center renovations and expansion and \$35,035,000 represented refunding bonds. The Series 2014 serial bonds mature December 1, 2018 through December 1, 2033. The Series 2014 term bond matures December 1, 2035. All Series 2014 bonds except one maturing on or after December 1, 2024 are callable at par beginning December 1, 2024. The stated interest rate on the Series 2014 serial bonds ranges from 3% to 5%.

The Authority issued \$35,035,000 of refunding bonds with a true interest cost of 2.63% to refund \$36,385,000 of outstanding Series 2007 serial bonds. The net proceeds of \$40,575,557 (including a net bond premium of \$5,801,367 less \$260,810 in underwriting fees and other issuance costs) provided for a deposit of \$40,572,448 into an irrevocable trust with an escrow agent to provide for all future debt service payments on the refunded Series 2007 serial bonds, which were called on December 1, 2017. As a result, the refunded bonds are considered to be defeased and the liability has been removed from the Statement of Net Position. The reacquisition price exceeded the net carrying amount of the old debt by \$3,344,539. This amount, reported in the accompanying basic financial statements as a deferred outflow of resources, is being amortized over the remaining life of the refunded debt, which is shorter than the life of the new debt issued. This refunding was undertaken to reduce total debt service payments over the next 21 years by \$2,785,050 and resulted in an economic gain (difference between the present values of the old and new bond payments) of \$2,223,931.

On September 22, 2020, the Authority advance refunded \$134,340,000 of outstanding Series 2014 renovation and refunding bonds with the issuance of Series 2020A and Series 2020B refunding bonds.

**FRANKLIN COUNTY CONVENTION FACILITIES AUTHORITY**  
**NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED**  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

**6. LONG TERM OBLIGATIONS – CONTINUED**

***Series 2015 Refunding Bonds***

On October 15, 2015, the Authority issued \$56,150,000 of tax and lease revenue anticipation refunding bonds with a true cost of 2.95%, to refund \$56,150,000 of outstanding 2005 bonds with a true interest cost of 3.65%. The proceeds of \$56,150,000 provided for a deposit of \$56,150,000 into an irrevocable trust with an escrow agent to provide for payment on the 2005 bonds, which were called on December 1, 2015. As a result, the liability for those bonds was removed from the bonds payable balance.

The 2015 refunding resulted in a difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the old debt of \$713,281. This difference, reported in the accompanying basic financial statements as a deferred outflow of resources, is being charged to operations through calendar year 2027 using the straight-line method. The Authority completed the current refunding to reduce its total bond payments through calendar year 2027 by \$9,484,969 and to obtain an economic gain (difference between the present values of the old and new bond payments) of \$7,827,874.

On September 22, 2020, the Authority advance refunded \$27,795,000 of outstanding Series 2015 refunding bonds with the issuance of Series 2020A and Series 2020B refunding bonds.

***Series 2017 Refunding Bonds***

On October 16, 2017, the Authority issued \$4,705,000 of tax and lease revenue anticipation refunding bonds with a true cost of 2.05%, to refund \$4,705,000 of outstanding 2007 bonds with a true interest cost of 4.92%. The proceeds of \$4,705,000 provided for a deposit of \$4,705,000 into an irrevocable trust with an escrow agent to provide for payment on the 2007 bonds, which were called on December 1, 2017. As a result, the liability for those bonds was removed from the bonds payable balance.

The 2017 refunding resulted in a difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the old debt of \$128,729. This difference, reported in the accompanying basic financial statements as a deferred outflow of resources, is being charged to operations through calendar year 2027 using the straight-line method. The Authority completed the current refunding to reduce its total bond payments through calendar year 2027 by \$776,979 and to obtain an economic gain (difference between the present values of the old and new bond payments) of \$624,866.

On September 22, 2020, the Authority advance refunded \$2,370,000 of outstanding Series 2017 refunding bonds with the issuance of Series 2020A and Series 2020B refunding bonds.

**FRANKLIN COUNTY CONVENTION FACILITIES AUTHORITY**  
**NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED**  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

**6. LONG TERM OBLIGATIONS – CONTINUED**

***Series 2018 Parking Garage***

On April 18, 2018, the Authority issued \$18 million in parking garage improvement revenue bonds to finance the expansion of the Ohio Center parking facility. The Series 2018 term bonds mature December 1, 2022, 2027, 2032, and 2037. The stated interest rate on the Series 2018 term bonds ranges from 4.65% to 4.91%.

On May 1, 2020, in order to address a shortfall in parking revenues resulting from the COVID-19 pandemic, the Authority entered into an investment modification agreement with the Franklin County Treasurer (Treasurer) to modify the terms of the Series 2018 Parking Garage bonds, which were purchased by the Treasurer. As a result of this modification, the Series 2018 term bond maturity dates were deferred to December 1, 2027, 2032, and 2037 and the stated interest rates on the Series 2018 term bonds were reduced by 1.0%.

***Series 2019 Parking Garage***

On June 26, 2019, the Authority issued \$6 million in parking garage improvement revenue bonds to finance the expansion of the Ohio Center parking facility. The Series 2019 term bonds mature December 1, 2024, 2029, and 2034. The stated interest rate on the Series 2019 term bonds ranges from 4.08% to 4.40%.

On May 1, 2020, in order to address a shortfall in parking revenues resulting from the COVID-19 pandemic, the Authority entered into an investment modification agreement with the Franklin County Treasurer (Treasurer) to modify the terms of the Series 2019 Parking Garage bonds, which were purchased by the Treasurer. As a result of this modification, the Series 2019 term bond maturity dates were deferred to December 1, 2029 and 2034 and the stated interest rates on the Series 2019 term bonds were reduced by 1.0%.

***Series 2020A Refunding Bonds***

On September 22, 2020, the Authority issued \$6,700,000 of tax and lease revenue anticipation refunding bonds, Series 2020A, with a true cost of 2.90%, to refund \$9,695,000 of outstanding 2014, 2015 and 2017 bonds with interest rates of 5.0%, 2.96% and 2.05%, respectively. The proceeds of \$6,700,000 plus \$3,222,986 of additional funds provided for a deposit of \$9,922,986 into an irrevocable trust with an escrow agent to provide for payment on the 2014, 2015 and 2017 bonds, which were called on December 1, 2020. As a result, the liability for those bonds was removed from the bonds payable balance.

The 2020A refunding resulted in a difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the old debt of \$1,531,775. This difference, reported in the accompanying basic financial statements as a deferred inflow of resources, is being amortized through calendar year 2028 using the straight-line method. As a result of the current refunding, the Authority's total bond payments through calendar year 2047 increased by \$2,246,636 for an economic loss (difference between the present values of the old and new bond payments) of \$911,195.

**FRANKLIN COUNTY CONVENTION FACILITIES AUTHORITY**  
**NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED**  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

**6. LONG TERM OBLIGATIONS – CONTINUED**

***Series 2020B Refunding Bonds***

On September 22, 2020, the Authority issued \$196,005,000 of tax and lease revenue anticipation refunding bonds, Series 2020B, with a true cost of 2.68%, to refund \$154,810,000 of outstanding 2014, 2015 and 2017 bonds with interest rates of 5.0%, 2.96% and 2.05%, respectively. The proceeds of \$196,005,000 provided for a deposit of \$183,511,538 into an irrevocable trust with an escrow agent to provide for payment on the 2014, 2015 and 2017 bonds, which will all be called or mature on December 1, 2024. As a result, the liability for those bonds was removed from the bonds payable balance.

The 2020B refunding resulted in a difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the old debt of \$15,807,071. This difference, reported in the accompanying basic financial statements as a deferred outflow of resources, is being amortized through calendar year 2028 using the straight-line method. As a result of the current refunding, the Authority’s total bond payments through calendar year 2047 increased by \$26,494,279 for an economic loss (difference between the present values of the old and new bond payments) of \$1,092,206.

Hotel Fund bonds outstanding at December 31, 2023 are as follows:

	<b>Beginning Balance</b>	<b>Additions</b>	<b>Reductions</b>	<b>Ending Balance</b>	<b>Due Within One Year</b>
<b>Hotel Fund</b>					
Series 2010					
Lease Revenue Bonds	\$ 139,790,000	\$ -	\$ (3,670,000)	\$ 136,120,000	\$ 3,895,000
Series 2019					
Hotel Revenue Bonds	151,815,000	-	-	151,815,000	-
Lease Appropriation Bonds	91,765,000	-	-	91,765,000	-
<b>Total Hotel Bonds</b>	<b>383,370,000</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>(3,670,000)</b>	<b>379,700,000</b>	<b>3,895,000</b>
Unamortized Premiums	39,975,247	-	(1,382,430)	38,592,817	-
<b>Total Hotel Fund</b>	<b>\$ 423,345,247</b>	<b>\$ -</b>	<b>\$ (5,052,430)</b>	<b>\$ 418,292,817</b>	<b>\$ 3,895,000</b>

***Series 2010***

On February 10, 2010, the Authority issued \$160 million in Series 2010 lease revenue anticipation bonds for the purpose of providing funds to (i) pay costs of constructing, equipping, and furnishing a full-service convention center hotel and auxiliary facilities, (ii) fund a bond reserve fund, (iii) pay capitalized interest through August 31, 2012, and (iv) pay costs incurred in connection with the issuance of the Series 2010 Bonds. The Series 2010 serial and term bonds mature December 1, 2016 through December 1, 2042. The stated interest rate on the Series 2010 serial and term bonds ranges from 4.47% to 6.64%.

**FRANKLIN COUNTY CONVENTION FACILITIES AUTHORITY**  
**NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED**  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

**6. LONG TERM OBLIGATIONS – CONTINUED**

***Series 2019 – Project Revenue Bonds***

On November 20, 2019, the Authority issued \$151,815,000 in Series 2019 project revenue bonds for the purpose of providing funds to (1) finance a portion of the costs of expanding the existing full-service convention center hotel, (2) fund a debt service reserve fund, (3) fund capitalized interest for the 2019 project revenue bonds through December 1, 2022, and (4) pay certain costs of issuance related to the 2019 project revenue bonds. The Series 2019 hotel project revenue serial and term bonds mature December 1, 2025 through December 1, 2051. The stated interest rate on the Series 2019 serial and term bonds is 5.00%.

***Series 2019 – Lease Appropriation Bonds***

On November 20, 2019, the Authority issued \$91,765,000 in Series 2019 lease appropriation bonds for the purpose of providing funds to (1) finance a portion of the costs of expanding the existing full-service convention center hotel, (2) fund capitalized interest for the 2019 lease appropriation bonds through December 1, 2022, and (3) pay certain costs of issuance related to the 2019 lease appropriation bonds. The Series 2019 lease appropriation serial and term bonds mature December 1, 2025 through December 1, 2051. The stated interest rate on the Series 2019 lease appropriation serial and term bonds ranges from 4.00% to 5.00%.

Arena Fund bonds outstanding at December 31, 2023 are as follows:

	<u>Beginning Balance</u>	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Reductions</u>	<u>Ending Balance</u>	<u>Due Within One Year</u>
<b>Arena Fund</b>					
First Lien Lease Revenue Bonds	\$ 3,892,617	\$ -	\$ (401,500)	\$ 3,491,117	\$ -
Series 2020 Refunding Bonds	51,500,000	-	-	51,500,000	-
<b>Total Arena Fund</b>	<u>\$ 55,392,617</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ (401,500)</u>	<u>\$ 54,991,117</u>	<u>\$ -</u>

***2012 First Lien Arena Lease Revenue Bonds***

On March 28, 2012, the Authority issued \$10 million first lien arena lease revenue bonds to finance a portion of the purchase of Nationwide Arena. The first lien arena lease revenue bonds were acquired by the Director of Development on behalf of the State of Ohio. The arena lease revenue bonds mature on December 30, 2017, 2018, 2019, 2020 and 2021, with the final maturity subject to limited extension to accommodate principal forgiveness. The principal amount due at the final maturity may be reduced by up to \$500,000 for each year in which certain economic development incentive targets are met to the satisfaction of the State of Ohio in the manner described in the Bond Legislation.

The stated interest rate on the arena lease revenue bonds is 1.00%. In addition, during any time that principal amounts remain outstanding under the bonds, the Authority shall pay a servicing fee equal to one half of one quarter of one percent of the remaining principal amount then outstanding on the bonds, payable in arrears on a semi-annual basis as of June 30<sup>th</sup> and December 31<sup>st</sup> of each year.

**FRANKLIN COUNTY CONVENTION FACILITIES AUTHORITY**  
**NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED**  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

**6. LONG TERM OBLIGATIONS – CONTINUED**

On January 30, 2018, the Authority amended the first lien arena lease revenue bonds agreement, dated March 28, 2012, with the Ohio Department of Development. In accordance with the amendment, \$5,000,000 in principal of the bonds, together with all servicing fees and all interest accruing on the bonds, originally having \$1,000,000 annual payments due December 31, 2017-2021, will be satisfied and replaced by: (1) \$1,000,000 payable in five annual cash payments; and (2) at least \$4,000,000 in payments in cash or in-kind in the form of advertising. The annual cash payment of \$200,000 per year for five years shall be due on or before December 31 of each year beginning in calendar year 2017, except for calendar year 2017, for which payment shall be due 30 days after receipt of a written invoice from the Ohio Department of Development.

The additional \$4,000,000 in payments in cash or in-kind in the form of advertising shall be due on or before December 31 of each year in calendar years 2018 through 2030. During the year, the Authority's principal balance was reduced by \$401,500 for in-kind advertising.

***2012 Second Lien Arena Lease Revenue Bonds***

On March 28, 2012, the Authority issued \$44,208,764 in second lien arena lease revenue bonds to finance a portion of the purchase of Nationwide Arena and to finance other capital and operating activities. The second lien arena lease revenue bonds were acquired by Nationwide Arena LLC. The second lien arena lease revenue bonds mature on December 30, 2039 and are callable for redemption at the option of the Authority, in whole or in part in such series as the Authority shall determine at any time at the redemption price of 100% of the principal amount to be redeemed plus accrued interest to the redemption date. The stated interest rate on the arena lease revenue bonds is 4.875%.

Beginning in calendar year 2013, the Authority began receiving a percentage of casino tax collections from the City and County. These collections are used fund operations, land lease payments, real estate taxes, and capital improvements of the arena. Once these obligations have been satisfied, any remaining collections were to be applied to debt service. If casino tax collections were insufficient to pay debt service, Nationwide had agreed to defer payments until revenues were available. There was no obligation on the part of the Authority to cover outstanding debt for the arena if casino tax collections proved inadequate.

On January 30, 2020, the Authority issued a \$51,500,000 Second Lien Arena Lease Refunding Revenue Bond, Series 2020, to refund \$62,693,285 (including outstanding principal and capitalized bond interest) of outstanding Series 2012 Second Lien Arena Lease Revenue Bonds. As a result, the liability for the 2012 Second Lien Arena Lease Revenue Bonds was removed from the bonds payable balance. The Series 2020 Second Lien Arena Lease Refunding Revenue Bond provides the Hotel Residuals Fund as an additional source of funding for the payment thereof at maturity on December 15, 2029. The principal amount of the refunding bond which is outstanding after the maturity date shall bear interest at the rate of four percent (4.00%) per annum until the principal amount thereof is paid or duly provided for, based on a 365 or 366-day year, as applicable, for the number of days elapsed.

The Series 2020 refunding resulted in a difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the old debt of \$11,193,285. In addition, \$1,782,840 of accrued, but not yet capitalized, bond interest was forgiven by the bond holder, for a total liability reduction of \$12,976,125.

**FRANKLIN COUNTY CONVENTION FACILITIES AUTHORITY**  
**NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED**  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

**6. LONG TERM OBLIGATIONS – CONTINUED**

***Bond Principal and Interest Payments***

Bonds mature on December 1. Interest on the term and serial bonds is payable semiannually on June 1 and December 1. Interest has been accrued on all bonds through December 31, 2023. Excise taxes and rents collected after the issuance date of the bonds, to the extent these taxes and rents are necessary to satisfy debt service requirements, are appropriated for principal and interest payments due and payable until the bonds are fully retired on December 1, 2051. Principal and interest requirements to retire the Authority’s bonds are as follows:

	Convention Center Fund		Hotel Fund		Arena Fund	
	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest
2024	\$ 2,550,000	\$ 8,914,832	\$ 3,895,000	\$ 20,897,813	\$ 436,390	\$ -
2025	13,750,000	8,896,780	6,915,000	20,681,641	436,390	-
2026	17,417,500	8,450,244	7,465,000	20,311,111	436,390	-
2027	21,390,000	7,904,039	8,030,000	19,876,979	436,390	-
2028	19,810,000	7,264,720	8,625,000	19,410,704	436,390	-
2029-2033	92,183,500	28,310,807	53,165,000	88,789,023	52,809,167	-
2034-2038	95,283,500	15,202,152	72,415,000	71,090,469	-	-
2039-2043	30,238,500	5,363,854	90,690,000	47,594,226	-	-
2044-2048	13,175,000	1,123,930	74,360,000	25,051,500	-	-
2049-2052	-	-	54,140,000	5,502,000	-	-
	\$ 305,798,000	\$ 91,431,358	\$ 379,700,000	\$ 339,205,466	\$ 54,991,117	\$ -

***Pledged Revenues***

Revenues from the operation of all parking facilities owned by the Authority have been pledged towards the payment of debt service due on parking facility bonds. The lender with respect to the Authority’s parking facilities has no recourse against other revenues or assets of the Authority.

Casino tax revenue appropriated by the City and the County and accumulated revenues in the Hotel Residual Fund have been pledged toward the payment of debt service due on the Series 2020 Arena Second Lien Arena Lease Refunding Revenue Bond.

***Defeased Debt Outstanding***

As noted above, the Authority has defeased various bond issues by creating separate irrevocable trust funds. When such debt has been issued, the proceeds have been used to purchase U.S. government securities that were placed in the trust funds. The investments and fixed earnings from the investments are sufficient to fully service the defeased debt until the debt is called or matures. For financial reporting purposes, the debt has been considered defeased and therefore removed as a liability from the Authority’s financial statements. As of December 31, 2023, the amount of defeased debt outstanding was \$123,255,000 and the irrevocable trust account balance was \$129,016,103.

**FRANKLIN COUNTY CONVENTION FACILITIES AUTHORITY**  
**NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED**  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

**7. RESTRICTED CASH AND INVESTMENTS**

In accordance with the Convention Center Fund bond indentures, the Authority created the project construction and bond payment funds to provide for the payment of construction costs and bond principal and interest, as well as the debt service and rental reserve funds to provide for the payment of bond principal and interest in the event the amount in the bond payment fund is insufficient. The debt service reserve requirement is an amount equal to the maximum bond service charges payable with respect to the outstanding bonds during any bond year, without regard to any optional redemption. The rental reserve requirement is an amount equal to one-half of the maximum bond service charges payable with respect to the outstanding bonds during any bond year, without regard to optional redemption.

Additionally, for the Convention Center Fund, in accordance with lease and sublease agreements between the Authority and the City of Columbus and Franklin County, the City and County will provide necessary funds for the payment of bond principal and interest if the rental reserve and debt service funds are depleted. These amounts are subject to annual appropriation by the City and County. As an additional precaution, the lease with the City and County provides for the application of Convention and Visitors Bureau Taxes levied and collected by the City to deficiencies in debt service payments after the rental reserve fund has been depleted. If after the application of foregoing amounts, additional amounts are required to meet the City's and the County's obligations under the lease, such amounts will be paid by the City and the County, in equal shares, from their general resources, provided that their respective legislative bodies have appropriated funds for such purpose.

In accordance with the 2010 Hotel Fund bond indenture, the Authority created the project construction and bond payment funds to provide for the payment of construction costs and bond principal and interest, as well as the debt service and rental reserve funds to provide for the payment of bond principal and interest in the event the amount in the bond payment fund is insufficient. The debt service reserve requirement is equal to one-half of the maximum bond service charges payable with respect to the outstanding bonds during any bond year (excluding the final bond year), without regard to any optional redemption. The rental reserve requirement is \$8.0 million.

Additionally, for the Hotel Fund, in accordance with the Cooperative Agreement dated January 1, 2010 among the Authority, Franklin County, and the City of Columbus, the County will provide necessary funds for the payment of bond principal and interest if the rental reserve and debt service funds are depleted. These amounts are subject to annual appropriation by the County. As an additional precaution, the Cooperative Agreement provides for the City to establish by January 1, 2012, a Parking Meter Contribution Fund with a balance of \$1.4 million to assist with debt service payments if the rental reserve fund has been depleted. The Hotel Cooperative Agreement also provides for the Authority to establish a ground lease rents fund to assist with debt service payments if the rental reserve fund has been depleted. The parking meter contribution fund, the ground lease fund and the rental reserve fund will be used prior to use of the debt service reserve fund. Reserve funds used for debt service will be replenished to required balances as soon as funds become available.



**FRANKLIN COUNTY CONVENTION FACILITIES AUTHORITY**  
**NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED**  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

**7. RESTRICTED CASH AND INVESTMENTS - CONTINUED**

Per the 2019 Hotel Fund bond indenture, the Authority created several new project construction and bond payment funds for the hotel to provide for the payment of construction costs and bond principal and interest payments. In accordance with the First Supplement to the Cooperative Agreement dated January 1, 2010, several new reserve accounts were established to provide for the payment of 2010 and 2019 bond principal and interest in the event that amounts in the bond payment fund are insufficient.

Such funds include a new debt service reserve fund for Hotel Project Revenue Bonds Series 2019 with a reserve requirement equal to \$15,181,500; a hotel consolidated bond fund for both the 2010 bond issue and the 2019 bond issue (both series) with a reserve requirement equal to \$25.0 million; and a new 2010 bond payment fund with an initial reserve requirement of \$2.0 million. The consolidated bond fund and the 2010 bond payment fund, along with the parking meter contribution fund, the ground lease fund and the rental reserve fund will be used prior to the 2010 and 2019 debt service reserve funds to pay principal and interest. Reserve funds used for debt service will be replenished to required balances as soon as funds become available. Additionally, for the 2019 Bond Fund, in accordance with the First Supplement to the Cooperative Agreement dated January 1, 2010, the City and County will provide necessary funds for the payment of bond principal and interest for only the Lease Appropriation Bonds, Series 2019 if the consolidated bond fund is depleted. This payment is subject to annual appropriation by the City and County.

The First Supplement to the Cooperative Agreement dated January 1, 2010 also established a new fund for the deposit of residual monies available after all hotel debt service and interest payments are met and all hotel reserve funds are fully funded. This reserve fund is restricted per terms of 2019 Hotel Fund bond indenture.

For the Arena Fund, in accordance with the Arena Management Agreement, the Authority is required to maintain an Arena capital improvements account. Each year, the Authority is required to make deposits to the account to the extent casino tax revenues are available. In 2023, casino tax deposits of \$1.4 million were made to the Arena capital improvements account.

In addition, effective July 1, 2019, the City of Columbus imposed a 5.0 percent tax on ticketed admission to any venue in the city. Revenue generated from this admissions tax supports the arts community. Regarding the Arena, revenue generated from admission tax on arena events is split with 80.0 percent of the revenue going back to the Arena for capital improvements and 20.0 percent of the revenue going to the arts community. The City of Columbus is responsible for the collection of the tax revenue and distributes the Arena's distribution to the Authority whereby such revenue is deposited into the Arena's capital improvements account. The Authority forwards this revenue to the Arena for capital improvement projects as requested by the Arena operator. In 2023, admissions tax deposits of \$2.7 million were made to the Arena capital improvements account.

At year-end, the balance in the Arena capital improvements account was \$7.9 million. The entire balance is reported as Restricted Investments in the Statement of Net Position.

**FRANKLIN COUNTY CONVENTION FACILITIES AUTHORITY**  
**NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED**  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

**7. RESTRICTED CASH AND INVESTMENTS - CONTINUED**

The balances in the Convention Center and Hotel funds at year-end, which are also reported as Restricted Cash and Restricted Investments in the Statement of Net Position, as well as the required balances, were as follows:

	Convention Center Fund		Hotel Fund	
	Required Balance	Restricted Balance	Required Balance	Restricted Balance
Construction Fund	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 6,237	\$ 6,237
Bond Payment Fund	6,429,520	6,429,520	-	-
Debt Service Reserve Fund	25,400,413	25,425,542	-	-
2010 Bond Payment Fund	-	-	2,000,000	856,110
2019 Bond Payment Fund	-	-	1,195,899	1,195,899
Consolidated Bond Fund	-	-	25,000,000	23,391,668
2010 Debt Service Reserve Fund	-	-	6,391,264	6,396,354
2019 Debt Service Reserve Fund	-	-	15,181,500	16,246,037
Rental Reserve Fund	12,700,207	12,707,348	8,000,000	1,064,191
Operating Reserve Fund	-	-	2,400,000	1,995,272
FF&E Reserve Fund	460,558	460,558	3,054,471	3,054,471
Ground Lease Rents Fund	-	-	1,000,000	1,073,919
Hotel Residuals Fund	-	-	2,055,038	2,055,038
Total	\$ 44,990,698	\$ 45,022,968	\$ 66,284,409	\$ 57,335,196

**8. FACILITY OPERATOR AGREEMENTS**

**A. Convention Center**

The management, operations and marketing of the Greater Columbus Convention Center (herein referred to as Convention Center) is facilitated through a Consulting, Marketing and Management Agreement with ASM Global Columbus, LLC (ASM, formerly SMG). The main term of the current agreement commenced on January 1, 2012 and ended at midnight on December 31, 2014. In accordance with the terms of the agreement, the Authority extended the term of the agreement several times on the same terms and conditions through December 31, 2021. On December 9, 2020, the Authority amended the Consulting, Marketing and Management Agreement with ASM and exercised two of the three two-year renewal terms. As such, the renewal term began on January 1, 2022 and continue for a four-year period.

As part of this agreement ASM is responsible for the financial activity of the Convention Center. ASM financially manages all revenues collected by the Convention Center from rental income; income from food and beverage sales; retail mall and food court lease income and revenue received from the operation of parking lots. In turn, ASM utilizes these revenues to pay for expenses associated with operating the facility (i.e., salaries of permanent and temporary staff who orchestrate events and handle administrative functions; utility expenses; the promotion and advertising of the Convention Center; and general facility maintenance and repair expenses). Financial activity of the Convention Center is audited annually and is reviewed by management.

**FRANKLIN COUNTY CONVENTION FACILITIES AUTHORITY**  
**NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED**  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

**8. FACILITY OPERATOR AGREEMENTS – CONTINUED**

As base compensation to ASM for providing services, the Authority shall pay ASM during each calendar year of the renewal terms (commencing with the 2022 calendar year), a fixed fee equal to the fixed fee for the immediately preceding calendar year, increased or decreased by the percentage change in the CPI-U, during the one year period ending in November 30 immediately preceding such calendar year. Effective January 1, 2026, and for all subsequent calendar years, the fixed fee shall be equal to either (a) the fixed fee for the immediately preceding calendar year, increased or decreased by the percentage change in the CPI-U, during the one year period ending on November 30 immediately preceding such calendar year, or (b) 2.5% of operating revenue, whichever is less. The foregoing annual fixed compensation shall be payable in equal monthly installments due on or before the last day of each month during such calendar year.

If ASM satisfies all the minimum performance criteria described within the agreement, ASM is also eligible for a high achievement award as follows: (a) for each \$250,000 increment for which the net operating income exceeds the net operating income goal for the applicable calendar year, then ASM shall be eligible to receive an additional \$25,000; and (b) for each \$1,000,000 increment for which revenue exceeds the revenue goal described within the approved budget for the applicable calendar year, then ASM shall be eligible to receive an additional \$25,000.

Bottom line performance of the Convention Center is incorporated annually into the Authority's basic financial statements as Facility operations. During the year, ASM paid the Authority \$3.4 million and the receivable amount at fiscal year-end was \$754,949. ASM's base fees during the calendar year were \$399,715 and incentive fees were \$232,961.

In addition to the Authority's agreement with ASM, food and beverage operations are facilitated through a contract with Levy Premium Foodservice Limited Partnership (Levy). The initial five-year contract commenced on November 10, 2016. On February 28, 2021, the contract was extended through December 31, 2024. The Authority has an option to extend for up to three additional three-year terms by providing written notice at least 60 days prior to the end of the then-current term. The Authority also has the option to terminate the contract agreement at any time if Levy breaches any term of the agreement and the breach is not cured within 15 days or cannot be cured.

As base compensation for providing services, the Authority shall pay Levy a Base Management Fee equal to the lesser of (a) \$200,000 per contract year, or (b) 2.25% of gross receipts. The Base Management Fee will remain fixed during the initial term and will be reset, based on the consumer price index, at the beginning of any renewal term. In 2021, Levy had an opportunity to earn an Annual Incentive Fee, up to 2% of gross receipts each calendar year, not to exceed \$100,000. After 2021, Levy has an opportunity to earn an Annual Incentive Fee, up to 1.6% of gross receipts each contract year, not to exceed \$200,000. To earn the Annual Incentive Fee, certain minimum operating criteria must be met, as set forth in the agreement.

**B. Hotel**

On July 16, 2010, the Authority executed a hotel operating agreement with Hilton Management, LLC (Manager) to manage and operate the Hotel, consisting of approximately 532 hotel guest rooms, approximately 22,750 square feet of net usable meeting space, a ballroom of at least 12,000 square feet, a pedestrian skybridge connecting directly to the Convention Center and other supporting facilities associated therewith. The term of the hotel operating agreement commenced on the opening date and was to continue for a period of 15 years from the date from and after the opening date.

**FRANKLIN COUNTY CONVENTION FACILITIES AUTHORITY**  
**NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED**  
 FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

**8. FACILITY OPERATOR AGREEMENTS – CONTINUED**

On December 4, 2019, the Authority executed an amended and restated hotel operating agreement with Hilton Management, LLC, effective January 1, 2020, to engage the hotel operator to continue its management and operation of the hotel, including the management and operation of the new hotel tower. The initial operating term of the amended and restated hotel operating agreement will commence on January 1, 2020 and continue until October 18, 2027. Upon the expansion opening date, the operating term shall be automatically extended to expire on the date that is twenty-three years from and after the expansion opening date.

*Base Management Fee* – The base management fee shall mean an amount equal to a percentage of total operating revenue as follows:

Date of this Agreement until the Expansion Opening Date	3.00% of Total Operating Revenues
Expansion Opening Date through the First Full Year of Operations after the Expansion Opening Date	2.50% of Total Operating Revenues
Second Full Year of Operations after the Expansion Opening Date	2.75% of Total Operating Revenues
Third Full Year of Operations after the Expansion Opening Date and thereafter	3.00% of Total Operating Revenues

*Subordinate Management Fee* – The subordinate management fee shall mean an amount equal to a percentage of total operating revenue as follows:

Date of this Agreement until the Expansion Opening Date	1.00% of Total Operating Revenues
Expansion Opening Date through the First Full Year of Operations after the Expansion Opening Date	0.50% of Total Operating Revenues
Second Full Year of Operations after the Expansion Opening Date	0.75% of Total Operating Revenues
Third Full Year of Operations after the Expansion Opening Date and thereafter	1.00% of Total Operating Revenues

The Subordinate Management Fee will be subordinated to certain other payments as provided for in the amended hotel operating agreement.

**FRANKLIN COUNTY CONVENTION FACILITIES AUTHORITY**  
**NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED**  
 FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

**8. FACILITY OPERATOR AGREEMENTS - CONTINUED**

C. Arena

On March 28, 2012, the Authority entered into an Arena Management Agreement with Columbus Arena Management LLC (CAM) to manage and operate Nationwide Arena. The agreement provided that CAM be responsible for the financial results of the Arena operations effective January 1, 2012.

The Arena Management Agreement requires the Authority to provide a pre-determined annual funding amount to be used for Arena operational expenses to the extent casino tax revenues are available. For calendar year 2023, the Authority contributed approximately \$5.6 million.

**9. VACATION, SICK AND PERSONAL LEAVE**

Authority employees are granted vacation, sick, and personal leave at amounts which vary by length of service. In the event of termination, employees are reimbursed for accumulated vacation and personal leave, along with a percentage of their sick leave balance based on years of service at the employee's current wage.

Vacation, sick, and personal leave earned by the Authority's employees has been recorded in the Convention Center Fund. The Authority calculates sick leave based on the termination method. Payment of vacation, sick, and personal leave is dependent upon many factors; therefore, timing of future payments is not readily determinable. However, management believes the payment of vacation and sick leave will not have a material adverse impact on the availability of the Authority's cash balances.

Changes in compensated absences balances for the fiscal year are as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Earned	Used	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
Calendar Year 2023	\$ 300,590	\$ 131,138	\$ (147,898)	\$ 283,830	\$ 127,844

**FRANKLIN COUNTY CONVENTION FACILITIES AUTHORITY**  
**NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED**  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

**10. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN**

The Statewide retirement systems provide both pension benefits and other postemployment benefits (OPEB).

*Net Pension Liability/Net OPEB Liability (Asset)*

Pensions and OPEB are a component of exchange transactions – between an employer and its employees — of salaries and benefits for employee services. Pensions are provided to an employee—on a deferred-payment basis—as part of the total compensation package offered by an employer for employee services each financial period.

The net pension/OPEB liability (asset) represents the Authority’s proportionate share of each pension/OPEB plan’s collective actuarial present value of projected benefit payments attributable to past periods of service, net of each pension/OPEB plan’s fiduciary net position. The net pension/OPEB liability (asset) calculation is dependent on critical long-term variables, including estimated average life expectancies, earnings on investments, cost of living adjustments and others. While these estimates use the best information available, unknowable future events require adjusting this estimate annually.

Ohio Revised Code limits the Authority’s obligation for the liability to annually required payments. The Authority cannot control benefit terms or the manner in which pensions/OPEB are financed; however, the Authority does receive the benefit of employees’ services in exchange for compensation including pension and OPEB.

GASB 68/75 assumes the liability is solely the obligation of the employer, because (1) they benefit from employee services; and (2) State statute requires funding to come from these employers. All pension contributions to date have come solely from these employers (which also includes pension costs paid in the form of withholdings from employees). The retirement systems may allocate a portion of the employer contributions to provide for these OPEB benefits. In addition, health care plan enrollees pay a portion of the health care costs in the form of a monthly premium. State statute requires the retirement systems to amortize unfunded pension liabilities within 30 years. If the pension amortization period exceeds 30 years, each retirement system’s board must propose corrective action to the State legislature. Any resulting legislative change to benefits or funding could significantly affect the net pension/OPEB liability (asset). Resulting adjustments to the net pension/OPEB liability (asset) would be effective when the changes are legally enforceable. The Ohio Revised Code permits, but does not require the retirement systems to provide healthcare to eligible benefit recipients.

The proportionate share of each plan’s unfunded benefits is presented as a long-term *net pension liability* and *net OPEB liability (asset)* on the accrual basis of accounting. Any liability for the contractually-required pension/OPEB contributions outstanding at the end of the year is included in *accrued liabilities and other* on both the accrual basis of accounting.

The remainder of this note includes the pension disclosures. See Note 11 for the OPEB disclosures.

**FRANKLIN COUNTY CONVENTION FACILITIES AUTHORITY**  
**NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED**  
 FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

**10. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN - CONTINUED**

***Plan Description – Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS)***

Plan Description – Authority employees participate in the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS). OPERS is a cost-sharing, multiple employer public employee retirement system which administers three separate pension plans. The traditional pension plan is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. The member-directed plan is a defined contribution plan and the combined plan is a combination cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit/defined contribution pension plan. Effective January 1, 2022, new members may no longer select the Combined Plan, and current members may no longer make a plan change to this plan. Participating employers are divided into state, local, law enforcement and public safety divisions. While members in the state and local divisions may participate in all three plans, law enforcement and public safety divisions exist only within the traditional plan. Substantially all employee members are in OPERS’ traditional plan; therefore, the following disclosure focuses on the traditional pension plan.

OPERS provides retirement, disability, survivor and death benefits, and annual cost of living adjustments to members of the traditional and combined plans. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Chapter 145 of the Ohio Revised Code. OPERS issues a stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about OPERS’ fiduciary net position that may be obtained by visiting <https://www.opers.org/financial/reports.shtml>, by writing to the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System, 277 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-4642, or by calling 800-222-7377.

Senate Bill (SB) 343 was enacted into law with an effective date of January 7, 2013. In the legislation, members in the traditional and combined plans were categorized into three groups with varying provisions of the law applicable to each group. The following table provides age and service requirements for retirement and the retirement formula applied to final average salary (FAS) for the three member groups under the traditional and combined plans as per the reduced benefits adopted by SB 343 (see OPERS Annual Comprehensive Financial Report referenced above for additional information, including requirements for reduced and unreduced benefits):

<b>Group A</b>	<b>Group B</b>	<b>Group C</b>
Eligible to retire prior to January 7, 2013 or five years after January 7, 2013	20 years of service credit prior to January 7, 2013 or eligible to retire ten years after January 7, 2013	Members not in other Groups and members hired on or after January 7, 2013
<b>State and Local</b>	<b>State and Local</b>	<b>State and Local</b>
<b>Age and Service Requirements:</b> Age 60 with 60 months of service credit or Age 55 with 25 years of service credit	<b>Age and Service Requirements:</b> Age 60 with 60 months of service credit or Age 55 with 25 years of service credit	<b>Age and Service Requirements:</b> Age 57 with 25 years of service credit or Age 62 with 5 years of service credit
<b>Traditional Plan Formula:</b> 2.2% of FAS multiplied by years of service for the first 30 years and 2.5% for service years in excess of 30	<b>Traditional Plan Formula:</b> 2.2% of FAS multiplied by years of service for the first 30 years and 2.5% for service years in excess of 30	<b>Traditional Plan Formula:</b> 2.2% of FAS multiplied by years of service for the first 35 years and 2.5% for service years in excess of 35

Final average Salary (FAS) represents the average of the three highest years of earnings over a member’s career for Groups A and B. Group C is based on the average of the five highest years of earnings over a member’s career.

**FRANKLIN COUNTY CONVENTION FACILITIES AUTHORITY**  
**NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED**  
 FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

**10. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN - CONTINUED**

Members who retire before meeting the age and years of service credit requirement for unreduced benefits receive a percentage reduction in the benefit amount. The amount of a member's pension benefit vests upon receipt of the initial benefit payment.

When a benefit recipient has received benefits for 12 months, the member is eligible for an annual cost of living adjustment (COLA). This COLA is calculated on the base retirement benefit at the date of retirement and is not compounded. For those who retired prior to January 7, 2013, the cost-of-living adjustment is 3 percent. For those retiring on or after January 7, 2013, beginning in calendar year 2019, the adjustment is based on the average percentage increase in the Consumer Price Index, capped at 3 percent.

Funding Policy - The Ohio Revised Code (ORC) provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions as follows:

	State and Local
<b>2023 Statutory Maximum Contribution Rates</b>	
Employer	14.0 %
Employee	10.0 %
 <b>2023 Actual Contribution Rates</b>	
Employer:	
Pension	14.0 %
Post-employment Health Care Benefits	0.0
Total Employer	14.0 %
Employee	10.0 %

Employer contribution rates are actuarially determined and are expressed as a percentage of covered payroll. The Authority's contractually required contribution was \$132,651 for 2023. Of this amount, \$19,463 is reported as accrued liabilities and other.



**FRANKLIN COUNTY CONVENTION FACILITIES AUTHORITY**  
**NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED**  
 FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

**10. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN - CONTINUED**

*Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions*

The net pension liability for OPERS was measured as of December 31, 2022, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The Authority's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the Authority's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating entities. Following is information related to the proportionate share and pension expense:

	OPERS
Proportion of the Net Pension Liability:	
Current Measurement Period	0.005784%
Prior Measurement Period	0.005977%
Change in Proportion	-0.000193%
Proportionate Share of the Net	
Pension Liability	\$ 1,708,596
Pension Expense	\$ 258,169

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**FRANKLIN COUNTY CONVENTION FACILITIES AUTHORITY**  
**NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED**  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

**10. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN - CONTINUED**

Other than contributions made subsequent to the measurement date and differences between projected and actual earnings on investments; deferred inflows/outflows of resources are recognized in pension expense beginning in the current period, using a straight line method over a closed period equal to the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees that are provided with pensions, determined as of the beginning of the measurement period. Net deferred inflows/outflows of resources pertaining to the differences between projected and actual investment earnings are similarly recognized over a closed five year period. At December 31, 2023, the Authority reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	OPERS
<b>Deferred Outflows of Resources</b>	
Net Difference between Projected and Actual	
Earnings on Pension Plan Investments	\$ 487,006
Differences between Expected and	
Actual Experience	56,752
Changes of Assumptions	18,051
Changes in Proportionate Share and	
Differences in Contributions	11,323
Authority Contributions Subsequent	
to the Measurement Date	132,651
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$ 705,783
<b>Deferred Inflows of Resources</b>	
Changes in Proportionate Share and	
Differences in Contributions	\$ 20,380
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$ 20,380

\$132,651 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pension resulting from Authority contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending December 31, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending December 31:	OPERS
2024	\$ 63,646
2025	107,189
2026	143,347
2027	238,570
Total	\$ 552,752

**FRANKLIN COUNTY CONVENTION FACILITIES AUTHORITY**  
**NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED**  
 FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

**10. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN - CONTINUED**

*Actuarial Assumptions – OPERS*

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and cost trends. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review or modification as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation. The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2022, using the following key actuarial assumptions and methods applied to all periods included in the measurement in accordance with the requirements of GASB 67:

	<u>OPERS Traditional Plan</u>
Wage Inflation	2.75 percent
Future Salary Increases, including inflation	2.75 to 10.75 percent including wage inflation
COLA or Ad Hoc COLA:	
Pre-January 7, 2013 Retirees	3.00 percent, simple
Post-January 7, 2013 Retirees	3.00 percent, simple through 2023, then 2.05 percent, simple
Investment Rate of Return	6.90 percent
Actuarial Cost Method	Individual Entry Age

Pre-retirement mortality rates are based on 130 percent of the Pub-2010 General Employee Mortality tables (males and females) for State and Local Government divisions. Post-retirement mortality rates are based on 115 percent of the PubG-2010 Retiree Mortality Tables (males and females). Post-retirement mortality rates for disabled retirees are based on the PubNS-2010 Disabled Retiree Mortality Tables (males and females). For all of the previously described tables, the base year is 2010 and mortality rates for a particular calendar year are determined by applying the MP-2020 mortality improvement scales (males and females) to all of these tables.

The most recent experience study was completed for the five-year period ended December 31, 2020.

During 2022, OPERS managed investments in three investment portfolios: the Defined Benefit portfolio, the Health Care portfolio, and the Defined Contribution portfolio. The Defined Benefit portfolio contains the investment assets for the Traditional Pension Plan, the defined benefit component of the Combined Plan and the annuitized accounts of the Member-Directed Plan. Within the Defined Benefit portfolio contributions into the plans are all recorded at the same time, and benefit payments all occur on the first of the month. Accordingly, the money-weighted rate of return is considered to be the same for all plans within the portfolio. The annual money-weighted rate of return expressing investment performance, net of investment expenses and adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested, for the Defined Benefit portfolio was a loss of 12.10 percent for 2022.

**FRANKLIN COUNTY CONVENTION FACILITIES AUTHORITY**  
**NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED**  
 FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

**10. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN - CONTINUED**

The allocation of investment assets with the Defined Benefit portfolio is approved by the Board of Trustees as outlined in the annual investment plan. Plan assets are managed on a total return basis with a long-term objective of achieving and maintaining a fully funded status for the benefits provided through the defined benefit pension plans. The long-term expected rate of return on defined benefit investment assets was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected real rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage, adjusted for inflation. Best estimates of geometric rates of return were provided by the Board's investment consultant. For each major class that is included in the Defined Benefit portfolio's target asset allocation as of December 31, 2022, these best estimates are summarized below:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Weighted Average Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return (Geometric)
Fixed Income	22.00%	2.62%
Domestic Equities	22.00	4.60
Real Estate	13.00	3.27
Private Equity	15.00	7.53
International Equities	21.00	5.51
Risk Parity	2.00	4.37
Other investments	5.00	3.27
Total	<u>100.00%</u>	

**Discount Rate** The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability for the current year was 6.9 percent. The discount rate for the prior year was 7.2 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members and those of the contributing employers are made at the contractually required rates, as actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefits payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

**Sensitivity of the Authority's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate** The following table presents the Authority's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 6.9 percent, as well as what the Authority's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one-percentage-point lower (5.9 percent) or one-percentage-point higher (7.9 percent) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease	Current Discount Rate	1% Increase
Authority's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$ 2,559,420	\$ 1,708,596	\$ 1,000,863

**FRANKLIN COUNTY CONVENTION FACILITIES AUTHORITY**  
**NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED**  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

**11. DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLAN**

*Net OPEB Liability*

See Note 10 for a description of the net OPEB liability.

*Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS)*

Plan Description – The Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS) administers three separate pension plans: the traditional pension plan, a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan; the member-directed plan, a defined contribution plan; and the combined plan, a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that has elements of both a defined benefit and defined contribution plan. Substantially all employee members are in OPERS’ traditional plan; therefore, the following disclosure focuses on the traditional pension plan.

OPERS maintains a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit post-employment health care trust. The 115 Health Care Trust (115 Trust or Health Care Trust) was established in 2014, under Section 115 of the Internal Revenue Code (IRC). The purpose of the 115 Trust is to fund health care. Medicare-enrolled retirees may have an allowance deposited into a health reimbursement arrangement (HRA) account to be used toward the health care program of their choice selected with the assistance of an OPERS vendor. Non-Medicare retirees have converted to an arrangement similar to the Medicare-enrolled retirees, and are no longer participating in OPERS provided self-insured group plans.

With one exception, OPERS-provided health care coverage is neither guaranteed nor statutorily required. Ohio law currently requires Medicare Part A equivalent coverage or Medicare Part A premium reimbursement for eligible retirees and their eligible dependents.

OPERS offers a health reimbursement arrangement (HRA) allowance to benefit recipients meeting certain age and service credit requirements. The HRA is an account funded by OPERS that provides tax free reimbursement for qualified medical expenses such as monthly post-tax insurance premiums, deductibles, co-insurance, and co-pays incurred by eligible benefit recipients and their dependents.

OPERS members retiring with an effective date of January 1, 2022, or after must meet the following health care eligibility requirements to receive an HRA allowance:

**Medicare Retirees** Medicare-eligible with a minimum of 20 years of qualifying service credit

**Non-Medicare Retirees** Non-Medicare retirees qualify based on the following age-and-service criteria:

*Group A* 30 years of qualifying service credit at any age;

*Group B* 32 years of qualifying service credit at any age or 31 years of qualifying service credit and minimum age 52;

**FRANKLIN COUNTY CONVENTION FACILITIES AUTHORITY**  
**NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED**  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

**11. DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLAN – CONTINUED**

*Group C* 32 years of qualifying service credit and minimum age 55; or,

A retiree from groups A, B or C who qualifies for an unreduced pension, but a portion of their service credit is not health care qualifying service, can still qualify for health care at age 60 if they have at least 20 years of qualifying health care service credit.

Retirees who don't meet the requirement for coverage as a non-Medicare participant can become eligible for coverage at age 65 if they have at least 20 years of qualifying service.

Members with a retirement date prior to January 1, 2022, who were eligible to participate in the OPERS health care program will continue to be eligible after January 1, 2022.

Eligible retirees may receive a monthly HRA allowance for reimbursement of health care coverage premiums and other qualified medical expenses. Monthly allowances, based on years of service and the age at which the retiree first enrolled in OPERS coverage, are provided to eligible retirees, and are deposited into their HRA account.

Retirees will have access to the OPERS Connector, which is a relationship with a vendor selected by OPERS to assist retirees participating in the health care program. The OPERS Connector may assist retirees in selecting and enrolling in the appropriate health care plan.

When members become Medicare-eligible, recipients enrolled in OPERS health care programs must enroll in Medicare Part A (hospitalization) and Medicare Part B (medical).

OPERS reimburses retirees who are not eligible for premium-free Medicare Part A (hospitalization) for their Part A premiums as well as any applicable surcharges (late-enrollment fees). Retirees within this group must enroll in Medicare Part A and select medical coverage, and may select prescription coverage, through the OPERS Connector. OPERS also will reimburse 50 percent of the Medicare Part A premium and any applicable surcharges for eligible spouses. Proof of enrollment in Medicare Part A and confirmation that the retiree is not receiving reimbursement or payment from another source must be submitted. The premium reimbursement is added to the monthly pension benefit.

The Ohio Revised Code permits but does not require OPERS to provide health care to its eligible benefit recipients. Authority to establish and amend health care coverage is provided to the Board in Chapter 145 of the Ohio Revised Code.

Disclosures for the health care plan are presented separately in the OPERS financial report. Interested parties may obtain a copy by visiting <https://www.opers.org/financial/reports.shtml>, by writing to OPERS, 277 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-4642, or by calling (614) 222-5601 or 800-222-7377.

Funding Policy - The Ohio Revised Code provides the statutory authority allowing public employers to fund postemployment health care through their contributions to OPERS. When funding is approved by OPERS Board of Trustees, a portion of each employer's contribution to OPERS is set aside to fund OPERS health care plans. Beginning in 2018, OPERS no longer allocated a portion of its employer contributions to health care.

**FRANKLIN COUNTY CONVENTION FACILITIES AUTHORITY**  
**NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED**  
 FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

**11. DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLAN – CONTINUED**

Employer contribution rates are expressed as a percentage of the earnable salary of active members. In 2023, state and local employers contributed at a rate of 14.0 percent of earnable salary and public safety and law enforcement employers contributed at 18.1 percent. These are the maximum employer contribution rates permitted by the Ohio Revised Code. Active member contributions do not fund health care.

Each year, the OPERS Board determines the portion of the employer contribution rate that will be set aside to fund health care plans. For 2023, OPERS did not allocate any employer contribution to health care for members. The OPERS Board is also authorized to establish rules for the retiree or their surviving beneficiaries to pay a portion of the health care provided. Payment amounts vary depending on the number of covered dependents and the coverage selected.

Employer contribution rates are actuarially determined and are expressed as a percentage of covered payroll. The Authority had no contractually required contribution for 2023.

***Net OPEB Liability (Asset), OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB***

The net OPEB liability and total OPEB liability for OPERS were determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2021, rolled forward to the measurement date of December 31, 2022, by incorporating the expected value of health care cost accruals, the actual health care payment, and interest accruals during the year. The Authority's proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on the Authority's share of contributions to the retirement plan relative to the contributions of all participating entities. Following is information related to the proportionate share and OPEB expense:

	OPERS
Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability:	
Current Measurement Period	0.005844%
Prior Measurement Period	0.006052%
Change in Proportion	-0.000208%
Proportionate Share of the Net	
OPEB Liability	\$ 36,848
OPEB Expense	\$ (73,178)

**FRANKLIN COUNTY CONVENTION FACILITIES AUTHORITY**  
**NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED**  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

**11. DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLAN – CONTINUED**

At December 31, 2023, the Authority reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	OPERS
<b>Deferred Outflows of Resources</b>	
Net Difference between Projected and Actual	
Earnings on OPEB Plan Investments	\$ 73,181
Changes of Assumptions	35,990
Changes in Proportionate Share and	
Differences in Contributions	1,853
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$ 111,024
 <b>Deferred Inflows of Resources</b>	
Differences between Expected and	
Actual Experience	\$ 9,191
Changes of Assumptions	2,961
Changes in Proportionate Share and	
Differences in Contributions	133
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$ 12,285

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ending December 31:	OPERS
2024	\$ 13,854
2025	26,713
2026	22,819
2027	35,353
Total	\$ 98,739

***Actuarial Assumptions – OPERS***

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the values of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and cost trends. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review or modification as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.



**FRANKLIN COUNTY CONVENTION FACILITIES AUTHORITY**  
**NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED**  
 FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

**11. DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLAN – CONTINUED**

Projections of health care costs for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of coverage provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of costs between OPERS and plan members. The total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2021, rolled forward to the measurement date of December 31, 2022. The actuarial valuation used the following key actuarial assumptions and methods applied to all prior periods included in the measurement in accordance with the requirements of GASB 74:

	<u>December 31, 2022</u>	<u>December 31, 2021</u>
Wage Inflation	2.75 percent	2.75 percent
Projected Salary Increases,	2.75 to 10.75 percent	2.75 to 10.75 percent
	including wage inflation	including wage inflation
Single Discount Rate	5.22 percent	6.00 percent
Investment Rate of Return	6.00 percent	6.00 percent
Municipal Bond Rate	4.05 percent	1.84 percent
Health Care Cost Trend Rate	5.50 percent, initial	5.50 percent, initial
	3.50 percent, ultimate in 2036	3.50 percent, ultimate in 2034
Actuarial Cost Method	Individual Entry Age	Individual Entry Age

Pre-retirement mortality rates are based on 130 percent of the Pub-2010 General Employee Mortality tables (males and females) for State and Local Government divisions. Post-retirement mortality rates are based on 115 percent of the PubG-2010 Retiree Mortality Tables (males and females). Post-retirement mortality rates for disabled retirees are based on the PubNS-2010 Disabled Retiree Mortality Tables (males and females). For all of the previously described tables, the base year is 2010 and mortality rates for a particular calendar year are determined by applying the MP-2020 mortality improvement scales (males and females) to all of these tables.

The most recent experience study was completed for the five-year period ended December 31, 2020.

During 2022, OPERS managed investments in three investment portfolios: the Defined Benefit portfolio, the Health Care portfolio and the Defined Contribution portfolio. The Health Care portfolio includes the assets for health care expenses for eligible members. Within the Health Care portfolio, if any contributions are made into the plans, the contributions are assumed to be received continuously throughout the year based on the actual payroll payable at the time contributions are made. Health care-related payments are assumed to occur mid-year. Accordingly, the money-weighted rate of return is considered to be the same for all plans within the portfolio. The annual money-weighted rate of return expressing investment performance, net of investment expenses and adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested, for the Health Care portfolio was a loss of 15.6 percent for 2022.

**FRANKLIN COUNTY CONVENTION FACILITIES AUTHORITY**  
**NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED**  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

**11. DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLAN – CONTINUED**

The allocation of investment assets within the Health Care portfolio is approved by the Board of Trustees as outlined in the annual investment plan. Assets are managed on a total return basis with a long-term objective of continuing to offer a sustainable health care program for current and future retirees. OPERS’ primary goal is to achieve and maintain a fully funded status for the benefits provided through the defined pension plans. Health care is a discretionary benefit. The long-term expected rate of return on health care investment assets was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future rates of return are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage, adjusted for inflation. Best estimates of geometric rates of return were provided by the Board’s investment consultant. For each major asset class that is included in the Health Care’s portfolio’s target asset allocation as of December 31, 2022, these best estimates are summarized in the following table:

<u>Asset Class</u>	<u>Target Allocation</u>	<u>Weighted Average Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return (Geometric)</u>
Fixed Income	34.00%	2.56%
Domestic Equities	26.00	4.60
Real Estate Investment Trust	7.00	4.70
International Equities	25.00	5.51
Risk Parity	2.00	4.37
Other Investments	<u>6.00</u>	1.84
Total	<u>100.00%</u>	

**Discount Rate** A single discount rate of 5.22 percent was used to measure the OPEB liability on the measurement date of December 31, 2022; however, the single discount rate used at the beginning of the year was 6 percent. Projected benefit payments are required to be discounted to their actuarial present value using a single discount rate that reflects (1) a long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments (to the extent that the health care fiduciary net position is projected to be sufficient to pay benefits), and (2) tax-exempt municipal bond rate based on an index of 20-year general obligation bonds with an average AA credit rating as of the measurement date (to the extent that the contributions for use with the long-term expected rate are not met). This single discount rate was based on an expected rate of return on the health care investment portfolio of 6.00 percent and a municipal bond rate of 4.05 percent (Fidelity Index’s “20-Year Municipal GO AA Index”). The projection of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate assumed that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rate. Based on these assumptions, the health care fiduciary net position and future contributions were sufficient to finance health care costs through 2054. As a result, the actuarial assumed long-term expected rate of return on health care investments was applied to projected costs through the year 2054, and the municipal bond rate was applied to all health care costs after that date.

**FRANKLIN COUNTY CONVENTION FACILITIES AUTHORITY**  
**NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED**  
 FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

**11. DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLAN – CONTINUED**

***Sensitivity of the Authority’s Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate*** The following table presents the Authority’s proportionate share of the net OPEB liability calculated using the single discount rate of 5.22 percent, as well as what the Authority’s proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one-percentage-point lower (4.22 percent) or one-percentage-point higher (6.22 percent) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease	Current Discount Rate	1% Increase
Authority's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$ 125,412	\$ 36,848	\$ (36,233)

***Sensitivity of the Authority’s Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Health Care Cost Trend Rate*** Changes in the health care cost trend rate may also have a significant impact on the net OPEB liability or asset. The following table presents the net liability or asset calculated using the assumed trend rates, and the expected net OPEB liability or asset if it were calculated using a health care cost trend rate that is 1.0 percent lower or 1.0 percent higher than the current rate.

Retiree health care valuations use a health care cost-trend assumption that changes over several years built into the assumption. The near-term rates reflect increases in the current cost of health care; the trend starting in 2023 is 5.50 percent. If this trend continues for future years, the projection indicates that years from now virtually all expenditures will be for health care. A more reasonable alternative is the health plan cost trend will decrease to a level at, or near, wage inflation. On this basis, the actuaries project premium rate increases will continue to exceed wage inflation for approximately the next decade, but by less each year, until leveling off at an ultimate rate, assumed to be 3.50 percent in the most recent valuation.

	1% Decrease	Current Trend Rate	1% Increase
Authority's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability	\$ 34,538	\$ 36,848	\$ 39,447

**12. JOINT VENTURE**

On March 28, 2012, the Authority, COLHOC Limited Partnership (COLHOC), Nationwide Arena, LLC (Nationwide), and The Ohio State University (Ohio State) formed Columbus Arena Management, LLC (CAM), a limited liability company, to operate, manage, maintain, repair and improve Nationwide Arena (Arena), and to serve as a joint undertaking to share expenses in connection therewith.

The Authority has entered into a long-term Arena Management Agreement with CAM. The agreement requires the Authority to provide a pre-determined annual funding amount to be used for Arena operational expenses and capital improvements. These funding amounts are scheduled to increase 3.5% per year for the term of the agreement, which expires September 15, 2039. The Authority’s obligation to provide these annual funding amounts are contingent upon receiving sufficient proceeds from the City of Columbus and Franklin County based on a percentage of casino receipts. Such amounts are currently and projected to continue to be insufficient to provide the necessary funding to the Authority and thus resulting in the Authority’s inability to adequately fund capital improvements and debt service.

**FRANKLIN COUNTY CONVENTION FACILITIES AUTHORITY**  
**NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED**  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

**12. JOINT VENTURE - CONTINUED**

For calendar year 2023, the Authority's required and actual annual funding amounts were as follows:

<u>Description</u>	<u>Required Funding Amount</u>	<u>Actual Funding Amount</u>
Operational Expenses	\$ 5,560,681	\$ 5,560,681
Land Lease Expense	165,000	165,000
Real Estate Tax Reserve	381,684	381,684
Capital Improvements	10,488,604	1,403,779
Debt Service	3,812,317	-
Total Receipts from City and County:		<u>\$ 7,511,144</u>

COLHOC, Nationwide, and Ohio State are required to contribute towards any operating deficit exceeding the Authority's annual funding amount plus any available operating reserves established from prior years' operating surpluses. These priority and extraordinary contributions would be made on an annual basis and COLHOC, Nationwide, and Ohio State each would contribute a proportionate share, except that Ohio State is not obliged to make aggregate contributions exceeding \$7 million. This commitment extends until September 15, 2039.

Operating surpluses in any fiscal year will be allocated (1) to reimburse extraordinary contributions from prior fiscal years; (2) to fund an operating reserve account to the target amount, currently \$6 million; (3) to reimburse priority contributions from prior fiscal years; and (4) to the Authority for the purpose of the advancement and promotion of arena, convention facilities, and sports purposes in the Franklin County, Ohio area. At June 30, 2023 (most recent audited information available), CAM's operating reserve account balance was \$3,028,646. CAM financial statements were audited independently and are available upon request.

**13. DISAGGREGATED PAYABLE BALANCES**

The details of accrued liabilities and other, as reported in the Statement of Net Position, are as follows:

	<u>Convention Center Fund</u>	<u>Hotel Fund</u>	<u>Arena Fund</u>
Accrued Salaries Payable	\$ 33,267	\$ -	\$ -
Accrued Pension and Taxes Payable	30,491	-	-
Accrued Property Taxes Payable	186,698	35,000	586,000
Accrued Interest	-	70,820	-
Unearned Revenue - Leases	14,583	-	-
Unearned Revenue - Grants	975,000	-	-
Accrued liabilities and other	<u>\$ 1,240,039</u>	<u>\$ 105,820</u>	<u>\$ 586,000</u>

**FRANKLIN COUNTY CONVENTION FACILITIES AUTHORITY**  
**NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED**  
 FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

**14. INTERFUND ACTIVITY**

During the year, the Authority committed hotel/motel tax related to the Hilton to debt service in the Hotel Fund as well as a significant amount towards the Hilton Hotel Expansion Project. Interfund transfers in the amount of \$1,881,122 and \$29,952,167 from the Convention Center Fund to the Hotel Fund during the calendar year are the result of these commitments, respectively. In addition, the Authority transferred funds in the amount of \$217,223 from the Convention Center Fund to the Arena Fund. This amount represents expenses related to the Arena Fund that the Convention Center Fund does not expect to receive reimbursement.

**15. LEASE PAYABLE**

On July 16, 2012, the Authority entered into a lease agreement with Norfolk Southern Railway Company (Norfolk) under which the Authority leases land from Norfolk. The initial term of the lease agreement commenced on July 1, 2012 and expired on June 30, 2017. The Authority has the right to renew the lease for five periods of five years each and one final renewal term of ten years. The Authority also has the right to purchase the leased land after the expiration date of the third renewal term, or June 30, 2032, for a total purchase price of \$900,000. As of December 31, 2023, the Authority intends to exercise the purchase option.

The future lease payments were discounted based on the Authority's incremental borrowing rate. This discount is being amortized using the interest method over the life of the lease. As summary of future principal and interest payments is as follows:

Year	Principal	Interest	Total
2024	\$ 11,056	\$ 26,944	\$ 38,000
2025	11,357	26,643	38,000
2026	11,667	26,333	38,000
2027	14,984	26,016	41,000
2028	15,393	25,607	41,000
2029-2032	924,878	98,122	1,023,000
	<u>\$ 989,335</u>	<u>\$ 229,665</u>	<u>\$ 1,219,000</u>

**16. RISK MANAGEMENT**

The Authority is subjected to certain types of risks in the performance of its normal functions. They include risks the Authority might be subjected to by its employees in the performance of their normal duties. The Authority manages these types of risks through commercial insurance. The amount of settlements has not exceeded insurance coverage for any of the past three calendar years. There has not been a significant reduction of coverage since the prior year in any of the major categories of risk.

**17. CONTINGENCIES**

The Authority has received federal and state grants for specific purposes that are subject to review and audit by the grantor agencies or their designees. Such audits could lead to request for reimbursement to the grantor agency for expenditures disallowed under the terms of the grant.

**FRANKLIN COUNTY CONVENTION FACILITIES AUTHORITY**  
**NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED**  
 FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

**18. ASSET RETIREMENT OBLIGATIONS**

The Bureau of Underground Storage Tank Regulations (BUSTR) regulates petroleum and hazardous substances stored in underground storage tanks. These regulations are included in Ohio Administrative Code (OAC) Section 1301-7-9 and require an Authority classified as an “owner” or “operator,” to remove from the ground any underground storage tank (UST) that is not in use for a year or more. A permit must first be obtained for that year it is not being used. Once the UST is removed, the soil in the UST cavity and excavated material must be tested for contamination.

In accordance with OAC Section 1301-7-9, and applicable accounting standards, the Authority has recognized an asset retirement obligation (ARO) of \$100,000 associated with the Authority’s two underground storage tanks, as estimated by the Authority. The estimated remaining useful life of these USTs ranges from 16 to 43 years. The Authority is not aware of any legally required funding or assurance provisions associated with these ARO’s.

**19. CONTRACTUAL COMMITMENTS**

At calendar year-end, the Authority had the following outstanding contractual commitments:

Vendor	Contract	Contract Amount	Amount Outstanding
Turner/Smoot Construction	Construction Services - Hotel Expansion	\$ 249,246,538	\$ 1,263,049
Heapy Engineering	Engineering Services - Air Handlers	125,000	16,760
Speer Mechanical	South Facility air handlers and installation	1,659,663	1,659,663
Trane	North Facility chillers (equipment)	1,862,706	1,862,706
CMTA	Engineering Services - HVAC upgrades	285,900	105,900

The outstanding balance noted above represents the difference between the contract amount and total services completed and stored to-date through the end of the year.

**20. IMPLEMENTATION OF NEW ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES**

For the year ended December 31, 2023, the Authority has implemented GASB Statement No. 93, paragraphs 13 and 14, *Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates*, GASB Statement No. 94, *Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Available Payment Arrangements*, GASB Statement No. 96, *Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements*, and certain provisions of GASB Statement No. 99, *Omnibus 2022*.

GASB Statement No. 93, paragraphs 13 and 14, provide an exception to the lease modifications guidance in GASB Statement No. 87, as amended, for certain lease contracts that are amended solely to replace an IBOR as the rate upon which variable payments depend. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 93 paragraphs 13 and 14, did not have an effect on the financial statements of the Authority.

**FRANKLIN COUNTY CONVENTION FACILITIES AUTHORITY**  
**NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED**  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

**20. IMPLEMENTATION OF NEW ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES - CONTINUED**

GASB Statement No. 94 improves financial reporting by establishing the definitions of public-private and public-public partnership arrangements and availability payment arrangements as well as provides uniform guidance on accounting and financial reporting for transactions that meet the definitions. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 94 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the Authority.

GASB Statement No. 96 improves financial reporting by establishing a definition for subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITAs) and providing uniform guidance for accounting and financial reporting for transactions that meet that definition. The statement also enhances the relevance and reliability of the financial statements by requiring a government to report a subscription asset and subscription liability for a SBITA and discloses essential information about the arrangement. The note disclosures also allow the users to understand the scale and important aspects of the SBITA activities and evaluate the obligations and assets resulting from the SBITAs. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 96 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the Authority.

GASB Statement No. 99 enhances comparability in accounting and financial reporting and improves the consistency of authoritative literature by addressing (1) practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements and (2) accounting and financial reporting for financial guarantees. The implementation of certain provisions of GASB Statement No. 99 that relate to extension of LIBOR, accounting for SNAP distributions, disclosures of nonmonetary transactions, and pledges of future revenues by pledging governments, did not have an effect on the financial statements of the Authority.

**Franklin County Convention Facilities Authority  
Required Supplementary Information  
Schedule of Authority's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)  
Ohio Public Employees Retirement System**

**Last Ten Years**

	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>
Authority's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)										
Traditional Plan	0.005784%	0.005977%	0.005658%	0.005979%	0.006004%	0.006097%	0.005651%	0.005442%	0.006048%	0.006048%
Combined Plan	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	0.002450%	0.041750%	N/A	N/A
Authority's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)										
Traditional Plan	\$ 1,708,596	\$ 520,023	\$ 837,827	\$ 1,181,790	\$ 1,644,374	\$ 956,501	\$ 1,283,246	\$ 942,623	\$ 729,456	\$ 712,980
Combined Plan	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	\$ (1,363)	\$ (20,316)	N/A	N/A
Authority's Covered Payroll	\$ 972,671	\$ 913,814	\$ 873,486	\$ 917,757	\$ 887,229	\$ 876,262	\$ 809,767	\$ 900,158	\$ 743,942	\$ 603,300
Authority's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	175.66%	56.91%	95.92%	128.77%	185.34%	109.16%	158.30%	102.46%	98.05%	118.18%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability (Asset)										
Traditional Plan	75.74%	92.62%	86.88%	82.17%	74.70%	84.66%	77.25%	81.08%	86.45%	86.36%
Combined Plan	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	116.55%	116.90%	N/A	N/A

Amounts presented as of the Authority's measurement date, which is the prior year-end.

See accompanying notes to the required supplementary information.



**Franklin County Convention Facilities Authority  
Required Supplementary Information  
Schedule of Authority Pension Contributions  
Ohio Public Employees Retirement System**

**Last Ten Years**

	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>
Contractually Required Contribution	\$ 132,651	\$ 136,174	\$ 127,934	\$ 122,288	\$ 128,486	\$ 124,212	\$ 113,914	\$ 97,172	\$ 108,019	\$ 89,273
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	<u>\$ 113,188</u>	<u>\$ 136,174</u>	<u>\$ 127,934</u>	<u>\$ 122,288</u>	<u>\$ 128,486</u>	<u>\$ 124,212</u>	<u>\$ 113,914</u>	<u>\$ 97,172</u>	<u>\$ 108,019</u>	<u>\$ 89,273</u>
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	<u>\$ 19,463</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
Covered Payroll	\$ 947,507	\$ 972,671	\$ 913,814	\$ 873,486	\$ 917,757	\$ 887,229	\$ 876,262	\$ 809,767	\$ 900,158	\$ 743,942
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%	13.00%	12.00%	12.00%	12.00%

See accompanying notes to the required supplementary information.

**Franklin County Convention Facilities Authority  
Required Supplementary Information  
Schedule of Authority's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset)  
Ohio Public Employees Retirement System**

**Last Seven Years (1)**

	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>
Authority's Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	0.0058440%	0.0060520%	0.0057320%	0.0060490%	0.0060920%	0.0061800%	0.0058505%
Authority's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$ 36,848	\$ (189,558)	\$ (102,120)	\$ 835,524	\$ 794,253	\$ 671,102	\$ 590,916
Authority's Covered Payroll	\$ 972,671	\$ 913,814	\$ 873,486	\$ 917,757	\$ 887,229	\$ 876,262	\$ 809,767
Authority's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	3.79%	-20.74%	-11.69%	91.04%	89.52%	76.59%	72.97%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability	94.79%	128.23%	115.57%	47.80%	46.33%	54.14%	54.05%

(1) Information prior to 2017 is not available.

Amounts presented as of the Authority's measurement date, which is the prior year-end.

See accompanying notes to the required supplementary information.

**Franklin County Convention Facilities Authority  
Required Supplementary Information  
Schedule of Authority OPEB Contributions  
Ohio Public Employees Retirement System**

**Last Ten Years**

	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>
Contractually Required Contribution	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 8,763	\$ 16,195	\$ 18,003	\$ 14,879
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 8,763</u>	<u>\$ 16,195</u>	<u>\$ 18,003</u>	<u>\$ 14,879</u>
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
Covered Payroll	\$ 947,507	\$ 972,671	\$ 913,814	\$ 873,486	\$ 917,757	\$ 887,229	\$ 876,262	\$ 809,767	\$ 900,158	\$ 743,942
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	1.00%	2.00%	2.00%	2.00%

See accompanying notes to the required supplementary information.

**FRANKLIN COUNTY CONVENTION FACILITIES AUTHORITY**

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information

For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

**NOTE 1 - NET PENSION LIABILITY**

***Changes in Assumptions – OPERS***

Amounts reported incorporate changes in discount rate used in calculating the total pension liability as follows:

	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>
Discount Rate	6.90%	7.20%	7.20%	7.50%	8.00%

Calendar year 2017 reflects an adjustment of the rates of withdrawal, disability, retirement and mortality to more closely reflect actual experience. The expectation of retired life mortality was based on RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant mortality table and RP-2014 Disabled mortality table. Wage inflation rate was also reduced from 3.25 percent to 2.75 percent.

***Changes in Benefit Terms – OPERS***

In October 2020, the OPERS Board adopted a change in COLA for post-January 7, 2013 retirees, changing it from 1.40 percent simple through 2020 then 2.15 simple to 0.5 percent simple through 2021 then 2.15 percent simple.

In October 2019, the OPERS Board adopted a change in COLA for post-January 7, 2013 retirees, changing it from 3.00 percent simple through 2018 then 2.15 simple to 1.4 percent simple through 2020 then 2.15 percent simple.

**NOTE 2 - NET OPEB LIABILITY (ASSET)**

***Changes in Assumptions - OPERS***

Amounts reported incorporate changes in key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total OPEB liability as presented as follows:

<u>Assumption</u>	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>
Discount Rate	5.22%	6.00%	6.00%	3.16%	3.96%	3.85%
Municipal Bond Rate	4.05%	1.84%	2.00%	2.75%	3.71%	3.31%
Health Care Cost Trend Rate	5.50%	5.50%	8.50%	10.50%	10.00%	7.50%

For calendar year 2019, the investment rate of return decreased from 6.50 percent to 6.00 percent.

***Changes in Benefit Terms – OPERS***

For calendar year 2022, the cost of living adjustments decreased from 2.20 percent simple to 2.05 percent simple.

**FRANKLIN COUNTY CONVENTION FACILITIES AUTHORITY**

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information  
For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

For calendar year 2021, the cost of living adjustments decreased from 3.00 percent simple to 2.20 percent simple.

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# OHIO AUDITOR OF STATE KEITH FABER



65 East State Street  
Columbus, Ohio 43215  
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800-282-0370

## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Franklin County Convention Facilities Authority  
Franklin County  
400 North High Street, 4<sup>th</sup> Floor  
Columbus, Ohio 43215

To the Board of Directors:

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*), the financial statements of the business-type activities, and each major fund of the Franklin County Convention Facilities Authority, Franklin County, (the Authority) as of and for the year ended December 31, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Authority's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated May 29, 2024.

### ***Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting***

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Authority's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the Authority's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

***Report on Compliance and Other Matters***

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Authority's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

***Purpose of This Report***

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Authority's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.



Keith Faber  
Auditor of State  
Columbus, Ohio

May 29, 2024



# OHIO AUDITOR OF STATE KEITH FABER



**FRANKLIN COUNTY CONVENTION FACILITIES AUTHORITY**

**FRANKLIN COUNTY**

**AUDITOR OF STATE OF OHIO CERTIFICATION**

This is a true and correct copy of the report, which is required to be filed pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in the Office of the Ohio Auditor of State in Columbus, Ohio.



**Certified for Release 6/13/2024**

65 East State Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215  
Phone: 614-466-4514 or 800-282-0370

This report is a matter of public record and is available online at  
[www.ohioauditor.gov](http://www.ohioauditor.gov)