SPRINGFIELD LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

LUCAS COUNTY, OHIO

SINGLE AUDIT

For the year ended June 30, 2024





65 East State Street Columbus, Ohio 43215 ContactUs@ohioauditor.gov 800-282-0370

Board of Education Springfield Local School District 6900 Hall Street Holland, Ohio 43528

We have reviewed the *Independent Auditor's Report* of the Springfield Local School District, Lucas County, prepared by Charles E. Harris & Associates, Inc., for the audit period July 1, 2023 through June 30, 2024. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them.

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. The Springfield Local School District is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.

Keith Faber Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

March 20, 2025



SPRINGFIELD LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

LUCAS COUNTY, OHIO SINGLE AUDIT

For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

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SPRINGFIELD LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT LUCAS COUNTY SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

(Prepared by Management)

FEDERAL GRANTOR Pass Through Grantor Program / Cluster Title	Federal AL Number	Pass Through Entity Identifying Number	Total Federal Expenditures
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE			
Nutrition Cluster			
Passed Through Ohio Department of Education			
Cash Assistance:	40.555	N1/A	Φ 000.404
National School Lunch Program	10.555	N/A	\$ 822,134
School Breakfast Program National School Lunch Program - COVID-19	10.553 10.555	N/A N/A	215,860 1,848
Direct Program	10.555	IN/A	1,040
Non-Cash Assistance			
National School Lunch Program (Commodities - Note E)	10.555	N/A	159,954
Total Nutrition Cluster			1,199,796
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			1,199,796
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION			
Passed Through Ohio Department of Education			
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	048223-CISI	948,945
Special Education Cluster:			
Special Education - Grants to States (IDEA, Part B)	84.027	048223-6BSF	1,222,360
IDEA B - Preschool Grant	84.173	H173A150119-2024	21,252
Total Special Education Cluster			1,243,612
Title II-A, Impr Teacher Quality	84.367	048223-TRSI-2023	12,784
Title II-A, Impr Teacher Quality	84.367	048223-TRSI-2024	139,685
Total Title II-A			152,469
Student Support Academic Enrichment	84.424	N/A	107,159
ARP ESSER - COVID-19 Education Stabilization Fund	84.425U	N/A	1,973,967
Total U.S. Department of Education			4,426,152
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF THE TREASURY Passed Through Ohio Department of Education			
Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds	21.027	N/A	133,094
Total U.S. Department of the Treasury			133,094
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			\$ 5,759,042

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this schedule.

SPRINGFIELD LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT LUCAS COUNTY

NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS 2 CFR 200.510(b)(6)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

(Prepared by Management)

NOTE A – BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (the Schedule) includes the federal award activity of the Springfield Local School District (the District) under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2024. The information on this Schedule is prepared in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position or changes in net position of the District.

NOTE B – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the cash basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance), wherein certain types of expenditures may or may not be allowable or may be limited as to reimbursement.

NOTE C - INDIRECT COST RATE

The District has elected not to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

NOTE D – CHILD NUTRITION CLUSTER

The District commingles cash receipts from the U.S. Department of Agriculture with similar State grants. When reporting expenditures on this Schedule, the District assumes it expends federal monies first.

NOTE E - FOOD DONATION PROGRAM

The District reports commodities consumed on the Schedule at the entitlement value. The District allocated donated food commodities to the respective program that benefitted from the use of those donated food commodities.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN <u>ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS</u>

Springfield Local School District Lucas County 6924 Spring Valley Dr. Holland, Ohio 43528

To the Board of Education:

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Springfield Local School District, Lucas County, Ohio (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated December 23, 2024.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purposes of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the District's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Springfield Local School District
Lucas County
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over
Financial Report and on Compliance and Other Matters
Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in
Accordance with Government Auditing Standards
Page 2

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Charles Having Assaciation

Charles E. Harris & Associates, Inc. December 23, 2024

Phone - (216) 575-1630 Fax - (216) 436-2411

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO THE MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Springfield Local School District Lucas County 6924 Spring Valley Dr. Holland, Ohio 43528

To the Board of Education:

Report on Compliance for the Major Federal Program

Opinion on the Major Federal Program

We have audited the Springfield Local School District, Lucas County, Ohio's (the District) compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on the major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2024. The District's major federal program is identified in the *Summary of Auditor's Results* section of the accompanying Schedule of Findings.

In our opinion, the District complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on its major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2024.

Basis for Opinion on the Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS); the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*); and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for the major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

The District's management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the District's federal programs.

Springfield Local School District
Lucas County
Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance with Requirements
Applicable to the Major Federal Program and on Internal Control
Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance
Page 2

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the District's compliance with the requirements of the major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, Government Auditing Standards, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- obtain an understanding of the District's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to
 design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control
 over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion
 on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is
 expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Springfield Local School District
Lucas County
Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance with Requirements
Applicable to the Major Federal Program and on Internal Control
Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance
Page 3

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance* section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of this testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Report on Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Required by the Uniform Guidance

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. We issued our report thereon dated December 23, 2024, which contained unmodified opinions on those financial statements. Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (Schedule) is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the Uniform Guidance and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The Schedule is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records management used to prepare the basic financial statements. We subjected this Schedule to the auditing procedures we applied to the basic financial statements. We also applied certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling this Schedule directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Schedule is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Charles Having Assaciation

Charles E. Harris & Associates, Inc. December 23, 2024

SPRINGFIELD LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT LUCAS COUNTY

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS 2 CFR § 200.515 JUNE 30, 2024

1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

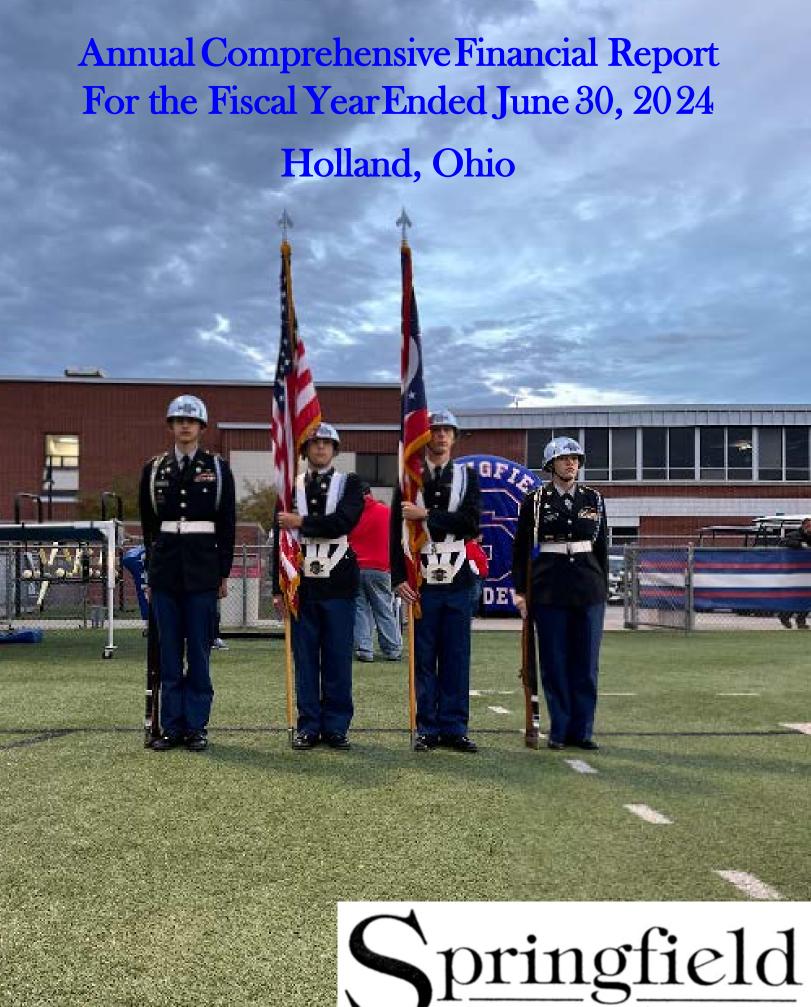
(d)(1)(i)	Type of Financial Statement Opinion	Unmodified
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any material weaknesses in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iii)	Was there any reported material noncompliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any material weaknesses in internal control reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(v)	Type of Major Programs' Compliance Opinion	Unmodified
(d)(1)(vi)	Are there any reportable findings under 2 CFR § 200.516(a)?	No
(d)(1)(vii)	Major Program (list):	Special Education – (IDEA, Part B) – AL #84.027 IDEA B – Preschool Grant AL #84.173
(d)(1)(viii)	Dollar Threshold: Type A\B Programs	Type A: > \$ 750,000 Type B: all others
(d)(1)(ix)	Low Risk Auditee under 2 CFR §200.520?	Yes

2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

None

3. FINDINGS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

None



Springfield

Local Schools

ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT

OF THE

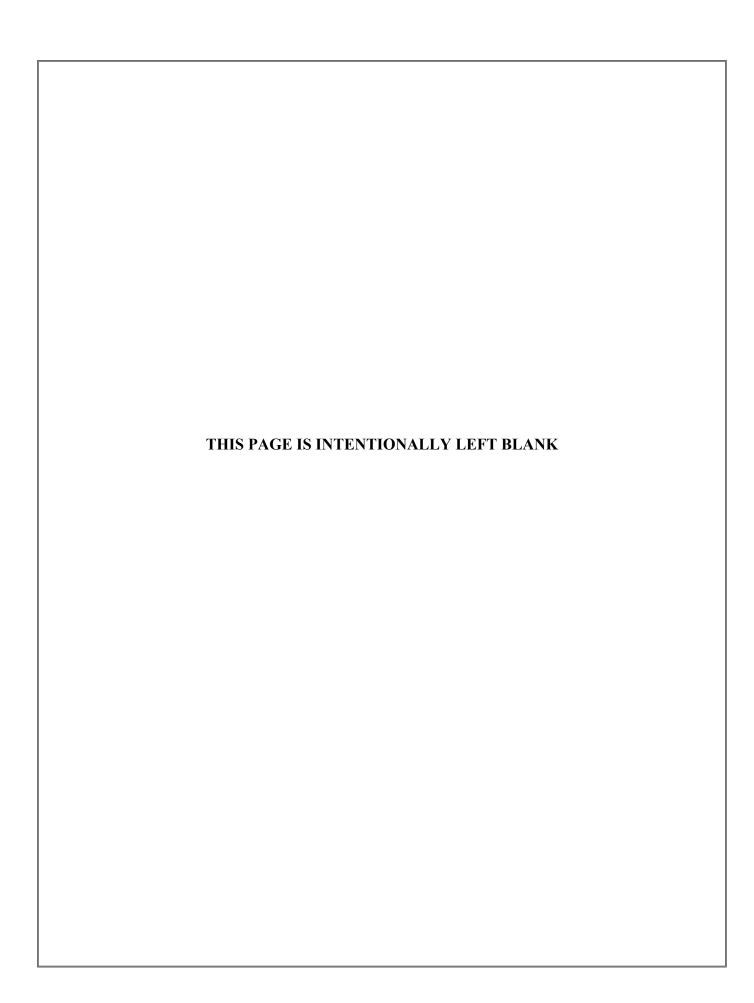
SPRINGFIELD LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

FOR THE

FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

PREPARED BY
TREASURER'S DEPARTMENT
P. RYAN LOCKWOOD, III, TREASURER

6900 HALL STREET HOLLAND, OHIO 43528



SPRINGFIELD LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT LUCAS COUNTY, OHIO

ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

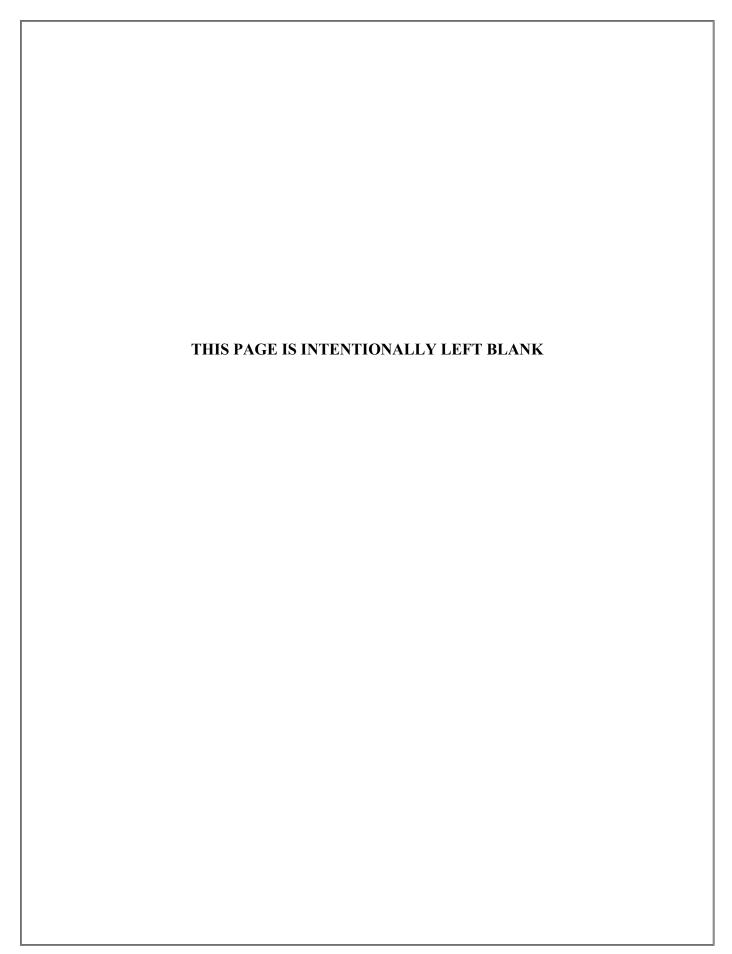
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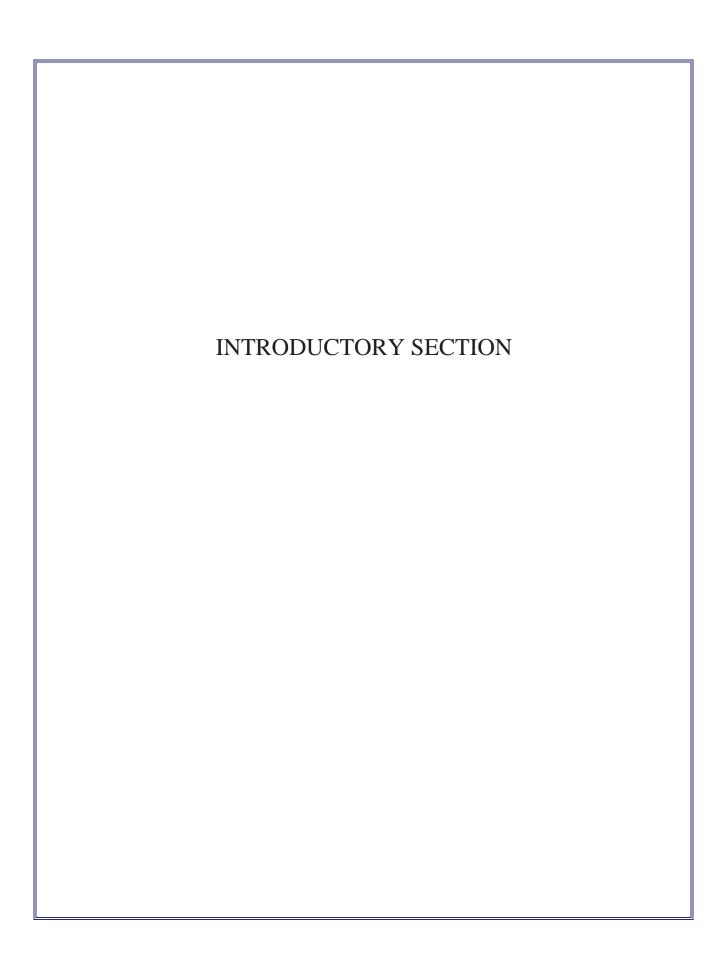
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Central Administrative Office 6900 Hall Street Holland, Ohio 43528 Telephone: 419-867-5600 Fax: 419-867-5700

www.springfieldlocalschools.net

December 23, 2024

Board of Education Members and Citizens of the Springfield Local School District:

As the Treasurer/CFO of the Springfield Local School District (the "District"), I am pleased to submit to you the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) issued by the District. This report provides full disclosure of the financial operation of the District for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024. This ACFR, which includes an opinion from the State of Ohio Auditor who performed the District's audit, conforms to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applicable to governmental entities. The responsibility for the accuracy of the data presented and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the District. This report will provide the taxpayers of the District with comprehensive financial data in a format which will enable them to gain an understanding of the District's financial affairs. Copies will be made available to the Chamber of Commerce, major taxpayers, the public library, financial rating services, and other interested parties.

The District is located in Northwestern Ohio just south of the Michigan-Ohio border and is comprised of the Village of Holland, Springfield Township, a portion of the City of Toledo, and a portion of the City of Maumee, which are all part of Lucas County. As a suburb of Toledo, Holland/Springfield Township is basically a residential community with a broad service-based economy. Socioeconomic indicators continue to describe Holland/Springfield Township as an affluent community with housing values and income levels well above State and county norms.

The District provides a full range of educational programs and services. These include elementary and secondary curriculum offerings at the general, college preparatory and vocational levels, and a broad range of co-curricular and extracurricular activities, and special education services. In addition, the District provides state-financed assistance to non-public schools located within its boundaries. This assistance is accounted for in a non-major governmental fund. The District currently serves 3,522 students in grades PreK-12. The District's facilities include three elementary schools, one intermediate school, one middle school, one high school and one administrative building. Additional building information can be found in the statistical section of this report.

Statutorily, the District operates under standards prescribed by the Ohio State Board of Education as provided in division (D) of Section 3301.07 and Section 119.01 of the Ohio Revised Code for the purpose of providing educational services authorized by charter and further mandated by State and/or Federal agencies.

A five member Board of Education (the "Board") serves as the taxing authority, contracting body and policy maker for the District. The Board adopts the annual operating budget and approves all expenditures of District monies.

The Superintendent is the chief administrative officer of the District, responsible for both education and support operations. The Treasurer/CFO is the chief financial officer of the District, responsible for maintaining records of all financial matters, issuing warrants in payment of liabilities incurred by the District, acting as custodian of all District funds, and investing idle funds as specified by Ohio law.

Other Board appointed officials include directors of various educational and support services and building principals.

THE REPORTING ENTITY

The District has reviewed its reporting entity definition in order to ensure conformance with the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 14, "The Financial Reporting Entity" as amended by GASB Statement No. 39 "Determining Whether Certain Organizations are Component Units" and GASB Statement No. 61, "The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus an Amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 34". In evaluating how to define the District for financial reporting purposes, management has considered all agencies, departments, and organizations making up the District (the primary government) and its potential component units. The District has no component units nor is it a component unit of any other governmental entity.

The District participates in certain organizations that are defined as jointly governed organizations. These organizations include the Northwest Ohio Computer Association (NWOCA) and the Penta County Career Center. These organizations are presented in Note 15 to the basic financial statements.

QUALITY IN EDUCATION

The District strives to maintain quality schools that not only reflect the philosophy of a community but help to maintain property values as well. While the emphasis is on the educational program itself, the District continues to maintain expectations for excellence in our students, staff, and programs. We feel it is appropriate to briefly review some of the District's quality benchmarks that define the foundation upon which the success of our programs are built.

Curriculum Development. The District has developed a comprehensive K-12 curriculum that includes intervention, assessment, gifted, and special-needs programs, along with a full range of college preparatory coursework. The curriculum is dynamic, undergoing regular reviews, additions, and revisions to ensure it remains relevant and effective. Our commitment to continuous improvement ensures that we provide a guaranteed and viable curriculum, offering equal learning opportunities for all students.

In alignment with Science of Reading legislation, all core curriculum programs and interventions are designed to reflect evidence-based literacy practices. Assessment plays a pivotal role in shaping the curriculum, measuring not only student progress but also evaluating the effectiveness of the District's goals and objectives in meeting student needs. Committees engage in research, pilot programs, evaluate outcomes, and provide recommendations for curriculum updates, ensuring our approach is forward-thinking. Clear and measurable goals are established, focusing on critical needs to enhance student achievement in alignment with District and building objectives.

Textbooks. Classroom and electronic textbooks are selected to mirror State and national standards. Periodically, committees in K-12 continue to research the viability of electronic textbooks across all subject areas. The District utilizes EdReports, Ohio Materials Matter, and the Instructional Materials Evaluation Tool to support the decision-making process regarding instructional materials.

Technology. All of the schools are part of a fiber optic network that provides District networking capabilities and quick Internet access. Due to the COVID-19 pandemic, the District worked feverishly to provide a K-12 Chromebook environment in the later part of fiscal year 2020. This included utilizing Chromebooks in grades 6-12 for daily remote instruction. The K-5 environment was weekly packet based and parents could download student work or pickup physical copies at their student's respective building.

The District employs various strategies to seamlessly integrate technology into the curriculum. Educators participate in training sessions to familiarize themselves with new technologies and learn how to incorporate them into their teaching methods effectively. Teachers have the opportunity to undergo Google Certification, a program designed to equip them with valuable skills and knowledge in utilizing Google tools and applications for educational purposes.

We reevaluate the curriculum to incorporate technology seamlessly. This may involve identifying areas where technology can enhance learning and integrating relevant tools and resources. The District adopted digital learning platforms and management systems that facilitate communication, collaboration, and the distribution of educational materials.

For students in grades P-3, Seesaw serves as our Learning Management System, offering a user-friendly platform. In grades 4-12, Google Classroom is used, providing a comprehensive environment with features like online assignments, discussion forums, and multimedia resources to enhance the learning experience.

The District leverages online resources and open educational materials to supplement traditional textbooks. This provides students with a diverse range of materials and allows for more up-to-date content. Technology is integrated into the assessment process, with online quizzes, automated grading systems, and data analytics providing insights into student performance. We utilize several assessment platforms such as Edulastic to create common formative assessments in grades 6-12.

Wireless access was added to all facilities and upper grade level buildings are allowing students to bring their own devices for education. The District is switching from SmartBoard technology to Clevertouch technology. The interactive Clevertouch solutions can be made mobile and utilized in multiple classrooms without the use of a projector. The District has moved forward with a district-wide integration of free Google software at all grade levels – this includes learning new products necessary for remote instruction such as Google Meet and Google Classroom. The District also has integrated STEAM (science, technology, engineering, art, and mathematics) throughout the K-12 environment. During class, students build skills in each of the five STEAM areas to both raise achievement in the areas of science and math and to create interest in a future STEAM career through engineering design challenges.

Class Size. There is an average of 20 students per class in grades K through 5. The class size for grades 6 - 12 is dependent upon the class offered and ranges from 7 - 30 students. This range compares very favorably among comparable districts across the State as well as other districts in the area.

Staff Development. A diverse range of opportunities is provided to ensure that our staff stays abreast of the latest methodologies and technologies. This includes District in-service training, university courses, and collaborations with various educational associations and entities. Across grades PreK-12, the District is dedicated to training teachers in the fundamental principles of PBIS (Positive Behavior Intervention & Supports), the Ohio Improvement Process (BLT/TBTs) and MTSS (Multi-tiered System of Supports) to foster inclusive educational environments.

We continue to provide K-12 teachers with professional development centered on the Science of Reading and dyslexia through programs such as Brainspring Learning (Phonics First), UFLI Foundations, Lindamood Bell (LIPs Program) and Imagine Learning (Sonday System). This training deepens their expertise in literacy instruction, focusing on evidence-based practices and multisensory intervention strategies that emphasize the cognitive processes involved in reading. By enhancing their understanding of the Science of Reading and dyslexia, educators are better equipped to implement effective strategies, address diverse learning needs, and foster the development of literacy skills in their students. This professional development ensures that teachers remain up to date with the latest research and best practices in literacy instruction, ultimately enriching the overall learning experience for students.

Springfield Local Schools uses both internal and external experts to facilitate professional development sessions. Teacher leaders and members of the leadership team are often selected to facilitate sessions. Several external experts have also been contacted for professional development services including:

- Bowling Green State University (Trauma Informed Practices)
- UFLI Foundations
- Lindamood-Bell (LIPs Training)
- Educator Resources (Learning and the Brain)
- Renaissance Learning (HQSD)
- Brainspring (Phonics First)
- Imagine Learning (Sonday System Reading Intervention)
- North Point Educational Service Center
- Lucas County Educational Service Center
- State Support Team
- The Toledo Zoo (Project PRAIRIE)

Comprehensive Support for Special Needs. Through the efforts of many, the District is prepared to meet the needs of all students, but extra attention has been given to ensure that the District provides an outstanding and comprehensive special-needs and gifted program, along with interventions for identified students in specific areas. In grades K-12, the District is invested in the integration providing access to core instruction through a multi-tiered systems of supports. The District also prescribes to a multi-tier support system through the MTSS (Multi-tiered Systems of Support) Framework and P.B.I.S. (Positive Behavior Intervention System).

ECONOMIC CONDITIONS AND OUTLOOK

The District's population has increased slightly over the last five years. The latest tax return data shows the District has approximately 26,632 personal exemptions, correlating closely to the number of district residents. Student population has seen a slight decrease over the last few years. Average federal adjusted gross income per tax return is at approximately \$81,111. The District also has a Federally Adjusted Gross Income (FAGI) rank of 129, making Springfield Local Schools one of the wealthier districts in the State of Ohio. Although the adjusted gross income has decreased, the ranking value has remained in the low 100's over the last few years.

Growth in commercial development has started to thin out the past year. Commercial real estate transfers and new-construction have remained minimally increasing to stagnant mainly caused by higher interest rates. The Airport Highway corridor, running right through the middle of District, continues to see some small construction growth and usually has no issues with business replacements after a business departure or closure. The District's Art Van Furniture store closed in early 2020 but was replaced by Love's Furniture almost immediately. Unfortunately, the COVID-19 pandemic caused Love's Furniture to file for bankruptcy in January of 2021. However, the store reopened as a Value City Furniture in late 2021. Home Goods and Party City recently opened up in the Spring Meadows shopping complex. The national craft and home goods retail chain, Hobby Lobby, opened up a new store in 2018. Over the last few years, the Airport Highway corridor has also welcomed many new food service-related chains including Chick-Fila, Culver's, Domino's Pizza, Jimmy John's, Panda Express, and Noodles & Company. In the last year, the Airport Highway corridor saw construction begin of the Toledo Area's second Raising Cane's restaurant franchise. Hoopla, the leading supplier of digital media content to libraries across the world, started construction on a new facility in Springfield Township in 2015. Building permit data has remained steady, but the estimated value of new construction has increased substantially in the last five years.

The District partnered with Springfield Township to help bring an interstate interchange to the Dorr Street corridor of the township. Construction off the Interstate 475/23 expressway was completed in August of 2021. Construction began on one of the Toledo area's first Sheetz gas stations and convenience stores which has expanded northward from the Columbus market. This marks the start of a new commercial establishment in this area and other business entities are starting to follow. This has the potential to make the Dorr Street corridor resemble the Central Avenue corridor to the north and the Airport Highway corridor to the south. Both Central Avenue and Airport Highway are flush with commercial activity including many retail shopping and dining establishments.

The economic condition of the District remains stable, but the District is remaining ever cautious for the future. This is due mainly to the fact that the District lies in an affluent community with a small commercial tax base, which traditionally eliminates fluctuations in revenue sources due to changes in the business climate. The District has seen small year over year increases in property valuations. Although below the historic high valuations from the late 2000's, the District received a rather substantial increase (14-16% for most areas) in total valuation when the Lucas County Auditor's office completed its most recent triennial update of all properties. The District was able to pass a much needed \$3.9 million emergency tax levy in May of 2015. This levy was renewed successfully in November of 2019 and will remain in effect for an additional five years. Fiscal Year 2025 marks the next needed renewal of the \$3.9 million emergency levy.

The State of Ohio continues to make changes to the traditional funding processes. This is due in part to the Ohio Supreme Court declaring the school funding system unconstitutional on four occasions, the Every Student Succeeds Act and funding formula revisions shown in House Bill 1, House Bill 153, and most recently the biennium budget bill. The District also faces reductions in State funding, including the elimination of State Fiscal Stabilization Funds and Public Utility Deregulation Replacement payments, and the phase-out of the Tangible Personal Property reimbursement.

The District has been fortunate to receive additional federal monies through the Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief (ESSER) Fund and the Coronavirus Relief Fund to help supplement some of the losses in state aid. These monies can be used for expenses occurring as early as March 2020. The District was forced in March of 2020 to transition, almost overnight, from an in-person education model to remote education model. Costs associated with moving to the remote model were offset by savings from the shutdown of facilities. The District returned to some normalcy for the 2021-2022 school year as it relates to in-person classroom attendance.

These factors contribute to the increasing burden on the public school districts to compete for tax payer dollars and student enrollment. In recent years, enrollment has remained fairly static and this trend is expected to continue into the foreseeable future. The total effect of the COVID-19 pandemic has yet to be fully recognized economically by the District. The immediate impact on learning loss and discipline are, however, starting to be felt. The effects of the pandemic will likely have a long-lasting consequence on public education in the State of Ohio.

SIGNIFICANT IMPACTS ON FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR: 2024

The 2023-2024 school year was another rebuilding year for academics after being sidetracked by the COVID-19 pandemic for the previous two years. In terms of education and instruction, the District worked hard to begin the remediation process for learning loss caused by the remote and hybrid instruction periods. The financial cost of remediation has been substantial, but the additional ESSER monies have helped to mitigate huge changes in the general fund. The District has had to continue to make purchases above and beyond pre-pandemic levels for things like cleaning supplies, safety supplies, and digital curriculum needs. Staffing shortages have also played havoc for daily operations as it relates to student transportation, food service operations, and classroom instruction.

The District saw an influx of students demanding remote instruction during and after the pandemic. In late 2021, the District purchased a facility to house the expanded Springfield Digital Academy. The new facility completed in the summer of 2023. The enrollment in the digital academy has constantly remained above 100 students. The 2023-2024 school year ended with an enrollment of 118 students in the program.

SIGNIFICANT ACCOMPLISHMENTS/EVENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR: 2024

Excellence and Accountability continue to be the underlying theme for the entire District. During the fiscal year 2022, the Board of Education, administration, staff, students, and community members worked at creating a Portrait of a Graduate marketing campaign. This campaign has helped define the key characteristics that should embody every graduate leaving the Springfield Local School District.

The key metrics are:

- 1. Adaptability
 - a. Learners will respond productively to feedback in order to negotiate and balance diverse views and beliefs to reach workable and flexible solutions.

2. Communication

- a. Learners will effectively articulate thoughts and ideas using all methods of communication skills to confidently inform, instruct, motivate, and persuade.
- b. Learners will listen effectively to acquire meaning, knowledge, values, attitudes, and intentions.
- c. Learners will recognize the importance of literacy in all forms of communication (written, oral, nonverbal, and digital).
- d. Learners will be nurtured and supported with the tools, respect and opportunities to use their voices.

3. Critical Thinking

a. Learners will process the collecting and studying of information that is backed by data to form a positive outcome that may need to be revisited as more details become available.

4. Integrity

a. Learners will earn others' trust and respect through honest, principled behaviors by consistently demonstrating care for the interests of the larger community and greater good.

5. Leadership

- a. Learners will consider, value, and respect others' opinions, beliefs, feelings, and cultures and be willing to make sacrifices for the good of others.
- b. Learners will recognize adversity and persevere with sensitivity, concern, and respect in order to build relationships with trust and compassion thereby creating an environment that empowers growth through collective strengths, ownership, and action.

6. Perseverance

a. Learners will believe in themselves enough to overcome adversity and embrace the opportunity to learn and grow from all experiences to make themselves a better person.

This campaign has created a universal logo that has been placed throughout the District. The logo has been embedded in everything from paper towel dispensers to email signatures. The logo showcases the strength and steadfastness of an old oak tree and recognizes the Springfield-Holland community as part of the overall Oak Openings region of Northwest Ohio. The top of the tree has the District's symbolic block "S" intertwined in the branches and the root structure branches out to the six key metrics mentioned above.

Academically, the District has focused attention on intervention programs for at-risk students in the full K-12 education spectrum. All of the schools have initiated appropriate interventions in alignment with District goals and continuous improvement plans. The high school has expended its college level opportunities for all students through the College Credit Plus option and additional advanced placement (AP) level courses. Work from these initiatives will raise the graduation standards for all District students in the years to come and will keep the District on the leading edge of initiating higher standards for all graduates.

The District worked very hard in fiscal year 2015 to pass a levy to provide financial stability to the District. After two failed attempts in 2014, the District was able to pass a \$3.9 million emergency levy in May of 2015. This money is being used to support the main initiatives of the District. In addition to the levy, the District had a performance audit completed by the Ohio Auditor of State's office. This audit provided many benchmarking opportunities to help compare the District to low cost leaders throughout Ohio public education. In many instances, the Springfield Local School District was at or below the operating costs of the recognized peers.

The District also continues to comply with new standards and mandates from the State and Federal levels, including the Every Student Succeeds Act.

MAJOR INITIATIVES FOR THE FUTURE

The District will continue to implement new courses of study in an ongoing effort to meet – and exceed - the national and State standards and the Common Core initiative to affect student outcomes in the retention of the excellence rating on the Ohio Report Card. Part of this effort is the continuation of a more rigorous high school program to better prepare students for the 21st Century workforce. Under the new State Report Card, the District is working hard towards "A" ratings in all categories and at all building levels.

Full implementation of the District Leadership Team initiatives will help keep the District focused on student learning through high-quality instruction, efficiency and effectiveness of District operations and vibrant school-community partnerships. The District has revamped its Springfield Digital Academy and is continuing to build upon the needs of students in our current pandemic-driven society. In August of 2021, the District purchased a new facility to accommodate the needs of the growing digital education community. The facility was completed at the beginning of Fiscal Year 2024. The facility currently houses a new career-based intervention program that allows students to earn high school credits while being gainfully employed. In addition to the career intervention program, the District partnered with the Penta Career Center to bring in a one of a kind phlebotomy classroom and lab area for those students looking to get into the medical field.

The District again brought safety and security into the forefront during the 2023-2024 school year. The District passed a renewal in November of 2023 of the permanent improvement levy with an increase dedicated strictly for safety and security updates to District facilities. The new money will be further used to better secure facilities and classrooms from those looking to do harm to students or staff over the next five years.

The District is committed to working with the Springfield Schools Foundation to help further implement technology initiatives in the classroom. Through ongoing fundraising opportunities, the Springfield Schools Foundation has been able to help fund grant opportunities for classroom technology and has financially supported large-scale initiatives to bring technology assisted interaction into the classroom. The Foundation is also looking at alternative means to raise funds to further support the District and its educational initiatives.

With the full implementation of these plans and directives, the District will remain poised to retain the full academic excellence and fiscal accountability standards that the community has come to expect of the District.

With the renewal of the levy in 2019, the District was able to maintain and add additional focus to student achievement that was previously focused on fiscal emergencies. The District mission, goals, and values have been updated to encompass an ever-changing student population and a diverse workforce.

LONG-TERM FINANCIAL PLANNING

As part of the District's long-term planning, the Treasurer/CFO prepares a five-year financial forecast. This document provides a snapshot of historical and projected revenues and expense over the next five years and is accompanied by financial assumption notes. The Board of Education reviews this document on a biannual basis for changes that might impact their financial decisions.

FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Internal Accounting and Budgetary Control. The District's accounting system is organized on a "fund" basis. Each fund is a distinct self-balancing accounting entity. Governmental fund operations are presented on the modified accrual basis, whereby revenues are recognized when measurable and available, and expenditures are recognized when goods and services are received.

In developing the District's accounting system, much consideration was given to the adequacy of internal accounting controls. Internal accounting controls are designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute assurance regarding the safeguarding of assets against loss from unauthorized use or disposition and the reliability of financial records for preparing financial statements and maintaining accountability for assets. The concept of reasonable assurance is based on the assumption that the cost of internal accounting controls should not exceed the benefits expected to be derived from the implementation.

The District utilizes a fully automated accounting system, as well as an automated system of control for capital assets and payroll. These systems, coupled with the manual auditing of each voucher prior to payment, ensure that the financial information generated is both accurate and reliable.

At the beginning of each fiscal year, the Board of Education adopts either a temporary appropriation measure or a permanent appropriation measure for that fiscal year. If a temporary appropriation is first adopted, the permanent appropriation measure must be adopted upon receipt from the County Auditor of an amended certificate of estimated resources based on final assessed values and tax rates, which is usually within the first three months of the fiscal year. Annual appropriations may not exceed the County Budget Commission's official estimate of resources. The County Auditor must certify that the Board of Education's appropriation measures, including any supplements or amendments, do not exceed the amount set forth in the latest of those official estimates.

All disbursements and transfers of cash between funds require appropriation authority from the Board. Budgets are controlled at the fund level of expenditures. All purchase order requests must be approved by the Superintendent and certified by the Treasurer/CFO; necessary funds are then encumbered and purchase orders released to vendors. Those requests which exceed the available appropriation are rejected until additional appropriations are secured.

The accounting system used by the District provides interim financial reports, which detail year-to-date expenditures and encumbrances versus the original appropriation, plus any additional appropriations made to date. In addition to interim financial statements, each administrator and school principal has electronic access to daily reports showing the status of the budget accounts for which they are responsible. As an additional safeguard, a blanket bond covers all employees, and a separate, higher limit bond covers certain individuals in policy-making roles. The basis of accounting, the basis of presentation of the District's various funds, and information on budgetary accounting can be found in Note 2 to the financial statements.

FINANCIAL REPORTING

The basic financial statements for reporting on the District's financial activities are as follows:

Government-wide financial statements: These statements are prepared on an accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the basis of accounting followed by business enterprises. The government-wide statements distinguish between those activities of the District that are governmental and those that are considered business-type activities. The District did not have any business-type activities.

Fund financial statements: These statements present information for individual major funds rather than by fund type. Non-major funds are presented in total in one column. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting and include a reconciliation to the governmental activities accrual information presented in the government-wide financial statements. Fiduciary funds use the accrual basis of accounting.

Schedule of budgetary comparisons: This schedule presents comparisons of actual information to the legally adopted budget. The budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The budgetary comparison for the general fund has been presented as required supplementary information and is not considered part of the basic financial statements.

Management is responsible for preparing a Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) of the District. This discussion appears after the Report of Independent Auditors in the financial section of this report. The MD&A provides an assessment of the District's finances for fiscal year 2024. The MD&A is intended to be read in conjunction with this letter of transmittal.

INDEPENDENT AUDIT

Provisions of State statute require the District's financial statements to be subjected to an annual audit by an independent auditor. Those provisions have been satisfied and the opinion of the District's independent auditor is included herein.

Pursuant to statute, the State prescribes a uniform accounting system to standardize accounting classification and financial reporting for all units of local education agencies in Ohio.

AWARDS

GFOA Certificate of Achievement - The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the Springfield Local School District for its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023. The Certificate of Achievement is the highest form of recognition in the area of governmental financial reporting. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government unit must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized Annual Comprehensive Financial Report that conforms to program standards. Such a report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements. A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe our current report continues to conform to the Certificate of Achievement program requirements and we are submitting it to GFOA.

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

The publication of this report significantly increases the accountability of the District to the taxpayers. This accomplishment would not have been possible without the support and efforts of the staff of the Treasurer's office and various administrators and employees of the District. Assistance of the County Auditor's office staff and other outside agencies made possible the fair presentation of statistical data.

Special appreciation is expressed to Julian & Grube, Inc. who provided technical assistance on this report. Finally, sincere appreciation is extended to the Board of Education for its interest in and support of this project.

Respectfully,

P. Ryan Lockwood III Treasurer/CFO

P. Rye Loch worth

Matt Geha Superintendent

Matt Seh

SPRINGFIELD LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT LUCAS COUNTY

PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS JUNE 30, 2024

BOARD OF EDUCATION

	Began Service as a Board Member	Present Term Expires
Everett Harris, President	January 1, 1971	December 31, 2025
Dr. Tonya Baldwin, Vice Pres.	January 1, 2022	December 31, 2025
Sherri Koback, Member	January 1, 2010	December 31, 2025
Kenneth Musch, President	January 1, 1981	December 31, 2027
Dr. Donald Sigman, Member	February 14, 2024	December 31, 2025

SUPERINTENDENT

The superintendent is the executive officer of the District and is responsible for administering policies adopted by the Board of Education. The superintendent is expected to provide leadership in all phases of policy formulation and is the chief advisor to the Board on all aspects of the educational program and total operation of the District. The Board appointed Mr. Matt Geha, Superintendent of the Springfield Local School District effective August 1, 2017. Mr. Geha has been with the District since 2004 and previously served in the capacity of Assistant Superintendent, Director of Federal Programs, and Middle School Principal.

TREASURER

The treasurer serves as the fiscal officer of the District and, with the Board president, executes all conveyances made by the Board of Education. The Board appointed P. Ryan Lockwood III, Treasurer/C.F.O. of the Springfield Local School District effective January 1, 2011.

ADMINISTRATIVE STAFF

Mr. Matt Geha

Mr. P. Ryan Lockwood III Mrs. Dana Falkenberg Mrs. Taryn Miley

Mr. Ryan Grooms Mrs. Paulette Baz Mrs. Kelly Hartbarger

Mr. Cory Cantu Mr. Scott Brooker Ms. Jamie Filipiak Mr. Dustin Hamilton Mrs. Elizabeth Harris Mr. Brett Warner Ms. Tayler Redinger Mrs. Jackie Yackee Mr. Robb Brown Mr. Kevin Rupp

Mrs. Hilary Steinmiller

Mr. Sean Enck

Mr. Andrew Screptock

Mr. Jeff Pendry
Mr. Andrew Ward
Mrs. Diana Bergman
Mr. Andrew Evans
Mrs. Jenna Moden
Mr. Oatis Amick
Dr. Justin Bryson
Mrs. Nelle Ratliff

Superintendent of Schools

Treasurer/C.F.O.

Assistant Superintendent of Operations/Personnel Assistant Supt. of Learning and Instruction/Director

of Instruction and Curriculum, K-5

Director of Instruction and Curriculum, 6-12

Director of Federal Programs
Special Education Coordinator

Director of Technology Director of Transportation Director of Food Service Director of Maintenance Director of Health Services Director of Safety Services

Community Liaison Assistant Treasurer

Springfield High School Principal
Springfield High School Asst. Principal
Springfield High School Asst. Principal
Springfield High School Asst. Principal
Springfield High School Athletic Director
Springfield Middle School Principal
Springfield Middle School Asst. Principal

Springfield Middle School Asst. Principal

Holland Intermediate Principal Holland Intermediate Asst. Principal

Crissey Elementary Principal Dorr Elementary Principal Holloway Elementary Principal



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

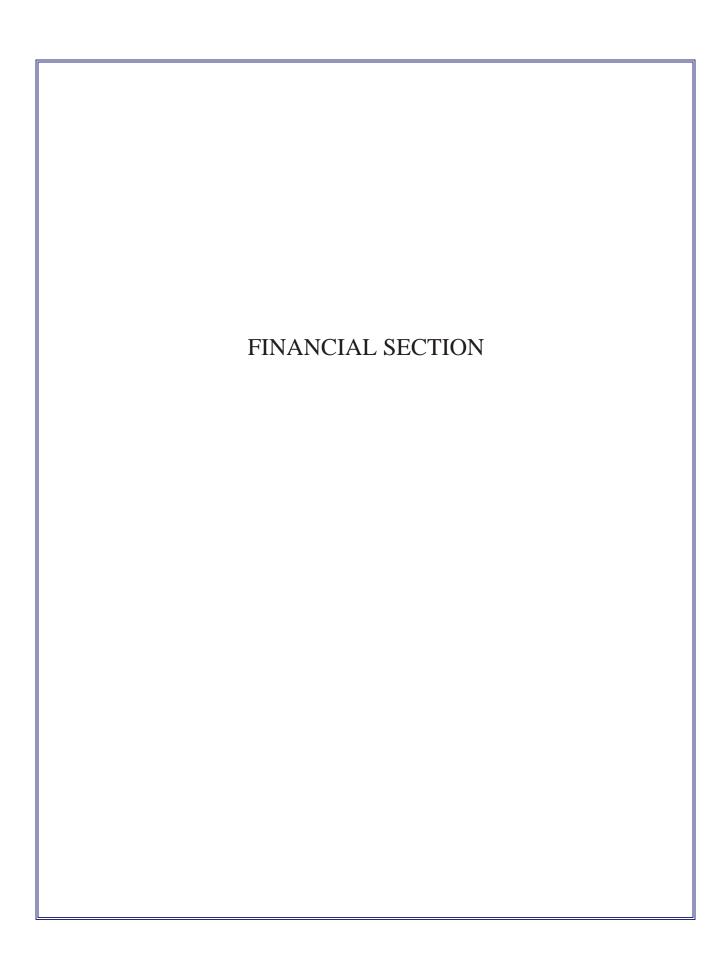
Springfield Local School District Ohio

For its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2023

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO



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Phone - (216) 575-1630

Fax - (216) 436-2411

Certified Public Accountants

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Springfield Local School District Lucas County 6924 Spring Valley Dr. Holland, Ohio 43528

To the Board of Education:

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Springfield Local School District, Lucas County, Ohio (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the District as of June 30, 2024, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Springfield Local School District Lucas County Independent Auditor's Report Page 2

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we

- exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are
 appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the
 District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Springfield Local School District Lucas County Independent Auditor's Report Page 3

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information and schedules of net pension, other post-employment benefit liabilities/assets and pension and other post-employment benefit contributions be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules are fairly stated in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

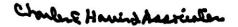
Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual financial report. The other information comprises the introductory and statistical section information but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinion on the basic financial statements does not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Springfield Local School District Lucas County Independent Auditor's Report Page 4

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 23, 2024, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.



Charles E. Harris & Associates, Inc. December 23, 2024

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024 (UNAUDITED)

The management's discussion and analysis of the Springfield Local School District's (the "District") financial performance provides an overall review of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the District's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the basic financial statements and the notes to the basic financial statements to enhance their understanding of the District's financial performance.

Financial Highlights

Key financial highlights for fiscal year 2024 are as follows:

- In total, net position of governmental activities increased \$364,665 which represents a 4.09% increase over the 2023 deficit balance of \$8,919,883.
- General revenues accounted for \$42,800,839 in revenue or 81.19% of all revenues. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and sales and operating grants and contributions accounted for \$9,916,717 or 18.81% of total revenues of \$52,717,556.
- The District had \$52,352,891 in expenses related to governmental activities; \$9,916,717 of these expenses were offset by
 program specific charges for services and operating grants and contributions. General revenues supporting governmental
 activities (primarily taxes and unrestricted grants and entitlements) of \$42,800,839 were adequate to provide for these
 programs.
- The District has one major fund: the general fund. The general fund had \$44,031,177 in revenues and \$45,418,615 in expenditures. The general fund's fund balance decreased \$1,387,438 from a balance of \$15,767,860 to a balance of \$14,380,422.

Using these Basic Financial Statements

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. These statements are organized so the reader can understand the District as a financial whole, an entire operating entity. The statements then proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at specific financial activities.

The *statement of net position* and *statement of activities* provide information about the activities of the whole District, presenting both an aggregate view of the District's finances and a longer-term view of those finances. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the District's most significant funds with all other nonmajor funds presented in total in one column. The District has one major fund: the general fund.

Reporting the District as a Whole

Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities

While this document contains the large number of funds used by the District to provide programs and activities, the view of the District as a whole looks at all financial transactions and asks the question, "How did we do financially during 2024?" The statement of net position and the statement of activities answer this question. These statements include *all assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, revenues and expenses* using the *accrual basis of accounting* similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. This basis of accounting will take into account all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the District's *net position* and changes in that net position. This change in net position is important because it tells the reader that, for the District as a whole, the *financial position* of the District has improved or diminished. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, some financial, some not. Non-financial factors include the District's property tax base, current property tax laws in Ohio restricting revenue growth, facility conditions, required educational programs and other factors.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024 (UNAUDITED)

In the statement of net position and the statement of activities, the governmental activities include the District's programs and services, including instruction, support services, operation and maintenance of facilities, pupil transportation, extracurricular activities, and food service operations.

Reporting the District's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

The analysis of the District's major governmental funds begins on page F12. Fund financial reports provide detailed information about the District's major funds. The District uses many funds to account for a multitude of financial transactions. However, these fund financial statements focus on the District's most significant funds. The District's major governmental fund is the general fund.

Governmental Funds

Most of the District's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using an accounting method called *modified accrual* accounting, which measures cash and all other *financial assets* that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund financial statements provide a detailed *short-term* view of the District's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance educational programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the statement of net position and the statement of activities) and governmental funds is reconciled in the basic financial statements.

Reporting the District's Fiduciary Responsibilities

The District acts in a trustee capacity as an agent for individuals or other entities. These activities are reported in custodial funds. All of the District's fiduciary activities are reported in separate statements of fiduciary net position and changes in fiduciary net position. These activities are excluded from the District's other financial statements because the assets cannot be utilized by the District to finance its operations.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Required Supplementary Information

The Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) for the general fund is provided. In addition to the Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the District's net pension liability and net OPEB asset/liability and District contributions for pension and OPEB.

The District as a Whole

The statement of net position provides the perspective of the District as a whole.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024 (UNAUDITED)

The table below provides a summary of the District's net position at June 30, 2024 and June 30, 2023.

	Net Position			
	Governmental	Governmental		
	Activities	Activities		
	2024	2023		
<u>Assets</u>				
Current and other assets	\$ 57,426,235	\$ 61,480,861		
Capital assets, net	20,025,806	17,673,821		
Total assets	77,452,041	79,154,682		
Deferred Outflows of Resources				
Pension	10,034,961	10,909,316		
OPEB	1,830,615	897,353		
Total deferred outflows of resources	11,865,576	11,806,669		
<u>Liabilities</u>				
Current liabilities	6,381,016	6,315,085		
Long-term liabilities:				
Due within one year	1,254,989	1,208,816		
Due in more than one year:	44 101 465	12.045.120		
Net pension liability	44,191,465	43,847,438		
Net OPEB liability Other amounts	2,570,575	2,045,852		
Other amounts	4,736,821	5,376,935		
Total liabilities	59,134,866	58,794,126		
Deferred Inflows of Resources				
Property taxes levied for next year	30,244,987	30,018,424		
Leases	782,860	799,515		
Pensions	2,885,091	4,311,802		
OPEB	4,825,031	5,957,367		
Total deferred inflows of resources	38,737,969	41,087,108		
Net Position				
Net investment in capital assets	19,140,806	16,019,746		
Restricted	4,791,137	4,047,877		
Unrestricted (deficit)	(32,487,161)	(28,987,506)		
Total net position (deficit)	<u>\$ (8,555,218)</u>	\$ (8,919,883)		

The net pension liability (NPL) is the largest single liability reported by the District at June 30, 2024 and is reported pursuant to GASB Statement 68, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions—an Amendment of GASB Statement 27." The District adopted GASB Statement 75, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions," which significantly revises accounting for costs and liabilities related to other postemployment benefits (OPEB). For reasons discussed below, many end users of this financial statement will gain a clearer understanding of the District's actual financial condition by adding deferred inflows related to pension and OPEB, the net pension liability and the net OPEB liability to the reported net position and subtracting deferred outflows related to pension and OPEB.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024 (UNAUDITED)

Governmental Accounting Standards Board standards are national and apply to all government financial reports prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Prior accounting for pensions (GASB 27) and postemployment benefits (GASB 45) focused on a funding approach. This approach limited pension and OPEB costs to contributions annually required by law, which may or may not be sufficient to fully fund each plan's *net pension liability* or *net OPEB asset/liability*. GASB 68 and GASB 75 take an earnings approach to pension and OPEB accounting; however, the nature of Ohio's statewide pension/OPEB plans and state law governing those systems requires additional explanation in order to properly understand the information presented in these statements.

GASB 68 and GASB 75 require the net pension liability and the net OPEB asset/liability to equal the District's proportionate share of each plan's collective:

- 1. Present value of estimated future pension/OPEB benefits attributable to active and inactive employees' past service.
- 2. Minus plan assets available to pay these benefits.

GASB notes that pension and OPEB obligations, whether funded or unfunded, are part of the "employment exchange" – that is, the employee is trading his or her labor in exchange for wages, benefits, and the promise of a future pension and other postemployment benefits. GASB noted that the unfunded portion of this promise is a present obligation of the government, part of a bargained-for benefit to the employee, and should accordingly be reported by the government as a liability since they received the benefit of the exchange. However, the District is not responsible for certain key factors affecting the balance of these liabilities. In Ohio, the employee shares the obligation of funding pension benefits with the employer. Both employer and employee contribution rates are capped by State statute. A change in these caps requires action of both Houses of the General Assembly and approval of the Governor. Benefit provisions are also determined by State statute. The Ohio Revised Code permits, but does not require, the retirement systems to provide healthcare to eligible benefit recipients. The retirement systems may allocate a portion of the employer contributions to provide for these OPEB benefits.

The employee enters the employment exchange with the knowledge that the employer's promise is limited not by contract but by law. The employer enters the exchange also knowing that there is a specific, legal limit to its contribution to the retirement system. In Ohio, there is no legal means to enforce the unfunded liability of the pension/OPEB plan *as against the public employer*. State law operates to mitigate/lessen the moral obligation of the public employer to the employee, because all parties enter the employment exchange with notice as to the law. The retirement system is responsible for the administration of the pension and OPEB plans.

Most long-term liabilities have set repayment schedules or, in the case of compensated absences (i.e. sick and vacation leave), are satisfied through paid time-off or termination payments. There is no repayment schedule for the net pension liability or the net OPEB liability. As explained above, changes in benefits, contribution rates, and return on investments affect the balance of these liabilities but are outside the control of the local government. In the event that contributions, investment returns, and other changes are insufficient to keep up with required payments, State statute does not assign/identify the responsible party for the unfunded portion. Due to the unique nature of how the net pension liability and the net OPEB liability are satisfied, these liabilities are separately identified within the long-term liability section of the statement of net position.

In accordance with GASB 68 and GASB 75, the District's statements prepared on an accrual basis of accounting include an annual pension expense and an annual OPEB expense for their proportionate share of each plan's *change* in net pension liability and net OPEB liability, respectively, not accounted for as deferred inflows/outflows.

Over time, net position can serve as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. At June 30, 2024, the District's liabilities plus deferred inflows of resources exceeded assets plus deferred outflows of resources by \$8,555,218.

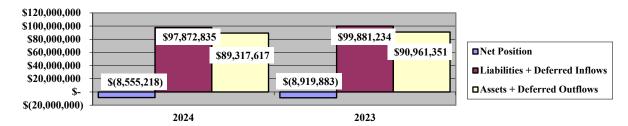
At year-end, capital assets represented 25.86% of total assets. Capital assets include land, land improvements, buildings and improvements, furniture and equipment, vehicles and intangible right to use software. Net investment in capital assets at June 30, 2024, was \$19,140,806. These capital assets are used to provide services to the students and are not available for future spending. Although the District's investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources to repay the debt must be provided from other sources, since capital assets may not be used to liquidate these liabilities.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024 (UNAUDITED)

A portion of the District's net position, \$4,791,137, represents resources that are subject to external restriction on how they may be used. The remaining balance of unrestricted net position is (\$32,487,161).

The graph below shows the District's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and net position at June 30, 2024 and June 30, 2023.

Governmental Activities



The table below shows the change in net position for fiscal years 2024 and 2023.

	Change in 1	Net Position
	Governmental	Governmental
	Activities	Activities
	2024	2023
Revenues		
Program revenues:		
Charges for services and sales	\$ 2,022,314	\$ 1,895,129
Operating grants and contributions	7,894,403	8,836,750
Capital grants and contributions	-	250,000
General revenues:		
Property taxes	31,365,188	31,425,528
Grants and entitlements	10,177,300	9,020,431
Investment earnings / change in fair value	1,175,303	710,896
Other	83,048	99,473
Total revenues	52,717,556	52,238,207

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024 (UNAUDITED)

Change in Net Position (Continued)

	Governmental Activities 2024	Governmental Activities 2023
Expenses		
Program expenses:		
Instruction:		
Regular	\$ 21,195,671	\$ 21,289,742
Special	7,792,936	7,247,066
Vocational	85,342	109,477
Other	548,878	404,188
Support services:		
Pupil	3,971,188	3,649,137
Instructional staff	1,616,144	1,957,960
Board of education	32,553	29,735
Administration	4,311,849	4,396,518
Fiscal	1,012,243	1,009,972
Operations and maintenance	4,968,366	3,929,515
Pupil transportation	2,290,016	2,413,797
Central	380,160	252,767
Operations of non-instructional services:		
Other non-instructional services	559,754	514,147
Food service operations	1,957,875	1,834,231
Extracurricular activities	1,551,853	1,529,812
Interest and fiscal charges	78,063	101,826
Total expenses	52,352,891	50,669,890
Change in net position	364,665	1,568,317
Net position (deficit) at beginning of year	(8,919,883)	(10,488,200)
Net position (deficit) at end of year	\$ (8,555,218)	\$ (8,919,883)

Governmental Activities

Net position of the District's governmental activities increased \$364,665. Total governmental expenses of \$52,352,891 were offset by program revenues of \$9,916,717 and general revenues of \$42,800,839. Program revenues supported 18.94% of the total governmental expenses.

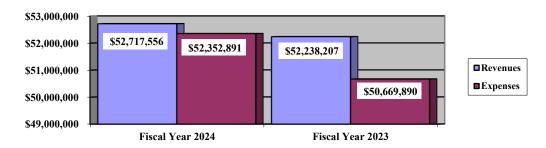
The largest expense of the District is for instructional programs. Instruction expenses totaled \$29,622,827 or 56.58% of total governmental expenses for fiscal year 2024.

The primary sources of revenue for governmental activities are derived from property taxes, payment in lieu of taxes, and unrestricted grants and entitlements. These revenue sources represent 78.80% of total governmental revenue. Total governmental revenues increased during the year primarily due to the increase in earnings on investments and intergovernmental revenues received from the State. This increase in earnings on investments was due to an increase in the amount invested and the amount earned on those investments. The increase in intergovernmental revenue was due to an increase in revenues received from the State. Instruction and support service expenses fluctuated due to changes in employee salaries and benefits.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024 (UNAUDITED)

The graph below presents the District's governmental activities revenue and expenses for fiscal years 2024 and 2023.

Governmental Activities - Revenues and Expenses



The statement of activities shows the cost of program services and the charges for services and grants offsetting those services. The following table shows, for governmental activities, the total cost of services and the net cost of services. That is, it identifies the cost of these services supported by tax revenue and unrestricted state grants and entitlements.

Governmental Activities

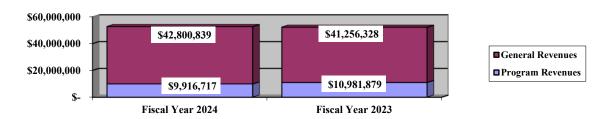
	Total Cost of Services 2024	Net Cost of Services 2024	Total Cost of Services 2023	Net Cost of Services 2023
Program expenses				
Instruction:				
Regular	\$ 21,195,671	\$ 19,074,880	\$ 21,289,742	\$ 19,047,374
Special	7,792,936	5,129,000	7,247,066	4,998,559
Vocational	85,342	27,896	109,477	81,647
Other	548,878	(134,994)	404,188	11,435
Support services:				
Pupil	3,971,188	3,107,626	3,649,137	2,218,829
Instructional staff	1,616,144	1,310,082	1,957,960	1,357,743
Board of education	32,553	32,553	29,735	29,735
Administration	4,311,849	4,119,427	4,396,518	4,125,241
Fiscal	1,012,243	1,011,877	1,009,972	1,009,320
Operations and maintenance	4,968,366	4,912,490	3,929,515	3,661,483
Pupil transportation	2,290,016	2,186,847	2,413,797	1,878,282
Central	380,160	354,713	252,767	246,402
Operations of non-instructional services:				
Other non-instructional services	559,754	51,641	514,147	3,271
Food service operations	1,957,875	149,090	1,834,231	(70,200)
Extracurricular activities	1,551,853	1,024,983	1,529,812	987,064
Interest and fiscal charges	78,063	78,063	101,826	101,826
Total	\$ 52,352,891	\$ 42,436,174	\$ 50,669,890	\$ 39,688,011

The dependence upon tax and other general revenues for governmental activities is apparent as 81.35% of instruction activities are supported through taxes and other general revenues. For all governmental activities, general revenue support is 81.06%. The District's taxpayers and unrestricted grants and entitlements are the primary support for District's students.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024 (UNAUDITED)

The graph below presents the District's governmental activities revenue for fiscal years 2024 and 2023.

Governmental Activities - General and Program Revenues



The District's Funds

The District's governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$15,693,316, which is a lower balance than last year's total balance of \$18,294,455. The schedule below indicates the fund balance and the total change in fund balance as of June 30, 2024 and 2023.

	Fund Balance June 30, 2024	Fund Balance June 30, 2023	<u>Change</u>	Percentage <u>Change</u>
General Other Governmental	\$ 14,380,422 1,312,894	\$ 15,767,860 2,526,595	\$ (1,387,438) (1,213,701)	(8.80) % (48.04) %
Total	\$ 15,693,316	\$ 18,294,455	\$ (2,601,139)	(14.22) %

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MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024 (UNAUDITED)

General Fund

During fiscal year 2024, the District's general fund balance decreased \$1,387,438.

The table that follows assists in illustrating the financial activities of the general fund.

	2024	2023		Percentage
	Amount	Amount	Change	Change
Revenues				
Taxes	\$ 29,666,698	\$ 29,578,610	\$ 88,088	0.30 %
Tuition	1,337,188	1,119,945	217,243	19.40 %
Earnings on investments	1,171,353	710,090	461,263	64.96 %
Intergovernmental	11,711,968	9,897,794	1,814,174	18.33 %
Other revenues	143,970	211,023	(67,053)	(31.78) %
Total	\$ 44,031,177	\$ 41,517,462	\$ 2,513,715	6.05 %
Expenditures				
Instruction	\$ 27,229,734	\$ 26,083,022	\$ 1,146,712	4.40 %
Support services	16,978,024	15,901,598	1,076,426	6.77 %
Extracurricular activities	951,168	953,959	(2,791)	(0.29) %
Debt service	259,689	260,108	(419)	(0.16) %
Total	\$ 45,418,615	\$ 43,198,687	\$ 2,219,928	5.14 %

The fund balance of the general fund decreased \$1,387,438 or 8.80%. During the current fiscal year, slightly increasing revenues were outpaced by the expenditures. The most significant increases were in the areas of earnings on investments and intergovernmental revenues. This increase in earnings on investments was due to an increase in the amount invested and the amount earned on those investments. The increase in intergovernmental revenue was due to an increase in revenues received from the State. Instruction and support service expenses fluctuated due to changes in employee salaries and benefits.

General Fund Budgeting Highlights

The District's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the general fund.

During the course of fiscal year 2024, the District amended its general fund budget several times. For the general fund, final budgeted revenues and other financing sources were \$41,188,961, which was \$1,569,117 more than the original budgeted revenues and other financing sources of \$39,619,844 due to an increase in expected revenue. Actual revenues and other financing sources for fiscal 2024 were \$41,250,490 which was \$61,529 more than the final budgeted revenues and other financing sources.

General fund original appropriations and other financing uses of \$42,722,791 were decreased to \$42,597,837 in the final budget. The actual budget basis expenditures and other financing uses for fiscal year 2024 totaled \$42,522,091, which was \$75,746 lower than the final budgeted appropriations.

The budgetary schedule for the general fund has been presented as required supplementary information.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024 (UNAUDITED)

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

At the end of fiscal year 2024, the District had \$20,025,806 invested in land, land improvements, buildings and improvements, furniture and equipment, vehicles and intangible right to use software. This entire amount is reported in governmental activities.

The table that follows shows June 30, 2024 balances compared to June 30, 2023:

Capital Assets at June 30 (Net of Depreciation)

	Governmental Activities					
	_	2024	_	2023		
Land	\$	1,425,358	\$	1,425,358		
Construction in progress		-		3,629,224		
Land improvements		1,138,667		1,301,233		
Buildings and improvements		15,000,202		9,241,831		
Furniture and equipment		1,441,147		1,011,139		
Vehicles		989,856		1,005,721		
Intangible right to use: software		30,576	_	59,315		
Total	\$	20,025,806	\$	17,673,821		

The overall increase of \$2,351,985 is the result of capital asset additions of \$3,465,875 exceeding depreciation/amortization expense of \$1,112,939 and capital outlays of \$951.

See Note 8 to the basic financial statements for detail on the District's capital assets.

Debt Administration

At June 30, 2024, the District had \$485,000 in notes payable and \$2,045,000 in general obligation bonds outstanding. Of this total, \$780,000 is due within one year and \$1,750,000 is due in greater than one year. The following table summarizes the outstanding obligations for fiscal year 2024 compared to 2023.

The table below summarizes the bonds and note payable-financed purchases outstanding.

Outstanding Debt, at Year End

	Governmental Activities 2024	Governmental Activities 2023		
Note payable - financed purchase General obligation bonds	\$ 485,000 2,045,000	\$ 640,000 2,645,000		
Total	\$ 2,530,000	\$ 3,285,000		

At June 30, 2024, the District's overall legal debt margin was \$74,910,378 with an unvoted debt margin of \$852,247.

See Note 13 to the basic financial statements for detail on the District's debt administration.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024 (UNAUDITED)

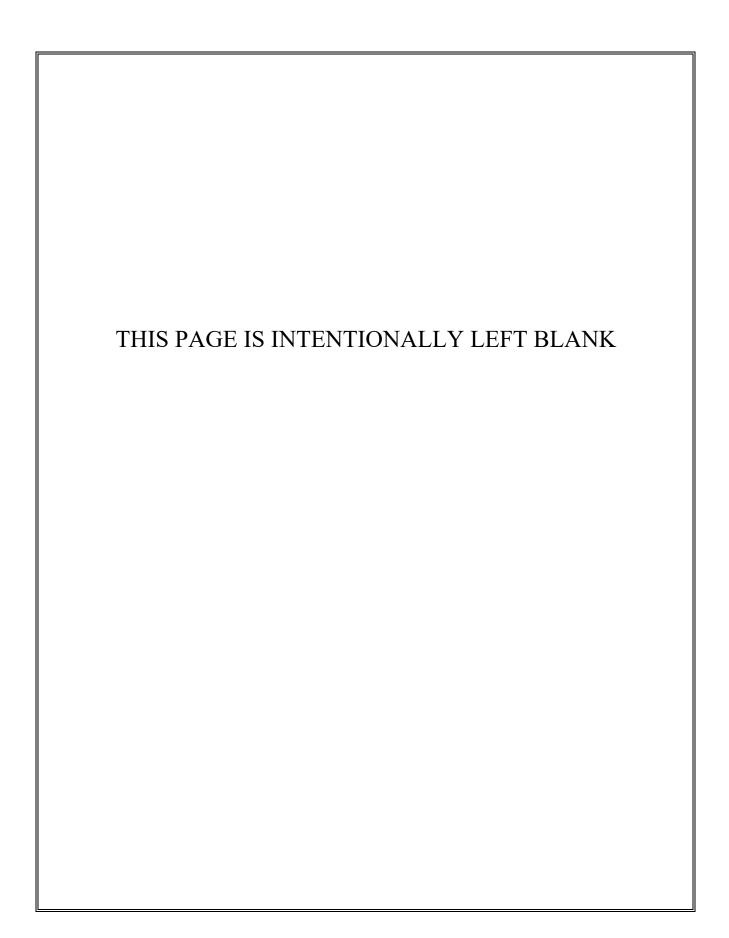
Current Financial Related Activities

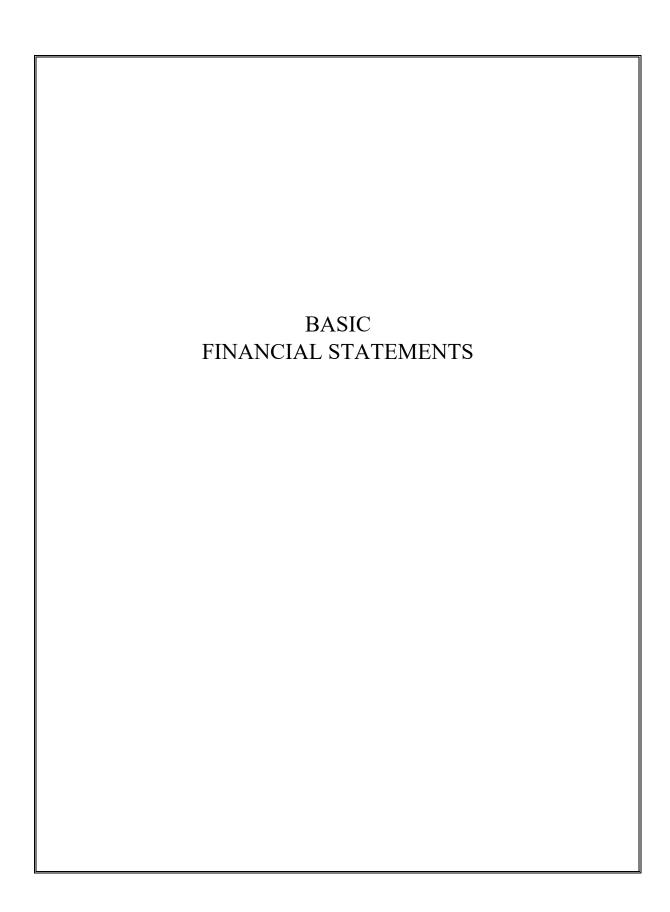
The District is a suburban community of 25,000 people in Northwest Ohio. It has a number of retail/commercial businesses that are an important part of the economy. New home construction has slowly started to increase and real estate market conditions are generally seen to be improving. Home foreclosures, while over historic levels in the district lag those of Lucas County in general and Toledo specifically. The school district saw an average property valuation increase of between three (3%) and four (4%) for properties located within the Village of Holland and Springfield Township. Property values in the District remain above average when compared to other districts in the State. Per capita income levels also remain above average for comparable districts in Ohio.

The District passed a \$3.9 million emergency levy for operating monies in May of 2015 with collection starting in fiscal year 2016. This levy ran for five years and generated \$3.9 million in additional revenue per year. The District successfully renewed the Emergency Levy in November of 2019. Additionally, the District renewed a 2.25 mill permanent improvement levy in November of 2023. This levy will generate approximately \$1,462,500 in revenue per year to be used for maintaining, equipping and improving facilities within the District. There will be a special emphasis placed on making District facilities safe and secure. This levy will run for five years through December 31, 2029. The last passage of operating dollars occurred with a successful 3.9 mill operating levy in 2010. This levy was passed on a continuous basis. The District had three failed operating levy attempts leading up to the passage in May of 2015.

Contacting the District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information contact Mr. P. Ryan Lockwood III, Treasurer, Springfield Local School District, 6924 Spring Valley Drive, Holland, Ohio 43528.





STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2024

	G	overnmental Activities
Assets:		20 514 40=
Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents	\$	20,614,187
Cash in segregated accounts Receivables:		61,037
Property taxes		31,862,269
Accounts		226
Accrued interest		21,714
Intergovernmental		795,039
Leases		756,523
Prepayments		40,724
Materials and supplies inventory		15,470
Inventory held for resale		24,124
Net OPEB asset		3,234,922
Capital assets:		
Nondepreciable capital assets		1,425,358
Depreciable / amortizable capital assets, net		18,600,448
Capital assets, net		20,025,806
Total assets		77,452,041
Deferred outflows of resources:		
Pension		10,034,961
OPEB		1,830,615
Total deferred outflows of resources		11,865,576
Liabilities:		157 116
Accounts payable		157,116
Contracts payable		8,960
Accrued wages and benefits payable		5,241,994
Intergovernmental payable		158,805
Pension and postemployment benefits payable Accrued interest payable		805,316 4,632
Unearned revenue		4,193
Long-term liabilities:		4,173
Due within one year		1,254,989
Due in more than one year:		1,20 .,,, 0,
Net pension liability		44,191,465
Net OPEB liability		2,570,575
Other amounts due in more than one year		4,736,821
Total liabilities	-	59,134,866
	-	
Deferred inflows of resources:		20 244 097
Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year Leases		30,244,987
Pension		782,860 2,885,091
OPEB		4,825,031
Total deferred inflows of resources		38,737,969
Total deferred innows of resources		30,737,707
Net position:		10.110.00
Net investment in capital assets		19,140,806
Restricted for:		460,400
Capital projects		460,499
OPEB		3,234,922
Debt service		259,351
State funded programs		259,993
Federally funded programs		2,223
Food service operations		152,373
Extracurricular Other purposes		364,515
Other purposes		57,261
Unrestricted (deficit)	Ф.	(32,487,161)
Total net position (deficit)	\$	(8,555,218)

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	FOR :	FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024 Program Revenues						et (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position
		Expenses		harges for ices and Sales		rating Grants Contributions	G	overnmental Activities
Governmental activities:	-	Expenses	SCI V	ices and Saies	anu	Contributions	-	Activities
Instruction:								
Regular	\$	21,195,671	\$	798,302	\$	1,322,489	\$	(19,074,880)
Special		7,792,936		539,966		2,123,970		(5,129,000)
Vocational		85,342		-		57,446		(27,896)
Other		548,878		-		683,872		134,994
Support services:								
Pupil		3,971,188		-		863,562		(3,107,626)
Instructional staff		1,616,144		8,528		297,534		(1,310,082)
Board of education		32,553		-		-		(32,553)
Administration		4,311,849		10,026		182,396		(4,119,427)
Fiscal		1,012,243		366		-		(1,011,877)
Operations and maintenance		4,968,366		40,088		15,788		(4,912,490)
Pupil transportation		2,290,016		316		102,853		(2,186,847)
Central		380,160		-		25,447		(354,713)
Operation of non-instructional services:								
Food service operations		1,957,875		98,175		1,710,610		(149,090)
Other non-instructional services		559,754		577		507,536		(51,641)
Extracurricular activities		1,551,853		525,970		900		(1,024,983)
Interest and fiscal charges		78,063						(78,063)
Totals	\$	52,352,891	\$	2,022,314	\$	7,894,403	_	(42,436,174)
	Pro	neral revenues: perty taxes levie	d for:					20 -0- 10-
		eneral purposes						29,507,407
		ebt service						336,663
		apital outlay						1,521,118
		nts and entitlem		t restricted				10 177 200
		specific progran		1	c.			10,177,300
		estment earning	s / cha	nge in fair value	e of inv	estments		1,175,303
		cellaneous						83,048
	lot	al general reven	ues					42,800,839
	Cha	inge in net positi	on					364,665
	Net	position (defici	it) at b	eginning of yea	r			(8,919,883)
	Net	position (defici	it) at er	nd of year			\$	(8,555,218)

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2024

	General	Nonmajor Governmental Funds		Total Governmental Funds	
Assets:					
Equity in pooled cash					
and cash equivalents	\$ 18,890,729	\$ 1,723,458	\$	20,614,187	
Cash in segregated accounts	61,037	-		61,037	
Receivables:					
Property taxes	29,982,666	1,879,603		31,862,269	
Accounts	226	-		226	
Accrued interest	21,714	-		21,714	
Interfund loans	137,000 216,223	570 016		137,000	
Intergovernmental Leases	756,523	578,816		795,039 756,523	
Prepayments	40,724	_		40,724	
Materials and supplies inventory	-10,72-1	15,470		15,470	
Inventory held for resale	_	24,124		24,124	
Due from other funds	333,266			333,266	
Total assets	\$ 50,440,108	\$ 4,221,471	\$	54,661,579	
	 ,,	 .,==,,,,=		2 1,000,000	
Liabilities:					
Accounts payable	\$ 157,116	\$ -	\$	157,116	
Contracts payable	-	8,960		8,960	
Accrued wages and benefits payable	4,937,519	304,475		5,241,994	
Compensated absences payable	79,218	9,772		88,990	
Intergovernmental payable	154,900	3,905		158,805	
Pension obligation payable	765,541	39,775		805,316	
Interfund loans payable	-	137,000		137,000	
Due to other funds	-	333,266		333,266	
Unearned revenue	 	 4,193		4,193	
Total liabilities	 6,094,294	 841,346		6,935,640	
Deferred inflows of resources:					
Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year	28,463,268	1,781,719		30,244,987	
Delinquent property tax revenue not available	547,601	34,894		582,495	
Intergovernmental revenue not available	161,859	250,618		412,477	
Accrued interest not available	9,804	-		9,804	
Leases	782,860	-		782,860	
Total deferred inflows of resources	29,965,392	 2,067,231		32,032,623	
Fund balances:					
Nonspendable:		15 450		15.450	
Materials and supplies inventory	40.724	15,470		15,470	
Prepaids Restricted:	40,724	-		40,724	
Debt service		252 106		253,186	
Capital improvements	-	253,186			
Food service operations	-	433,140 178,012		433,140 178,012	
Non-public schools	-	2,680		2,680	
State funded programs	_	257,313		257,313	
Federally funded programs	_	2,223		2,223	
Extracurricular	_	364,515		364,515	
Scholarships	_	51,806		51,806	
Other purposes	_	5,455		5,455	
Committed:		2,.22		2,.22	
Student and staff support	121,065	_		121,065	
Student instruction	26,728	_		26,728	
Assigned:	- , -			-,-	
Student instruction	354,540	-		354,540	
Student and staff support	571,074	-		571,074	
Extracurricular activities	3,292	-		3,292	
Subsequent year's appropriations	802,882	-		802,882	
Public school support	176,864	-		176,864	
Unassigned (deficit)	12,283,253	 (250,906)		12,032,347	
Total fund balances	14,380,422	1,312,894		15,693,316	
Total liabilities, deferred inflows and fund balances	\$ 50,440,108	\$ 4,221,471	\$	54,661,579	

RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES TO NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES JUNE 30, 2024

Total governmental fund balances		\$ 15,693,316
Amounts reported for governmental activities on the statement of net position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.		20,025,806
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current- period expenditures and therefore are deferred inflows in the funds. Property taxes receivable Accrued interest receivable Intergovernmental receivable Total	\$ 582,495 9,804 412,477	1,004,776
Accrued interest payable is not due and payable in the current period and therefore is not reported in the funds.		(4,632)
The net pension/OPEB assets & liabilities are not due and payable in the current period; therefore, the assets, liabilities and related deferred inflows/outflows are not reported in governmental funds. Deferred outflows - pension Deferred inflows - pension Net pension liability Deferred outflows - OPEB Deferred inflows - OPEB Net OPEB asset Net OPEB liability Total	10,034,961 (2,885,091) (44,191,465) 1,830,615 (4,825,031) 3,234,922 (2,570,575)	(39,371,664)
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds. General obligation bonds Lease purchase agreement Compensated absences Total	(2,045,000) (485,000) (3,372,820)	 (5,902,820)
Net position of governmental activities		\$ (8,555,218)

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

D		General		Nonmajor overnmental Funds	G	Total overnmental Funds
Revenues:	ø	20.666.609	ø	1 964 452	ø	21 521 151
Property taxes	\$	29,666,698 11,711,968	\$	1,864,453	\$	31,531,151
Intergovernmental				6,451,748		18,163,716
Investment earnings / change in fair value of investments Tuition and fees		1,171,353		1,761		1,173,114
Extracurricular		1,337,188 39,743		13,633 472,594		1,350,821
Rental income		11,283		472,394 553		512,337
Charges for services		9,896		98,175		11,836
Contributions and donations		9,090		25,872		108,071 25,872
Miscellaneous		83,048		432,439		515,487
Total revenues		44,031,177		9,361,228		53,392,405
Total revenues		44,031,177		9,301,228		33,392,403
Expenditures: Current:						
Instruction:						
Regular		20,014,838		878,868		20,893,706
Special		6,811,960		979,331		7,791,291
Vocational		86,581		777,331		86,581
Other		316,355		191,574		507,929
Support services:		310,333		171,374		307,727
Pupil		3,617,093		425,614		4,042,707
Instructional staff		1,052,197		791,554		1,843,751
Board of education		31,793		771,331		31,793
Administration		4,249,198		178,310		4,427,508
Fiscal		986,881		27,703		1,014,584
Operations and maintenance		4,537,021		1,922,604		6,459,625
Pupil transportation		2,125,940		22,765		2,148,705
Central		377,901		25,447		403,348
Operation of non-instructional services:		/		-, -		,
Food service operations		-		1,983,073		1,983,073
Other non-instructional services		-		559,754		559,754
Extracurricular activities		951,168		477,164		1,428,332
Facilities acquisition and construction		-		1,535,751		1,535,751
Debt service:						
Principal retirement		215,000		540,000		755,000
Interest and fiscal charges		44,689		35,417		80,106
Total expenditures		45,418,615		10,574,929		55,993,544
Net change in fund balances		(1,387,438)		(1,213,701)		(2,601,139)
Fund balances at beginning of year		15,767,860		2,526,595		18,294,455
Fund balances at end of year	\$	14,380,422	\$	1,312,894	\$	15,693,316
v		· · ·		, ,		, , ,

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$	(2,601,139)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the			
statement of activities are different because:			
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense.	o.	2 465 975	
Capital asset additions Current year depreciation / amortization	\$	3,465,875 (1,112,939)	
Total		(1,112,555)	2,352,936
The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (i.e., sales, disposals, trade-ins, and donations) is to decrease net position.			(951)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.			
Property taxes		(165,963)	
Earnings on investments		3,950	
Intergovernmental Total		(597,285)	(759,298)
Repayment of bond and lease principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities on the statement of net position.			755,000
In the statement of activities, interest is accrued on outstanding bonds, whereas in governmental funds, an interest expenditure is reported when due.			2,043
Contractually required contributions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds; however, the statement of net position reports these amounts as deferred outflows.			
Pension		4,267,313	
OPEB Total		109,256	4,376,569
Except for amounts reported as deferred inflows/outflows, changes in the net pension/OPEB liability/asset are reported as pension/OPEB expense in the statement of activities.			
Pension		(4,058,984)	
OPEB Total		452,129	(3,606,855)
10111			(3,000,033)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities, such as compensated absences, do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures			
in governmental funds.			(153,640)
Change in net position of governmental activities		\$	364,665

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	Custodial	
Additions:		
Extracurricular collections for OHSAA	\$	14,230
Total additions		14,230
Deductions:		
Extracurricular distributions to OHSAA		14,230
Other custodial fund disbursements		32,700
Total deductions		46,930
Change in net position		(32,700)
Net position at beginning of year		32,700
Net position at end of year	\$	

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

NOTE 1 - DESCRIPTION OF THE DISTRICT AND REPORTING ENTITY

Springfield Local School District, Lucas County (the "District") is organized under Article VI, Sections 2 and 3 of the Constitution of the State of Ohio. The District operates under a locally elected Board form of government consisting of five members elected at-large for staggered four-year terms. The District provides educational services as authorized by state statute and/or federal guidelines.

The District was established in 1881 through the consolidation of existing land areas and school districts. The District serves an area of approximately 25 square miles. It is located in Lucas County, and includes all of the Village of Holland and portions of the cities of Toledo and Maumee, and Monclova, Spencer, and Springfield Townships. It is staffed by 140 non-certified employees and 293 certified full-time teaching personnel who provide services to 3,522 students and other community members. The District currently operates six instructional buildings, one administrative building, and one garage.

The reporting entity has been defined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 14, "<u>The Financial Reporting Entity</u>" as amended by GASB Statement No. 39, "<u>Determining Whether Certain Organizations Are Component Units</u>" and GASB Statement No. 61, "<u>The Financial Reporting Entity</u>: <u>Omnibus an Amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 34</u>". The reporting entity is composed of the primary government and component units. The primary government consists of all funds, departments, boards and agencies that are not legally separate from the District. For the District, this includes general operations, food service, and student related activities of the District.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the District is financially accountable. The District is financially accountable for an organization if the District appoints a voting majority of the organization's Governing Board and (1) the District is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the District is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; or (3) the District is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or (4) the District is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the District in that the District approves the budget, the issuance of debt or the levying of taxes. Certain organizations are also included as component units if the nature and significance of the relationship between the primary government and the organization is such that exclusion by the primary government would render the primary government's financial statements incomplete or misleading. Based upon the application of these criteria, the District has no component units. The basic financial statements of the reporting entity include only those of the District (the primary government).

The following activities are included within the reporting entity:

<u>Parochial Schools</u> - Within the District boundaries, St. Joan of Arc Elementary and St. Johns High School are operated through the Toledo Catholic Diocese; Westside Montessori is operated as a private school. Current State legislation provides funding to these parochial schools. These monies are received and disbursed on behalf of the parochial schools by the Treasurer of the District, as directed by the parochial schools. The activity of these State monies by the District is reflected in a special revenue fund for financial reporting purposes.

The District is associated with four organizations, which are defined as jointly governed organizations or insurance purchasing pools. These organizations include the Northwest Ohio Computer Association, Penta County Career Center, the Ohio School Boards Association (OSBA) Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan, and the Ohio School Plan. These organizations are presented in Notes 15 and 16 to the basic financial statements.

The financial statements of the District have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Fund Accounting

The District uses funds to maintain its financial records during the fiscal year. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid management by segregating transactions related to certain District functions or activities. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. The various funds of the District are grouped into the categories governmental and fiduciary.

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds focus on the sources, uses, and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets and deferred outflows of resources are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities and deferred inflows of resources are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources is reported as fund balance. The general fund is the District's only major governmental fund:

<u>General fund</u> - The general fund is used to account for and report all financial resources, except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The General Fund is available to the District for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

Other governmental funds of the District are used to account for:

Nonmajor special revenue funds - Special revenue funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

Nonmajor capital projects funds - Capital projects funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets.

Nonmajor debt service funds - Debt service funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for principal and interest.

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net position and changes in net position. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private-purpose trust funds and custodial funds. Trust funds are distinguished from custodial funds by the existence of a trust agreement or equivalent arrangements that have certain characteristics. The District has no trust funds. Custodial funds are used to report fiduciary activities that are not required to be reported in a trust fund. The District's custodial funds are used to account for Ohio High School Athletic Association (OHSAA) tournament activity and rotary activity.

B. Basis of Presentation and Measurement Focus

<u>Government-Wide Financial Statements</u> - The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

The government-wide statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function or program of the governmental activities of the District. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include amounts paid by the recipient of goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the District.

The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. All assets and deferred outflows of resources and all liabilities and deferred inflows of resources associated with the operation of the District are included on the statement of net position.

<u>Fund Financial Statements</u> - Fund financial statements report detailed information about the District. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column, and all nonmajor funds are aggregated into one column. Fiduciary funds are reported by fund type.

All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets, deferred outflows of resources, and current liabilities and deferred inflows of resources generally are included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

Like the government-wide statements, the custodial funds use the economic resources measurement focus.

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Fiduciary funds also use the accrual basis of accounting.

Fiduciary funds are reported using the economic resources measurement focus.

C. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting on the fund financial statements. Fiduciary funds also use the accrual basis of accounting.

Revenues - Exchange and Nonexchange Transactions

Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means collectible within the current fiscal year or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the District, available means expected to be received within sixty days of fiscal year end.

Nonexchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, property taxes, grants, entitlements, and donations. Revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted; matching requirements, in which the District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose; and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the District on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from nonexchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at fiscal year end: property taxes available as an advance, interest, tuition, grants, student fees and rentals.

<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources</u> - In addition to assets, the government-wide statement of net position will report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net assets that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. See Notes 10 and 11 for deferred outflows of resources related to net pension liability/asset and net OPEB liability/asset, respectively.

In addition to liabilities, both the government-wide statement of net position and the governmental fund financial statements report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net assets that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. Deferred inflows of resources include property taxes and unavailable revenue. Property taxes represent amounts for which there is an enforceable legal claim as of June 30, 2023, but which were levied to finance fiscal year 2024 operations. These amounts have been recorded as a deferred inflow of resources on both the government-wide statement of net position and the governmental fund financial statements. Unavailable revenue is reported only on the governmental funds balance sheet, and represents receivables which will not be collected within the available period. Unavailable revenue includes, but is not limited to, delinquent property taxes and intergovernmental grants. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period the amounts become available. The deferred inflow of resources for leases is related to the lease receivable and is being amortized to lease revenue in a systematic and rational manner over the term of the lease.

See Notes 10 and 11 for deferred inflows of resources related to net pension liability/asset and net OPEB liability/asset, respectively. These deferred inflows of resources are only reported on the government-wide statement of net position.

Expenditures/Expenses

On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. The entitlement value of donated commodities used during the year is reported in the statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances as an expenditure with a like amount reported as intergovernmental revenue.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in governmental funds.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

D. Budgets

The District is required by State statute to adopt an annual appropriated cash basis budget for all funds (except custodial funds). The specific timetable for fiscal year 2024 is as follows:

- 1. Prior to January 15, the Treasurer submits to the Board of Education a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing for all funds. Public hearings are publicized and conducted to obtain taxpayers' comments. The purpose of this budget document is to reflect the need for existing (or increased) tax rates.
- 2. By no later than January 20, the board-adopted budget is filed with the County Budget Commission for tax rate determination.
- 3. Prior to April 1, the Board of Education accepts, by formal resolution, the tax rates as determined by the Budget Commission and receives the Commission's Certificate of Estimated Resources, which states the projected revenue of each fund. Prior to July 1, the District must revise its budget so that total contemplated expenditures from any fund during the ensuing year will not exceed the amount stated in the Certificate of Estimated Resources. The revised budget then serves as a basis for the appropriation measure. On or about July 1, the Certificate is amended to include any unencumbered balances from the preceding year as reported by the District Treasurer. The Certificate may be further amended during the year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the District Treasurer. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amount in the budgetary statement reflect the amounts set forth in the final Amended Certificate issued for fiscal year 2022.
- 4. By July 1, the annual appropriation resolution is legally enacted by the Board of Education at the fund level of expenditures, which are the legal levels of budgetary control. (State statute permits temporary appropriation to be effective until no later than October 1 of each year.)
- Board adopted appropriations by fund must be within the estimated resources as certified by the County Budget Commission and the total expenditures and encumbrances may not exceed appropriations at the legal level of control.
- 6. Any revisions that alter the total of any fund appropriation must be approved by the Board of Education.
- 7. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for all funds consistent with the general obligation bond indenture and other statutory provisions. All departments/functions and funds completed the year within the amount of their legally authorized cash basis appropriations.
- 8. Appropriation amounts are as originally adopted, or as amended by the Board of Education through the year by supplemental appropriations, which reallocated, increased or decreased the original appropriated amounts. The Board legally enacted all supplemental appropriations, during fiscal year 2023.
- 9. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at year-end. Encumbered appropriations are carried forward to the succeeding fiscal year and need not be reappropriated. Cash disbursements plus encumbrances may not legally exceed budgeted appropriations at the fund level.

As part of formal budgetary control, purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded as the equivalent of expenditures on the non-GAAP budgetary basis in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation and to determine and maintain legal compliance.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

E. Cash and Investments

To improve cash management, cash received by the District is pooled. Monies for all funds are maintained in this pool. Individual fund integrity is maintained through the District's records. Each fund's interest in the pool is presented as "equity in pooled cash and investments" on the basic financial statements.

During fiscal year 2024, investments were limited to securities, negotiable certificates of deposit (CDs), federal agency securities, US Treasury notes and investments in the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio). Investments are reported at fair value, which is based on quoted market prices, with the following exception: nonparticipating investment contracts such as nonnegotiable CDs deposit are reported at cost.

During fiscal year 2024, the District invested in STAR Ohio. STAR Ohio (the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio), is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but has adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), Statement No. 79, "Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants." The District measures their investment in STAR Ohio at the net asset value (NAV) per share provided by STAR Ohio. The NAV per share is calculated on an amortized cost basis that provides an NAV per share that approximates fair value.

For the fiscal year 2024, there were no limitations or restrictions on any participant withdrawals due to redemption notice periods, liquidity fees, or redemption gates. However, 24 hours notice in advance of all deposits and withdrawals exceeding \$100 million is encouraged. STAR Ohio reserves the right to limit the transaction to \$250 million, requiring the excess amount to be transacted the following business day(s), but only to the \$250 million limit. All accounts of the participant will be combined for these purposes.

Under existing Ohio statutes all investment earnings are assigned to the general fund unless statutorily required to be credited to a specific fund. Investment earnings are credited to funds based on Board Policy and State statute. Interest revenue and change in fair market value of investments credited to the General Fund during fiscal year 2024 amounted to \$1,171,353, which includes \$91,913 assigned from other District funds.

For presentation on the basic financial statements, investments of the cash management pool and investments with original maturities of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the District are considered to be cash equivalents. Investments with an initial maturity of more than three months are reported as investments.

An analysis of the District's investment account at year end is provided in Note 4.

F. Prepaid Items

Certain payments to vendors reflect the costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements. These items are reported as assets on the balance sheet using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amounts is recorded at the time of the purchase and the expenditure/expense is reported in the year in which services are consumed.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

G. Inventory

On government-wide financial statements, supply inventories are presented at cost, inventories held for resale are presented at the lower of cost or market and donated commodities are presented at their entitlement value. Inventory is presented at cost on first-in, first-out basis and is expended/expensed when used. Inventories are accounted for using the consumption method on the government-wide statements and the fund financial statements.

On the fund financial statements, reported material and supplies inventory is equally offset by nonspendable fund balance in the governmental funds, which indicates that it does not constitute available spending resources even though it is a component of net current assets. Inventory consists of donated and purchased food.

H. Capital Assets

General capital assets result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net position, but are not reported in the fund financial statements.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated capital assets are recorded at their acquisition value. The District maintains a capitalization threshold of \$2,500. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not. The District does not possess infrastructure.

All reported capital assets except land and construction in progress are depreciated/amortized. Improvements are depreciated/amortized over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation/amortization is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Description	Estimated Lives
Land Improvements	15 - 20 years
Buildings and Improvements	25 - 40 years
Furniture and Equipment	5 - 20 years
Vehicles	8 - 15 years
Intangible right to use: Software	2 - 5 years

The District is reporting intangible right to use assets related to software. The intangible assets are being amortized in a systematic and rational manner of the shorter of the lease term or the useful life of the underlying asset.

I. Interfund Balances

On fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as "interfund loans receivable/payable." Short-term interfund loans from the general fund to cover negative cash balances in other governmental funds are classified as "due to/from other funds". These amounts are eliminated in the governmental activities columns on the statement of net position.

J. Compensated Absences

Compensated absences of the District consist of vacation leave and sick leave liability to the extent that payments to the employee for these absences are attributable to services already rendered and are not contingent on a specific event that is outside the control of the District and the employee.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

In accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 16, "Accounting for Compensated Absences", a liability for vacation leave is accrued if a) the employees' rights to payment are attributable to services already rendered; and b) it is probable that the employer will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or other means, such as cash payment at termination or retirement. An accrual for earned sick leave is made to the extent that it is probable that the benefits will result in termination (severance) benefits. A liability for severance is accrued using the vesting method; i.e., the liability is based on the sick leave accumulated at June 30, 2024, by those employees who are currently eligible to receive termination (severance) payments, as well as those employees expected to become eligible in the future. For purposes of establishing a liability for sick leave on employees expected to become eligible to retire in the future, all employees at least 50 years of age with 10 years of service or any age with at least 15 years of service, were considered expected to become eligible to retire in accordance with GASB Statement No. 16.

The total liability for vacation and sick leave payments has been calculated using pay rates in effect at June 30, 2024 and reduced to the maximum payment allowed by labor contract and/or statute, plus any applicable additional salary related payments.

The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements.

For governmental fund financial statements, the current portion of unpaid compensated absences is the amount expected to be paid using expendable available resources. Compensated absences are reported in the governmental funds only if they have matured. These amounts are recorded in the account "compensated absences payable" in the fund from which the employees who have accumulated unpaid leave are paid. The noncurrent portion of the liability is not reported.

K. Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements.

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources are reported as obligations of the funds. However, claims and judgments, net pension liability, net OPEB liability and compensated absences that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the current year. Bonds and other long-term obligations are recognized as a liability on the fund financial statements when due. Net pension/OPEB liability should be recognized in the governmental funds to the extent that benefit payments are due and payable and the pension/OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is not sufficient for payment of those benefits.

L. Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets and deferred outflows and liabilities and deferred inflows. The net position component "net investment in capital assets," consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets or related debt also should be included in this component of net position. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on its use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments.

The District applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

M. Fund Balance

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The classifications are as follows:

<u>Nonspendable</u> - The nonspendable fund balance classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form or legally required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash. It also includes the long-term amount of loans receivable.

<u>Restricted</u> - Fund balance is reported as restricted when constraints are placed on the use of resources that are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

<u>Committed</u> - The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes imposed by a formal action (resolution) of the District Board of Education (the highest level of decision making authority). Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the District Board of Education removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (resolution) it employed to previously commit those amounts. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

<u>Assigned</u> - Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the District for specific purposes, but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. In governmental funds, assigned amounts represent intended uses established by policies of the District Board of Education, which includes giving the Treasurer the authority to constrain monies for intended purposes. The Board of Education assigns fund balance by resolution. The Board of Education may also assign fund balance as it does when appropriating fund balance to cover a gap between estimated revenues and appropriations in the subsequent year's appropriated budget.

<u>Unassigned</u> - Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is only used to report a deficit fund balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed, or assigned.

The District applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) fund balance is available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

N. Interfund Transactions

Transfers between governmental activities on the government-wide statements are reported in the same manner as general revenues.

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

O. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported on the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

P. Pensions/Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net pension/OPEB liability, net OPEB asset, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related pensions/OPEB, and pension/OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the pension/OPEB plans and additions to/deductions from their fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the pension/OPEB plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. The pension/OPEB plans report investments at fair value.

Q. Extraordinary and Special Items

Extraordinary items are transactions or events that are both unusual in nature and infrequent in occurrence. Special items are transactions or events that are within the control of the District and that are either unusual in nature or infrequent in occurrence. Neither type of transaction occurred during 2024.

R. Fair Value

The District categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE

A. Change in Accounting Principles

For fiscal year 2024, the District has implemented certain paragraphs from GASB Implementation Guide No. 2021-1, certain paragraphs of GASB Statement No. 99, "<u>Omnibus 2022</u>", GASB Statement No. 100, "<u>Accounting Changes and Error Corrections - an amendment of GASB Statement No. 62</u>" and Implementation Guide No. 2023-1

GASB Implementation Guide 2021-1 provides clarification on issues related to previously established GASB guidance. The implementation of GASB Implementation Guide 2021-1 did not have an effect on balances previously report by the District.

GASB Statement No. 99 is to enhance comparability in accounting and financial reporting and to improve the consistency of authoritative literature by addressing (1) practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements and (2) accounting and financial reporting for financial guarantees. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 99 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the District.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE - (Continued)

GASB Statement No. 100 is to enhance accounting and financial reporting requirements for accounting changes and error corrections to provide more understandable, reliable, relevant, consistent, and comparable information for making decisions or assessing accountability. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 100 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the District.

GASB Implementation Guide 2023-1 provides clarification on issues related to previously established GASB guidance. The implementation of GASB Implementation Guide 2023-1 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the District.

B. Deficit Fund Balances

Fund balances at June 30, 2024 included the following individual fund deficits:

Nonmajor funds	Deficit
Public School Preschool	\$ 14,458
Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief (ESSER)	49,601
IDEA, Part B	77,184
Title I, Disadvantagd Children	105,695
IDEA, Preschool Grant for Handicapped	3,968

The general fund is liable for any deficit in these funds and provides transfers when cash is required, not when accruals occur. The deficit fund balances resulted from adjustments for accrued liabilities.

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

State statutes classify monies held by the District into three categories.

Active deposits are public deposits necessary to meet current demands on the treasury. Such monies must be maintained either as cash in the District treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the Board of Education has identified as not required for use within the current five year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use, but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts including passbook accounts.

Interim monies may be deposited or invested in the following securities:

- 1. United States Treasury Notes, Bills, Bonds, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States;
- Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligations or securities issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality, including, but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation and Government National Mortgage Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

- 3. Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided that the fair value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least two percent and be marked to market daily, and that the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;
- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio; and with certain limitations including a requirement for maturity within ten years from the date of settlement, bonds and other obligations of political subdivisions of the State of Ohio, if training requirements have been met;
- 5. Time certificates of deposit or savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts;
- 6. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in items (1) and (2) above and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;
- 7. The State Treasurer's investment pool, the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio); and
- 8. Certain banker's acceptance and commercial paper notes for a period not to exceed one-hundred-eighty days and two-hundred-seventy days, respectively, from the purchase date in an amount not to exceed forty percent of the interim monies available for investment at any one time.

Protection of the deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, or by the financial institutions participation in the Ohio Pooled Collateral System (OPCS), a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to the Treasurer of State to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage and short selling are also prohibited. Except as noted above, an investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the District, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity. Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the Treasurer or qualified trustee or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

A. Cash on Hand

At fiscal year end, the District had \$1,470 in undeposited cash on hand which is included on the financial statements of the District as part of "equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents".

B. Cash in Segregated Accounts

At June 30, 2024, the District had \$61,037 held in segregated accounts related to employee flexible spending accounts. This amount is included in the depository balance below.

C. Deposits with Financial Institutions

At June 30, 2024, the carrying amount of all District deposits was \$2,966,626. Based on the criteria described in GASB Statement No. 40, "<u>Deposits and Investment Risk Disclosures</u>", as of June 30, 2024, \$599,286 of the District's bank balance of \$3,613,390 was covered by the FDIC, while \$2,294,332 was covered by the Ohio Pooled Collateral System (OPCS) and \$719,772 was exposed to custodial credit risk because this amount was uninsured and uncollateralized. The District's financial institution participates in the OPCS and was approved for a reduced collateral floor of 50 percent resulting in the uninsured and uncollateralized balance.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of bank failure, the District will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The District has no deposit policy for custodial credit risk beyond the requirements of State statute. Ohio law requires that deposits either be insured or protected by (1) eligible securities pledged to the District's and deposited with a qualified trustee by the financial institution as security for repayment whose fair value at all times shall be at least 105 percent of the deposits being secured, or (2) participation in the Ohio Pooled Collateral System (OPCS), a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to the Treasurer of State to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution. OPCS requires the total fair value of the securities pledged to be 102 percent of the deposits being secured or a rate set by the Treasurer of State. For 2024, the District's financial institution was approved for a collateral rate of 50 percent through the OPCS. Although all statutory requirements for the deposit of money had been followed, noncompliance with Federal requirements could potentially subject the District to a successful claim by the FDIC.

D. Investments

As of June 30, 2024, the District had the following investments and maturities:

		Investment Maturities				
Measurement/	Measurement	6 months or	7 to 12	13 to 18	19 to 24	
Investment type	Value	less	months	months	months	
Net Asset Value:						
STAR Ohio	\$ 14,890,048	\$ 14,890,048	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	
Fair Value:						
FHLB	967,758	377,441	249,035	234,893	106,389	
US Treasury Note	251,545	-	-	-	251,545	
Negotiable CD's	1,597,777	231,478	751,949	140,344	474,006	
Total	\$ 17,707,128	\$ 15,498,967	\$ 1,000,984	\$ 375,237	\$ 831,940	

The weighted average maturity of investments is 0.17 years.

The District's investments in federal agency securities and negotiable CD's are valued using quoted prices in markets that are not considered to be active, dealer quotations or alternative pricing sources for similar assets or liabilities for which all significant inputs are observable, either directly or indirectly (Level 2 inputs).

Interest Rate Risk: Interest rate risk arises potential purchasers of debt securities will not agree to pay face value for those securities if interest rates subsequently increase. As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates and according to State law, the District's investment policy limits investment portfolio maturities to five years or less.

Credit Risk: The federal agency securities have been assigned a rating of AA+ by Standard & Poor's and a rating of Aaa by Moody's. STAR Ohio carries a rating of AAAm by Standard & Poor's. Ohio law requires that STAR Ohio maintain the highest rating provided by at least one nationally recognized standard rating service. The District's securities and U.S. Treasury Notes were rated AAAm by Standard and Poor's. The negotiable CDs are fully covered by the FDIC. The District's investment policy does not address credit risk beyond the adherence to Chapter 135 of the Ohio Revised Code.

STAR Ohio is an investment pool operated by the Ohio State Treasurer. It is unclassified since it is not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form. Ohio law requires STAR Ohio to maintain the highest rating provided by at least one nationally recognized standard rating service. The weighted average of maturity of the portfolio held by STAR Ohio as of June 30, 2024 is 46.5 days and carries a rating of AAAm by Standard & Poor's.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

Custodial Credit Risk: For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The District has no investment policy dealing with investment custodial risk beyond the requirement in State statute that prohibits payment for investments prior to the delivery of the securities representing such investments to the Treasurer or qualified trustee.

Concentration of Credit Risk: The District places no limit on the amount that may be invested in any one issuer. The following table includes the percentage of each investment type held by the District at June 30, 2024:

Measurement/	Measurement	
<u>Investment type</u>	Value	% of Total
Net Asset Value:		
STAR Ohio	\$ 14,890,048	84.09
Fair Value:		
FHLB	967,758	5.47
US Treasury Note	251,545	1.42
Negotiable CD's	1,597,777	9.02
Total	\$ 17,707,128	100.00

E. Reconciliation of Cash and Investments to the Statement of Net Position

The following is a reconciliation of cash and investments as reported in the note above to cash and investments as reported on the statement of net position as of June 30, 2024:

Cash and investments per note		
Carrying amount of deposits	\$	2,966,626
Investments		17,707,128
Cash on hand	_	1,470
Total	\$	20,675,224
~		

Cash and investments per statement of net position

Governmental activities \$ 20,675,224

NOTE 5 - PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis while the District fiscal year runs from July through June. First half tax collections are received by the District in the second half of the fiscal year. Second half tax distributions occur in the first half of the following fiscal year.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

NOTE 5 - PROPERTY TAXES - (Continued)

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real property and public utility property. Real property tax revenues received in calendar year 2024 represent the collection of calendar year 2023 taxes. Real property taxes received in calendar year 2024 were levied after April 1, 2023, on the assessed values as of January 1, 2023, the lien date. Assessed values for real property taxes are established by State statute at 35 percent of appraised market value. Real property taxes are payable annually or semiannually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semiannually, the first payment is due December 31, with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits alternate payment dates to be established. Public utility property tax revenues received in calendar year 2024 represent the collection of calendar year 2023 taxes. Public utility real and personal property taxes received in calendar year 2022 became a lien on December 31, 2022, were levied after April 1, 2023, and are collected with real property taxes. Public utility real property is assessed at 35 percent of true value; public utility tangible personal property is currently assessed at varying percentages of true value.

The District receives property taxes from Lucas County. The County Auditor periodically advances to the District its portion of the taxes collected. Second-half real property tax payments collected by the County by June 30, 2024, are available to finance fiscal year 2024 operations. The amount available as an advance at June 30, 2024 and 2023 were:

	June 30, 2024		June 30, 2023	
Major governmental funds:				
General fund	\$	971,797	\$	906,886
Nonmajor governmental funds:				
Debt service fund		11,674		9,917
Permanent improvement fund		51,316		47,758

The amount of second-half real property taxes available for advance at fiscal year-end can vary based on the date the tax bills are sent.

Accrued property taxes receivable includes real property, public utility property and delinquent tangible personal property taxes which are measurable as of June 30, 2024 and for which there is an enforceable legal claim. Although total property tax collections for the next fiscal year are measurable, only the amount of real property taxes available as an advance at June 30 was levied to finance current fiscal year operations and is reported as revenue at fiscal year-end. The portion of the receivable not levied to finance current fiscal year operations is offset by a credit to deferred inflows.

On the accrual basis of accounting, collectible delinquent property taxes have been recorded as a receivable and revenue, while on a modified accrual basis of accounting the revenue has been reported as a deferred inflow.

The assessed values upon which the fiscal year 2024 taxes were collected are:

	2023 Second			2024 First		
		Half Collections		Half Collections		
	_	Amount	Percent	_	Amount	Percent
Agricultural/residential						
and other real estate	\$	829,561,510	97.75	\$	833,630,110	97.82
Public utility personal	_	19,060,680	2.25	_	18,616,470	2.18
Total	\$	848,622,190	100.00	\$	852,246,580	100.00
Tax rate per \$1,000 of assessed valuation		\$77.72			\$77.71	

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

NOTE 6 - RECEIVABLES

A. Other Receivables

Receivables at June 30, 2024 consisted of property taxes, accounts (billings for user charged services and student fees), accrued interest, intergovernmental grants and entitlements and leases. All receivables are considered collectible in full due to the ability to foreclose for the nonpayment of taxes, the stable condition of State programs and the current year guarantee of federal funds. A summary of the principal items of receivables reported in the statement of net position follows:

Governmental activities:

Property taxes	\$ 31,862,269
Accounts	226
Accrued interest	21,714
Intergovernmental	795,039
Leases	756,523
Total	\$ 33,435,771

B. Leases Receivable

The District is the lessor of Wireless Services to Clearwire Spectrum Holdings III LLC. The District is reporting leases receivable of \$756,523 in the general fund. For fiscal year 2024, the District recognized lease revenue of \$25,488.

The District has entered into a lease agreement for wireless services as follows:

	Lease	Lease			
	Commencement		End	Payment	
<u>Desription</u>	Date	Years	Date	Method	
Tower Lease	2016	30	2046	Monthly	

Lease payments will be paid into the general fund. The following is a schedule of future lease payments under the lease agreements:

Fiscal Year	<u></u>	Principal		Interest		Total
2025	\$	26,263	\$	22,337	\$	48,600
2026		27,062		21,538		48,600
2027		27,885		20,715		48,600
2028		28,734		19,866		48,600
2029		29,608		18,992		48,600
2030 - 2034		162,106		80,894		243,000
2035 - 2039		188,306		54,694		243,000
2040 - 2044		218,739		24,261		243,000
2045 - 2047		47,820		780		48,600
Total	\$	756,523	\$	264,077	\$	1,020,600

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

NOTE 7 - INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

A. Interfund balances at June 30, 2024, as reported on the fund statements, consist of the following amounts interfund loans payable and receivable:

Receivable fund	Payable fund	Amount		
General fund	Nonmajor governmental funds	\$	137,000	

The primary purpose of the interfund balances is to cover costs in specific funds where revenues were not received by June 30. These interfund balances will be repaid once the anticipated revenues are received. All interfund balances are expected to be repaid in one year.

Interfund balances between governmental funds are eliminated on the government-wide financial statements.

B. Interfund balances at June 30, 2024, as reported on the fund statements, consist of the following amounts due to/from other funds:

Receivable fund	Payable fund	 Amount_
General fund	Nonmajor governmental funds	\$ 333,266

The primary purpose of the interfund balances is to cover negative cash balances in specific funds where revenues were requested but were not received by June 30. These interfund balances will be repaid once the anticipated revenues are received.

Interfund balances between governmental funds are eliminated on the government-wide financial statements.

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NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

NOTE 8 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, was as follows:

	Balance June 30, 2023	Additions	Disposals	Balance June 30, 2024
Governmental activities: Capital assets, not being depreciated/amortized:				
Land	\$ 1,425,358	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,425,358
Construction in progress	3,629,224	2,893,969	(6,523,193)	
Total capital assets, not being depreciated/amortized	5,054,582	2,893,969	(6,523,193)	1,425,358
Capital assets, being depreciated/amortized:				
Land improvements	5,171,162	6,526	-	5,177,688
Buildings and improvements	35,855,446	6,466,573	-	42,322,019
Furniture and equipment	8,804,425	500,762	(19,012)	9,286,175
Vehicles	3,738,562	83,018	-	3,821,580
Intangible right to use:				
Software	118,631	38,220		156,851
Total capital assets, being depreciated/amortized	53,688,226	7,095,099	(19,012)	60,764,313
Less: accumulated depreciation/amortization:				
Land improvements	(3,869,929)	(169,092)	=	(4,039,021)
Buildings and improvements	(26,613,615)	(708,202)	-	(27,321,817)
Furniture and equipment	(7,793,286)	(69,803)	18,061	(7,845,028)
Vehicles	(2,732,841)	(98,883)	-	(2,831,724)
Intangible right to use:				
Software	(59,316)	(66,959)		(126,275)
Total accumulated depreciation/amortization	(41,068,987)	(1,112,939)	18,061	(42,163,865)
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 17,673,821	\$ 8,876,129	\$ (6,524,144)	\$ 20,025,806

Depreciation/amortization expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

Instruction:	
Regular	\$ 666,315
Special	1,524
Other	44,946
Support services:	
Pupil	3,894
Instructional staff	9,203
Administration	5,555
Operations and maintenance	89,262
Pupil transportation	139,945
Central	1,971
Extracurricular activities	143,182
Food service operations	 7,142
Total depreciation/amortization expense	\$ 1,112,939

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

NOTE 9 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. During fiscal year 2024, the District's insurance coverage was as follows:

	Liability
Type of Coverage	Limit
Buildings and Contents - replacement cost (\$1,000 deductible)	\$213,300,086
Crime Insurance	500,000
Automobile Liability	6,000,000
Uninsured Motorists	1,000,000
General Liability	
Per Occurrence	6,000,000
Total per Year	8,000,000

Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three years, and there has been no significant reduction in insurance coverage from last year.

For fiscal year 2024, the District participated in the Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan (GRP), an insurance purchasing pool. The intent of the GRP is to achieve the benefit of a reduced premium for the District by virtue of its grouping and representation with other participants in the GRP. The workers' compensation experience of the participants is calculated as one experience and a common premium rate is applied to all participants in the GRP. Each participant pays its workers' compensation premium to the State based on the rate for the GRP rather than its individual rate.

Participation in the GRP is limited to participants that can meet the GRP's selection criteria. The firm of CompManagement Inc., a Sedgwick CMS Company, provides administrative, cost control and actuarial services to the GRP.

NOTE 10 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

The Statewide retirement systems provide both pension benefits and other postemployment benefits (OPEB).

Net Pension Liability/Net OPEB Liability/Asset

The net pension liability and the net OPEB liability/asset reported on the statement of net position represents a liability or asset to employees for pensions and OPEB, respectively.

Pensions and OPEB are a component of exchange transactions—between an employer and its employees—of salaries and benefits for employee services. Pensions/OPEB are provided to an employee—on a deferred-payment basis—as part of the total compensation package offered by an employer for employee services each financial period. The obligation to sacrifice resources for pensions is a present obligation because it was created as a result of employment exchanges that already have occurred.

The net pension/OPEB liability (asset) represent the District's proportionate share of each pension/OPEB plan's collective actuarial present value of projected benefit payments attributable to past periods of service, net of each pension/OPEB plan's fiduciary net position. The net pension/OPEB liability (asset) calculation is dependent on critical long-term variables, including estimated average life expectancies, earnings on investments, cost of living adjustments and others. While these estimates use the best information available, unknowable future events require adjusting these estimates annually.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

NOTE 10 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

The Ohio Revised Code limits the District's obligation for this liability to annually required payments. The District cannot control benefit terms or the manner in which pensions/OPEB are financed; however, the District does receive the benefit of employees' services in exchange for compensation including pension and OPEB.

GASB 68/75 assumes the liability is solely the obligation of the employer, because (1) they benefit from employee services; and (2) State statute requires funding to come from these employers. All pension contributions to date have come solely from these employers (which also includes pension costs paid in the form of withholdings from employees). The retirement systems may allocate a portion of the employer contributions to provide for these OPEB benefits. In addition, health care plan enrollees pay a portion of the health care costs in the form of a monthly premium. State statute requires the retirement systems to amortize unfunded pension liabilities within 30 years. If the pension amortization period exceeds 30 years, each retirement system's board must propose corrective action to the State legislature. Any resulting legislative change to benefits or funding could significantly affect the net pension/OPEB liability (asset). Resulting adjustments to the net pension/OPEB liability (asset) would be effective when the changes are legally enforceable. The Ohio Revised Code permits, but does not require, the retirement systems to provide healthcare to eligible benefit recipients.

The remainder of this note includes the required pension disclosures. See Note 11 for the required OPEB disclosures.

The proportionate share of each plan's unfunded benefits is presented as a long-term *net pension/OPEB liability (asset)* on the accrual basis of accounting. Any liability for the contractually required pension contribution outstanding at the end of the year is included in pension and postemployment benefits payable on both the accrual and modified accrual basis of accounting.

Plan Description - School Employees Retirement System (SERS)

Plan Description - The District's non-teaching employees participate in SERS, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by SERS. SERS provides retirement, disability and survivor benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3309. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about SERS' fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by visiting the SERS website at www.ohsers.org under Employers/Audit Resources.

Age and service requirements for retirement are as follows:

	Eligible to	Eligible to
	Retire on or before	Retire after
	August 1, 2017 *	August 1, 2017
Full benefits	Any age with 30 years of service credit	Age 67 with 10 years of service credit; or Age 57 with 30 years of service credit
Actuarially reduced benefits	Age 60 with 5 years of service credit; or Age 55 with 25 years of service credit	Age 62 with 10 years of service credit; or Age 60 with 25 years of service credit

^{*} Members with 25 years of service credit as of August 1, 2017 will be included in this plan.

Annual retirement benefits are calculated based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on years of service; 2.2% for the first thirty years of service and 2.5% for years of service credit over 30. Final average salary is the average of the highest three years of salary.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

NOTE 10 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

An individual whose benefit effective date is before April 1, 2018, is eligible for a cost-of-living adjustment (COLA) on the first anniversary date of the benefit. Beginning April 1, 2018, new benefit recipients must wait until the fourth anniversary of their benefit for COLA eligibility. The COLA is added each year to the base benefit amount on the anniversary date of the benefit. A three-year COLA suspension was in effect for all benefit recipients for the years 2018, 2019, and 2020. Upon resumption of the COLA, it will be indexed to the percentage increase in the CPI-W, not to exceed 2.5% and with a floor of 0%. In 2023, the Board of Trustees approved a 2.5% cost-of-living adjustment (COLA) for eligible retirees and beneficiaries in 2024.

Funding Policy - Plan members are required to contribute 10.00% of their annual covered salary and the District is required to contribute 14.00% of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended by the SERS' Retirement Board up to statutory maximum amounts of 10.00% for plan members and 14.00% for employers. The Retirement Board, acting with the advice of the actuary, allocates the employer contribution rate among four of the System's funds (Pension Trust Fund, Death Benefit Fund, Medicare B Fund, and Health Care Fund). For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, the allocation to pension, death benefits, and Medicare B was 14.00%. For fiscal year 2024, the Retirement Board did not allocate any employer contribution to the Health Care Fund.

The District's contractually required contribution to SERS was \$872,750 for fiscal year 2024. Of this amount, \$60,189 is reported as pension and postemployment benefits payable.

Plan Description - State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)

Plan Description - Licensed teachers participate in STRS, a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system administered by STRS. STRS provides retirement and disability benefits to members and death and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. STRS issues a stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about STRS' fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by writing to STRS, 275 E. Broad St., Columbus, OH 43215-3771, by calling (888) 227-7877, or by visiting the STRS website at www.strsoh.org.

New members have a choice of three retirement plans: a Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan and a Combined (CO) Plan. Benefits are established by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307.

The DB plan offers an annual retirement allowance based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on years of service. Effective August 1, 2015, the calculation is 2.20% of final average salary for the five highest years of earnings multiplied by all years of service. Eligibility changes will be phased in until August 1, 2023, when retirement eligibility for unreduced benefits will be five years of service credit and age 65, or 35 years of service credit and at least age 60.

Eligibility changes for DB Plan members who retire with actuarially reduced benefits will be phased in until August 1, 2023 when retirement eligibility will be five years of qualifying service credit and age 60, or 30 years of service credit regardless of age.

The DC Plan allows members to place all of their member contributions and 9.53% of the 14% employer contributions into an investment account. The member determines how to allocate the member and employer money among various investment choices offered by STRS. The remaining 4.47% of the 14% employer rate is allocated to the defined benefit unfunded liability. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The member may elect to receive a lifetime monthly annuity or a lump sum withdrawal.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

NOTE 10 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

The Combined Plan offers features of both the DB Plan and the DC Plan. In the Combined Plan, 12% of the 14% member rate goes to the DC Plan and the remaining 2% is applied to the DB Plan. Member contributions to the DC Plan are allocated among investment choices by the member, and contributions to the DB Plan from the employer and the member are used to fund the defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. The defined benefit portion of the Combined Plan payment is payable to a member on or after age 60 with five years of service. The defined contribution portion of the account may be taken as a lump sum payment or converted to a lifetime monthly annuity after termination of employment at age 50 and after termination of employment.

New members who choose the DC Plan or Combined Plan will have another opportunity to reselect a permanent plan during their fifth year of membership. Members may remain in the same plan or transfer to another STRS plan. The optional annuitization of a member's defined contribution account or the defined contribution portion of a member's Combined Plan account to a lifetime benefit results in STRS bearing the risk of investment gain or loss on the account. STRS has therefore included all three plan options as one defined benefit plan for GASB 68 reporting purposes.

A DB or Combined Plan member with five or more years of credited service, who is determined to be disabled, may qualify for a disability benefit. New members, on or after July 1, 2013, must have at least ten years of qualifying service credit to apply for disability benefits. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. Eligible survivors of members who die before service retirement may qualify for monthly benefits. If a member of the DC Plan dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

Eligible survivors of members who die before service retirement may qualify for monthly benefits. If a member of the DC Plan dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

Funding Policy - Employer and member contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board and limited by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code. The fiscal year 2024 employer and employee contribution rate of 14% was equal to the statutory maximum rates. For fiscal year 2024, the full employer contribution was allocated to pension.

The District's contractually required contribution to STRS was \$3,394,563 for fiscal year 2024. Of this amount, \$617,120 is reported as pension obligation payable.

Net Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2023, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the District's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating entities.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

NOTE 10 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

Following is information related to the proportionate share and pension expense:

		SERS		STRS	 Total
Proportion of the net pension					
liability prior measurement date	0.	141724500%	0	.162760550%	
Proportion of the net pension					
liability current measurement date	0.	151515900%	0	.166331720%	
Change in proportionate share	0.009791400%		0	.003571170%	
Proportionate share of the net			_		
pension liability	\$	8,372,032	\$	35,819,433	\$ 44,191,465
Pension expense	\$	905,569	\$	3,153,415	\$ 4,058,984

At June 30, 2024, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	SERS		STRS		Total		otal	
Deferred outflows of resources		_						
Differences between expected and								
actual experience	\$	359,848	\$	1	,305,901	\$	1,	665,749
Changes of assumptions		59,303		2	,949,925		3,	009,228
Difference between employer contributions								
and proportionate share of contributions/								
change in proportionate share		419,624			673,047		1,	092,671
Contributions subsequent to the								
measurement date		872,750		3	,394,563		4,	267,313
Total deferred outflows of resources	\$	1,711,525	\$	8	,323,436	\$	10,	034,961
		SERS	_		STRS			Total
Deferred inflows of resources								
Differences between expected and								
actual experience	\$	-		\$	79,483		\$	79,483
Net difference between projected and								
actual earnings on pension plan investments		117,678			107,354			225,032
Changes of assumptions		-			2,220,444			2,220,444
Difference between employer contributions								
and proportionate share of contributions/								
change in proportionate share	_			_	360,132			360,132
Total deferred inflows of resources	<u>\$</u>	117,678		\$	2,767,413		\$	2,885,091

\$4,267,313 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pension resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2025.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

NOTE 10 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	 SERS STRS		STRS		Total
Fiscal Year Ending June 30:	_				·
2025	\$ 235,841	\$	(248,445)	\$	(12,604)
2026	(167,090)		(1,215,118)		(1,382,208)
2027	646,111		3,687,483		4,333,594
2028	 6,235	_	(62,460)		(56,225)
Total	\$ 721,097	\$	2,161,460	\$	2,882,557

Actuarial Assumptions - SERS

SERS' total pension liability was determined by their actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 67, as part of their annual actuarial valuation for each defined benefit retirement plan. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts (e.g., salaries, credited service) and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future (e.g., mortality, disabilities, retirements, employment terminations). Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations. Future benefits for all current plan members were projected through 2137.

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. For a newly hired employee, actuarial calculations will take into account the employee's entire career with the employer and also take into consideration the benefits, if any, paid to the employee after termination of employment until the death of the employee and any applicable contingent annuitant. In many cases actuarial calculations reflect several decades of service with the employer and the payment of benefits after termination.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

NOTE 10 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total pension liability in the latest actuarial valuation, prepared as of June 30, 2023 and June 30, 2022, are presented below:

Wage inflation:

Current measurement date 2.40% Prior measurement date 2.40%

Future salary increases, including inflation:

Current measurement date 3.25% to 13.58% Prior measurement date 3.25% to 13.58%

COLA or ad hoc COLA:

Current measurement date 2.00% Prior measurement date 2.00%

Investment rate of return:

Current measurement date 7.00% net of system expenses
Prior measurement date 7.00% net of system expenses

Discount rate:

Current measurement date 7.00% Prior measurement date 7.00%

Actuarial cost method Entry age normal (level percent of payroll)

In 2023, mortality rates were based on the PUB-2010 General Employee Amount Weighted Below Median Healthy Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 1 year and adjusted 94.20% for males and set forward 2 years and adjusted 81.35% for females. Mortality among disabled members were based upon the PUB-2010 General Disabled Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 5 years and adjusted 103.3% for males and set forward 3 years and adjusted 106.8% for females. Future improvement in mortality rates is reflected by applying the MP-2020 projection scale generationally.

In the prior measurement date, mortality rates were based on the PUB-2010 General Employee Amount Weight Below Median Healthy Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 1 year and adjusted 94.20% for males and set forward 2 years and adjusted 81.35% for females. Mortality among disabled members were based upon the PUB-2010 General Disabled Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 5 years and adjusted 103.3% for males and set forward 3 years and adjusted 106.8% for females. Future improvement in mortality rates is reflected by applying the MP-2020 projection scale generationally.

The most recent experience study was completed for the five-year period ended June 30, 2020.

The long-term return expectation for the Pension Plan Investments has been determined by using a building-block approach and assumes a time horizon, as defined in SERS' *Statement of Investment Policy*. Ohio Revised Code Section 3309.15 and the Board-adopted Investment Policy govern investment activity at SERS. A forecasted rate of inflation serves as the baseline for the return expectation. Various real return premiums over the baseline inflation rate have been established for each asset class. The long-term expected nominal rate of return has been determined by calculating a weighted average of the expected real return premiums for each asset class, adding the projected inflation rate, and adding the expected return from rebalancing uncorrelated asset classes.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

NOTE 10 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

	Target	Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return
Cash	2.00 %	0.75 %
US Equity	24.75	4.82
Non-US Equity Developed	13.50	5.19
Non-US Equity Emerging	6.75	5.98
Fixed Income/Global Bonds	19.00	2.24
Private Equity	12.00	7.49
Real Estate/Real Assets	17.00	3.70
Private Debt/Private Credit	5.00	5.64
Total	100.00 %	

Discount Rate - Total pension liability was calculated using the discount rate of 7.00%. The discount rate determination did not use a municipal bond rate. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employers would contribute the actuarially determined contribution rate of projected compensation over the remaining 21-year amortization period of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability. The actuarially determined contribution rate of fiscal year 2023 was 14%. Projected inflows from investment earnings were calculated using the long-term assumed investment rate of return, 7.00%. Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefits to determine the total pension liability. The annual money weighted rate of return, calculated as the internal rate of return on pension plan investments, for fiscal year 2023 was 6.90%.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate - Net pension liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate, and to illustrate the potential impact the following table presents the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what each plan's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00%), or one percentage point higher (8.00%) than the current rate.

				Current		
	19	% Decrease	Dis	count Rate	19	6 Increase
District's proportionate share						
of the net pension liability	\$	12,356,694	\$	8,372,032	\$	5,015,716

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

NOTE 10 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions - STRS

Key methods and assumptions used in the latest actuarial valuation, reflecting experience study results used in the June 30, 2023 and June 30, 2022, actuarial valuation are presented below:

June 30, 2023	June 30, 2022
2.50%	2.50%
Varies by service from 2.50% to 8.50%	Varies by service from 2.50% to 8.50%
7.00%, net of investment	7.00%, net of investment
expenses, including inflation	expenses, including inflation
7.00%	7.00%
3.00%	3.00%
0.00%	0.00%
	2.50% Varies by service from 2.50% to 8.50% 7.00%, net of investment expenses, including inflation 7.00% 3.00%

For the June 30, 2023 actuarial valuation, post-retirement mortality rates are based on the Pub-2010 Teachers Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table, adjusted 110% for males, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2020. Pre-retirement mortality rates are based on Pub-2010 Teachers Employee Table adjusted 95% for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2020. Post-retirement disabled mortality rates are based on Pub-2010 Teachers Disabled Annuitant Table projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2020.

For the prior measurement date, post-retirement mortality rates are based on the Pub-2010 Teachers Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table, adjusted 110% for males, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2020. Pre-retirement mortality rates are based on Pub-2010 Teachers Employee Table adjusted 95% for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2020. Post-retirement disabled mortality rates are based on Pub-2010 Teachers Disable Annuitant Table projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2020.

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2023 valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2015 through June 30, 2021. An actuarial experience study is done on a quinquennial basis.

STRS' investment consultant develops an estimate range for the investment return assumption based on the target allocation adopted by the Retirement Board. The target allocation and long-term expected rate of return for each major asset class are summarized as follows:

	Target	Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation*	Real Rate of Return **
Domestic Equity	26.00 %	6.60 %
International Equity	22.00	6.80
Alternatives	19.00	7.38
Fixed Income	22.00	1.75
Real Estate	10.00	5.75
Liquidity Reserves	1.00	1.00
Total	100.00 %	

^{*} Final target weights reflected at October 1, 2022.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

NOTE 10 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

**10-Year annualized geometric nominal returns, which include the real rate of return and inflation of 2.25% and is net of investment expenses. Over a 30-year period, STRS' investment consultant indicates that the above target allocations should generate a return above the actuarial rate of return, without net value added by management.

Discount Rate - The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00% as of June 30, 2023. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that member and employer contributions will be made at the statutory contribution rates in accordance with the rates described previously. For this purpose, only employer contributions that are intended to fund benefits of current plan members and their beneficiaries are included. Based on those assumptions, STRS' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members as of June 30, 2023. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.00% was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability as of June 30, 2023.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate - The following table represents the net pension liability as of June 30, 2023, calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 7.00%, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00%) or one percentage point higher (8.00%) than the current assumption:

	Current							
	19	6 Decrease	Dis	scount Rate	19	% Increase		
District's proportionate share								
of the net pension liability	\$	55,082,359	\$	35,819,433	\$	19,528,267		

Assumption and Benefit Changes Since the Prior Measurement Date - The discount rate remained at 7.00% for June 30, 2023 valuation. Demographic assumptions were changed based on the actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2015 through June 30, 2021.

NOTE 11 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS

Net OPEB Liability/Asset

See Note 10 for a description of the net OPEB liability (asset).

Plan Description - School Employees Retirement System (SERS)

Health Care Plan Description - The District contributes to the SERS Health Care Fund, administered by SERS for noncertificated retirees and their beneficiaries. For GASB 75 purposes, this plan is considered a cost-sharing other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plan. SERS' Health Care Plan provides healthcare benefits to eligible individuals receiving retirement, disability, and survivor benefits, and to their eligible dependents. Members who retire after June 1, 1986, need 10 years of service credit, exclusive of most types of purchased credit, to qualify to participate in SERS' health care coverage. In addition to age and service retirees, disability benefit recipients and beneficiaries who are receiving monthly benefits due to the death of a member or retiree, are eligible for SERS' health care coverage. Most retirees and dependents choosing SERS' health care coverage are over the age of 65 and therefore enrolled in a fully insured Medicare Advantage plan; however, SERS maintains a traditional, self-insured preferred provider organization for its non-Medicare retiree population. For both groups, SERS offers a self-insured prescription drug program. Health care is a benefit that is permitted, not mandated, by statute. The financial report of the Plan is included in the SERS Annual Comprehensive Financial Report which can be obtained on SERS' website at www.ohsers.org under Employers/Audit Resources.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

NOTE 11 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

Access to health care for retirees and beneficiaries is permitted in accordance with Section 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Health Care Fund was established and is administered in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 105(e). SERS' Retirement Board reserves the right to change or discontinue any health plan or program. Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. The SERS Retirement Board established the rules for the premiums paid by the retirees for health care coverage for themselves and their dependents or for their surviving beneficiaries. Premiums vary depending on the plan selected, qualified years of service, Medicare eligibility, and retirement status.

Funding Policy - State statute permits SERS to fund the health care benefits through employer contributions. Each year, after the allocation for statutorily required pensions and benefits, the Retirement Board may allocate the remainder of the employer contribution of 14% of covered payroll to the Health Care Fund in accordance with the funding policy. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, SERS did not allocate any employer contributions to post-employment health care. An additional health care surcharge on employers is collected for employees earning less than an actuarially determined minimum compensation amount, pro-rated if less than a full year of service credit was earned. For fiscal year 2024, this amount was \$30,000. Statutes provide that no employer shall pay a health care surcharge greater than 2% of that employer's SERS-covered payroll; nor may SERS collect in aggregate more than 1.5% of the total statewide SERS-covered payroll for the health care surcharge. For fiscal year 2024, the District's surcharge obligation was \$109,256.

The surcharge added to the allocated portion of the 14% employer contribution rate is the total amount assigned to the Health Care Fund. The District's contractually required contribution to SERS was \$109,256 for fiscal year 2024. Of this amount, \$109,256 is reported as pension and postemployment obligation payable.

Plan Description - State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)

Plan Description - The State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS) administers a cost-sharing Health Plan administered for eligible retirees who participated in the defined benefit or combined pension plans offered by STRS. Ohio law authorizes STRS to offer this plan. Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and partial reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. The Medicare Part B monthly reimbursement elimination date was postponed indefinitely. The Plan is included in the report of STRS which can be obtained by visiting www.strsoh.org or by calling (888) 227-7877.

Funding Policy - Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307 authorizes STRS to offer the Plan and gives the Retirement Board discretionary authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS. Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. Nearly all health care plan enrollees, for the most recent year, pay a portion of the health care costs in the form of a monthly premium. Under Ohio law, funding for post-employment health care may be deducted from employer contributions, currently 14% of covered payroll. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, STRS did not allocate any employer contributions to post-employment health care.

Net OPEB Liabilities/Assets, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

The net OPEB liability/asset was measured as of June 30, 2023, and the total OPEB liability/asset used to calculate the net OPEB liability/asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net OPEB liability/asset was based on the District's share of contributions to the respective retirement systems relative to the contributions of all participating entities.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

NOTE 11 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

Following is information related to the proportionate share and OPEB expense:

		SERS		STRS	 Total
Proportion of the net OPEB					
liability/asset prior measurement date	0.	145714900%	0.	.162760550%	
Proportion of the net OPEB					
liability/asset current measurement date	0.	156034000%	0.	.166331720%	
Change in proportionate share	0.	010319100%	0.	.003571170%	
Proportionate share of the net					
OPEB liability	\$	2,570,575	\$	-	\$ 2,570,575
Proportionate share of the net					
OPEB as set	\$	-	\$	(3,234,922)	\$ (3,234,922)
OPEB expense	\$	(279,322)	\$	(172,807)	\$ (452,129)

At June 30, 2024, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	SER	S	STRS		Total
Deferred outflows of resources			_		
Differences between expected and					
actual experience	\$	5,357 \$	5,044	\$	10,401
Net difference between projected and					
actual earnings on OPEB plan investments	1:	9,923	5,772		25,695
Changes of assumptions	869	9,185	476,550		1,345,735
Difference between employer contributions					
and proportionate share of contributions/					
change in proportionate share	33	0,190	9,338		339,528
Contributions subsequent to the					
measurement date	10	9,256			109,256
Total deferred outflows of resources	\$ 1,33	3,911 \$	496,704	\$	1,830,615
	SER	S	STRS		Total
Deferred inflows of resources					
Differences between expected and					
actual experience	\$ 1,32	5,742 \$	493,409	\$	1,819,151
Changes of assumptions	73	0,069	2,134,360		2,864,429
Difference between employer contributions					
and proportionate share of contributions/					
change in proportionate share	11	4,733	26,718		141,451
Total deferred inflows of resources	\$ 2,17	0,544 \$	2,654,487	\$	4,825,031

\$109,256 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability/asset in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2025.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

NOTE 11 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

	SERS		STRS			Total
Fiscal Year Ending June 30:		_				
2025	\$	(379,050)	\$	(961,544)	\$	(1,340,594)
2026		(321,163)		(433,762)		(754,925)
2027		(194,769)		(166,847)		(361,616)
2028		(111,207)		(226,706)		(337,913)
2029		(56,133)		(207,842)		(263,975)
Thereafter		116,433		(161,082)	_	(44,649)
Total	\$	(945,889)	\$	(2,157,783)	\$	(3,103,672)

Actuarial Assumptions - SERS

The total OPEB liability is determined by SERS' actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 74, as part of their annual actuarial valuation for each retirement plan. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts (e.g., salaries, credited service) and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future (e.g., mortality, disabilities, retirements, employment terminations). Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. For a newly hired employee, actuarial calculations will take into account the employee's entire career with the employer and also take into consideration the benefits, if any, paid to the employee after termination of employment until the death of the employee and any applicable contingent annuitant. In many cases, actuarial calculations reflect several decades of service with the employer and the payment of benefits after termination.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

NOTE 11 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total OPEB liability in the latest actuarial valuation date of June 30, 2023 and June 30, 2022 are presented below:

Wage inflation:

Current measurement date 2.40% Prior measurement date 2.40%

Future salary increases, including inflation:

Current measurement date 3.25% to 13.58% Prior measurement date 3.25% to 13.58%

Investment rate of return:

Current measurement date 7.00% net of investment expense, including inflation

Prior measurement date 7.00% net of investment

expense, including inflation

Municipal bond index rate:

Current measurement date 3.86%
Prior measurement date 3.69%

Single equivalent interest rate, net of plan investment expense,

including price inflation:

Current measurement date 4.27%
Prior measurement date 4.08%

Medical trend assumption:

Current measurement date 6.75 to 4.40% Prior measurement date 7.00 to 4.40%

In 2023, the following mortality assumptions were used:

Healthy Retirees - PUB-2010 General Employee Amount Weighted Below Median Healthy Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 1 year and adjusted 94.20% for males and set forward 2 years and adjusted 81.35% for females.

Disabled Retirees - PUB-2010 General Disabled Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 5 years and adjusted 103.3% for males and set forward 3 years and adjusted 106.8% for females.

Contingent Survivors - PUB-2010 General Amount Weighted Below Median Contingent Survivor mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 1 year and adjusted 105.5% for males and adjusted 122.5% for females.

Actives - PUB-2010 General Amount Weighted Below Median Employee mortality table.

Mortality Projection - Mortality rates are projected using a fully generational projection with Scale MP-2020.

In the prior measurement date, mortality rates were based on the PUB-2010 General Employee Amount Weighted Below Median Healthy Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 1 year and adjusted 94.20% for males and set forward 2 years and adjusted 81.35% for females. Mortality among disabled members were based upon the PUB-2010 General Disabled Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 5 years and adjusted 103.3% for males and set forward 3 years and adjusted 106.8% for females. Future improvement in mortality rates is reflected by applying the MP-2020 projection scale generationally.

The most recent experience study was completed for the five-year period ended June 30, 2020.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

NOTE 11 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

The long-term expected rate of return is reviewed as part of the regular experience studies prepared every five years for SERS. The most recent five-year experience study was performed for the period covering fiscal years 2016 through 2020, and was adopted by the Board on April 15, 2021. Several factors are considered in evaluating the long-term rate of return assumption including long-term historical data, estimates inherent in current market data, and a long-normal distribution analysis in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected return, net of investment expense and inflation) were developed by the investment consultant for each major asset class. These ranges were combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return, 7.00%, by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and then adding expected inflation. The assumption is intended to be a long-term assumption and is not expected to change absent a significant change in the asset allocation, a change in the inflation assumption, or a fundamental change in the market that alters expected returns in future years.

The long-term expected nominal rate of return has been determined by calculating a weighted average of the expected real return premiums for each asset class, adding the projected inflation rate, and adding the expected return from rebalancing uncorrelated asset classes.

The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized as follows:

	Target	Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return
Cash	2.00 %	0.75 %
US Equity	24.75	4.82
Non-US Equity Developed	13.50	5.19
Non-US Equity Emerging	6.75	5.98
Fixed Income/Global Bonds	19.00	2.24
Private Equity	12.00	7.49
Real Estate/Real Assets	17.00	3.70
Private Debt/Private Credit	5.00	5.64
Total	100.00 %	

Discount Rate - The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability at June 30, 2023, was 4.27%. The discount rate used to measure total OPEB liability prior to June 30, 2023, was 4.08%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions will be made from members and the System at the contribution rate of 1.50% of projected covered payroll each year, which includes a 1.50% payroll surcharge and no contributions from the basic benefits plan. Based on these assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is projected to be depleted in 2048 by SERS' actuaries. The Fidelity General Obligation 20-year Municipal Bond Index Rate was used in the determination of the single equivalent interest rate for both the June 30, 2022 and the June 30, 2023 total OPEB liability. The Municipal Bond Index Rate is the single rate that will generate a present value of benefit payments equal to the sum of the present value determined by the long-term expected rate of return, and the present value determined by discounting those benefits after the date of depletion. The Municipal Bond Index Rate was 3.86% at June 30, 2023 and 3.69% at June 30, 2022.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

NOTE 11 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate and Changes in the Health Care Cost Trend Rates - The net OPEB liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate and the health care cost trend rate. The following table presents the net OPEB liability, what the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (3.27%) and higher (5.27%) than the current discount rate (4.27%). Also shown is what the net OPEB liability would be based on health care cost trend rates that are 1 percentage point lower (5.75% decreasing to 3.40%) and higher (7.75% decreasing to 5.40%) than the current rate (6.75% decreasing to 4.40%).

	Current					
	1% Decrease		Dis	count Rate	1% Increase	
District's proportionate share						
of the net OPEB liability	\$	3,285,930	\$	2,570,575	\$	2,006,488
				Current		
	1% Decrease		Trend Rate		19	% Increase
District's proportionate share						
of the net OPEB liability	\$	1,888,512	\$	2,570,575	\$	3,474,400

Actuarial Assumptions - STRS

Key methods and assumptions used in the latest actuarial valuation, reflecting experience study results used in the June 30, 2023 actuarial valuation, compared with June 30, 2022 actuarial valuation, are presented below:

	June 3	0, 2023	June 3	0, 2022			
Inflation	2.50%		2.50%				
Projected salary increases	Varies by service to 8.50%	e from 2.50%	Varies by service from 2.50% to 8.50%				
Investment rate of return	7.00%, net of inverses, include		7.00%, net of investment expenses, including inflation				
Payroll increases	3.00%		3.00%				
Cost-of-living adjustments (COLA)	0.00%		0.00%				
Discount rate of return	7.00%		7.00%				
Blended discount rate of return	N/A		N/A				
Health care cost trends							
	Initial	Ultimate	Initial	Ultimate			
Medical							
Pre-Medicare	7.50%	4.14%	7.50%	3.94%			
Medicare	-10.94%	4.14%	-68.78%	3.94%			
Prescription Drug							
Pre-Medicare	-11.95%	4.14%	9.00%	3.94%			
Medicare	1.33%	4.14%	-5.47%	3.94%			

Projections of benefits include the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and retired plan members.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

NOTE 11 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

For the June 30, 2023 actuarial valuation, for healthy retirees the post-retirement mortality rates are based on the Pub-2010 Teachers Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table, adjusted 110% for males, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2020; pre-retirement mortality rates are based on Pub-2010 Teachers Employee Table adjusted 95% for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2020. For disabled retirees, mortality rates are based on the Pub-2010 Teachers Disabled Annuitant Table projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2020.

For the prior measurement date, for healthy retirees the post-retirement mortality rates are based on the Pub-2010 Teachers Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table, adjusted 110% for males, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2020; pre-retirement mortality rates are based on Pub-2010 Teachers Employee Table adjusted 95% for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2020. For disabled retirees, mortality rates are based on the Pub-2010 Teachers Disabled Annuitant Table projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2020.

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2023 valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2015 through June 30, 2021. An actuarial experience study is done on a quinquennial basis.

Assumption Changes Since the Prior Measurement Date - The discount rate remained unchanged at 7.00% for the June 30, 2023 valuation.

Benefit Term Changes Since the Prior Measurement Date - Healthcare trends were updated to reflect emerging claims and recoveries experience as well as benefit changes effective January 1, 2024.

STRS' investment consultant develops an estimate range for the investment return assumption based on the target allocation adopted by the Retirement Board. The target allocation and long-term expected rate of return for each major asset class are summarized as follows:

Asset Class	Target Allocation*	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return **
Domestic Equity	26.00 %	6.60 %
International Equity	22.00	6.80
Alternatives	19.00	7.38
Fixed Income	22.00	1.75
Real Estate	10.00	5.75
Liquidity Reserves	1.00	1.00
Total	100.00 %	

^{*} Final target weights reflected at October 1, 2022.

Discount Rate - The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB asset was 7.00% as of June 30, 2023. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed STRS continues to allocate no employer contributions to the health care fund. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members as of June 30, 2023. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on health care fund investments of 7.00% was applied to all periods of projected health care costs to determine the total OPEB asset as of June 30, 2023.

^{**10-}Year annualized geometric nominal returns, which include the real rate of return and inflation of 2.25% and is net of investment expenses. Over a 30-year period, STRS' investment consultant indicates that the above target allocations should generate a return above the actuarial rate of return, without net value added by management.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

NOTE 11 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Asset to Changes in the Discount and Health Care Cost Trend Rate - The following table represents the net OPEB asset as of June 30, 2023, calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 7.00%, as well as what the net OPEB asset would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00%) or one percentage point higher (8.00%) than the current assumption. Also shown is the net OPEB asset as if it were calculated using health care cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current health care cost trend rates.

	Current						
	19⁄	1% Decrease		scount Rate	1% Increase		
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB asset	\$	2,737,938	\$	3,234,922	\$	3,667,743	
	1% Decrease		T	Current rend Rate	19	% Increase	
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB asset	\$	3,687,827	\$	3,234,922	\$	2,689,406	

NOTE 12 - EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

A. Compensated Absences

Employees earn vacation at rates specified under State of Ohio law and based on credited service. Classified employees earn 10 to 20 days of vacation per fiscal year, depending upon length of service. Accumulated unused vacation time is paid to classified employees and administrators upon termination of employment.

All employees are entitled to a sick leave credit equal to one and one-quarter days for each month of service (earned on a pro rate basis for less than full-time employees). This sick leave will either be absorbed by time off due to illness or injury or, within certain limitations, be paid to the employee upon retirement. Sick leave may be accumulated up to a maximum of 240 days for classified personnel, 260 days for administrators, and 240 days for certified personnel. Upon retirement, payment is made for up to 31.25 percent (30% classified, 31.25% certified) of accrued, but unused sick leave credit to a maximum of 72 days for classified employees and 75 days for certified employees. Upon retirement, payment is made for up to 31.25 percent of accrued, but unused sick leave credit to a maximum of 75 days for 12 month administrative employees and 31.25 percent or 75 days for 10 month administrative employees.

B. Life Insurance

The District provides life insurance and accidental death and dismemberment insurance to most employees through Guardian Life Insurance Company.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

NOTE 13 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

During the year ended June 30, 2024, the following changes occurred in the long-term obligations reported in the government-wide financial statements.

	Balance 06/30/23				Reductions		Balance 06/30/24		Due in One Year	
General obligation bonds										
2008 Refunding Bonds	\$	785,000	\$	-	\$	(385,000)	\$	400,000	\$	400,000
2016 HB Energy Conservation Bonds		1,860,000	_		_	(215,000)	_	1,645,000	_	220,000
Total bonds payable		2,645,000				(600,000)		2,045,000	_	620,000
Other long-term obligations										
Compensated absences payable		3,300,751		614,875		(453,816)		3,461,810		474,989
Note payable - financed purchase		640,000		-		(155,000)		485,000		160,000
Net pension liability		43,847,438		706,469		(362,442)		44,191,465		-
Net OPEB liability		2,045,852		524,723				2,570,575		_
Total other long-term obligations		49,834,041		1,846,067		(971,258)		50,708,850	_	634,989
Total governmental activities	\$	52,479,041	\$	1,846,067	\$	(1,571,258)	\$	52,753,850	\$	1,254,989

Compensated absences payable will be paid from the funds from which the employees' salaries are paid, which for the District is primarily the general fund.

The District's net pension liability is described in Note 10. The District pays obligations related to employee compensation from the fund benefitting from their service, which for the District is primarily the general fund.

The District's net OPEB liability is described in Note 11. The District pays obligations related to employee compensation from the fund benefitting from their service, which for the District is primarily the general fund.

A. On February 1, 2008, the District issued general obligation bonds (Series 2008 School Improvement Refunding Bonds) to currently refund the callable portion of the 2004 School Improvement General Obligation Bonds (principal \$3,710,000; interest rate 4.58 percent). The refunded debt is considered defeased and accordingly has been removed from the statement of net position.

The refunding bonds outstanding are general obligations of the District for which the full faith and credit of the District is pledged for repayment. Payments of principal and interest relating to these liabilities are recorded as expenditures in the debt service fund (a nonmajor governmental fund). The source of payment is derived from a current tax levy.

The scheduled payments of principal and interest requirements on debt outstanding at June 30, 2024, are as follows:

Fiscal Year		2008 Refunding Bonds								
Year Ended	_ P	rincipal	ncipal Interest							
2025	\$	400,000	\$	8,000	\$	408,000				
Total	\$	400,000	\$	8,000	\$	408,000				

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

NOTE 13 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

B. On June 7, 2016, the District issued energy conservation bonds (2016 HB Energy Conservation Bonds). The bonds will mature in December 2030. The interest rate at June 30, 2024 was 2.550%.

Payments of principal and interest are recorded as expenditures in the general fund. The energy conservation project was primarily for various building maintenance and repairs, which have not been capitalized by the District.

The schedule payments of principal and interest requirements on debt outstanding at June 30, 2024, are as follows:

Fiscal Year		HB 264 Energy Conservaton Bonds									
Year Ended	Principal			Interest		Total					
2025	\$	220,000	\$	39,143	\$	259,143					
2026		225,000		33,469		258,469					
2027		230,000		27,668		257,668					
2028		235,000		21,739		256,739					
2029		240,000		15,683		255,683					
2030 - 2031		495,000		12,687		507,687					
Total	\$	1,645,000	\$	150,389	\$	1,795,389					

C. Note Payable - Financed Purchase

On June 4, 2015, the District entered into a note payable - financed purchase agreement with TCF Equipment Finance for the purpose of acquiring a new mower. The \$55,602 in proceeds are to be repaid over five years. This is a direct borrowing collateralized by the mower. Principal and interest payments related to this agreement are made from the permanent improvement fund (a nonmajor governmental fund).

On October 4, 2016, the District entered into a note payable - financed purchase agreement with U.S. Bancorp Government Leasing and Financing, Inc. for the purpose of energy conservation. The \$1,500,000 in proceeds will be used for building improvements, maintenance and repairs for purchasing equipment. The proceeds will be repaid over 11 years, maturing on December 1, 2026, and bearing an interest rate of 2.074%. Principal and interest payments related to this agreement are made from the permanent improvement fund (a nonmajor governmental fund). Capital assets of \$1,406,902 have been capitalized in buildings and improvements at June 30, 2024.

Principal and interest requirements to retire the note payable - financed purchase obligations at June 30, 2024 follows:

Fiscal Year		Note Payable - Financed Purchase								
Ending June 30,	_ <u>F</u>	Principal		nterest		Total				
2025	\$	160,000	\$	8,436	\$	168,436				
2026		160,000		5,103		165,103				
2027	_	165,000		1,718		166,718				
Total	\$	485,000	\$	15,257	\$	500,257				

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

NOTE 13 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

D. Ohio Revised Code provides that voted net general obligation debt of the District shall never exceed 9% of the total assessed valuation of the District. The code further provides that unvoted indebtedness shall not exceed 1/10 of 1% of the property valuation of the District. The code additionally states that unvoted indebtedness related to energy conservation debt shall not exceed 9/10 of 1% of the property valuation of the District. The assessed valuation used in determining the District's legal debt margin has been modified by House Bill 530 which became effective March 30, 2006. In accordance with House Bill 530, the assessed valuation used in the District's legal debt margin calculation excluded tangible personal property used in business, telephone or telegraph property, interexchange telecommunications company property, and personal property owned or leased by a railroad company and used in railroad operations. The effects of these debt limitations at June 30, 2024, are a voted debt margin of \$74,910,378 (including available funds of \$253,186) and an unvoted debt margin of \$852,247.

NOTE 14 - SET-ASIDES

The District is required by State law to annually set-aside certain general fund revenue amounts, as defined by statutory formula, for the acquisition and construction of capital improvements. Amounts not spent by the end of the fiscal year or offset by similarly restricted resources received during the year must be held in cash at fiscal year-end. This amount must be carried forward to be used for the same purpose in future years. Expenditures exceeding the set-aside requirement may not be carried forward to the next fiscal year.

The following cash-basis information describes the change in the fiscal year-end set-aside amount for capital improvements. Disclosure of this information is required by State statute.

		apital	
	<u>Impr</u>	oveme	<u>nts</u>
Set-aside balance June 30, 2023	\$		-
Current year set-aside requirement		766,1	52
Current year qualifying expenditures	((337,9	93)
Current year offsets	(1	,645,9	<u>42</u>)
Total	<u>\$ (1</u>	,217,7	83)
Balance carried forward to fiscal year 2025	\$		_
Set-aside balance June 30, 2024	\$		_

NOTE 15 - JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS

A. Northwest Ohio Computer Association

The District is a participant in the Northwest Ohio Computer Association (NWOCA). NWOCA is an association of public school districts within the boundaries of Defiance, Fulton, Henry, Lucas, and Williams counties. The organization was formed for the purpose of applying modern technology with the aid of computers and other electronic equipment to administrative and instructional functions among member school districts.

The NWOCA Assembly consists of a superintendent from each participating school district and a representative from the fiscal agent. The Assembly elects the Council. NWOCA is governed by a Council chosen from two representatives from each of the five counties in which the member school districts are located and the representative from the member school district serving as fiscal agent for NWOCA. The degree of control exercised by any participating school district is limited to its representation of the Board. Financial information can be obtained from the Treasurer at 22-900 State Route 34, Archbold, Ohio 43502.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

NOTE 15 - JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS - (Continued)

B. Penta County Career Center

The Penta County Career Center is a distinct political subdivision of the State of Ohio operated under the direction of a Board consisting of one representative from each of the sixteen participating school districts' elected boards, which possesses its own budgeting and taxing authority. To obtain financial information write to the Penta County Career Center, Carrie J. Herringshaw, who serves as Treasurer, at 30095 Oregon Road, Perrysburg, Ohio 43551.

NOTE 16 - INSURANCE POOLS

A. OSBA Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan

The District is a member of the OSBA Workers' Compensation Group Rating Program established in April 1991. The program was created by the Ohio Schools Boards Association as a result of the Workers' Compensation group rating plan as defined in 4123.29, Ohio Revised Code. The group-rating plan will allow school districts to group together to potentially achieve a lower premium rate than they may otherwise be able to acquire as individual employers.

B. Ohio School Plan

The District participates in the Ohio School Plan (the "Plan"), an insurance purchasing pool established under Section 2744.081 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Plan is an unincorporated nonprofit association of its members which enables the participants to provide for a formalized joint insurance purchasing program for maintaining adequate insurance protection and provides risk management programs and other administrative services. The Plan's business and affairs are conducted by a fifteen member board consisting of superintendents, treasurers, the president of Harcum-Schuett Insurance Agency, Inc., and a member of Hylant Group, Inc. Hylant Group, Inc. is the Plan's administrator and is responsible for processing claims. Harcum-Schuett Insurance Agency serves as the sales and marketing representative which establishes agreements between the Plan and its members. Financial information can be obtained from Hylant Administrative Services, 811 Madison Ave., Toledo, Ohio 43604.

NOTE 17 - CONTINGENCIES

A. Grants

The District receives significant financial assistance from numerous federal, State and local agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the District. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material effect on the financial position of the District.

B. Litigation

The District is involved in certain litigation and claims that arise in the ordinary course of business. Management and its legal counsel periodically review the probable outcome of pending claims and proceedings, the costs and expenses reasonably expected to be incurred, the availability and limits of the District's insurance coverage, and the District's accruals for uninsured liabilities. While the ultimate legal and financial liability with respect to the claims and proceedings cannot be estimated with certainty, management believes, based on its reviews and experience to date, that any liability in excess of amounts covered by insurance will not have a material effect on the District's financial statements.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

NOTE 17 – CONTINGENCIES – (Continued)

C. Foundation Funding

Foundation funding is based on the annualized full-time equivalent (FTE) enrollment of each student. Traditional districts must comply with minimum hours of instruction, instead of a minimum number of school days each year. The funding formula the Ohio Department of Education and Workforce (ODEW) is legislatively required to follow will continue to adjust as enrollment information is updated by the District, which can extend past the fiscal year-end. ODEW has finalized the impact of enrollment adjustments to the June 30, 2024 foundation funding for the District. These adjustments were insignificant for the District.

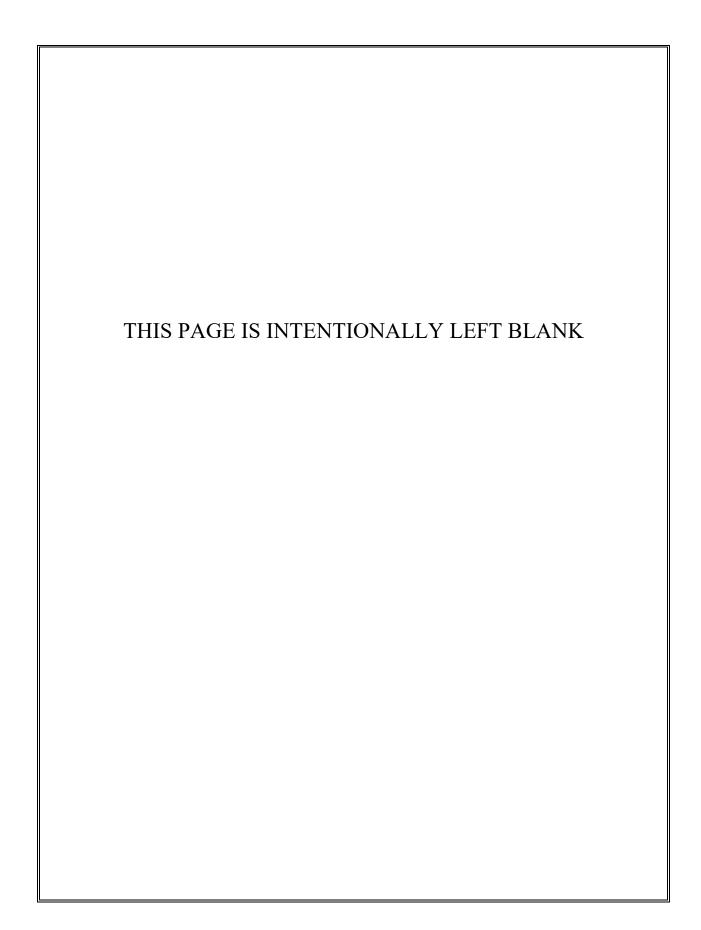
NOTE 18 - OTHER COMMITMENTS

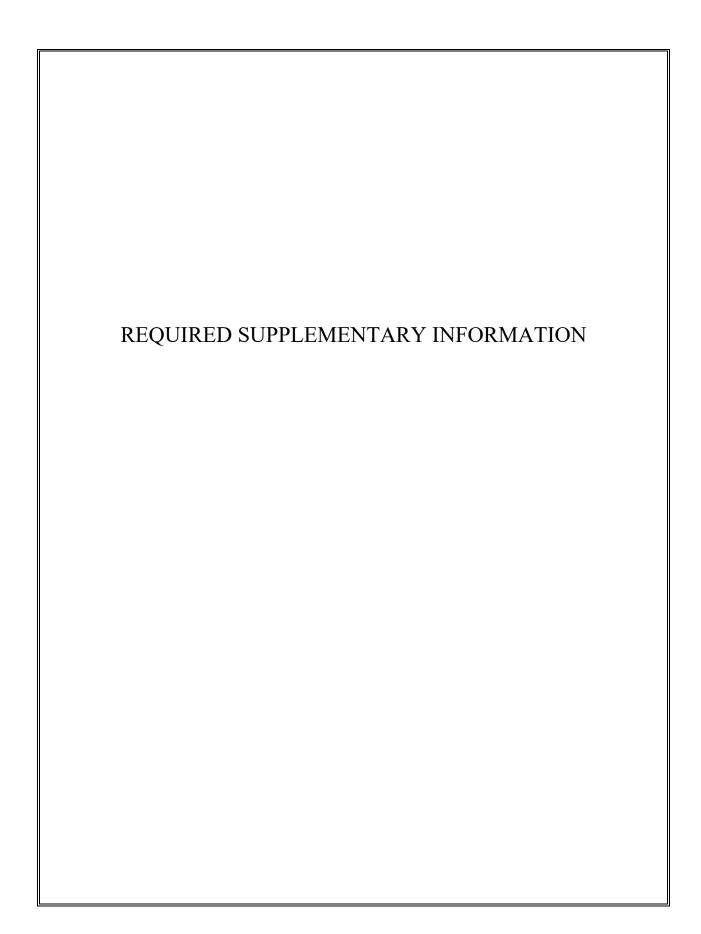
The District utilizes encumbrance accounting as part of its budgetary controls. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end are reported as part of fund balance for subsequent-year expenditures and may be reported as part of restricted, committed, or assigned classifications of fund balance. At year end, the District's commitments for encumbrances in the governmental funds were as follows:

	Year-End				
Fund Type	Encumbrances				
General Other governmental	\$ 1,124,470 662,492				
Total	\$ 1,786,962				

NOTE 19 - TAX ABATEMENTS ENTERED INTO BY OTHER GOVERNMENTS

The Village of Holland entered into property tax abatement agreements with property owners under the Ohio Community Reinvestment Area ("CRA") program with the taxing districts of the District. The CRA program is a directive incentive tax exemption program benefiting property owners who renovate or construct new buildings. Under this program, the other governments designated areas to encourage revitalization of the existing housing stock and the development of new structures. Within the taxing districts of the District, the Village of Holland has entered into such agreements. Under these agreements, the District's property taxes were reduced by \$20,768.





SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) GENERAL FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	Budgeted Amounts				Actual Amounts Budgetary		Variance with Final Budget - over (under)	
	Original		Final		Basis		Actual Amounts	
Budgetary revenues and other financing sources	\$	39,619,844	\$	41,188,961	\$	41,250,490	\$	61,529
Budgetary expenditures and other financing uses		42,722,791		42,597,837		42,522,091		(75,746)
Net change in fund balance		(3,102,947)		(1,408,876)		(1,271,601)		137,275
Budgetary fund balance at beginning of year		2,387,043		2,387,043		2,387,043		-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated		1,946,257		1,946,257		1,946,257		
Budgetary fund balance at end of year		1,230,353	\$	2,924,424	\$	3,061,699	\$	137,275

SEE ACCOMPANYING NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULES OF THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY AND DISTRICT PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (SERS) OF OHIO

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

District's Proportion Fiscal of the Net Year (1) Pension Liability		District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability			District's Covered Payroll	Sh Pens a Pe	District's roportionate are of the Net sion Liability as ercentage of its vered Payroll	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	
2024	0.1	151515900%	\$	8,372,032	\$	6,167,221		135.75%	76.06%
2023	0.1	141724500%		7,665,563		5,311,136		144.33%	75.82%
2022	0.1	140529400%		5,185,127		4,898,721		105.85%	82.86%
2021	0.1	144617300%		9,565,293		5,023,021		190.43%	68.55%
2020	0.1	141098700%		8,442,183		4,852,859		173.96%	70.85%
2019	0.1	143308200%		8,207,526		4,825,837		170.07%	71.36%
2018	0.1	143530300%		8,575,618		5,016,457		170.95%	69.50%
2017	0.1	138092800%		10,107,119		4,580,621		220.65%	62.98%
2016	0.1	145893800%		8,324,842		4,390,250		189.62%	69.16%
2015	0.1	168663000%		8,535,938		4,901,017		174.17%	71.70%
Fiscal Year	Re	tractually equired tributions	Rel Co I	tributions in ation to the ntractually Required ntributions	_	ontribution Deficiency (Excess)		District's Covered Payroll	Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
2024	\$	872,750	\$	(872,750)	\$	_	\$	6,233,929	14.00%
2023		863,411		(863,411)		-		6,167,221	14.00%
2022		743,559		(743,559)		-		5,311,136	14.00%
2021		685,821		(685,821)		-		4,898,721	14.00%
2020		703,223		(703,223)		-		5,023,021	14.00%
2019		655,136		(655,136)		-		4,852,859	13.50%
2018		651,488		(651,488)		-		4,825,837	13.50%
2017		702,304		(702,304)		-		5,016,457	14.00%
2016		641,287		(641,287)		-		4,580,621	14.00%
2015		578,635		(578,635)				4,390,250	13.18%

⁽¹⁾ Amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the District's measurement date which is the prior year-end.

SEE ACCOMPANYING NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULES OF THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY AND DISTRICT PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM (STRS) OF OHIO

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year (1)	Proposition of the contract of	District's District's Proportion Proportionate of the Net Share of the Net ension Liability Pension Liability			District's Covered Payroll	Sl Pen a P	District's Proportionate nare of the Net sion Liability as ercentage of its overed Payroll	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability		
2024	0.16	66331720%	\$	35,819,433	\$	22,900,636		156.41%		80.02%
2023	0.16	62760550%		36,181,875		21,102,679		171.46%		78.88%
2022	0.16	65415614%		21,149,873		20,548,471		102.93%		87.78%
2021	0.16	54051910%		39,694,725	20,258,136			195.94%		75.48%
2020	0.16	62014080%		35,828,440		18,754,071		191.04%	77.40%	
2019	0.13	59061140%		34,973,973		18,483,957		189.21%		77.31%
2018	0.10	61641500%		38,398,285		18,541,664		207.09%		75.30%
2017	0.13	59693140%		53,454,108		15,731,086		339.80%		66.80%
2016	0.10	65262690%		45,673,774		17,255,950		264.68%		72.10%
2015	0.16	59329470%		41,186,787	17,301,323			238.06%		74.70%
Fiscal Year	Red	ractually quired ributions	Re Co	ntributions in lation to the ontractually Required ontributions		Contribution Deficiency (Excess)		District's Covered Payroll	Contribution as a Percentag of Covered Payroll	
2024	\$	3,394,563	\$	(3,394,563)	\$	-	\$	24,246,879		14.00%
2023		3,206,089		(3,206,089)		-		22,900,636		14.00%
2022		2,954,375		(2,954,375)		-		21,102,679		14.00%
2021		2,876,786		(2,876,786)		-		20,548,471		14.00%
2020		2,836,139		(2,836,139)		-		20,258,136		14.00%
2019		2,625,570		(2,625,570)		-		18,754,071		14.00%
2018		2,587,754		(2,587,754)		-		18,483,957		14.00%
2017		2,595,833		(2,595,833)		-		18,541,664		14.00%
2016		2,202,352		(2,202,352)		-		15,731,086		14.00%
2015		2,415,833		(2,415,833)		-		17,255,950		14.00%

⁽¹⁾ Amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the District's measurement date which is the prior year-end.

SEE ACCOMPANYING NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULES OF THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY AND DISTRICT OPEB CONTRIBUTIONS SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (SERS) OF OHIO

LAST EIGHT AND TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year (1) (2)	Pro of	istrict's oportion the Net B Liability	Pro Sha	District's oportionate re of the Net EB Liability		District's Covered Payroll		Covered		District's roportionate are of the Net EB Liability as ercentage of its wered Payroll	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability
2024	0.	156034000%	\$	2,570,575	\$	6,167,221		41.68%	30.02%		
2023	0.	145714900%		2,045,852		5,311,136		38.52%	30.34%		
2022	0.	144387300%		2,732,648		4,898,721		55.78%	24.08%		
2021	0.	150429700%		3,269,330		5,023,021		65.09%	18.17%		
2020	0.	144656400%		3,637,804		4,852,859		74.96%	15.57%		
2019	0.	145625100%		4,040,034		4,825,837		83.72%	13.57%		
2018	0.	145828900%		3,913,665		5,016,457		78.02%	12.46%		
2017	0.	139838270%		3,985,908		4,580,621		87.02%	11.49%		
Fiscal Year	Re	tractually equired tributions	Rel Co	tributions in lation to the ntractually Required ntributions	(Contribution Deficiency (Excess)		District's Covered Payroll	Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll		
2024	\$	109,256	\$	(109,256)	\$	-	\$	6,233,929	2.00%		
2023		114,731		(114,731)		-		6,167,221	1.86%		
2022		99,253		(99,253)		-		5,311,136	1.87%		
2021		90,370		(90,370)		-		4,898,721	1.84%		
2020		98,345		(98,345)		-		5,023,021	1.96%		
2019		112,829		(112,829)		-		4,852,859	2.33%		
2018		103,863		(103,863)		-		4,825,837	2.15%		
2017		00.00=		(00.207)				5.016.457	1 (00/		
		80,307		(80,307)		-		5,016,457	1.60%		
2016		80,307 70,314 121,634		(80,307) (70,314) (121,634)		-		4,580,621 4,390,250	1.54% 2.77%		

⁽¹⁾ Amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the District's measurement date which is the prior year-end.

SEE ACCOMPANYING NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

⁽²⁾ Information prior to 2017 is not available. Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

SCHEDULES OF THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY/(ASSET) AND DISTRICT OPEB CONTRIBUTIONS STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM (STRS) OF OHIO

LAST EIGHT AND TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year (1) (2)	District's Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability/(Asset)	Pr Sha	District's oportionate re of the Net OPEB bility/(Asset)	District's Covered Payroll	Sl Lia a P	District's Proportionate nare of the Net OPEB bility/(Asset) as ercentage of its overed Payroll	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability/(Asset)
2024	0.166331720%	\$	(3,234,922)	\$ 22,900,636		14.13%	168.52%
2023	0.162760550%		(4,214,412)	21,102,679		19.97%	230.73%
2022	0.165415614%		(3,487,653)	20,548,471		16.97%	174.73%
2021	0.164051910%		(2,883,211)	20,258,136		14.23%	182.10%
2020	0.162014080%		(2,683,341)	18,754,071		14.31%	174.74%
2019	0.159061140%		(2,555,950)	18,483,957		13.83%	176.00%
2018	0.161641500%		6,306,655	18,541,664		34.01%	47.10%
2017	0.159693140%		8,540,431	15,731,086		54.29%	37.30%
Fiscal Year	Contractually Required Contributions	Rei Co	tributions in lation to the ontractually Required ntributions	Contribution Deficiency (Excess)		District's Covered Payroll	Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
2024	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$	24,246,879	0.00%
2023	-		-	-		22,900,636	0.00%
2022	-		-	-		21,102,679	0.00%
2021	-		-	-		20,548,471	0.00%
2020	-		-	-		20,258,136	0.00%
2019						10.754.071	
	-		-	-		18,754,071	0.00%
2018	-		-	-		18,483,957	0.00%
2018 2017	- - -		- - -	- - -		18,483,957 18,541,664	0.00% 0.00%
2018	- - -		- - -	- - -		18,483,957	0.00%

⁽¹⁾ Amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the District's measurement date which is the prior year-end.

SEE ACCOMPANYING NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

⁽²⁾ Information prior to 2017 is not available. Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

NOTE 1 - BUDGETARY PROCESS

While reporting financial position, results of operations, and changes in fund balance on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts and disbursements.

The statement of revenue, expenditures and changes in fund balance - budget and actual (non-GAAP budgetary basis) presented for the general fund is presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The major differences between the budget basis and the GAAP basis are that:

- (a) Revenues and other financing sources are recorded when received in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP basis);
- (b) Expenditures and other financing uses are recorded when paid in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP basis);
- (c) In order to determine compliance with Ohio law, and to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, total outstanding encumbrances (budget basis) are recorded as the equivalent of an expenditure, as opposed to assigned or committed fund balance for that portion of outstanding encumbrances not already recognized as an account payable (GAAP basis); and
- (d) Some funds are included in the general fund (GAAP basis), but have separate legally adopted budgets (budget basis).

The adjustments necessary to convert the results of operations for the year on the budget basis to the GAAP basis is as follows:

Net Change in Fund Balance

	<u>G</u> e	eneral fund
Budget basis	\$	(1,271,601)
Net adjustment for revenue and		
other financing sources accruals		(1,199,239)
Net adjustment for expenditure and		
other financing uses accruals		3,477,801
Funds budgeted elsewhere		(1,179,358)
Adjustments for encumbrances		(1,215,041)
GAAP Basis	\$	(1,387,438)

As part of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 54, "<u>Fund Balance Reporting</u>", certain funds that are legally budgeted in separate special revenue funds are considered part of the general fund. This includes the emergency levy fund, the public school support fund and the District wellness fund.

NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

NOTE 2 - PENSIONS & OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)

PENSION

SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (SERS) OF OHIO

Change in benefit terms:

- There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for fiscal year 2015.
- There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for fiscal year 2016.
- There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for fiscal year 2017.
- For fiscal year 2018, SERS changed from a fixed 3% annual increase to a Cost of Living Adjustment (COLA) based on the changes in the Consumer Price Index (CPI-W), with a cap of 2.5% and a floor of 0%.
- For fiscal year 2019, with the authority granted the Board under Senate Bill 8, the Board has enacted a three year COLA delay for future benefit recipients commencing benefits on or after April 1, 2018.
- There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts previously reported for fiscal year 2020.
- There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts previously reported for fiscal year 2021.
- For fiscal year 2022, SERS changed from a Cost of Living Adjustment (COLA) of 2.5% to 2.0%.
- There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for fiscal year 2023.
- There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for fiscal year 2024.

Change in assumptions:

- There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal year 2015.
- There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal year 2016.
- For fiscal year 2017, the following changes of assumptions affected the total pension liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the assumed rate of inflation was reduced from 3.25% to 3.00%, (b) payroll growth assumption was reduced from 4.00% to 3.50%, (c) assumed real wage growth was reduced from 0.75% to 0.50%, (d) rates of withdrawal, retirement and disability were updated to reflect recent experience, (e) mortality among active members was updated to RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and a five year age set-back for both males and females, (f) mortality among service retired members and beneficiaries was updated to the following RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection with Scale BB, 120% of male rates and 110% of female rates, (g) mortality among disabled members was updated to RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, 90% for male rates and 100% for female rates, set back five years is used for the period after disability retirement and (h) the discount rate was reduced from 7.75% to 7.50%.
- There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal year 2018.
- There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal year 2019.
- There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal year 2020.
- There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal year 2021.
- For fiscal year 2022, the following changes of assumptions affected the total pension liability since the prior measurement date: (a) wage inflation decreased from 3.00% to 2.40%, (b) future salary increases changed from 3.50%-18.20% to 3.25%-13.58%, (c) investment rate of return decreased from 7.50% to 7.00%, (d) discount rate decreased from 7.50% to 7.00% and (e) mortality tables changed from the RP-2014 Blue Collar mortality table to the PUB-2010 General Employee Amount Weighted Below Median Healthy Retiree mortality table.

NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

NOTE 2 - PENSIONS & OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) - (Continued)

- There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal year 2023.
- There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal year 2024.

STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM (STRS) OF OHIO

Change in benefit terms:

- There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for fiscal year 2015.
- There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for fiscal year 2016.
- There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for fiscal year 2017.
- For fiscal year 2018, STRS decreased the Cost of Living Adjustment (COLA) to zero.
- There were no changes in benefit terms from amounts previously reported for fiscal year 2019.
- There were no changes in benefit terms from amounts previously reported for fiscal year 2020.
- There were no changes in benefit terms from amounts previously reported for fiscal year 2021.
- There were no changes in benefit terms from amounts previously reported for fiscal year 2022.
- There were no changes in benefit terms from amounts previously reported for fiscal year 2023.
- There were no changes in benefit terms from amounts previously reported for fiscal year 2024.

Changes in assumptions:

- There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal year 2015.
- There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal year 2016.
- There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal year 2017.
- For fiscal year 2018, the following changes of assumption affected the total pension liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the long-term expected rate of return was reduced from 7.75% to 7.45%, (b) the inflation assumption was lowered from 2.75% to 2.50%, (c) the payroll growth assumption was lowered to 3.00%, (d) total salary increases rate was lowered by decreasing the merit component of the individual salary increases, in addition to a decrease of 0.25% due to lower inflation, (e) the healthy and disabled mortality assumptions were updated to the RP-2014 mortality tables with generational improvement scale MP-2016 and (f) rates of retirement, termination and disability were modified to better reflect anticipated future experience.
- There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal year 2019.
- There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal year 2020.
- There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal year 2021.
- For fiscal year 2022, the following changes of assumption affected the total pension liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the long-term expected rate of return was reduced from 7.45% to 7.00% and (b) the discount rate of return was reduced from 7.45% to 7.00%.
- For fiscal year 2023, the following changes of assumption affected the total pension liability since the prior measurement date: the projected salary increases went from 12.50% at age 20 to 2.50% at age 65 to varies by service from 2.50% to 8.50%.
- There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal year 2024.

NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

NOTE 2 - PENSIONS & OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) - (Continued)

OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)

SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (SERS) OF OHIO

Change in benefit terms:

- There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for fiscal year 2017.
- There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for fiscal year 2018.
- There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for fiscal year 2019.
- There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for fiscal year 2020.
- There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for fiscal year 2021.
- There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for fiscal year 2022.
- There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for fiscal year 2023.
- There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for fiscal year 2024.

Change in assumptions:

- There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal year 2017.
- For fiscal year 2018, the following changes of assumptions affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) assumed rate of inflation was reduced from 3.25% to 3.00%, (b) payroll growth assumption was reduced from 4.00% to 3.50%, (c) assumed real wage growth was reduced from 0.75% to 0.50%, (d) rates of withdrawal, retirement, and disability were updated to reflect recent experience, (e) mortality among active members was updated to the following: RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and a five-year age set-back for both males and females, (f) mortality among service retired members and beneficiaries was updated to the following: RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection with Scale BB, 120% of male rates, and 110% of female rates, (g) mortality among disabled members was updated to the following: RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, 90% for male rates and 100% for female rates, set back five years is used for the period after disability retirement, (h) the municipal bond index rate increased from 2.92% to 3.56% and (i) the single equivalent interest rate, net of plan investment expense, including price inflation increased from 2.98% to 3.63%.
- For fiscal year 2019, the following changes of assumptions affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the discount rate increased from 3.63% to 3.70%, (b) the health care cost trend rates for Medicare were changed from a range of 5.50%-5.00% to a range of 5.375%-4.75% and Pre-Medicare were changed from a range of 7.50%-5.00% to a range of 7.25%-4.75%, (c) the municipal bond index rate increased from 3.56% to 3.62% and (d) the single equivalent interest rate, net of plan investment expense, including price inflation increased from 3.63% to 3.70%.
- For fiscal year 2020, the following changes of assumptions affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the discount rate decreased from 3.70% to 3.22%, (b) the health care cost trend rates for Medicare were changed from a range of 5.375%-4.75% to a range of 5.25%-4.75% and Pre-Medicare were changed from a range of 7.25%-4.75% to a range of 7.00%-4.75%, (c) the municipal bond index rate decreased from 3.62% to 3.13% and (d) the single equivalent interest rate, net of plan investment expense, including price inflation decreased from 3.70% to 3.22%.
- For fiscal year 2021, the following changes of assumptions affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the discount rate decreased from 3.22% to 2.63% and (b) the municipal bond index rate decreased from 3.13% to 2.45%, and (c) the single equivalent interest rate, net of plan investment expense, including price inflation decreased from 3.22% to 2.63%.

NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

NOTE 2 - PENSIONS & OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) - (Continued)

- For fiscal year 2022, the following changes of assumptions affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) wage inflation decreased from 3.00% to 2.40%, (b) future salary increases changed from 3.50%-18.20% to 3.25%-13.58%, (c) investment rate of return decreased from 7.50% to 7.00%, (d) discount rate decreased from 7.50% to 7.00% and (e) mortality tables changed from the RP-2014 Blue Collar mortality table to the PUB-2010 General Employee Amount Weighted Below Median Healthy Retiree mortality table.
- For fiscal year 2023, the following changes of assumptions affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) municipal bond index rate went from 1.92% to 3.69%, (b) single equivalent interest rate when from 2.27% to 4.08% and (c) medical trend assumptions went from 5.125% to 4.40% Medicare and 6.75% to 4.40% Pre-Medicare to 7.00% to 4.40%.
- For fiscal year 2024, the following changes of assumptions affect the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) municipal bond index rate went from 3.69% to 3.86%, (b) single equivalent interest rate when from 4.08% to 4.27% and (c) medical trend assumptions went from 7.00% to 4.40% to 6.75% to 4.40%.

STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM (STRS) OF OHIO

Change in benefit terms:

- There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts previously reported for fiscal year 2017.
- For fiscal year 2018, STRS reduced the subsidy multiplier for non-Medicare benefit recipients from 2.1% to 1.9% per year of service. Medicare Part B premium reimbursements were discontinued for certain survivors and beneficiaries and all remaining Medicare Part B premium reimbursements will be discontinued beginning January 2019.
- For fiscal year 2019, STRS increased the subsidy multiplier for non-Medicare benefit recipients from 1.9% to 1.944% per year of service effective January 1, 2019. The non-Medicare frozen subsidy base premium was increased January 1, 2019 and all remaining Medicare Part B premium reimbursements will be discontinued beginning January 1, 2020.
- For fiscal year 2020, STRS increased the subsidy percentage from 1.944% to 1.984% effective January 1, 2020. The Medicare subsidy percentages were adjusted effective January 1, 2021 to 2.1% for the Medicare plan. The Medicare Part B monthly reimbursement elimination date was postponed to January 1, 2021.
- For fiscal year 2021, the non-Medicare subsidy percentage was increased effective January 1, 2021 from 1.984% to 2.055% per year of service. The non-Medicare frozen subsidy base premium was increased effective January 1, 2021. The Medicare subsidy percentages were adjusted effective January 1, 2021 to 2.1% for the AMA Medicare plan. The Medicare Part B monthly reimbursement elimination date was postponed indefinitely.
- For fiscal year 2022, the non-Medicare subsidy percentage was increased effective January 1, 2022 from 2.055% to 2.100%. The non-Medicare frozen subsidy base premium was increased effective January 1, 2022. The Medicare Part D subsidy was updated to reflect it is expected to be negative in CY2022. The Part B monthly reimbursement elimination date was postponed indefinitely.
- There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts previously reported for fiscal year 2023.
- There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts previously reported for fiscal year 2024.

NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

NOTE 2 - PENSIONS & OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) - (Continued)

Change in assumptions:

- There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal year 2017.
- For fiscal year 2018, the following changes of assumptions affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the discount rate was increased from 3.26% to 4.13% based on the methodology defined under GASB Statement No. 74, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans (OPEB), (b) the long term expected rate of return was reduced from 7.75% to 7.45%, (c) valuation year per capita health care costs were updated, and the salary scale was modified, (d) the percentage of future retirees electing each option was updated based on current data and the percentage of future disabled retirees and terminated vested participants electing health coverage were decreased and (e) the assumed mortality, disability, retirement, withdrawal and future health care cost trend rates were modified along with the portion of rebated prescription drug costs.
- For fiscal year 2019, the following changes of assumptions affected the total OPEB liability/asset since the prior measurement date: (a) the discount rate was increased from the blended rate of 4.13% to the long-term expected rate of return of 7.45% based on the methodology defined under GASB Statement No. 74, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans (OPEB) and (b) decrease in health care cost trend rates from 6.00%-11.00% initial; 4.50% ultimate down to Medical Pre-Medicare 6.00% and Medicare 5.00% initial; 4.00% ultimate and Prescription Drug Pre-Medicare 8.00% and Medicare (5.23%) initial; 4.00% ultimate.
- For fiscal year 2020, health care cost trend rates were changed to the following: medical pre-Medicare from 6.00% initial 4.00% ultimate down to 5.87% initial 4.00% ultimate; medical Medicare from 5.00% initial 4.00% ultimate down to 4.93% initial 4.00% ultimate; prescription drug pre-Medicare from 8.00% initial 4.00% ultimate down to 7.73% initial 4.00% ultimate and (5.23%) initial 4.00% ultimate up to 9.62% initial 4.00% ultimate.
- For fiscal year 2021, health care cost trend rates were changed to the following: medical pre-Medicare from 5.87% initial 4.00% ultimate down to 5.00% initial 4.00% ultimate; medical Medicare from 4.93% initial 4.00% ultimate down to -6.69% initial 4.00% ultimate; prescription drug pre-Medicare from 7.73% initial 4.00% ultimate down to 6.50% initial 4.00% ultimate; prescription drug Medicare from 9.62% initial 4.00% ultimate up to 11.87% initial 4.00% ultimate.
- For fiscal year 2022, the following changes of assumption affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the long-term expected rate of return was reduced from 7.45% to 7.00%, (b) the discount rate of return was reduced from 7.45% to 7.00% and (c) health care cost trend rates were changed to the following: medical Medicare from -6.69% initial 4.00% ultimate down to -16.18% initial 4.00% ultimate; prescription drug Medicare from 11.87% initial 4.00% ultimate up to 29.98% initial 4.00% ultimate.
- For fiscal year 2023, the following changes of assumption affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) projected salary increase went from 12.50% at age 20 to 2.50% at age 65 to varies by services from 2.50% to 8.50% and (b) health care cost trend rates were changed to the following: Pre-Medicare from 5.00% initial 4.00% ultimate to 7.50% initial 3.94% ultimate; medical Medicare from -16.18% initial 4.00% ultimate to -68.78% initial 3.94% ultimate; prescription drug Pre-Medicare from 6.50% initial 4.00% ultimate to 9.00% initial 3.94% ultimate; Medicare from 29.98% initial 4.00% ultimate to -5.47% initial 3.94% ultimate.
- For fiscal year 2024, the following changes of assumption affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) health care cost trend rates were changed to the following: Pre-Medicare from 7.50% initial 3.94% ultimate to 7.50% initial 4.14% ultimate; medical Medicare from -68.78% initial 3.94% ultimate to -10.94% initial 4.14% ultimate; prescription drug Pre-Medicare from 9.00% initial 3.94% ultimate to -11.95% initial 4.14% ultimate; Medicare from -5.47% initial 3.94% ultimate to 1.33% initial 4.14% ultimate.

COMBINING STATEMENTS AND
INDIVIDUAL FUND SCHEDULES

MAJOR FUND DESCRIPTION

General Fund

The general fund accounts for and reports all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund. These general fund's activities include, but are not limited to, general instruction, pupil services, operation and maintenance of facilities, student transportation, and administration.

NONMAJOR FUND DESCRIPTIONS

Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds

Special revenue funds are used to account for and report specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to an expenditure for a specific purpose. A description of the District's special revenue funds follows:

Food Service Fund

This fund accounts for the financial transactions related to the food service operations of the District.

Special Trust Fund

This fund is used to account for trust agreements in which principal and income are used to support District programs.

Endowment Fund

To account for scholarship programs, not administered through a trust agreement, where money was endowed to the District and where the District has administrative involvement in the selection of the scholarship recipient.

Other Grants Fund

This fund used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources, except for state and federal grants that are legally restricted to expenditures for specific purposes.

Student Managed Activity Fund

This fund accounts for those student activity programs which have student participation in the activity and have students involved in the management of the program.

District Managed Student Activity Fund

This fund accounts for those student activity programs which have student participation in the activity but do not have student management of the programs.

Auxiliary Services Fund

A fund provided to account for monies which provide services and materials to pupils attending non-public schools within the School District.

Public School Preschool Fund

This fund accounts for funds which assist the school district in paying the cost of preschool programs for and three and four year olds.

Data Communication Fund

This fund accounts for State monies received to provide Ohio Educational Computer Network Connections.

School Net Professional Development Fund

This fund accounts for a professional development subsidy grants.

Student Wellness & Success Fund

This fund is used to account for state grants that are restricted for the student health and wellness activities.

Miscellaneous State Grants Fund

A fund used to account for various monies received from State agencies not classified elsewhere.

Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief (ESSER) Fund

A fund used to account for a federal grant awarded as emergency relief to address the impact that Novel Coronavirus Disease 2019 (COVID-19) has had, and continues to have, on elementary and secondary schools across the nation.

IDEA Part B Fund

This fund accounts for federal monies used to assist schools in the identification of handicapped children, development of procedural safeguards, implementation of least restrictive alternative service patterns, and provision of full educational opportunities to handicapped children at the preschool, elementary, and secondary levels.

NONMAJOR FUND DESCRIPTIONS

Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds - (Continued)

Title I Disadvantaged Children Fund

This fund accounts for federal revenues which support the implementation of a variety of programs such as computer education, gifted and talented programs, in-service and staff developments.

Title IV-A Fund

This fund is used to account for Federal monies under the Every Student Succeeds Act (ESSA) to provid students with a well-rounded education, supporting safe and healthy students and support the effective use of technology.

IDEA Preschool Grant Fund

A fund used for the improvements and expansion of services for handicapped children ages three through five.

Supporting Effective Instruction Fund

To account for a Federal grant aimed at providing resources effective instruction for students.

Miscellaneous Federal Grants Fund

A fund used to account for various monies received from the federal government directly or through state agencies which are not classified elsewhere.

The following funds are included in the general fund (GAAP basis), but have separate legally adopted budgets (budget basis). These funds are not included in the combining statements for the nonmajor special revenue funds since they are reported in the general fund (GAAP basis); however, the budgetary schedules for these funds are presented in this section.

Emergency Levy Fund

This fund accounts for the proceeds from a special levy. Such levy is necessary to satisfy a district's emergency needs or to prevent school closings.

Public School Support Fund

A fund provided to account for specific local revenue sources (i.e. profits from vending machines, sales of pictures, etc.), that are restricted to expenditures for specified purposes approved by board resolution. Such expenditures may include curricular and extra-curricular related purchases.

Nonmajor Debt Service Fund

Debt Service Fund

The debt service fund is used to account for the resources restricted for payment of general long-term debt principal, interest and related costs.

Nonmajor Capital Projects Fund

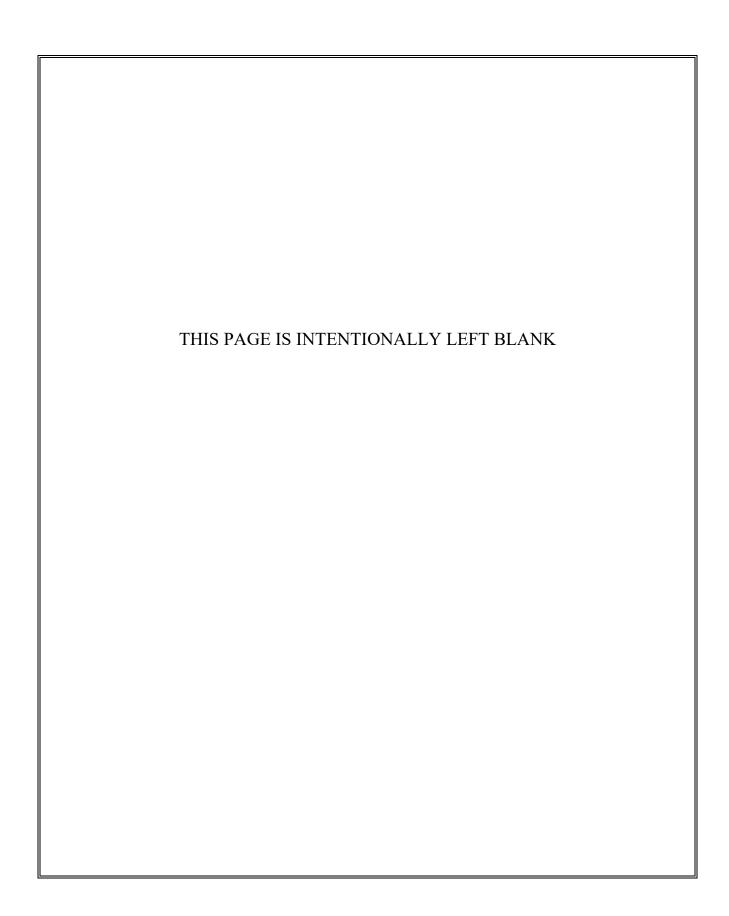
Capital project funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities or and other capital assets.

Permanent Improvement Fund

This fund accounts for the acquisition and construction of permanent improvements as authorized by Chapter 5705, Revised Code.

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2024

	Nonmajor cial Revenue Funds		onmajor ot Service Fund	Nonmajor pital Project Fund	Total Jonmajor vernmental Funds
Assets:					
Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents Receivables:	\$ 1,091,162	\$	241,512	\$ 390,784	\$ 1,723,458
Property taxes	-		347,125	1,532,478	1,879,603
Intergovernmental	578,816		-	-	578,816
Materials and supplies inventory Inventory held for resale	 15,470 24,124	-	<u>-</u>	 <u>-</u>	 15,470 24,124
Total assets	\$ 1,709,572	\$	588,637	\$ 1,923,262	\$ 4,221,471
Liabilities:					
Contracts payable	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 8,960	\$ 8,960
Accrued wages and benefits payable	304,475		-	-	304,475
Compensated absences payable	9,772		-	-	9,772
Intergovernmental payable Pension obligation payable	3,905 39,775		-	-	3,905 39,775
Interfund loans payable	137,000		-	-	137,000
Due to other funds	333,266		_	_	333,266
Unearned revenue	 4,193			 	 4,193
Total liabilities	 832,386			 8,960	 841,346
Deferred inflows of resources:					
Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year	-		328,619	1,453,100	1,781,719
Delinquent property tax revenue not available	-		6,832	28,062	34,894
Intergovernmental revenue not available	 250,618		-	 	 250,618
Total deferred inflows of resources	 250,618		335,451	 1,481,162	 2,067,231
Fund Balances:					
Nonspendable: Materials and supplies inventory	15,470		_	_	15,470
Restricted:	13,470		_	_	13,470
Debt service	-		253,186	-	253,186
Capital improvements	-		-	433,140	433,140
Food service operations	178,012		-		178,012
Non-public schools	2,680		-	-	2,680
State funded programs	257,313		-	-	257,313
Federally funded programs	2,223		-	-	2,223
Extracurricular	364,515		-	-	364,515
Scholarships	51,806		-	-	51,806
Other purposes Unassigned (deficit)	5,455 (250,906)		-	_	5,455 (250,906)
	 	-			 <u> </u>
Total fund balances	 626,568		253,186	 433,140	 1,312,894
Total liabilities, deferred inflows and fund balances	\$ 1,709,572	\$	588,637	\$ 1,923,262	\$ 4,221,471



COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	Nonmajor Debt Service Fund	Nonmajor Capital Project Fund	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Revenues:	\$ -	\$ 337,281	\$ 1,527,172	\$ 1.864.453
Property taxes Intergovernmental	6,306,456	39,708	1,327,172	\$ 1,864,453 6,451,748
Investment earnings	1,761	39,708	103,364	1,761
Tuition and fees	13,633	_	-	13,633
Extracurricular	472,594	_	-	472,594
Rental income	472,394	<u>-</u>	553	553
Charges for services	98,175	_	-	98,175
Contributions and donations	25,872	_	-	25,872
Miscellaneous	393,190	-	39,249	432,439
Wiscenalicous	393,190			432,439
Total revenues	7,311,681	376,989	1,672,558	9,361,228
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Instruction:				
Regular	819,037	-	59,831	878,868
Special	972,777	-	6,554	979,331
Other	191,574	-	-	191,574
Support services:				
Pupil	425,614	-	-	425,614
Instructional staff	267,405	-	524,149	791,554
Administration	170,300	-	8,010	178,310
Fiscal	-	5,216	22,487	27,703
Operations and maintenance	152,242	-	1,770,362	1,922,604
Pupil transportation	3,364	-	19,401	22,765
Central	25,447	-	-	25,447
Operation of non-instructional services:				
Food service operations	1,983,073	-	-	1,983,073
Other non-instructional services	524,289	-	35,465	559,754
Extracurricular activities	477,164	-	-	477,164
Facilities acquisition and construction	1,282,495	-	253,256	1,535,751
Debt service:				
Principal retirement	-	385,000	155,000	540,000
Interest and fiscal charges		23,700	11,717	35,417
Total expenditures	7,294,781	413,916	2,866,232	10,574,929
Net change in fund balances	16,900	(36,927)	(1,193,674)	(1,213,701)
Fund balances at beginning of year	609,668	290,113	1,626,814	2,526,595
Fund balances at end of year	\$ 626,568	\$ 253,186	\$ 433,140	\$ 1,312,894

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS JUNE 30, 2024

	Food Service	 Special Trust	<u>En</u>	dowment	Other Grants	
Assets:						
Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents	\$ 397,253	\$ 30,022	\$	21,784	\$	5,455
Receivables: Intergovernmental	7,225	_		_		_
Materials and supplies inventory	15,470	-		-		-
Inventory held for resale	24,124	 		-		
Total assets	\$ 444,072	\$ 30,022	\$	21,784	\$	5,455
Liabilities:						
Accrued wages and benefits payable	\$ 87,724	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-
Compensated absences payable Intergovernmental payable	9,772 998	-		-		-
Pension obligation payable	15,096	-		-		-
Interfund loans payable	137,000	-		-		-
Due to other funds Unearned revenue	<u> </u>	 - -		<u> </u>		<u> </u>
Total liabilities	250,590	 <u> </u>				
Deferred inflows of resources:						
Intergovernmental revenue not available	-	 				
Total deferred inflows of resources		 				
Fund Balances:						
Nonspendable: Materials and supplies inventory	15,470	_		_		_
Restricted:						
Food service operations Non-public schools	178,012	-		-		-
State funded programs	-	-		-		-
Federally funded programs	-	-		-		-
Extracurricular Scholarships	-	30,022		21,784		-
Other purposes	-	-				5,455
Unassigned (deficit)						
Total fund balances (deficit)	193,482	 30,022		21,784		5,455
Total liabilities, deferred inflows and fund balances	\$ 444,072	\$ 30,022	\$	21,784	\$	5,455

ent Wellness 2 Success	ool Net essional elopment	Prof	lic School reschool	Auxiliary Services			District Managed Student Activity		Stude
255,895	\$ 1,418	\$	-	\$ 2,680	\$	187,275	\$	177,240	\$
-	-		86,020	-		-		-	
	 -		-	 		-		-	
255,895	\$ 1,418	\$	86,020	\$ 2,680	\$	187,275	\$	177,240	\$
-	\$ -	\$	11,973	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$
-	-		197	-		-		-	
-	-		1,522	-		-		-	
- -	 - -		72,328	 - -		- -		- -	
-	<u>-</u>		86,020	 		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>	
_	 		14,458						
-	 		14,458	 		<u>-</u>			
-	-		-	-		-		-	
-	-		-	-		-		-	
255,895	1,418		-	2,680		-		-	
-	-		-	-		187,275		177,240	
<u>-</u>	-		-	-		-		-	
	 		(14,458)	 <u> </u>		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>	
255,895	1,418		(14,458)	 2,680		187,275		177,240	
255,895	\$ 1,418	\$	86,020	\$ 2,680	\$	187,275	\$	177,240	\$

- - Continued

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS JUNE 30, 2024

	ellaneous e Grants	Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief (ESSER)		IDEA Part B		Title I Disadvantaged Children	
Assets:							
Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents Receivables:	\$ 9,917	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Intergovernmental	_		95,585		165,344		183,722
Materials and supplies inventory	_		-		-		-
Inventory held for resale	 						<u> </u>
Total assets	\$ 9,917	\$	95,585	\$	165,344	\$	183,722
Liabilities:							
Accrued wages and benefits payable	\$ 5,080	\$	47,100	\$	59,368	\$	89,319
Compensated absences payable	-		-		-		1 2 4 2
Intergovernmental payable Pension obligation payable	74 570		582 1,538		755 10,201		1,242 10,848
Interfund loans payable	570		1,556		10,201		10,046
Due to other funds	_		46,365		95,251		82,313
Unearned revenue	 4,193				<u> </u>		
Total liabilities	 9,917		95,585		165,575		183,722
Deferred inflows of resources:							
Intergovernmental revenue not available	 <u> </u>		49,601		76,953		105,695
Total deferred inflows of resources	 		49,601		76,953		105,695
Fund Balances:							
Nonspendable:							
Materials and supplies inventory Restricted:	-		-		-		-
Food service operations	_		_		_		_
Non-public schools	_		-		_		-
State funded programs	-		-		-		-
Federally funded programs	-		-		-		-
Extracurricular	-		-		-		-
Scholarships	-		-		-		-
Other purposes Unassigned (deficit)	 - -		(49,601)		(77,184)		(105,695)
Total fund balances (deficit)			(49,601)		(77,184)		(105,695)
Total liabilities, deferred inflows and fund balances	\$ 9,917	\$	95,585	\$	165,344	\$	183,722

<u>Tit</u>	le IV-A		IDEA Preschool Grant		pporting ffective struction		ellaneous ral Grants	Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds		
\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,223	\$	1,091,162	
	7,621		5,590		27,709		-		578,816	
	-		-		-		-		15,470	
-	<u> </u>	-	<u> </u>		-			-	24,124	
\$	7,621	\$	5,590	\$	27,709	\$	2,223	\$	1,709,572	
\$		\$	3,911	\$		\$		\$	304,475	
Þ	-	Φ	3,911	Ф	-	Þ	-	J	9,772	
	-		57		-		-		3,905	
	-		-		-		-		39,775	
	-		-		-		-		137,000	
	7,621		1,679 -		27,709		<u> </u>		333,266 4,193	
	7,621		5,647		27,709		<u>-</u>		832,386	
			3,911						250,618	
			3,911						250,618	
	-		-		-		-		15,470	
	-		-		-		-		178,012	
	-		-		-		-		2,680	
	-		-		-		-		257,313	
	-		-		-		2,223		2,223	
	-		-		-		-		364,515	
	-		-		-		-		51,806	
	<u> </u>		(3,968)				<u> </u>		5,455 (250,906)	
			(3,968)				2,223		626,568	
\$	7,621	\$	5,590	\$	27,709	\$	2,223	\$	1,709,572	

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	 Food Service	Special Trust	Endo	wment	Other Grants
Revenues:					
Intergovernmental	\$ 1,317,420	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -
Investment earnings	-	1,500		-	-
Tuition and fees	-	-		-	-
Extracurricular	-	-		-	-
Charges for services	98,175	-		-	-
Contributions and donations	-	24,972		-	-
Miscellaneous	 393,190	 			
Total revenues	 1,808,785	 26,472			
Expenditures:					
Current:					
Instruction:					
Regular	-	-		-	10,138
Special	-	-		-	-
Other	-	-		-	-
Support services:					
Pupil	-	38,418		-	-
Instructional staff	-	-		-	-
Administration	-	-		-	-
Operations and maintenance	-	-		-	-
Pupil transportation	-	-		-	-
Central	-	-		-	-
Operation of non-instructional services:					
Food service operations	1,983,073	-		-	-
Other non-instructional services	-	-		-	-
Extracurricular activities	-	-		-	-
Facilities acquisition and construction	 -	 -			 -
Total expenditures	 1,983,073	 38,418			 10,138
Net change in fund balances	(174,288)	(11,946)		-	(10,138)
Fund balances (deficit) at beginning of year	 367,770	 41,968		21,784	 15,593
Fund balances (deficit) at end of year	\$ 193,482	\$ 30,022	\$	21,784	\$ 5,455

	ent Managed District Managed Student Activity			Auxiliary Services		blic School reschool		Data munication	School Net Professional Development	
\$	-	\$ -	\$	248,019	\$	151,798	\$	11,985	\$	-
	-	12 (22		261		-		-		-
	80,423	13,633 392,171		-		-		-		-
	-	-		-		-		-		-
	-	900		-		-		-		-
-									-	
	80,423	406,704		248,280		151,798		11,985	-	-
	- - - - - -	- - - - - -		- - - - - -		82,867 - 66,086 -		11,985		-
	-	-		-		-		-		-
	-	-		-		-		-		-
	82,101	395,063		265,004		-		-		-
	-									
	82,101	395,063		265,004		148,953		11,985		
	(1,678)	11,641		(16,724)		2,845		-		-
	178,918	175,634		19,404		(17,303)		-		1,418
\$	177,240	\$ 187,275	\$	2,680	\$	(14,458)	\$		\$	1,418
φ	1//,440	ψ 107,273	φ	4,000	φ	(17,730)	Ф		φ	1,710

^{- -} Continued

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	Student Wellness & Success	Miscellaneous State Grants	Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief (ESSER)	IDEA Part B
Revenues:				
Intergovernmental	\$ -	\$ 51,176	\$ 2,075,587	\$ 1,215,500
Investment earnings	-	-	-	-
Tuition and fees	-	-	-	-
Extracurricular	-	-	-	-
Charges for services	-	-	-	-
Contributions and donations	-	-	-	-
Miscellaneous				
Total revenues		51,176	2,075,587	1,215,500
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Instruction:				
Regular	-	-	190,909	-
Special	-	-	-	864,690
Other	-	8,054	183,520	-
Support services:				
Pupil	20,000	30,726	86,589	42,970
Instructional staff	-	-	11,200	8,236
Administration	-	-	4,505	119,182
Operations and maintenance	-	19,148	-	-
Pupil transportation	-	-	-	3,364
Central	-	-	-	-
Operation of non-instructional services:				
Food service operations	-	-	-	-
Other non-instructional services	-	-	-	149,048
Extracurricular activities	-	-	-	-
Facilities acquisition and construction			1,282,495	
Total expenditures	20,000	57,928	1,759,218	1,187,490
Net change in fund balances	(20,000)	(6,752)	316,369	28,010
Fund balances (deficit) at beginning of year	275,895	6,752	(365,970)	(105,194)
Fund balances (deficit) at end of year	\$ 255,895	\$ -	\$ (49,601)	\$ (77,184)

Disa	Title I dvantaged Children	T	itle IV-A		IDEA hool Grant	F	Supporting Effective Instruction		Miscellaneous Federal Grants		Total Nonmajor pecial Revenue Funds	
\$	954,090	\$	107,159	\$	21,252	\$	152,470	\$	-	\$	6,306,456	
	-		-		-		-		-		1,761	
	-		-		-		-		-		13,633	
	-		-		-		-		-		472,594	
	-		-		-		-		-		98,175	
	-		-		-		-		-		25,872	
				-							393,190	
	954,090		107,159		21,252		152,470				7,311,681	
	591,597		14,408		-		-		-		819,037	
	-				25,220		-		-		972,777	
	-				-		-		-		191,574	
	166,631		40,280		_		_		_		425,614	
	71,670		20,936		_		89,277		_		267,405	
	46,613		,		_		-		_		170,300	
	-				-		-		133,094		152,242	
	-				-		-		, -		3,364	
	25,447				-		-		-		25,447	
	_				_		_		_		1,983,073	
	35,196		31,535		_		43,506		_		524,289	
	-		,		_		-		_		477,164	
	-										1,282,495	
	937,154		107,159		25,220		132,783		133,094		7,294,781	
	16,936		-		(3,968)		19,687		(133,094)		16,900	
					,							
	(122,631)		-		-		(19,687)		135,317		609,668	
\$	(105,695)	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	(3,968)	\$	=_	\$	2,223	\$	626,568	

	 Budgeted	Amou	nts			Variance with Final Budget-	
	 Original		Final	Actual		Positive (Negative)	
Food Service							
Total revenues and other sources	\$ 1,746,134	\$	1,648,920	\$	1,648,831	\$	(89)
Total expenditures and other uses	 2,165,589		1,948,029		1,948,029		
Net change in fund balance	(419,455)		(299,109)		(299,198)		(89)
Fund balance at beginning of year Prior year encumbrances appropriated	 404,049 205,613		404,049 205,613		404,049 205,613		- -
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 190,207	\$	310,553	\$	310,464	\$	(89)
Special Trust							
Total revenues and other sources	\$ 33,345	\$	24,696	\$	26,472	\$	1,776
Total expenditures and other uses	 5,928		39,418		39,418		
Net change in fund balance	27,417		(14,722)		(12,946)		1,776
Fund balance at beginning of year Prior year encumbrances appropriated	 36,040 5,928		36,040 5,928		36,040 5,928		<u>-</u>
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 69,385	\$	27,246	\$	29,022	\$	1,776
Endowment							
Fund balance at beginning of year	\$ 21,784	\$	21,784	\$	21,784	\$	
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 21,784	\$	21,784	\$	21,784	\$	

	Budgeted Amounts						Variance with Final Budget- Positive	
)riginal		Final	Actual		(Negative)	
Other Grants								
Total expenditures and other uses	\$		\$	10,138	\$	10,138	\$	
Net change in fund balance		-		(10,138)		(10,138)		-
Fund balance at beginning of year		15,593		15,593		15,593		
Fund balance at end of year	\$	15,593	\$	5,455	\$	5,455	\$	
Student Managed Activity								
Total revenues and other sources	\$	89,747	\$	79,423	\$	80,423	\$	1,000
Total expenditures and other uses		141,948		92,816		90,650		2,166
Net change in fund balance		(52,201)		(13,393)		(10,227)		3,166
Fund balance at beginning of year Prior year encumbrances appropriated		173,858 5,060		173,858 5,060		173,858 5,060		- -
Fund balance at end of year	\$	126,717	\$	165,525	\$	168,691	\$	3,166
District Managed Student Activity								
Total revenues and other sources	\$	423,730	\$	437,509	\$	449,408	\$	11,899
Total expenditures and other uses		471,430		463,236		478,937		(15,701)
Net change in fund balance		(47,700)		(25,727)		(29,529)		(3,802)
Fund balance at beginning of year Prior year encumbrances appropriated		150,038 26,462		150,038 26,462		150,038 26,462		- -
Fund balance at end of year	\$	128,800	\$	150,773	\$	146,971	\$	(3,802)

	Budgeted Amounts						Variance with Final Budget-	
		Original		Final	Actual		Positive (Negative)	
Auxiliary Services								
Total revenues and other sources	\$	290,374	\$	247,811	\$	248,280	\$	469
Total expenditures and other uses		290,298		265,006		265,004		2
Net change in fund balance		76		(17,195)		(16,724)		471
Fund balance at beginning of year Prior year encumbrances appropriated		12,156 7,248		12,156 7,248		12,156 7,248		- -
Fund balance at end of year	\$	19,480	\$	2,209	\$	2,680	\$	471
Public School Preschool								
Total revenues and other sources	\$	181,170	\$	169,560	\$	83,540	\$	(86,020)
Total expenditures and other uses		166,256		166,256		152,564		13,692
Net change in fund balance		14,914		3,304		(69,024)		(72,328)
Fund balance (deficit) at beginning of year Prior year encumbrances appropriated		(4,763) 1,459		(4,763) 1,459		(4,763) 1,459		- -
Fund balance (deficit) at end of year	\$	11,610	\$		\$	(72,328)	\$	(72,328)
Data Communication								
Total revenues and other sources	\$	10,800	\$	11,985	\$	11,985	\$	-
Total expenditures and other uses		10,800		11,985		11,985		
Net change in fund balance		-		-		-		-
Fund balance at beginning of year		<u>-</u>					-	
Fund balance at end of year	\$		\$		\$		\$	

	 Budgeted	Amoun			Variance with Final Budget- Positive		
	 Original		Final	Actual			egative)
School Net Professional Development							
Fund balance at beginning of year	\$ 1,418	\$	1,418	\$	1,418	\$	
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 1,418	\$	1,418	\$	1,418	\$	<u>-</u>
Student Wellness & Success							
Total expenditures and other uses	\$ 106,750	\$	20,000	\$	20,000	\$	
Net change in fund balance	48,564		(20,000)		(20,000)		-
Fund balance at beginning of year	 275,895		275,895		275,895		
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 324,459	\$	255,895	\$	255,895	\$	
Miscellaneous State Grants							
Total revenues and other sources	\$ 48,234	\$	65,671	\$	56,709	\$	(8,962)
Total expenditures and other uses	 47,857		64,652		58,035		6,617
Net change in fund balance	377		(20,000)		(1,326)		(2,345)
Fund balance at beginning of year Prior year encumbrances appropriated	 3,185 8,058		3,185 8,058		3,185 8,058		<u>-</u>
Fund balance (deficit) at end of year	\$ 11,620	\$	(8,757)	\$	9,917	\$	(2,345)

	Budgeted Amounts						Fin	riance with al Budget- Positive
		Original		Final		Actual		Negative)
Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief (ESSE	R)						
Total revenues and other sources	\$	3,160,216	\$	3,132,009	\$	2,835,180	\$	(296,829)
Total expenditures and other uses		1,564,286		2,224,431		2,089,147		135,284
Net change in fund balance		1,595,930		907,578		746,033		(161,545)
Fund balance (deficit) at beginning of year Prior year encumbrances appropriated		(2,420,756) 1,513,178		(2,420,756) 1,513,178		(2,420,756) 1,513,178		- -
Fund balance (deficit) at end of year	\$	688,352	\$		\$	(161,545)	\$	(161,545)
IDEA Part B								
Total revenues and other sources	\$	1,643,091	\$	1,618,938	\$	1,411,199	\$	(207,739)
Total expenditures and other uses		1,285,326		1,334,850		1,239,985		94,865
Net change in fund balance		357,765		284,088		171,214		(112,874)
Fund balance (deficit) at beginning of year Prior year encumbrances appropriated		(342,217) 58,129		(342,217) 58,129		(342,217) 58,129		- -
Fund balance (deficit) at end of year	\$	73,677	\$		\$	(112,874)	\$	(112,874)
Title I Disadvantaged Children								
Total revenues and other sources	\$	1,328,839	\$	1,378,173	\$	982,415	\$	(395,758)
Total expenditures and other uses		1,130,716		1,262,390		1,031,963		230,427
Net change in fund balance		198,123		115,783		(49,548)		(165,331)
Fund balance (deficit) at beginning of year Prior year encumbrances appropriated		(143,279) 27,496		(143,279) 27,496		(143,279) 27,496		- -
Fund balance (deficit) at end of year	\$	82,340	\$		\$	(165,331)	\$	(165,331)

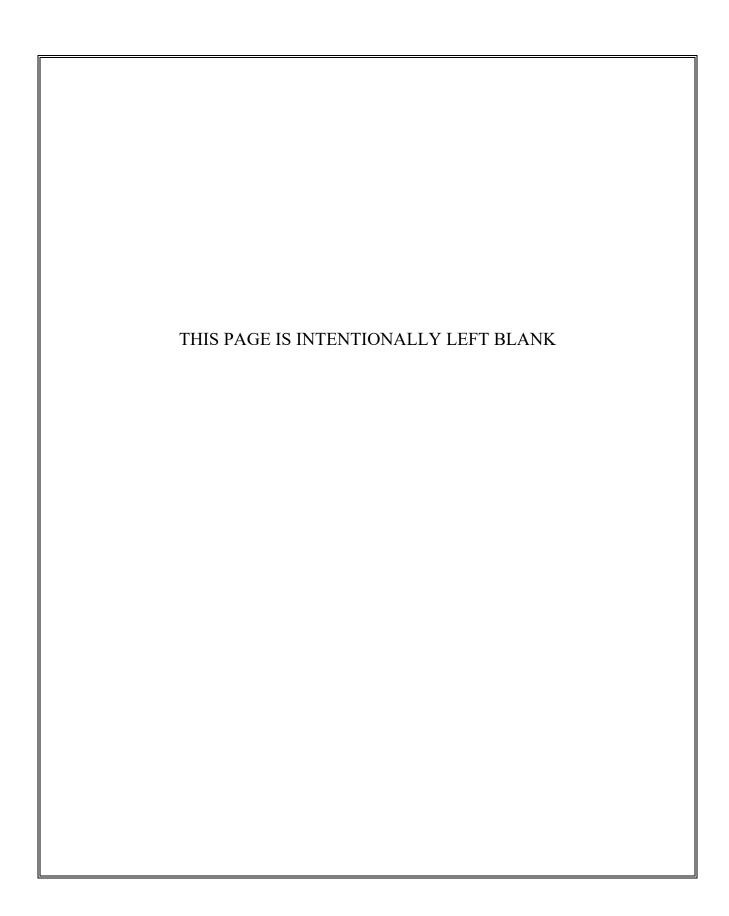
	Budgeted Amounts			its			Variance with Final Budget-	
		Original		Final	Actual		Positive (Negative)	
Title IV-A								
Total revenues and other sources	\$	157,377	\$	167,118	\$	112,113	\$	(55,005)
Total expenditures and other uses		136,723		154,543		108,381		46,162
Net change in fund balance		20,654		12,575		3,732		(8,843)
Fund balance (deficit) at beginning of year Prior year encumbrances appropriated		(22,086) 9,511		(22,086) 9,511		(22,086) 9,511		-
Fund balance (deficit) at end of year	\$	8,079	\$		\$	(8,843)	\$	(8,843)
IDEA Preschool Grant								
Total revenues and other sources	\$	25,222	\$	25,260	\$	19,573	\$	(5,687)
Total expenditures and other uses		25,222		25,260		21,252		4,008
Net change in fund balance		-		-		(1,679)		(1,679)
Fund balance at beginning of year								
Fund balance (deficit) at end of year	\$	_	\$	_	\$	(1,679)	\$	(1,679)
Supporting Effective Instruction								
Total revenues and other sources	\$	205,288	\$	222,400	\$	139,519	\$	(82,881)
Total expenditures and other uses		146,219		207,641		164,869		42,772
Net change in fund balance		59,069		14,759		(25,350)		(40,109)
Fund balance (deficit) at beginning of year Prior year encumbrances appropriated		(17,427) 2,668		(17,427) 2,668		(17,427) 2,668		- -
Fund balance (deficit) at end of year	\$	44,310	\$		\$	(40,109)	\$	(40,109)

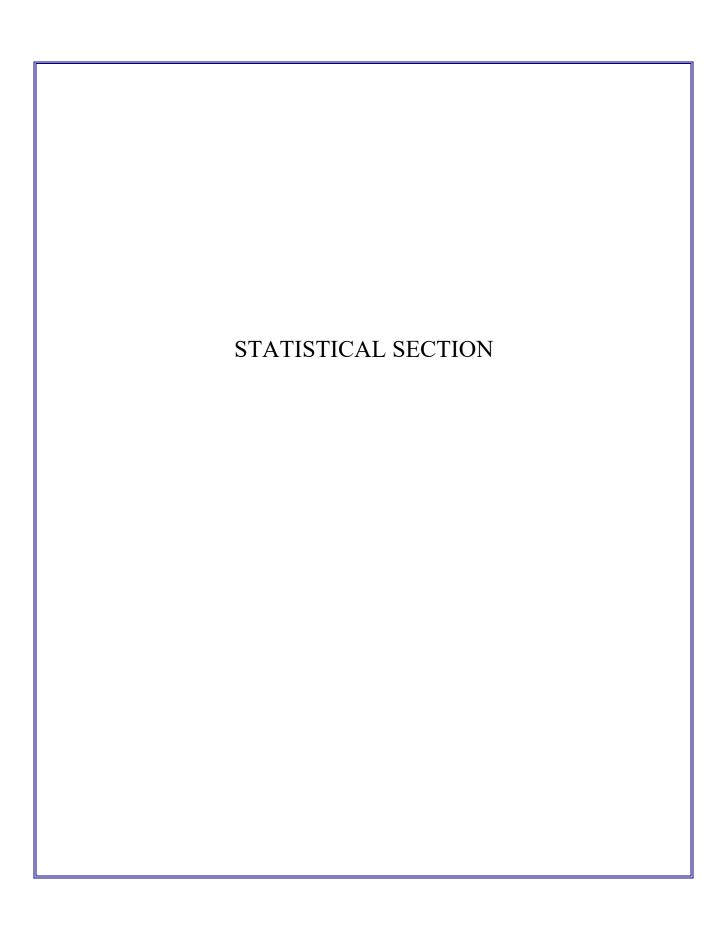
		Budgeted	l Amou			Variance with Final Budget-		
	<u>Original</u>		Final		Actual		Positive (Negative)	
Miscellaneous Federal Grants								
Total expenditures and other uses	\$		\$	133,094	\$	133,094	\$	
Net change in fund balance		-		(133,094)		(133,094)		-
Fund balance at beginning of year		135,317		135,317		135,317		
Fund balance at end of year	\$	135,317	\$	2,223	\$	2,223	\$	_

	 Budgeted	d Amounts				Variance with Final Budget- Positive	
	 Original		Final	Actual		(Negative)	
Emergency Levy							
Total revenues and other sources	\$ 4,027,981	\$	3,932,218	\$	3,932,218	\$	-
Total expenditures and other uses	 2,529,145		5,186,889		5,025,938	-	160,951
Net change in fund balance	1,498,836		(1,254,671)		(1,093,720)		160,951
Fund balance at beginning of year Prior year encumbrances appropriated	 15,816,722 1,096		15,816,722 1,096		15,816,722 1,096		<u>-</u>
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 17,316,654	\$	14,563,147	\$	14,724,098	\$	160,951
Public School Support							
Total revenues and other sources	\$ 55,155	\$	39,743	\$	39,743	\$	-
Total expenditures and other uses	 74,487		50,512		50,512	-	
Net change in fund balance	(19,332)		(10,769)		(10,769)		-
Fund balance at beginning of year Prior year encumbrances appropriated	 184,037 2,118		184,037 2,118		184,037 2,118		-
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 166,823	\$	175,386	\$	175,386	\$	

		Budgeted	Amou			Variance with Final Budget- Positive		
	Original		Final		Actual		(Negative)	
Debt Service								
Total revenues and other sources	\$	335,589	\$	375,232	\$	375,232	\$	-
Total expenditures and other uses		413,631		416,918		413,916		3,002
Net change in fund balance		(78,042)		(41,686)		(38,684)		3,002
Fund balance at beginning of year		280,196		280,196		280,196		
Fund balance at end of year	\$	202,154	\$	238,510	\$	241,512	\$	3,002

	Budgeted Amounts						Variance with Final Budget- Positive	
	Original		Final		Actual		(Negative)	
Permanent Improvement								
Total revenues and other sources	\$	2,180,946	\$	2,287,215	\$	2,288,365	\$	1,150
Total expenditures and other uses		3,299,647		3,783,386		3,783,386		
Net change in fund balance		(1,118,701)		(1,496,171)		(1,495,021)		1,150
Fund balance at beginning of year Prior year encumbrances appropriated		963,467 616,971		963,467 616,971		963,467 616,971		- -
Fund balance at end of year	\$	461,737	\$	84,267	\$	85,417	\$	1,150





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STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of the Springfield Local School District's annual comprehensive financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the District's overall financial health.

<u>Contents</u>	Page
Financial Trends These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the District's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	S2 - S11
Revenue Capacity These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the District's most significant local revenue source, the property tax.	S12 - S17
Debt Capacity These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the District's current levels of outstanding debt and the District's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	S18 - S21
Demographic and Economic Information These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the District's financial activities take place.	S22
Operating Information These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the District's financial report relates to the services the District provides and the activities it performs.	S23 - S31

NET POSITION BY COMPONENT LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

	2024			2023		2022	2021	
Governmental activities							 	
Net investment in capital assets	\$	19,140,806	\$	16,019,746	\$	13,459,493	\$ 12,395,206	
Restricted		4,791,137		4,047,877		2,786,682	2,645,239	
Unrestricted (deficit)		(32,487,161)		(28,987,506)		(26,734,375)	(31,870,737)	
Total governmental activities net position (deficit)	\$	(8,555,218)	\$	(8,919,883)	\$	(10,488,200)	\$ (16,830,292)	

Source: School District financial records.

- (2) Restated due to the implementation of GASB75
- (3) Restated due to the implementation of GASB84

 2020	 2019 (3)	 2018	 2017 (2)	 2016	 2015
\$ 12,834,150	\$ 13,489,155	\$ 13,845,369	\$ 12,097,229	\$ 12,266,357	\$ 11,346,593
2,031,150	1,471,259	1,453,387	2,343,023	2,469,979	2,443,159
(32,236,221)	(32,369,979)	(41,223,318)	(64,864,740)	(54,308,473)	(58,683,781)
\$ (17,370,921)	\$ (17,409,565)	\$ (25,924,562)	\$ (50,424,488)	\$ (39,572,137)	\$ (44,894,029)

CHANGES IN NET POSITION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

	2024	2023	2022		2021
Expenses					
Governmental activities:					
Instruction:					
Regular	\$ 21,195,671	\$ 21,289,742	\$ 19,869,943	\$	20,917,463
Special	7,792,936	7,247,066	6,028,100		6,005,222
Vocational	85,342	109,477	51,947		118,686
Adult/Continuing	-	-	-		-
Other	548,878	404,188	479,256		3,091,065
Support services:					
Pupil	3,971,188	3,649,137	3,023,803		3,184,718
Instructional staff	1,616,144	1,957,960	1,521,904		1,410,007
Board of education	32,553	29,735	26,932		24,237
Administration	4,311,849	4,396,518	3,644,580		3,909,792
Fiscal	1,012,243	1,009,972	890,612		873,664
Operations and maintenance	4,968,366	3,929,515	3,800,495		3,657,811
Pupil transportation	2,290,016	2,413,797	1,921,045		2,086,327
Central	380,160	252,767	199,640		230,385
Operation of non-instructional services:					
Other non-instructional services	559,754	514,147	481,542		1,460,861
Food service operations	1,957,875	1,834,231	1,521,614		800,149
Extracurricular activities	1,551,853	1,529,812	1,360,600		1,270,747
Interest and fiscal charges	 78,063	101,826	 124,806		147,009
Total governmental activities expenses	 52,352,891	50,669,890	44,946,819	-	49,188,143

	2020 2019 (1)			2018		2017		2016		2015	
\$	19,839,461	\$	15,901,036	\$	6,860,187	\$	17,586,672	\$	16,586,235	\$	17,758,841
-	6,244,352	-	5,677,614	*	3,413,467	*	5,841,112	*	5,271,796	*	6,027,417
	136,422		125,877		40,294		208,878		260,844		227,164
	-		,		-				55,102		151,448
	3,122,959		3,081,947		3,023,043		2,742,303		2,472,790		2,546,765
	2,854,965		2,266,000		938,227		2,581,117		2,578,314		1,927,555
	1,518,718		1,061,136		537,762		921,633		738,958		548,000
	27,512		31,214		36,252		33,933		39,838		37,618
	3,704,715		2,777,019		1,040,686		3,141,585		2,726,604		2,930,383
	950,537		587,586		760,699		961,383		942,849		829,409
	3,642,707		3,307,725		2,666,400		6,549,360		3,464,150		2,975,424
	2,007,667		1,921,398		1,075,029		1,833,477		1,563,015		1,494,195
	220,058		101,067		67,106		182,018		107,613		63,071
	1,070,676		982,432		665,195		1,297,973		1,115,382		1,259,426
	1,284,941		1,310,560		933,808		1,456,480		1,404,312		1,437,273
	1,332,639		1,229,126		617,305		1,433,861		1,223,269		1,171,245
	168,473		200,850		255,902		315,194		332,291		818,731
	48,126,802		40,562,587		22,931,362		47,086,979		40,883,362		42,203,965

CHANGES IN NET POSITION - (Continued)
LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS
(ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

Program Revenues		2024		2023		2022		2021
Governmental activities:								
Charges for services and sales:								
Instruction:								
Regular	\$	798,302	\$	757,303	\$	841,700	\$	769,617
Special		539,966		364,083		331,170		353,644
Support services:						220		
Pupil		0.520		7.050		320		10.057
Instructional staff Administration		8,528		7,859		16,812		10,057
Administration Fiscal		10,026		11,640		9,646 728		33,029
		366 40,088		652 67,474		55,820		611
Operations and maintenance Pupil transportation		316		07,474		33,820 476		65,481 2,706
Operation of non-instructional services:		310		-		470		2,700
Other non-instructional services		577		_		60		_
Food service operations		98,175		148,865		47,328		3,688
Extracurricular activities		525,970		537,253		447,613		215,484
Operating grants and contributions:		323,770		337,233		117,013		213,101
Instruction:								
Regular		1,322,489		1,485,065		2,579,401		1,416,297
Special		2,123,970		1,884,424		1,693,565		2,711,673
Vocational		57,446		27,830		32,612		98,604
Other		683,872		392,753		347,491		-
Support services:		,		,		,		
Pupil		863,562		1,430,308		967,570		838,446
Instructional staff		297,534		419,599		98,862		84,900
Administration		182,396		259,637		233,674		255,050
Fiscal		-		-		-		-
Operations and maintenance		15,788		123,317		41,711		102,663
Pupil transportation		102,853		535,515		754,250		179,760
Central		25,447		6,365		9,201		11,243
Operation of non-instructional services:								
Other non-instructional services		507,536		510,876		457,563		1,431,776
Food service operations		1,710,610		1,755,566		2,128,272		699,004
Extracurricular activities		900		5,495		6,400		500
Capital grants and contributions:								
Support services:								
Instructional staff		-		172,759		-		-
Operations and maintenance		<u> </u>		77,241				
Total governmental program revenues		9,916,717		10,981,879		11,102,245		9,284,233
Net (Expense)/Revenue								
Governmental activities	\$	(42,436,174)	\$	(39,688,011)	\$	(33,844,574)	\$	(39,903,910)
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position								
Governmental activities:								
Property taxes levied for:								
General purposes	\$	29,507,407	\$	29,604,422	\$	29,428,060	\$	28,652,050
Debt service	Φ	336,663	Ψ	299,766	Φ	229,346	Ψ	274,114
Capital outlay		1,521,118		1,521,340		1,519,096		1,492,160
Payments in lieu of taxes		-		-		170,258		16,324
Grants and entitlements not restricted						170,230		10,521
to specific programs		10,177,300		9,020,431		8,771,017		9,928,935
Investment earnings / change in market value		1,175,303		710,896		4,759		34,317
Miscellaneous		83,048		99,473		64,130		46,639
Total governmental activities	42,800,839			41,256,328			-	40,444,539
•	-	,		,,		-,,		-, -,
Change in Net Position Governmental activities	¢	361 665	¢	1 560 217	e	6 342 002	¢	540,629
Governmental activities	\$	364,665	\$	1,568,317	\$	6,342,092	\$	340,023

 ${\bf Source:} \ {\bf School} \ {\bf District} \ {\bf financial} \ {\bf records}.$

⁽¹⁾ Restated due to the implementation of GASB 84

	2020		2019 (1)		2018		2017		2016		2015
\$	834,445	\$	702,795	\$	824,880	\$	553,676	\$	557,148	\$	507,721
	349,633		309,553		412,714		120,254		379,010		416,113
	_		_		_		1,500		1,495		3,687
	8,234		3,149		1,547		1,172		3,251		24,686
	37,028		36,404		39,664		44,232		48,786		42,753
	452		122		797		241		248		2,949
	66,927		65,754		55,276		62,205		171,977		76,075
	-		425		1,752		111		5,005		-
	-		16,871		10,303		-		-		700
	384,382		464,476		461,059		495,840		497,018		495,060
	340,302		475,410		357,761		435,062		515,632		490,833
	1,272,414		877,935		733,721		1,139,714		880,921		956,487
	2,769,292		2,846,180		2,686,723		2,705,219		2,797,159		2,492,911
	98,604		99,059		101,376		22,088		18,059		29,081
	-		-		-		-		-		-
	144,682		145,234		236,474		130,888		306,306		80,291
	96,400		107,075		81,256		77,765		64,493		61,681
	252,685		158,851		159,359		256,807		143,665		292,796
	-		-		-		-		-		196
	156 400		- 57.242		1,463		52,891		- 112 500		177.052
	156,409 12,000		57,342 988		64,275 2,912		135,074 5,118		112,509 7,503		177,052 19,700
	12,000		766		2,712		3,110		7,505		17,700
	1,073,951		1,008,892		1,054,141		1,195,711		1,226,199		1,213,731
	689,985		855,263		889,162		916,055		907,598		857,566
	500		-		-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		-		-		-
	8,588,325		8,231,778		8,176,615		8,351,623		8,643,982		8,242,069
-	0,500,525		0,201,770	-	0,170,012		0,551,025	-	0,0 .5,5 02		0,2 .2,009
\$	(39,538,477)	\$	(32,330,809)	\$	(14,754,747)	\$	(38,735,356)	\$	(32,239,380)	\$	(33,961,896)
¢.	20.514.060	¢.	20 (75 020	ф	27 417 901	ď.	27.052.200	d.	25 (2(422	Ф	22 104 477
\$	28,514,068 376,613	\$	28,675,830 477,247	\$	27,417,891 1,058,415	\$	27,953,289 1,710,354	\$	25,626,432 1,725,158	\$	23,104,477 1,848,595
	1,201,919		820,088		800,700		813,504		797,272		784,374
	32,967		92,584		-		-		-		108,080
	8,965,389		10,227,397		9,749,797		9,758,292		9,367,355		9,759,026
	333,706		345,049		163,259		58,427		13,838		6,371
	152,459		71,203		64,611		35,171		31,217		121,755
	39,577,121		40,709,398		39,254,673		40,329,037		37,561,272		35,732,678
\$	38,644	\$	8,378,589	\$	24,499,926	\$	1,593,681	\$	5,321,892	\$	1,770,782
		<u> </u>	, -,					<u> </u>			, , =

FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (MODIFIED ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

	 2024		2023		2022	2021		2020	
General Fund:									
Nonspendable	\$ 40,724	\$	35,328	\$	28,763	\$	6,269	\$	41,608
Committed	147,793		1,059,650		584,429		107,111		220,807
Assigned	1,908,652		2,352,184		3,660,356		5,457,790		5,105,388
Unassigned (deficit)	 12,283,253		12,320,698		13,175,537		11,793,345		9,531,846
Total general fund	 14,380,422		15,767,860		17,449,085	_	17,364,515		14,899,649
All Other Governmental Funds:									
Nonspendable	\$ 15,470	\$	10,040	\$	-	\$	103	\$	7,352
Restricted	1,548,330		3,147,340		2,691,938		2,535,252		1,981,053
Unassigned (deficit)	 (250,906)		(630,785)		(1,141,407)		(493,324)		(480,595)
Total all other governmental funds	 1,312,894		2,526,595		1,550,531		2,042,031		1,507,810
Total governmental funds	\$ 15,693,316	\$	18,294,455	\$	18,999,616	\$	19,406,546	\$	16,407,459

Source: School District financial records.

⁽¹⁾ Restated due to the implementation of GASB84

 2019 (1)		2018	 2017	 2016	 2015
\$ - 871,840	\$	29,318 270,787	\$ 7,045 341,689	\$ 19,512 30,438	\$ - -
 2,565,494 9,807,456	_	2,322,074 7,323,216	1,215,956 4,339,028	 2,851,280 2,183,403	 (1,816,224)
 13,244,790		9,945,395	 5,903,718	 5,084,633	 (1,816,224)
\$ 7,713 1,435,545 (538,603)	\$	7,611 1,519,595 (486,792)	\$ 5,787 3,029,254 (560,624)	\$ 5,472 2,601,526 (482,155)	\$ 5,109 2,521,425 (435,650)
 904,655		1,040,414	 2,474,417	 2,124,843	 2,090,884
\$ 14,149,445	\$	10,985,809	\$ 8,378,135	\$ 7,209,476	\$ 274,660

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(MODIFIED ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

(MODIFE	ED ACCRUAL BASIS 2024	2023	2022	2021
Revenues	2024	2023	2022	2021
From local sources:				
Property taxes	\$ 31,531,151	\$ 31,396,879	\$ 31,138,986	\$ 30,334,424
Payment in lieu of taxes	- · · · · · · · · -	-	170,258	16,324
Tuition and fees	1,350,821	1,121,948	1,174,917	1,122,815
Investment earnings / change in market value	1,173,114	711,591	(207)	34,700
Charges for services	108,071	160,505	56,912	36,413
Extracurricular	512,337	535,250	441,291	214,959
Rental income	11,836	49,412	63,603	68,115
Contributions and donations	25,872	57,717	25,980	49,441
Miscellaneous	515,487	548,215	115,172	53,305
Intergovernmental	18,163,716	18,017,327	17,076,039	17,678,482
Total revenues	53,392,405	52,598,844	50,262,951	49,608,978
Expenditures				
Current:				
Instruction:				
Regular	20,893,706	20,565,050	21,176,366	18,883,359
Special	7,791,291	7,342,183	6,444,106	5,685,938
Vocational	86,581	110,426	57,087	143,817
Adult/Continuing	-	-	-	-
Other	507,929	465,442	481,281	3,091,065
Current:				
Pupil	4,042,707	3,717,145	3,243,306	2,970,884
Instructional staff	1,843,751	1,938,192	1,591,750	1,356,211
Board of education	31,793	29,229	27,900	26,034
Administration	4,427,508	4,339,287	4,070,017	3,636,328
Fiscal	1,014,584	1,010,329	931,123	905,779
Operations and maintenance	6,459,625	5,075,095	4,024,587	3,673,144
Pupil transportation	2,148,705	2,411,196	2,315,254	1,952,945
Central	403,348	230,389	213,885	214,100
Operation of non-instructional services:				
Other non-instructional services	559,754	514,147	491,281	1,448,970
Food service operations	1,983,073	1,838,713	1,604,764	749,982
Extracurricular activities	1,428,332	1,357,476	1,302,524	1,037,482
Facilities acquisitions and construction	1,535,751	1,525,905	1,876,287	-
Capital outlay	-	-	-	-
Debt service:				
Principal retirement	755,000	730,000	710,000	685,000
Interest and fiscal charges	80,106	103,801	126,717	148,853
Accretion on capital appreciation bonds	-	-	-	-
Bond issuance costs				
Total expenditures	55,993,544	53,304,005	50,688,235	46,609,891
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over (under) expenditures	(2,601,139)	(705,161)	(425,284)	2,999,087
Other financing sources (uses)				
Transfers in	_	_	14,563	53,255
Transfers (out)	_	-	(14,563)	(53,255)
Sale of capital assets	_	_	18,354	-
Issuance of lease-purchase agreement	_	-	· -	-
Sale of bonds	-	-	-	-
Total other financing sources (uses)	-	_	18,354	
Net change in fund balances	\$ (2,601,139)	\$ (705,161)	\$ (406,930)	\$ 2,999,087
Capital expenditures (included in expenditures above)	3,465,875	3,126,444	2,361,319	287,650
Debt service as a % of noncapital expenditures	1.59%	1.66%	1.73%	1.80%
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1.2770	1.0070	1.,5,0	1.0070

Source: School District financial records.

Note: The accretion on capital appreciation bond expenditure is included in the calculation of the ratio of total debt service expenditures to noncapital expenditures.

⁽¹⁾ Restated due to the implementation of GASB84

2020	2019 (1)	2018	2017	2016	2015
\$ 30,058,387	\$ 29,986,105	\$ 29,265,313	\$ 30,240,729	\$ 28,374,074	\$ 25,710,511
32,967	92,584	-	-	-	108,080
1,218,959	1,069,837	1,292,610	723,596	992,215	967,097
337,431	351,631	167,083	61,739	15,314	6,641
384,382	464,476	461,059	495,840	497,018	495,077
339,482	470,387	351,459	430,725	509,307	480,783
57,154	58,259	49,625	51,598	160,230	37,370
48,014	55,943	25,919	15,772	21,513	56,805
147,735	51,769	79,987	53,953	63,637	163,629
15,595,040	16,254,795	15,894,583	16,241,610	15,565,411	15,950,577
48,219,551	48,855,786	47,587,638	48,315,562	46,198,719	43,976,570
18,258,744	18,252,413	17,041,071	16,717,504	16,148,490	17,675,915
6,053,288	6,342,702	5,824,584	5,800,710	5,339,250	6,155,384
157,380	147,212	121,363	202,314	237,858	233,940
-	-	-	-	55,102	151,448
3,122,959	3,081,947	3,023,043	2,742,303	2,472,790	2,546,765
2,778,543	2,555,984	2,105,193	2,581,067	2,610,615	2,002,407
1,429,392	1,158,927	978,068	925,464	745,388	589,967
26,671	34,506	35,768	33,229	41,199	37.824
3,508,209	3,205,210	3,042,977	3,092,430	2,816,814	3,083,093
905,772	632,113	947,093	936,680	956,646	826,416
3,454,398	3,520,137	3,804,746	7,667,005	3,526,076	3,041,840
1,837,154	2,036,578	1,960,128	1,694,084	1,921,803	1,422,924
196,530	120,203	110,569	168,423	103,809	91,734
1,035,954	1,034,517	1,095,419	1,290,891	1,128,866	1,249,119
1,242,843	1,421,667	1,418,931	1,432,135	1,446,941	1,449,096
1,118,673	1,209,300	1,058,429	1,250,092	1,061,981	1,025,511
-	-	171,583	12,119	-	964
-	-	-	-	-	55,602
665,000	876,627	1,836,096	1,810,589	1,555,106	1,542,184
170,257	198,515	244,903	289,864	254,209	841,769
-	-	160,000	205,00		-
_	_	-	_	50,960	_
45,961,767	45,828,558	44,979,964	48,646,903	42,473,903	44,023,902
2,257,784	3,027,228	2,607,674	(331,341)	3,724,816	(47,332)
217,771	81,280	71,034	14,223	3,445	_
(217,771)	(81,280)	(71,034)	(14,223)	(3,445)	-
230	-	-	(- :,===)	-	_
-	_	-	1,500,000	-	55,602
-	-	-	-	3,210,000	
230			1,500,000	3,210,000	55,602
\$ 2,258,014	\$ 3,027,228	\$ 2,607,674	\$ 1,168,659	\$ 6,934,816	\$ 8,270
117,776	219,352	731,200	1,419,862	628,095	352,151
1.82%	2.36%	5.06%	4.45%	4.32%	5.46%

ASSESSED VALUATION AND ESTIMATED ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY LAST TEN YEARS

		Real Pi	оре	erty	Public Utility					
Coll. Year	Assessed Value			Estimated Actual Value		Assessed Value	Estimated Actual Value			
2024	\$	833,630,110		2,381,800,314	\$	18,616,470	74,465,880			
2023		829,561,510		2,370,175,743		19,060,680	76,242,720			
2022		826,260,880		2,360,745,371		17,923,840	71,695,360			
2021		741,585,970		2,118,817,057		16,870,090	67,480,360			
2020		735,025,230		2,100,072,086		16,130,380	64,521,520			
2019		725,642,120		2,073,263,200		14,225,720	56,902,880			
2018		664,433,900		1,898,382,571		14,390,240	57,560,960			
2017		661,949,180		1,891,283,371		13,760,050	55,040,200			
2016		657,008,780		1,877,167,943		13,052,470	52,209,880			
2015		639,011,450		1,825,747,000		12,991,040	51,964,160			

Source: Lucas County Auditor's Office

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•		nta	

Assessed Value	Estimated Actual Value	%	Total Direct Tax Rate
852,246,580	2,456,266,194	34.70%	77.71
848,622,190	2,446,418,463	34.69%	77.72
844,184,720	2,432,440,731	34.71%	77.74
758,456,060	2,186,297,417	34.69%	78.17
751,155,610	2,164,593,606	34.70%	78.48
739,867,840	2,130,166,080	34.73%	77.66
678,824,140	1,955,943,531	34.71%	78.55
675,709,230	1,946,323,571	34.72%	80.32
670,061,250	1,929,377,823	34.73%	80.53
652,002,490	1,877,711,160	34.72%	74.75

DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING PROPERTY TAX RATES (RATE PER \$1,000 OF ASSESSED VALUE) LAST TEN YEARS

Direct Rates

Tax Year/ Collection Year	General	Voted Debt Service	Permanent Improvement	Unvoted	Total
2023/2024	69.50	0.46	2.25	5.50	77.71
2022/2023	69.55	0.42	2.25	5.50	77.72
2021/2022	69.63	0.36	2.25	5.50	77.74
2020/2021	70.17	0.25	2.25	5.50	78.17
2019/2020	70.17	0.56	2.25	5.50	78.48
2018/2019	70.25	0.56	1.35	5.50	77.66
2017/2018	70.70	1.00	1.35	5.50	78.55
2016/2017	70.70	2.77	1.35	5.50	80.32
2015/2016	70.88	2.80	1.35	5.50	80.53
2014/2015	64.90	3.00	1.35	5.50	74.75

Overlapping Rates

Tax Year/ Collection Year	Lucas County	City of Toledo	Library	TARTA (a)	Vocational School	Springfield LSD	Total
2023/2024	\$ 22.12	\$ 4.40	\$ 3.70	\$ -	\$ 3.20	\$ 77.71	111.13
2022/2023	22.12	4.40	3.70	2.50	3.20	77.72	113.64
2021/2022	22.12	4.40	3.70	2.50	3.20	77.74	113.66
2020/2021	22.22	4.40	3.70	2.50	3.20	78.17	114.19
2019/2020	20.22	4.40	3.70	2.50	3.20	78.48	112.50
2018/2019	20.07	4.40	3.70	2.50	3.20	77.66	111.53
2017/2018	20.07	4.40	3.70	2.50	3.20	78.55	112.42
2016/2017	20.07	4.40	2.90	2.50	3.20	80.32	113.39
2015/2016	19.77	4.40	2.90	2.50	3.20	80.53	113.30
2014/2015	19.77	4.40	2.90	2.50	3.20	74.75	107.52

Source: Lucas County Auditor's Office (TD 26)

⁽a) Toledo Area Regional Transit Authority

PRINCIPAL TAXPAYERS PROPERTY TAX DECEMBER 31, 2023 AND DECEMBER 31, 2014

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Taxpayer	 Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total District Property Tax Assessed Value
Toledo Edison Co.	\$ 13,289,960	1	1.59%
Ramco Spring Meadows LLC	9,397,990	2	1.13%
RSH 506, LLC	9,213,650	3	1.11%
Toledo Choice, LLC	7,692,700	4	0.92%
HEP Toledo, LLC	5,351,170	5	0.64%
MIMG XX Associates LLC	4,993,290	6	0.60%
Midland Agency of Northwest Ohio, Inc	4,426,860	7	0.53%
TPAF V Quail Hollow LLC A Minnesota	4,029,000	8	0.48%
Kroger Co, An Ohio Corporation	3,618,870	9	0.43%
Wal-Mart	3,322,940	10	0.40%
Total	\$ 65,336,430		\$ 833,630,110

December 31, 2014

Taxpayer	 Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Total District Property Tax Assessed Value
LC Spring Hollow LLC	\$ 8,050,420	1	1.29%
DDR Springfield LLC	7,985,550	2	1.28%
Ramco Spring Meadows LLC	6,864,500	3	1.10%
Wal-Mart / Scott Lee TR	5,135,390	4	0.82%
DRG Fox Chase TIC 4 LLC	4,959,370	5	0.79%
MIMG XX Associates LLC	4,627,640	6	0.74%
TCI Courtyard Inc.	3,920,000	7	0.63%
Talmadge Manor Inc.	3,214,390	8	0.51%
Harvey A. Tolson/Harveyco LLC	2,718,980	9	0.43%
Woodside Terrace	2,704,670	10	0.43%
Total	\$ 50,180,910		626,306,890

Source: Lucas County Auditor's Office

PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS (1) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Tax Year/ Collection Year	 Current Levy (1)	elinquent Levy (2)	 Total Levy	 Current ollection (1)	Percent of Current Levy Collected
2023/2024	\$ 34,509,285	\$ 1,453,121	\$ 35,962,406	\$ 33,681,728	97.60%
2022/2023	34,359,707	1,603,205	35,962,912	33,571,701	97.71%
2021/2022	34,188,203	1,684,437	35,872,640	33,282,469	97.35%
2020/2021	33,404,755	1,282,162	34,686,917	32,525,765	97.37%
2019/2020	33,303,836	1,470,458	34,774,294	16,039,917	48.16%
2018/2019	32,206,656	1,263,788	33,470,444	31,368,254	97.40%
2017/2018	31,934,238	1,138,058	33,072,296	31,148,169	97.54%
2016/2017	32,911,212	1,145,479	34,056,691	29,111,673	88.46%
2015/2016	32,759,108	1,241,521	34,000,629	29,026,011	88.60%
2014/2015	28,720,542	1,259,587	29,980,129	27,544,361	95.90%

Source: Lucas County Auditor's Office

⁽¹⁾ Includes state-mandated tax-reduction amounts, which are subsequently reimbursed to the District by the State, and reported as Intergovernmental revenue.

⁽²⁾ This amount cannot be calculated from other data in this table because of retroactive additions and deletions.

⁽³⁾ Information not readily available.

elinquent Collection	 Total Collection	Total Collection As a Percent of Total Levy
\$ 875,227	\$ 34,556,955	96.09%
693,243	34,264,944	95.28%
966,623	34,249,092	95.47%
644,836	33,170,601	95.63%
915,435	16,955,352	48.76%
1,024,119	32,392,373	96.78%
771,166	31,919,335	96.51%
696,953	29,808,626	87.53%
787,836	29,813,847	87.69%
1,148,664	28,693,025	95.71%

RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Governmental Activities

Fiscal Year	 General Obligation Bonds	Lease Purchase bligation	(a) Total Primary overnment	(b) Per Capita		(b) Percentage of Personal Income	(b) Per ADM
2024	\$ 2,045,000	\$ 485,000	\$ 2,530,000	((c)	(c)	718
2023	2,645,000	640,000	3,285,000		8	(c)	936
2022	3,225,000	790,000	4,015,000		9	0.02%	1,106
2021	3,785,000	940,000	4,725,000	1	1	0.02%	1,311
2020	4,325,000	1,085,000	5,410,000	1	3	0.02%	1,442
2019	4,850,000	1,225,000	6,075,000	1	4	0.03%	1,623
2018	5,575,000	1,376,627	6,951,627	1	6	0.03%	1,788
2017	7,411,340	1,522,723	8,934,063	2	1	0.05%	2,284
2016	9,185,188	33,312	9,218,500	2	1	0.05%	2,375
2015	7,495,519	43,418	7,538,937	1	7	0.04%	1,928

Sources:

- (a) See notes to the financial statements regarding the District's outstanding debt information.
- (b) See schedule "Demographic and Economic Statistic, Last Ten Years" for personal income, population and enrollment information.
- (c) Information not readily available.

RATIOS OF GENERAL BONDED DEBT OUTSTANDING LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

General Bonded Debt Outstanding

	(a) General	Accumulated Resources Restricted	<u> </u>	Percentage of Actual Taxable	Net General
Fiscal Year	Obligation Bonds	for General Bonded Debt	Net General Bonded Debt	Value of Property	Bonded Debt Per Capita
2024	\$ 2,045,000	\$ 259,351	\$ 1,785,649	0.07%	(b)
2023	2,645,000	295,588	2,349,412	0.10%	6
2022	3,225,000	373,168	2,851,832	0.12%	7
2021	3,785,000	528,294	3,256,706	0.15%	8
2020	4,325,000	632,828	3,692,172	0.17%	9
2019	4,850,000	590,580	4,259,420	0.20%	10
2018	5,575,000	693,239	4,881,761	0.25%	11
2017	7,411,340	1,167,905	6,243,435	0.32%	14
2016	9,185,188	1,132,041	8,053,147	0.42%	19
2015	7,495,519	1,042,820	6,452,699	0.34%	15

⁽a) Details regarding the District's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

⁽b) Information not readily available.

DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DEBT AS OF JUNE 30, 2024

Governmental Unit	Debt Outstanding	Estimated Percentage Applicable	Estimated Share of Overlapping Debt	
Direct debt:				
Springfield Local School District (1)	\$ 2,530,000	100.00%	\$	2,530,000
Total direct debt	2,530,000			2,530,000
Overlapping debt:				
Lucas County	24,710,000	9.31%		2,300,501
Maumee City	9,328,000	1.57%		146,450
Toledo City	48,690,000	1.84%		895,896
Total overlapping debt	82,728,000		-	3,342,847
Total direct and overlapping debt	\$ 85,258,000		\$	5,872,847

Source: Ohio Municipal Advisory Council

Note: Percent applicable to Springfield Local School District calculated using assessed valuation of the District area value contained within the noted governmental unit divided by assessed valuation of the governmental unit.

(1) Includes general obligation bonds outstanding at fiscal year end.

LEGAL DEBT MARGIN INFORMATION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year	Voted Debt Limit		Total Debt Applicable to Limit (a)		Debt Service Available Balance		Net Debt Applicable to Limit		Voted Legal Debt Margin		Total Net Debt Applicable to Limit as a Percentage of Debt Limit	
2024	\$	76,702,192	\$	2,045,000	\$	253,186	\$	1,791,814	\$	74,910,378	2.34%	
2023		76,375,997		2,645,000		290,113		2,354,887		74,021,110	3.08%	
2022		75,976,625		3,225,000		370,334		2,854,666		73,121,959	3.76%	
2021		68,261,045		3,785,000		529,039		3,255,961		65,005,084	4.77%	
2020		67,604,005		4,325,000		631,305		3,693,695		63,910,310	5.46%	
2019		66,588,106		4,850,000		590,521		4,259,479		62,328,627	6.40%	
2018		61,094,173		5,575,000		690,840		4,884,160		56,210,013	7.99%	
2017		60,813,831		7,265,000		1,297,647		5,967,353		54,846,478	9.81%	
2016		60,305,513		9,065,000		1,249,177		7,815,823		52,489,690	12.96%	
2015		58,680,224		7,400,000		1,121,097		6,278,903		52,401,321	10.70%	

Source: Lucas County Auditor and District financial records

Note: Ohio Bond Law sets a limit of 9% for voted debt and 1/10 of 1% for unvoted debt.

(a) Excludes accreted interest on capital appreciation bonds

DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year	Population (1)	Per Capita Total Personal Personal Population (1) Income (2) Income (4)		School Enrollment (3)	Unemployment Rates			
1001	1 opulation (1)	income (2)	Theome (4)	Enrollment (6)	Lucas County	Ohio	United States	
2024	(5)	(5)	(5)	3,522	6.0%	4.4%	4.1%	
2023	425,484	(5)	(5)	3,510	4.2%	3.4%	3.6%	
2022	426,643	53,428	22,794,682,204	3,630	4.6%	3.9%	3.6%	
2021	429,191	54,105	23,221,379,055	3,605	10.3%	5.2%	5.9%	
2020	428,348	51,024	21,856,028,352	3,753	13.4%	11.0%	11.2%	
2019	428,348	47,875	20,507,160,500	3,743	4.5%	4.2%	3.7%	
2018	430,887	46,290	19,945,759,230	3,888	6.0%	4.5%	4.0%	
2017	430,887	44,820	19,312,355,340	3,912	6.7%	5.0%	4.4%	
2016	432,488	42,917	18,561,087,496	3,881	4.9%	5.0%	4.9%	
2015	433,689	41,777	18,118,225,353	3,911	5.1%	4.6%	5.0%	

⁽¹⁾ Population of Lucas County from U.S. Census Bureau

⁽²⁾ Ohio Department of Taxation (per household).

⁽³⁾ District records - EMIS October Count Week

⁽⁴⁾ Equals "Population" times "Per Capita Personal Income".

⁽⁵⁾ Information not readily available.

PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS IN LUCAS COUNTY DECEMBER 31, 2023 AND DECEMBER 31, 2014

Decem	her	- 4 I	- 71	1/4
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Employer	Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total County Employment
Promedica Health Systems	10,164	1	5.16%
University of Toledo	6,355	2	3.23%
Stellantis - Toledo North Plant; Toledo South Plant	5,472	3	2.78%
Mercy Health Partners	5,300	4	2.69%
Toledo Public Schools	4,118	5	2.09%
Lucas County	2,920	6	1.48%
City of Toledo	2,773	7	1.41%
Kroger	2,700	8	1.37%
Wal-Mart	1,900	9	0.97%
Meijer, Inc.	1,800	10	0.91%
Total	43,502		22.09%
Total County Employment	196,800		

December 31, 2014

			Percentage of Total County
Employer	Employees	Rank	Employment
Promedica Health Systems	12,300	1	6.41%
University of Toledo	8,929	2	4.65%
Mercy Health Partners	7,052	3	3.67%
Chrysler Holdings	5,137	4	2.68%
Toledo Public Schools	3,665	5	1.91%
Lucas County	3,364	6	1.75%
City of Toledo	2,775	7	1.45%
Kroger	2,448	8	1.28%
Wal-Mart	2,098	9	1.09%
General Motors / Powertain	1,845	10	0.96%
Total	49,613		25.85%
Total County Employment	191,900		

Source: Lucas County Auditor's Office

STAFFING STATISTICS FULL TIME EQUIVALENTS (FTE) BY TYPE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Type	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Professional Staff:										
Teaching Staff:										
Regular Teachers	202.00	193.60	200.80	198.80	179.50	195.10	189.40	191.00	183.60	196.12
Remedial Specialist	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	-	1.00	2.00
Special Education Teaching (1)	60.60	54.60	40.80	38.00	45.50	40.02	12.10	10.00	10.00	12.00
Vocational Ed Teaching (1)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2.00	1.00	1.00
Educ. Service Personnel Teacher	-	-	-	-	10.00	-	-	-	-	-
Suppl. Service Teacher (Spec Ed)	4.00	4.00	2.40	2.40	5.00	3.40	3.00	32.00	29.00	26.24
Others	2.40	2.20	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	7.00	16.00	3.00
Administration:										
District	25.00	24.00	24.00	23.00	21.00	20.00	20.00	20.00	17.00	17.00
Auxiliary Positions:										
Counselors	22.00	20.00	20.00	13.00	11.50	14.00	12.00	9.00	9.00	8.00
Nurses	2.00	3.00	2.00	1.00	1.00					
Psychologist	5.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	2.00
Librarian/Media	1.00	1.00	3.00	3.00	2.00	3.00	3.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Support Staff:										
Accounting	2.33	2.33	2.33	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00
Public Relations	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Social Work	1.00	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Library Aide	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Secretarial/clerical	23.00	22.00	22.00	22.00	22.00	21.00	21.00	21.00	19.00	19.63
Records Managing	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Aides	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00
Crossing Guards										
Hall monitor/Security	1.00	1.00	1.00	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Technical	3.00	3.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	-	-
Cafeteria	26.00	32.00	27.00	26.00	33.00	33.00	34.00	34.00	32.00	33.00
Monitoring	29.00	26.00	29.00	28.00	27.00	27.00	23.00	25.00	16.00	24.00
Custodial	27.00	26.00	23.00	22.00	21.00	19.50	19.50	18.50	17.63	17.25
Maintenance	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00
Grounds										
Bus Driver	21.00	22.00	24.00	25.00	28.00	26.00	28.00	27.00	27.00	18.00
Mechanics	1.00	1.00	2.00	1.00	1.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	1.00	1.00
Other	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.63	2.63	2.00
Total	469.33	452.73	442.33	424.20	429.50	425.02	387.00	418.13	397.86	395.24

Source: School District records - EMIS Staff Summary Reports (Period K) from Years 2011-2020

OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Function	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Instruction:										
Regular and Special							• 000		• • • • •	• • • •
Enrollment (students)	3,522	3,510	3,630	3,605	3,753	3,743	3,888	3,912	3,881	3,911
Graduates	264	257	285	275	288	303	282	273	267	277
Support services:										
Board of education										
Regular meetings per year	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12
Work sessions	9	10	10	10	9	10	9	10	10	11
Special meetings per year	1	1	1	2	-	1	2	1	4	4
Administration										
Student attendance rate	91.2%	90.7%	89.0%	92.2%	95.4%	94.0%	96.7%	94.8%	94.7%	95.0%
Fiscal										
Nonpayroll checks										
issued	3,180	3,031	2,790	2,676	3,019	3,221	3,273	3,540	3,325	3,171
Pupil transportation										
Avg. students transported										
daily+	2,230	2,161	2,237	572	2,550	2,584	2,636	2,613	2,634	2,492
Food service operations										
Meals served to students^	282,575	296,513	354,874	146,980	210,131	284,114	302,135	320,560	326,051	328,734
Number of lunches served										
at free or reduced cost^	179,343	165,900	124,619	66,620	130,304	183,229	193,821	205,034	208,188	211,213

Source: District records

⁺⁻ T-1 State Reports (Pupils by Service Type) ^ - MR12 Monthly Lunch Report

$\begin{array}{c} {\bf SPRINGFIELD\ LOCAL\ SCHOOL\ DISTRICT}\\ {\bf LUCAS\ COUNTY,OHIO} \end{array}$

CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020
Land	\$ 1,425,358	\$ 1,425,358	\$ 1,425,358	\$ 1,425,358	\$ 1,425,358
Construction in progress	-	3,629,224	781,964	-	14,812
Land improvements	1,138,667	1,301,233	1,559,131	1,764,388	1,981,514
Buildings and improvements	15,000,202	9,241,831	10,034,281	9,587,503	10,119,107
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	1,441,147	1,011,139	1,248,391	1,418,335	1,586,371
Vehicles	989,856	1,005,721	967,008	649,622	656,800
Intangible right to use:					
Software	30,576	59,315			
Total Governmental Activities					
Capital Assets, net	\$ 20,025,806	\$ 17,673,821	\$ 16,016,133	\$ 14,845,206	\$ 15,783,962

Source: School District financial records.

Note: Amounts above are presented net of accumulated depreciation.

2019	2019 2018		2017	2016	2015
\$ 1,425,35 2,198,63 10,787,55	9 2,41 0 11,48	*	1,425,358 1,173,968 2,610,860 10,762,177	\$ 1,425,358 2,823,430 11,409,179	\$ 1,425,358 3,040,290 12,024,774
1,783,53 699,07	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	7,758 7,009	1,638,778 768,423	1,620,121 869,616	1,724,411 567,052
	<u>-</u>	<u> </u>			
\$ 16,894,15	5 \$ 17,84	0,537 \$	18,379,564	\$ 18,147,704	\$ 18,781,885

SCHOOL BUILDING INFORMATION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
Crissey Elementary (1956)						
Square feet	45,726	45,726	45,726	45,726	45,726	45,726
Capacity (students)	508	508	508	508	508	508
Enrollment	355	320	311	306	331	330
Dorr Elementary (1956)						
Square feet	57,104	57,104	57,104	57,104	57,104	57,104
Capacity (students)	634	634	634	634	634	634
Enrollment	422	424	510	483	519	469
Holland Elementary (1962)						
Square feet	48,316	48,316	48,316	48,316	48,316	48,316
Capacity (students)	537	537	537	537	537	537
Enrollment	477	502	435	407	441	461
Holloway Elementary (1993)						
Square feet	68,474	68,474	68,474	68,474	68,474	68,474
Capacity (students)	761	761	761	761	761	761
Enrollment	365	358	385	392	393	400
Springfield Middle School (1959)						
Square feet	128,612	128,612	128,612	128,612	128,612	128,612
Capacity (students)	1,159	1,159	1,159	1,159	1,159	1,159
Enrollment	763	778	834	861	904	876
Springfield High School (1963)						
Square feet	232,429	225,574	225,574	225,574	225,574	225,574
Capacity (students)	1,455	1,455	1,455	1,455	1,455	1,455
Enrollment	1,022	1,128	1,155	1,156	1,165	1,207
Transportation/Student Services Building	(1989)					
Square feet	15,368	15,368	15,368	15,368	15,368	15,368
Digital Academy/Administrative Offices						
Academic Square feet	11,034	-	-	-	-	-
Administrative Square feet	11,907	-	-	-	-	-
Capacity (students)	185	-	-	-	-	-
Enrollment	118	-	-	-	-	-
Total square feet	618,970	589,174	589,174	589,174	589,174	589,174
Total capacity (students)	5,239	5,054	5,054	5,054	5,054	5,054
Total enrollment	3,522	3,510	3,630	3,605	3,753	3,743

Source: District records

Capacity Square Footage Per Student

Elementary - 90 sq. ft. per student Middle School - 111 sq. ft. per student High School - 155 sq. ft. per student

2018	2017	2016	2015		
45,726	45,726	45,726	45,726		
508	508	508	508		
382	402	388	401		
57,104	57,104	57,104	57,104		
634	634	634	634		
510	515	511	498		
48,316	48,316	48,316	48,316		
537	537	537	537		
498	496	475	476		
68,474	68,474	68,474	68,474		
761	761	761	761		
402	428	425	422		
128,612	128,612	128,612	128,612		
1,159	1,159	1,159	1,159		
871	887	903	905		
225,574	225,574	225,574	225,574		
1,455	1,455	1,455	1,455		
1,225	1,184	1,190	1,209		
15,368	15,368	15,368	15,368		
-	-	-	-		
-	-	-	-		
-	-	-	-		
-	-	-	-		
589,174	589,174	589,174	589,174		
5,054	5,054	5,054	5,054		
3,888	3,912	3,892	3,911		

OPERATING STATISTICS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

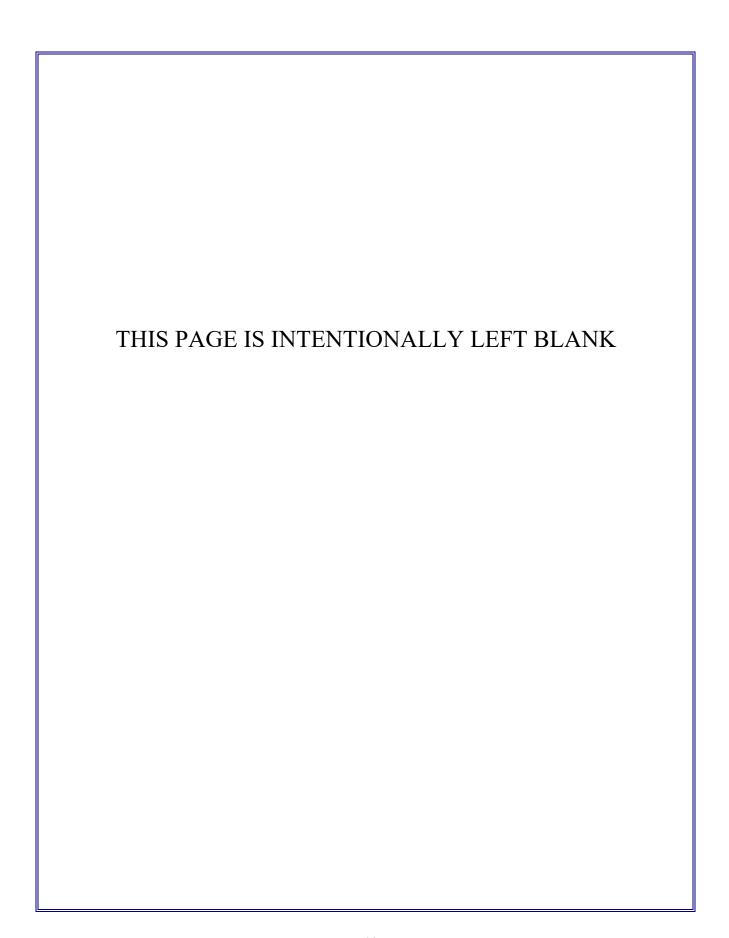
		General Government				Governmental Activities					
 Fiscal Year	Exp	Expenditures (1)		Cost per pupil		Expenses (1)		Cost per pupil	Enrollment	Percent Change	
2024	\$	55,158,438	\$	15,661	\$	52,274,828	\$	14,842	3,522	0.34%	
2023		52,470,204		14,949		50,568,064		14,407	3,510	-3.31%	
2022		49,851,518		13,733		44,822,013		12,348	3,630	0.69%	
2021		45,776,038		12,698		49,041,134		13,604	3,605	-3.94%	
2020		45,126,510		12,024		47,958,329		12,779	3,753	0.27%	
2019		44,753,416		11,957		40,361,737		10,783	3,743	-3.73%	
2018		42,738,965		10,993		22,675,460		5,832	3,888	-0.61%	
2017		46,546,450		11,898		46,771,785		11,956	3,912	0.80%	
2016		40,613,628		10,465		40,551,071		10,449	3,881	-0.77%	
2015		41,639,949		10,647		41,385,234		10,582	3,911	-6.17%	

Source: District records

⁽¹⁾ Debt Service totals have been excluded.

⁽²⁾ Classroom teachers only.

Teaching Staff (2)	Pupil/Teacher Ratio	Student Attendance Percentage
269	13.09	91.2%
254	13.80	90.7%
246	14.76	89.0%
241	14.95	92.2%
242	15.51	95.4%
241	15.53	94.0%
207	18.78	96.7%
242	16.17	94.8%
241	16.10	94.7%
240	16.30	95.0%





SPRINGFIELD LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

LUCAS COUNTY

AUDITOR OF STATE OF OHIO CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report, which is required to be filed pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in the Office of the Ohio Auditor of State in Columbus, Ohio.



Certified for Release 4/1/2025

65 East State Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215 Phone: 614-466-4514 or 800-282-0370